POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. III. J. Buchanan Corbell, editor. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Sept. 17, 1885. Terms of Subscription. No. 15.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, H. A. Hoh
Prosecuting Attorney, R. S. Turk
Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
Deputy Sheriff, R. C. Hill.
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
(S. B. Hannah, Pres't.
Com'rs. Co. Court, S. H. Clark.
(Gen. P. Moore.
County Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

1st (Green Bank District) Justices, Wm. L. Brown and J. H. Patterson. Notaries Public, Wm. L. Brown, C. O. Arbogast and David McGlaughlin. Constable, Thomas R. Moore, and C. B. Sweeney.

2nd (Silver) District, Justices, Geo. B. Cochran and Henry N. Hannah. Notaries, Geo. P. Moore and Geo. Baxter. Constable, John A. Young.

3rd (Huntersville) District, Justices, Jas. T. Lockridge, Notaries, H. S. Rucker, R. S. Turk, J. R. Hannah. Constable, C. O. Sharp.

4th (Little Levels) District, Justices, D. A. Peck and D. C. Kinnison. Notaries, Isaac McNeel, N. J. Brown, B. C. Hill, C. P. Byrne, Peter Hill, Jno. W. McNeel and Aaron Hill. Constable, R. F. McClure.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the 1st Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, and 3rd Monday in Oct.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, June, and October. June is levy term.

DR. N. P. PATTERSON,
HUNTERSVILLE,
W. Va.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law, & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas county, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

R. S. TURK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas county, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

W. L. KEE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County.

DR. J. B. WEYMOUTH.
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Bartley, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

J. B. LOCKRIDGE, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
Edray, W. Va.
Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country. Prompt attention to all calls both day and night. Charges reasonable.

G. B. SWECKER,
AUCTIONEER AND Real Estate and Life
DUNMORE Pocahontas County, West Virginia.

Job Work of All
KINDS done at this office on short notice. Don't go your errand before store. Where responsible.

A FAMILY AFFAIR

BY HUGH CONWAY,

Author of "Called Back" and "Dark Days."

(Copyright, 1884, by Hugh Conway.)

Upon it all was silence.

When the informal meeting between Lady Chesson and her stepdaughter took place, the young lady, by means of those signs and tokens, the memory of which women alone fully comprehend, showed the state of her mind so clearly that war to the knife was thus and there declared.

And civil war in families—hatreds or dissensions—is a deplorable thing; doubly deplorable for the neutral parties, who lack the excitement of the interested combatants. For a while Sir Mainguy's life was anything but a happy one.

It matters little who was most to blame—the girl for her unreasonableness and stubborn spirit, and want of indulgence to the memory of her mother, or the thoroughly unbusinesslike manner in which he managed his affairs. Sir Mainguy for the thoroughly unbusinesslike manner in letting things drift. They did drift with a vengeance! The breach between the two ladies soon became so enormous to be bridged over by any ordinary diplomatic engineering.

No skirmishes between the belligerents are worth noting. The battle-royal was fought when the time came for Miss Chesson to be presented. Lady Chesson asserted that it was the proper person to present her stepdaughter. Beatrice coldly declined her aid, she actually insisted, her stepdaughter was first in her refusal. Sir Mainguy declared himself under his wife's banner, and for once attempted to exercise parental authority. Whereupon Miss Chesson quitted the matter short, and declined being presented at all. It was a most dreadful state of affairs! You can, at least, drive a horse to the water, even if you can't make him drink; but you dare not hold a refractory young woman into the presence of a gracious sovereign.

Lady Chesson, who was rightly stanch in following the prescribed usages of society, may not have been far wrong when she declared that "a farmer's daughter, who refused to be presented, was—well, a mule-streaky!"

Sir Mainguy began to wish his ancestors had not acquired themselves from the Roman Catholic communion. He could have met his daughter in a monastery. But then, as sadly reflected, she wouldn't have gone at any price. If put there by force, the Protestant league would soon have her out, and

[illegible] the girl taking the worldly harvest could think of was to send for the rebel, and ask her advice as to the best means of disposing of her troublesome self.

When alone with her father Beatrice always relented prettily. She was very fond of him, though the remembrance of the hours, the not, the distracted vows, when contrasted with his second marriage for money, but real love, made her look upon him with a little contempt. She did not know that man was gregarious a creature that it is not more or less its nature. She found his remarks on silence, then gave him her opinion on the matter.

"I don't want to be a nuisance to you, papa. I can rightly see—should be go back to school. It's nonsense, of course, for me; I should like to earn my own living, because but I sense of age I shall have some money. Say I go and live at Folkestone?"

Folkestone was Sir Mainguy's seldom-used seat in one of the southern counties.

"But you can't live there alone," he said.

"Yes, I could. Mrs. Williams would take care of me. I shall be happy enough."

"My dear girl, why not be reasonable and make friends with Lady Chesson? Then we could all go abroad together."

Lady Chesson, who was by no means a fool, had by this time found out that she created something more than many good looks by going on, or go by, in quarrelling for heart and soul. She had, therefore, made up her mind to become a reformed woman, and had arranged that Sir Mainguy should take her to a variety of foreign countries. The proposal took was to the attitude of years, and her defiance had a fine idea of writing, or of getting some one to write a book, describing the well-worn pathways she meant to tread. She hoped to take the world by storm as a literary woman.

"I can't go abroad with you," said Beatrice. "I shall be miserable myself and make you miserable."

"But if you stay in England you must be presented and come out and all that sort of thing."

"I won't be got married," said Beatrice flatly, "I will be presented to Lady Chesson can, or my superiors."

Sir Mainguy's cheek reddened. He was much hurt by the sarcasm. Four children [illegible] found a fitting mate for an engineering [illegible] and the daughter of a merchant prince [illegible] a peer, a prince, a general of [illegible] gold's dust. He did not regret but the money he had wasted for his wife's sake. What could he do with the girl? He had very little [illegible] he could not spend it himself. [illegible] Heaven and Hades with one [illegible] house or wife. Sir Mainguy was [illegible] enough that Beatrice should be safe in England. He had different views regarding her and few sensible fears for the [illegible] of his wife and daughter. But where [illegible] Beatrice?

At last he remembered an aunt of his own who lived in quiet retirement in one of the counties of Devon. It was a curious [illegible] to think of living in Yorkshire, [illegible] of Devon. But a [illegible] and [illegible] Sir Mainguy [illegible] Beatrice [illegible] to her aunt's [illegible] Lady Chesson [illegible] to Sir Mainguy's [illegible] Beatrice [illegible] to his daughter's [illegible] and

Pocahontas Times.

James B. Canfield,

Editor & Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Copy, 1 year, in advance, . . . $1.00
" " 6 months, ...50
One year, not in advance, ... $1.50.
Out in the county $1.25 per year.
Six months, 60 cts.

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One Col.	$30 00	$60 00	$10 00.
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Each additional insertion, .50

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Marriage and Death notices free. Obituaries two cents a line.

Seven words to the line.

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☞ Sales and Notices, in every case, will be charged to the Attorney or officer making the sale, and must be paid for in advance or on delivery of the certificate of publication.

Huntersville, Thursday, Sept. 27, 1883.

THIS PAPER may be found at the Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.) of Messrs. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Agency, where contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Wise on the Stump.

The Washington *Post* says there has been no late instance on record of such complete political prostitution and of so degraded character as that generated on the stump in Virginia by John S. Wise, the latest and foremost representative of Bourbon Redemption.

He speaks on an average about two hours and fifty minutes at a time, and nine-tenths of it he devotes with scrupulous fidelity to the foulest slave of the white people of whom he calls his native State. This man, who during the Hancock campaign declared that his father was a Democrat, that he was born a Democrat, that he had the training and education of a Democrat, and that he would die a Democrat, now so hates the Democratic party and the white Virginians who compose it that he charges them indiscriminately with being murderers with pistols, murderers and assassins, asserts with unblushing cheek that the Danville riot was gotten up by Democrats for political purposes, and proudly boasts that he proved it by testifying before a Republican investigation committee of the Senate.

Unfortunately for decent politics, a man like this, as a candidate for the highest office in a State, can essentially lower the tone of a political campaign. Confident of the one hundred and twenty thousand negroes behind his back, sure of their allegiance and devotion no matter what he says or does—perhaps more so in proportion as he abuses his own race—he conducts a campaign not now possible in any other Southern state. No white Republican is that section, whether native or imported, would so far forget what is due to propriety, and even decency, as to indulge in such disgraceful harangues. No Wise has just passed off in Southwest Virginia for political ergotworks.

No SEABMAN, *or* LANDSMAN, *or* FOREMAN, *strangers to the South and aliens to her soil, but done so much to cause into flame the smouldering fires of sectional hate and race bitterness as this follower of* MAHONE, *who says that if elected he shall take his seat, so help him God, or yield his life to the Danville murderers and ballot box stuffers.*

The best course for Democrats to pursue is to treat this renegade Virginian in the manner which he invites, accept the issue as he makes it and beat him to political death with it. There seems no other way to teach men of his political practices that the time for game for decent politics and that the sort he discusses is at least a dozen years too late.

The Greenbrier Valley Woolen Mills in this county, recently received an order from Phil. for three thousand seven hundred and fifty gray all-wool blankets. This shows the estimation in which this company's goods are held at the north. Two sets of machinery are now being run at the Mills to their full capacity.—*Monroe Watchman.*

Colonel Mallory has appointed Jacob Sutphin, of this county, Deputy Collector for the Fourth Internal Revenue District of Virginia, composed of the counties of Clay, Braxton, Nicholas and Roane, with office at Clay C. H.

On the third inst., the W. Va., Pitts. Association and the M. E. Conference will meet in Charleston.

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

The Political Situation and the Candidates.

A Charleston correspondent of the Wheeling *Register* of a recent date has this to say of the candidates for Congress in our district:

Your correspondent met a gentleman here, who is well posted on political situation in this the Third Congressional District. Hon. Phil. Snyder, the present incumbent, is the only fully democratic candidate, but there are other aspirants to whom the gallant Phil. will find formen worthy of his steel amongst those who would be willing to occupy Snyder's seat in Congress are noted Judge David E. Johnston, of Mercer county, and present Judge of the Ninth Judicial Circuit, and Col. John W. Harris, of Lewisburg. Judge Johnston has not announced himself, but it is an open secret that he desires the nomination. Judge Johnston's record while a member of the State Senate, and the very satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of the office of Judge during the past six years, will be in his favor. His fearless punishment of criminals convicted in his court commends the Judge to all law-abiding citizens. He has been instrumental in working reform in the growing evil of so many divorce suits by refusing to allow the parties to remarry, especially when the evidence established the fact that they were unworthy to assume sacred vows of marriage.

Judge J. is a man of high moral character, and a member of the Baptist Church, and a shrewd and successful business man, having accumulated a share of this world's wealth, but with all he is a plain man of the people, with whom he is very popular where known. The Judge presided at the June term of the Kanawha Circuit Court, and during that time he made hosts of friends here. One of the pleasing features in the Judge's courts is his expeditious manner of clearing up the court dockets. Although the Judge is popular here, he will make no serious inroad upon Snyder in Kanawha county. However, the genial "Phil," as he is familiarly known here, has made some enemies owing to certain minor Federal appointments which have been made in the county at his instance, notably the postmasters at Malden and Coalburg, which are not satisfactory to the majority of the Democrats. His friends here do not attach much weight to this, "but they may find that it will amount to more than a trifle after all. Harris has not yet announced himself, but it is generally understood that if he thinks there is the least chance for him to secure the coveted prize, he will be in the ring when the time comes. Our informant states that Harris is drifting with the tide, and if he finds that it "leads on to fortune" he will plunge therein. Neither Johnston or Harris are making any special canvass, but Snyder is leaving no stone unturned to secure a renomination. Phil. has heretofore succeeded by working early and late, and he is by far the best politician of the three, and it will be strange if he is not again successful. Johnston and Harris both belong to the Carlisle-Morrison wing of the party, whilst Snyder adheres to the Randall wing on tariff matters. But Mr. Randall having announced himself in favor of tariff reform, we don't know where Phil will stand. Nearly all the counties of this district, except Kanawha and Fayette, are in favor of a revision, which means a reform of our present tariff laws. These two counties are opposed to any change that would affect the price of coal, as the prosperity of those counties depends almost entirely on the condition of the coal market. If the mandate counties were not divided against themselves it would be an easy matter for them to nominate a candidate from that section. But owing to party jealousies amongst the aspiring politicians, and notwithstanding any prejudices they may have against a Charleston candidate, they have heretofore slaughtered their best candidates and allowed Charleston to carry off the honors and in all probability this year history will again in this respect repeat itself. The noted Mathews, Dennis, French and Snyder contests is still fresh in the memory of all in this district. Either Dennis or Mathews would have been nominated but for the opposition of the other. This is the situation at present, but just what the future developments will be is for time to reveal, but it will not probably materially change the present outlook over the Third district field.

Jim and Pink Lee, two notorious desperadoes in Texas, were shot and killed by officers one day last week.

Andrew Bourne has been appointed Postmaster at Lewisburg vice J. H. McWhorter and W. J. Bright at Mill Point.

From the Greenbrier *Independent* of the 8th inst.

The Lewisburg Graded School will begin next Monday. The teachers (graded as their names appear) are to be—Prof. A. P. Kerr, Principal, with Misses Amanda J. Austin, Mattie W. Cooper and Maude E. Austin to assist with the several rooms.

There are only five prisoners confined in Greenbrier county jail at the present time—one serving out a sentence of six months' imprisonment for unlawful cutting; one awaiting an indictment for felony; one for assault; and two upon warrant for larceny.

The Greenbrier Valley Woolen Mills have established a depot at Rencevorte, where a full line of their popular goods can be seen and purchased. Their place of business is in the building occupied as a store by Mr. F. H. Truslow, opposite the Dickson Hotel.

Last week a white woman named Amanda E. Pyles, wife of Mr. John Pyles, of Anthony's Creek District, Greenbrier county, was committed to the jail of this county, under a warrant issued by Justice C. B. Wald, upon a charge of Lunacy, to be held in custody until she can be removed to the Hospital for the Insane at Weston.

Yesterday morning, just as Mr. Mason D. Coffman, of Fort Springs District, in this county, had commenced threshing his crop of wheat and oats, a spark from the engine ignited in one of the stacks, which resulted in the destruction of his entire crop—burning about two hundred bushels of wheat and two hundred and fifty bushels of oats.

Mark Martin, of Blue Sulphur District, Greenbrier county, was committed to the custody of Jailer W. P. Scott last Tuesday night, upon a warrant issued by Justice Z. A. Sanolige, of the above District, charging him with striking A. C. Patterson with a stick on the 7th inst. It is said that Mr. Patterson received two heavy blows on the head at the hands of the accused, and that his condition is thought to be serious.

Mr. Robert A. Alexander, a well-known citizen and lawyer of this county, was found dead in a field not far from his home, near Lewisburg, last Tuesday evening. The deceased had dropped dead from an attack of apoplexy. Life had been extinct about half an hour before he was found. The deceased was a man of more than ordinary mental abilities, kind and polite in his deportment, and leaves behind many behind him. He was in the 70th year of his age.

Last Monday evening a colored man named Ellsworth Brent, who hails from Washington City, was brought to Lewisburg by officer John E. Barker, from the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, upon a warrant issued by Justice Z. A. Morris, and lodged in jail, charged with committing a felony, in that he had stolen the sum of $21 35 from a colored woman at the springs. He is held in custody pursuant to jailer W. P. Scott in default of bail, to answer an indictment for the offense with which he stands charged.

From the Webster *Echo*.

Dr. B. E. Bryan will remove from this place to Centerville, Upshur county, in a few days, at which place he thinks of locating to practice his profession.

A young man by the name of McNeel, formerly of Pocahontas county, but now of Texas, passed through town this week enroute for Braxton county.

Andrew Duffy says the falling off of the school fund is due to no other cause than the hard times, keeping sheriffs from collecting and sending to their payments before June 10th. All money received after June 10th has to lay over for another year. There will be a large State school fund next year, and with the same per cent. of levy the schools can be run for a period of five or six months each or a lower levy can be laid and the schools run for the same time as before.

TO THE PEOPLE OF POCAHONTAS COUNTY:

I take the pleasure to inform the people of Pocahontas county that I have been appointed a General Agent to transport all Dead Mules and Stock from this county to the West Virginia Asylum located at Romney W. Va., for their extinction, and also to bring them back. All persons having such children or knowing of any will write to me at once.

LOUIS J. PEYTE,
Huntersville, W. Va.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they cannot, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily pronouncing Electric Bitters the grandest medicine ever known. Will cure Nervousness, Sick Headache, Weak Back or any urinary complaint speedily cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed.

For sale at Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va.

Corrected.

Miss Anna Johnson, of 69 Front street, Columbus, Ohio, says: "I suffered for years as supposed from all kinds of medicines and physicians for several months. My friends persuaded me to try Electric Bitters. By the use of two bottles I am entirely cured and feel like a new woman. Without hesitancy I recommend Electric Bitters to all sufferers. Any druggist will guarantee satisfaction. Any one doubting this statement is invited to call on me at 69 Front street."

Mr. Silas Eaton, Urbana, O., writes: "Last November one year ago I was taken with a severe cold in my head, finally settled on my lungs. Was treated by two physicians, but grew worse all the time. Had consumption in its worst form. Was given up by friends and physicians to die. Had tried all remedies without relief. Was induced to try Electric Bitters. Used in all six bottles, and by the use of them was entirely cured. Have not seen a sick day since. Am now sound and well man, and Electric Bitters did it all. Am 65 years of age. Have given this testimonial unsolicited, hoping every reader will try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they do all that is claimed for them."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by Wm. H. Cackley & Co., Dunmore, W. Va.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA,
County of Pocahontas, to-wit:

At rules held in the Circuit Court of said county, on the 19th day of September, 1883.

Joseph R. Adams, Plaintiff,
vs.
Zenobia Allbrick and Martha J. Allbrick, Defendants.

The object of this suit is to enforce the vendor's lien on the real estate of the defendants, or some part thereof, conveyed by the Plaintiff to the Defendants. Zenobia Allbrick, upon which purchase money remains a balance due and unpaid of $42 00, with interest thereon from the 10th day of June, 1882, and the costs of this suit. It appearing by affidavit filed in the cause, and court order entered in vacation, that the defendants, Zenobia Allbrick and Martha J. Allbrick, are not residents of this State, but are residents of Pendleton county, West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear within one month after due publication hereof, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing and decree at the next term of this court.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Pocahontas Times, a newspaper published in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and posted at the front door of the Court House of said county, on the first day of the next term of this court.

A Copy—Teste:
JOHN J. BRAND, Clerk.
Peyte's Att'y, p. q.

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, rendered in the chancery cause of J. C. Hutchinson, etc., vs. James T. Lockridge, etc., entered on the 10th day of June, 1883, I will proceed on the

15th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883,

in front of the Court house door of said county, to sell publicly to the highest bidder the following named tracts of land belonging to James T. Lockridge, lying on Knapp's creek, to-wit: seventy-three acres, more or less, of Homestead, consisting of 28½, 29½ and 30¾ acres, also a one-half undivided interest in a tract of 3,000 acres lying on the waters of Gauley river, owned jointly by the defendant Lockridge and one Rachel Wallace, and a tract of 200 acres lying on Wilson's river both in this county. The last two tracts are unimproved, and the first three tracts constitute one of the finest farms in the county, highly improved and in a fine state of cultivation, having on it a good dwelling house, barn and all necessary out buildings, and about 100 acres of meadow, every acre of which is smooth and easily mowed.

An actual survey of the "home lands" is being made now by the county surveyor and his plat and survey will be exhibited on day of sale. For further particulars apply to the Commissioner at Huntersville, W. Va.

TERMS: So much cash in hand as will pay cost of said chancery cause, and for the residue bonds to be given by the purchaser with good personal security falling due in one, two and three years from date, with interest from date, a lien to be reserved until all the purchase money is paid.

R. S. TEAS,
Special Commissioner.

I, John J. Brand, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the aforesaid county do certify that bond has been given by the above said Commissioner according to the requirements of the decree under which he is acting.

JOHN J. BRAND, Clerk.
Sept7-4t.

An Enterprising Reliable House.

Can always be relied upon, and safe to trade with. Its best advertisement is the fact of advertising, but to create the Agency for such articles as have won for it a world wide reputation, and are popular with the people, thereby establishing the reputation of being always enterprising and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the well known Dr. King New Discovery for Consumption, with which we have a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, and to show our confidence we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free, at Wm. H. Cackley & Co's, Dunmore, W. Va.

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The following are our agents who will receive and receipt for money for us and credit the same. We trust the postoffice from their names to money paid to them by any party will be all we ask:

Peter D. Yeager.
Wm. H. Wolf.
C. B. Strecker.
A. C. S., Greenland.
Geo. P. Moore.
J. A. Apperson.
J. B. McNeill.
N. J. Brown.
B. W. Hill.
S. C. Gay.

We hope our agents will do all they can in working up new subscribers for us, and thus helping to extend our circulation.

HOME NEWS.

—Corn cutting, seeding and threshing is the occupation of our farmers at present.

—Mr. C. P. Dorr, of Addison, Webster county, called on us last week.

—Mr. John Moore, of Mingo Flats, passed through town last week on his way home from Beth.

—Master Strickler Hamer has our thanks—with a big T—for a basket of nice plums.

—Notice our new advertisements this week. You may be interested.

—The great exposé of frauds, the "Public Ledger," published at Philadelphia by Lum Smith, is again on our table. It is only $1 a year.

—Rev. G. P. Hounsh, of the M. P. Church, was in to see us Tuesday.

—Mrs. James W. Wayrick and daughter from Beth county were in town last Friday night.

—We learn from a correspondent from Ellery that Mrs. Isaac Sharp has been dangerously ill for the past week, but is now better; that Jas. Gibson, Jr., and hands are now working on the road leading from this place to Martin's Bottom.

—Rev. W. T. Price and family have moved from Rockingham county Virginia to Martin's Bottom. We are glad to have them for our county. Mr. Price expects to preach at several places in our county in the future.

—Squire Kee and Capt. Jack Agnew [illegible]

—By posters printed at this office we see that the personal effects of J. R. Kee, dec'd, will be sold on the 25th of September at the late residence of said Kee.

—Mr. W. H. Edwards, one of the surveyors of the Cabin Creek railroad division a few weeks ago, was in town last week.

—C. B. Strecker sells the genuine improved, light-running, oscillating Singer Sewing Machine, keeps needles and will furnish repairs for all sewing machines.

—"Blood-food" is the suggestive name often given to Ayer's Sarsaparilla, because of its blood-enriching qualities.

Derby.—September 6th, 1885, to the Martin's Bottom, Jackson N. Ker, aged 29 year.

—The handsome drummer, of Buckhannon, Mr. Charley Barlow accompanied by his better half, was in town over Sunday. Charley couldn't part off as we asserted was his time for as one of our merchants said he would have sworn he was not married. The city girls kin sawg all along the line.

—Miss Mattie Beard left Monday morning for school at Winchester, Virginia, accompanied by Mrs. B. S. York and Master Cary Forester as far as Staunton. We wish Miss Mattie great success in her studies.

—Mr. Ben Swecker, the finny scribe of Dreamer, passed through town Saturday on his way to Bullpass to "spy" off the goods of J. R. McNeill at public Auction.

—We understand that a Justice of Mt. Grace, Virginia, a few days ago had occasion to write a patent for the result of a certain suit, and used an agricultural paper from which to copy the writing. So much time was taken up in preparing to attend the party, that he became tired of writing and counsel consequently lost our county. We have not heard whether or not the warrant has ever been finished. There seems to be something in the air at Mt. Grace that has a great effect on the brain.

—Try Ayer's Pills, and be cured. Honest in a mild word to describe the beneficial results of this purely vegetable cathartic medicine. The regular use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills, in gold doses, will restore the torpid system to healthy action.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father on Cherry creek this county, Wm. C. P. Dorr to Miss Bell, eldest daughter of Dr. Jno. Lizer, by Rev. T. H. Lacy of Lewisburg, on Tuesday the 15th inst. The happy people left Wednesday on a bridal tour to the groom's native State, Ohio, and will visit Baltimore and other places before they return. May peace, happiness and prosperity ever attend them, is the wish of THE TIMES office.

PREACHING.—Rev. Wm. T. Price will preach at Hannersville next Sunday (September 20th) at 11 o'clock, a. m.; at Harper's School house, same day, at 3:30, p. m.; at Martin's Bottom, Sept. 27th, at 11, a. m., and same day at Rocky, 3:30, p. m. We hope the people at each of these appointments will come out and hear Mr. Price preach.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—Rev. G. P. Hounsh, M. P. Church, will hold his first quarterly meeting on Beaver creek the 3rd Saturday and Sunday in October. Preaching at 10:30, a. m., Saturday, quarterly conference 2, p. m. Services at 11 o'clock Sunday morning, at 10 preaching, also at 3, p. m.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR CHEAP.—Hereafter I will furnish and drive No. 2 and 3 shoes all round for $1.00. I will repair Buggies and wagons cheap. Bring on your work early. J. T. Wells, Blacksmith, Hannersville, W. Va.

—The following is a list of the teachers and grade of certificate of each who passed the examination last week:

GRADE, No. 1. Miss H. E. Lizer and Mr. W. B. Mensch.

GRADE, No. 2. Misses Lillie Campbell, M. A. See, Mary S. Beard, Messrs. John Bennett and T. J. Sullivan.

GRADE, No. 3. Misses Bertie Lockridge, Alice McGlaughlin, Lena McGlaughlin, Ella Kerr and Mr. John Barlow.

NOTICE.—Old Men, Young Men and Boys, our house is Head-quarters for Clothing this season. Suits from $2 all the way up to $25. All communications by mail promptly answered.

STARSBURG BROS.
Fleet, W. Va., Sept. 20th.

Gross Bank News.

Corn is most ripe.

Mrs. Elizabeth Riffe, of Upshur county, is at rising friends and relatives at this place.

Mr. McClure Willing was married to Miss Fannie Meyers, of Trip Alleghany, [illegible]

The village meeting at this place closed last Wednesday night. There were 53 converts, 43 of whom joined the M. E. Church South. Several very eloquent and impressive sermons were preached during the meeting. It was well attended from first to last.

Sept. 14th. SAMSON.

Mill Point Pickings.

Our farmers are busily engaged in cutting corn and seeding. Corn is fine and a large acreage of wheat is being sown.

Mr. Caleb Bird has attached his new engine to his mill and is doing good and fast work. Mr. Isaac McNutt's mill is not doing much on account of low water.

Mrs. Mary Cackley, of this place accompanied by her little niece, Maggie Buckhannon, is visiting friends and relatives in Highland county.

Wheat is found to turn out very well when threshed and is of a good quality.

Rev. Jas. E. Moore will soon move from Ellery to his new farm near here. We welcome him.

Success to THE TIMES.

Sept. 15th. O. S.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Master Lucy Yokumtrocker returned last week from a week's visit to his Grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lackey, of Frankford.

Misses Lillie Grimsley and Pauline McHatt will leave this week for Winchester to attend the Valley Female College. Both are popular young ladies and their many friends are sorry to see them leave.

The farmers are busily engaged cutting up corn and sowing wheat. The corn crop is excellent.

Mr. Sherrard and son, John, spent a week with relatives at this place returned to their home in Beth county on last Tuesday.

Miss Edmonds from will attend the wedding of Miss Belle Ligon, of Glover Creek, this week.

Mr. Wm. Curry, of Green Bank, is clerking for Mr. E. I. Hall, of this place.

Dr. Boswell and Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, are visiting friends and relatives in the County.

Messrs. S. J. Brown, S. C. Hill and Joseph McHatt left this morning with a car load of cattle and sheep for the Baltimore market.

Sept. 16th. PRUNELLA.

From Frankford.

Dr. Buckley and wife from Washington, D. C. who have been spending the past few days at the Frankford House, left this week for Mill Point where they will remain a few days.

Col. Samuel Ludington passed through town one day last week with a large drove of cattle for the Baltimore market.

Miss Jennie Dunbar is visiting friends and relatives in Mercer county in this county.

Mrs. Coulton and daughter who have been the guests of Mrs. M. E. Bennett for the past two months returned to their home in New York last week.

Sept. 14. HIGHLAND MAID.

Gilray Items.

The weather is fine and farmers are busily engaged seeding wheat.

Corn is almost ripe and very good.

Willie Scott has left our burg and gone to Mountain Green to stay with Messrs. Paige & McClintic.

Mr. Asa S. McNeel has killed another bear recently, being the third one he has killed this summer.

Big rushes at Mr. A. J. Smith's last Wednesday night. I wonder what was the matter?

Mr. J. White has gone to Highland county, Va., to teach school.

Mr. Harmon White and Dr. P. Lester have been on the sick list for some time, but are improving.

Where shall the next Musical Convention be held?

G.

[The above communication should have appeared last week, but did not for want of room.—Ed.]

That County Court Order.

Seeing a communication in a recent issue of THE TIMES from Mr. F. A. Brotick concerning the road order made by a recent term of the County Court, I am free to say that all whom I have talked with on this subject, heartily endorse Mr. Brotick's views. We all believe the fence that is on the lower side of a road so kill-sides is a positive advantage to the road or at least it is no disadvantage to it. What use is it to put the title to [illegible] dollars expense for that which does no good? When we study this subject sensibly we see that none of us are paying a quadruple tax on the road already.

1st. We are taxed to repair the roads; 2nd. We are still out of the different districts and compelled to work four days or pay $2.00;

3rd. We have to pay so much tax on every dime we travel over the repaired roads.

4th. We who have land along either side of the road pay as much tax on every acre of the road-work as many acres of our own land.

And a fifth tax comes in on a great many of us, that is, hauling the rock off our meadows thrown in by a pack of ——— who work on the roads.

Fellow citizens, does this not look a little tyrannical?

Split Rock, Sept. 19th. U. FULLER.

Healthful Vigor for the Girls.

Mrs. Livermore says, in one of her lectures on Girls, "I would give to girls equal intellectual and industrial training with boys. Yes, and give them equally good health, too." When your girls are suffering from paleness and debility, it is a sign that their blood is to poor and thin, and that they need BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. The only preparation of iron that can be taken safely. Mrs. Burton, Chestnut st., Louisville, Ky., says, "BROWN'S IRON BITTERS saved me of rheumatism when everything else had failed."

It is reported that Pinchbeck, county seat not had any rain for three months. The hay crop was a failure and grass is almost burned out, while the corn will be very short.—*Marion Transit.*

Very dry here, too. Mr. Crissel. There has not been a rain the past summer but what our county has been blessed with more or less rain, but this great crop is over 24 hours as it was last year, still we have an average crop. The corn crop is said to be as good as has ever been raised in the county it is the best. We further say we have "rained" till we are [illegible] and look about "commonly."

Mr. J. W. Milligan has sold his [illegible] property to Mr. [illegible] Hammond will give possession in [illegible] after the 1st of next. We are much regret to lose him from our town, but hope he may do well wherever he locates.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PURITY STRENGTH
THE BEST TONIC.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county on the 6th day of June, 1885, in the chancery cause of

Sarah Pitts
vs.
John Pitts and others,

I shall, as special commissioner appointed in said cause, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-house at Pocahontas county on the

THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, 1885,

two tracts of land, one tract containing 403 acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Beaver Lick Creek, the other containing 300 acres, adjoining the first mentioned tract, being on Swagbaum's Ridge, South Fork side of Greenbrier River. A portion of this land has been heretofore sold by John Pitts, Jacob Moore et others. The undivided lands will be first sold, either in a tract or by parcels as purchasers may offer, and then the divided lands will be sold by tracts or parcels as aforesaid, at the option of the said commissioner. In like manner will be sold the undivided interests belonging to the said John Pitts, as supposed to be owned.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, with interest from day of sale, the purchaser giving bond and good security bearing interest from date of sale.

H. S. BUCKEY,
Special Com'r.

I, John A. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, do certify that bond has been given by the above named Special Commissioner as required by law.

Given under my hand this 8th day of Aug. 1885. JOHN A. BEARD, Clerk.
Aug. 19-6t. Price's fee, $4.00

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

Highest Honor World's Exposition
Business EDUCATION
Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.

Cheap
FOR CASH
OR GOOD COUNTRY PRODUCE
AT
W. H. Cackley & Co's.
Dunmore, W. Va.

INSURE YOUR HOMES

I am prepared to insure your homes in the Agricultural Insurance Co. of Watertown, N. Y., one of the most reliable Companies in the United States. Call and see me when you come to town. H. S. TUCK.

THIS HORSE
IS A GOOD GOER.
And not to going thereby to
J. C. LOURY'S
For NEW & CHEAP GOODS.
You can get
BROWN MUSLIN,
BLEACHED MUSLIN,
CHECK GINGHAM,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS,
SHOES,
SUMMER HATS,
READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.,
And everything usually found in a good country Store.
Any and all of the above goods will be sold CHEAP for CASH or good country
PRODUCE.
Don't forget the place,
J. C. LOURY,
Dunmore, W. Va.

Note Heads, 60 cts. per 100

Pocahontas Times.

A Marvellous Story

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

ONLY $20

Attention!

Do You Want Steady Employment?

If So Write Us for Particulars.

We are desirous of Making a Contract with Some Good Reliable Person to Handle Our

New Eight-Arm, Light-Running HOME Machine in Pocahontas County.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID LIVER.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

PIMPLES.

Down With High Prices!

RURAL RECORD

RECTANGULAR

CHURN.

HELP

FORCE PUMP.

LIVER

Pocahontas Times.

Notice to Take Depositions.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

ONLY $20

PHILADELPHIA SINGER

REMINGTON Sewing Machine,

REMINGTON RIFLE,

Buying Agents Wanted.

REMINGTON

FORCE PUMP.

MANHOOD

CONSUMPTIVES

MERCHANTS

LIVER

Attention!

Do You Want Steady Employment?

If So Write Us for Particulars.

We are Desirous of Making a Contract with Some Good Reliable Person to Handle Our

New High-Arm, Light-Running HOWE Machine in Pocahontas County.

THE NEW HOWE IS INCLOSED, FIRST FINISHED AND EASIEST RUNNING MACHINE ON THE MARKET

WE WILL BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY ONE DESIROUS OF HANDLING A Reliable Machine

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID LIVER.

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

PIMPLES.

MARRIED

DIVORCED

HARRIS REMEDY CO.

Down With High Prices!

WAGON SCALES.

SAFES OF ALL SIZES.

SEWING MACHINES.

RURAL RECORD

RURAL RECORD 1918

The Mormon Elders Dance

HELP

RUPTURE

WIN

RECTANGULAR

CHURN.

SYNOVINE

Pocahontas Times.

[Publication info illegible] W. Va., as second class matter.

Newspaper Laws.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered their discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take papers from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether it has been subscribed for or not is held in law to be a subscriber.

Alum Cave.

There has been considerable stir at this place for the past ten days among Pennsylvania prospectors for iron ore. They have bought mineral lands about here and say they will go to work at once. They have already opened one vein from six to ten feet thick on J. F. Percy's land, and expect to build a railroad from White Sulphur Springs to his mines in order to get the mineral out.

900 or 900 guests are at the White Sulphur.

Corn crops are better in this section this year than I have ever seen them.

U. B. Sent.

Gen. U. S. Grant's Pictures.

Do not read this notice, unless you care to read a proposition which, if you accept, will cost you something. We have an engraving made from an oil painting by a celebrated artist of Gen. Grant, for which he sat shortly after his return around the world. It is in the opinion of artists the best picture of the Dead Warrior in existence. The plate of the engraving, 11x28 inches, on very heavy steel engraving board, is One and Twenty-five cents ($1.25), postage paid by us. So thoroughly are we convinced of the value of the engraving as a work of art, and its approbation by the public, that we will mail to any address in the U. S., for immediate, our copy, packed in a heavy paper box, upon receipt of 25cts stamps to pay postage and packing, upon the condition that the party receiving same send us one Dollar ($1.00) upon receipt of engraving, if it is satisfactory, or return the picture to us if it is not considered worth fully the price asked. We have also a very handsome Cabinet Photo of Gen. Grant, head finished, which we will mail on receipt of 10cts. No album is complete without one. Liberal arrangements will be made with agents. Write for terms and price list. Endorse stamp.

Address WILDER BROWNE & CO., Publishers, Box 329, Chicago, Ill.

Notice to Take Depositions.

To Samuel A. Wilson, Edwin T. Dudley, Bethany H. Dudley, Asa T. Dudley, Ernest N. Dudley, C. W. Bird, L. D. Bird, E. C. Bird and Margaret C. Kelson:

Take notice, That on the 1st day of October, 1885, between the hours of 8 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., at the law office of R. S. Turk, in the town of Huntersville, in Pocahontas county, W. Va., we will take the depositions of John W. Warwick and others, to be read as evidence in our behalf, in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, and State of W. Va., in which we are Plaintiffs, and yourselves are Defendants, styled, F. H. Hull's Administrator and widow vs. F. H. Hull's Heirs and others.

If from any cause the taking of said depositions shall not be commenced or completed on the day aforesaid, the same shall be continued from day to day, or from time to time, at the same place and between the same hours, until the same shall be completed.

P. E. Hull,
F. H. Hull,
Louis E. Hull,
R. S. Turk, Atty.

Notice: Printer's fee, $6.00.

MANHOOD

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

MERCHANTS

A MARVELOUS STORY
TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "[illegible] Ayer's Sarsaparilla has had in his case. I think his touch must have contained the tumor for at least two years, but it did not show, except in the form of a prominence now on the wrist, until about two years ago. From a few spots which appeared at this time, it gradually spread so as to cover the entire hand. I assure you he was severely afflicted, and his object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I would gladly name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.
Yours truly, W. H. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible tumor and scrofulous sores. The tumor caused an enormous and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to run in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, 'All I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.' Greer, Tex., Oct. 31, 1885.
Yours gratefully,
HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

ONLY $20
WE TRUST
PHILADELPHIA SINGER

Latest Improved Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Motion, Self-Threading, Self-Setting Needle, Self-Regulating Tension, Automatic Bobbin Winder, Noiseless, Reversible Feed, Lightest Running, Handsomest, Most Durable Sewing Machine in the World.

15 DAYS Free Trial

Purchaser Pays no money until Machine is received and proved satisfactory. Low price, cash or time. Agents wanted everywhere. Circular free. Address PHILADELPHIA SINGER MFG. CO., 1[illegible] Fourth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

1 MILE SIGNAL WHISTLE

Can be heard four miles in a calm. Blows with the breath. Costs but a trifle to run it. Can be carried in the pocket. Every sportsman should have one. Are just the thing for Hunting, Fishing, Yachting, Camping, Driving, Boating, Bicycling, Etc. Sent by mail, postpaid, for 25 cents. Address HENRY ALDEN & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

THE REMINGTON Sewing Machine, WITH THE REMINGTON RIFLE, UNEXCELLED BY ANY.

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REMINGTON
Genuine and Simple Rotary
FORCE PUMP.

The REMINGTON PUMP is ahead of all competitors in working easily and rapidly.

It never Gets Deranged, and never needs repairing.

We present attachments to the pump so it can run any high mill.

Send for Illustrated Circular and Price List, with Testimonials.

Address,
REMINGTON ACT. CO., Ilion, N. Y.
For Sale by [illegible] Chambers Street.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIVER WARNER'S SAFE VEGETABLE PILLS

Purely Vegetable, Strictly Harmless. Never Gripe. Sold by all Druggists, 25 Cents. Send for 48 Page Pamphlet.

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Do You Want Steady Employment?

If So Write Us for Particulars.

We are Desirous of Making a Contract with Some Good Reliable Person to Handle Our

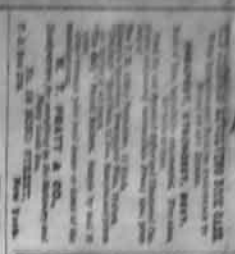
New High-Arm, Light-Running HOWE Machine in Pocahontas County.

THE NEW HOWE IS THE LARGEST, FINEST FINISHED AND EASIEST RUNNING MACHINE ON THE MARKET

It has the Finest Set of Attachments and the Handsomest Wood Work of any Machine Made.

WE WILL BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY ONE DESIROUS OF HANDLING A Strictly First-Class Machine.

All Communications will receive prompt attention. Address,
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE CO.
[illegible] St. Louis,
Wheeling, W. Va.



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TUTT'S PILLS
38 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age
SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.
CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS CHANGED TO A GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

PIMPLES.
To Vegetable Balm for the Blood, Clear Skin, Freckles, Pimples and Blotches, Soft Hands, Scalp Diseases, Baldness, Dandruff, Itching Humors, Scaly Skin, Nail Biting, Ugly Nails, Rough Skin, Shapely Nails, Brittle Hair, Sore Feet, Chilblains, Perspiring Feet, Sore Nipples, Chafing, Sunburn, Tan, Moth Patches, Insect Bites, Rashes, Roughness, Redness, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Shaving Pimples, Sore Lips, Hangnails, Sore Hands, Chapped Hands, Fever Sores, Cold Sores, Chapped Lips, Sore Eyes, Weak Eyes, Tired Eyes, Granulated Eyelids, Inflammation of the Eyes, Cankers, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Pain in the Chest, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Gravel, Pain in the Back, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Fits, Locomotor Ataxia, Paralysis, Sunstroke, Headache, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworm, Scurvy, Eczema, Itch, Mange, Scrofula, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Tumors, Cancers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisons, Blood Taints, Venereal Diseases, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Sterility, and Organic Weakness.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 50 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Prepared only by Dr. Ben. Vandell & Co., Chemists, N. Y.

HARRIS Remedy
FOR
IMPOTENCY,
NERVOUS DEBILITY
AND
ORGANIC WEAKNESS.
Young & Middle Aged Men.
NASSIR REMEDY CO., 577 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HELP

RUPTURE

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Down With High Prices!
50 TO 75 PER CENT. OFF ON THOUSANDS DIFFERENT ARTICLES
Sold Direct to Consumers.

The "Little Detective" Burglar Alarm
FAMILY SCALES, 240 Lbs. $2.
Platform Scales, $12 to $250.
Farm and Stockraiser Scales.
WAGON SCALES.
SAFES OF ALL SIZES.
SEWING MACHINES.
PRICES REDUCED
Chicago Scale Co.

RURAL RECORD

LIBERAL CLUB OFFERS.
RURAL RECORD ONE YEAR, AND DOLL BABY, Handsome, $1.00
RURAL RECORD ONE YEAR, AND A WHITMAN MEDAL, Boston, Mass. $1.00
RURAL RECORD ONE YEAR, AND Rural Home, Rochester, N.Y. $2.00
RURAL RECORD ONE YEAR, AND Rural New Yorker, New York, $2

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. III. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, February 18, 1886. No. 36.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

THE COURTS.

H. S. RUCKER,

F. J. SNYDER,

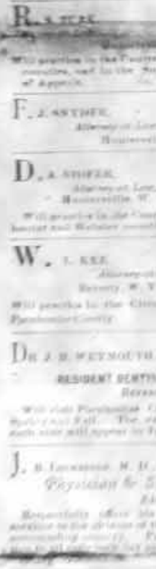
D. A. STOFER,

W. L. KEE,

Dr J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,

Physician & Surgeon,

C. B. SWECKER,



AUCTIONEER AND Real Estate and Life

DUNMORE Pocahontas County West Virginia

Job Work of All

A FAMILY AFFAIR

BY HUGH CONWAY.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Pocahontas Times.

James B. Canfield,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Copy, 1 year, in advance, ... $1.00
" " 6 months, ... 50
" " 3 months, ... 25
Two copies, one to address, ... $1.50.
Ten " " " ... $10.00
Six months, 60 cts.

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One Col.	$30.00	$20.00	$12.00	$18.00.
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¼ Col.	10.00	7.00	4.00	6.00.

One Square (10 lines) one week, $1.00
Each additional insertion, 50

Local, and Special Notices, five cents a line for each insertion, and no notice inserted for less than twenty-five cents.

Marriage and Death notices free. Obituaries not exceeding 1 line, twenty words, 25 cts. line.

No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Sales and Notices, in every case, will be charged to the Attorney or officer making the sale, and must be paid for in advance or on delivery of the certificate of publication.

Huntersville, Thursday, Feb 19 1885.

THIS PAPER [illegible]

The wife of Congressman Herbert, of Virginia, died last week in Washington.

A. N. Williams has been nominated by the Democrats as for postmaster at Petersburg.

At the contest which is being held at Philippi, Barbour county, more than 50 entrances have taken place.

The pig-tail Chinamen are causing considerable trouble in Washington Territory. Those here have been sent there to pay a fee of three, under the Geary act, or leave, that is what they have done.

Prof. J. L. Campbell, of Washington and Lee University, died on the 3rd inst. In his death the institution loses a noble professor.

Mr. Joseph Mayer, Commissioner of Immigration at Baltimore, slipped on the ice, on the morning of the 4th, and fell. Breaking his leg just above the ankle, both bones were broken.—Sentinel

The Harrison county grand jury at its recent session returned 365 indictments—300 misdemeanors, and five felonies.

Another good old land mark passed away, Hon. Moses Taylor, ex-Congressman, of New York, and formerly candidate for President in 1868, on the 4th inst. This fact notice has come to us almost, unless our memory fails.

Congressman Gibson and State Treasury Tompkins are getting up a nice fight in Mr. Gibson's district. Gibson wants to be re-nominated and Tompkins is trying to get him a nomination himself. It is hard to tell how they will come out in the end.

Serious trouble is threatened in the Pennsylvania coke regions. Several incident strikers have been marching from place to place, forcing buildings belonging to coal companies and shutting a few miners who were still at work.

A burning mass of meteoric rock emerged a portion of London a few days ago, which caused many lights to go. They left possessions of houses, melted them of lead & destroyed the furniture. Some nine private houses and stacked them badly. The police were powerless to do anything for sometime but finally overpowered the mob and caused quiet to reign at Wimbledon, 15,000 persons were known to see each.

Gov. Winfield Scott Hancock died at Governor's Island, Feb 9th, of a complication of diseases, the immediate cause being a large carbuncle on the back of his neck at the base of the brain, which caused inflammation of the brain. In his death the country loses one of her best citizens and the army one of its best officers. He was born in Montgomery county, Pa., on Feb. 14th, 1824, and at the time of his death lacked only five days of completing his 61 year. He was candidate for President in 1880 on the Democratic ticket, but was defeated by Mr. Garfield.

The coming trees exhibits which began at Sacramento, Cal., in December, is appreciated by the commercial world as of the greatest work. Upwards of 300 exhibits have died in the last week, and there are over 100 cases to come.

The United States Treasury has purchased a sufficient amount of silver dollars to virtualize the act of last session, 412,500,000, Treasury $1,432,311,311, February 11, 1885, 431,115,326.

The Baltimore river has overflowed its banks and submerged all the lower part of New Brunswick, N. Y. All business in the shipyards and coal yards along the river has been suspended and the works of the New Jersey Rubber Company have been compelled to shut down.

A bill has been introduced in the U. S. Senate by Mr. Hoar fixing the time for the meeting of Congress in 1887 and every second year thereafter on the first Monday in October, and in 1886, and every second year thereafter on the second Monday of November.

It is reported that Congressman Bellinger, of Virginia, fell on the slippery pavement in Washington and injured himself seriously, breaking open his old wound so that the bone protruded.

Death of Jos. S. Dickinson.—We learn from a correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch that Mr. Jos. S. Dickinson died, on the morning of the 3rd inst., after a brief illness, at his residence near Millhurst, Bath county. It will be remembered that it was to Mr. Dickinson's family that Lillian Madison molded prior to her ill-fated trip to Richmond to March last. Mr. Dickinson was a man of irreproachable character and greatly respected.—Sentinel.

Mrs. Grant has received a check for $250,000, the first installment of the proceeds from the general's book, and is now more than ever convinced that the pen is mightier than the sword.

A veteran French soldier who served in a number of bloody battles under the great Napoleon, yesterday went into his daughter's family near Batavia, Ohio. He is over 90 years old, and his name is Louis Christman.

An earnest missionary predicted that when Good Friday falls on St. George's day, Easter on St. Mark's day, and Corpus Christi on St. John's day, this poor disjointed world of ours would be knocked into smithereens by an Oregon lariat comet. This remarkable coincidence will not occur for a thousand years. The heavenly composition, in the absence of better other proof, have not yet qualified to endorse the rumor.—ex.

This is what the Philadelphia Times says about the local newspaper:

"The New Year is a good time to consider the generally overlooked claims of the local newspaper. It is the most useful and least unimportant of and appreciated of all the agencies which stamp the largest of progress upon villages and inland cities. Without the local newspaper, local interests are, as a rule, thriftless and tend to decay."

"It is common for small great men to speak with contempt of the local newspaper. In that they imitate the vices of greater persons which offend by manly criticism; but the village newspaper makes more great men or less mischief—more strikes without crime—than any other factor in politics, and it is the one soldier on which most effort to local distinction at the beginning of wider fame.

Supreme Court.

In this Court, sitting at Charleston, the call of the docket was concluded on Wednesday, and on Saturday, February 7th, the following decisions from this section of the State were announced:

Anderson vs. Gaines's administrator, from Greenbrier county; opinion by Woods; decree of Circuit Court affirmed.

Burton vs. Uhlbridge, from Pleasants; opinion by Green; decree of Circuit Court reversed.

Bowyer vs. Martin Tower, appellant from Monongalia; opinion by Johnson; decree of Circuit Court reversed and cause remanded.

Hinton vs. Ellis, from Summers; opinion by Johnson; decree of Circuit Court affirmed.

Moore vs. Harper, from Pocahontas; opinion by Snyder; decree of Circuit Court affirmed.

Boster et al. vs. Robinson et al., from Greenbrier; opinion by Green; decree of Circuit Court affirmed.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, poor health, disordered blood, weak nerves, languor, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow. You will be inspired with new life, strength and activity, will relish food, and nature will seem to have taken on a new lease. Only fifty cents a bottle by Wm. H. Cackley & Co., Dunmore, W. Va.

WE ARE SOLID FACTS.

You can find nowhere and upon record or over placed before the people of the world, any preparation, remedy or medicine that has established for itself such a wonderful record for health restoring qualities, as has Electric Bitters. No matter what your ailment is, whether a disease of the kidneys, Liver, Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Nerves, Kidneys, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint, Electric Bitters will surely and speedily cure. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and promptly act on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed.

For sale at Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va.

An Enterprising Reliable House.

Can always be relied upon, and only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby securing the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the well known Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, with which we are positive we can please you, and also guarantee. It will never cure any cold, cough or disease of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, and to show our confidence we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free, of Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va.

END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had running sore on my leg for eight years. Six doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. Used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25 cents per box by Wm. H. Cackley & Co Dunmore, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county on the 17th day of June, 1885, in the chancery cause of

Jacob Piles
vs.
John Pliss and others,

and pursuant to an adjournment and continuation made on the 19th day of October, 1885, I shall, as special commissioner appointed in said decree, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House of Pocahontas county on the

6th DAY OF APRIL, 1885,

two tracts of land; one containing 615 acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Beaver Lick Creek (the other containing 200 acres, more or less, adjoining the first mentioned tract, lying on Stephenson's Ridge, South-East side of Greenbrier river. A portion of this land has been heretofore laid by Isaac Dean, John Rose and others. The unallotted lands will be first sold, either in a body or in tracts to suit purchasers, and the the allotted lands will be sold to the lawful order or allotation. Part of the land is well timbered. It has excellent commissioned valuable farming land. Spring is supposed to be good.

TERMS OF SALE: So much cash in hand or will pay costs of suit and sale, and on the balance a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bonds bearing interest from day of sale, with good security, and a lien will be retained until all purchase money is paid.

H. S. Brown,
Spec'l Com'r.

I certify that bond as required by law has been given by the above commissioner. John J. Beard,
Clk Cir. Ct.

Feb. 11 4t. Printer's fee, $6.75.

Notice.

Sealed proposals for keeping the toll at Marlin's Bottom by the year will be received by the undersigned Superintendent until the 20th day of February, 18 85, 1885, either for a given sum, or on a certain per cent of the tolls, or pay the county a certain sum and have all tolls, subject to rates fixed by the County Court or by law. Proposals to be submitted to the County Court at the March Term next for confirmation and contract or rejection.

No 51-3t. Levi Gay, Supt.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously afflicted with a cough for two years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She feels as well and good health for thirty years."

Trial Bottles Free at Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va. Large size $1.00.

Club List.

We will send The Times and Bulletin, for $3.00 cash. The price of Bulletin is $1.00.

The Times and Scribner's Monthly, for $3.00 cash. The Monthly is $3.00 per year.

The Times and Union and Farm for $1.50 cash. The Home and Farm is published semi-monthly, and if you want a good farm paper you can do no better than take advantage of this cheap combination.

The Times and The Industrial South both one year for only $1.75. The Industrial South alone is $1.25.

The Times and Bonfy Lass's Book—both one year for $1.00.

An Active Worker.

One may not bring on a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure. We say this unqualifiedly, and our guarantee is always accepted and can always be relied upon. Electric Bitters will prove a blessing to all who use them. Helpher's Electric Bitters, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint speedily cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and promptly act on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed.

For sale at Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va.

An Enterprising Reliable House.

Can always be relied upon, and only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby securing the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the well known Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, with which we are positive we can please you, and also guarantee. It will never cure any cold, cough or disease of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, and to show our confidence we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free, of Wm. H. Cackley & Co's., Dunmore, W. Va.

Commissioner's Notice.

Felix H. Hull's Adm'r &c.
vs.
Felix H. Hull's Heirs &c.

All persons interested in the above entitled cause are hereby notified that I will on MONDAY THE 9TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1885, at my office in the town of Lewisburg, Greenbrier county, West Virginia, in my capacity as Commissioner of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, as appointed by said court in said cause, proceed to settle the accounts of the administrator of Felix H. Hull in the commissioner's report, filed in said cause on the 27th day of October, 1885.

Taking and stating the accounts in said cause, and all persons interested are hereby notified to attend at my office at the time and place aforesaid, and remember will report as I may be advised so to do.

To whom any other interested party may wish to present a claim or demand against said estate should present the same to me at the time and place aforesaid.

J. W. Lee-Case,
Special Commissioner.

21-4t

MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE

Best In The World

BALLARD Gallery, Sporting and Target Rifles, with all improvements and latest patents. Made in Sporting or Military styles, Calibers and Weights to suit purchasers. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

PARSONS' PILLS

MAKE RICH BLOOD.

MAKE HENS LAY

INSURE YOUR HOMES.

I am prepared to take fire risks in the Agricultural Insurance Co. of Watertown, N. Y., one of the most reliable Companies in the United States. Call and see me when you come to town. E. S. Tyre.

THOUSANDS SAY SO.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and in every case where 'Electric Bitters' are the purest and best medicine known, and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No bottle can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year.

Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Wm. H. Cackley & Co., Dunmore, W. Va.

But the celebrated of all Singers is the

Singer Sewing Machine.

It stops to every long night, by shaving and thrifty times are heard in the modern passage of every land and clime, no less than in the shades where beauty and wealth abound.

This "Singer" is the friend of all women, high and low, rich and poor, learned and unlearned. Great excellence lasts long by thousands; but this great "Singer" is now singing to millions. No one is too rich to be above sending one, and no one is too poor to earn one by a little effort. Wherever it is known it has suffered no backward step, which many variety that are today, while it works.

Ladies are cordially invited to visit our office and inspect the new sewing machine.

C. E. Sexton, Agt.
Dunmore, W. Va.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was offered with kidney disease and rheumatism and was given up by a noted Boston doctor, who told me to die of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a bottle. Well, to my delight, before I had taken half of it I was up and around the house. Myself and wife are now using it, and it has done us more good than all the medicine we ever took before. Large bottles $1.00.

For Hard Times

THE POCAHONTAS TIMES

—AND—

DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY

—MAGAZINE—

BOTH PUBLISHED

$2.60 ONE YEAR

DEMOREST'S

OF all the Magazines

Pocahontas Times & $2.60

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS

E. A. STOCK & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

☞ The following are our agents who are authorized to receive money for us and receipt for same. We trust the people in their vicinity will be willing to pay to them by any party will be in the habit:

Peter D. Yeagle.
Wm. H. Hott.
C. B. Brewster.
A. C. L. Gatchell.
Geo. F. Moore.
J. B. Appersett.
J. B. W. Nell.
N. J. Rowe.
R. W. Hill.

We hope our agents will do all they can to working up new subscribers for us, and also helping to extend our circulation.

HOME NEWS.

—C. P. Dize, Esq., of Webster county, was in town Monday night, and while here called to see us.

—Generally, the mail carrier from Lewisburg to this place, is the "funny" man for the boys. He knows them to laugh, and we are sure they will grow fat.

—Miss Minnie Beard has gone up near Union "to teach the young idea how to shoot."

—Just think how provoking it is to get no mail for four or five days and then get a half bushel at a time late at night. We just got wearied until wish we had some millstones.

—The skating craze has died away in Gradyville and the rink was sold last week for $275, which was eight months ago $2,500.

—Our friends are the Hon. C. P. Snyder for the public Contingent.

—Mr. Jno. Moore, of Mingo Flats, passed through town one day last week on his way to Rich mountain.

—We understand that steps will be taken soon by the County Court to have a bridge or two put across Knapp's creek. We are glad to hear this and hope the Court will carry this measure out speedily.

—Two subscribers have requested their paper stopped since the 1st of the month, and we now, by the 15th, we have failed to hear from them.

—We have received pamphlet entitled "A Few Suggestions for the Preservation of Eyesight" from Brown Instrument Co., 159 B'way, New York, which should be read by every housekeeper.

—Mr. Ulrich Bird, of Mill Point, called to see us Tuesday morn.

—Don't forget that we will trade you goods, manufactured by Greenbrier Valley Woolen Mills, and take wool for them after it is clipped at market prices.

—Mr. Sarah Burr, on Friday morning, the 12th inst., at her home on Brown's Mountain, aged 84 years.

—Dr. J. B. Lewis, of Ellis, was in to see us Tuesday.

—Enos Myrtle, who was tried in Alleghany county Va., recently, charged with murdering his child, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to six years in the Penitentiary at Richmond. A bill of exceptions has been filed by Gen. Skeen to appeal it from the County Court to the Circuit Court.

—We have received a copy of a little pamphlet of 80 pages entitled "Tobacco: How to Grow and Cure it," which gives a vast information to the tobacco growers. As we are out of the business of raising tobacco, we will with pleasure present anyone of our patrons who grows the weed, with the pamphlet, and advise others to send to Southern Fertilizing Company, Richmond, Va., and we give one of those blips in producing the notch used weed.

—The Highland Recorder says a man claiming to be "a dealer in blooded stock from Ohio," and later on as a detective passed through that county recently in pursuit of the horse thieves who passed through this county, and at top of Alleghany got some papers showing his "authority" and obtained a fine horse which the thieves had traded to Mr. Cull'ns, as stolen property. The same man will turn out to be a worse thief than the others.

—We had no mail from the Warm Springs on Tuesday night. The mails coming on that route have become infrequent. If the contractor cannot get better enough on the road to render efficient service, let him throw up the contract in the interest of some one who will ask a living salary for his services and be able to carry the mail in the most satisfactory of all. It is against the interest of all our citizens when the mails are poorly carried. There was no high waters Tuesday to hinder the mail from getting here, an't consequently no excuse.

—Boys, either go to school or go to work. You are growing up into a useless set of dead beats. The man who knows how to play "pool and knows nothing else, is of no earthly amount to himself or to any body else.—Ex.

NO HUMBEE.

We have secured the right by license to sell Clothing, Cloaks, Silk Wraps, Dress Goods—all new styles—Gentlemens Solitaire, Solid and Plated Jewelry and Watches of either the Waltham or Elgin movement, and many other things, to each and every one in this county, he or school boy or millionaire We will sell the same kind of Customer goods for $1.25 that Caplin, the pedlar, sells for $2. or $2.50. The same Cotton Overcoats which Caplin sold to Mr. Yeager for his children for $15.00, we could have sold for $6.50.

DON'T FORGET that we make you open your eyes, but Caplin makes you open your pockets.

Caplin has been skinning the people, but we will skin him.

Bear in mind that we will be around to see you all. Yours Truly,

GOLDBERG & GREENBERG.

☞ The goods of the Greenbrier Valley Woolen Mills, that were in the possession of Mr. J. W. Milligan, will be in the possession of the editor of this paper for sometime to come. They are goods worth all that are asked for them. COME & BUY.

—The Baltimore Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will begin its 103rd session in Staunton, Va., March 10th, 1886. Bishop H. N. McTyeire will preside.

15,000 Miles in 5 Months.—The Clarksburg Telegram. In a recent issue says that a package containing of three goods was sent from Clarksburg to Shanghai, China, on Monday last, by M. S. Holmes, which cost him $7.41. The route the package was sent is a distance of about 15,000 miles.

—Poor old England is having a rough time of it with her gods.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Mrs. Harry Sydenstricker and Mrs. Preston Cook paid visits to relatives at Frankford Saturday the last week.

Miss Jennie C. Ruckman has been quite ill with diphtheria the last week.

Mr. R. L. Hall is feeling his—oh! I was just about to tell relatives as Miss Pizzi, Rudolph Co.

Messrs. Will and Alpheus Pollock have returned from a trip to Rhodes, Va.

Valentines have been going the rounds this week. One man in town got one which is is positively dangerous to talk to him about.

Master Rudolph Thomson has been quite ill the past week with fever.

Those from a distance enrolled as pupils at Prof. Brown's school at Hillsboro Academy are Misses Walter Anderson, John Armitage, from Hills Creek, and Mr. J. Andrew Price, Shannondell, of Frost.

Miss Mary Anderson's school at the Harper School house closed last Friday, and she is now teaching in Mr. Frank Harper's family.

Master Clarence Overholt lost both his dog's, Jeff, his Newfoundland, and Bowser, he getting a dose of strychnine. Clarence has our sympathy for his loss of Jeff which he had taught many little tricks.

Feb. 15th. PRUNELLA.

Dunmore Doings.

High Water, and no mail on Saturday last—all on account of there being no bridge across Knapp's creek. I understand there will be steps taken at next County Court for building a bridge across Knapp's creek near H. P. McGlaughlin's. Brethren, think seriously over the matter and give us a bridge so we can get to the county seat any time.

We will have another railroad some of these days, so let us have good roads and bridges that it can get in.

Some of our roads are in a very bad condition and should be better worked this year than last.

The lumbermen have their logs mostly ready to drive down Greenbrier river.

Prof. J. W. Fitz and C. L. Cook's schools are flourishing.

Feb. 15th. TOM SAWYER.

Conference.

Transcript from Church Conference Record, Lewisburg Circuit, Lewisburg District, Baltimore Conference.

Wm. H. Overholt offered the following resolution which was unanimously passed and ordered to be placed on record and said copies be furnished the "Episcopal Methodist," "Greenbrier Independent" and "Pocahontas Times" with request to publish the same:

To the Bishop and members of the Baltimore Conference of M. E. Church, South, Greeting:

We the undersigned members of M. E. Church, South, Lewisburg Circuit, Lewisburg District, would respectfully represent that: We have as a church no place as yet to hold Co. by the 31st day of January 1886, at Wesley Chapel for said circuit, in said district. It being represented to them that an effort would be made by the West Virginia Conference of the M. E. Church, South, such a change in the Baltimore Conference as would include within the bounds of West Virginia Conference, by far the greater part of Lewisburg District of which our charge is a part, and believing that such change would work irreparable injury to our beloved Zion in all its interests, and calling to mind that by the blessing of God under the guidance of the Baltimore Conference many churches have been achieved for the Master and under the ministry of whom preachers and fathers of precious memory, broke Bush and to the gospel, have lived and died, and with whom leaders and members many of the most precious memories of the people are inseparably connected; we therefore pray you, fathers and brethren, to take such action on our behalf before the General Conference as shall to your wisdom seem necessary and effective in retaining to us a name and place as members of the Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church, South, and as your petitioners will ever pray.

C. W. KINDRICK, Sec.

A Horse and a Feed Trough for 3 Cents

If the value of feed in this section may be arrived at by comparing the price which hay brought at a sale last week with the price of the horses—the two commodities, it is scarce credible. There were five horses sold. None brought as much as fifty dollars, one $1.00, another was knocked down at $1.5 cents, and still another had to be taken down without a bid until a feed trough was added and the auctioneer let both go at the first bid—viz. 3 cents.—Monroe.

"The Man and Boy."

For some time past our exchanges have frequently printed accounts of "the man and boy" who were traveling under the name of Tom Brady and Jim. Where ever these individuals were found from horses have been stolen, and it is always supposed that Brady and Jim were the thieves, although closely pursued they have always managed to escape.

On last Tuesday, W. H. Triplett, a detective from Youngstown, Ohio, who has been on the track of the thieves passed through here. He said the men's name was Jerry Hays and the boy's Frank Hays. That they were from Preston county this state. They commenced their depredation in Va. and Mr. Triplett had followed them from that state through Virginia and across the mountains to this valley where they (the thieves) stole the horses of Messrs. Rosecrans and Crouch. We hope that Mr. Triplett may be successful in bringing the thieves to speedy justice.—Enterprise.

Ever since we read the above article, we have been wondering if the "man and boy" are not brother and nephew of ex-President Hayes. He stole the Presidency of the United States and the "man and boy" are content with stealing horses.

The famous Pictured Rocks are on the Kanawha pike about four miles from Morgantown, and for a hundred years have attracted the attention of visitors. They are covered with rude figures of panthers, snakes, wolves, &c., &c., evidently the work of the Indians. They are now much worn and hard to decipher, but are still full of interest. Howe's history of Virginia says, speaking of these rocks:

"On the plantation of Henry Hamilton there is a large flat rock, about 150 feet long and 50 feet wide, with numerous engravings of animals, well executed—such as panthers or full size, buffalo tracks, horse tracks, deer tracks, turkey tracks, eels, &c., women large as life, human tracks, otters, beavers, snakes, crows, eagles, wild cats, bears, wolves, raccoons, opossums, bears, etc., etc."—New Dominion.

Hon. Sam. J. Tilden completed his 72nd birth-day on the 9th inst. He said on that day that he had better health than he had enjoyed for sometime past.

Hello.

Knowing well that we cannot visit every home in this county, but realizing each home ought to receive its county paper, hence we offer inducements to others to visit everybody in the county in our interest as well as theirs. We make the following offers:

To the person sending us the names of 20 new subscribers with the cash, we will give one Bandington Breech-Loading shot gun, with re-loading tools, worth $20, or a sewing machine worth $45.

To the person sending us 40 new subscribers with the cash, we will give one Waterbury watch.

To the person sending us 30 new subscribers with the cash, we will give a large size steel engraving of Ulysses S. Grant, worth $5, or we will give a choice set of seven others as large as the same price.

To the person sending us 15 new subscribers with the cash, we will send Webster's Unabridged Dictionary.

To the person sending us 30 new subscribers with cash, we will give Shakespeare's complete works in three volumes.

To the person sending us 20 new subscribers with the cash, we will give a history of the U. S. worth $2.50.

To the person sending us 8 new subscribers with the cash, we will send THE TIMES one year.

To the person sending us three new subscribers with the cash, we will send THE TIMES six months.

The subscribers names need not all be sent at one time, but as soon as the required number has been reached we will have sent to the address of each the premium to which the number entitles him. At these very liberal terms we hope many will go to work and secure a premium which will cost them only a few hours time. What lady wants to secure a sewing machine on these terms?

Fisherburg.

The following is a list of Fisherburg whom unmarried ask before me on application:

Jacob W. Sharp, executor of Wm. Sharp, dec'd.

JAMES W. WARREN, Jr.
Clerk of Assn. for Pocahontas Co.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
THE BEST TONIC.

Buckler's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY Wm. H. Cackley & Co., Dunmore, W. Va.

Cheap

FOR CASH
OR GOOD COUNTRY PRODUCE
AT
W. H. Cackley & Co's,
Dunmore, W. Va.

Everything usually found in a first-class country store, and we also carry work clothing, new goods.

BELOW we give a few of the goods we have in stock with some prices appended:

Roasted Coffee, Peaberry Coffee, Peanuts, Filberts, Prunes, Cream Nuts, SEGARS AND TOBACCO of quite an assortment.

TURKEY RED DARLING
RUSH Whose stock, for which will wheel any watch, now by mail for 25 cents.

8 and 10 penny nails at forty per lb.

OYSTERS, OYSTER CRACKERS, Ginger Cakes, Shoemaker Dyes.

ELITE toilet soap, 3 cakes for 25 cts, and a fragrance with a handkerchief case.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR,
CHERRY PECTORAL
and SARSAPARILLA;
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS,
RAMON'S RELIEF,
CLOVOCOUCH'S VERMIFUGE, the celebrated worm killer.

Dr. Moffett's Magic Soother for mending Crockery, Glass, Copper, &c.

We have many other things which space will not allow us to mention.

Give us one call and you will be sure to give us many.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

W. H. CACKLEY & CO.
Dunmore, W. Va.

THIS HORSE

IS A GOOD ONE,
And he is going through to

J. C. LOURY'S
For NEWS & GROCERIES.

You can get his card at
BROWN BUSKIN
BLEACHED MUSLIN
CHINA SILK CLOAKS
GINGHAM
QUEENSWARE
NOTIONS
TOYS
SUMMER MATS
BEAUTY MADE CLOTHING &c.
and everything usually found in a first-class country house.

Any and all of the above goods will be sold CHEAP for CASH or good country

PRODUCE.

Don't forget the place.

J. C. LOURY'S
Dunmore, W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

Attention!

Do You Want Steady Employment?

If So Write Us for Particulars.

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GODEY'S

LADY'S BOOK

AND

LIVER

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

Pocahontas Times.

Entered at the Postoffice at Dunmore, W. Va., as second class matter.

Newspaper Laws.

1. Subscribers who do not give notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the offices which they are directed, they are responsible, until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take papers from the office or sending and having them remained for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.

(Continued from 1st page.)

...ook to—children, bustling whither she is glad to be left awhile with a new experience in a lover's life. While musing those sensitive eyes Beatrice told him the secret of her love, the shock at one time, was great, but in spite of it, Beatrice was still the Beatrice of his dreams. Then there was hope, there is always hope in such cases. But now what? Nothing?

He laughed bitterly as he thought of the bonds he had been unfortunate enough to find the name of when he had called Beatrice's complaint—her grievous apathy and indifference to the world at large. Now he had got at the very germ of the disease. To weather the rage and mad revenge with such a woman to carry—such a mind unwarping her love. Poor girl! Poor girl!

He could not leave the boy's reading of Rutherford Beaumont here, continued Through Mrs. Wilson of course. And by his new light he could not help a discrepancy which had always troubled him. On the night the twin lads forgot and went, the nurse had said that Beatrice had waited one years ago from starvation, whereas Hermes had told him that until she came to the house she was a stranger to them all. He had not thought it worth while to point the inquiry.

She, little strangely mentioned women had made him promise to wait. Wait for what? There was nothing to wait for. Even if he, as he mentally told himself he could, should linger, he murdered and be willing to take Beatrice as his wife even now he knew the a barrier, never to be crushed, would be raised by her. He did not wrong her in this. He knew that for all that had befallen she was unstained by mental contact and action. He had no desire to give her up, even to-night.

She had not tried to win her love, she had not supposed that love when offered. She will be home soon. Yet he knew directly she knew Beatrice's absence she knew that Beatrice would never be his. The thought drove him to it and Rutherford Carruthers would leave London, as, with heavy heart and head bowed, he walked through those quiet streets of suburban London.

But why the flight? No one dared, or dare, charge could have threatened her. Did she shut all by herself in the evening in Beaumont House? Did she feel that her reputation must give way, and with one breath the world scorn her love, and with the next tell her how true she might now be known there? No. A word from her would have stayed the passing, she had been as good as asked him to come. She was not flying from him.

Then the thought of that man who was seeking her came to his relief. He shuddered and felt sick at the horrid idea why. But kindred thought was to them the unknown man and how any he wanted Beatrice.

Renewed thought. He would see such him. He had no doubt in know. Arbor would be had this troubling heart of anguish, all intolerable, could but find it, make that man answer. There was nothing else left for him. He would find that man. Yes, back, with the greatest blessing that ever came to man.

So he walked on and on, almost unconscious of his surroundings, his mind full of the strange intelligence he must have, but all the while fearful he might lose the thread of her history, thinking of her as the calm for purity and for God's sake and hers, the end of all this world against whom words would not relieve her.

Before he started with more vim than he had had for many days past, he had already called "Cab!" All he

---

would ask think of was Beatrice and her revenge. All he asked was to be able to see her and tell her there was one who would not be a bondsman to her. The evil reports that he would have to ask Carruthers of the family of his father deceased. He would find her. He would go to her, take her hand, if it were possible, and tell her what she had to say.

But to know now or to-night to-morrow, the day or day after, was but to give him, and he saw he felt a very substantial fee what he had decided to promise only a few days ago.

Reason, no? Why should he delay now? How had this wronged him?

CHAPTER XXVII.

A HELPING HAND.

To make up one's mind to act is to find a young woman who can deny herself without having a train in her thing—to find her is another. The search is a piece of considerable interest—and church meetings are no exception as the unfitting novel reader is asked to believe. Such was at least the experience of two men, who, from different motives, were equally anxious to find the fugitive. The first Maurice Berney, the second Frank Carruthers.

Berney, who, having paid a second visit to Dolbury, had to some extent mended matters with Beatrice's boy and the nurse had gone to London, he is a busy office in Blackburn and returned to the capital. The more he studied the situation, the more apparent it became that, in his own words, he was in a cleft stick. So long as Beatrice could conceal her whereabouts from him, so long was he utterly helpless. He could, of course, compose a certain amount of revenge but the cost would be too great. However sweet a thing may be, it may be bought too dearly. He could work boldly up to Sir Mainguy Clinton and threaten himself to make it a scandal. He could go to Miss Talbert and show them that he loathed their views when she was little more than a schoolgirl. But what good would this do? He had wanted to also, and his prayer held no other. It might bring down Beatrice but not her money. He would have to deal with men of the world instead of a woman over whom he held the threat of exposure. He had one article to sell—silence. There was one customer for it, his wife. With her he could trade to advantage, but the moment he broke rock for another market its commodity became of but value.

Again, there was that cursed clause in old Talbert's will. Beverly could easily prove that Beatrice was his wife but in doing so he also proved that she had married, when under age, without her trustees' consent, and the said trustees would throw into two hearing a year to keep us kept out of the way. If this was two hundred a year which he knew that had he not insisted on bringing some one's head down to the dust, he might have had all from the moment. Why had he not taken the answer and foregone the revenge?

In fact, Beatrice's flight, although not effected by strategical reason, was a masterpiece, a move which found her enemy head and foot. Surely he looked forward to the time when circumstances would force him to take the best offer made him. Well he knew that the moment Beatrice owned her self to reveal the truth to her friends, the moment she elected to confess her girlish folly, and face what shame and ills or might be due to her, every shred of power to hold would be gone. It was, therefore, imperative he should find Beatrice and regain negotiations upon a basis more favorable to her. Reflection and the risk he must run of losing everything made him to stand on lower his demands. He would take fifteen hundred, even a half of Beatrice's fortune, and if she shirked it would surely take a regular deal of just that proportion. He would be about as long as the money was paid him hence as he chose.

What if he gave out that he was dead and acted until she had outlived anxiety? Then his case would be supreme. But to give this advantage he must be at once, it might be for years, and in the meantime must somehow make a living. Perhaps, after his former experience, he would put money again. Any way the state of his exchequer got a rise on the waiting scheme.

(Continued next week.)

The Times and The Pocahontas Times is only one year for $1.50. The Times is a seven page WEEKLY, published at the county seat. It is a democratic paper, and is acknowledged to be one of the BEST agricultural journals in the country. We offer our paper and the Times for only $1.50.

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The New York Observer

Jas W Warwick

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. IV. J. Buchanan Cackely, Editor. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 19, 1886. Terms: $1 in advance. No. 10.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, H. A. Holt.
Prosecuting Attorney, [illegible]
Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
Deputy Sheriff, [illegible] Hill.
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, J. O. Arbogast.
County Court, [illegible]
County Surveyor, [illegible]

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

[illegible]

TERMS OF COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the 1st Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, and 3rd Monday of Oct.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and 3rd Tuesday in July. [illegible]

H. S. RUCKER, Attorney-at-Law, & Notary Public, Huntersville, W. Va. [illegible]

R. S. TURK, Attorney-at-Law, Huntersville, W. Va. [illegible]

F. J. SNYDER, Attorney at Law, Huntersville, W. Va.

D. A. STOFER, Attorney-at-Law, Huntersville, W. Va. [illegible]

W. A. RICE, Attorney at Law, [illegible] W. Va. [illegible]

L. M. McCLINTIC, Attorney-at-Law, Huntersville, W. Va. [illegible]

Dr. J. H. WEYMOUTH, RESIDENT DENTIST, [illegible] W. Va. [illegible]

J. W. [illegible] M. D., Physician & Surgeon, [illegible]

C. B. SWECKER, AUCTIONEER AND Real Estate and Life [illegible] DUNMORE Pocahontas County West Virginia.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC.

[illegible]

DICK'S WATCH.

BY MRS. L. H. [illegible]

Dear little Dick, curled by the fire,
Sat watching the shadows [illegible]
[illegible]

THE WIDOW'S FORTUNE.

BY AN OLD CONTRIBUTOR.

Queenie Baronal was little more than a child when the old doctor died. [illegible]

[illegible]

"but if all poor Zedekiah's money is to go to strangers he'd a deal better left a little of it to me and to his own relations. Queenie is well enough, I dare say," (which was a great concession for Miss Lois Baronal to make,) "but she's as much of a child as those two boys. What does she know of the management of an estate, I'd like to know?"

And in the kindness of her heart Miss Lois volunteered to come and live with her widowed sister-in-law and help take care of her property. But Queenie was equal to the emergency.

"It's very kind of you, Lois," said she, "but, if you don't mind, I'd rather go on just as we are. I think we should both be more independent."

And this settled the question.

The pretty young widow had no lack of wooers when her year of crape and bombazine was over. Dr. Haller, who had succeeded to Dr. Baronal's practice, had no sort of objection to succeeding to his wife as well. Lieutenant Bassett, of the Regular Army, had lost his heart to Queenie's larkspur blue eyes and golden braids. And Mr. Malcolm West, the artist, had covered every millboard and canvas in his studio with sketches of Mrs. Baronal's exquisite profile and [illegible] three-quarter face.

"Three proposals in one week," said Queenie, solemnly locking the notes into her writing-desk. "Dear me! I certainly can't marry three gentlemen at once. I must think the matter well over before I decide. Doctor Haller is certainly very nice. Lieutenant Bassett is as handsome as Apollo in that new [illegible] Mr. West would be [illegible] if he wasn't so very shy and reserved. I must consider. [illegible]

[illegible]

Miss Lois was sitting at tea in the second story lodging over the baker's shop, which she had hired because it commanded a view of the main street [illegible]

[illegible]

I don't help her, she may be very sure of that."

And, with a solemn countenance, which only half-masked the [illegible] of her secret heart, Miss Lois Baronal put on her best bonnet and respectable Thibet shawl and went out to circulate among her neighbors the fact that "poor dear Zedekiah's wife had lost every cent in the world, and would probably have to send her children to some half-orphan institution to be brought up."

"I always foretold it," said Mrs. Smith.

"Any one could have seen, with half an eye what was to be the end of all Mrs. Baronal's extravagance," groaned Miss Hackett.

"And if any one's pride deserved a fall, hers did!" said Mrs. Judge Harvey, who could not forget that Queenie's black silk dress had cost fifty cents a yard more than her own.

Before noon the next day, every one in the village had heard that Mrs. Baronal's riches had taken to themselves wings and flown away; and that she was left alone in the world with Clare and Rodney to support.

Dr. Haller whistled [illegible] when the news reached him, as it promptly did.

[illegible]

for me to assume all the care and responsibility of your future, as well as that of the children. Tell me, Queenie, will you allow me to work for you, henceforward? For I love you with all my heart."

The tears glistened in Queenie's eyes.

"Lieutenant Bassett has not been near me," said she. "Dr. Haller has gone to [illegible], leaving the medical student in charge of his practice. And yet they would fain have had me believe that they loved me."

"They are [illegible]" said the young artist, [illegible]. "They don't know the very meaning of the word love."

And Queenie said "yes," and Malcolm West felt that he was elevated to the highest heaven of happiness. While Clare and Rodney played on the floor, and ate, unnoticed, sugar-candy out of Mr. West's pockets, and the time slipped along until dusk, when in came Miss Lois, [illegible]

"I am very sorry for you, Queenie," said she, lugubriously. "But [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] —N. Y. Ledger.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

James B. Canfield,

WRITER AND PROPRIETOR.

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☞ Notes and Notices, in every case, will be charged to the Advertiser, or the one making the order, and must be paid for in advance or on delivery of the copy. Obituaries of children, ...

Pocahontas, Thursday, Aug. 29, 1895.

THIS PAPER ...

Our Delegate.

When we arrived home we found a communication here written from Academy favoring a Webster county man as House of Delegates. We cannot agree with him that Webster county is entitled to the delegate even if that county has never had a chance to vote for U. S. Senator. The man who is sent from this delegate district is sworn to represent his constituents, as well his wishes mainly be in them. Webster had the delegate in the last session and it is Pocahontas' turn now. We believe an arrangement was made a few years ago by which Webster was to have the delegate one term and Pocahontas two terms; but, even ignoring this fact, it is nothing but fair that this county should have the delegate—term about. It is claimed by some Webster delegates that their man ought to serve one full term—four years. Now everybody knows that the delegate from Webster county served a full term, which is only two years, and moreover we don't believe that a large majority of the people of Webster favor a man from that county. Our correspondent further says that to nominate a man from Webster county will be the means of uniting the Democracy as a man and success will be the result. We cannot agree with him in this matter. To make a success is to nominate a man from our own county. We hope that Webster delegates will come to the convention at this place Friday with a determination to nominate a man from our county, and pledge themselves to go home and work for his success and never quit work until the election is over and our delegate has a larger majority given him than any delegate has ever had in the two counties.

The Court House.

Our first editorial on this subject was replied to at length by our Edray correspondent. Neither had the right under the rules of debate to close by replying to him, which our last editorial only did without attempting to raise any new issue or point. That then ended the matter as this is the rule adopted and followed by us in all discussions of this character. We have this week received a lengthy communication carrying the debate further which to publish would be running our rule. Our correspondent, therefore, must excuse us for not giving him more latitude than we would or rule to others, and in no event would we have him think that his positions on the editorial management of this paper in any way hinders or keeps going place to his correspondence. The debate has closed under preliminary rules.

Green Bank Convention.

Pursuant to call of the Democratic Executive Committee the convention met on the 14th inst., and H. E. Hannah was elected Chairman and C. O. Arbogast, Secretary. On motion the chair appointed Wm. F. Arbogast, Dr. C. L. Austin, R. B. Kerr and Wm. Shrecks as a committee to suggest the names of ten delegates to represent the district in the convention to be held at Hunterseville Aug. 29th, who after consultation recommended the following named gentlemen:

Dr. J. P. Mooman, J. W. Riley, N. B. Arbogast, C. F. Moore, Jessie Patterson, Claiborne Ashford, C. A. Lightner, Chas. Pritchard, Wm. B. Hudson and J. P. Woodfield. On motion the Chairman, Secretary and Committee were added to the delegation and Daniel Wilfong and Wm. Cassell were appointed alternates.

On motion it was decided that any one or any portion of the delegates in attendance at the convention are authorized to cast such vote as the district is entitled in joint convention.

On motion the delegates were instructed to request that each district in this county shall be entitled to a vote in joint convention in proportion to their Democratic strength.

On motion Adjourned.

S. B. HANNAH, Chairman.
C. O. ARBOGAST, Secretary.

Edray District Convention.

Pursuant to the call of the chairman of the county executive committee the voters of Edray district met in convention on Saturday 14th inst., to select ten delegates to represent them at the Delegate District convention to be held at Huntersville on the 29th inst.

The convention was called to order at 1 p. m. and Jno. W. Warwick was chosen chairman and T. M. Skiles secretary.

On motion the chair appointed E. D. King, Levi Waugh and S. D. Price to retire and select ten delegates and the following were selected: Jacob Sharp, A. M. McGlaughlin, J. Q. Poage, H. H. McClintic, Jacob Simmons, Geo. McCollum, Wm. C. Mann, Jno. W. Warwick and Wm. M. Sharp. On motion adopted.

By a unanimous vote the delegates were instructed to vote for Levi Gay as candidate for House of Delegates.

JOHN W. WARWICK, Chair'n.
T. M. SKILES, Secretary.

Hunterville District Convention.

On the 14th inst., the following delegates were appointed to represent this district in the convention to be held at Huntersville next Friday, 29th inst.: Henry White, Wm. Curry, Hugh P. McClaughlin, Wm. T. Ferry, Wm. Cook, Preston M. Harper, L. D. Moore, H. M. Loveridge, M. F. Herold and R. S. Tuck.

A young man from Pittsburg passed through town Monday en route to stanton. He was riding a bicycle. A man above town saw him and greatly frightened rushed home and told his wife they must have prayer at once, because the day of judgment was coming, sure. He said he knew it because he saw the d——l a straddle of a buggy wheel going up to Beverly after the lawyers.—Philippi Philanthrofist.

It is announced that the Arbuckle system has continued to put the Morrison anglo resolution into practical effect notwithstanding its failure to become a law by Mr. Cleveland's omission to give it his signature. A roll is to be at once made for $10,000,000 bonds, which it is alleged, is to be promptly followed by similar calls at monthly intervals. Apparently the Free Coinage Democrat's whisper from the people does not pocket out of the treasury.—Ex.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Mr. P. Hannah of Caldwell station, Greenbrier Co., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Sallie Calfinn, of this place.

Prof. C. A. Brown returned last week from Staunton where he has been attending the Peabody Institute for the past month.

Last week as Mr. Geo. Clark was fixing the rubber block of his wagon he let the ax slip cutting his thumb and hand severely.

Mr. E. L. Holt is off on another trip to Mingo. Of course he wants to see his brother, and he certainly consults him often.

Messrs. C. & W. had a few words about their turkey pasture last week. Mr. C. says he will either pay Mr. W. for his turkey pasture or muzzle his turkeys.

Your correspondent had the pleasure of attending an all day meeting at the Droop last Sunday. Three excellent sermons were delivered to a large, attentive and appreciative audience—one by Rev. D. S. Rydenstricker, one by Rev. Wm. E. Miller and one by Rev. Hannah.

The Beaver Lick Co. are getting along finely with their railroad, will have it to the river by the first of September. Messrs. E. L. Holt and Dr. Bryan went out a few days ago and took the first ride on it.

Miss Retta Clark returned last week from Union, Monroe Co., where she has been visiting relatives.

August 16th. PRUNELLA.

Durbin Doings.

Capt. E. A. Smith left for Boonesville to day and S. L. Jackson for Staunton.

Rev. Forrest Moore is to Lewisburg.

Mr. Vandyke is gone to Pittsburg.

Mr. B. F. Jackson has bought a farm eight miles from Harrisonburg, Va., and is making arrangements to move there shortly. We are sorry to have so good a neighbor leave us.

Mr. S. C. Gay has moved on the Kerr farm two miles from Durbin.

Mr. B. F. McIlwee wears a twelve lb. six lb. gun—it's a girl.

August 16th. TOM SAWYER.

Jos. Varner, had a fine new Sunday hat. An investigation developed the fact that several bones about 10 or 12 inches long had gotten into the cow's stomach and given fast. It is supposed that she either dusting salt swallowed the bones, or they were taken in, in her slop.—*Mt. News.*

Notes on Schools and Teaching.

BY J. W. FITZ.

As much time and money have been wasted by parents sending their children to the Universities lacking sound training in first class preparatory schools, I am induced to write a few articles on this most important subject.

I know no really first class preparatory school in W. Va. This want must be supplied. We have a vigorous and growing State. The wealth is greater than the educational development of the people.

The people must realize that the publick school is very elementary, and the instruction in them hardly deserves the name of education.

Very many in our state, who would be called rich elsewhere, are utterly regardless of the claims of a higher education.

Let us scout the idea that the publick school is a grand thing, but rather let us consider it but the shadow and skeleton of an education.

We need teachers of highly cultivated minds and these cannot be supplied, so long as the people are humbugged with a class of men, who impress them with the belief that "reading, riting and ciphering" are the ultimate limit of desirable attainments.

(To be continued.)

High School.

HIGH TIMES.—It may not be generally known among your readers, that a High School has been attempted here.

The first session just closed. The final exercises occurred Friday afternoon, July 26th. Where all acquitted themselves so well, it would be invidious to give special commendation.

Readings were given by Luck Kee, Willie Price and Pleasure Price.

Exercises in Elocution were rendered by Misses Jane Moore, Mary Price and Master Burmer Price.

A dialogue was given by Master Kee and Anna McGlaughlin, it was very harmoniously rendered.

Essays upon Home, Africa and American Revolution were read by Miss Eliza Kee and Andrew Jones Price in the order mentioned. A poem prepared for the occasion was recited by Anna B. Price.

The school room was handsomely decorated with evergreen and wild flowers and the whole it was a most enjoyable affair. It is hoped there is more and better to follow.

The Principal, Rev. Wm. T. Price, having a family to educate has opened the school and proposes to teach along with his own children any who may be inclined to attend. In the school, common branches, Mathematics, Languages and Natural science are taught at $1.50 per month. The Principal is an A. M. of Washington & Lee University and has had considerable experience in teaching.

The following is the grade written for the occasion:

School days, like birds on rapid wings,
Are flying fast, or so it seems,
O, for those days of life is in,
Decades are a wish to speed their flight,
But rather let them stay!

Our life, at very best, is short,
Youth, middle years and age,
Appear like moon speeding clear,
With eagles fast and fancy bound
To rest—quick from the stage.

God wills it thus, we cannot change
Time's rushing, mighty waters on,
What can we do? no question ask!
Now hours will—ye can do nought,
The passing years to note.

Perform your duty, fill your spheres,
Love God and fellow-man,
Your bosoms raise against the wrong,
Shun whisper that sin by sin,
And blot while you can.

Think you we're still near the years,
Then how will come no more?
Ah! no, to higher ends than this
We'll pass those years in close review
And count their record o'er!

Time bit us all—the young and old
Improve the time that's given,
Be sturdy youth—be hopeful aged—
The time is short, we quickly run,
And note every fleeting sun
The end of it is Heaven!

OBSERVER.

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Aug. 19 tf.

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Two Car Loads Salt!

I have bought and am now receiving two car loads of GRAHAM'S SALT, which I will sell at the very lowest cash prices. If you want a BARREL OF FLOUR, a BARREL OF SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, or anything else you will find it to your interest to call on me.

WANTED: 25,000 pounds of WOOL for which I will pay the highest market price in cash, or exchange for goods. Will also buy Ginseng, Beeswax, Tallow, Furs, Hides, Tobacco, Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Potatoes, Tobacco, Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Horses, Mules, Timothy Seed, Clover Seed, Flax Seed, Blue Grass Seed, Orchard Grass Seed, Herd's Grass Seed, Red Top Seed, Millet Seed, Hungarian Seed, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Barley, Peas, Beans, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Dried Cherries, Dried Blackberries, Dried Huckleberries, Dried Pumpkins, Dried Sweet Potatoes, Dried Irish Potatoes, Dried Onions, Dried Beans, Dried Peas, Dried Corn, Dried Wheat, Dried Barley, Dried Rye, Dried Oats, Dried Buckwheat, Dried Millet Seed, Dried Hungarian Seed, Dried Timothy Seed, Dried Clover Seed, Dried Flax Seed, Dried Blue Grass Seed, Dried Orchard Grass Seed, Dried Herd's Grass Seed, Dried Red Top Seed, Dried Sweet Potatoes, Dried Irish Potatoes, Dried Onions, Dried Beans, Dried Peas, Dried Corn, Dried Wheat, Dried Barley, Dried Rye, Dried Oats, Dried Buckwheat, Dried Millet Seed, Dried Hungarian Seed, Dried Timothy Seed, Dried Clover Seed, Dried Flax Seed, Dried Blue Grass Seed, Dried Orchard Grass Seed, Dried Herd's Grass Seed, Dried Red Top Seed.

J. B. BRADSHAW.

HOME NEWS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Levi Ours as a candidate for the next House of Delegates from the Pocahontas district composed of Pocahontas and Webster counties, subject to the decision of the Democratic convention.

—Days are shortening.

—Autumn will soon be here.

—A Barlow and Wm. Ours are first to finish haying here-about.

—Mr. R. V. Hill, of Academy, was in our office Monday.

—Mrs. Plunkett, of Staunton, is the guest of Miss Clara Sharp at Deatherick's Creek.

—Dr. Wm. F. Barlow and wife, of Lewisburg, spent the week at their son D. E. Barlow's and with their numerous other friends.

—A good Hoke boy to trade other horses, cut wood, &c.

T. M. SMILEY.

—Miss Pearle Scott left Tuesday morning for her home near Lynchburg, Va., which saddened the hearts of not a few and me especially.

—If you are in need of any kind of Job Work, give us your orders and see what we can do for you.

—Don't fill the system with quinine, to prevent or cure Fever and Ague. Ayer's Ague Cure is the specific for this disease, and leaves no poison to produce disease, deafness, headache, or other disorders.

—Young, old and middle aged, all experience the wonderfully beneficial effect of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young children, suffering from sore eyes, sore ears, scald head, or with any scrofulous taint, become healthy and strong by the use of this medicine. Six bottles, $5.

WANTED.—Thirty cords fit for pulp, before after 15th of November. Address T. B. Sutton, Marlin Bottom, W. Va.

[illegible] were cut by us now and those working ago. We wish them to be paid promptly as it will be to your benefit as well as ours. We are much obliged to those who have already settled.

—A nice assortment of Letter and Note books at this office and thousands of envelopes charming to the eye—all of which we will sell cheap. Come and buy or send your orders by mail.

—Providence permitting, Rev. Dr. Jno. W. Carter, of Petersburg, W. Va., will preach the funeral sermon, in memory of the late Dr. P. D. Carter, at the church at Edray, W. Va., on Sunday August 22nd, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

LOCKED SAFES.—Parties wishing bills for building or any thing done later for a special purpose, or of extra width and size, will find it to their advantage to make out their bills and hand me, as I have contracted for sawing and can fill any bills very soon.

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

—We have received the *Delineator* for September and it is up to the good standard in giving the latest styles and fashions in ladies', Misses' and children's wear. Sold for 15 cents a single copy, Haper, or $1 per year. Address The Butterick Publishing Company, 7, 9 & 11 West 13th St., N. Y.

—Mr. Randolph Ryan and wife, of Augusta county, Va., passed through our town Tuesday on their way home from Ky.

NEW GOODS.—We have received a large assortment of Cashmere, Lawn, Flannels &c., from the Greenbrier Valley Woolen Mills which we will sell for cash or wool. Come and buy. Jas. B. Caskaid, Agent. Goods at Texas office.

THE WORLD'S WONDERS.—S. Hardold, of Ripley, is now canvassing the county for one of the finest and best books—"The World's Wonders." It is replete with information and the cause of the success of J. W. Burt is our highest guarantee of its merit. He is agent for this and Pendleton counties. No. 8-35.

—It is time that the trustees of Hunterville school district should be trying to secure a teacher for the coming session. As the board has increased the salary of a first grade teacher $5 at this place, but little trouble should be had in securing a teacher at once. Begin to-day.

—We received the first of the week from Barbour county, and we noticed in that county that the hay crop is short but the oats crop is luxuriant. In Randolph county the hay crop is better and oats will be an average crop. One of the last, if not the last, pieces of corn we saw along the road in Mr. Lantz's is at the mouth of Stony creek this county.

—The following shows the aggregate value of personal property as assessed in Pocahontas county in the year, 1890:

Green Bank Dist., No. voters, white, 370, col. 5, value of property $[illegible]

Edray, No. voters, white, 374, col. 23, value of property $93,410.

Huntersville, No. voters, white, 324, col. 19, value of property $94,803.

Little Levels, No. of voters, white, 353, col. 31, value of property $110,040.

Totals. No. of voters, white, 1320, col. 81, value of property $355,014.

Boards of Education should take notice that there has been an increase in value in some districts by additional assessments since the first Monday in July. These figures show the true value and will be found thus on the book in the Clerk's Office, also in the hands of the Sheriff.

C. O. ARBOGAST, Assessor, P. C.

Locked for Burglars.

On last Friday evening while L. B. Moore and family were visiting a near neighbor, his house was entered in broad daylight by some party and things were very much disarranged in several rooms, one chest was ransacked of considerable clothing, as there was some queens ware in it, it was supposed they were looking for something to satisfy the inner man as well. Three suspicious looking women were seen on the road near this house that morning and evening. A liberal reward should be offered for the apprehension of all such parties.

Xs.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.—The teacher's institute for Pocahontas county will meet at Marlin's Bottom, beginning 9th of September next, instead of Edray as previously announced.

The exercises will undoubtedly be of a character that will richly repay those who are present as Mr. J. W. Hinkle, the Co. Supt. of Greenbrier, a gentleman of superior ability, has been appointed Instructor.

The Trustees of the Presbyterian church there, kindly tendered the use of their building and it being a commodious one will add very materially to the comfort of the teachers.

I earnestly desire all the Teachers, School Officers, and those interested in the schools of the county to be present and participate in the exercises of the Institute.

I have made arrangements with Messrs. Andrew McGlaughlin, Sam. Price, T. S. Hides and Levi Gay to board the Teachers and others at 75 cts. a day. Applicants for board will do well to write in advance of the time to the above mentioned parties, so that if necessary I will seek other places for accomodation should these prove inadequate.

Examination of teachers will be held at the same place commencing promptly at 8:30 A. M. September 14th.

All applicants will be required to present a certificate of attendance at the Institute or a [illegible] before they will be admitted.

Yours Respectfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE, Co. Supt.

—We have received the report of Hon. Jno. S. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The collections for West Virginia during the last fiscal year were $480,083.09.

WANTED you to know that our N. Y. fruit trees is worth six Va. or W. Va. trees. They will stand the severest winters uninjured, and bear in abundance. We warrant every New York tree to be delivered in good condition, and live and demand to be nice, healthy trees.

Apple trees $10.00 per 100. Peach $10.00. Grapes 25 to 50 cts. each. Don't buy until we call.

L. E. WYCKOFF, Head agent for the southern States, Huntersville W. Va.

Wm N. COOPER, } Fahrman. Wilson
Park'r. " } Sawyer; Ozzora
Ed. " } and Waterloo.

HILLSBORO.

Male and Female Academy.

C. A. BROWN, Principal.

The second annual session of this school will begin September 8th, 1890, and continues a session of ten months, or two terms. The first term will continue four months, ending December 20th. The second term will begin the second Monday in January.

LOCATION AND ACCOMMODATIONS.

The Academy is pleasantly located in the town of Hillsboro, W. Va. The people of this town and vicinity are noted for their hospitality and general good morals. The town has abundance of church privileges. The school building is a large handsome structure containing two rooms well supplied with desks and chairs.

COURSE OF STUDY.

1. GRADE.—Orthography, Reading, Writing, and first Lessons Arithmetic, Grammar and Geography.

2. Orthography, Reading, Writing, Practical Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar and History.

3. Elementary Algebra, Higher Arithmetic, English Grammar, National Philosophy, Physical Geography, Physiology, Rhetoric and Latin begun.

4. English, Latin, Greek, Higher Mathematics and History, finished.

In addition to the above course, arrangements have been made for thorough instruction in French and in Vocal and Instrumental music.

Special attention will be given to Orthography, Penmanship, Composition and Elocution.

A literary society will be organized in connection with the school.

In this school will be found no hired and most improved methods of teaching.

Examinations will be held at the completion of each term. Pupils will be required to obtain a grade of 75 per cent before dropping a text book.

Monthly reports of pupils progress in conduct and general deportment, will be sent to the parents and guardians.

EXPENSES.

Tuition per month in 1st Grade, $1.50.
" " 2nd " 2.00.
" " 3rd " 2.50.
" " 4th " 3.00.

Extra charges will be made for Music and French.

A contingent fee of 15 cts. per month will be charged to provide fuel ect.

(The above expenses apply to the last term, and to those pupils in attendance from beyond the Knapsack school district during the first term).

Good board can be had in and near the town at reasonable prices.

No deductions from tuition charges, except in protracted sickness.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, STUDIES AND TEXTS.

The school will close with public exercises, at which time a handsome gold medal will be awarded to the pupil who will have reached the highest grade in daily recitations during the session.

Said medal will be awarded for Penmanship. Prize will be awarded for excellence in orthography, Penmanship and Reading.

REMARKS.

In view of the above advantages offered at Hillsboro Academy, parents should examine and secure schooling facilities and daughters from the country or other schools. Come and be assured of attention.

Parents frequently invite and solicit me to reading their children to call, but before they have completed the preparatory course at home, hence it is that so many students leave college and its surroundings. New Hillsboro Academy offers a thorough preparatory course and when a student completes course given there he is prepared to enter college. It is hoped therefore that parents and people generally of this county will give their patronage and influence in assisting in and upholding a school which if liberally sustained by the county will be of lasting benefit to all the people. For further particulars, address C. A. BROWN, Academy, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, W. Va., entered in the

21ST DAY OF JUNE 1890

in the Chancery cause of Geo. E. Gay vs. R. F. Lilly and als. pending in said Court the undersigned will proceed to sell publicly to highest bidder at Court House door of said county in the village, and

ON THE

1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1890

a tract of land lying near Edray in said county adjoining the lands of John E. Moore and others containing [illegible] acres which is a small unobstructed cottage.

TERMS: A credit of six and twelve months will be given, except as to costs, on which sufficient to pay cost of said sale, the purchaser to give bonds for the deferred installments with approved personal security; bonds to bear interest from day of sale, a lien to be retained as ultimate security.

E. S. TUCK, Special Com'r.

I John J. Beard Clerk of the Circuit Court aforesaid do certify that E. S. Tuck special comm'r. who as named has executed bond in the penalty required by the decree in the above cause.

Teste: JOHN J. BEARD C. C.

Aug. 12-4t. Price's fee, $7.20.

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of E. [illegible] dec'd.

All the creditors of E. [illegible] dec'd are hereby notified to appear before the undersigned Commissioner of Pocahontas County, W. Va., at my office in Huntersville on the 1st day of September, 1890, and prove their claims against said estate. Those failing to do so may be excluded from the benefit of said estate.

WITNESS: James W. Hinkle, Jr., Commissioner of the Circuit Court for said county, this the 16th day of July, 1890.

JAMES W. HINKLE, Jr.,
Commissioner C. C.

July 23-4t. Price's fee, $4.00.

Commissioner's Notice.

Jacob H. Arbogast,
vs.
Jacob G. Gum's Adm'r and als.
and
Jno. T. Gammon and wife
vs.
Same.

All persons interested in the above mentioned causes will take notice that on Special Commissioner's Sale when said causes were referred to a Master Commissioner by the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county on the 21st day of June, 1890, to make a report to court as the following matters of account, viz:

1st. What amounts of principal money are now due to the parties to [illegible]

2nd. What amounts of principal money are now due to the parties to [illegible]

3rd. An account showing what debts are properly chargeable upon the estate of said J. G. Gum, dec'd, with their legal priorities.

4th. Whether or not Wm. Ours, special receiver in said cause, has collected the [illegible] which he is charged with and [illegible] and if not what disposition has been made of same.

5th. What lands are liable to sale for debts due by said J. G. Gum, dec'd, their separate, probable value and which of [illegible] and which of said lands will be liable to be sold for the payment of said debts, and which will [illegible] and which will be liable to be sold for the payment of said debts, with the [illegible] and which will [illegible] and which will be liable to be sold for the payment of said debts, and the order in which said lands

POCAHONTAS TIMES

Newspaper Laws.

1. Subscribers who do not give us notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers refuse or neglect to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take papers from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who finds a newspaper in the street, or elsewhere, is not liable for its loss or destruction.

A Sabbath-Keeping Nation.

Our Nation has been pre-eminently a Sabbath-keeping Nation. If we have lost much of the Puritanic spirit in religion, we have not given up the idea that the Sabbath was made for man, and that its observance is not only good for the individual, but highly beneficial to society, and consequently, to the Nation. Nothing is better settled than that a periodical rest-day is a physical necessity. The French Revolutionists, who sought to destroy wholly all Christian institutions, believed they would accomplish much in that direction by abolishing the Sabbath. They were too wise however, not to see that some substitute must be provided, so they ordained that every tenth day should be a rest-day. This was an acknowledgement that the Sabbath was founded on a principle which long experience had proved to be a sound principle. There is no question on this point among the American people. The number of those who would abolish the Sabbath as a rest-day is very small indeed. The Sabbath is really a national institution in this respect, all our governing authorities, National, State and municipal, and all our courts of record refraining from transacting business on that day.

But to individuals the Sabbath should be something more than a rest-day. The law requires the cessation of labor, not only that physical benefits may result but in order that individuals may worship God undisturbed by the noise and distractions of industry and commerce. Our churches open wide their doors, and the throngs enter and pay their allegiance to the King of Kings. It is in such occupations that the individual exercises the day, strengthens his own moral and religious character, and fits himself for the highest duties of citizenship. The Sabbath is therefore, a day of moral education and remuneration, and it will be a sad day for our Nation when, if ever, it ceases to be, in this sense, a Sabbath-keeping nation.

We ask no laws from Congress or State Legislatures to command religious devotion. We ask nothing more than compulsory cessation of business, and removal of immorality from the State. The Church will do the rest. The Church will sanctify the day. The Church will provide such instruction as may need to make their souls and intellects benefit and men so educated are the best for merchant and the most intelligent citizens, and such citizens are the only source and safeguard of national prosperity.

Let us, then, maintain the Sabbath not simply by enforcing the laws which compel cessation of toil, but by using the day for physical rest and for the cultivation of our moral and spiritual natures. Thus shall we daily advance and bring about more and more the time when the Nation's hands fit the work that is before it.—N. Y. Independent.

Worth of Within.

Choose always the way that seems best, however rough it may be. Custom will render it easy and agreeable.

The how cannot possibly stand always best,nor can human nature or human frailty subsist without some lawful recreation.

Pastime how vood that should never be used but in a bad sense; it is foolish to say that a thing is agreeable because it helps to pass the time away.

There is some help for the defects of fortune, for if a man cannot attain to the height of his wishes he may have his remedy by cutting them shorter.

Worldly foes never look so worldly as at a funeral. They have the same effect of grating incongruity as the sound of a coarse voice breaking the solemn silence of night.

There are moments when by some strange impulse we contradict ourselves—fatal moments, when a fit of passion, like a stream of lava, lays low the work of half our lives.

If heaven consists in a state of holy dispositions and affections,and not in "pearly gates and purling brooks," this is the state we ought to cultivate if we would reach the heavenly life.

Good resolutions are often like a loosely tied cord—on the first strain of temptation they slip. They should be tied in a hard knot of prayer, and then they should be kept tight and firm by stretching Godward.

Farm and Home.

Never feed a horse with hay from a rack located above his head, as a draught hurts down which is injurious and the dust is liable to injure the eyes.—Missouri Witness.

Pigs eat little, but ageinst cold no animals are expensive. By coating the ear with the other every ounces a great saving is made. Ice agricultural implements may be used many years longer than is usual by the judicious and timely application of paint.—Albany Journal.

Farmers who grow only a few varieties in their gardens do not generally know that this vegetable is more successfully grown in fields with moderate fertility. There is less exhaustion of the soil earlier and higher flavored fruit, with less tendency to rot.

Chamomile, as proved by 7 acts of all kinds. The very best is found in clarified grain. Corn cannot like and be sold just a days would, as foods, pay for the trouble in the to ensure produce of eggs. In fattening the process is much hastened by its use and without the same much waste is saved. There are many options who would willingly pay a larger price for poultry fattened by the aid of this and was.—Chicago Times.

Hot water is the best thing that can be used to heat a system in brute. The water to be put should be placed in an air as hot as can be borne to drawn in twenty minutes, and in all ordinary cases the pain will gradually disappear. Hot water applied by the means of clothes is a sovereign remedy for neuralgia and rheumatic pains. For burns or scalds, apply cloths well saturated with cold clean water, keeping the injured part covered from the air.—Hearth and Hedge.

A colored woman out West quarreling with her husband, threatened to drown herself and threw herself into the water. She would surely have drowned but for a passing horseman. It is supposed that the husband had been waiting for years to arrange himself for some old grievance of other spell of the husband.—N. Y. Times.

A WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT.

Cut out and send to the Coupon Fund below and we will send you

FOR 19.50

THE POCAHONTAS TIMES

The Latest Style

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINE,

WITH ALL ATTACHMENTS.

THE DEMOREST

$19.50

The advantages of this "monster" machine are: The only safe and convenient shape of the highest color; it is creation and very running, has a high arm, the only thing which is self-setting, the shuttle is self-threading, the needle self-setting, the only one which is self-threading, loose wheel for winding the bobbin, and all the bearings are of hard steel. There are also full set of hemmers, with ruffler, including five hemmers, quilter, tucker, puffer, ruffler, binder, and in addition twelve needles, oil, screw-driver, and book of useful and valuable instructions, and in order to secure entire satisfaction, a guarantee to be returned if not satisfactory. We are thus offering, at an unparalleled low price, a machine with detailed improvements over all others and free from all objections.

We guarantee the "Demorest" to be equal to any high priced machine in the market, and the purchaser shall be the judge.

DEMOREST SEWING MACHINE CO., 17 East 14th St., New York.

The name of "Demorest" is so well known all over the world, that no one need fear sending the money for the following Coupon, for if a better guarantee than mere words is wished for, by calling at the office of The Pocahontas Times, you will receive a written guarantee signed by the Publisher, Editor and Proprietor of The Times, over the left hand seal of the office, and the word of a gentleman.

Coupon.

Cut this out and send it to the Demorest Sewing Machine Company. It will be one of the Coupons to entitle the sender of a Demorest sewing Machine to their greatest, cheapest and most popular machine, with all the attachments complete, for the Pocahontas Times for one year, for $19.50, with the understanding that if Machine may be returned at the Depot and the money refunded.

Signature of sender

Postoffice

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MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLES

Best In The World

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

W. G. BRADLEY,

Wm T. Price.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. IV. [Buckskin Confetti.] VERSUS. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, September 16, 1886. Terms $1.50 per year. No. 11

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, B. A. Hall.
Prosecuting Attorney, R. S. Turk.
Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
Deputy Sheriff, B. C. Hill.
Clk's of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
(A. B. Hannah, Pres't,
Com'rs Co. Court, S. B. Clark,
(Geo. P. Moore.
County Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

1st (Green Bank) District, Justices, Wm. L. Brown and J. D. Patterson; Notaries Public, Wm. L. Brown, C. O. Arbogast and David Bellenger; Constables, Thomas R. Maupin and C. B. Sweeker.

2nd (Edray) District, Justices, Geo. N. Kee and Hugh N. Hannah; Notaries, Geo. P. Moore and Geo. Baxter; Constable, John A. Young.

3rd (Huntersville) District, Justice, Jas. T. Lockridge; Notaries, H. S. Hacker, R. S. Turk, J. B. Dunsch; Constable, C. O. Sharp.

4th (Little Levels) District, Justices, D. A. Yeck and D. C. Kinnison; Notaries, Irene McNeel, N. J. Brown, B. C. Hill, C. P. Ryan, Peter Hill, Jos. W. McNeil, Aaron Hill and Uriah Bird; Constable, K. F. McClure.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the 1st Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, and 3rd Monday in Oct. &c.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and 2nd Tuesday in July. Jury is very seldom.

Dr. N. P. PATTERSON,
DURBANNVILLE,
W. Va.

H. A. BUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law, & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas county, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

R. S. TURK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. A. SHARP,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

W. L. KEE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas County.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. For exact date of each visit a circular will appear in THE TIMES.

J. B. LOCKRIDGE, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
Edray, W. Va.
Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of his own and surrounding country. Prompt attention to all calls day and night.
Charges reasonable.

G. B. SWEEKER,
DUNMORE
Pocahontas County, West Virginia.

AUCTIONEER AND
Real Estate and Life
INSURANCE AGENT.

TIRED OUT!

Settled the Bill.

A circuit rider in a neighborhood with which he was unacquainted, stopped a man in the road and asked:

"My friend, can you tell me of a place where a preacher can stay all night without money and without price?"

"Yes, in the woods."

"Of course, but can't you tell me of some house?"

"Yes, (pointing,) that one up on yon hill.

"Will it cost me anything?"

"Not a cent."

"Who lives there?"

"Nobody."

"I don't want to stay in a vacant house. Come, now, good man, tell me of a place."

"Well, I will. Go about two miles down this road, then turn to the left. The first house you strike will be old man Potter's. He'll take you in."

"But will he charge anything?"

"Not a cent."

"Treat me well, of course?"

"Like yer pizen—give you the best in the house."

"Will he feed my horse?"

"He'll founder him if you say so."

"I am a thousand times obliged to you."

"Say," the man called, as the preacher started off, "he's a sorter curis fellur, an' if you ask him how much he charges he'll git mad. Just act like you was at home, and it'll be all right with him."

"Thank you, I'll do so."

The preacher found old Potter to be a tall, gaunt man, with a harsh voice and grizzled beard. Just before last time the minister asked Mr. Potter if he would join him in prayer.

"Not just yit," Potter replied. "Just git down and pray when yer feel like it. Don't wait on me, for I've got ter feed the hogs after I go to bed."

After breakfast the next morning, when the preacher's horse had been saddled, the reverend gentleman turned to Potter and said:

"Now I leave a place I always feel that I was forgetting some thing."

"Wall, ain't yer?"

"No, I think not," the preacher replied, as he began to rummage in his saddle bags. "No, I haven't forgotten anything."

"I'm pretty certain that you have. You have forgot to pay me."

"What! I didn't know you charged anything."

"Yes know it now."

"But my dear sir, I am a poor preacher."

"Never heern you preach, but but jugin' by the way you talk, I reckin you air er po' preacher."

"I mean that I haven't any money."

"Not my fault."

"That's all very well but I can't pay you."

"Then I'll have to take it outen your hide."

"Look here, my friend—"

"Oh, I'm lookin'. Gotter keep my eyes on you."

"I say that a man told me that I could stay here without charge."

"Yes, but I won't the man."

"I really can't pay you."

"What, after eatin as much as you have! Why, parson, you can make a table look the delightest an' ponniest ov any man I ever seen. The very first pass you made, the hind leg of a shoat disappeared, an' then you made a motion of the last pound of butter we had, an' it wasn't no longer for this here arth."

"I admit I was hungry, but—"

"Oh, you needn't admit it, for I soon diskivered that fack."

"This is surely a very awkward position. I really do not know what to do."

"Settle up, is the only advice I've got to offer."

"But I really can not."

"Then some of your hide must come off."

"I wish you had more sent."

"Yas, an' I wush you had more money."

"You certainly would not commit an act of violence merely for a few dimes."

"You b'lieve I wouldn."

"My friend, I'm on my way to feed my flock, and—"

"I reckon you think me'er bout feedin' yourself. Wy, that dish ov cabbage turned pale every time you looked at it. I kin stand er good deal, but when a vidulte cyclone comes along it breaks me up."

"I am occupying a terribly awkward position."

"Better squat, then."

"If you'll let me off I'll send you the money."

"No, I'm ortisured that after you begin to feed your flock you won't think ov a sinner like me."

"Well, I declare I am in an awkward position."

"Yas, so I've heern."

"Is there no way by which we can settle this affair?"

"Oh, yes; pay up."

"But I tell you I have no money."

"Yes, so I've heern."

"Well, as you have driven me to the wall I suppose I must fight you."

"That's my ticket. Skin your self."

The preacher took off his upper coat, folded it up and put it on a bench, then, after deliberately rolling up his shirt sleeves, he said:

"Just step this way, please."

Mr. Potter stepped that way and was promptly knocked down. He got up just in time to be knocked down again. The next time he got up cautiously and tried to seize the preacher, but was knocked flat on his back.

"Hold on parson," he said getting up, "the little joint I took here," he continued, brushing himself, "you've got to eat dinner with me before you go. At first I didn't think you feel much religion, but now I know that you are one of the clevir. John take the parson's horse back to the stable; kain't afford to let you go sir. Best man I ever saw. It was old Bill Simcox that told you to come over here, an' he has been dodgin round all the morning to see you whopped. Say, what he'd need was you to before you gunter fight!"

"I was a prize fighter," the preacher replied, as he seated himself and smoothed back his hair.

The Record of the Democratic House.

In a partisan debate sprung upon the House in its closing hours by the Republicans, who desired to put on record a burlesque resolution showing what the Democrats did not do, Mr. Randall enumerated the results of the Democratic legislation as follows:

"Mr. Speaker, we are all about to return to the people who sent us here, and the record of this House will be weighed and measured by them. The results of our actions will be carefully scanned, and the elections will show whether in the popular judgment the party in control of this House to-day should receive the respect and approval for the future of the American people. Let me recite a few of the results of their legislation.

"We have returned to the public domain millions of acres of public lands sought to be unlawfully kept by insatiate corporations, reaching 70,000,000 acres.

"We have entered upon the work of constructing a new navy. We have passed every act that we have been asked to pass for the purpose of bettering the condition of the working people of the United States. We have not in a single instance, so far as I remember, passed through the House a bill in favor of monopolies. We have given the fullest opportunity to join with us in passing an inter-State commerce bill which only forty men on the other side dared to vote against. But for the delay involved in the present proceeding on the other side, we should probably have reached an opportunity of passing a bill to increase the pensions of our armed and one-legged soldiers.

"Finally, I say deliberately that the appropriation bills as they have passed this House are so far as, I know, freer from suspicions or unnecessary propositions than they have been in any congress since the war, whether this remark applies to the appropriations reported from the committee over which I have the honor to preside or those emanating from the other committees having charge of appropriation bills. Whatever may be the result of the next election, I venture to say we have done as well that we ought to command, and I believe will command, the confidence and approval of the American people.

"Say more; when we came here thousands and thousands of working people throughout the United States were idle. Even in my own city the number ran up to tens of thousands. But to-day, so far as my information gives me knowledge, there are few laboring men who want work and cannot secure it; (applause) and I add that this is due in a large degree to the confidence which this Democratic House and Democratic Executive in direction of good government have given to the American people." (Applause.)

According to an English statistician five men may now do as much work as ex in 1810, and eight in 1830.

The first printing done in America was in the City of Mexico, in 1539. There were then 300 printing offices in Europe. The second press was set up in Lima, Peru, and the third in Cambridge, Mass., in 1639.

Why Is It

A query frequently comes up in our mind when traveling over different portions of this state and beholding the broad expanse of fertile farm and farm, large areas of fertile land waiting for the industrious hands of men to develop them, and make them happy, prosperous homes. Why the overcrowded districts of Pennsylvania and New York do not seek these fair lands in the Sunny South, far away from the frost bleak lands of their youth.

Our climate is much more mild, our summers and fall seasons longer, our winters much shorter, and of course, it requires less labor and much less expense to keep both family and live stock the year round.

Our lands will produce equal to the best of the old States, and a much greater variety of products.

We can hardly understand why people will pay $50 to $100 per acre for land up in these front hilles and barren sections, when better land can be had in our sunny South for $5, $10 and $20 per acre.

We have a distinct recollection of our boyhood days, spent in Denver county, Pa., of the cold winters and deep snows, of the long cold springs, that crept along until the middle of May before they would let go their icy fetters.

We have made frequent trips back to the home of our youth, only to increase our love and admiration for the blue hills of West Virginia, its sunshine and valley air that gives us health and vitality.

Again we recognize a much [illegible] during the [illegible] Virginia that in our brethren of the North. Our people do not claim to the exquisite refinement enjoyed by many of the older States, but for real genuine hospitality and disposition to help one another in times of distress or sickness, they have no superiors. Hence, it is not to be wondered that those who have been are never satisfied until they return again.

We need more muscle, enterprise and capital to develop our State.—Ed.

[The "why" would not be asked if the people of a great part of the State would show more energy in making good roads, advertising their lands abroad, selling off their wild lands at reasonable figures to industrious and energetic farmers from other States and other countries, and show all help holler and roads.—Ed.]

Rapid Travel Wm.

Washington Office.

"Dutch!"

"Yes, mother."

"Is cleaning out rooms, etc., you persist in hiding pieces to hide away canned goods for the winter, I find in one of the wardrobes this great heavy pair of rubber boots with such long tops. Whose are they?"

"The president's mother."

"Down in the leg of one of them I find this black bottle with a high cork. What is that for?"

"Ink."

"And in the other leg is an old pack of cards wrapped in an old cloth. Whose are they?"

"Oh! we. They are a part left over by President Arthur."

"Thanks, Dutch!"—from the adjoining room.

Eighteen hundred and [illegible] persons have been killed by [illegible] during the past year.

Pocahontas Times.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Copy, 1 year, in advance, . . . $1.00
" " 6 months, ... 50
One Copy, not in advance, . . . $1.50
Out of the county $1.15 per year.
Six months, 80 cts.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 yr.	6 mos.	3 mos.
One Col.	$50 00	$30 00	$18 00.
½ Col.	30 00	17 00	10 00.
¼ Col.	17 00	9 00	6 00.

One Square (10 lines) one week, . . . $1.00
Each additional insertion, . . . 50

Local, and Special Notices, five cents a line for each insertion, and no notice inserted for less than twenty-five cents.

Marriage and Death notices free. Obituaries two cents a line.

Announcements of candidates, three weeks in this paper, . . . $5.00
No subscription discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

☞ Orders and Notices, in every case, will be charged to the Attorney or office ordering the same, and must be paid for by advance or on delivery at the regular hours of publication.

Huntersville, Thursday, Sept. 26, 1895.

THIS PAPER [illegible]

Democratic Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—3rd DISTRICT,
HON. C. P. SNYDER,
of Kanawha.

FOR STATE SENATOR—8th DISTRICT,
HON. N. VAN PELT,
of Fayette.

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES—5th DISTRICT,
HON. HENRY A. YEAGER,
of Green Bank.

We learn from the papers that our nominee for Senator, N. Van Pelt, is improving rapidly and will be out in a short time and start on a vigorous campaign.

A. C. Mason, of Tucker county, was nominated by the Republicans for State Senator from the 10th Senatorial District. He'll not get there, Eli.

Jno. S. Ervil, of Moorefield, W. Va., while gathering his peach crop was seized by two masked men and brutally shelved and beaten and afterward shot through the side. He is in a critical condition.

Slight earthquake shocks occur almost daily at Charleston S. C. A loss of industry is heard every where in the city, and ere long much of it will be rebuilt.

The earthquake at Charleston seems to have greatly affected the wells in Texas. Some near Fort Worth which yielded the purest and best of water before the shock now yield murky, sulphurous water making the persons nearby very sore who drink of it.

At Augusta, Ga., the topography of the country has changed considerably since the earthquake. Many houses on the sand hills, which could not be seen from the city before are now plainly visible, proving that the land about the city has settled much.

Are They Lucky.

Judge Jno. Brannon received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the 1st District of this State on the 9th ballot. The convention was one of harmony and success is predicted.

Hon. Jno. A. Hutchinson, of Va and recently received the nomination for Congress by the Republicans in the 8th District of W. Va. He is after Hogg but will never catch him.

Hon. W. E. Morrison has been nominated for Congress from the 13th Illinois District. He will be elected.

When last heard from the Democratic Congressional convention of the 2nd District of Ill had been in session five days an balloted 99 times and was still unable to make a choice.

Many others in the U. S. have received nominations but they are not well known enough in this county to merit notice.

The Institute.

The Institute held recent sessions at Martin's Bottom, September 6th-11th.

It was jointly presided over by Co. Supt. H. M. Lockridge and Prof. J. W. Hinkle, with M. G. Mathews and J. Woods Price, Rec. Sec'ys, and Chas. Crook, Cor. Sec. About 43 teachers were in attendance, from first to last, making it the largest meeting yet held.

A very long communication would be required to do full justice to the subjects discussed and the ability evinced by persons who took part in the discussions.

Tuesday evening Supt. Lockridge led off on the question "How to secure larger attendance in the public schools?" This was participated in by Messrs. Bing, Gilliapie and others.

Kindness to children and sympathy with them in their amusements and friendly visits to the homes of the parents, were recommended as judicious and influential means of awakening interest and securing uniformand full attendance.

Imediately after the question of compulsory attendance was taken up—"Must universal attendance be reached by the enactment and enforcement of a compulsory law or through the education of public sentiment?" This was led off by Wm. T. Price in the affirmative, and opposed by J. Woods Price, Henry Barlow, Supt. Lockridge and others. The Sentiments of the body were strongly opposed to compulsion.

On Wednesday evening Newton S. Bruffy led off in an excellent address upon "Theory and Practice." (See program pp. 15 and 16). Messrs. Dysard, Henry, Prof. Kerr and others took prominent parts and the topic was well handled in a spirited manner. The Institute seemed to favor few rules but strict observance of the same. Opinion was dividided as to how far the teacher should exercise authority and oversight. Prof. Kerr would restrict the teacher's authority to the school grounds; the others seem to feel they were responsible as far as the home gate, where the public road was left. Once on parental premises the pupils passed from under the teacher's authority.

A subject not in the program "Necessity of more effective cooperation of teachers, patrons and school officers" elicited earnest and timely remarks from Prof. Hinkle, Supt. Lockridge, J. B. Henry and Woods Price.

Mr. C. B. Grimes presented instructive remarks upon penmanship.

Mr. Woods Price led off in an calisthenic exercise that showed he had given the matter much study.

Prof. Kerr's lecture on "Science of Teaching" was a masterly effort.

The school was defined to be an institution where the young are trained to habits from which proceed the issues of life—for habits control and direct the destiny of individuals in all practical affairs.

On Friday morning Prof. Hinkle lectured on "Education and Instruction."

It was a masterly presentation of the mind and its department. In all the writer has ever listened to upon various occasions when the mind was discussed, he has never heard a better effort upon mental philosophy, for practical utility. It should be published and scattered everywhere among the scholars. The analysis sketched upon the board would make a most admirable chart for the school room.

The personel of the Institute was very interesting. Many of the choicest young people of the county are conscientiously engaged in preparing themselves for their work, and there is a hopeful future for the school interests. It is expected and there will be over fifty schools in operation this winter in the county.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. Resolved, That the Legislature be requested to make it unlawful to grant a number three certificate more than once to the same applicant.

2. That the Legislature be hereby requested to make it lawful for Teachers who may have attended county Institutes for full terms, to teach 20 days for the school month, while those who neglect to attend be required to teach 22 days per month.

3. That it is the sense of this Institute that no person should be voted for as County Supt. who does not show by his active cooperation full sympathy with the public school system, and morever that no persons should be supported for members of the Board of Education who do not pledge themselves to promote the interests of common school education.

That to enhance the usefulness of the schools it would be wise to extend the school term from four months to six months in the county of Pocahontas, and Co. Supt. is hereby respectfully requested to ascertain whether such an extension is practicable.

5. That the members of this Institute would hereby express most heartily their grateful appreciation of the faithful and efficient services of the county Supt. H. M. Lockridge and highly instructive lectures delivered by Prof. J. W. Hinkle, aided by Prof. Kerr, during the sessions of this body. These gentlemen deserve far more from the teachers of this county than a mere formal recognition of services so faithfully and acceptably rendered for their improvement and assistance in their all important work.

6. That the thanks of this body be cordially tendered the trustees of Martin's Bottom Church for the use of this house, and also to the citizens of the vicinity for the entertainment furnished at their homes.

Wm. T. Price, } Com.
J. B. Henry, } on
S. N. Bruffy } Resolutions.

Resolutions looking to the extension of the course of study, compulsory attendance, where trustees should deem it best for the educational interests of such children as might be hindered by parents from going to school, and discretionary use of other series of text books than McGuffey's, were rejected.

Prof. J. W. Hinkle offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Institute are due and are hereby tendered Rev. Wm. T. Price for his instructive and highly entertaining lecture on the subject of morals and manners and how they should be taught in our schools.

Your correspondent was most favorably impressed and edified by the exercises, and many new ideas were received that will be of much practical use as well as a source of pleasure.

He hopes the teachers will make use of your paper as a medium of interchanging their views and thus enhance its usefulness as a county Journal. Yours as ever,

CHICKETEE.

From all sections of the country come cheerful and encouraging accounts of the revival of business. It is not in the nature of a boom, but a legitimate and healthy activity, which promises to last.—*Intelligencer.*

Those who are saying we will have no revival of business until a Republican is elected President should take courage from the above clipping from the leading Republican journal in the State.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following Fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement:

John M. Bussard, administrator of Eli Bussard.

Jno. M. Bussard, Administrator of Perry W. Bussard.

J. M. Warwick, Jr.,
Com'r Ch'y Ct.

It would be a justifiable act on the part of Judge Jno. Brannon, nominee for Congress, to demand money enough of the Register here to run the campaign, for putting such a horrible picture of him in that paper.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas county, W. Va., on the 2nd Monday in September, 1895:

Rhoda A. Bussard, ... Plaintiff,
vs. ... IN CHANCERY.
Jacob T. Kerr et als ... Defendants.

The object of this suit is to enforce the lien of a judgement obtained against the said T. Kerr by the plaintiff Rhoda A. Bussard before Arthur Tower T. Lockridge, Justice of the 3rd District of said county, on the 7th day of August, 1896, for $100.00 with interest from that date, the cost of said judgement against the lands of the said Jacob T. Kerr, and to set aside and account a deed made by the said Jacob T. Kerr to George H. Hogsett, Trustee, &c., for the benefit of the said Kerr, bearing date on the 18th of March, 1895, for 252 acres of land, of record in the Clerk's office of the County of Pocahontas in Deed Book 15 page 426, and there sale of said land as entirely void, and that said conveyance by said Kerr to the said Hogsett, Trustee, is a nonresident of the State of West Va., it is ordered that he appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect the interest in the suit.

Teste: JAMES J. BEARD, Clk.
R. S. TYGE, p. q.
Sept. 5-4t. Prioter's fee, $5.12.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, W. Va., on the first Monday in September, 1895:

Robert Strong, Plaintiff,
vs.
Joseph Britton, Abner W. Jones, David K. Carter, John Gallaher, Peter C. Lyons and J. H. Smith, Defendants. IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to set aside and annul an instrument of writing purporting to be a deed from Joseph Britton to Abner W. Jones, dated the 26th day of February, 1876, and recorded in the County of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia, conveying a certain tract of land containing ninety-four thousand acres or less, more or less, described in said proceedings.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendants are all non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Teste: JAMES J. BEARD, Clk.
JOHN CAMPBELL, p. q.
Sept 5-4t. Prioter's fee, $7.26.

Notice to Take Depositions.

To Joseph Britton, Abner W. Jones, David K. Carter, John Gallaher, Peter C. Lyons and J. H. Smith:

You will please take notice that I will proceed to take the depositions of said Joseph Britton, I. Norton Wise, Samuel Strong and others to be read as evidence in my behalf in a Chancery suit in which I am plaintiff and the said Joseph Britton et als. are defendants, now pending in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, said deposition to take place at the office of John Campbell, No. 305, D. St., N. W. in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, on the

2nd DAY OF OCTOBER, 1895,

between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., and if said depositions are not then and there completed so that time and place for taking of the same will be continued from time to time and adjourned from place to place until completed.

ROBERT STRONG.

Prioter's fee, $5.33.

DUNMORE HIGH SCHOOL

Young Ladies and Gentlemen thoroughly prepared for teaching, for business, for the University. Board and tuition $100 per session of 5 months.

Music a specialty. Gold medal conferred; 15 graduates.

Aug. 1941.

Money Saved is Money Made,

And the Way to Save it is to Buy Russell's Champion Fence.

It can be built for one-half the cost of any other style of fencing, is always on all kinds of ground, unmoved by the hardest wind proof. It has a great many other advantages and is within the reach of all as the cost is very moderate. It is taking the lead of all other fences wherever introduced.

W. L. JARVIS,
Academy, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.
Agent for Randolph, Pocahontas, Pendleton and Hardy Counties.

HOTCHKIN CARRIAGE WORKS.

ONE No. 12 BUGGY.

We manufacture Open and Top Buggies, consisting of the Side Spring, End Spring, Demi-top, Timken and Elwell Skene Spring.

Also various styles of Two-Seated Carriages, Wagons, Cutters and Sleighs.

ONE No. 2 WAGON.

Thorough Cement in the Tire.

Send for Catalogue and Prices before buying.

HOTCHKIN CARRIAGE WORKS.
STAUNTON, VA.

Hankins's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by Wm. H. Crowder & Co., Druggists.

N. W. AYER & SON
ADVERTISING AGENTS
NEWSPAPER PHILADELPHIA
Time, Character and Cost of Advertising.
ESTIMATES [illegible]
AYER & SON'S MANUAL

Spring & Summer Goods

AT

J. B. BRADSHAW'S, Green Bank, W. Va.,

consisting of everything usually found in a good country store,

ALL CHEAP FOR CASH OR GOOD PRODUCE.

My stock consists in part of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children, NOTIONS of a great variety, BOOTS, and, FANCY MEDICINES suitable to all the ills of life.

Two Car Loads Salt!

I have bought and am now receiving two car loads of DIAMOND SALT which I will sell at the very best terms.

If you want a RICH SUIT of CLOTHES or a HORSE BLANKET, call in, and they will be sold to the best advantage.

WANTED: 25,000 pounds of WOOL for which I will pay the highest market price in goods.

Wm. H. Hogg would say to his old friends and customers, he has returned to the old stand and is again engaged in the BLACKSMITH SPECIALTY. Any work entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. Those wishing to have their horses shod, will find it to their interest to call on him.

Green Bank, W. Va., May 23-tf.

J. B. BRADSHAW.

HOME NEWS.

—If you are in need of any kind of Job Work, give us your custom and see what we can do for you.

—A quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church, South, will be held at Sunset next Sunday (Sept 19th.) Let all attend.

—A pleasant shower of rain last Sunday was quite inviting.

—Mr. Dunlap, of Kee's creek, Rockbridge county, Va., made us a paying call last Saturday.

—Messrs. H. P. McClaughlin and M. H. Corbett threshed 774 bushels of oats last week.

—President Cleveland gets time to go fishing, but we do not; therefore, it is harder to run a county paper than the Presidency.

—Randolph county court has again submitted the proposition to the people of that county to vote $60,000 to the O. & O. R. R. Randolph county knows how to keep up with this progressive age.

—Associate C. O. Arbogast was in town Tuesday.

GIVE AWAY.—The POCAHONTAS TIMES—for $1.00 per year.

—C. P. Dorr and family are visiting friends in Pocahontas.—*Echo.*

PROTRACTED MEETING.—Rev. W. G. Cassell will commence a protracted meeting at the church in Huntersville on next Sunday night (Sept. 18th.) which will likely continue several days. Everybody is requested to attend and make the meeting throughout a means of much good to all.

—We will send to copies of THE TIMES one year for $1 cash. Try and get up a club.

—Take Ayer's Pills and be cured. Misery is a mild word to describe the sufferings of body and mind, caused by bad or constipated. A dose or two of Ayer's Pills will invariably regulate the bowels.

—THE TIMES will be sent to any address in the county 3 months for 25 cts. Subscribe for it yourself and ask your neighbor to subscribe.

—Canker humors of every description, whether in the mouth, throat, or stomach, are expelled from the system by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. No other remedy can compare with this as a cure for all diseases originating in impure or impoverished blood.

NOTICE.—New Partner, New Goods, New Programe. Come all and see what bargains you can buy at Split Rock. W. Va., of Hannah & Hamilton.

Sept. 1st, '87.

All parties indebted to me at Split Rock must close up by the 1st of October, after that time you are liable to suit. Respectfully,

Frost, W. & Co. J. B. HANNAH.

—The lady who was robbed of her pocket-book in Union on the 25th ultimo was Miss Sue Beard of Pocahontas county, instead of Miss Lillie Beard of Greenbrier, as at first reported.—*Watchman.*

DENTISTRY.—Mr. J. Wesmouth will be at Mingo Flats Sept. 3rd and remain 4 days; Big Spring Sept. 7th and remain 4 days; Elk (Wm. Gibson's) Sept. 12th and remain 3 days; Kinny Sept. 16th and remain 3 days. Those desiring Dental work done will please be prompt as to dates.

—Subscribe for THE TIMES.

WANTED you to know that one N. Y. fruit tree is worth six Va. or W. Va. ones. They will stand the severest winters unhurted, and harden in every respect. We warrant every New York tree to be delivered in good condition, and live and grow and to be absolutely true.

Apple trees $15.00 per 100; Peach $10 per Grapes $5 to 10 cts. each. Don't buy until we call.

L. E. WYCKOFF, Head agent for the southern States, Huntersville W. Va.

10 reliable agents wanted. Address as above with stamp.

—In another column will be found an advertisement of Rose Lodge Rock

—Mr. Allen Cosher, of Spice Run, finds us a paying call on Monday last. Mr. Cosher is one of those big hearted gentlemen who wish to see the hard-worked printer live and receive the cash for his work.

—The *Delineator* for October is before us. Yes who want to be in the latest fashion, need for it. 15 cents single copy, or $1 per year. Address the Butterick Publishing Company, 7, 9 & 11 W. 13th St., N. Y.

—Master Alvin Corbett while getting over last Monday had the misfortune to cut his left limb below the knee very badly.

—A little stranger made its appearance at Jasper Dilley's last Tuesday night. No one had ever seen it before and it could not speak our language, but will, under Mrs. Dilley's instruction be able to talk in about two years.

RUNAWAY.—Last Monday morning as Mr. Andrew Dilley, living about six miles above here, was starting to town in his carriage accompanied by two other gentlemen, the horse from some cause became frightened and ran down a steep bank, striking the trees with the carriage and throwing the inmates out. The gentleman with Mr. Dilley were considerably bruised, while Mr. Dilley was knock'd unconscious for sometime. We hope all may speedily recover.

ELOPEMENT.—On Monday last Mr. J. P. Varner and Miss Sue Erwine, from the upper end of the county, came to town in a carriage and required for a minister. It was soon observed that they wanted to end single blessedness and enter double bliss. On being told that no minister was in town they did not seem to be discouraged but started for Frost in search of a minister. They did not high the motive away in Maryland, but as they were past the age of accountability to please they were determined to be united. Their native county by the first minister found regardless of parental objection.

—Rev. G. S. Wiltshire, of High'ald, is visiting his father Mr. J. H. Wiltshire on Windy Ridge.

The pupils from a distance enrolled at the Academy are Messrs. Sherman Curry, Harry Patterson, Ed. Barckley, Harry Beard and Guy Slaven, of Huntersville. Miss Minnie Apperson, of Martin's Bottom, Messrs Theo Brinkley, of Beulah's Valley, Clarson McNeill, of Buckeye, Charles Hogsett, Jas. Silva, of Millpoint, Will Moore, of Alleghany, Miss Florence Smith, of Mill Point, and Miss Rina Moore, of Sunset.

Miss Ella Renick, of Falling Springs, is visiting her aunt Mrs. Sallie Calliham on Pocahontas Avenue.

Hon. J. W. Holt, of Hamlin, W. Va., is visiting his son Mr. E. I. Holt, on Main street.

Miss Fannie Pollack, of Illinois, Va., is visiting relatives and friends in the Levels.

Miss Laura Bauchberger and Mr. and Mrs Dean, of Lewisburg, were the guests of Mrs. Wash Hill last week.

Miss Letitia Levisay spent a part of last week with her sister Mrs. Preston Clark.

A party of young ladies and gentlemen of the Levels made a trip to the Cranberry Glades last Friday and spent a very pleasant day exploring them.

Miss Anna Wallace, of Mill Point, left this morning for Lewisburg to attend Lewisburg Female Institute.

Sept. 13th. PRIMELLA.

GOOD RESULTS IN EVERY CASE.

D. S. Bradford, wholesale paper at Chattanooga, Tenn., writes, that he was entirely cured with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Now, which time he has used it, his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery.

Trial bottle free at Wm. H. Cackley & Co. Druggists.

Jas. G. Blaine, Jr., is married.

Rain Rain

A Welcome shower of rain here yesterday.

Was it a Boom in the dew?" at the last Institute, and here is such good moral characters who engage in such?

Mr. R. F. Simmons has moved a twenty horse power steam saw mill on Stony creek near Cochran's property, and expects to erect a residence in our busy town. Success to him.

Great preparations for District Conference is going on. If death and eternity could resolve as much thought and attention, more souls would be saved and more victors crowned than there will be with present drift of things.

Sept. 13th.

AN END TO LONG SUFFERING.

Blizard shoppard, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having suffered so much from a Severe Kidney Trouble that for six years I was unable to do any work, and was told by my physician I could never get well, I determined to try Electric Bitters and soon found I was getting better. Two bottles restored me to perfect health and I have since been able to do my own housework, which I have done for a family of five. Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by Wm. H. Cackley & Co., Dunmore.

We clip the following from the Greenbrier *Independent.*

Master Cary Feamster returned to Lewisburg last week from an extended visit in Pocahontas county.

Dr. Charles L. Austin and Mr. Bruce Moore, of Pocahontas county, paid us pleasant calls last Saturday.

Capt. R. F. Dennis sold his fine bay horse, last Monday to Mr. W. W. Corcoran, of Washington city, for the sum of $300.—This horse was bred by Capt. Wm. L. McNeel, of Pocahontas county.

An Appeal to Members and Friends of Huntersville Circuit, M. E. Church, South.

—Having considered ways and means for raising our Quarterly appropriation I submit the following plan, hoping that it may meet with general approval. I suggest that each member and friend take upon themselves an assessment of 25c. This sum seems small. Some will want to pay more, but I trust that all will feel called upon to give at least this much. If each person interested will respond to this appeal by giving the amount, a good sum for the Mission cause will be secured, and your pastor will be saved an unending source of worriment. We propose to preach on the subject of Missions at the following places and times: Huntersville, Sunday Sept. 19th 7:30 P. M.; Edray (Mt. Pleasant), Sunday Sept. 26th, 10:30 A. M.; Stony Bottom Sunday Sept. 27th at 7:30 P. M.; Back Alleghany, Sunday Sept. 30th at 7:30 P. M.; Sunset, Sunday Oct. 17th at 11 A. M. A collection will be taken up at these services and we will be very grateful if our friends respond in the measure indicated. All sorts of means are employed to get money for this good object, some of which are questionable. We ask you now to give up on grounds of gratitude alone. A man who can live in this age of happiness and prosperity and yet without giving so small a sum to help carry the Gospel to dying nations, deserves to be shut out of Heaven; and the man who can not give because he is grateful to God, need not give at all—a curse would otherwise attach to his money and it would be a shock to God's nostrils? Please consider this matter well and give a portion of what God has given you.

Very truly,
W. G. CASSELL, P. C.

The Monroe Watchman thinks Mr. Blaine's speech was the legitimate cause of the earthquake as the south coast trembles under the denunciations of such a tone.

War is almost a certainty in the eastern Hemisphere. Russia would like to annex Bulgaria while the other powers say not. An uprising against British rule is said to have taken place in northwestern India. The people of some of these provinces desire Russian government. England will not allow it only by arms, and to arm it seems they will come.

The Republicans have nominated Wm. H. Flick, author of the Flick amendment for Congress of the Second District. After his nomination he was called upon to make a speech in which he said: "That his opponent W. L. Wilson, was a scholar, a gentleman, and a Statesman; and that he expected no mud throwing in this campaign; that it would be no disgrace to be defeated by him; but to defeat him would be a glorious victory." Wonder what the *Tucker Pioneer* will say to that sentiment?

A young lady who had not spoken for years in Savannah, Ga., was made to speak by the first shock she received from the earthquake. Ever since then she has gradually gained her voice, and now talks quite fluently.

It is said that Judge Brannon is ten times stronger in Lewis county than when he made the race before. He will be elected.

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county entered in the Chancery cause of Paul McNutt's Executors &c. vs. Samuel Arbaugh and others on the 22nd of October, 1885, and the 23rd of June, 1886, by the Circuit Court of said county, I will proceed to sell publicly to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of said county, on

THE 18th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1886,

1,400 acres of land and an undivided half of 2,400 acres lying in said county on what is known as Buckley Mountain about three miles south of Huntersville, known as the Jas. H. Beckwith lands. Said tracts will be sold in such manner as will suit purchasers. Said lands are heavily timbered with splendid sugar timber.

TERMS: A credit of one, eighteen and twenty-seven months will be given, except as to so much land as will pay the purchase money and costs of this suit, for which cash will be given. The purchaser to give bonds for the deferred instalments with good personal security bearing interest from date, and a lien to be reserved as ultimate security.

R. S. TUCK, Spec'l Com'r.

I, the undersigned Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county do certify that R. S. Tuck, the special commissioner whose name is signed to the above report, has given bond as required of him by the decree under which he is acting.

"THE LEE BOOK."

MEMOIRS OF ROBERT E. LEE.

By Gen. A. L. LONG.

A full history of his military service and campaigns, written by Gen. Long from data collected while a member of the personal staff of Gen. Lee, and from letters and material contributed by the Lee family. Commended by the Governors of Va., and N. C., and approved by the Southern Delegation in Congress.

His private, domestic and personal history, from information heretofore unpublished. Published by personal friends and associates in camp, and touching scenes of the South, enlisted and aglow with the enthusiasm of Gen'l Marcus J. Wright.

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A COMPREHENSIVE, ACCURATE
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Memoir of the Heroic Soldier.

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(either sex) in every town in the United States to sell our New Illustrated work of

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SERMONS,

With biography of his life; and we must be the cheapest book ever issued. Selling by thousands. Large commissions. Pay from first. Experience unnecessary. All we ask is time to secure a home. Send 10 cents to secure the full outfit.

Address,

E. P. JORDAN & CO.,
403 and 405 North Third St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Rev. Carter Orrith has been called to the Pastorship of Greenbrier Parish.

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BAKING
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NOTIONS,
DRUGS,
SUMMER HATS,
READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.

And everything usually found in a good country Store.

Any and all of the above goods will be SOLD CHEAP for CASH or good trade.

PRODUCE.

Don't forget the place,

J. C. LOURY & SON.

Huntersville, W. Va.

$50

To any minister of any denomination who will preach a sermon, free of charge, what will be the best possible investment for you to make. Send 10 cents for our 278 page pamphlet. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

Notice to Road Contractors.

The keeping in repair the Turnpike road leading from the county line, at top of Droop mountain to county line to top of Cheat mountain, for five years or more, will be let to the lowest bidder, to be sold by auction, at public outcry, in front of the Court House, at Huntersville on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7th, next (that being Court day), pursuant to order of Court, to continue for the term of five years, the contractor to enter into bond with good personal security, and have the privilege of erecting gates on every section, to suit himself, and such rights to be reserved by the Court. Terms, &c., made known on day of sale.

ARTHUR GAY, Supt.

Aug. 30th, '86.

Sale of School Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered on the 25th day of June, 1886, the undersigned will proceed to sell publicly on

THE 18th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1886,

to a purchaser for CASH the following tracts of land, viz:

135 acres and 1 acre lying on Greenbrier river, the head of the farm of Mr. Christopher Gay, adjoining the lands of Philip Kennett & others.

1 acre lying adjoining the town of Huntersville, and 1 of an acre lying on the east of Huntersville, and 1 of an acre lying on the south of Huntersville, the same being the lots of Wm. L. Clark & Co., deeded to the said Clark & Beckwith by Wm. Beard, which lands will be sold free of the school fund.

JOHN M. McNEEL,
Com'r School Lands P. C.

Sept. 16-4t | Price $4.50.

Pocahontas Times.

James B. Canfield,

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Postoffice at Huntersville W. Va., as second class matter.

Newspaper Laws.

1. Subscribers who do not give us a prompt notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their paper the publisher may continue to send until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to new places without notifying the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take papers from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not is held in law to be a subscriber.

Five—the gift of mother-in-law.

If you are waiting for something to turn up just step in a barrel hoop.

When an Irishman marries he is not allowed to see his mother-in-law. It might make things warmer up there if he did.

The camphor laurel, from which the camphor of commerce is obtained, has been successfully introduced in California. It is a native of China.

During the first six months of 1886 the value of the manufacturing and mining enterprises of the South increased by about $65,518,000.

An ordinary beetle can draw twenty times the weight of the body and a large horned beetle, which was carefully weighed and allowed to work unmolested beneath a bell glass, drew 42 2-10 times its own weight.

In England the population doubles in 50 years; in the United States, Canada and Australia, in 25 years; in Germany in 105 years, and in France and in countries using the French language, 130 years.

An experiment was made at Perth Isle, with two swallows to determine their speed. Two hen birds were taken from their broods, carried to Milan, and there released at a given hour. Both made their way back to their nests in thirteen minutes which gave their rate of speed at 87½ miles an hour.

Births and Deaths.

The following is the number of births and deaths reported by the Assessor of Greenbrier county, for the year ending December, 1885:

The total number of births in the county was 370, divided as follows as to sex—198 males, and 169 females. As follows as to color—331 white, and 38 colored.

The total number of deaths in the county was 130, divided as follows as to sex—69 males and 61 females. In regard to color as follows—118 white, and 12 colored.—*Independent.*

Governor Ireland of Texas is said to be an old West Virginia boy having been born and raised on Middle Island Creek, Tyler county. He left home when a small boy, because of the harsh treatment of his step-mother, and went west to expand with the country. So we may be taken ingeniously and independently to the Mexican "Greasers" when they insult the State through one of its citizens. Any other West Virginian would do the same. Hurrah for Governor Ireland!—*Ex.*

INTERESTING ADVERTISING should inform you. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York City, Have 252 PAGE LIST OF 1000 NEWSPAPERS, FREE. Will be sent FREE on application.

The Hon. Sec. S. Cleveland on the Mother's Welfare.

I cannot close without congratulating you that an era of industrial and commercial prosperity has begun; that there is a general revival in business; that mills and factories are again in operation, and that the great crowds of idle men in cities and along the lines of railroads have been called back to the old shops or new ones, and that there is evident general satisfaction and content. Politically the passions engendered by the war and the strife preceding it are dying out, and every American citizen now recognizes that the glory and honor of this great country belong to no one section and to no one class of men, and one of the greatest achievements of the present administration has been that it has secured not only a union of the states but a union of the people. After twenty years the men of the north and south are called together in the national councils, and the only rivalry between them is in pursuit of the welfare of the whole people. If any man cannot congratulate himself over these things, it is because he is not only insensible to the obligations of citizenship, but to the blessings of good government. Let us see that there shall be no failure here. Peaceful and prosperous home rule in America means "home rule in" in Ireland.

The following letter has been received by Mrs. Crow, of Littleton Wetzel county, wife of a prominent merchant, who asked of Mrs. Cleveland her idea as to the proprietory of a woman signing the pledge:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, }
WASHINGTON, D. C. Aug. 12, '86 }

MRS. A. M. CROW:—The subject to which you refer, and ask my advice, is one in which your own conscience must dictate the wisest course for yourself to pursue. You have better opportunities for knowing how you can do the most good, and it seems to me that should be the standard by which we women should settle all our great questions in life. It rarely occurs that a woman needs for herself the restraining influence of a temperance pledge, but if by placing ourselves under the obligations of such an organization, we can better help our fathers, brothers, lovers and friends, I think there should be no hesitation in the matter. I know something of the Good Templars, and that they do much good work. It is quite certain you can do harm by casting your lot on the side of temperance, and you may do much good. I do not consider it a small matter by any means, and I am glad you asked me the questions. It is encouraging to know of every sister who wants to add her strength to the cause which happily some day will rid our land of ruined men and broken families.

Very truly yours,
FRANCES CLEVELAND.

A Hot Day.

Green City Argus.

The sun blazed and blazed for hours and hours and never seemed to change its location at all.

The shingles turned up on the roofs, and when a man walked round the corner the sweat ran down into his shoes and sprinkled the sidewalk. You could bake a batch of bread in George Hark's refrigerator.

The solder on the tin roofs melted and ran down into the gutters like rain water.

Doc Benton started out with his ice wagon and before he got to the post-office he was running a street sprinkling cart, right along behind, was pulling steam from all the cracks in the box.

These are a few simple facts regarding the weather, culled along Main street, and the truthful population of the city, and the appeal gives them for what they are worth.

SCROFULA

Humors,

Erysipelas,

Canker, and

Catarrh,

Can be cured by purifying the blood with

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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New Improved High Arm, New Mechanical Principles and Rotary Movements. Automatic, Direct and Perfect Action, Cylinder Shuttle, Self-setting Needle, Positive Feed, Elastic Springs, Few Parts, Minimum Weight, No Friction, No Noise, No Wear, No Fatigue, No "Dustrume." Correctly Universal, Always in Order, Richly Ornamented, Unbalanced, and Other Perfect Satisfaction. Send for Circulars.

Address
AVERY MACHINE CO.,
819 Broadway, New York.

Down With High Prices.

The "Little Giant" $2.00

FAMILY SCALES, $4.75, $5.

Platform Scales, $11 to $20.

Forges and Blacksmiths' Tools.

WAGON SCALES.

SAFES OF ALL SIZES.

SEWING MACHINES.

PRICES REDUCED FROM $40 TO $10.

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MEN ONLY

A QUICK, SURE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR Lost or Failing Manhood, Nervousness, Debility, Lack of Strength, Vigor or Nervous Power.

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A Life Experience, Remarkable and quick cures. Trial Packages, Send stamp for valuable particulars. Address Dr. WARD & CO. Louisiana, Mo.

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PERFECT SATISFACTION

New Home Sewing Machine Co.
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15 CENTS

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SHORTHAND WRITING

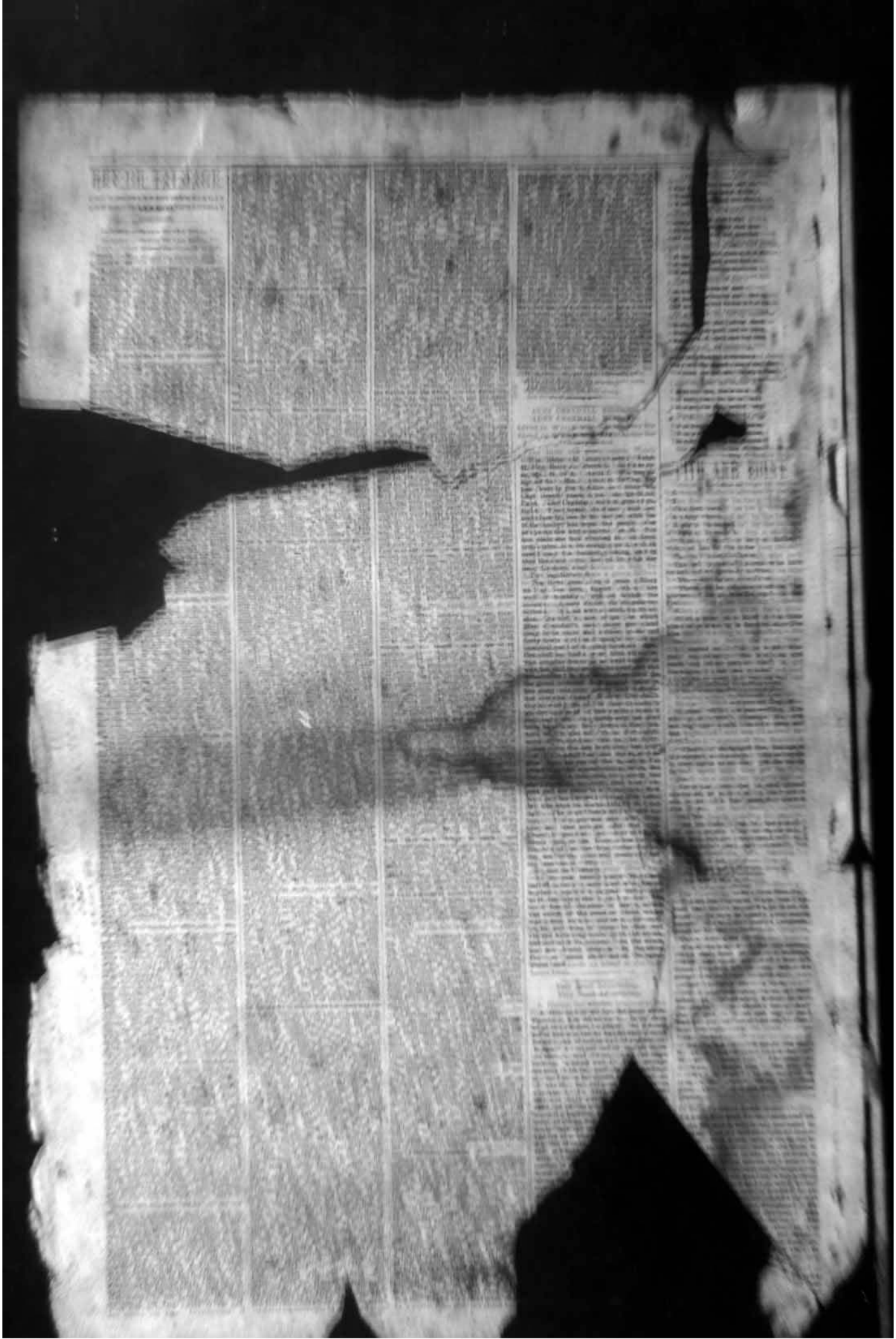
J. W. ROBERTS,

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

W. G. BRADLEY,

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Nov. 29, 1860. No. 19.



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W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE.

If You Are Sick

Paine's Celery Compound

Will Cure You!

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A Dress Dyed
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FOR 10 CENTS

A Child can use them!

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MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

SIX BOOKS FREE!

FULL PEARL $1.00

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ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

Pocahontas Times.

COURT & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

J. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Half col'm	4 50	10 00	20 00	35 00
One col'm	10 00	20 00	35 00	70 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance, after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with, to the unfortunate and school boy alike.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Nov. 29, 1882.

Thanksgiving Day

Thursday, Nov. 30, has been designated by the President of the United States as a day of thanksgiving to be observed by the American people. It may then be of interest to our readers to glance for a moment at the origin and purpose of the custom which annually calls for the appointment of such a day.

Thanksgiving day corresponds somewhat to the ancient Jewish Feast of Tabernacles or Feast of Ingathering at the end of the year, and possibly may have been suggested by that. According to that ancient festival eight days were set apart for rejoicing and thanksgiving after the ingathering of the harvest. Thanksgiving Day is a feast peculiar to the American people and is observed more especially by the New England States. It is true that in the past the civil authorities of European countries have set apart an occasional day of thanksgiving, to celebrate some particular deliverance or enjoyment, but it has never been adopted as an annual feast beyond the limits of America, and even in America its observance has not been of long duration. After the first harvest of the Plymouth colonists in 1621 Gov. Bradford called the people together to rejoice and return thanks. In July 1623 a day was set apart to pray for rain, and when the prayer was answered a day of thanksgiving was appointed. Gov. Winthrop, of Massachusetts recommended such a day in 1631. And a few down occasional calls were made, as by President Washington, who in 1789 recommended a day of thanksgiving on account of the adoption of the Constitution, and by President Madison who in April, 1815 recommended thanksgiving for peace. But it was not until 1862, when Lincoln was President that the observation of a day of thanksgiving began to be an annual custom. Since that time the national proclamation has been yearly made by the President, till it has now an firmly established fixed by American institutions that it will not likely be abandoned so long as the American people retain their liberty. Congress has also fixed the last Thursday in November as the day to observe. It is proper and consistent that the nation should be perpetuated in the United States. We cultivate a Christian nation, and our laws and government recognize a God who controls the destinies of individuals and nations. Then certainly one day out of each year should be devoted to returning to the Giver the only and grateful tribute of our gratitude. While other days we have to be joyful, we must express this by exercising generosity and benevolence. Then may we be grateful.

The Power of Honesty.

During the next four years an excellent opportunity will be afforded the democratic party to test the honesty of her avowed adherents. Not every man who stands at his post while his ship glides smoothly over an untroubled sea can be relied on as a true sailor, but such only as breaks not duty when the sky is dark and the billows sweep over the deck are given the seamen. So it is in the political voyage. Adverse winds have troubled the waters and the waves of defeat are lashing against the sides of the grand old democratic ship. The man who now deserts her is the coward, but he who remains unmoved by the sights and sounds of clouds and breakers may be forever trusted by his party as worthy and sincere. The faith of a true democrat can not be shaken, nor his zeal abated, by a political retirement of four years. Thousands there are who for a quarter of a century kept and defended their democratic faith, though during that entire time defeat was their portion. So now, and for all time to come, the man who is a democrat because he believes democracy is right, and who favors her policy because to him it seems best for his country, will not be disheartened and forsake his principles because his opponent has triumphed, but with firm and steady step will march forward without variableness or shadow of turning, impelled by an abiding faith in the ultimate triumph of his party. There is a class of men, it is true, who for the sake of political preferment or financial gain will swallow any creed you may dish out. Others still on account of disappointed aspirations or for the purpose of avenging a real or fancied wrong will repudiate their principles and make of themselves political renegades; but the rank and file of the democratic party is not made up of any such element. On the other hand, her devotees are such as have cast their lot with her forever, and no succession of disasters could influence them to abandon their faith. Talk of the democratic party being dead! Her tenets are immortal. She may be trampled upon for generation after generation, but will eventually arise to make a more determined effort, she may be the victim of circumstance, but no post mortem examination can ever be held. She may for awhile be entombed, but able to gather strength in her silent grave and come forth again in greater power. No, democracy is not a mere champion of the past, but is even now training for the next fight, and when that fight comes she will be in the ring in better trim than ever before. The man who now deserts her because of her temporary defeat is unworthy to remain, and his going is a wholesome riddance.

George Cleveland is worth about a quarter of a million. That is the estimate of a well informed personal friend. He had something like $100,000 when he became President He had practiced law profitably for many years, had held the lucrative office of sheriff of Buffalo, had lived well while Governor, and had invested his savings simultaneously. During his four years at Washington these investments will have increased to at least $150,000. He retires about half his Presidential salary of $50,000 a year.

The postal affairs seem to have been very severe throughout the Northern and Eastern States. Considerable damage to shipping along the Coast is reported.

It is remarkable that Van Buren and Cleveland are the only two Democratic Presidents who were candidates for re-election and were defeated. And it was a Harrison that did the business for them in both cases.

The Race for the Spoils.

When the Democrats came back after wandering twenty-four years in the wilderness, they exhibited an appetite for office that was not altogether unnatural under the circumstances. But it was nothing to the hunger and thirst that has been four years of abstinence have developed among the Republicans.

One of the striking features of the present political situation is the unanimity with which the idea of civil service reform has been abandoned. It seems to be agreed that all such new fangled notions have been voted out, and there is not the least pretense in any quarter that the spoils do not belong entirely to the victors.

It may be interesting, about next March, to recall some of the observations made four years before on the subject of removals from office, to say nothing of the utterances of party platforms meanwhile. But this interest will be rather historical than practical. It is now conceded that the offices belong to the saints and it must be acknowledged that the saints are not backward in coming forward to claim them.

History relates that the elder Harrison succumbed to the office-seekers in a month, finding his only escape in death. If the grandson proves better able to stand the pressure it will be because he is not without experience in the distribution of patronage. And yet the pressure of 1840-41 was not a circumstance to that which already confronts the President-elect.—Ex change.

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They may be procured

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TRY US.

RICHLY Reverdell All those who read this and then act, they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upward per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we send free. Address at once Gunne & Co., Portland, Maine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

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BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is now recognized as the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, or Hoarseness, use Piso's Cure. Sold by druggists everywhere. 25 cents.

CONSUMPTION

CATARRH

Hazell's Pill. Hazell's Balm. Hazell's Pellets.

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

The undersigned hereby announces themselves as candidates for public patronage and respectfully solicits your support. We have on hand, and will constantly keep a well-chosen assortment of such Goods as are usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large amount of goods you can get at our store for $1.00.

OUR TREASURY

is well replenishing with a surplus, but we have decided, notwithstanding, to reduce the "SURPLUS" of everything we have for sale, that has not already been reduced as low as it is profitable to handle the "REVENUE ONLY" standard, in order to make a change of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

AND if you decide to stand us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this "Buck's" county.

In TROUT swing we us. Account of bads, we are in need of "SPOT-DOLLAR," and think you certainly ought to pay us part, if not all, you owe us.

Hoping to meet you all exchanging in front of our Counters when during this CAMPAIGN. We are, your friends,

Very truly Obedient Servants,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

DEEP Any Minister, young or Homemade of Income, both are surpassed by the interests of investing. Those who are in search of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information, how they can make from $5 to $25 per day and upwards. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a day. All is new. Reader, if you want business at which you can make a great deal of money, address Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

INVENTION

JOB WORK

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Linden Henderson will preach for the year at the following places as stated:

1st Sunday,	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
2nd "	Salem,	11 A. M.
" "	Bethel,	4 P. M.
3rd "	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
" "	Salem,	4 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—Last Monday some one made the original remark, "Is this cold enough for you."

—A "Norther," as the Texans call it, swept down on us Sunday and cooled off the atmosphere to a winter grade.

—Mrs. Bertie Barlow, Mr. Gladwell and Early F. Arbogast, of Green Bank, spent Sunday in our town.

—C. Rice Moore, of Dunmore, spent some time in Hunterville this week, stopping with his brother C. P. Moore.

—Squire B. C. Shrader was in town Saturday. He begins to look very much like a judge.

—Mr. Oscar Slaven and bride, of Kansas, are stopping at the Hunterville Hotel. Oscar is one of the Pocahontas boys that seems to have done well in the west.

—Preaching at the new Church at this place next Sunday, at 11 a. m. by the pastor, Rev. J. L. Henderson.

—Miss Martha Rolston, of Bath County, Va., died at the residence of Wm. Cole, Esq., near Huntersville, last Saturday night.

—Wm. H. Grose and family, of Helvetia arrived at Huntersville last Tuesday. They will make their future home here, having disposed of their property in Helvetia.

—Two trials before Justice Milligan last Saturday. Huntersville is a good place for trials and tribulations.

—THE TIMES comes out a day later this week. Our patrons will kindly excuse the delay, as the arrangements of the new management are not yet complete.

—J. S. Caufield, Esq., formerly editor of THE TIMES is off on a flying trip to Missouri, going to expedite his family, who will accompany him home. Mrs. Caufield has been visiting relatives in Philippi, W. Va.

—L. H. McClintic, Esq., recently returned from Bath County where he had been indulging in the chase. He brought with him a nice pair of deer horns to prove that a deer had been killed, but he hasn't proven yet who killed it.

—Jas. A. Sharp, who is now working at Hideaway, came up Sunday to be present at the first service in the new Church. Mr. Sharp did the genteel part of the carpenter work on the building and he has reason to be ashamed of the job.

—Owing to the sickness of Rev. H. W. Kinzer and the extreme cold weather the meetings that were appointed for the new church at Huntersville this week were abandoned, except the Thanksgiving service Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

—Rev. H. W. Kinzer, who was stopping at the home of C. P. Moore, was taken very sick last Sunday night. For two or three days his condition was critical. At this writing he is considered out of danger, now being in a fair way to recover. Mrs. Kinzer, who was sent for is expected to arrive this evening.

WANTED

Ginseng, Dried Apples, Hides and Tallow in exchange

A. F. LEWIS,
Dealer in Leather, Harness, Saddles, &c.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Business Brings.

W. H. Cackley & Co., have completed their new store house and are now moving into it.

Smith & McElwee have opened up a new store in the building formerly occupied by Edd Cobb.

Cackley & Bertrand are putting up a store house at Driftwood.

Several weddings this fall near Traveller's Repose.

The lumber business is booming.

We are looking for better times now, if what the Republicans have been telling us is true. One of that faith recently informed us that wages had advanced ten cents a day and cattle ten dollars a head. Is that so?

There will be preaching at Dunmore Dec. 30 at 7 o'clock, p. m. Singing at 2 p. m.

Success to the new Editors and THE TIMES.

Nov. 27th. TOM SAWYER.

Married.

Nov. 14th, 1888, at the residence of the bride's parents on Clover Creek, W. Va., by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore, Mr. Geo. W. Malcomb and Miss Susan E. C. Shumberry, all of Pocahontas County.

Nov. 22, 1888 at the residence of the bride's mother near Edray, W. Va., by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore, Mr. John D. Gibson and Miss Susan A. Moore, all of Pocahontas County.

Nov. 22, 1888, at the residence of the bride's parents near Edray, W. Va., by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore, Mr. John W. Curry and Miss Martha C. Moore, all of Pocahontas County.

Closing Accounts.

I have sold THE TIMES office to Mr. S. B. Lowry, Jr., and Atty. C. F. Moore, and am now settling up all accounts due me on Subscription, Job Work and Advertising. I ask each and every one to give immediate attention to the statements sent to each the week, as I want myself to leave the county on December 15th and wish all accounts closed before that time. All accounts not paid before December 15th will be given to L. H. McClintic for collection. Each account is made out at the advance rates, but if any remain unpaid December 15, they will be put in Mr. McClintic's hands at the rate of 10 per cent. Run on the statements you receive with cash at once and save time and cost to us both.

Very Truly,
JAS. S. CAUFIELD.

On last Sunday services were held for the first time in the new Methodist Church at this place. Rev. H. W. Kinzer, Presiding Elder of the Lewisburg District was announced to preach, but on account of sickness he was unable to fill the appointment. The pastor, Rev. J. L. Henderson conducted the services. Preaching two good sermons to a well filled house. The new Church when completed, and it is now nearly so, will be one of which the town and community may well be proud. It is constructed and equipped after modern and approved style and is a handsome ornament to the generosity of its builders.

By way of offset to the alleged contract for 5,000 tons of iron rail ings awarded to an English firm by the Denver cable Railway Company, which so powerfully affected the imaginations of some people in the recent campaign, we read in the Railroad Gazette that "the Westinghouse Electric Company of Pittsburg, Pa., has been awarded the contract for a central station plant in London, England, for 25,000 incandescent lamps." Yet John Bull appears to be no way unwilling to submit to Brit "invasion." The proper thing for him to do at the next general election would be to display the Union Jack surmounted by the Stars and Stripes, and to ask all manly Britons whether they want the Yankees to light the houses of London and take the bread out of the mouths of British workmen. But John has passed the infantile stage of colonists, and is satisfied to get the best thing that is to be had for his money.

Senator Quay is authority for the statement that a Northern man will be a member of Gen. Harrison's Cabinet.

Some of the rich members of the Cobden Club in London, are the Duke of the Buccleugh, who owns 460,000 acres of land with a rental of $1,200,000, and the Duke of Athol, who owns 194,000 acres and has a rental of nearly $1,000,000.

Congressman Perry Belmont, of New York, has been appointed by the President as Minister to Spain, in the place of J. L. M. Curry, who recently resigned.

It is reported that the Imperial Government of China has issued a proclamation ruling upon all of that nationality in the United States to return to the Flowery Kingdom. We hope the invitation will be accepted.

There seems to be as much controversy concerning the majority in the next Congress, whether it be democrat or republican, as there is over the Fleming and Goff affair. Each party claims it.

The Taylor family of Tennessee continues in luck. Alf, the Republican partner, will furnish music in the National House of Representatives, while Bob, the Democrat, will continue to make the people of Tennessee dance to his fiddling as Governor.

The Republican papers are very anxious to know what President Cleveland will engage in at the end of his term. They needn't trouble themselves about Grover. He will make a living and he wont go into the chicken business like Hayes to do it.

It seems that Gen. Clinton B. Fisk has fair chances of becoming a president, after all. He will be offered the presidency of Dickenson college at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, with a large salary attached, but it is not known whether or not he will accept.

One of the good things done by President Cleveland, and one that will continue to reflect credit upon his good judgment and calm common sense, was the appointment of Hon. Melville W. Fuller as chief Justice. Men of all parties unite in praise of the new chief justice as being the right man in the right place.—Charleston Star.

Now that the Republican party has triumphed and there is no immediate danger of a decrease in the tariff on eggs by which American chickens are protected against the pauper chickens of Europe, we hope our hens will return to their nests and resume their laying.

One of our Exchanges states that President elect Harrison has received forty one letters announcing that somebody's baby, born since the election, has been named for the coming President. Evidently the *infant* industry is flourishing under the administration of the protective party.

The Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat says that "Senator Sherman, who is now in the city, does not expect to go into President Harrison's Cabinet, although he feels that he will be asked to do so. The Ohio Senator has already received several letters from Gen. Harrison asking him to come to Indianapolis, but he has thus far declined. Mr. Sherman says he prefers to remain in the Senate at the head of the Foreign Affairs Committee to any position which he might hold in the Cabinet."

If West Virginia elects a Democratic Senator and Nebraska a Republican, the Senate will be a tie.

HIS SOUTHERN POLICY.

From the New York Herald

Probably no man in Indiana or in the nation knows so much about Harrison's proposed Southern policy as Superintendent of Public Instruction Laffiatte. Mr. Laffiatte told me this afternoon that one evening before General Harrison's election he spent several hours conversing with him on the Southern question, at which time the General expressed his views very freely.

I asked him what General Harrison's stand were, and he said—"In the first place, he will not allow imported Northern carpetbag politicians to hold office down there and cramp the rights of citizens; second, he will not appoint to office ignorant negroes or ignorant white people simply because they vote the Republican ticket. While his policy will not be of the milk and water sort, such as Hayes' was, it will be fair, and, I predict, highly satisfactory to the South."

"You don't mean to be understood that he will appoint Democrats to office?"

"That is what he will do wherever there is no white Republican who is talented and respectable enough to command the respect of his neighbors, and he realizes the fact that in many parts of the South there is not for miles and miles an educated man and one who is fit to hold office that votes the Republican ticket. There are many men in the South who vote the Democratic ticket who are really Republicans. That is, they are protectionists and in sympathy with the Republican party on many other of the live issue of the day. They simply vote the Democratic ticket for historical reasons, because they hated that the Republican banner be stained with the blood of their fellow-men. Many of them are honest enough to admit this. It is the class that General Harrison will recognize."

Last week James S. Caufield, who has been editor and manager of the POCAHONTAS TIMES for more than five years past, retired from the paper, and Messrs. S. B. Lowry and C. F. Moore will conduct it hereafter, Mr. Moore being editor. THE TIMES has always been one of the most valued of our country exchanges, and we hope that the new management will keep it up to the high standard which has characterized it heretofore.—Charleston Star.

The public is anxiously awaiting the publishing of President Cleveland's next message to Congress, and speculating as to its contents. What its import will be is unknown, but one thing we feel safe in predicting, that it will be an able state paper and will contain the President's own views, regardless of whom it may please or offend.

Hon. A. H. Caperton was recently re-elected United States Senator from the State of Georgia. Henry W. Grady, Editor of the Atlanta Constitution was strongly urged by his friends for the position, but he positively refused to allow the use of his name.

LADIES will find relief from their Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Chilblains, etc., by using a few drops of Lyon's Kathairon. Perfectly harmless. Ask for Lyon's Kathairon and take no other. Manicure will have nothing else. Ask your druggist for it. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Alvah D. Gibson, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, in chancery, wherein Mary E. Gibson is plaintiff and the said Alvah D. Gibson is defendant, I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF JANUARY, 1889, to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator, with the will annexed of John Vandy, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if any, against the said decedent.

3. What amount remains in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent, or required by any party in interest or excepted to by a creditor of the decedent. Creditors of the decedent are required to prove their claims at the October Term, 1889, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JOHN W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Ch. Ct. Poc.

Nov. 29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.40.

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, W. Va.,
November 17th, 1888.

John Sharp's Adm'r
vs.
John Sharp's Legatees, etc.

All parties interested in the above cause take notice that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF JANUARY, 1889, to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator, with the will annexed of John Vandy, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if any, against the said decedent.

3. What amount remains in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent, or required by any party in interest or excepted to by a creditor of the decedent. Creditors of the decedent are required to prove their claims at the October Term, 1889, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JOHN W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Ch. Ct. Poc.

Nov. 29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.40.

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, W. Va.,
Nov. 6th, 1888.

Rosella Smith, etc.,
vs.
Mary F. Mahaffey, etc.
IN CHANCERY.

All parties interested in above cause are hereby notified that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF JANUARY, 1889, to take the following accounts:

1. The values of the personal estate of Cyrus W. Moore, and A. Wade, Mary F. Mahaffey and John S. Moore, or either of them charged.

2. Any other matters deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated, and especially the bill and proceedings and decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, in the above cause.

3. The value of the personal estate of Cyrus W. Moore, and A. Wade, Mary F. Mahaffey and John S. Moore, or either of them charged.

4. Any other matters deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated, and especially the bill and proceedings and decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, in the above cause.

Given under my hand this 6th day of November, 1888.

JOHN W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Ch. Ct. Poc.

Nov. 22-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.40.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, in chancery, wherein Mary E. Gibson is plaintiff and the said John Sharp is defendant, I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF JANUARY, 1889, to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator, with the will annexed of John Vandy, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if any, against the said decedent.

3. What amount remains in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent, or required by any party in interest or excepted to by a creditor of the decedent. Creditors of the decedent are required to prove their claims at the October Term, 1889, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JOHN W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Ch. Ct. Poc.

Nov. 29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.40.

Low prices for CASH or good County Produce
A specialty.
Selling and Shipping

[illegible]

VERNEENA'S FORTUNE;

—OR—

The Stolen Heiress.

A TALE OF NEW YORK IN 1835.

BY PROF. WM. HENRY PECK,

[illegible]

CHAPTER XV.

[illegible]

[illegible] Last Thursday in November as the day to observe. It is proper and consistent that the custom should be perpetuated in the United States. We are called a Christian nation, and our laws and governmental principles recognize a God [illegible] [illegible] should be devoted to reflecting on the [illegible] and giving [illegible] of our gratitude [illegible]

[illegible]

CHAPTER XVI.

[illegible]

CHAPTER XVII.

[illegible]

Mr. Bodkin upon the various questions that he shall put you, every Judge has a right, and should have no further hesitation whatever in saying to you, "

(to be continued.)

CURIOUS FACTS.

Niagara was frozen solid in 1848.

A thimble of quicksilver was burned at Rome as early as B. C. 41.

The interior of Java is ascribed to Polonius at Geneva, about 1844.

Rome and Sicily relieve a cough of how a bill of fare of tobacco killed a shock.

It was not until 1791 that children in France were accorded equal rights in the family.

There are fifteen different instruments bearing names which end in "phone."

No one who puts his name in the middle can write a patent from the United States.

John Cobb, of Syracuse, N. Y., fired a charge of shot into a man who called him one Cobb.

The new bell has been adopted as a political emblem in Wisconsin. It calls the clans together.

Santa Rosa, Cal., has a floral curiosity in the shape of a hollyhock bush that bears no black flowers.

Kansas has produced a twelve-year-old boy who has stolen over $30,000 worth of horse flesh in twelve months.

A woman in Denver, Col., was so sensitive that when her husband called her a slouch she took poison and died.

It was a not uncommon practice for the poor of the Middle Ages to sell themselves into slavery, or to become slaves for debt.

The Hohenzollerns, the reigning family of Prussia, refuse to origin to Thassilo, about 900, who built the castle of Hohenzollern.

An old ship of ninety-two set out to discover a country route to Massachusetts, and the bones of his logs snapped like pipe stems.

Dublin, Ireland, is noted for the manufacture of Irish poplins. Belfast, Ireland, for linens. Philadelphia, Pa., for hosiery, and Nottingham, England.

The Alcazar of Pare, Brazil, has the power; should he meet a subject with his hair parted in the centre, to order his head shaved as clean as a billiard ball and then greased with lard.

A sensation was caused at a Georgia hanging not long ago, when the woman stepped upon the scaffold, tore a lock of his friend's sparkling hair with their hands and, throwing into the crowd of lookers.

Charles Dyer, of Indiana, Ind., fifty cents; he could erect a highway before a railroad train could kill him. Charles has by a few seconds, but there is no good to read him a sermon about it. They haven't found but half of him yet.

One of the oldest bits of intelligence is a "daughter," an instrument once in use in Wales to enable the feeble to swallow and a not exactly or bad-behaved dogs from church during service. The National Society of French Antiquaries was shown one of these instruments lay by the sacred Little minister Gaulois.

According to customs and marriage customs, still prevalent in Brittany, the bridegroom, immediately after the priest has wedded the couple, strikes his wife in the face, saying, "This is how you will face if you make me angry;" and then, kissing her, he says, "And this is how you will face if you treat me well."

What we call a nightmare was supposed by "our Saxon forefathers" to be a demon, or vampire called Mara or Mare, that sat upon the chest of a sleeper and gave him terrible nightmare. These nightmare were thought to be guardians of hidden treasure, and the place where they hid these was called Mara stow, or mot.

Some three months ago the water in a Georgia well, some forty feet deep, began to rise and fell in a most startling manner, and a few weeks later the performance was repeated, to the utter astonishment of folks in and all the country around. So did—and still—the water in the bottom was touched there was nothing any there, and the well and the mystery are to-day as deep as ever.

Preservation of the Roman Turf.

The law of precedence exhibits itself in the turf of the higher races of horses, and in a highly characteristic manner. The grossly developed hind quarters of the Arabian come to the front, there is space left for the attachment of muscles for a powerful jaw. Thence head also exceeds Serpentine in the development of the jaw. The Arab constantly at rest, but for either the window bath or the second upper bathroom, the window bath are situated, after some prior date, and doing early. The second opposite appeal in stabling and associated plumbing, and when the Arabian specialist is set on the gum of all. Old Iron says that Palestine domicile have decided that the chief noise (window bath) are to the exercise of the United States very large to be opened generally or suggested, and for a degree specially selected among page of the most difficult jaws.

The same supposition has been observed in the outer gate of Regent Terrace. This is called not only a window bath, the size of the window of the jaw, but is additionally prolonged delay in the appearance of the coal. In the same way Jane, and the case the same, have been heard that the lower windows, and those upper floor that the second window and most of the Arabian specialist. Whether this is a tradition has been established, pictured has may claim to place himself in a new theory apart from his servant, to well adorn high rank.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS

Cranberry Sauce.

After measuring all imperfect or soft berries, wash thoroughly, place in a colander to drain in scalding water, then put on to stew, allowing a pint of water to every quart of fruit; add three-quarters of a pound of granulated sugar, a half pint water, and stew until a moderate fire. Be careful to stew not a moderate fire. Be careful to stew, but don't stir the fruit, as in so doing the pan is in danger of bursting. The berries will then retain their shape and add to their appearance. Boil from five to seven minutes; remove from fire, turn into a deep dish and set aside to cool. If to be kept, they can be put up in air-tight jars.

Housewife's Potter Soap.

Careful housewives are soon the small bits of soap that have become too small to use. Melt the pieces all together, put in a small tin of Indian meal and a few drops of perfumery. Let this harden in any way desired, stamp in a pattern, or cut with a cake cutter, and the result is a pleasing soap for toilet use. Other bits of soap can be melted in water, and while the mixture is hot stir in oatmeal until there is a stiff batter. For a hand soap this is very desirable when such bits or dog stains of ink or berries are to be removed. The common yellow soap melted and thickened with scouring sand makes an excellent soap for scrubbing and scouring.—*Graphic.*

Waxing Hardwood Floors.

For waxing a hardwood floor take a pound of the best beeswax, cut it into very small pieces and let it thoroughly dissolve in three pints of turpentine, stirring occasionally if necessary. The mixture should be only a trifle thicker than cream turpentine. Apply it with a rag to the surface of the floor, which should be smooth and perfectly clean. The right amount to use, less being required for close, hard-grained wood, and more if the wood is soft and open-grained. Fresh pine wood "waxes" best, and is sometimes obliged to be applied according to the Scientific American, which gives these directions, and novices should always try a square foot or two. When thoroughly dry, rub with a hard brush. If it polishes well repeat the process over the whole floor. If not, remove the wax with sand paper and try again. If the mixture is slow in drying add a little of the common "dry ear" sold by paint dealers.

How to Utilize Buttermilk.

Buttermilk is used in many ways down South. There is nothing more healthful on a warm day than a glass of fresh buttermilk. In our cooking it is almost indispensable, and with soda a beautiful cooking. Cakes in nice made with cream and buttermilk. If you do not have a pure article on tap you can make a bag of muslin cloth, into which you pour the clabbered milk, tie the bag tightly and hang it up to dry. In twelve hours the curd will be ready for use. Serve for breakfast with cream and sugar (with a little seasoning if you like) or eat with salt and pepper.

Buttermilk Biscuit: Sift together a quart of flour and a teaspoon of soda. Work into it a teaspoon of salt, and a tablespoonful of lard or butter (not melted). Add a pint of buttermilk or little at a time until all is used. Do not work the dough longer than to collect it smoothly. Roll out one half inch thick and cut with a biscuit cutter. Bake immediately in hot oven for about ten minutes.

Buttermilk Egg Bread: One quart of meal, one tablespoon of melted lard, one teaspoon of salt, four eggs beaten until light. Mix these ingredients into one quart of buttermilk, into which has been dissolved one teaspoon of soda. Pour batter into a pan, which has been heated and well greased, to bake.

Compotes of Fruits.

Compotes are fresh fruits boiled with very little sugar. They are much used by the French, and are an excellent mode of preparing inferior or overripe fruits.

Compotes of Peaches: Cut ripe peaches in half, throw them into boiling water for two or three minutes, then take them out and put in ice water; peel them. Put a pint of water in a saucepan and set over a brisk fire; let boil, and put the peaches in. As soon as tender take them out, place on a dish, and pour syrup over.

Compote of Oranges: Put a pound of sugar and half a pint of water in a pan; boil one minutes, and add the juice of one orange. Peel a dozen oranges, and clean in halves, remove the seed, and drop a few pieces at a time in the hot syrup, and lay them out on a flat dish. Pour over them the remaining syrup, and set on ice.

Compote of Apples: Peel and quarter large ripe apples. Put in a pan to stew with a little water and sugar to make a syrup. Add pieces of cinnamon, lemon and lemon peel as to taste. Let boil; take up the apples, try to keep them whole, but the syrup thick and pour over.

Compote of Pears: Quarter, peel and core some pears in a saucepan with a little water and sugar. When tender, take the pears up. Boil the syrup down, add a handful of guince and apple jelly. Strain this syrup over the pears, and garnish compote. Bottled sweet pears, ripe apples, pine-cones, and pears cut the same way, are also suitable for compotes, leaving the apples whole. Cook them in syrup, take up, drain, and bake them a few minutes in a very quick oven. When done, fill the centre with peach or apricot marmalade. Time and cost depends on the quality of the fruit used. Apples is the only fruit in which it was to use the fruit in the form of a compote. Cut them in the form of a compote, and stripped about around the base and serve.

Syrup of Compotes: Put a pound of sugar in a saucepan with a pint of water, and boil for a minute; add the juice of a lemon, a little powdered cinnamon. Let it stew a few more, let boil, and skim. Continue to boil until clear and thick, let cool and bottle. This syrup will keep for months, and is very convenient to have ready for making compotes.—*Detroit Journal.*

Flower Loving Russians.

Dr. Mayo Carew Hawtrey, of Chicago, has been traveling around the world, and from time to time giving descriptive sketches of the most curious features of what he has seen, in the Sunday Mail. In a recent one on that wonderful city in the far North, St. Petersburg, he says in reference to flowers and gardening:

The love of flowers seems universal here. It pervades all strata throughout the whole country we have passed through. In cities, towns and villages dwelling house windows are filled with flowers—in fact and in second stories—and often so full that they look like conservatories, and at every station children sell wild flowers.

The houses have been brought to perfection, and one now sees no windows unless we count that one against Imagines that they convey their odor through the sense of sight: grapes, peaches, and flowers, palms and ferns of rare perfection. In winter, I am told, there is a vast profusion of hot-house plants. The summers are so short that outdoor flowers are not called on, and hot-houses are abundant and finely managed.

At a garden fete in honor of the visit of the Emperor of Germany, the many blocks and parterres of the parks seemed to be beautiful structures in flame, and the flower-gardens under or looked like scores of tulips and hyacinths and scores of lights. The large swan so colored as to make this effect of the parterres almost perfect. I counted the swans in a given space and calculated from them that there must have been over fifty thousand burning in two small sections of the park.

The Intenter of Infallible Patches a Tramp.

A melancholy looking man, with a shaggy beard, wearing an old slouch hat and trousers with deep fringe around the bottom and a big, shaggy overcoat, stood in front of the Philadelphia post-office, holding his hands on his chest. Everybody looked at him as they passed, and some young fellows jeered at him for wearing an overcoat. The melancholy looking man paid no attention to them. He wandered up Ninth street aimlessly and stumbled up Market street he dug his hands over his chest as he walked. A reporter asked him what he wore an overcoat for with the thermometer at eighty degrees. He spoke in gurgle and said: "Because I'm always cold. I can't get any breath hardly half the time. I have been cold for years. I used to work at my trade for eighteen hours a day. I am a shoemaker. I caught cold about ten years ago, and I've had hard work to breathe ever since. Sometimes I'm afraid to go to sleep for fear I'll lose my breath. I'm the man who invented the veritable patch so-them. There's good money from applied think of it. I'm the inventor of the infallible patch sort. I haven't got a cent. I ought to be getting money from every shoemaker in the country. I was a soldier in the Pennsylvania army. I made money a pair of boots for the officers. Wherever I going? Nowhere."

The man laughed harshly. Then he coughed with a shocking sound and went wearily on his way.

Nine Massacred Cannibals.

Every traveler in New Ireland always expresses astonishment, when they discover the manifest preparation of the inhabitants, that so gentle and pleasant a race as a people could become on occasion such ferocious savages. Forbs, who wrote a very reliable, intelligent and but little known account of the Maoris very early in the present century, speaks of the gentle manners and kindly ways of a New Zealand chief, whom afterward he discovered to be an inveterate cannibal. He relates that he visited the place where was cooking the body of a young slave girl that his friend had killed for the purpose. The head was severed from the body, the four quarters, with the principal bones removed, were compressed and packed into a small oven in the ground, and covered with earth. It was a case of unmitigated cannibalism. No revenge was gratified by the feast, nor an enemy could be made that the body was eaten to perfect they triumph. Facts was that he learned that the fat which every bone to cook that it is very sought after and thoroughly cooked, but that is quite the case. Like a piece of nothing proper, if well done. He confesses that the victim was a handsome pleasant young girl of sixteen, and one to most frequently to see about the Pot.—*Dominion's Magazine.*

How to Reduce Fat.

For the reduction of adipose tissue, fasting has, in turn, been highly recommended by professional men, and the writer is not to be upon such grounds, but upon physiological principles. Fasting is not to be adopted by inferior persons and most fatty people are more or less addicted to exertion. In fact, laziness is responsible for much of the accumulation of fat in the body. The above point has been experimented with by the writer and Dimmock, who say in this case are reduced by weight from two hundred and seventy pounds to one hundred and eighty. The principle of the cure is to accustom the system to the use of its own fat, which is best done by abstaining together. The subject is to attempt to walk or trot at a slow pace until perspiration comes on, which is to be kept up as long as he can bear it, and then to stop. He must walk about hours a day, and which must be fast. Bicycling or exercise is recommended. For young people, at Health, it is to cooling of new clothes and boots during the fasting period, which must be worn as old as possible. Dimmock says that fasting for all diseases associated with corpulency.—*Boston Herald.*

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS ARTICLES & POEMS VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

Should Boys Go to Mind Nothing May the Truth—A Matter Name—Changed His Mind, Etc.

Husband—"You are not the cook my mother used to be, my dear."

Wife—"No, indeed, fortunately. You don't suppose that your father kind of dyspepsia.—*Judge.*

Nothing But the Truth.

Judge—"Prisoner, this is the thirteenth time you have been before me. Have you anything to say why sentence should not be passed?"

Prisoner—"To tell the truth, Judge, it was the police."

A Bitter Name.

Percy Counts the young Hay)—"Why, Charley, dear I see you have grown quite a beard."

Young Hay—"Yes, Basil mentioned shop we were, you know."

Percy Counts—"Oh, are they! Why they look more like mush-they whiskers."—*New York Sun.*

The Progress of Science.

Jenkins—"Did you hear of the wonderful operation Dr. Bell performed on Brothers last week?"

Wilkins—"No; what was it?"

Jenkins—"They were ago Brothers stepped on a tack, and yesterday the doctor removed a six-penny nail from the sole of Brothers' little leg."—*The Idea.*

Changed His Mind.

Wife—"What we go to the picnic today, dear?"

(Listless)—"Just as you say, love."

Wife—"Well, if we go we must take the baby."

Husband—"Oh, by the way, there's all that cornbread to eat and again. I guess I'll stay at home."—*Detroit Free Press.*

In the Same Predicament.

Visitor—"Lend me a fiver, will you, old boy? I'm cross broke."

Host—"That's a pretty good ring you want. Why don't you hock it?"

Visitor—"Couldn't, you know. It's a souvenir of a deceased brother."

Host—"Well, my money is a souvenir of a deceased father. Lay-day, old fel."—*Puck.*

Too Enough.

It was his first visit to Chicago. As he stood on the cars platform stabbing his toothpick, he was accosted by one of New Haven's finest. "What's the fine, stranger?"

"Eh?" Can't you see it? Just look here (he showed the new watering can). Why, the blamed fool went and have a ring put when he gave home."—*New Haven Post.*

Something English.

A Frenchman of the 5th, having received the photograph of a lady school a friend who was customary under the circumstances.

"Vat you call it," replied the friend. "Tell her in English is very nice."

"I say to make you sick and languishing, madame," he said to her at their next meeting. "The beauty of nowhere is very nice."—*Argonaut.*

Too Fast a Machine.

Machinist—"Yes, the things against the rear!"

Client—"You threw a photograph into at a baby and—to be bald."

Machinist—"Are you a regular practitioner?"

Client—"Yes, your honor. I had been trying to take several hours to take a picture of that baby, and—I—to—to the baby, your honor—but—"

Machinist—"You are discharged. I want to be a photographer myself."—*Tit-Bits.*

The Last Touch.

"Well, Mr." interrupted the justice of the peace, "you say that the defendant struck you in the face with a rock, which you contend is a form of grabbing you. Have you anything more to say?"

"Only this, your honor. I had been trying for several hours to take a picture of that baby, and—I—to—to the baby, your honor—but—"

"Enough," said the magistrate, with a wild look in his eyes. "Discharged. I want to be a photographer myself."—*Tit-Bits.*

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A Boiling Passion With Him.

The inquisitive customer had sat down with his two-pound ration and ordered his meal, and was just about to ask the waiter for the mustard when he heard that he was going to be served with a boiled egg.

"Waiter," he called out, "I don't like boiled eggs; you must take it away."

"Very well, sir," replied the waiter, "I'll take it back to the kitchen and have it fried."—*Tit-Bits.*

The Expensive Hat Cheap to Men.

"If the [illegible] to-day, I'm all the [illegible]."

"Why, [illegible]?"

"Why, [illegible] to buy the [illegible] hat."

"Why, you [illegible] to buy the [illegible] hat?"

"Because [illegible] to buy [illegible] hat."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Husband Interrupted.

"Husband interrupted—"Talk about [illegible] you were having [illegible]."

"Was you [illegible] you were to be [illegible] you [illegible] you [illegible] you

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. DYKE. J. F. MOORE.

LOUEY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

"A Rule of Three."

New York World: The report that Mr. Blaine is anxious to have a seat in the Cabinet can hardly be believed. Anybody looking at the portrait of Benjamin Harrison will infer that he was desirous to have all things to be known as a ruler of men. He will never consent to be overlooked by such men as Hickle and Sherman. He wants to be President himself. Mr. Blaine might as well make up his mind that he will not be admitted to the Opposition Cabinet.

The great oil fields of New York and Pennsylvania are becoming rapidly exhausted. The average supply of 100,000 barrels a day has fallen off to 45,000 barrels a day. The wonderful Bradford field, of Pennsylvania, that has produced 120,000,000 barrels of oil, is now yearly dry. About 300 new wells are now being sunk in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, in the hope of finding new oil basins.

A negro was arrested in Chicago last week for robbery who was found to speak fluently German, French, Greek, Spanish, English, and several Indian dialects. He was born in Madrid of a Spanish mother, and was, before the war, a servant in the household of Gen. Nathaniel Lyon, who was killed at the battle of Springfield.

In Wichita, Kan., a painter bet his last cent, boots and socks on Cleveland, agreeing to go home without them if he was caught down town by the other fellow. He was so caught and fulfilled his wager, notwithstanding it was a cold day for him.

The bellows worn of removing boulders and the remnants of an ancient forest from the bed of the Thames River will give out. It is 250 years since it was made. At last accounts 300 cords and 1,200 boulders had been taken out. The latter varied in weight from one to ten tons.

A little girl was sitting on the floor when the sun shone in her face. "Go away! go away!" she cried, striking out at it. "You mote, dear, and it won't trouble you," said her mamma. "I don't; I can't see it," said the little one.—Youth's Companion.

It is reported that the new Senator from Michigan will be James McMillan, president of the Michigan Car Company, and possessing a personal fortune estimated at $15,000,000.

The towers of the proposed suspension bridge to be built across the Hudson above Fort Lee will be 227 feet high and the span 1,600 feet.

Enter Judge.—Hardly. Prisoner at the bar.—Prisoner.—Interrupting. You, sir, that's me. I was at the bar, but I never heard.

Ingalls, Kansas. Mr. Ferguson is the oldest lawyer in the state, and perhaps he will now be considered one of the best prophets about ground.—Ex.

Gen. B. F. Butler expects by the election of Hoadley. Possibly he might be first mate in Ohio.

Horace Greeley's brother of Hartford, Conn., is an engineer, while another brother runs a hotel and livery stable at Columbus, in Warren county, O. He is eighty years old and very poor.

The $10 bills spent in Indiana by the Republican campaign orators are badly passed as $1 bills about us.

One peculiar feature of election laws in this country of experiments, and progress is steadily being made toward registering the will of the voters. The most important requirements are now the registration of voters, the closing of the polls at 4 o'clock in cities, the secret ballot, and the destruction of ballots after they are counted. Not all these provisions are to be found in every State, and the provisions for a secret ballot are by no means perfect as yet, but all these requirements are to come, and should be equal by all good citizens everywhere. Registration is absolutely necessary to prevent frauds. The closing of the polls at 4 o'clock in afternoon requires the voting to be completed earlier, before returns from remote districts are received, thus lessening the danger of tampering with returns in cities, where fraud is most likely to occur. The reasons for a secret ballot are the prevention of the voter from undue influence, and we are hearing that it is necessary to so arrange the voting places as to make it absolutely impossible for any person to tell how another votes unless he himself makes the statement. The destruction of the ballots is a big provision in the State of New York, and should be adopted everywhere. At first it would seem that ballots should be preserved to be recounted in case of dispute, but experience has shown that it is impossible to guard them for any length of time. After the election is over and it is known just how many votes are wanted, it is interesting to scrutinize to become sure for those in possession of the ballots to do them to order. There is no reason why a ten-oil county should be more accurate than a 2-1. The best provision, therefore, is to throw around the first count all possible safeguards, so that it is as well to be correct as any thereafter made—more likely, because the canvassers do not know the result in other places—and then destroy the ballots.—Ex.

Injustice at Home.

Chicago Tribune: Gen. Harrison is not popular in Indianapolis. He is too cold and unsympathetic. He can not climb chimney when he wishes. The result was that in a Presidential election here which every element of city and county pride united to carried Indianapolis by 1,500 votes, but lost the county—Marion—by 261, although Marion county gave Hendricks 2,200 majority in 1884. In his old regiment—the Tenth Indiana—he was also unpopular, although the interests of that body met this evening and the President was present. As one of the veterans said, Harrison in the army was a martinet of the most severe sort and an instructor whose acquaintance not infinite as an old friend. Always up a log in a swamp he had headquarters guards stationed to count him. He was a tyrant, that and he was respected where he could not win love.

There will be general rejoicing that the will of the late Samuel J. Tilden has been sustained by the Supreme Court of New York. The will was drawn by himself, and $5,000,000 for the purpose of building a public library in New York City. It was contested by his nephew, on the ground of ingratitude. The property was left in the hands of trustees, and great latitude was allowed them in executing the provisions of the will. It would seem that if such a lawyer as Tilden could not draw up a will that would be sustained by the courts, there would be an end to all certainty of controlling a man's estate after death.

Stanley Arkell, the expert and editor of Judge, is said to have the eye on the London Comedy. Having noticed the contemporary of Mr. Dippy, he subsequently

THE SURPRISE.

Joy met Sorrow in a place
Where the hopeless loneliest
Very seems, still and sweet,
Safe from all quivering fret.
"Why art here?" Joy, startled, cried;
"Why art here?" gray Sorrow
sighed.

"I came here to weep," said she.
"Tears are my sweet employ."
Hastened Sorrow. "Yet I see
Tears as grateful were to thee.
Come, young sorrow, and be taught
How to ease thy heart o'ercharged."

Joy sat down at Sorrow's feet,
And was taught a lesson sweet.
Pain would be make kind return?
Sorrow, art too old to learn?
Nay! Then I my art unfold,
I'll be taught to how to smile!

Since that hour the two have been
Bound as by sacred chain;
Since that hour they go exchange
Tears and smiles, in nothing strange
If sometimes a puzzled heart
Across can tell the twain apart.
—Edith Thomas.

The people of the United States use annually about seven postal cards for every man, woman and child; that is to say, our total consumption for a year reaches four hundred million, which is considerably more than are employed by the rest of the world. This vast dollar number are all weighed, cut apart, counted, and wrapped up in packages of twenty five, by machinery that works constantly in a small log room, and that requires no attendance whatever from any operative, so long as it is supplied with paper, ink and paste.

Lexington, Ky., chronicle is the local talks. The house from which John Morgan, the celebrated "thief," went out, and which is still occupied by his mother, the home where Morgan de Lafayette lodged when visiting there, and the house where Jefferson Davis stood at when attending the races, are there. The House and farm belonging to Henry Clay, now Ashland Park are just beyond the city limits. The grave of John Cabell Breckenridge is in the Public Square.

About one hill the Republicans vote in New Hampshire wants to come to the United States Senate.

Pops. Johnnie, what do you want to be when you grow up?

Johnnie. Well I don't particular as long's I don't grow up to be a little boy that minds. One spank every time he does grow wrong in the house.

A brilliant thinker and theorizer writes to say that Secretary Whitney gets to "the Senate as much real as it does in certain circles on the hill of the day.

DYSPEPSIA.

The undersigned agrees to do the LIFT.

Heard the Lion to Morning, when all other troubles have disappear.

All that you get the Genuine,

A. H. SMITH & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. C. P. MOORE, EDITOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Dec. 6, 1888. Terms of Subscription $1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 20.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, R. A. Holt,
Prosecuting Attorney, R. S. Turk
Sheriff, J. S. Arbogast.
Deputy Sheriff, R. C. Hill.
Cl. k of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. S. Sheppard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (R. B. Clark, Pres't. S. R. Hannah. O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. M. MOCLINTIC. C. P. MOORE.

McCLINTIC & MOORE,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. E. BOOKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Strange attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty. at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. McELDOWNEY,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County ev. ry Spring and Fall. The exact time of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. W. G. TOWNSEND,
Physician & Surgeon,
ACADEMY, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Sidney Flint

FARMERS AND THE TARIFF.

That the farmers supported the high tariff policy in the recent election as zealously as ever, while the workingmen in the manufacturing centres voted in increasing numbers in opposition to that policy, is a fact now generally recognized and taken as a landmark for future contests. The Tribune makes it the basis of an argument in favor of an increase of duties on farm products. "The Democratic House," it says, "proposed to cut off more than half of all the duties collected to protect farm industry. The answer of the people was to elect a Republican President, a Republican House, and the astonishing votes in the farming States are still ringing in the ears of tariff reformers. The logical inference is that the majorities in these farming states want the things done which they petitioned Congress to have done, they want the tariff made to serve its purpose, and do not want it broken down or left just as it is," quoth the Tribune.

We shall not deny that the American farmer is still willing and even anxious to be plucked for the benefit of other people; but we deny that he was harmed by the Mills bill in any degree whatsoever. The only farm product put on the free list by the Mills bill was wool, and as to that it has been shown that the three largest wool-producing States showed a loss rather than a gain of Republican votes in the election. The duties on wheat and other cereals, on dairy products, on hops, hay, honey, potatoes, and live animals were not changed by the Mills bill. If these duties had all been repealed the farmers would not have been injured, and if they had been doubled they would have received no benefit. We import a few potatoes when we have a short crop, and we export some when we have a large crop; but the amount is insignificant, and it affects only the Atlantic seaboard and the northwestern border line in any case. As to the great bulk of agricultural produce, no tariff, however high, would raise the price a penny, for the reason that they constitute the major part of our exports, and have to be sold in foreign markets alongside and in competition with the like produce of every country on the globe. The American farmer is thus brought face to face with the labor of the Russian peasant, the Indian ryot, and the Egyptian fellah. What they get for their productions he can get. Not a further thing more could be got if the importation of grain were prohibited by law. But as a matter of fact the Mills bill did not touch the duties on these articles at all.

Notwithstanding the vote of the farming States in the recent election, the superstition of the agricultural classes are not incurable. There is no more sense in that than to make to comprehend the fact that the tariff is an injury to the man who sells to a cheap market and buys in one made artificially dear. Nor is it true that abstract ideas regarding the tariff were the most moving considerations among the farmers in the recent campaign. The fact that the proposed reform of the tariff was of Southern parentage had a great influence in the rural districts. It received the memories of the war and included a sectional feeling that would otherwise have remained dormant. If the Mills bill had been the most till or the Springer bill, it would have been by far the more acceptable to the farmers of the North. It is easy to say now that, without any change in its provisions, a measure having a Southern origin and name would have been much stronger in the North. It is not the fault of Mr. Mills, of the two Breckinridges, of Mr. Wilson of West Virginia, and other Southern members that they were the most conspicuous advocates of the measure, but their prominence was not without its influence in the farming communities, where new ideas are slow to gain lodgment, and where old memories have their strongest hold.

The battle joined in the recent campaign is only begun. When we consider how short a time was allowed for the work of education, and how great a gain was made among those who could be reached, and what odds of money and intimidation were arrayed on the other side, the advocates of tariff reform have abundant cause for encouragement, and every reason to believe that when they shall have had equal opportunity to reach American farmers their success with them will be commensurate with that which they have undeniably achieved among the operatives in towns and cities. —N. Y. Weekly Post.

White House Social Duties.

Mrs. Cleveland's social duties are greater than is generally supposed. She assists the president at his state receptions, and sits opposite him at state dinners. She is considered the social head of the administration, and she is, indeed, the mistress of the white house. The gorgeous floral decorations of the state reception rooms are subject to her approval, and she stands with the president whenever he receives his guests in a social way. The state dinners of the president are perhaps the grandest social affairs of the American court, and to be invited to the white house to one of these is the social event of a lifetime. The white house blazes with light. The Marine Band plays in the vestibule. The great east room becomes a tropical flower garden, and its white and silver pillars are wreathed with garlands and hung with flower shields, upon which have been woven American eagles of pink and roses. It is here that Mrs. Cleveland stands with the president and receives the thirty or fifty guests who have been invited to the dinner, and it is from here that she is escorted to the state dining room by the most honored of the party. The dining-room sparkles with cut glass and silver, and the dinner of many courses is served up by French cooks. The dentiest of viands are washed down with rare old wines, and a number of glasses stand by each plate save that of Mrs. Cleveland. The president's wife has, as far as her own example goes, espoused the cause of temperance. She drinks nothing at these dinners but Apollinaris water, and though she does not endeavor to regulate the tastes of others, she does not touch wine herself. At her state receptions she shakes hands with from 300 to 500 persons on every such night during the season. It is said that she has shaken hands with more than 100,000 people during the past winter. She is a good hand shaker and such calles receives a warm grasp and a decided pressure. In most cases this is accompanied by a cordial smile, and those who have the pleasure of chatting with Mrs. Cleveland for a short time to come her friends.—Cosmopolitan.

The Vermont Legislature has prohibited the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine.

"He hath said, I will never leave thee nor forsake thee." Wonderful promise spoken by God himself. "I" and "thee" together, the Infinite God in Christ and finite man constant companion! He "is" says, and so we walk side by side along our pilgrim pathway. If we really believe this, surely it would simplify, and hallow, and calm our daily life. In these few words every Christian may find the sweetest balsam of pain, and the most blessed inspirations of heroism.—*Rev. R. M. Hamilton.*

FRUIT.—In Northern Germany the highways are shaded with fruit-trees. This was started fifty years ago by a peddler who planted every seed with his staff while travelling through the country. If the enterprising farmer's boy would make it his habit to drop the seed of fruit he may be eating in the house corner, when passing from place to place, it would not be long until there would be plenty of fruit, which could be improved by grafting; and not only this, but new varieties would be produced that would prove of value.

A man who has practised medicine for 40 years, ought to know and from experience; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and the effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh, that it would not cure if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
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Office, 284 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

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Put It in Writing.

Verbal contracts occasion more trouble, dispute and litigation than any other business transactions. The wise merchant taught by experience will endeavor to have a writing executed by the party to be charged, in every case of importance arising in his business. This is especially necessary of guarantees. A man enters your office whom you know to be perfectly responsible. He tells you to sell Brown a thousand dollars' worth of goods. Brown is all right; he will answer for that, etc. Make him sign a memorandum.

A customer gives you a large order for future and installment delivertes. Make him sign it in writing.

You engage a salesman for a year, or for a month, or for a trial trip. Have it all put down in writing and signed.

You were taking your chances before a jury, who nine times out of ten prove mountain and two spin patheric with that party they consider is the "under dog."

It is only a little trouble at the time, but it usually saves a heap of trouble in the future.—Trade Mark Record.

Chief Inspector James, of St. Paul, says The contrast of wheat in sight this year in Minnesota and Dakota is about 30,000,000 bushels less than last year at this time.

The number of female medical students entered at Paris this term is 114, of whom 90 are from Italy, 13 French and 9 English, with 1 American, 1 Austrian, 1 Greek and 1 Turk. The number of students at the Women's Medical College of Philadelphia this fall is 114.

Richard A. Proctor left the Roman Catholic Church because the priest told him that the scientific beliefs done heretical.

Never use leather belts, air them thoroughly on a windy day in a cool place. The sun draws the oil and gives the leathers a rancid smell.

According to Rev. Elizabeth W. Greenwood, there are 2,432 physicians and surgeons, 165 ministers and 75 lawyers in this country who are women.

The official canvass of the vote of New York shows Harrison's plurality is 13,306. Hill's plurality is 18,126. Total vote, 1,284,891. Total Prohibition vote, 26,002; about 8,500 more than in 1884.

Much damage is reported by recent violent gales on the west coast of Great Britain. At the city of Glasgow, where the storm assumed the form of a hurricane the exhibition building was partly wrecked.

Very dirty furniture should be washed off with a flannel cloth dipped in equal parts of strong vinegar and water before it is polished. It not only removes the dirt, but has a tendency to smooth the varnish that has become rough through long use. After applying the vinegar, dry the furniture instantly and thoroughly, and at once rub it with a flannel that has been dipped in linseed oil and carefully wrung out. Finish with a dry flannel, rubbing hard and long, and your furniture will look like new.

Eggs can be kept perfectly for six months, by coating each one with the white of egg. Apply it with the finger so that every spot is touched, then pack the eggs in a box, in any position you wish, putting a layer of paper between every layer of eggs, and set the box away in a cool, dry place. The white of one egg will coat from eight to ten dozen. I have tried this recipe for five years, and have never known it to fail.—Mrs. Addie Smith.

GRAPES.—There is no fruit that takes so little space and makes so large a return for the labor as grapes. Now is the time to get cuttings. They should be cut with three or four eyes. Put them in a bundle, bury them in the ground below frost until spring, when they may be taken up after all danger of frost is gone, and set with two eyes in the ground. It is best to put two or three together, for some way die, and if all live they can be removed in another year. On farms they may be set in the fence corners or near small trees, and in two or three years a fine crop of grapes will reward the effort.

Havana Journal.—A bushel of corn makes four gallons of whisky. It sells for $1.6 at retail. The Government gets $0.60, the farmer 40 cents, the railroad $1, the manufacturer $4, the vendor $2, and the drinker all that is left—delirium tremens.

The best housekeeper could use a book somewhere, if she only knew in which direction to look. With many, it is to be found in the cupboard. There was more provided than used and she didn't know how to utilize it. The making of appetizing little dishes from odds and ends is an unknown science and this is one noticeably conspicuous in this country and should be made a study by all good housewives.

AGRICULTURAL.

USEFUL OR INTERESTING RELATIVE TO FARM AND GARDEN.

Preventing Fermentation or Cider.

There are many different ways of preventing fermentation; but in any case the cider ought to stand in large open casks long enough to ferment slightly, so as to cause a considerable scum to rise to the surface, when it may be skimmed off, and cask given time for the sediment to settle to the bottom, before anything else is done with it. Nothing is more important than to abstract by some of these means the minute particles of ferment that are held in solution by the cider.

A quite effective way of checking the cider and preventing after fermentation is to add it, not after it has been slightly fermented and settled. To do this it may be drawn off or dipped out of the casks into large copper kettles, or for large quantities an old copper still holding three or four barrels, will be borne. When the is applied the heat will cause a large amount of scum so that care has to be taken to skim it off.

The heating should cease as soon as the boiling is reached, when the cider is again poured to clear, open casks to stand till cold, when it has become entirely cool, when it may be drawn into barrels and tightly bunged.

The object of the scalding if done at the right time, is two-fold. It quite effectually cleanses the cider and stops the fermentation at the point to which it has been brought, leaving a sweet and pleasant drink. While cider thus treated will afterward turn somewhat of the scalding, it will not be unpleasant to those who like it sweet, and to be preferred to cider in which the fermentation has been arrested by mustard seed or chemicals. Cider to say of those ways will not afterward make good vinegar.

Where the quantity of cider to be made will not justify the expense of casks, the cider may be fermented and settled in barrels, bungs open, by drawing from one to another.—*New York World.*

Plows and Plowing.

The plow has long been used as the symbol of agriculture. The finely made and beautifully ornamented steel plow which Victoria sent to the Queen of Sandwich was soon afterward found in use by some 30 ministers, who had penetrated into the interior of the island, in a crowd. It had its place among the representation of the device the natives worshipped and were compelled to the use of agriculture. They did not employ it in their fields, or leave it in a furrow to rust, as western farmers might have done. They prostrated themselves before it and prayed that they might have large crops of grain. In a museum in Lavelle is a collection of the plows used in all ages and in most countries. They are arranged in a long row. The first plow is a portion of a tree, one branch being used to attach an animal to and another used as a handle. By their other they show the evolution of the plow that is now employed in the most advanced countries. Attempts have been made to show that the progress of agriculture must best be shown by improvements in the plow that turns the soil.

It is generally acknowledged that the best plows in the world are made in this country. It is also admitted that the work done with them is very poor. Observing travelers state that much better plowing is done in Great Britain and in many portions of the continent of Europe than in this country. This state of things is made sure by assuming that very excellent plows lead to carelessness in the use of them. When an implement can be depended upon to do good work it is often if not generally placed in the hands of a person who has little judgment, experience or skill. How bad an expert can do good plowing with a poor plow. In England, as in some other countries, the plowman ranks above the common farm laborer. He is regarded as a skilled workman. Celebrity in farm nothing but guide the plow. He makes a careful study of the business and becomes very expert. In this country, boys and girls and anybody can plow. Skilled plowing entitles no merit and very few persons can only be made by skilled mechanics who are common tools. In our farms inexperienced persons are trusted with the use of plows and are expected to do good work because the plows are easy to manage.

Large farms and low prices for grain have a tendency to make plowing poor. What a plow can be run had a wide furrow moving with an impediment the person holding it does not regard the skill of one who plows among stumps and stones. He relies on his plow to do everything. He seems to forget that a tool is not endowed with intelligence. The experience of each day ought to teach all the country about that skilled plowing has not become a lost art. Perhaps it was to some easily proved to say that it is all that has to some extent. Its wing is to badly done in many parts of the country by using held it a better and implements have been invented and for supplementing the work that should be done with the plow. The best portion of the country has many a broken plow and a lumber yard of harrow which was often at most when poor implements of some kind together, with which to prepare land for sowing a crop of grain. Farmers of the present day have shed economy, preferring to purchase tools and implements of harrow with which to do the most work. Still the farmers declare that land is not as well prepared for seeding as it was in the days of the wood plow when they were young.—*Chicago Times.*

Recommended on the Grandchildren.

Having children wear it is enough to drive them right out.

He who will throw manure and prepare the ground, can grow profitable crops of wheat on almost any soil.

It is a general rule, with not more than the most exceptions that the finer the seed and the longer the yield of straw.

When you go to cattle you see lands that would be ruined by washing and getting were cultivated crops kept on them.

It pays richly to care what straw sells for. Still, though it is a sad pity to see straw wasted, Western farmers may smile, but it is true.

The man who sly treads not his grass rise with boiling but with wash, putting it in all the cracks, did not feel the miller's examination of his wheat.

Treat your grain crops with an eye to the value of the straw as well as of the grain, and in the spring it will not be said of your cattle, as it was said of Ephraim, that they "lived upon wind."

A patch of rye and timothy sowed together always comes "just." The rye will make pasture in the spring even earlier than bluegrass, and by the time the rye falls the timothy will be ready. There is nothing like a steady succession of pasturage.

Rye may be sown in the fall and clover on it in the spring. The rye can be cut for the straw (which frequently sells for the more price per ton as the best hay) as soon as the kernels fully ripen, and there will be a good growth of clover for pasture. In this way poor land may be made to yield a respectable income while being improved.—*Indiana Agriculturist.*

The Prince of Wales Spanked.

The following, taken from a paper printed in Aberdeen, Scotland, in 1844, is now going the rounds of the press: Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, accompanied by the Prince Consort and the royal children, visited Scotland for the first time, and tarried a long time on her way at Edinburgh. On the trip the yacht, in which the party traveled by water, called at Aberdeen, and, of course, the loyal inhabitants of that city turned out in large numbers to do honor to their beloved sovereign. A guard of honor, consisting of the merchants of the place, was formed, and, in all the glory of black broadcloth and white kids, paraded on the edge of the dock to which the vessel moored at just sufficient distance to prevent people from stepping on board. Seats were erected on the bank, tier above tier, like those of a circus, to accommodate the thousands that assembled to gaze on the spectacle of an anointed Queen.

After Majesty good naturedly remained on deck to gratify as much as possible the curiosity of the honest Scots, and promenaded about in full view of the immense crowd. The Prince of Wales, a child of about five or six years, was with her. Among other things placed on the deck for the accommodation of the ladies was a costly and very splendid sofa, ornamented with tassels, and the Prince, like other boys of that age, being of a destructive turn, began to pull at one of the tassels that threatened to detach it. His mother observed the act, and ordered him to desist. He did so, but as soon as her back was turned seized the tassel again to give another jerk. The Queen was again apprised and gave something of the kind, for she was at that moment watching him from the corner of her eye. In an instant she turned, and seizing the luckless heir apparent of England by the "waver of the sark," elevated one of her feet upon the sofa, hoisted the youngster over her knee, adjusted him in the position mutually familiar to parents and children generally, when such occasion are to be performed, and gave him a sound spanking.

It may be proper to mention, at present, for the information of youths who sometimes find themselves similarly circumstanced, that the illustrious sufferer kicked and fallowed under the afflictive dispensation quite as hardly as boys of lowlier birth are wont to do. The amusement with which the spectators witnessed the strange if not unprecedented scene may be imagined, but scarcely described in fitting terms. A dead silence prevailed for a moment, but was suddenly broken by a tremendous roar of laughter, which could not be suppressed by any thought of the awful respect due to the throne, or sympathy for the victim of her displeasure. The explosion recalled the royal mother to a sense of her position, and, turning herself toward the crowd for a moment, her face suffused with crimson, she hastily descended into the cabin, and we saw no more by the experience.

Finding a Mare With a Spoon.

John H. Wilson, of Smithtown, Pennsylvania, owns a mare which is being fed with the aid of a spoon to keep it from starving. The animal is suffering from a singular fracture of the jaw bone, the result of being kicked by a vicious horse. It is known as a veterinary surgery as a fracture of the lower maxilla generally to the incisor teeth. Both bones of the jaw were broken immediately off, and the lower portion hung loosely by the flesh. The mare has been fed on a mixture of milk and eggs by means of a spoon, and has been kept alive in this manner for several weeks. The broken bones have united, but the animal is unable to masticate its food, and will probably die of starvation.

Household Matters.

To Clean Paint Work.

A steamboat steward says that housekeepers should go to a steamboat for lessons on cleaning paint work. The entire surface is washed with a cloth wrung out of a strong solution of soda and water, which is kept quite as hot as the painter can put his hand in. Rubbing not only clean, but brightens the color, and gives a beautiful polish. All that is necessary is a little water, a sponge and a cotton cloth, and a smooth cloth for polishing after the dirt has been washed off with the sponge. The rubbing removes the polish. Many people go at every paint whenever it the paint is washed in this way it will show clear and with a high polish for four or five years.—*Prairie Farmer.*

The Pleasure of Apples.

Apples are abundant and cheap this year, says the New York Tribune, and there is no more useful fruit. Raw, stewed, baked or preserved, they are wholesome, toothsome and nutritious. The fall apples are the most juicy and delicious, but do not keep, and for that reason have to be sold cheap. Every good sized family should buy a barrel of them at once for immediate use, and save them from spoiling by eating them up. A considerable portion of them might also be made into jelly by boiling them and boiling it to a pulp. All apples are best for the purpose, as the color of the skin gives a fine rich tint to the jelly. A liberal allowance of lemon juice should be added to the apple juice and an equal weight of sugar, and the whole boiled into a jelly. It is the cheapest of all jellies, and remarkably good when well made. Bought apple jelly is not nearly so nice, and can seldom be relied upon. It is frequently made from the refuse of the evaporating establishments, that is, the cores, and scraps and wormy apples.

Pickles.

For pickles of all kinds use the best cider vinegar and not an acid, vinegar, so-called. It cannot be too strong, as it is weakened when scalded. Unscalded vinegar does not keep well with pickles. Never use a metal vessel in pickling; it should be either granite ware or porcelain. Pickles should be examined frequently and the soft ones taken out. If white specks appear in the vinegar drain it off and scald; add a half cupful of sugar to each gallon and pour again over the pickles. A few bits of horse radish or a few cloves added will improve the flavor.

All vegetables or fruits for pickling, except for sweet pickles, should be sound, but not quite ripe. Do not avoid cucumbers, but soak them in salt and water. Boiled beets can be pickled whole, first removing the outer coats, by a sharp knife when required. Vegetables that require to be boiled or scalded before pickling will be whiter if a little lemon or green grape juice is added to the water, as cabbage, cauliflower, white beets or onions. For green vegetables put a little soda in the water to preserve the color. Lime should be taken out to avoid too much, or they will be soft and tasteless.

Always have the vegetables or fruit perfectly cold before pouring over the vinegar, which should be in all cases very hot.

A good average of spices to a quart of pickles is an even teaspoon each of allspice and peppercorns, one half a teaspoon of mustard seed, a piece of Jamaica ginger one inch long and a tablespoon of stick cinnamon broken.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Household Hints.

Use a warm knife in cutting warm bread and cake like.

A paste of whiting and benzine will remove spots from marble.

A cat-hole should be washed over night in plenty of soft water previous to boiling.

After washing a wooden bowl place it where it will dry equally on all sides, away from the stove.

Fresh coffee or white goods can be removed by pouring boiling water directly from the kettle on the spots.

Rice soup is good for college or inflammation of the lungs. It must be kept in a cool place, but if it sours it is very poisonous.

If you want poached eggs to look perfectly nice cook each egg in a saucer placed in the bottom of a saucepan of boiling water.

A cooking knife can be saved by the use of a fruit and pencil of the softest wooden, the point formed into an the consistency of the knife.

Coffee can be made as and water right by keeping them for five minutes quite boiled previous. They must be kept down with a wire screen.

For cleaning brass use a thin piece of lemon peeling, two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, four tablespoonfuls of whiting. Rub with a piece of flannel, polish with chamois.

Test cheese to ascertain before it is made. Boil two or three ounces, then strain through a cane cloth. One teaspoonful of this for each three pounds, and in a good ignition for having toughness.

By any particular stress disinfecting the kitchen sink. Washing soda and copperas dissolved in a gallon of boiling water, makes an excellent wash to pour down the sink as often you have occasion to.

It has been estimated that if the heat generated within the body were allowed to accumulate without waste, it would be sufficient to raise the body to the boiling point in thirty-six hours.

According to Pasteur and Koch's method, typhoid fever is to be cured by injecting into the system a peculiar microbe-laden fluid through a hollow needle.

STRANGE SHIPS.

A NOVEL EXHIBITION IN THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

Queer Boats From All Parts of the World—Secrets of Savage Arts Known By Rude Savages.

There is a department in the National Museum that would delight any eighty year old boy or girl, either, for a time were everywhere his beloved interest in boats and ships and the mysteries of navigation. This department tells the story of the ship. It is not a history or printed story, but one told by the eye. Here is a canoe, catamaran and ship so that fit a large exhibition hall.

An old idea was that the first boat was a log. There are, however, floating logs, where the people have no right to begin with. They start perfect, by using parts of it as in some parts of the world, where there are neither logs nor trees available enough, men construct boats or rafts by binding together in cleverer.

From the log the next step is to the dug out, which savages fashioned by hollowing out a log with fire or rude tools. When savages began to make bark canoes they took quite a step toward the modern ship, as a bark canoe, with its frame work and outer covering, illustrates in a rudimentary way important principles involved in the shipbuilder's art. Savages, too, observed that the wind could be used to propel their boats. It is supposed that the first sail was a bush. From the bush the savage went to a piece of skin or bark, or a matting rudely tried up on a pole. It is curious to note that the forms of sails used on certain models of the most highly civilized people have been developed not really from the primitive forms used by savage people.

The primitive is either a square or a lateen or triangular sail. The latter sail is an almost necessary in the forms used on the Mediterranean by people of the Latin races. When men learned more of the shipbuilding art, and boats grew bigger, the lateen sail was replaced, for it was very perplexing for such sail to be set a vessel so as to reach beyond the cove in front and beyond the ones in the rear.

Near the centre of the hall a kyak from the Greenland coast, made of skins by the Esquimaux, hangs from the ceiling. It is decked over as tight as a drum, and the ends are sharpened and curved up. In the centre is a hole in the deck just large enough to admit a man's body. The Esquimaux, when in his kyak, sits securely on the bottom, his legs stretched out before him, all of his body below the waist being under deck. He has a garment or coat of skin, the lower edge of which can be secured to the rim of the hole at night, thus making it water-tight. In the rocket-shell of a boat the experienced, with paddle and spear in hand, launch his life on rough, Arctic seas in pursuit of seal or walrus. "A kamaak, similar to the kyak, but open, are kyaks, too, from Alaska, and from other Arctic regions. Eskimos, or skin boats from the Aleutian Islands, are decked over like Esquimaux kyaks, and are covered with sea lion skin or some of the seams, just as Indians love to ornament their clothing.

Some of the Indians are "dreadnaked," or have places for them not to sit in them, and in the little models shown in the Museum, canoes appear are behold not as the Indians look their spears to their boats when they start out to hunt seal.

The oldest form of the bark canoe shown in the collection is from the Shoshone. It was made merely by taking a single sheet of bark of sufficient size, turning up the ends and then stiffening the whole by means of slender splints placed to cross each other. The ends were also held in place by splints, and the whole was left open and the savage navigator has no much skill to prevent water from washing in as when a wave, an Indian canoe, made by the Passamaquoddy Indians of Maine, is more carefully made. It is made of birch bark, over light wooden frame, with one thwart amid ships. The bark is sewed together at the ends and to the gunwales with dyed wooden fibres, and the seams are covered with strips of bark, sewed on with roots, and being white stand out distinctly.

A large ice-running raft from the Yukon Indians is made simply of long trees, five or six feet in length, lashed together. A raft, similar long Western Indian, is made of logs, bound together with bark. Another described in their book, used by a people who live on the Columbia river, is made of bundles of reeds, bound together in the form of a long canoe, with both ends turned up. The Indians, in the construction of ground, have also made a boat of buffalo hides, and the weight of the body is brought down, as it is observed, to one inch of water. In the canoe built the upper frame is large and heavy enough to support the weight of the body, and the hides are stretched over it, and the seams are covered with pitch. The Indians call this "bull boat," in the Siouan tribe. The Indians of the Columbia river, and those who live on the shore of Lake Superior, make canoes of birch bark, which are very light and graceful in shape. The Indians of the Columbia river, and those who live on the shore of Lake Superior, make canoes of birch bark, which are very light and graceful in shape. The Indians of the Columbia river, and those who live on the shore of Lake Superior, make canoes of birch bark, which are very light and graceful in shape.

A Primitive Rattan Mill.

The ordinary Mexican cornmill is of the pattern that has been in use from time immemorial, consisting of a basalt-with, but turned by a horse, mule, or ox, or when impoverished, by a human being. The latter is a slight operation, and when used by Indians of Yucatan, Central America, and Mexico, is made to do fifteen times its work, when used by Indians of Dakota. The stone is usually about two feet in diameter, the lower stone being made of gritty wood, and the coverings of skin.—*Washington Star.*

Bees Lost.

The flowering trees were accurately supposed to give out a perfume that made bees light-headed. Others, more modern, contradict this utterly. The experience seed of bee was: "Bees are to flower." Another saying connected with bees was: "Ugly grass be to-day merely."—"Every bee has its track," is a saying which is often quoted to saying: "Every person has his track."

Bees have always had something mysterious connected with them ever since the days when Virgil wrote of the "bees coming from the carcass of the dead," and long ago it the city of Rome the people said that the dark times on bees because were coming, but still the modern people do not believe the accounts of the ancient people in regard to such evidences. But the land of superstitious times was Egypt, where the priests dared not look upon the vegetables.

In Pope Innocence is established, "the blessings of heaven upon the nation," and the phrase of the dead were supposed by the Romans, during the Lemuria, by throwing beans on the fire of the altar every other night from them.

And an ancient Prussian laws, of 1305, were of many necessary to which bees belonged. "He that has no wealth let him receive bees upon fee, but no money as we measure to him, no more must he receive. That is, the owner of the bees receive some with, because he has no wealth to pay, but upon all the charge that were so committed over from the bees, if it were possible to remember them.—*Independent.*

A Sure Sign.

Two young men in Boston who were engaged to two young women, quarreled over politics, and refused to speak to each other. Each called on his fiancée and informed her that he would not marry her if she married the other man. One of the young women agreed with the right but of the two men, and refused to have anything to do with him. The other young woman said that she would be true to her lover, and would not marry him if he would not speak to his friend. The young men made up, and the young women married the men they loved.—*New York Post.*

AGRICULTURAL.

TOPICS OF INTEREST RELATIVE TO FARM AND GARDEN

Preventing Fermentation of Cider.

[illegible]

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS

[illegible]

STRANGE SHIPS.

A NOVEL EXHIBITION IN THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

[illegible]

WOMAN'S WORLD.

PLEASANT LITERATURE FOR FEMININE READERS

Baby Has Gone to School.

[illegible]

No More Bustles.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Fashion Notes.

Onyx is given a dead finish for mourning.

The fashionable tints of the fall are green, red and gray, in myriads of new variations.

New black woolens intended for mourning wear have crinkled stripes like crape.

Among the recently imported novelties in jewelry are a tiny gold watch in [illegible] shape.

[illegible]

Pleasant Comforts for Cattle.

[illegible]

The Fashion's Delicate Art.

[illegible]

HAPPY SMILES.

[illegible]

A Valuable Remedy.

[illegible]

Woman as Peacemaker.

[illegible]

Women Lie, Fables Flourish.

[illegible]

ST. JACOBS OIL
For Lumbago.
CHRONIC CASES
30 YEARS
NO RETURN OF PAIN.

Diamond Vera-Cura FOR DYSPEPSIA.

PISO

THE ONLY
Brilliant
Durable
Economical
DYES

DIAMOND PAINTS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & BROS.
Established

Paine's	CELERY COMPOUND
CURES	PROOFS
Neuralgia	[illegible]
Nervous Prostration	[illegible]
Rheumatism	[illegible]
Kidney Diseases	[illegible]
All Liver Disorders	[illegible]

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ARE YOU MARRIED?

Ely's Cream Balm
COLD in HEAD

PEERLESS DYES

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PALMS' BUSINESS COLLEGE

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LOW PRICE RAILROAD LANDS

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Pocahontas Times.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Dec. 6, 1888.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

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WEEKLY REGISTER

1889

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CATARRH

Announcement.

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA;

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

OUR TREASURY

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

DEEP

INVENTION

JOB WORK

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Lester Hargrave will preach for the year at the following places as stated:

1st Sunday,	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	8 P. M.
2nd "	Sweet,	11 A. M.
"	Bethel,	8 P. M.
3rd "	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	8 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
"	Sweet,	8 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—Fisher killed somebody's pet fox last Saturday.

—It is reported that Nelson Shaver, who was a short time ago released from jail on bail, has disappeared.

—Jno. E. Campbell, who for some time has been working at Charlottesville, Va., has returned to his old place in the TIMES office.

—Mr. L. M. McClintic and Miss Ella Shaver were united in marriage, Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock, at the Hunterville Hotel. We extend hearty congratulations and good wishes.

—Rev. H. W. Kinzer, who has for some days been ill at the residence of C. P. Moore, started for his home in Lewisburg yesterday morning, accompanied by his wife.

—Sacramental meeting at the Presbyterian church next sabbath. Preliminary services on Saturday.

—I hereby gratefully acknowledge the earnest solicitude of the people of Hunterville and community in my behalf, and their unfailing kindness to me during late illness, and invoke upon them the richest blessings of heaven.

H. W. KINZER.

—Jas. B. Caufield, Esq., former editor of THE TIMES, will shortly remove to Goochsville, Va., to take charge of the Orange County Gazette, which paper he recently purchased. We regret very much to lose Mr. Caufield, but as he has promised to go we wish him and Goochs abundant success.

—The first genuine, old time dollar paid the new managers of THE TIMES for subscription, was paid by Peter Hill, Esq., of Jacox, with 10c. on.

—Isaac McNeel, Esq., of Mill Point, spent Tuesday night in town.

—Miss Lizzie Ligon, of Clover Lick, was at the Hunterville Hotel Tuesday night. The object of her visit will be seen by reading the marriage notice in another column.

—Now is the time to renew your subscription to THE TIMES or, if you have never been a subscriber, begin it with the new year. We shall try hard to give you the worth of your money.

Christmas Tree.

The people of Drummond and vicinity contemplate having a big Christmas tree during the Holidays. The tree will be for everybody, and all are invited to help trim up the Xmas tricks. It will be for young and old. Let everybody come to work and help to make the time interesting.

OLD KRIS.

FOR SALE.

Horse for sale in Hunterville the following property: One good horse, one cooking stove, two bedsteads, one lounge, one bedstead, washstands, tables, chairs, one marble top parlor table, washstand, bureau, and many other things useful about a house. If you desire any of the above call and see.

Respectfully,
JAS. B. CAUFIELD.

WANTED

Second Hand Skins. Hides and Furs for cash or exchange.

A. F. LEIST,
Harrison, Bedford Co., Va.

School Reports.

The following is the report of Fairview school for the 2nd month ending November 23rd, 1888.

No. enrolled—Girls, 18; boys, 11.

Average daily attendance—Girls, 11; boys, 8.

Per cent. of daily attendance—Girls, 90; boys, 81.

No. of pupils neither absent nor tardy—Minnie Johnson, Carry Friel, Lena Friel, Frances Sharp, Josie Friel, Amos Sharp, Jerry Friel, Jiles Johnson.

JOHN A. MCLAUGHLIN,
Teacher.

The following is the report of the Sturgis school for the month ending November 23rd:

No. of pupils enrolled—Boys 14, girls 12.

Average daily attendance, 17.

Per cent. of daily attendance, 84.

Pupils neither absent nor tardy, Olive Overholt, Laura Overholt, Joe Hannah and Malvin Overholt.

A. S. OVERHOLT,
Teacher.

Closing Accounts.

I have sold THE TIMES office to Mr. S. B. Losey, Jr., and ALEX. C. F. Moore, and am now settling up all accounts due me on Subscription, Job Work and Advertising. I ask each and every one to give immediate attention to the statements sent to each this week, as I expect to leave the county on December 17th and wish all accounts closed before that time. All accounts not paid before December 15th will be given to L. M. McClintic for collection. Each account is made out at the advance rates, but if any remain unpaid December 15, they will be put in Mr. McClintic's hands at the rate of $2 per year. Honor the statements you receive with cash at once and save time and cost to us both.

Very Truly,
JAS. B. CAUFIELD.

McClintic-Shaver.

The marriage of L. M. McClintic, Esq. and Miss Allen Shaver, young est daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Shaver, was celebrated Wednesday morning 5th, inst. No cards. Wm. T. Price officiating minister. The attendants were Misses Minnie Gammon, of Missouri and Linda Ligon, of Clover Lick, along with Messrs. Dr. McClintic, of Sidney and Harry Patterson, of Hunterville. This auspicious event in the society of our town passed off in a very quiet and appropriate manner, and it was difficult to realize that the nuptials of young persons, so widely known and highly esteemed were being solemnized.

W.

Who is to be the next Governor of West Virginia is a question that will most likely remain unsettled till the legislature convenes and decides it. The democrats and republicans are equally loud and confident in their claims. It seems, however, to be generally conceded that the rest of the democratic State ticket is elected, and that the state has gone for Cleveland by a least 1,000 majority.

The legislature will be democratic by one majority on joint ballot, insuring the election of a democrat to succeed John E. Kenna in the United States Senate, unless there be some psychozatic property among the democrats.

A correspondent of the New York Sun predicts that Grover Cleveland will make his future home in Orange, N. J., and will succeed Blodgett in the U. S. Senate.

The closing session of the Fifteenth Congress met at Washington last Monday. The President's Message, which is said to be a lengthy paper, will now be given the public.

Benjamin and Levi have won the presidential race and Daniel will shortly have to give way to Elijah, and still Bob Ingersoll and a few other Republicans do not believe in the Bible.

AN ANECDOTE OF LONGFELLOW.

A New York paper, in some pleasant gossip about Mr. Longfellow, tells a story of the way he treated the charges of plagiarism against the Indian poem, "Hiawatha," in following closely both the form and substance of The Kalevala, the national epic of Finland. When they began to appear, he showed a profound indifference on the subject; but before long his publisher thought best to call his attention to them, and suggested that a reply from the poet be written. "Well, I'll think about it," said Mr. Longfellow, and there the matter dropped. The press continued to echo and re-echo the charges and the publisher again called on the poet, saying, "Really, Mr. Longfellow, I think it is high time this charge was answered." Again Longfellow said "I'll see about it," adding, quietly, "How is the book selling?" "Oh, wonderfully well," said the publisher. "Better than any other books?" "Oh much better," and he named the figures. Shortly after his interview (Mr. Longfellow still keeping silence), the Tribune came out with almost a page of broadside on the subject. The publisher was now really excited. He rallied on the poet again. "It will not do," he said, very decidedly, "to let this thing go on any longer." "How does the book sell?" asked Longfellow. "Amazingly—the sale is already equal to the combined sales of your other books." "Then," said Longfellow, "I think we ought to be thankful to these critics. Let them talk. Seems to me they are giving us a large amount of gratuitous advertising. Better let them alone." And let alone they were. The fact that at that time there was no existing translation into English which would enable readers to make comparisons, rendered Mr. Longfellow's silence comparatively safe. Now that a complete translation is published in fine and popular form by ALDEN, readers will have a just basis for curiosity to investigate, and see wherein the resemblance lies. And, so commonly is true in comparing originals and imitations, it will be found that great as the merit is of Mr. Longfellow's work, and characteristic of his own individuality, The Kalevala is a work of at most infinitely higher order.

Cocaine, the latest discovered anæsthetic, is, it seems, like its predecessors, chloroform, chloral, and morphine, claiming its victims. A Swiss physician tells the story of a medical friend of his who has succumbed to its fatal allurements. The victim began with morphine, which he eventually exchanged for cocaine. As usual, his first experiments were attended by increased vigor of mind and body. This, however, was soon followed by mental and nervous depression. After increased doses of the drug, he experienced hallucinations, was compelled to walk round and round in circles, to endeavor to pick up insects where he knew none were to be found, and was at length left utterly sleepless and without appetite. To escape the fatal influence of the drug he gave up his practice, and went as surgeon in a ship bound for the east. At length, by means of long sea voyages, he overcame his craving, and was restored to health only, as he knew, to fall a victim to the poison once more on finding it accessible. Persistent indulgence in the drug resulted in one of the most terrible of deaths—exhaustion from [illegible].—St. James Gazette.

BOOKS AND READING.

Desultory habits of study are not to be commended; but I do not advise you to pursue any systematic course of reading, because I am looking upon reading, for the moment, not as an exercise but as a recreation, and I fear that, if it were reduced to a rigid and regular system it should become a wearisome task I would have you countenance of books devour all the good books that you come across, your life will certainly not last long enough to leave you time for the temporary ones.

However warmly you may admire a particular author, do not permit yourself to lose the calmness of fallibility. Do not accept as gospel what any man, however great, he says or writes. Never make a blind surrender of your own judgment, either to the author whose writings you affect or to the society which for the time side him up as an idol. There is a fashion in these things which is very like affectation. Yesterday the rage was for Carlyle; to-day it is for Matthew Arnold or Herbert Spencer; to-morrow it may be for some as yet undiscovered literary planet. Do not let yourself be swept away by the stream. Form your own judgment on the best materials you have and do not hesitate modestly to express your own preference or dislike, even if it be out of harmony with the popular sentiment of the moment.

"Books are a guide in youth, and an entertainment for age. They support us under solitude and keep us from becoming a burden to ourselves. They help us to forget the crossness of men and things, compose our cares and passions and lay our disappointments asleep. When we are weary of the living we may repair to the dead, who have nothing of peevishness, pride or design in their conversation."—Notes for Boys.

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Posters,

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LADIES will find relief from their Corn troubles, by using Dr. Scholl's Wonderful Corn, Bunion and Nail Relief. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cents. Address Scholl Manufacturing Co., 925 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular. [1y]

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Allen D. Greene, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Allen D. Greene to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Allen D. Greene to the undersigned, as Commissioner of said Circuit Court, at the office of the Clerk of said court, or before the 25th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Sewell, Clerk of the said court, this 25th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. SEWELL, Clerk.

Nov29-4t | Printer's fee, $6.85.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said John Sharp to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said John Sharp for adjustment to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Sewell, Clerk of the said court, this 25th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. SEWELL, Clerk.

Nov29-4t | Printer's fee, $4.56.

Commissioner's Office,

Hunterville, W. Va.,
November, 15th, 1888.

John Sharp's Adm'r
vs.
John Sharp's Legatees, &c.

All parties interested in the above cause take notice that I will proceed at my office in Hunterville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889,

to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator, with the will annexed of John Sharp, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if any, severally and collectively, with their dignities and priorities.

3. What amount remains in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest, or required by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, pronounced in above cause at the October Term, 1888, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, JR.,
Com'r in Ch. Ch. P'd.

Nov.29-4t. | Printer's fee, $6.27.

Commissioner's Office.

Hunterville, W. Va.,
Nov. 14th, 1888.

Rosella Smith, &c.,
vs.
Mary F. Mallonee, &c.
IN CHANCERY.

All parties interested in above cause are hereby notified that I will proceed at my office in Hunterville, in said county, on

THURSDAY, THE 20th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1888,

to take the following accounts:

1. The account of the persons who have interests in the fifth section of land in the bill and proceedings mentioned, and the interests of those interested therein.

2. The value of the personal estate of George M. Moore, dec'd, with which Mary F. Mallonee and John M. Mallonee, as widow of said deceased, is charged.

3. Any other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest, or required by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, pronounced in above cause at the October Term, 1888, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, JR.,
Com'r in Ch. Ch. P'd.

Nov29-4t | Printer's fee, $5.41.

Low prices for CASH or
Good County Produce
Booking and Shooting
a specialty.

TAKE A LESSON FROM THE FARMER.

—Chas. W. Anderson in the Mercury.

VERNEENA'S FORTUNE;

—OR,—

The Stolen Heiress.

A TALE OF NEW YORK IN 1835.

BY PROF. WM. HENRY PECK,

AUTHOR OF

"The Queen's Secret," "The Tower of Gold," "The Half-Breed," "Harold's Heir," "The Bride of Barcelona," Etc.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XVIII.

CHAPTER XIX.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous Quotations.

[illegible]

WORDS OF WISDOM.

He who gives becomes rich.

Charity is more than sacrifice.

Great plenty breeds much dainty.

Economy is of itself a great revenue.

The corn grows on the [illegible] foot.

The cat and the rat make peace over a carcase.

A myrtle, even in the desert, remains a myrtle.

The hangman has no grudge against the murderer.

Do not talk of your private, personal or family matters.

[illegible] tellest thy secret to three persons, [illegible] know it.

Never kick unless you find you are getting the worst of it.

It is hard to catch a fish if you haven't the right kind of bait.

A man wants a great many things he doesn't need in this world.

Success in most things depends on knowing how long it takes to succeed.

A failure establishes only this—our determination to succeed was not strong enough.

Dost thou love life? Then do not squander time for that is the stuff life is made of.

If a word spoken in its time is worth one piece of money, silence in its time is worth two.

When thou art the only purchaser, thou buy; when other buyers are present, be thou nobody.

Flowers are the hieroglyphics of nature, with which she indicates how much she loves us.

[illegible]

DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "The Divine Mission of Pictures."

TEXT: "The sum of the Lord of Hosts shall be upon all pleasant pictures."—Isaiah ii., parts of the 12th and 16th verses.

[illegible]

CURIOUS FACTS.

Wisconsin has a champion player of the game of draughts.

No gold or silver coins are issued by the Chinese Government.

Edith Brinkham of Racine, Wis., lost her life by falling out of bed.

The leap year privilege is said to be six hundred and sixty years old.

Ben Franklin recognized the value of time. He invented three clocks.

A skipping rope has been patented which sets in motion a small musical box in one of the handles.

Mary Goodwin of Atlanta, Ga., is thirty-eight years of age and the mother of twenty-seven children.

It is against municipal law in China to dig over 100 feet to find well water. It is the idea that the bottom would fall through.

Ice was produced in summer by means of chemical mixtures by Mr. Walker, in 1798. This was the first known attempt in this direction.

The first patent in America was issued in 1790 to Samuel Hopkins, of Philadelphia, for an improvement in the manufacture of potash.

Near Oakland, Texas, an express train struck a fallen tree and every car left the rails, yet not a single passenger was either killed or wounded.

A Washington Territory man left $2000 for all the delicacies of the season to be fed to his dog, while his old father was made heir to his watch and chain only.

Eighty-four children belong to four mothers of Media, Penn. Mrs. Samuel Field has 20, Mrs. [illegible] Chandler 22, Mrs. James Barrett 18, and Mrs. William Wright [illegible].

A Missouri horse fell over a cliff thirty-five feet high and escaped with only a scratch on his leg. Next day he got a piece of corn-cob in his throat and choked to death.

The Bermudas take their name from their discoverer, John Bermudas, who visited them in 1522. The first settler was Sir George Summers, who was cast away on them in 1609.

While Charles Cogswell was courting a pretty young woman of Birmingham, Conn., the other day, he dropped dead by her side. She fainted from the shock, and was for a time likely to die.

Timothy Carter is believed to be the oldest stereotyper. He introduced the trade in Boston. School books spoke of him in 1817. He is still a living man, lives at Newton, and is ninety years of age.

At Texarkana the other day a long-horned steer undertook to knock out the elephant of a travelling circus, but even on his native heath was no match for the big foreigner, and was laid out stiff and stark in just half a round.

At Kearney, N. J., a factory chimney is being erected, which will, when finished, be the tallest in the country, and the fourth highest in the world. It will be 335 feet high. There are two taller chimneys in Scotland and one in England.

A hotel waiter in Cincinnati who stole from a guest, hid the money in his "turn-down" collar. He was suspected of the theft, and, while being conducted to the stationhouse, the officer noticed a greenback protruding from the novel hiding place.

A beetle as large as a sparrow has been received by the State Entomologist of New York. It came from Central America. Its [illegible] curiosity [illegible] two green leaves attached to a leg. It is called a "camel cricket," and was produced in Texas.

A Massachusetts cat, which lived to the age of twenty years and two months, is buried under a granite obelisk shaped to resemble Bunker Hill monument, and deeply chiselled with the name "Beverly," the which high sounding appellation belonged in life to the cat.

There was a race lately in Zanzibar between a zebra and an ostrich, and, though the bird came in a hundred yards ahead, the beast won the purse. It was done in this way: The zebra's rider claimed that he had been passed by a fowl, which nobody with a sense of orthography could deny, and so the race was awarded where it did not belong.

Sailors believe religiously that the frigate bird can start at daybreak with the trade winds from the coast of Africa and roost the same night upon the American shore. Whether or not this is a fact has not yet been conclusively determined, but it is certain that the bird is the swiftest of winged creatures, and is able to fly, under favoring conditions, 200 miles an hour.

The Ainos are Bearded Like Fauns.

The British Consul at Hakodate states that the Ainos, who are a remarkable tribe of small, hairy people, originally living by hunting and fishing, have been in great straits since the [illegible] of their fishing grounds by the Japanese in 1868. Since 1885 efforts have been made to relieve their distress and to teach them farming, and in 1888 about 800 acres were cultivated by them. In their chief home in the island of Yesso the Ainos are estimated to number 17,000 individuals, with [illegible]. They are supposed to be gradually disappearing.—Atlantic Pioneer.

The Queen of Italy has distinguished herself as an Alpine tourist.

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOURY. E. F. MOORE.

LOURY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

Entered at the postoffice at Pocahontas, Va., as second-class matter.

The skies of the nineteenth century presage or threaten to be a period of prominent government. A probable Napoleonic queen is growing up in Austria, there is a regent in Spain, and next a baby king afflicted with a nervous disease. Two healthier children, girl, both stand in the order of succession. The heiress apparent to the throne of the Netherlands is a girl. Said to me an ex minister to the court of St. Petersburg, "the Czar's two sons are *malingerers of chefifs*, and there is a prospect of a Czarina in her own right. The imperial crown of Brazil must soon fall to the crown princess, a woman of moral stamina and fine emotions. She has earnest against a high and threatening tide of opposition, the abolition of slavery.

The Czar has been brought to entertain the idea of marrying the czarewitch to a young lady of a hardy mountain race not consanguine in any degree with him. Her offspring, it she had any, might be an improvement on the existing Romanoffs. Montenegrin Princes and the Czarewitch would form such a couple as Mary Stuart and Francis II. The Queen of Greece, the same diplomatist tells me, has gone to St. Petersburg to induce the Czar to freeze her daughter to the princess from the Black mountain.

Wealth of the Presidents.

Washington married a rich widow and left an estate worth $3,000,000, but John Adams was not worth one-sixth of that sum. Jefferson died so poor that if Congress had not given him $23,000 for his library he would have been bankrupt. Madison was economical, and yet left but a small estate. Monroe died poor. John Quincy Adams left $50,000, the result of prudence. Jackson left a large landed estate. Van Buren died worth $300,000; it is said that during his entire administration he never drew any portion of his salary but on leaving took the whole $100,000 in a lump. Polk left one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Fillmore was always an economical man, and added to his wealth by his last marriage. Pierce saved fifty thousand dollars. Buchanan left two hundred thousand dollars. Lincoln left seventy five thousand dollars, and Johnson fifty thousand. Grant, notwithstanding the losses to which he has subject, had a handsome support in the fund provided for him by his friends, and the sales of his book enrich the family. Hayes is said to be in a handsome financial condition, and the Garfields enjoy a life and pension and the income from a large fund contributed by the public. Cleveland will no doubt save fifty thousand dollars from his Presidential salary.

The President elect has tendered [illegible] W. Halford, managing editor of the Indianapolis Journal, the position of private secretary. Mr. Halford is forty-five years of age, and came from England when a child with his parents, who settled in Cincinnati. He began his newspaper career as a reporter on the Indianapolis Journal twenty-five years ago, and now, in a few years through successive promotions, to the managing editorship.

A fully authenticated case of longevity is that of Rev. Wm. Shedard, of the parish of Moberly, in Scotland. The baptismal register shows that he was baptized on the 26th of March, 1781, and is now at least in his 102d year.

The condition of Hon. Jno. Bright, the venerable English statesman, who has been in a critical state of health, is reported improving.

PRESIDENT AND HOUSE

Mr. Lovegrove Dobbin, the Postmaster of the House, said to-day that each House of Representatives elected ever since the foundation of the Government had been in political accord with the President elected the same year. Many people he went to say, make the mistake of supposing that this was not true when Henry Clay was Speaker. They forget, though that at the time Clay was first elected Speaker he was a Democrat and not a Whig, having changed his politics later on. The republicans had control of the House from Lincoln's first election until the tidal wave in 1874, or during Grant's second Administration, when the democrats got the upper hand in the Congressional contests, and held the House right along until 1880, when it was once more lost. Garfield was chosen President that year, and the republicans secured a bare majority in the lower branch, and by working the election committee cigorously they soon made a majority that enabled them to wag along smoothly. The democrats carried the House by a large majority in 1876 also, and that year they also elected Samuel J. Tilden President but he was counted out, and Rutherford B. Hayes became *de facto* President. This year Harrison has been elected President, and it looks as if the republicans have also secured control of the House by a slender majority. In "off years" the Democrats have regained ascendancy in the House, and history is apt to repeat itself next year.—St. Louis Republic.

Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, of the New York World, who is spending the winter in France for the benefit of his eyes, now sends instructions as to the management of his paper on the cylinder of a graphophone. He speaks into a graphophone in Paris and forwards the cylinder to his New York office, where his speech is heard as distinctly as if he were there himself.

WEEDS.—Every farmer is interested in destroying weeds on the farm and highway, and nothing but persistent, united effort will do any good. If every boy would make it his business to destroy the weeds about the house before the seed is mature, and every farmer would see to it that the farm is kept clean, it would not be long until there would be a marked decrease in the whole country.

It was a pretty mean man who, when asked to umpire a baseball game between two colored nines, immediately called the game on account of darkness.

The German Government has sent a torpedo boat and a dispatch boat to assist in the blockade of East African ports.

The Government pays the Adams Express Company $175,000 annually for the transportation of bonds and specie to different sections of the United States.

Sensible words from Dr. Cuyler: "Never commit the idiotic crime of writing a sermon on saturday evening! Sleep all night if you want to keep your people awake all sunday."

The "incensed man" in Kansas has been found. He lives in Reno County, and in writing to the treasurer of Sedgewick county he used a postal card that had done duty once before, spending nearly three hours in effacing the old address, postmark and message. The postal is to be framed and hung in the treasurer's office.

A smart Chicago lady was asked by his doting father "whose boy he was." "I give it up," he replied. "The Judge hasn't decided whether you or mother gets me."—N. Y. Press.

Sanitas Visitor, "Tabb is an excellent paper, sir I have read it regularly for years." Editor "I am very glad that it has won your good opinion. I trust that you will always like it." "Like it! Why, sqheer! dont neighbor has loaned it to me for so long that were he to move away I'd miss the paper awfully."—Boston Budget.

A five year old boy for the first time saw the electric lights illuminating the streets. He looked at one of them some moments in silent astonishment, and then ran over to his mother, and exclaimed: "Mamma, come here! Here's a star on the top of a pole!"

"Doctor, I have come to see you about my little boy." "What ails him?" "One leg is shorter than the other and he limps. Now, what would you do in such a case?" "I think I should limp, too."

"That's it!" exclaimed Mrs. Bascom at the concert as the singer came out again in response to an encore, "Make 'em do it over again until they get the thing right."

Burglars and thieves are getting so bold in Chicago that the policemen are having their silver-plated badges sewed on.—Yonkers Statesman.

When a man pays five dollars for a little piece of quinine it is hard to convince him that it is a drug on the market.

The base-ball batter will soon give way to the buckwheat batter.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

"Please I want to buy a shilling's worth of hay." "Is it for your father?" "Oh, no it's for the horse"

A "good man gone wrong" is usually a bad man found out.—Buffalo Express.

Even at $7,000 a year a judge's life is full of trials.

Republican to Democrat—"Well, how do you feel since you've been licked?"

Democrat—"I feel like Lazarus did when he was licked by dog."

Learn to forgive.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

TORPID LIVER

Is known by these marked peculiarities:

1. A feeling of weariness and pain in the back.
2. Bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, and furred tongue.
3. Sometimes, with occasional attacks
4. Headache, in the front of the head, dizziness, and pulsation in the
5. Dizziness, loss of appetite,
6. Irregularity of the stomach and bowels
7. Piles,
8. Irritability of temper, and gloomy spirits, [illegible] nervousness,
9. Sometimes, with occasional attacks

A perfect dose of this liver is [illegible] to [illegible] good health.

BILIOUSNESS.

GAZE GAZETTE

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

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REPEATING RIFLES,

SINGLE SHOT RIFLES, RELOADING TOOLS, and AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Dec. 13, 1888. No. 21.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County

Judge of Circuit Court, H. A. Holt.
Prosecuting Attorney, R. S. Turk.
Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
County Board, R. C. Hill.
Clerk of Co. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Clerk W'k's. Ct. (R. H. Clark, Pres't. / R. S. Hannah. / G. P. Moore.
Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. E. McCLINTIC. G. P. MOORE.

McCLINTIC & MOORE,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in Supreme court of Appeals.

A. STOPER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKER,
Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

W. J. H. WITCHER,
BEGINNER DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County semi-annually Spring and Fall. The exact time of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. W. G. SYMMONDS,
Physician & Surgeon,
ACADEMY, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Prof. Spencer Fullerton, Principal of Fullerton's Business College, Wheeling, W. Va., writes: "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor in my family for the last two years, and find it to be the best preparation for the hair I have ever used. It keeps the hair soft and glossy, and prevents it from falling out. I cheerfully recommend it to all who desire to restore the color of gray hair."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Send by mail for 20 cents.

President's Message.

A RUNNING SKETCH OF THE MESSAGE.—The President notes in the outset of the message that with the expiration of the present session of Congress the first century of our constitutional existence as a nation will be completed, and this circumstance, he observes, admonishes us to inquire soberly whether in the past we have kept closely in the course of safety marked out in the constitution, and whether the way before us is plain and clear. Equal and exact justice between the government and citizens, as well as between citizen and citizen, is the underlying principle of our institutions. In the early days of the republic this principle was rigidly insisted on. The tribute of the citizen to the support of the government was measured strictly by the cost of its maintenance. In those days the frugality of the people was stamped upon their government and enforced by a thoughtful and intelligent suffrage. Combinations, monopolies and aggregations of capital were avoided or sternly regulated. A century has passed. Now our cities are filled with wealth and luxury; our manufactories yield fortunes never dreamed of by the fathers of the republic, and immense aggregations of capital outrun the imagination in the magnitude of their undertakings. At first view this is a bright picture, but closer scrutiny reveals a sombre shading. Side by side with the wealth of our cities we see poverty and uncremunerative toil. Increased urban population suggests the impoverishment of rural sections. The fortunes of our manufactories are no longer solely the reward of sturdy industry and foresight, but result largely from the discriminating favor of the government, being built upon unjust exactions from the people. Two well-defined classes are being formed—on one side the very rich and the powerful, on the other the toiling poor. Closer inspection discloses the existence of trusts and other like monopolies trampling upon the unorganized masses, while corporations which should be the carefully-restrained servants of the people are fast becoming their masters. The cause and cure of these invasions of the principle of equality before the law lies in our system of taxation. The high tariff, in the interest of a favored few, exacts unneeded millions from taxpayers, part of which millions go to swell the surplus in the treasury, while the rest and much the larger part go to the stocking of millionaires. The effect is to injure the health of the entire body politic. In the benefit-ciaries of high tariff taxes it stifles all patriotic love of country, and its place is taken by selfish greed and grasping avarice. The government is regarded by the favored class, not as an embodiment of equality, but as an instrumentality through which individual advantages are to be gained. This view is encouraged. It is manifested in a wild disregard of all but personal interests, the refusal to abate for the benefit of others one iota of selfish advantage, and in combinations to control legislation and improperly influence the suffrages of the people. On the other hand, a spirit of discontent is generated among those not included within the circle of tariff benefits. Farmers selling in foreign markets and buying under competition only in the home market, find themselves impoverished, their lands decreasing in value and their debts increasing. Working men and others not engaged in farming are likewise victims of the unequal laws. Communism is a hateful thing, but here is a communism of combined capital, the outgrowth of cupidity and selfishness. It exasperates the discontented and threatens with wild disorder the citadel of rule. The idea that the government shall protect the rich so that they shall protect the poor is wrong and absurd. No intermediary between the people and their government is required; its existence makes the boast of free institutions a glittering delusion. What is wanted is a just and sensible revision of our tariff laws for the relief of the forgotten masses. The necessity of a reduction of our revenue is conceded. Extravagant appropriations should not be accepted in lieu of it. There should be no cessation of the struggle for tariff reform until a plan is perfected which is fair to existing industries, which will reduce to consumers the cost of the necessaries of life, and which will give our manufacturers freer raw materials, without injury to American labor. The cause is the people's. It should never be compromised. There is a growing assumption that the government must relieve with paternal care every individual and community that makes a claim upon it. This is seen in the ready concessions to inefficient contractors, to unfounded claims for pensions and to demands for unnecessary public buildings. Meanwhile the real needs of the government and people are neglected. Relief of the Supreme Court, improved land laws, plans of Indian management, the need of United States prisons, revision of pension laws—these have been urged upon Congress time and again, and yet are deferred, while favors are voted to energetic claimants whose claims are without merit. Regard for the constitution would correct these errors of the legislative body. President Jackson's determination to restore to the people unimpaired the trust committed to his charge and to dissuade the people from admiration of powerful monopolies and aristocratic establishments is worthy of all imitation. The foreign relations of the government are peaceful. The fisheries question remains to be settled. There has not, however, since March, 1887, been any case of unfriendly or unlawful treatment of American fishing vessels. The interference of Lord Sackville in the very crisis of the presidential election, by counsel and advice, with the suffrages of American citizens, and subsequent impugnment of the Executive and Senate, was unpardonable conduct, especially in view of the fact that the counsel and advice had reference to important questions now pending between the British and United States governments. Further recognition of the diplomatic character of Lord Sackville was therefore declined. A survey of the boundary between Alaska and Canada is recommended. The Samoan question is mentioned as of interest to the people of the United States, and also the question of the preservation of our influence in the Hawaiin Islands. The establishment of diplomatic intercourse with Corea and Persia are notable events of the past year. The disturbances in Hayti are noted, and steps taken for the protection of American interests in that republic. A treaty of commercial reciprocity with Mexico is advised in view of our increasing commercial intercourse with that country in recent years. Treaties have been made with Peru and Ecuador, in the case of the latter looking to the settlement of the well-known claim of Santos, an American citizen, for loss of property at the hands of the government of Ecuador. Preliminary steps have been taken for the meeting in Washington, in 1889, of representatives of South and Central American States, together with those of Mexico, Hayti, and San Domingo, and the prospect of improving commerce by co-operative legislation is adverted to. In April next will be held also at Washington a conference of maritime powers to devise uniform rules of the sea security of life and property at sea—a desideratum in view of the many recent collisions at sea. Naturalization is at present too easy a process and is much abused. Our laws in regard to passports need revision, and a central bureau for the registration of cases of naturalization is required. Instances of spurious citizenship would thus be detected and unjust responsibilities of this government be avoided. The consular service should be reorganized. There should be fewer principal consular offices, and such as are continued should be better sustained. The centennial celebration at New York on April 30, 1889, of the inauguration of Washington as President, in an event of national interest in which Congress, it is suggested, should provide for the government's participation. The revenues of the government for the year 1888 show an increase, and the expenditures show a decrease, notwithstanding an increased payment of over $5,000,000 for pensions. For that year the surplus, including the sinking fund provision of $47,000,000, was $119,612,116, for 1889 the estimated surplus is $104,000,000; for 1890, $101,222,511. Up to December 1, 1888, the purchases of bonds with surplus funds in the treasury aggregated $94,000,000, including premiums amounting to $17,308,813. The transaction was not a good one, it is urged, for the people, as it means to them a loss—in interest on money uselessly taken out of their business—of $55,700,000. At the date last mentioned the surplus in the treasury was $53,234,610, exclusive of $30,000,000 allotted to pensions. The amount of silver dollars coined is $312,570,980, of which $60,870,000 are in circulation. The further coinage of silver, it is recommended, should be discontinued. The army numbers 24,540, exclusive of 2,179 officers. Great progress is being made in preparations for the protection of efficient modern ordnance for both army and navy. Ship building is going on apace, and within 13 months eleven efficient, modern, steel men of war will be added to the navy. This building has been paid for and of the savings of the department under the present administration. The large increase of the business and facilities of the Postal Department is noted. Since 1880 its revenues have increased from $19,772,000 to $53,700,000, and its services in the country in a more than corresponding extent. Increased compensation for the 54,814 postmasters of the fourth class and for other classes of postal employes is recommended. The efficiency of the Department of Justice has greatly increased, but a sentiment prevails unfavorable to the payment of judgments obtained in the government. The right disposition of our public lands is an important question requiring the attention of Congress. Over $6,000,000 acres have been restored from illegal occupation, but new legislation is needed to give the people their own. The enactment of a general pension law is urged. The expenditures last year under this head were $87,000,000 or 37 per cent. of the total expenditure of the year. The existence of great laxity of ideas on the subject of pensions is called to the attention of Congress and the discontinuance of certain precedents in granting pensions for partisan and irrelevant considerations is advised. The adjustment of the relations between the government and the land-grant railroads is a pressing matter. The subject, it is suggested, should be treated as a business proposition with a view to getting back the people's money. Legislation is needed to secure a proper collection and arrangement of the laws of the District of Columbia. There is at present inconvenience and danger to life and property attending the operation of steam railroads in Washington. Legislation to correct this state of things is likewise urged as necessary for the safety of the citizens.—Baltimore Sun.

An estimate of the education and intelligence of a country may be made from its postal business; and the report of the Postmaster General of its interest in this respect. He shows that the United States surpasses every other country in the volume of mail matter transmitted, in the cheapness of postage, in the postal revenue and expenditure, in the extent of mail routes, in the number of Post Offices, and in the average number of pieces of mail matter to each inhabitant. The countries that come next in order are Great Britian, Germany, and France; but Russia, Austria, Spain and Italy are so far behind that they form a subject of contrast rather than of comparison. The reading and writing habits of the people of the United States are the result of the school system which pervades all parts of our country.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 16, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co., Gentlemen: I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as Dean Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew ought to know something about the manner in which Republican campaigns are conducted and he says: "The enormous sum increasing with each campaign, which the exigencies of our canvasses impel the committees to collect and disburse, are the sore sore and the disgrace of our suffrage."

It appears that one of the candidates for the Speakership of the next House has long been systematically working to get votes. Mr. Burrows of Michigan began last session, upon the theory that the Republicans would carry the House, and has made such progress that his friends say he will be the lead candidate in the caucus.

DR. TALMAGE.

AGRICULTURAL.

TOPICS OF INTEREST RELATIVE TO FARM AND GARDEN.

How to Select Seeds.

It is said by the New York Times that in the following way one can select the best seeds for planting: Procure a tub of water, and into it put the seeds to be tested. Those which float are worthless, and should be thrown away. The seeds that sink are the ones to plant. They are heavy with the germs of life, and will grow.

Preventing Seed Corn.

After seed corn is dried away thoroughly in the center of the ears it will be well to proceed in keeping it until ready for use. Many have a building in a dry place in which it is not moist, which is sometimes impossible if always protected from dampness, frost and freezing—the great difficulty in keeping the seed properly after it is dried. Corn in large ears will be attacked of its worms and dried up a few days before packing away, to be sure all such are in the husks at the time. A well kiln dried will keep corn a dry while there. If it is properly dry, many good ears can be put in with the seed on the cob until nearly planting, believing that the gradual ripening the swelling germs who is in general through when stored in any quantity. If the ears are packed in barrels, would bring out better.

Others prefer shelling and raising seeds are not as sensitive of loss of moisture as germs in husked ears, must begin not over one bushel at especially large ears than larger ones. Careful shelling by hand, before shelled by machine, as we are to reach the germs to injure the germ in a good practice. This shelling may not be done until the time for planting, but many advocate doing it as soon as the corn is well dried, to ensure a vigorous germ cannot. I warm spots in winter. Too much care cannot be taken to keep the seed under dry and even from frost. T. H. Leeds, Ohio. It is the color is to be: or cause an over-ripe seed to the germ of the first year, when it is always dry and warm, especially if there is a warm spell in the winter. I find pole the seed by itself during the cold under the germ of the second year of the germination, the lower ears having a tendency to the cold weather. That frost will kill long the germ of well cured seed is believed to be true, and the most careful growers keep the seed corn away from the frost the year around.

Farmers who carefully follow the above method with seed corn will not have to complain of poor crops or poor germs. Four bushels of corn per acre of such seed will germinate to perfection. This one statement is based on long experience a by many careful observers. It is not theory. It is pure theory, and would be well for their readers to try a few ears of seed corn in the spring. Their success would prevent them by guessing one hundred per cent. of good seed to start at a consequence of forty per cent. germs, which is quite rarely happens, where all seed are carefully selected, germs the yield and there the crop will be nearly to one hundred days to average season.—American Agriculturist.

Trees in Cultivate.

A correspondent of the New England Farmer has the following advice to offer on the subject of the advisability of trees in culture. It has the two quality and general good, gathered every one hand and hand, and every one who owns wood-land should have some trees planted. They become a source of profit. They change taking place slowly of rapidity, according to the temperature of the ground, the trees will keep. For the sake of the fruit it is well that the forest should take place slowly, for the fruit then ripened always grows more fine. The wind naturally has trees by a warmer temperature. The warmer the air before the apples and pears ripen, and for the same reason indicates that the temperature should be kept among a few degrees above the freezing point.

Almost every one of the most successful farmers that we have known in the cultivation of orchard fruit has been a lover of trees in general. He has not been content with the fruit trees, but has planted the forest trees, and given them a good share of his attention. He has not been content to let them grow as they would, but has trimmed them, and has taken care of them. He has not been content to let them grow as they would, but has trimmed them, and has taken care of them. He has not been content to let them grow as they would, but has trimmed them, and has taken care of them.

Fruit and Garden Notes.

Manure and plenty of bedding.

Try and set plants near and cultivate your seed in.

A teaspoon two pounds to set out a tree properly.

If the soil is not naturally dry, set it so will drained.

Fine tool seeds can be raised almost as cheaply as mangels. Great from the land.

The soil around newly set trees should be kept mellow—use by stirring or mulching.

Keep your young chicks out of the grass at first if you wish to have them thrive and do well.

Fruit-trees does not suit the young orchard to winter the broken down, unless farm loans.

Do not forget that the best place for fall vegetable or making hay is the cucumber and melon patch.

Weeds in the change or keep a growth of flower or the annual during the winter or replant it in the spring.

When you notice a caterpillar nest on the roadside or land, destroy it. If neglected, your orchard will suffer.

It is well that "better working, as new practiced as many farms, is an obvious source of income not realized."

Spread lime and clover, a first load each year, and, as means or the pre-ferred to a fresh lime, regardless of brand.

Imperfect composting of the soil around the seed, in which is included proper harrowing of the surface by roots, is the chief cause of failure in post cultivation.

If the waste are of a large size and have a well-defined mark, they may be safely removed by using a thread rubbing around the neck, and this will prevent the introduction of dirt to them, and in a few days they will die, after which removed with a dairy knife.

The Tool and Cat Are Friends.

Mrs. Lucena, of Little Ferry, N. J., owns a cat that has formed a curious attachment for a large wood that has the habit of a crowing garden. Now for the wood is a convenient party, in the cat's affectionate demonstrations. This disease has not been able to ascertain, for the fat, tragedy common animal lover of an impressive consideration. Every forenoon, when the cat has finished her morning duty she has finished, and when the hen has found the road proprietary enough to go to the residence and call, usually look in to apply for an invitation to the back door. This is a most intelligent cat, and always makes loudly call which drive to the hen. Then the upside we hear in coming the road with the cat in front. In a few, entering in the back door, the cat goes to the cupboard, and, standing nearly erect on its hind legs, scratches upon it with a deliberate, and unmistakable appeal to open the door. Receiving food her love upon the hand.

Such is the life of the cat, the cat, and the hen is manifestly into the garden and not in doors on the cool wood, and the cat is the food cakes on either to prepare, preparing the laundry of such a way. The collection by which a stranger would begin to look at length a cordial reception, but the cat is not to be deterred, and continues the familiar acquaintance between them, whether the road that "does a cat."—New York Sun.

Health Hints.

A quiet mind is as much rest as to the body. A dog would growl if it had to work.

The weight and dear burden a good be taken.

Brown's quiet, but trembling a nature. Cause they will then warm well.

He is wealth no more than who has not what he has.

The first virtue where he may choose, what he has.

Take a pen and quiet the last a cause. In the most thing that it would be used.

Whatever drugs and does cured to a food accepted.

Two people happen never to meet, but there is always a why. The thought of the Creator.

"I want to be a carpenter when after all," said the little boy, "but I don't want to spend the balance of my days in a shop."—Burlington Hawkeye.

Hard: A Duet.

Text was known and as the hall we'll sing from North and South to fair and West gaple then it.

To see the good fortune of which some get up we, and the fellow, be he wait or be laid, and free to recall both should or was done to, prosperity won in war with B. Franklin.

To, as she are domestic as it, to wrinkle, from trouble, known we'll ve on, takeover, and hath wood or coin or shelter.

It are moments after communion a girl or two we hang up back to rekline back in your cheek and wonder when was the last time it hurt step back to the Savior or Nile.

I would there pathway yet her good from, fair-haired, and survived the favorite's hand. I say to a tea, but we was were a dada or.

Confectioners says the porridge or them, both were least likely a sort of hair business to warrant and it were billed up and carried you're throwed in.

Knew cracker the backbone for was were we it, for her it was first than all hard to go, or she. Knew didn't others his heart matter.

But known minds and wills hands has labored on a impossible will now we have got a hash with are a back.

Was it are yet together why there hasn't we discussed on it. To the food for me.

I kin lie on it 3 times a day, and eat it twice meals for a selfdish.

Furthermore I never yet sent 2 drops wish would: He over a moment we back.

I live often there how is it symbolic hasn't to mind remember back done up on, can like Dobbs's milk or Lowell-ine's for.

Seems to me it would be a lady thing for politeness and milk.

Only yet occasion we a fellow cattle wrote 2 or 3 more we back in his pocket.

Or subject it be turned out in the form food called calyxtot down in, dry like, so as to be carried in paper bags.

Sure tales with a feel on him tube make a fortune out as this.

If I were ranger I would go into it are teeth and gold, partridge I send hurry a few chunks to pass it with.

The idea is too subliminal to be longer.

Go on some, nonessential hash, ying men, in 5 pound cans.

There be all kinds or ways, vulgar and novelgent, as desserts hash. Some rule it away with a knee-title, others use a bowl, and vacuum pulverize spoons it down.

The heathen Chinese transform it with a wooden rabbit-mold (for the war were no chief fill or their hash were to sufficient for me), and the supper spins eats it with a paper for back.

There be lots or ways or makin hash. But are we, Pilgrim the lowest method.

I done partook to her it not were well. The most particular place or go-parts it has only be obtained in a hot-tin house. —George Ledger.

What They Were Thinking Of.

They had been talking for a long time. Arabella's chair was tired, and just for a change stirred with John's legs. There was a good deal of silence for a few minutes.

"What are you thinking of, John dear?" asked Arabella.

"Just what you are, sweet," replied John.

"Oh, you horrid, horrid man," exclaimed the sweet one, springing to her feet. "If I'd have known that you were thinking of leaving I wouldn't have sat there one minute. And you won't catch me sitting there again, sir, you may depend."—Tuxtor Siftings.

Cheerful Prospect.

Mr. Saggers (who has been having the customary breakfast table growl)—Well, when I die I hope I won't go where I'll have to make a fire every morning.

Mrs. S.—No fear. The fire will be all ready for you.

Why He Knew Russell.

Sunday school teacher—Why did Lucretia Smith in God never marry?

Bad boy—Cause he never had to wind a Waterbury watch. Hard case if he had to wind mine.—Arcade Record.

Living on the Reputation of Others.

"Everything that I have had my good name upon me that and I am content," he said the philosopher. So we all appreciate an of genuine article in our lives of quality we wish that we upon the enjoyment of others. The good name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has induced many adventurers to put on the market preparations and not only serving to the best consumers of the genuine article, but also unscrupulous dealers in their efforts. The public should in all bottle guard against these frauds and, when an article sounds like, insist upon having Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

The genuine is never sold in bulk or by measure, and is put up in bottles only.

CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm.
Cold in Head.

Warner's Log Cabin Remedies. "Sarsaparilla, Pills," "Cough and Lung Syrup," "Hop and Buchu," "Extract," "Hair Tonic," "Log Cabin Pills."

Warner's "Log Cabin Remedies," for Catarrh. They are, like Warner's "Tippecanoe," the choice of heroes recorded in the old Log Cabin days.

Evening Up the Score.

A young society lady of Chatham, who is reputed to be up with the pound on eighteen kinds of ways of how to get on in society, brought home a most elaborate invitation from a neighbor the other night. Mistress was worried, sisters sandwiched the two elder brothers here and there, and the two other brothers were out on the race. The young lady declared to fight it out on that line if it took all winter, and that she would save that ball in the house of the county vote. A council of war was held between the two brothers, and with a sacrilegious hand and a sharp pocketknife they ended the scissor work of the sufferer, and left the desk of a lot short of its rich plumage. Amanda sat morning work, stunned, relapsed into silence and brooding thoughts, and the following morning one brother found his bicycle in sections, part of it in the cellar and part in the garret, and the other is looking for parts of his shotgun divorced from the stock. Amanda sits sweetly smiling, the picture of conscious innocence.

The heart of man is like the love of the Master.

Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs and Bronchitis, can be cured by the use of Brown's Hurehound vs. Pitch Pine Tar Cough Syrup. Prompt relief. Price 25 cts. Sold by druggists.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

Church is not always an inconvenience, when connected with sufficient digestion to relieve us of an advanced attack of spring-time disease of some type. Do not neglect the warning, but through timely aid in the brain. Refuse it in any form, use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and be free from the use of the nuisance, and in this way you will be doing that will. You may also yourself by the same means, and at the same time will conveniently become a pestilence feared. It is the universal invention of a scientific physician. A word to the wise is sufficient."

A really invaluable—The addition of grain sweetings to cut-tea. Starch.

Conventional "Nonce" Resolutions.

Whereas, The M. com. Goods (L. N. A. & C. Ry. Co.) seem to make it known to the world at large that it forms the double connection that it has between Jersey City and the winter cities of Florida and the summer resorts of the Northwest, and

Whereas, The "fast mail" enters in at one end, the end of Pullman Buffet Sleepers at the other end, and carries between the Lehigh Valley, Philadelphia and Chicago, and Cincinnati, without end, and

Whereas, The rates are as low as the lowest; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the event of wanting to go to or get going to or from the west, N. O. Ry. Co. will be pleased to call on, write to, or see Depot, St. Chicago, for full particulars as to rates, routes and for a Beautiful Guide, sixteen or Chicago.

Many a political candidate heats his opponent to a stretch.

Knew them in the Nursery.

Hamburg Hyperbole: "Let us not be the recipients of unsolicited favors, and let us not be the recipients of unsolicited favors, and let us not be the recipients of unsolicited favors, and

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOURY. C. F. MOORE.

LOURY & MOORE,

PUBLISHERS.

C. F. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Hunters ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Dec. 13, 1888.

A recent public test of the consolidated railway telegraph system of train telegraphy, made on the Lehigh Valley railroad, gave very satisfactory results. On a train moving sixty miles an hour, messages were sent and received to and from other trains on the road; and communication was had with this city and with different stations on the line.—Boston Budget.

President Cleveland's last message to Congress is before the people, and the almost unanimous verdict is that in wisdom and ability it compares favorably with his former state papers which have given him high rank as a statesman. Those who expected the President to abandon the reform ideas of his previous utterances will be very much disappointed when they read his message. He is not the kind of a man to forsake a principle because it happens to be somewhat unpopular; but has the courage to declare what to him seems right, if opposed by the entire people.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

It is now given out that Cardinal Gibbons favors the suspension of Sunday work in the Government's mail and military service and on the inter-State railways. He has written a letter to that effect which will be made public at the next hearing of the Senate Education and Labor Committee on the subject, to be given during the forthcoming meeting of the American Sunday Convention in this city.

The question is thus made to assume an importance that it has never reached before. The Catholic and Protestant churches in the country once substantially united in support of legislation looking to the observance of Sunday in the manner indicated, it will be difficult for Congress to resist so powerful a pressure. Yet it is much to be doubted whether the moral benefits gained by the stoppage of Sunday mail and railway traffic would compensate for the serious interruption to many important and not wholly unnecessary interests that would be occasioned thereby.

The question is a somewhat complex one and will not admit of hasty action in obedience to a religious impulse. While it might be pleasing to us all could the country once a week throw off its enormous burdens and return to the quietude and simplicity of a country Sabbath, it is much to be questioned whether a general cessation of the wheels of travel and transportation for that day would tend to make us a better or more God fearing people or advance the standard of true piety.

The subject will be considered in all its bearings at the approaching convention and no doubt excite a wide spread interest.—Wheeling Register.

The race for the Speakership of the House is beginning to warm up. Already some good thoroughbred Democratic stock has been entered and there may be more to follow. Gen. Spriggs, Hon. R. P. Chew, Hon. W. E. Lively, Hon. C. P. Dorr and Hon. Jos Woods have all been favorably mentioned, and none would be adverse to the honor. They are all good men and true, and the House could make no mistake in selecting any one of them. —Wheeling Register.

The New Chief Justice.

The Chief Justice sits between Justices Miller and Field. To the latter he rarely or never speaks while on the bench, but he frequently consults with the former. Between Miller and Fuller there appears to be a close fellowship, and the Iowa Justice has been a sort of mentor and adviser of the new chief. When in doubt about anything or lacking in confidence in his knowledge of court etiquette or precedent it is to Justice Miller that he invariably turns for counsel. Probably there never was a more alert man than the Chief Justice on the bench. Lawyer like, he is fond of consulting authorities, and occasionally he writes a long note and sends it by a page to one or another of the Justices who sitton far away to be whispered to, but he catches every word that is uttered by the lawyers. Nothing escapes him. He likes to smile over his glasses at an attorney, and generally is inclined to relax the stiff dignity of the great tribunal.—Chicago Tribune.

In an address before the Georgia House of Representatives, Senator Colquitt, who is a tariff reformer and was re-elected, while Henry W. Grady, the high-tariff candidate, withdrew, said: "It has been whispered in this hall that since the defeat of the Democratic candidate for the Presidency we should abandon our principles, repudiate the declaration of our State Convention and county meetings, and of the 60,000 Democratic majority of the State. I am proud to know that the General Assembly of Georgia has not been reduced into betrayal of her professed principles. The resolutions of the talented member from Bibb, unanimously adopted by this body, give assurance that you stand steadfast and immovable. Only a trimmer or a traitor would abandon the effort to reduce the burden of taxation because of our defeat. We will not desert our post because it is difficult to hold. We will not fly to the rear in the presence of danger. Is our fidelity to a cause to last only so long as we can rejoice in its triumph? Are our convictions so faint and heartless that they will be abandoned because of temporary defeat?"

Mrs. Ellen Ewing Sherman, the wife of Gen. William T. Sherman, died Wednesday at her home in this city. She had suffered from heart trouble for many years, and had been especially ill from this cause during the last few weeks. On Sunday her condition became alarming, and Dr. Pepper of Philadelphia was summoned to consult with her attending physician, Dr. Smith. Mrs. Sherman continued to sink steadily, and since Tuesday morning had been unconscious. Mrs. Sherman was a daughter of Gen. Thomas Ewing of Ohio. She was well known as a very active and devout member of the Roman Catholic Church, in which one of her sons is a priest. She was one of the trustees of "Peter's Pence" in America. Pope Pius IX., shortly before he died, sent to her a gift of a golden rosary, with a piece of the "true cross" set in the crucifix. Her age was sixty four years, and her birthplace was Lancaster, Ohio. She leaves two sons and four daughters. She was buried at St. Louis Saturday.—N. Y. Sun.

Poverty.

When we talk of poverty we introduce a subject with which most of us are familiar yet, while it is so common, it is something about which many people entertain mistaken ideas. One false notion is that poverty is itself something to be shunned; of another equally unfounded is that it is itself something to be proud of. Like wealth, its possessor deserves praise or blame not on account of his poverty, but on his own account. The honor due us cannot be measured by the abundance of our possessions nor the extremity of our want, but in each case is to be determined solely by the conduct that has fixed our condition. When riches have been accumulated by honest toil and temperate economy they crown their possessor with honor and may be justly contemplated with pride; if, however, they have been acquired by corrupt and unconscionable practices, or if they be the hoardings of the selfish miser they bring no credit to the owner. So it is with poverty, the victim of misfortune or he that in the unselfishness of his heart exhausts his resources in the performance of noble deeds, has no need to blush on account of his meager possessions; but the man who is forever kept poor by extreme indulence or needless self indulgence ought to be ashamed of his condition.

There are two classes of persons who are of little good either to themselves or to their country, viz, those who want to own everything and those who don't try to own anything. Of these, however, the man of greed is to be prefered to the man who makes no effort, for the energy and activity necessary to the accumulation of riches are a safe guard against certain vices that naturally result from laziness. The man who lives solely for gain and is successful, contributes something, though unwillingly, to the support of his government and is too much absorbed in his own purposes to meddle with the affairs of other people. It is not true of the indolent. His country receives no benefit, and giving himself no concern about his own affairs, he has a great deal of time to devote to things which do not concern him, thus making of himself a public nuisance. Aside from this, that poverty which is the result of laziness is prolific in its generation of crime. The man who thinks himself entitled to live without labor is greatly deficient in that principle that makes good and safe citizens, nor is he often too good to resort to almost any means of supplying his natural wants, which he fails to supply legitimately.

But we have been discussing the willfully poor on the other hand, among the poorest are to be found very many of our best and most praiseworthy people. Many things that influence the affairs of life are beyond the control of humanity, and it often happens that by misfortune the most deserving fail, while the unworthy succeed. Hence men should be judged by their purposes, so far as we are able to know them, and by the efforts they make; and he who means well and tries well, should be honored though ever so poor, while he that is wrong in purpose and effort should command from us no respect, though the owner of millions.

That Complex Race Problem.

The negro problem is of vastly more importance to the South than any other question or issue that can be raised. It is more important than Protection or Free Trade; it is more important than tariff reform; it is more important to the south, individually and collectively than even the fundamental principles of Democracy. It is not a question of partisanship; it is not even a question of politics, though the Republican haters of the South have striven to make it so. It is a vital and momentous question that cannot be adequately discussed in all its dangerous bearings and aspects. It is a question that can be settled definitely and peaceably only by the patience, the moderation and the wisdom of far seeing statesmen. Every thoughtful man is willing to admit that the ability of the South is an unfortunate thing in some respects. It practically assures a solid North, and deprives this section of the political power that, under ordinary circumstances it would yield in the Government. Nevertheless, this solidity is not only necessary, but inevitable. It is not based on sectionalism, nor, at bottom, is the support a political one. It is simply the result of a situation pregnant with doubt and danger—a situation which can not be remedied by the politicians. —Atlanta Constitution.

JOB WORK

Done with neatness and on short notice at THE TIMES office, Huntersville.

INVENTION, more revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their home. Pay liberal, any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Call this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 1-1y.

DEEP The Wonderful work of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup are surprised by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of medicine, the work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information, which will show you how you can make from $5 to $20 per day and upwards wherever you live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 a day in this work. All wanted.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured thousands of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficult Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE and CURE AT ONCE. Immediately. By Druggists, 25 cents.

PISO'S CURE FOR Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this very common ailment, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required. CONSUMPTION

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEAD ACHE

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the best, Easiest to Use and Cheapest. CATARRH

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

The undersigned hereby announce themselves as candidates for public patronage and respectfully solicit your support. We have on hand, have said, expect to make weekly additions thereto, a varied assortment of such Goods as are

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large amount of goods you can get at our store for ONE DOLLAR.

OUR TREASURY

is not overflowing with a surplus, but we have decided nevertheless to reduce the "TARIFF" on everything we have for sale, that has not already been reduced, as low as it is profitable to handle for "REVENUE ONLY," sufficient to enable us to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign,

AND if you decide to elect us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this "neck o' woods."

TO TOWNS owing us on Account or Note, we are in need of "SPOT DOLLAR," and think you certainly ought to pay us part, if not all, you are due us.

NOTHING to meet you all spellbound in front of our Counters often during this CAMPAIGN. We are, dear friends,

Yours most Obedient Servants,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

HASH: A SNEAT.

BY FRIENDLY SALATUS.

Hash are known and at the hull world ober from North and South to East and West people likes it.

It are the most ekonomikal vittles ever got up, and the feller, be he mail or female, wat first invented hash shood be rote down to prosperity arm in arm with Ben Franklin.

He or she are deserbin, we is, ov wittles, to be tapin broom wizzl ov tin a bilyer, and hash wood ov soon up Hinia.

It are amoosin after consoomin a plat or two ov hash to rekkilect back to sum obsot and wunder what was the ingrejens ov hash away back in the days ov Noah.

I spoze Mary's paticnt put her mouth into fine ornerjek, and scolded the fawrets to bits. Now to a dot, but ov wat use it made ov.

Conklooshuns are the pottings ov them days were most likely a sort ov taal bonfaire ov watter and ile wer biled up and vermin yorbs throwed in.

Enny ewsher ov his berthrite for won knew wy it. Eye, but it were furst klass all hand to go, or else. Enew didn't wipon his bench washin.

But knowin minds and willin hands has labored on a imposoin tell now we hoss got a hash with ars a hash.

Wen it are put tuvther the thurs hain't no dizkuvun on it. Its the food by yus.

I kik fly on it 3 times a day, and eat it tween meals for a nollish.

Furthermore I never yet seen 2 dogs wich wooden fite over a mowzel ov hash.

I hev often thort how it is xsoshobbly hoard-to-wurld sumo-kinkd hash dose up in sum kids Bordin's milk or Lowell's lip.

Nuzzin for sin it would be a bully thing for yuvkinks and sich.

Only jus consoove ye a biller curtin wurm 2 or 3 mose ov hash in his pockit.

Or rather it be turned out in the form dezikated sekyrnt cums it, dry like, so as to be carrid in paper bags.

Sum feller with a feed on him mite make a fortjun out ov this.

Eif I were younger I wood go into it sy fourth and sain, parvide I cood borry a few chattels to go at it with.

The idee is too ambishous to be forgot.

Giv us sum consolerated hash, yung man, in 1 pound cans.

Thare is all kinds ov ways, vulgar and unvulgar, to devourin hash. Sum puts it away with a knife; others use a fork; and valuable portions spende it down.

The Souddon Chinese transfers it with a wooden stick-and-it (by the way wen we did fall on their hash wood be sufficient for me), and the oyster spine eats it with a pare ov hers.

There be lots ov ways ov eatin hash. Not enny way brings the hiroest gushin.

I dont purfess to hev it my own self. The most genewine pass ov pa-pazin is hat only be obtained in a berdin house.

—*Burdett Ledger.*

What They Were Thinking Of.

They had been talking for a long time. Arabella's chair was tilted, and just for a change, she sat upon John's lap. There was a good deal of silence for a few minutes.

"What are you thinking of, John dear?" asked Arabella.

"Just what you are, pooh," replied John.

"Oh, you horrid, horrid man," exclaimed the sweet one, springing to her feet. "If I'd have known that you were thinking of kissing I wouldn't have sat there one minute. And you won't catch me sitting there again, sir, you may depend."—*Texas Siftings.*

Hay Be Never Married.

Sunday school teacher—Why did Lucifer fall to the lower regions?

Bad boy—Cause he never had to start a Waterbury watch. Don't care if he had to wind them.—*Arcadia Record.*

Living on the Experience of Others.

"Now knowing the I have not by good sense, since we first met I am certain," he said the statesman, "to act on some other on of genius similar to that which is spoken of upon the occasion of our wedding. The good sister of Lucretia Vincent Flavius has written many admonitions to the earlier experiences that we are now looking to the less successful and painful of the latter, but are also thankful in their effects."

The editor desires to say that he never wrote more freely, and when an editor freely [illegible] to your subscribing [illegible] Family Garden.

The editor of [illegible] regret we are not [illegible]

CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm.

Cold in Head.

Evening Up the Score.

A young society lady of Cincinnati, whose passion to be up with the prevailing styles leads her at times to go to extremes, brought home a most elaborate hat from a modiste the other night. Mamma was wroth, sisters snickered, the two elder brothers flew off into a rage. The young lady declared to Sally it cut on that line if it took all winter, and that she would wear that hat in the face of the family row. A council of war was held between the two brothers, and with a sacrilegious hand and a sharp penknife they outfit the artistic work of the milliner, and left the dock of a hat shorn of its rich plumage. Amanda next morning went, pressed, relapsed into silence and brooding thoughts, and the following morning one brother found his bicycle in sections, part of it in the cellar and part in the garret, and the other is looking for parts of his shotgun divorced from the stock. Amanda sits sweetly smiling, the picture of conscious innocence.

The heart of man is like the love of the Master.

Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs and Bronchitis, can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Palatable as cream. Almost as tasteless as cod liver oil. Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

"A Word to the Wise is sufficient."

Catarrh is not classed as hereditary, yet, generally speaking, it may be said that a person who has inherited a tendency to catarrh is an advanced victim of approaching trouble of some type. Do not neglect to purify your blood, deeply seated in its veins. Before it is too late, buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one true blood purifier, the one medicine you can depend upon to cure catarrh.

"A word to the wise is sufficient."

A grade higher—The ambition of grade crossings.

Conventional "Season" Restrictions.

Whereas, The Most Rev. [illegible], D. D., LL. D., Archbishop of [illegible], has by his edict of [illegible] forbidden the holding of [illegible] during the Lenten season, and

Whereas, The "regular season" opened in Minneapolis, the metropolis of [illegible], on the 1st day of April, and continues between Chicago and [illegible], Indianapolis and Cincinnati intermittently [illegible] and

Whereas, The rates are as low as the lowest, this is to

Resolved, That in the event of anything on a [illegible] to spend [illegible] to [illegible] Lent, [illegible] Lent, [illegible] Lent,

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOURY. C. P. MOORE.

LOURY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
Three in.	2 00	4 00	8 00	10 00
¼ column	4 00	8 00	10 00	17 00
½ column	8 00	13 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	25 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with, to the millionaire and school boy alike.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Dec. 13, 1888.

A recent public test of the consolidated railway telegraph system of train telegraphy, made on the Lehigh Valley railroad, gave very satisfactory results. On a train moving sixty miles an hour, messages were sent and received to and from other trains on the road, and communication was had with this city and with different stations on the line.—Boston Budget.

President Cleveland's last message to Congress is before the people; and the almost unanimous verdict is that in wisdom and ability it compares favorably with his former state papers which have given him high rank as a statesman. Those who expected the President to abandon the reform ideas of his previous utterances will be very much disappointed when they read his message. He is not the kind of a man to forsake a principle because it happens to be somewhat unpopular; but has the courage to declare what to him seems right, if opposed by the entire people.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

It is now given out that Cardinal Gibbons favors the suspension of Sunday work in the Government's mail and military service and on the inter-State railways. He has written a letter to that effect which will be made public at the next hearing of the Senate Education and Labor Committee on the subject, to be given during the forthcoming meeting of the American Sunday Convention in this city.

The question is thus made to assume an importance that it has never reached before. The Catholic and Protestant churches in the country stand substantially united in support of legislation looking to the observance of Sunday in the manner indicated, it will be difficult for Congress to resist so powerful a pressure. Yet it is worth to be doubted whether the moral benefits gained by the stoppage of Sunday mail and railway traffic would compensate for the serious interruption to many important and not wholly unnecessary interests that would be occasioned thereby.

The question is a somewhat complex one and will not admit of hasty action in obedience to a religious impulse. While it might be pleasing to us all could this country once a week throw off its enormous burden and return to the quietude and simplicity of a country Sabbath, it is worth to be questioned whether a general cessation of the wheels of travel and transportation on that day would tend to make us a better or more God fearing people or advance the standard of true piety.

The subject will be considered by all its bearings at the approaching convention and no doubt excite a wide spread interest.—Wheeling Intelligencer.

The race for the Speakership of the House is beginning to warm up. Already some good thoroughbred Democratic stock has been entered and there may be more to follow. Gen. Spriggs, Hon. R. P. Ohew, Hon. W. E. Lively, Hon. C. P. Ihurr and Hon. Joe Woods have all been favorably mentioned, and none would be adverse to the honor. They are all good men and true, and the House could make no mistake in selecting any one of them. —Wheeling Register.

The New Chief Justice.

The Chief Justice sits between Justices Miller and Field. To the latter he rarely or never speaks while on the bench, but he frequently consults with the former. Between Miller and Fuller there appears to be a close fellowship, and the Iowa Justice has been a sort of mentor and adviser of the new chief. When in doubt about anything or lacking in confidence in his knowledge of court etiquette or precedent it is to Justice Miller that he invariably turns for counsel. Probably there never was a more alert man than the Chief Justice on the bench. Lawyer-like, he is fond of consulting authorities, and occasionally he writes a long note and sends it by a page to one or another of the Justices who sitton far away to be whispered to, but he catches every word that is uttered by the lawyers. Nothing escapes him. He likes to smile over his glasses at an attorney, and generally is inclined to relax the stiff dignity of the great tribunal.—Chicago Tribune.

In an address before the Georgia House of Representatives, Senator Colquitt, who is a tariff reformer and was re-elected, while Henry W. Grady, the high tariff candidate, withdrew, said: "It has been whispered in this hall that since the defeat of the Democratic candidate for the Presidency we should abandon our principles, repudiate the declaration of our State Convention and county meetings, and of the 30,000 Democratic majority of the State. I am proud to know that the General Assembly of Georgia has not been reduced into betrayal of her professed principles. The resolutions of the talented member from Bibb, unanimously adopted by this body, give assurance that you stand steadfast and immovable. Only a traitor or a traitor would abandon the effort to reduce the burden of taxation because of our defeat. We will not desert our post because it is difficult to hold. We will not fly to the rear in the presence of danger. In our fidelity to a cause to last only so long as we can rejoice in its triumph! Are our convictions so faint and heartless that they will be abandoned because of temporary defeat?"

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CONSUMPTION

CATARRH

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail, 50 cts. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

DEEP Sea Wonders and in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how others are, of all ages, who earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 a day at the work. All Women.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE, PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured thousands of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, or Pain in Side, take PISO'S CURE AT ONCE. Immediately. By Druggists, 25 cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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HEAD

ACHE

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20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

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OUR TREASURY

is not overflowing with a surplus, but we have succeeded notwithstanding in reducing the "TARIFF" on everything we have for sale, and have also made reductions, so that it is profitable to trade for OUR GOODS. We have in stock, or to order a variety of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

AND if you decide to favor us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains for the least "Stack o' wheat."

TO THOSE owing us on Account or Note, we are in need of "GREENBAX," and must unreservedly ought to call on part, if not all, you are due us.

HOPING to meet you all smilingly in front of our Counters when during this CAMPAIGN We are, Your friends,

40-41 WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Lanier Hamilton will preach for the year at the following places as stated:

1st Sunday,	Hunterseville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	3 P. M.
2nd "	Pleasant,	11 A. M.
" "	Bethel,	3 P. M.
3rd "	Hunterseville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	3 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
" "	School,	3 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—Read Jake Boner's new advertisement.

—H. M. Lockridge, Esq., was in town last Friday for the first time since his protracted illness. He is not yet entirely recovered, but very much improved.

—Last week Dick Mayes, Esq., of Split Rock passed through Huntersville on his way to Millboro with five large deer that had been killed in the Elk neighborhood.

—We are informed that a rail road is now being located from the White Sulphur up Anthony's Creek toward Huntersville. We hope it is true. The outside world has certainly been shut off from Huntersville long enough.

—Gen. W. Wagner has purchased the Hotel Pocahontas of J. W. Milligan and J. C. Lowry, Sr. and Jno. R. Doyle have bought the Huntersville Hotel of Jno. R. Sharp. Not a good day for selling hotels either.

—A recent letter from Rev. H. W. Kinzer, who left Huntersville Wednesday last, announces his safe arrival at his home in Lewisburg and a continued improvement in his health. We trust his recovery may be speedy and permanent.

—Justices of the peace—old and new, take notice that we have on hand at the TIMES Office all kinds of official blanks, which can be had cheap for cash. Send in your orders and they shall be promptly filled.

—Various and conflicting reports are in circulation concerning the disappearance of Nelson Moore, which was mentioned in the TIMES last week. Some think he has left the country to escape trial, while others believe he has been secretly put to death. The truth may never be known.

—On the first page of this issue will be found a synopsis of the President's annual Message to Congress taken from the Baltimore Sun. The Message is a document of such length that we could not reproduce it inside for want of room. The extract from the Sun is copious, and substantially sets forth the most important parts of the Message.

—In this issue appears a notice of an entertainment to be given by the students of the Hillsboro Male and Female Academy on the evening of Dec. 21st. Prof. Landes, who has charge of this school deserves great credit for the manner in which he is conducting it. The people of Pocahontas County should see to it that he is well supported in his worthy enterprise.

—As will be seen from the announcements of Virgus, the girls of the Hillsboro Training School, of which Miss G. M. Sharpe is principal, will give an entertainment on Christmas Eve. Miss Sharpe seems to be building up a school of high order, which would commend itself to all good citizens and should have them to lend a helping hand.

WANTED

Ground Hog Skins, Hides and Furs for cash or exchange.

A. F. LAIRD,
Dealer in Leather, Harness, Saddlery, &c.
Huntersville, W. Va.

—A letter from a reliable party living at Edray dated Dec. 9th, contains the following:

"Among many of the people of this district it is thought that Nelson Moore has been foully dealt with. A company is being organized to day to search for him. It is supposed that, if killed, his body was taken into the Black Mountain Wilderness. Some of the circumstances of his disappearing look very suspicious. He left with no money at all, and had on his old and badly worn clothing. His family know nothing about him and are greatly distressed. So says current and reliable report."

NOTICE.—The students of Hillsboro Male and Female Academy will give an entertainment in the Academy building Friday evening December 21st, 1888, in celebration of the Ciceronian Literary Society. An admission of 25 cents (patrons and officers of the school excepted) will be charged the proceeds to be appropriated toward defraying the expenses of additional necessary furniture to the school room.

W. H. LANDES,
Principal.

FOR SALE.

I have for sale in Huntersville the following property: One good cow, one cooking stove, two heating stoves, one bedstead, cupboards, tables, chairs, one marble top parlor table, washstand, bureau, and many other things useful about a house. If you desire any of the above articles call early.

Respectfully,
JAS. B. CANFIELD.

REMEMBER

That after December 17th all accounts due me will be placed in Atty. L. M. McClintic's hands for collection. To save time and costs, all who have received statements from me and have not already paid them, should remit at once to L. M. McClintic, Huntersville, W. Va.

Cut this out and save it as a reminder.

Respectfully,
JAS. B. CANFIELD.

Soldiers Summings.

Mrs. Mary Hurst of Pineville Va. is the guest of Mrs. H. W. Wysong.

Miss Belle Eskridge left E. L. Holt are on the sick list.

The children are talking about "Santa Claus," and wondering what presents he will bring them.

Maj. J. C. Arbogast of Green Bank spent Friday and Saturday in our village.

The girls of the M. P. Society (T. T. Beland, Miss G. M. Sharpe prin.) will give an entertainment Monday night Dec. 24th. Admission 25cts. doors open at seven o'clock "Rock of Ages" will be acted in five scenes. Those who have seen this piece acted will say that it alone, is worth 25 cts. They will have many other beautiful pieces with both vocal and instrumental music. There is a rare treat in store for all who enjoy good entertainments.

Dec. 10. VIVIAN.

Scotland's Creek News.

Mr. Sherman Kincaid, who has been ill for some time, we are glad to say, is able to be out again.

Miss Doris Sharp is visiting friends and relatives at Frost.

Miss Bertha Sharp has been on the sick list for some time.

Mr. B. F. White has gone to Elk on a hunting expedition.

The Dunlevard's creek Debating Society was largely attended on last Friday night. The question for debate was, "Resolved that war is a greater evil to the human family than Intemperance." Decided in the negative.

Miss Lena Mcclaughlin is teaching a flourishing school at Lonely Dale. We wish her success.

Miss Elva Friel is calling on friends in this neighborhood.

Railroad men around here, look out for the iron horse.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. J. D. Caufield the former editor of the TIMES is going to leave us but as he has decided to go, we wish him success and also the new firm.

Dec. 10. PHIL. O. SOPHER.

Married

Nov. 28th, 1888, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore, Mr. Giles S. Sharp and Miss Catharine J. Cochran, all of Pocahontas County.

Married.

At the Hunterseville Hotel, Wednesday morning Dec. 5th, Mr. L. M. McClintic and Miss Allie Slaven were quietly united in the holy bonds of matrimony; Rev. Wm. T. Price officiating.

The attendants were Miss Minnie Gammon of Odessa, Mo. and Miss Lizzie Ligon of Clover Lick, Mr. Harry Patterson, of Huntersville and Dr. McClintic, of Edray.

The bride looked very sweet in a handsome costume of tan colored cloth elaborately trimmed in golden brown plush and brown and ecrue braid.

Miss Gammon was becomingly dressed in an olive green Duchess satin, prettily trimmed in bronze green bugle braid.

Miss Ligon's costume was a dark blue silk, extensively ornamented with bronze bugle ornaments.

The groom and groomsmen wore the conventional black dress suits.

After partaking an excellent breakfast the bridal party proceeded to the house of the groom, where a splendid reception was held.

The bride is well known in society circles as a most charming and beautiful lady, and the groom is to be congratulated in winning such a fair and worthy bride.

The groom is one of Pocahontas' most promising young men. The majority he attained at the recent election to the office of Prosecuting Attorney, is an evidence how he is honored and esteemed in this county.

May their life be as bright calm and serene as their wedding day, and may prosperity and happiness ever attend them.

AN OBSERVER.

Report of Schools.

Report of the Mill Point School for the month ending Nov. 30th.

No. enrolled in School 34.
Whole No. of days present 474.
Average daily attendance 25.
Per cent. of daily attendance 85+.
Per cent. of daily absence 14+
Average Age 11+
Names of pupils neither absent nor tardy.

John L. McNeel, David E. Buckman, Wm. E. Jackson, Mary M. Buckman, Mary O. McNeel, and Elva Maggie Bird.

JNO. S. MOORE, Teacher.
Dec. 10th 1888.

The following is the roll of honor for the Harper school near Hillsboro

Mattie Curry, Nora Knudson, Jennie Bolton, Rena Coulter, Willie Knudson, Blanche Harper, Ethel Curry, Blanche Coulter, Grace McCarty—Dora Da Kalb Knudson, Posie Curry, Rummels Knudson, Forrest Harper, Richard Knudson, Freddie Wade, Amos Payne, Wm. Caudill, 17. Average daily attendance, 24 Per cent. of daily attendance 92 highest grade 93.

DELLA F. CLARK, Teacher.

The following is the report of the Lonely Dale school, for the month ending Nov. 30th.

No. enrolled—Girls, 7, Boys, 9.
Average daily attendance, 13.
Per cent of daily attendance 85.
Pupils neither absent nor tardy—Bertha Alderman, Lucie Sharp Anna Underwood, Tim Alderman, Hunie Alderman, and Hester Alderman.

LENA A. MCCLAUGHLIN, Teacher.

JACOB BONER

—DEALER IN—

CHEAPEST STOCK

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

and the BEST goods

He has received a fine lot of DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Fiduciary Notices.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

Jane McNeel, guardian of Lydia E. McNeel.

S. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Comr. accts.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered on the 11th day of October, 1888, in the Chancery cause of George M. Tacy vs. Hamilton Collins etc. I, as special commissioner appointed in the said decree, shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-House of said county, on the

1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1889,

the following real estate, to-wit:

A tract of land containing One Hundred acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Clover Creek, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, adjoining the lands of S. B. Hannah, W. Doyle and others, being the same land heretofore sold to Hamilton Collins by said George M. Tacy.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of suit and sale, and for the residue the purchaser to execute three several bonds with good security, falling due respectively in Six, Twelve and Eighteen months from day of sale, said bonds bearing interest from day of sale. A lien will also be retained on said land as ultimate security.

H. S. HUNTER, Sp'l Commissioner.
C. B. DENGLER, Auctioneer.

Bond has been given by the above named commissioner as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk of Ct. Ct's.
Dec. 4 4 t. Printer's fee $6.75.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

or

Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY.

TRY US

LADIES will find nice Cook Books, Confectionery, Perfumery, Jet Pearl, Celtic Hose Supports, Handsome Mystery Stamping Outfits, Stamping Powders, Stamping Patterns, etc., by taking a look at Jacob Boner's Stock of Holiday Goods. Call and see for yourself before you buy elsewhere. Remember Jacob Boner is agent for Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills and Tutt's Hair Dye. Ladies will have neither headache nor backache if they use Tutt's Liver Pills, and the latter will give those gray locks a beautiful color. If an old person wants a head of hair, nothing like a few boxes of Tutt's Hair Dye. The Genuine has the red Z on front of wrapper. [12-4

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Allen D. Grimm, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Allen D. Grimm to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Allen D. Grimm for adjustment to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 27th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this 19th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Nov29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.03.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said John Sharp to the payment of his debts; you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said John Sharp for adjustment to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this the 19th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Nov29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.03.

Commissioner's Office,

Huntersville, W. Va.,
November, 14th, 1888.

John Sharp's Adm'r
vs.
John Sharp's Legatees, etc.

All parties interested in the above cause take notice that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on

THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889,

to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the accounts of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator with the will annexed of John Sharp, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if any, severally and collectively, with their dignities and priorities.

3. What amount remains in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county pronounced in the above cause at its October Term, 1888, which term the same was required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Comr's Ct. Ct. P. C.
Nov 29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.97.

Commissioner's Office,

Huntersville, W. Va.,
Nov. 14th, 1888.

Rosella Smith, etc.,
vs.
Mary F. Kinkaid, etc.
IN CHANCERY.

All parties interested in above cause are hereby notified that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, in said county, on

THURSDAY, THE 20th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1888,

to take the following accounts:

1. The amount of the purchase money of George W. Moore, dec'd, with which Mary F. Kinkaid and John W. Kinkaid, or either of them should be charged.

2. Any other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, pronounced in the above cause at the October Term, 1888, which term the same was required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Ct. Ct. P. C.
Nov29-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.97.

Low prices for CASH or good County Produce.

A specialty

Roofing and Spouting

NOTICE IN THE PUBLIC

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Taylor Hendrick will preach for the year at the following places as follows:

1st Sunday, Huntersville, 11 A. M.
" " Mt. Pleasant, 3 P. M.
2nd " Sunset, 11 A. M.
" " Bethel, 3 P. M.
3rd " Huntersville, 11 A. M.
" " Mt. Pleasant, 3 P. M.
4th " Bethel, 11 A. M.
" " Sunset, 3 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—Read Jake Boner's new advertisement.

—H. M. Lockridge, Esq., was in town last Friday for the first time since his protracted illness. He is not yet entirely recovered, but very much improved.

—Last week Dick Mayes, Esq., of Split Rock passed through Huntersville on his way to Millboro with five large deer that had been killed in the 13th neighborhood.

—We are informed that a rail road is now being located from the White Sulphur up Anthony's Creek toward Huntersville. We hope it is true. The outside world has certainly been shut off from Huntersville long enough.

—Gen. W. Wagner has purchased the Hotel Pocahontas of J. W. Milligan and J. C. Lowry, Sr. and Jno. H. Doyle have bought the Huntersville Hotel of Jno. R. Slaven. Not a good day for selling hotels either.

—A recent letter from Rev. H. W. Kinser, who left Huntersville Wednesday last, announces his safe arrival at his home in Lewisburg and a continued improvement in his health. We trust his recovery may be speedy and permanent.

—Justices of the peace—old and new, take notice that we have on hand at the TIMES Office all kinds of official blanks, which can be had cheap for cash. Send in your orders and they shall be promptly filled.

—Various and conflicting reports are in circulation concerning the disappearance of Nelson Moore, who was employed in the TIMES last week. Some think he has left the country to escape trial, while others believe he has been secretly put to death. The truth may never be known.

—On the first page of this issue will be found a synopsis of the President's recent Message to Congress, taken from the Baltimore Sun. The Message is a document of such length that we could not publish it in full for want of space. The sketch from the Sun is concise and substantially sets forth the most important parts of the Message.

—In this issue appears a notice of an entertainment to be given by the students of the Hillsboro Male and Female Academy on the evening of Dec. 21st. Prof. Louden, who has charge of this school, deserves great credit for the manner in which he is conducting it. The people of Pocahontas County should see to it that he is well supported in his worthy enterprise.

—As will be seen from the communication of Vivian, the girls of the Hillsboro Training School, of which Miss G. M. Shearer is principal, will give an entertainment on Christmas Eve. Miss Shearer seems to be building up a school of high order, which work should command itself to all good citizens and pupils there to lend a helping hand.

WANTED

Harness Deer Hides, Hides and Furs for cash or exchange.

A. P. LAIST,
Dealer in Leather, Harness, Saddlery, &c.
Huntersville, W. Va.

—A letter from a reliable party living at Edray dated Dec. 9th, contains the following:

"Among many of the people of this district it is thought that Nelson Moore has been foully dealt with. A company is being organized to day to search for him. It is supposed that, if killed, his body was taken into the Black Mountain Wilderness. Some of the circumstances of his disappearing look very suspicious. He left with no money at all, and had on his old and badly worn clothing. His family know nothing about him and are greatly distressed. So says current and reliable report."

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W. H. LANDES,
Principal.

FOR SALE.

I have for sale in Huntersville the following property: One good cow, one cooking stove, two heating stoves, one bedstead, cupboards, tables, chairs, one marble top parlor table, washstand, bureau, and many other things useful about a house. If you desire any of the above articles call early.

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REMEMBER

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Cut this out and earn it as a reminder.

Respectfully,
JAS. B. CANFIELD.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Mrs. Mary Darst of Pincastle, Va. is the guest of Mrs. H. W. Wysong.

Miss Belle Eskridge and E. L. Holt are on the sick list.

The children are talking about "Santa Claus," and wondering what presents he will bring them.

Maj. J. C. Arbogast of Green Bank spent Friday and Saturday in our village.

The girls of the M. P. Society H. T. School, [Miss G. M. Shearer principal] will give an entertainment Monday night Dec. 24th. Admission 25cts. Doors open at seven o'clock "Block of Ages" will be acted in five scenes. Those who have seen this piece acted will say that it alone, is worth 25 cts. They will have many other beautiful pieces with both vocal and instrumental music. There is a rare treat in store for all who enjoy good entertainments.

Dec. 18. VIVIAN.

Beulah's Creek Items.

Mr. Sherman Kincaid, who has been ill for some time, we are glad to say, is able to be out again.

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Miss Bertha Sharp has been on the sick list for some time.

Mr. B. F. White has gone to Elk on a hunting expedition.

The Beulah's creek Debating Society was largely attended on last Friday night. The question for debate was, "Resolved that war is a greater evil to the human family than Intemperance." Decided in the negative.

Miss Lena McClaughlin is teaching a flourishing school at Lonely Dale. We wish her success.

Miss Elva Friel is calling on friends in this neighborhood.

Railroad men around here, look out for the iron horse.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. J. B. Caufield the former editor of the TIMES is going to leave us but as he has decided to go, we wish him success and also the new firm.

Dec. 10. PHIL. O. ROTHER.

Married

Nov. 29th, 1888, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore, Mr. Giles S. Sharp and Miss Catharine J. Cochran, all of Pocahontas County.

Married.

At the Huntersville Hotel, Wednesday morning Dec. 5th, Mr. L. M. McClintic and Miss Allie Slaven were quietly united in the holy bonds of matrimony; Rev. Wm. T. Price officiating.

The attendants were Miss Minnie Gammon of Odessa, Mo. and Miss Lizzie Ligon of Clover Lick, Mr. Harry Patterson, of Huntersville and Dr. McClintic, of Edray.

The bride looked very sweet in a handsome costume of tan colored cloth elaborately trimmed in golden brown plush and brown and ecrue braid.

Miss Gammon was becomingly dressed in an olive green Duchess satin, prettily trimmed in bronze green bugle braid.

Miss Ligon's costume was a dark blue silk, extensively ornamented with bronze bugle ornaments.

The groom and groomsmen were the conventional black dress suits.

After partaking an excellent breakfast the bridal party proceeded to the home of the groom, where a splendid reception was held.

The bride is well known in society circles as a most charming and beautiful lady, and the groom is to be congratulated in winning such a fair and worthy bride.

The groom is one of Pocahontas' most promising young men. The majority he attained at the recent election to the office of Prosecuting Attorney, is an evidence how he is honored and esteemed in this county.

May their life be as bright, calm and serence as their wedding day, and may prosperity and happiness ever attend them.

AN OBSERVER.

Report of Schools.

Report of the Mill Point School for the month ending Nov. 30th.

No. enrolled in School 34.
Whole No. of days present 474.
Average daily attendance 25.
Per cent. of daily attendance 85.
Per cent. of daily absence 7½
Average Age 11.

Names of pupils neither absent nor tardy.

John L. McNeel, David E. Buckman, Wm. E. Jackson, Mary H. Buckman, Mary G. McNeel, and Etta Maggie Bird.

JNO. S. MOORE, Teacher.
Dec. 10th 1888.

The following is the roll of honor for the Harper school near Hillsboro:

Mattie Curry, Nora Kinnison, Jessie Dalton, Rosa Coulter, Wolfe Kinnison, Blanche Harper, Ethel Curry, Blanche Coulter, Grace McCarty.—Boys Du Kath Kinnison, Press Curry, Summers Kinnison, Forrest Harper, Richard Kinnison, Freddie Wade, Aaron Payne, No. enrolled, 21. Average daily attendance, 14 Per cent. of daily attendance 9) highest grade 85.

HELLA F. CLARK, Teacher.

The following is the report of the Lonely Dale school, for the month ending Nov. 30th:

No. enrolled—Girls 7, Boys, 8.
Average daily attendance, 13.
Per cent of daily attendance 85.
Pupils neither absent nor tardy—Bertha Alderman, Lucie Sharp, Anna Underwood, Tom Alderman, Hosta Alderman, and Doctor Alderman.

LENA A. MCCLAUGHLIN, Teacher.

JACOB BONER

—DEALER IN—

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

and the BEST goods.

He has received a fine lot of DRESSGOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Fiduciary Notices.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

Isaac McNeel, guardian of Lydia E. McNeel.

S. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Comr. accts.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered on the 17th day of October, 1888, in the Chancery cause of George B. Tacy vs. Hamilton Collins etc., I, as special commissioner appointed in the said decree, shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-House of said county, on the

1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1889,

the following real estate, to-wit:

A tract of land containing One Hundred acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Clover Creek, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, adjoining the lands of S. B. Hannah, P. Doyle and others, being the same land heretofore sold to Hamilton Collins by said George N. Tacy.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of suit and sale, and for the residue, the purchaser to execute three several bonds with good security, falling due respectively in Six, Twelve and Eighteen months from day of sale, said bonds bearing interest from day of sale. A lien will also be retained on said land as ultimate security.

H. S. HOGUE, Spc'l Commissioner.
C. B. HOWDER, Auctioneer.

Bond has been given by the above special Commissioner as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk of Ct. Cir. Ct.
Dec. 8 4-5. Printer's fee $5.25.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

or

Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY.

TRY US

LADIES will find relief from daily confinement, fatiguing to the head, Ochre Spot Blemish, Headache, Kidney trouble, etc., by buying a box of Dr. Swan Liver Regulator pills. Equal to copper for so to prove the health or a lady. Children will have better health if the mother will cause them to take by using the Regulator. If not, inform druggist of fact, getting back a box drop in water for trial. The Genuine has the red Z on front of wrapper. 1y4

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Allen D. Grimm, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Allen D. Grimm to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Allen D. Grimm for adjustment to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 4th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this 19th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Nov23-4t.] Printer's fee, $4.75.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said John Sharp to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said John Sharp for adjustation to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 4th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this the 19th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Nov23-4t.] Printer's fee, $4.75.

Commissioner's Office,

Huntersville, W. Va.,
November, 1888, 1888.

John Sharp's Adm'r
vs.
John Sharp's Legatees, etc.

All parties interested in the above cause take notice that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889,

to take the following accounts:

1. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as Administrator with the will annexed of John Sharp, dec'd.

2. Who the creditors are and the amount of their claims, if not, returned by said commissioner, with their dignities and priority.

3. What assets remain in the hands of the Administrator after discharging the debts, if anything, and to whom payable.

4. Any matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest or required by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, pertaining to above cause at its October Term, 1888, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Cir. Ct. P. C.

Nov. 23-4t.] Printer's fee, $5.67.

Commissioner's Office,

Huntersville, W. Va.,
Nov. 19th, 1888.

Rosella Smith, etc.,
vs.
Mary F. Mattingly, etc.
IN CHANCERY.

All parties interested in above cause are hereby notified that I will proceed at my office in Huntersville, in said county, on

THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF DECEMBER, 1888,

to take the following accounts:

1. The account of the persons who have intermeddled in the 500 acres of land in the bill and proceedings mentioned and the amount of their several interests therein.

2. The value of the personal estate of George W. Brown, dec'd, with which Mary F. Mattingly and John S. Brown, as widow of them should be charged.

3. Any other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be specially stated, or required by a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, pertaining to above cause at its October Term, 1888, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JAS. W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r Cir. Ct. P. C.

Nov16-4t.] Printer's fee, $5.67.

Low prices for CASH or good County Produce.
Roofing and Spouting a specialty.

THE LAMB LOST AND FOUND.

The lamb had left the fold,
And wander'd far away,
In search of greener grass,
And flowers more sweet and gay.

But no sweet food is found;
The flowers that seemed so fair
[illegible]

[illegible]

It sank in sorry bogs,
With thorns its fleece was torn;
In fear of wolves, it soon
Began to bleat and mourn.

The Shepherd heard its voice,
And sought the lamb astray;
He gladly gave His life
To drive the wolf away.

Within His loving arms
The wandering lamb He brought,
Rejoicing He had found
The treasure He had sought.

Now, welcomed by the flock,
Happy and safe at home,
The grateful lamb resolves
It ne'er again will roam.

Dear Shepherd! give me grace
Never to leave Thy side,
Nor seek strange food, content
With all Thou dost provide.

VERNEENA'S FORTUNE;

—OR,—

The Stolen Heiress.

A TALE OF NEW YORK IN 1835.

BY PROF. WM. HENRY PECK,

AUTHOR OF

[illegible]

[CONTINUED.]

[illegible]

WOMAN'S WORLD.

PLEASANT LITERATURE FOR FEMININE READERS.

Some Lost Property.

"When Marguerite of France was married to Victor Amadeus of Savoy, she took with her to their vacant throne of Sardinia many valuable objects of household and personal ornament," says Lippincott's Magazine. "This unique property, which was of immense value, disappeared mysteriously when Napoleon invaded Italy. So it had been hidden away by one the French might think proper to carry it off, which they would certainly have done. It had been so cleverly concealed that, after some years, when calm was restored, it was found impossible to discover it, and the two officials who had put it away were both dead. The property had been almost forgotten till about a month ago, when the Marquis Villamarina, the Master of the Royal Household, was making a thorough investigation of the palaces at Turin from roof to cellar, and behold some three chests in a storeroom in the highest story he found a secret chamber, in which was concealed the long-lost tapestry, a fact has been very little in need by a hundred years of hiding. A long chamber has enclosed that the tapestry is to be carefully packed and cleaned, after which it is to be sent to Rome and hung in the Quirinal, in the apartments which the Emperor William is to occupy during his visit next month."

The Corsetiere of Gotham.

There's a dressmaker here in New York, says a correspondent of the Chicago News, who has borrowed an idea from the famous Parisian corsetiere, upon which Worth fits his dresses, for he won't touch you until you have gone and provided yourself with one of Mme. Comptesse's corsets, which cost like fun and fit like gloves. Now this corsetiere was a very splendid and elegant personage indeed. Worth always supplied her corsets, too, and took especial pains with them. Her house was on a fashionable avenue, and was handsomely furnished. It had the air of a private dwelling. Every afternoon she had tea and chocolate set out on tables with the choicest of silver, napery and china, and she received her customers like guests. They dropped in for a cup of tea after their drives, they met every one they knew, and madame, in the most accidental way, grown, fitted about, threatening the very latest and most prominent of ours. Her patrons were always full, she always had something fresh and amusing to tell, and she crammed with fashionable tact an atmosphere had, while easy and not subservient, never offended the haughtiest Duchess. She made a great fortune and owns the most choice of a rented mansion, but her daughter-in-law still carries on the business. She is a most clever customer of this clique based on this, and has to a certain extent imitated the Parisian example. Instead of the began to fit up her front drawing-room with artistic upholstery and hired a gentle, graceful girl to dress after a little tea table and serve her customers with a charming cup when they came in out of the cold air. This girl was also learned in all the latest freaks of fashion and stood ready to give instructions where all sorts of things were to be found, the shops that were likely to have goods like samples hard to match, where the prettiest and cheapest bargains in town were to be had, and could give an eminent suggestion as to several capital ways of becoming colors and styles. Out of this dawning rose against two other specimens where gorgeously arrayed dressmakers stood in attitudes to best display the imported gowns they wore. She found the greatest increase in her custom as a result of this innovation, and it is to be continued.

Queen Emma of Holland.

Quite a singular style of women is Queen Emma, says a Hague letter to the Philadelphia Bulletin, to whom the Dutch are interested only because she is a good nurse for their King, popular she stood never be, because the Dutch loved even the most talented persons, and Emma is a prisoner of a dull type. Emma is a prisoner of a dull type. Emma, however, the King whose love not only contented to her society and she never to think their wide difference between their years and tastes and ran. When Wilhelm went to Berlin to attend the marriage of his nephew he little dreamed of marrying, but he met Hene of Waldeck Pyrmont, now Duchess of Albany, and fell that at sight. For his eight predecessor were she to become the Queen of Holland. Hene looked upon her angel wealthy with money and refused his hands and hearts. "One day Wilhelm confessed Emma say to her sister: "I should never refuse to become a Queen." "Ah, my sweetest," said the sister, "you find your sister is wrong after all." Immediately she accepted, and in 1879 became Queen of Holland. There she was at the Dutch court when Emma came to court, and she was made aware at once that the Queen was very jealous of her beauty, dressed and thought as though she were not aware that the courtiers were criticising her every gesture. The aged husband was devoted, but very feebly let him to the pursuit of his pleasure, and Queen Marie Francoise, and Emma was the second a Queen dressed more taste in public. Young, but a Princess goddess, accepted the crown with a good grace and more than, as the Dutch, we have seen, before the Queen Emma is very popular, but the manner in which the goddess was received on the early Dutch. At first she was a little inclined to touch the Princess Wilhelmine the future of a severity. This is true, for King Emma without a word to her husband, and the Parliament in three days of his daughter the widow to make a king, not a queen. Not long ago her horses ran away. The coachman was thrown out, and the, with Wilhelmine, was injured. Orders were given to bring on fresh horses, the "if we do not start again my daughter will learn the meaning of the word fear."

Queen Emma is a brunette rather stout, according to the common Dutch ideal, but a peculiar habit of wishing between each long her appearance. Once the King she has neglect, and if he objects to any decision made by her she threatens to leave the palace to live—a dream of unhappiness. Every day the young family dines at 7 o'clock, after which the King is music and reading by the queen, whose audience consists usually of her husband, daughter, and the Jonkheer Alewyn, the only person whom William cares to see.

Fashion Notes.

Cloth jackets are as popular as ever.

Oriental combinations of color are in vogue.

Russia leather in all colors is worn for house shoes.

Lace skirts are generally accompanied by silk blouse waists.

Ostrich tips and plumes are extensively used on fashionable hats.

Braiding is without question the favorite trimming of the season.

Ribbons for hat trimmings vary from two inches to a quarter of a yard in width.

Some of the elegant winter wraps just imported are long cloaks in cloth, plush or velvet.

The most elegant winter wraps are cloaks of the new cloths, matelasse, cloth, or velvet.

Heavy lines of braid stitching on the backs of gloves will not be worn this season, the narrow line of former seasons superseding them in peculiar favor.

A Stopper of Runaway Horses.

A Boston correspondent of the Worcester (N. I.) Period, tells how a young policeman, Charles Mayne, stops a runaway horse. "When you see a runaway coming, do not try to check him by a rush from the opposite direction or the side, for you will be immediately knocked flat by the collision, but let some person run ahead for a short run with the horse. Measure with your eye the distance, and start for the run while he is yet some way off, perhaps ten feet in the case of fair to medium runaways. You may depend upon his keeping a straight line, for a really frightened horse is half blind and would not veer for a steam engine. He will go straight ahead until he smashes into something. Should you get close to the line on which he is coming, and as he passes you, grab the lines near the saddle. Gather the reins firmly, and then, leaning backward as you run, give them a powerful rank. You may be able to bring yourself as you give this yank, but sliding on your feet. The strong jerk on the bit tells the horse that he again has a master and prepares him for the final struggle. A step or two forward after the first yank, do it again. This time the strong person you and for a short run with the horse. The horse is on its haunches. Keep a firm pull on the reins till you grasp the lines by the nostrils, and hold him so till he is pacified."

In stopping a span of horses, Mayne tries to get on the side of the wilder one, as, if pulled to its senses, the other one can be managed. The task is easier if the horse has a curb bit. A runaway may also be stopped by the driver in the same manner. "If you pull steadily with all your strength on a curb bit," says Mayne, "the effect on the horse's jaw is just what it is if you tie a cord tightly about your finger. The bleeding stops, and the finger becomes numb. After a firm pull has been maintained on the horse's mouth for awhile it ceases to have any effect. You can set that horse's jaw out of a run if he is frightened. Just give him his head a little till the muscle recovers from its numbness, but him with the whip if you have a free road, and then give a sudden yank. He will come down. If the first yank isn't enough give him one more, and you've a horse on earth which can run away with a competent driver if the harness holds." Mayne has stood his life a number of times, and has had some perilous encounters before catching a frightened horse. He has received a medal from the Humane Society and one from the railway company.

Climbing Mount St. Elias.

Mount St. Elias promises to be the future mountain climbing center of the country. A traveler who has returned from there, after failing to succeed in the ascent, reports that his party, after encountering great difficulties, reached a height of 11,500 feet, and were then compelled to abandon the enterprise. The women are covered with ice-mantles, worn with baskets. The party were compelled to ascend the mountain in one time now deep in snow, and at another were wading through icy waters for by glaciers. He believes the mountain further to ascended without the assistance of horses or pack animals. The people with the party would not climb.—Chicago Herald.

One Sermon a Week a Hard Task.

The English Bishop of Ely has found fault the dearth of his diocese preaching more than one sermon a week, and exhorting such laxity. If they only knew to preach twice they are declared to inquire and some persons by a hundred dollars and read it to the people. The good sermon a week is a matter of many a curate to pay for his well-dressed wife and the young man who receives half would be punished by compulsory at the opportunities to study; work and pray there is no thought. But five of

WORDS OF WISDOM.

The bought that bear most hang low-est.

One hour to day is worth two to-morrow.

Proud looks make foul work in fair faces.

Zeal without knowledge is fire without light.

Not to hear conscience is the way to silence it.

Small faults indulged are little thieves that let in greater.

Commit a sin twice, and it will not seem to thee a sin.

Do not to others what you would not have others do to you.

The camel desired horns and his ears were taken from him.

A simple light answers as well for a hundred men as for one.

Many a colt's skin is fastened to the saddle its mother bears.

Cleverness is a sort of genius for instrumentality. It is the brain of the hand.

A man lives by believing something; not by debating and arguing about many things.

It is with antiquity as with ancestry; nations are proud of the one, and individuals of the other.

Truth is the most powerful thing in the world, since fiction can only please by its resemblance to it.

Great men begin enterprises because they think them great, and fools because they think them easy.

The voice of conscience is so delicate that it is easy to stifle it; but it is also so clear that it is impossible to mistake it.

General observations drawn from reflections are the jewels of knowledge, comprehending great store in a little room.

Empty Bottle Collectors.

Those who have seen the empty bottle collectors in their daily rambles about the city would little think, observes the New York Telegram, that interest is required for such business. The truth is, a large amount of knowledge may be profitably utilized even in the humble calling.

A Telegram reporter visited an old bottle establishment, and while wandering through the building learned a few secrets of the trade. Hot water and soda tanks and rows of bins on both sides of the room, built like mammoth pigeon holes and extending to the ceiling, were the principal features in the apartment. The bins were full of different kinds of bottles.

"In this age of patent medicine and villainous whisky," said one of the bottle washers, "it keeps a man busy to keep track of all the different kinds of bottles."

The number of different brands run far into the thousands, and as they are sent in they have to be sorted out, as the old bottles have to be kept by themselves. Many of the patent medicine concerns are so dignified that they will not use the same bottle twice, and if the name of the firm is blown in the glass, such bottles are of no value except for old glass. Hundreds of the various compound and extract companies, however, are glad to pay fair prices for their old bottles, and on this fact the success of the gatherer depends. New bottles of medicine, etc., are being constantly put upon the market, and as soon as the live merchant feels them floating ahead in the garbage boxes he sets to work to find out if they can be profitably returned. Plain bottles such as are used for pickles sauces and spirituous liquors have standard prices, and can be sold at many places.

The old bottle business is much like that of collecting old rags, and no doubt we shall soon see the many brands of bottle rascal-guard with as much precision as is noted in the basket of rags.

Praying on Brooklyn Bridge.

"Do you see that old woman there?" said a bridge policeman who is stationed at the New York end of the big cable thoroughfare to Brooklyn to a reporter. "Just watch her and see what she does.

She was a tidily-dressed old woman, with a pale, sad face, and she was walking her way slowly through the tangle of trucks, carriages and pedestrians in Park row, opposite the bridge entrance. She reached the bridge at last and slowly mounted the steps to the bridge entrance. Instead of following the crowd to the cars or footway, she went over to the south wall of the entrance, where she stood a moment as though collecting her thoughts. Then she suddenly knelt down, with her face toward home, began moving her lips as if in prayer. She was on her knees but a moment, when she got slowly to her feet and moved toward the footway, and then she began to pray as she had left and started on foot toward Brooklyn.

"Every day at about this hour that same woman comes here and goes through precisely that same performance. I asked her one day what she meant by it, and she said she was saying her prayers. I was only praying, and that is all I ever get out of her. Whether she is afraid the bridge will fall when she gets on it, and so prays before setting out, or whether she believes in saying one is in the habit of praying at about that time of day and feels the bridge entrance a very fitting spot for religious exercise, I never could find out. All I know is that the woman every day and prays exactly the same way, and she never varies a day. She is a quiet, inoffensive old lady. The fact is that we have to be kidded to see some queer specimens of humanity among the race of the people who go to and fro by day."

The Bohemian element is rapidly multiplying in New York city.

CURIOUS FACTS.

Bolivia declared its independence in 1825.

There is a Sunday Circus in New York.

Aristotle founded the science of botany about 347 B. C.

The world's consumption of wheat is about 2,185,000,000 bushels.

It is proposed to make a canal connection between Paris and the sea.

Bottles are made of paper, and are lighter and more durable than glass.

During the last three in the Crofted-street a candle cost twenty-five cents.

The cocoa tree is an evergreen, and resembles a young cherry tree in appearance.

Monrovia, Cal., boasts of plums of Crawford peaches weighing a pound apiece.

The oldest college in the United States is Harvard, Cambridge, Mass., founded in 1636.

Henry Clay was in the Senate of the United States at twenty-nine, contrary to the Constitution.

Goliath was over six cubits tall, which would make him between nine and eleven feet high.

A century ago the population of Europe was about 170,000,000; now it is over 350,000,000.

The deaf often hear conversation when there is music going on, which they could not hear when there was no music.

Gustavus Adolphus ascended the Swedish throne at sixteen; before he was thirty four he was one of the great rulers of Europe.

The Bessemer process of making steel was invented in England in 1856. It was introduced in this country about 1867-1870.

William Penn, of Limestone Hill, W. Va., has a powder horn that General Washington gave to his grandfather over a hundred years ago.

A Syracuse (N. Y.) dentist forcibled a horse with five false teeth, and had only begun to bring about it when the old beast swallowed them down with his oats.

A Frenchman spent ten years of his life to invent a successful clock, and when he had succeeded instantly would for it. A stock is brought for its tick as much as for its time.

There are 241 spinning jennies in the United States more than 10,000 feet in length. The highest manufacturing chimney in the world is in Saint Rollox Court, in the Scotch Metropolis of North Carolina, that is 1811 feet high.

The Justice of the Peace at Centerville, Mo., is Samuel Gilmore, who is forty years of age and only two feet nine inches tall. He weighs only forty-six pounds. Mr. Gilmore is a well-to-do farmer and a prominent man in the county.

The Rev. Frank N. Bristol, of Chicago, has a "Cain Major," printed by Ben Franklin in 1770, that is said to be as fine a specimen of typography as one could find anywhere. It was printed when Franklin travelled his home from his compositor room to the building where his presses were set up.

The greatest span of a cantilever bridge is that of the forth Bridge, which will be finished in October, 1889. It is two of one hundred hundred and two feet each. The cantilever height will be three hundred and sixty-one feet above high water, the tunnel three going ninety-one feet below high water.

Cane importers and manufacturers have a new material to work, which from present indications, they say, promises in time to become as popular as the rattan stick, or the bamboo, handled a few. The new importation comes from Assam, and is called wenkee. It is similar to and resembles the rattan, but has a straight handle. The wood is peculiarly proportioned, being light at the top and becoming heavy near the end. They are worth $1 a piece.

Ancient Valley Compared With a Canaan.

In an article on modern commerce an English authority says in the Contemporary Review: "Compare a valley, a vessel propelled by oars with the modern steamship. Here, and here to an extent that previous ages were entirely unknown, and that the world is to be improved yet more, are the conditions of commerce. Take the valley of the Mississippi. Here, and nowhere else, has Nature provided so much rich soil, so many navigable rivers, so much coal, and all these are worked by cheap men, on cheap roads, and where they are not worked by cheap men, or cheap roads, there is cheap water. Here, and here alone, has Nature provided a country which, with the most primitive means, can produce a large surplus of the necessaries of life, which can be sent to market, and which can then be turned back by the same primitive means, and can be worked, and it must be worked, by cheap men, or there would be no profit. Here, and here alone, has Nature covered an immense country with rich soil, which can be worked with the most primitive implements, which can be sent to market by the most primitive means, which can then be turned back by the same primitive means, and can be worked, and it must be worked, by cheap men, or there would be no profit

"Many mothers are disposed to regard the "growing pains" of their children too lightly. An article on "Rheumatism in Early Life," by Dr. Chapin, in the December number of BABYHOOD, will show them that children suffer from rheumatism more frequently than is popularly supposed. The symptoms, at binding complications, and treatment of that insidious affection are clearly described in the article. The world's fair, by H. M. Yale, contributes a popular illustrated article on "Household Surgery," which will prove of great value in the emergencies which arise even in the best regulated houses. The wide range of nursery problems discussed is indicated by such titles as "Mitigating the Pains of Childbirth," "Removing extra Teeth," "Mild Forms of Rickets," "The Causes of Restlessness at Night," etc. That BABYHOOD during the four years of its existence has not exhausted its subject, is very evident from the variety of interesting topics treated of under "Mothers, Parliament," "Baby's Wardrobe," and in other departments. The practical character of the magazine is apparent also in its seasonable articles on "Eating a Christmas pie," which furnishes many novel suggestions, and "A Plea for Fewer Playthings and More Substantial Ones." These and the article on "Christmas Books for Children," will prove useful guides to many a perplexed parent. 15c a number; $1.50 per year. BABYHOOD Publishing Co., 5 Beekman street, New York.

THE BEST OF BACON.

The lighter pigs will make bacon—you need not be so particular about the size—as a pig which weighs dressed 150 pounds will make choice bacon. Cut the sides into strips and put them for six weeks into a brine made as follows: For 100 pounds of meat, one ounce of saltpetre and six pounds of brown sugar with water enough to cover the meat closely packed in a clean cask; sprinkle a thin layer of salt on the bottom so that the meat will not come in direct contact with the wood. Put the skin side down and be sure the whole contents are covered with the brine. At the end of six weeks take up the meat and smoke it, using corn cobs or hard wood—smoke till it is a light brown or tan color. The pieces should be sewn up in muslin bags and covered with whitewash on the outside. When prepared in this way bacon can be cooked without any freshening and it will keep sweet for a year or more. It should be stored in a dry cool place. Bacon prepared and preserved in the above way will always come handy for a side dish, or for a special meat taking the place of pork. It is excellent to cook with greens, and in various other ways that a thrift and skill of housewife could devise.—*Farm Journal.*

Wonder what the five thousand miners who have been thrown out of employment in the Monongahela valley, think of the result of the late election? Wherever a slight increase of wages is reported anywhere, the Republican press immediately points to it as a result of Harrison's election. Why wouldn't it do just as well to call attention to the wholesale shut down as a result of Cleveland's defeat. It's a poor rule that won't work both ways.

About 1,000 pounds of nitro-glycerine exploded on a wagon at Pleasantville, Pa., on Monday. The driver was literally annihilated. Parts of his two horses were found a neighboring tree. A piece of the wagon was found half a mile away. His custodian, to a house in the vicinity, was seriously injured by the side of it being blown in. The explosion was heard in all the surrounding villages distant.

The talk of making Republican States out of Territories in the Northwest has suggested to some Northern Democrats the idea of making Democratic States out of Texas in the Southwest. The joint resolution of March 1, 1845, consenting to the annexation of Texas stipulated that "new States of convenient size, not exceeding four in number, in addition to the said State of Texas, and having sufficient population, may hereafter, by the consent of said State, be formed out of the territory thereof." Not unnaturally, therefore, a Democratic editor in Boston asked, "Why should not the Democrats cut up Texas into three or four States?" He pointed out that Texas has territory enough, and population enough, and inquired, with the air of a man who had put an unanswerable question, "If the Republicans are going into the business of manufacturing States, why shouldn't the Democrats do the same?"—N. Y. Post.

One "trusted man" in Indiana, who was put in charge of a "block of five floaters," took them fourteen miles on a fishing trip in hopes of keeping them away from the polls. He bag been bound over to await the action of the Federal court. He admits that he was trying to handle his "block of five," and the fishing trip was the best scheme he could think of.

America Wars.

Since Columbus first discovered this country, 396 years ago, sixteen wars have raged in what are now the United States, or been waged by this Government. They were the Dutch war of 1655, King Philip's war of 1675, King William's war of 1689, Queen Anne's war of 1713, the French and Indian war, 1757; the Revolution, 1775; the Indian war, 1790; the Barbary war, 1803; the Tecumseh war, 1811; the war of 1812; the war on the Algerian pirates in 1815, the first Seminole war in 1817, the second Seminole war in 1835, the "Black Hawk war of 1832, the Mexican war, 1846; and the Rebellion, 1861.

The duration and cost of the four great wars were: Revolutionary, seven years, $135,193,703; 1812, two and a half years, $107,150,000; Mexican, two years, $66,000,000; and the Rebellion, four years, over $7,000,000,000, or a total cost of nearly three and a half billion. In the revolutionary war the number of American troops engaged was 231,191, and in the rebellion the Northern soldiers numbered 2,688,523.

There have also been so-called rebellions or attempts to overthrow the Government. The first was in 1786, when some officers of the Federal army tried to consolidate the thirteen States into one and confer supreme power on Washington. The second was in 1787, called "Shay's Insurrection," in Massachusetts. The third was in 1794, popularly called "The Whisky Insurrection of Pennsylvania." The fourth instance was in 1814, by the Hartford Convention Federalists. The fifth, on which occasion the different sections of the Union came into collision, was in 1820, under the administration of President Monroe, and occurred on the question of the admission of Missouri into the Union. The sixth was a collision between the Legislature of Georgia and the Federal Government in regard to certain lands given by the latter to the Creek Indians. The seventh was in 1830 with the Cherokees in Georgia. The eighth was the memorable nullifying ordinance of South Carolina in 1833. The ninth was in 1842, and occurred in Rhode Island between the Suffrage Association and the State authorities. The tenth was in 1856, on the part of the Mormons, who resisted the Federal authority. The eleventh was the Southern rebellion.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Dec[illegible], 1888. No. 22.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, [illegible]
Prosecuting Attorney, [illegible]
Sheriff, [illegible]
Deputy Sheriff, [illegible]
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, [illegible]
Assessor, [illegible]
Com'rs Co. Ct., [illegible]
Co. Surveyor, [illegible]

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. W. WOODYE, [illegible]

M. CLINTON MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. A. STOKES,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties.

H. S. ROCKEL,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ENGLE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D[illegible] L. E. McCLURE,
[illegible]
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as [illegible] and Fall. The exact [illegible] of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D[illegible] E. F. PATTESON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

JOB WORK
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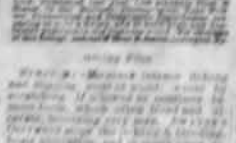
Distinguished Business Educator



[illegible]

SANTA CLAUS.—HOW OLD?

BY MRS. ANNA C. PRICE.

"How old is Santa Claus, mamma?"
And Agnes came
How he white hair and long
Beard,
And spectacles to see?

And does he travel very fast,
Tell me, I want to know,
For Christmas morning's early hours,
And he might be too late.

He used to come to Grandma's house,
When snows were on the tree,
And bring you pretty Christmas things,
When you were small like me.

Then Santa Claus is very old,
I hope he will not die;
For what would little children do,
When Christmas time is nigh!

How old is Santa Claus, mamma,
Tell me, I want to know,
And is he like our fathers, strong,
And does he bigger grow?

Sometimes he's young, sometimes he's old,
Why, that is funny too;
But this is it, when he wears out,
They make him up "brand new."

Then little Anna truly wise,
Turns from her mother's knee;
Well, it won't matter, so he brings
To Christmas dell to me.

Inhumanity to Horses.

Slavery, so far as it equalizes in buying and selling men, women and children, has been abolished, and our legal and moral obligations toward humanity at large are becoming more clearly defined; but the slave holding and slave driving fever still boils in the blood of our people. For proof look at the dumb beasts in our streets who are not yet admitted to have rights which men and women are bound to respect—who are overworked, overloaded, whipped, jerked, cursed, cursed, clipped, blinded, check[illegible] until their lives are one long burden of misery. There have always been men who were patient, gentle and kind with animals, and who knew how to bring out their best qualities, but alas! there have also always been men (and such have still existed) who are guided by that instinct of dull minded savages by which only the slow work of progress can eradicate—the idea of government by brute force. The horse will be abused as long as he is in the power of human beings who hate not learned that the ill-treatment of any dumb or helpless creature places them far lower in the scale of conscious existence than the object of their brutality. He will be abused as long as men are too stolid to feel his suffering or too thoughtless to perceive it. He will be abused as long as men believe that they know more about him than the Power which created him. The mouth of a colt is as sensitive as a child's. That will never do, so in the process of breaking it tests which ought to be as inappropriate when applied to a [illegible] is frequently torn and [illegible] with rough bits until when it finds a strong man can pull on it with all his might. If it had been left normally sensitive, the animal could have been guided by a [illegible] of the finger. His eyes can be covered by pieces of leather, and a lock of his mane can be pulled forward under the forehead-strap so that it can fall into the eyes and irritate them.

The fact, his defense against the [illegible] is strong or docile although, he is at [illegible] happy to mention, these offenses are now punishable by arrest or [illegible] fine or imprisonment. The [illegible] affords another opportunity to eradicate cruelties. It is [illegible] opinion of many that its [illegible] position is one of the [illegible] Case of a stupid unmanly Fire [illegible], whose wrath, with his rage [illegible], ought to restrict, as it is strapped high in the air, and the restless movements and foaming mouth occasioned thereby are supposed to indicate the suffering creature's unconquerable mettle.

Even if it is not raised to the point of torture, but merely to that of discomfort, what object can be more disconsolate to the eye of a human and humane being who admires the natural form of a horse than to see his nose poked out stiffly and his whole pose suggesting jaded patience and disgust! No wonder, poor fellow!—he knows in his dumb way how little his driver knows, but he would probably be pounded or jerked if he showed any resentment, so he does what few men would do if they were compelled to work with their heads tied back—suffers in silence. I imagine there would be a worse strike than any we have had yet if the proprietor of some large establishment should in [illegible] upon having all his employes wear straps over back from the tops of their heads to belts at the waist, in order to give them style, keep their heads up, make them breathe better and go faster; for their is just as much sense in applying any of these ideas to a man or a woman as to a horse. What a pity that our slaves were freed before the invention of that supreme instrument of horse torture, the [illegible] check! Think of the cases in which it might have been used for discipline when it was not needed for style! But there is no chance now to torment any creature with it unless he is dumb and helpless, and the chance for that is lessening every day as public opinion becomes gradually alive to the injustice of such treatment.—Hartford (Conn.) Times.

Educated to a Trade.

Trade schools, as institutions where the industrial arts are specially taught are called, are rapidly gaining a foothold in this country. The apprentice system never can be revived in this country to such an extent as will enable the hundreds of young men who desire to learn a trade to do so. The master workmen in the various trades have neither the time nor disposition to teach young men the secrets of their business. Even if they had, the rules of the various unions limit the number of apprentices, and an apprenticeship is about as hard to obtain as a scholarship in the army of naval schools of the government. The scientific [illegible] of trade schools is, therefore, a practical educational movement that [illegible] with encouragement from the associations of master workmen in the various trades. These schools, if they do not turn out thoroughly skilled workmen, do furnish young men with a ground work which, with practical experience, will very quickly convert them into skilled artisans.

This fact is shown by the experience of the hundreds of young men, between 15 and 21 years of age, who have laid the foundation of their knowledge of their trades in New York trade schools during the past six years. The instructors there are skilled workmen, and the personal attention by them to each individual student results in the very rapid acquirement by the scholar of the necessary rudiments of his trade. In a busy work shop such personal and constant attention and the immediate correction of false mechanical strokes or errors of judgment are not possible. It is no wonder, then, that young men serving to learn a trade make such rapid and smooth progress as they do in the New York trade schools. The [illegible] are corrected immediately [illegible] made, and they are taught [illegible] correct and avoid them.—New York Times.

Where Men Cross Their Legs.

Men generally cross their legs when there is least pressure on their minds. You will never find a man actively engaged in business with his legs crossed. The limbs at those times are straighter than at any other, because the mind and body work together. A man engaged in auditing accounts will never cross his legs, neither will a man who is writing an article, or who is employed in any manner where his brain is actively engaged. When at work in a sitting posture his limbs naturally extend to the floor in a perfectly straight line. A man may cross his legs if he is sitting in an office chair discussing some proposition with another man but the instant he becomes really in earnest and perceiving something to be gained his limbs unfurl quick as a flash, he bends forward toward his neighbor and begins to use his hands. That is a phase that I believe you will always observe.

Men often cross their legs at public meetings, because they go there to listen or, to be entertained; they are not the factors in the performance, and they naturally place themselves in the most comfortable position known to them—leaning well back in their chairs and crossing their legs. A man always crosses his legs when he reads a newspaper, but is more apt to lie down when he reads a book. He reads the paper, of course, to inform himself, but at the same time the perusal of its contents is recreation to him, and his body again seeks its position of relaxation. When a man is reading a newspaper and waiting for his breakfast his legs are always crossed, but as soon as the breakfast is brought to him he puts the paper aside, straightens out his legs and goes to work—that is, begins to eat, his mind now turning on the duties of the day before him.—N. Y. Times.

Looking For Things.

We have all looked for things, sometimes, alas, vainly. We have hunted for health and happiness, for fame's laurels and the most [illegible], but not lost but present, and can [illegible] slipper.

It is not an agreeable occupation, particularly if the thing to [illegible] in a hurry. And the more precious and coveted the person the more [illegible] she is apt to be when she realizes that she has mislaid the article that she now just wants to put her hands on.

It is entertaining only to the spectator to see you look wildly [illegible] the house for the [illegible] thing. To look until you are exhausted and drop panting into a chair upon the [illegible] of the [illegible] that has been lying conveniently here, while you were searching the rest of the house.

One of the most unpleasant ways of looking for things is to be obliged to sit down in [illegible] and direct somebody else in the looking. Work when exasperation you hear the poor dear say: "Well, it isn't in that drawer!" stirring the [illegible] contents about as with a stick. "Now, where else shall I look, my dear?"

And you know you could find it immediately, if you could only get [illegible] up.

The best way to find things is to put them always in their places. It is [illegible] some [illegible] to walk the extra steps to put an article in the place appropriated to it, but we are well repaid when we go there and find it without any flurry the next time it is wanted. It is really the easiest way, and in the end will save one great waste of mind and nerve energy. Lost umbrellas may happen [illegible] the most careful and methodical people, and there is besides, the [illegible] perversity of inanimate things [illegible] be taken into account. Through [illegible] circumstance things may be dropped, and mislaid even after the utmost [illegible] has been taken to put them just where they properly belong. When you meet with the mishaps which it is the fate of all housekeepers sometimes to meet, do not lose your temper and your time by getting excited, and insisting that you must have that particular thing and can not nothing else. Offer a substitute for the lost article can be arranged, not so good, perhaps, but we sometimes have to do with second-best things. When the hurry of the moment is over, and your mind is at rest, it will be easier to quietly find the lost keys, or duster, or perhaps wait till they turn up, as they surely will, in the course of your round of duties through the house. It is not always pleasant to do with something else, but when we say the worry and [illegible] time made by the lost, and the discomfort and annoyance entailed to the end of the family by a [illegible] habit upon finding some special [illegible] article and being satisfied with no other, we are tempted to think that there is such a thing in this world as being too particular.—N. Y. Evening Post.

If Gen. President is made to agree with the "White Cloud" of Ohio, he had better let out the job to Powell Smith, of Birmingham.

THE SUN

[illegible]

And for the Democracy.

The Sun believes that the campaign for the election of a Democratic President in 1888 and a Democratic Congress will be waged with more vigor, with more hopefulness, with more unity of spirit and with more enthusiasm than any campaign since the beginning of the Democratic party. It believes that the Democratic party will be victorious in 1888 because it is the party of the Constitution, of the Union, of the people, of progress, of reform, of economy, of honesty, of peace, of prosperity, of liberty, of the present and of the future. It believes that the Democratic party will be victorious because it is the party of the Constitution, of the Union, of the people, of progress, of reform, of economy, of honesty, of peace, of prosperity, of liberty, of the present and of the future.

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Pocahontas Times.

E. V. LOURY. C. F. MOORE.

LOURY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS

C. F. MOORE, Editor.

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Huntersville, W Va.

Dec. 20, 1888.

The Direct Tax Bill.

The measure known as the Direct Tax bill has passed the House by a vote of 178 to 98. It had already passed the Senate, but must go back to that body for concurrence in the amendments now adopted. The question of interest is whether Mr. Cleveland will veto the bill; and in that event, whether it can pass over his veto.

Not only the amount of money, but the principles involved, this bill is one of the most important that has come before the Fiftieth Congress. It proposes to refund to the States what they paid to the Federal Government on account of the direct tax laid by Congress in August, 1861, and also to forgive the debt still due to the Federal Government by those States which never paid their full share of that tax. About $16,000,000 would go back to the States and Territories in the three cases, ranging from New York's $2,253,990 and Pennsylvania's $1,654,000 down to Nevada's $6,382 and Dakota's $3,281. Of the debts due and still carried on the Treasury books, which the bill wipes out of existence, the largest are Alabama's $511,828, Georgia's $477,494, and Tennessee's $291,763.

This bill passed the Senate last January, after full discussion, by a vote of 48 to 19. There was little opposition to the measure. Only five Democratic Senators voted against it. The Southern Democrats in the Senate, as a rule, acknowledged the equity of the proposal to refund the Civil tax. Of the ten Senators voting against the bill, five were Northern Republicans, including Mr. Blair of New Hampshire.

Three months later, when the measure came up in the House with the approval of the Judiciary Committee of that body, there was suddenly developed a fierce and systematic opposition, led by Gen. Butler of Alabama, and this availed in the six-months deathlock of last April, when every expedient of obstruction under the sun was called in order to prevent the consideration of the Direct Tax bill. The deadlock lasted for days, and was only broken by a compromise which gave consideration of the bill [illegible] the session.

The vote in the House on Wednesday showed a curious fracture of the party lines. Democrats were in favor of, generally, by no other Democrats voted for it. Mr. Ran[illegible] with Mr. Mills, Mr. Car[illegible] the two Breckinridges, and Gen. Butler against the measure. Mr. Watson and Mr. Bowden stood with Mr. Reed, Mr. Butterworth, and Mr. McKinley in favor of the bill. Only four from the United States Senate. The New York city delegation was equally divided—Cummings, Bryce, Cox, and Spinola against the bill, and Campbell, Morrison, Cockran, and Fitch for it. It is a long time since there has been any vote in the House sufficient to explain on any gauge politics of local interest or party.

The Direct Tax bill is one of the most singular measures in recent legislation. It has been opposed on broad advocated on equity and justice, and principles. The difference of opinion as to how institutional powers of Congress to the More than two thirds of the Senators voting, and almost two-thirds of the Representatives voting have declared for it. It is neither a job nor a steal, nor a spasmodic indulgence of extravagant prepossessions; nor has it been pushed in the interest of any gang of claim agents. But it involves taking from the Treasury, and consequently from the cherished surplus, many millions of dollars, and the question is, Will the President Sign It.—N. Y. Sun.

Mr. Oates (Ala.) has introduced a bill providing that no alien shall be admitted into the United States who is an idiot, insane, a pauper, or liable to come a public charge, or who has been legally convicted of a felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or who is a polygamist, anarchist or socialist, or who is afflicted with any loathsome or contagious disease, or who has entered into contract to perform labor or service for any person, firm or corporation. A penalty by fine not to exceed one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed three years, is imposed.

Section 3 provides that no vessel shall bring more than five immigrants for each one hundred tons of the capacity of the vessel. A fine of five hundred for each passengers in excess of the limit, is provided.

A tax of twenty five dollars per head is levied upon every alien who comes into the United States, the tax to be collected by the Collector of Customs at the port of entry from the owner or master of the vessel upon which the alien is brought.

Exemptions are made of diplomatic representatives, consuls or agents accredited to foreign governments, of persons who come for travel, instruction or temporary residence. Upon the latter class making affidavit to that effect, they are given an acknowledgment of the collection of twenty five dollars, which is good for three years, pays his at any port upon re-embarkation. It further provides that United States consuls abroad shall, after inquiry, issue certificates of emigration to persons desiring to emigrate to the United States, and without a certificate from a United States consul, no person shall be landed. The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to see that the provisions of the bill are carried into effect.

The Democratic House caucus on Tuesday night discussed the admission of Territories, but took no action. Mr. R. R. Cox favored the admission of all the Territories except Utah and New Mexico. Mr. Oates of Alabama dissented from the views advanced by Mr. Cox. He regarded the question of the admission of the Territories as largely political, and believed that the interests of the Democratic party should be considered. Mr. Hiscock said that the question was purely political. He would oppose the admission of Territories in every way he could, and in 1892, with a staunch, sterling Democrat at the head of the Democratic ticket, that party would march on to victory. He did not believe in sentimental measures.

Secretary of State of Tennessee.

The bill to affix the State seal to the certificate of election of Representative Evans (Rep.) of that State, although Gov. Taylor has signed it. A Secretary of State is sometimes the largest man in the government.

The President's Honesty.

However one may differ from President Cleveland on public questions, says Charles P. Bryan, in the Chicago American, one must recognize in him an official sensible of the dignity of his place. I learn from a recent guest of the Cleveland's that the President has always been most scrupulous in forbidding any appropriation to personal uses of public property. When the gardener of the White House grounds made up a box of beautiful plants to be dispatched to Oak View the President ordered them to be sent back, with the direction that what plants were needed should be purchased. He even requested that a guest of Mrs. Cleveland's should return to the donor an expensive present made her by a minor official. Such evidence of honesty should be gratifying to good Americans of all parties. National loyalty ought to inspire us all with the hope that the time may never come when the President of the United States shall forfeit the respect of fair minded countrymen, either for himself or for his exalted office. Allow the British plenipotentiary and the London press a monopoly of arrogant and envious criticism.

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May be increased, the Digestive organs strengthened, and the bowels regulated, by taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills are purely vegetable in their composition. They contain neither calomel nor any other dangerous drug, and may be taken with perfect safety by persons of all ages.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted my family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally concluded to try Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite

IMPROVED

my bowels were regulated, and, by the use of [illegible] bottles of these Pills, my health was restored. I have since recommended them to my friends, and they have all been benefited by their use.—E. O. Lapo, Wilmington, Del.

I was troubled, for quite a time, with loss of Appetite and Dyspeptic Headache. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite was restored. Since then I have used Ayer's Pills occasionally, and always with good effect.—E. O. Clark, Dunkirk, N. Y.

Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all derangements of the digestive organs. I have used them in my family, and have found them to be a thorough and reliable cathartic. I feel confident that they will prove a valuable acquisition to the medical science.—Dr. Wm. Hall, Jr., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BY USING

three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and at the same time dieting myself, I was relieved of a painful disease of the liver, which had troubled me for years.—Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, 1 Lockwood Square, Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills are [illegible] and have been used in my family for [illegible] years, with the best results. They [illegible] Headache, and [illegible] Dyspepsia, and [illegible] Constipation. I have never found their equal as a cathartic.—Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They are mild and thorough in their action, and I recommend them to all who suffer from Piles.—Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, 1 Lockwood Square, Boston, Mass.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They are mild and thorough in their action, and I recommend them to all who suffer from Piles.—Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

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PREPARED BY J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

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Absolutely Pure.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferers at once; it produces natural sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; relieves wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

INVENTION has enriched the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal: any one can do the work: either sex, young or old: no special ability required. Capital not needed: you are started free. Cut this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1-1y

PISO'S CURE FOR

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. It you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this very serious affection, Consumption is the result, and serious suffering will be required.

CONSUMPTION

CATARRH

DEEP [illegible] are prepared by the methods of invention. Those who [illegible] should write for a book that has been [illegible] at home and their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information, how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 a day at this work. All succeed.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured thousands of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have pulmonary symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE and CURE at once. Immediately. By Druggists, 25 cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEAD ACHE

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for public patronage and respectfully solicits your support. He knows no [illegible] he pays in trade, whether [illegible] or [illegible], and [illegible] of both [illegible] he has.

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. [illegible] and are what a large [illegible] of goods [illegible] for.

OUR TREASURY

is not overflowing with a surplus, but we have decided nevertheless to reduce the VANITY of everything we have for sale, that has not already been reduced, so low as to be profitable to handle, for CASH ONLY. CASH is sufficient to enable us to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

After if you decide to favor us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this [illegible] section.

If I [illegible] owing us on Account or Note, we ask it same as "OPEN DUCAT," and think reasonably ought to pay on each, if not all, [illegible] and visit us.

NO PIRES to assist you to [illegible] in front of our Counting room, during the [illegible] days.

Very truly thankful for favors,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

PREACHING — Rev. J. Lyons, Hardware, will preach in this town at the following places as stated:

5th	Sunday,	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
"	"	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
6th	"	Sunset,	11 A. M.
"	"	Bethel,	3 P. M.
8th	"	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
"	"	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
13th	"	Bethel,	11 A. M.
"	"	Sunset,	3 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—We congratulate George Hamrick, of Pinckney, on the recent addition to his family. They say its a fine boy.

—Mr. Lee Nottingham, while working at the lumber camp last week, was badly hurt by a falling tree. At this time he is much improved.

—The County Court rooms on the 1st day of January. It will be a term of unusual interest, as the newly elected County officers qualify at that time.

—E. L. Bell, of Hillsboro was in town Saturday. His recent sickness has somewhat reduced his surplus flesh.

—J. B. Caufield and family left for their new home at Dorchesville, Va., last Tuesday morning. Pocahontas loses a good citizen in the departure of Mr. Caufield. We wish him success.

—The impression seems to be gaining ground that Nelson Moore still lives. Several things have occurred that indicate it. We hope it may finally so appear.

—Trent Shue, who was some time ago committed to jail charged with horse stealing, was last Saturday taken to Hillsboro and given a preliminary examination before justice Kennison. In default of bail he was recommitted to await the action of the grand jury.

—Sparker writes us that a recent telegram from Senator Chase announces that he will be at Duncanson on the night of Dec. 20th if the trouble are not too bad, and old Mrs. Chase's health will permit him to leave home.

—We sincerely hope that in re-letting the carrying of our mails the contracts will be awarded to parties who will stock the routes in a manner that will insure a prompt and reliable service. The thing of letting a contract at half price and then RAT during the work does not suit the public at all.

Dr. E. M. Harper, of Falling Springs, Greenbrier Co., well known to many of our readers, died at his home on Saturday night, Dec. 9th. He had been failing all day, visiting his patients, in the evening came home complaining of a severe pain in his head. He soon retired and applied to his head a cloth saturated with chloroform. Next morning he was found dead in his bed. It is supposed that his death was caused by inhaling the chloroform too freely. His wife was not at home at the time. The Doctor was peculiarly successful in the practice of medicine, and generally liked by those who knew him.

Last week at Birmingham, Ala., a crowd collected on the County jail with the intention of lynching R. L. Mayer, who is there imprisoned on the charge of murdering his wife and child. The jail was guarded by Sheriff Smith and his posse. Several times the crowd who gathered together for that purpose, but failing to load the sheriff gave command to fire, which was done and resulted in the death of fifteen persons, among whom were some of the most prominent citizens of Birmingham. Several were killed who at the time were vainly endeavored to persuade the mob to desist.

At the second test of the Bessemer steel gun at the proving grounds of the Naval Academy at Annapolis last week the gun burst into considerable pieces, breaking the by no means inconsiderable fragments. The first charge was thirty-six pounds, the second forty-eight, the regulation charge. The gun made by the Pittsburg Steel Casting Company was of very mild steel, the bore is eight inches in diameter and nine feet long. The gun will be fired by the pound.

WANTED

Ginseng, Deer Skins, Hides and Yellow Jac cash or exchange.

A. F. LEAVY,
Dealer in Leather, Harness, Boots and Shoes, Huntersville, W. Va.

Last week the Secretary of the Navy ordered three men-of-war to Hayti to release the American vessel there seized and held. Instructions were given to demand a release, which demand if disregarded should be enforced. It is rumored that Hayti is making preparations to warmly welcome the American fleet, and a lively contest may result.

"Chief," the largest elephant in America, belonging to Robison's Circus, has been condemned to die for the murder of his keepers. This elephant is about twenty five years old and weighs ten thousand pounds. He is worth $10,000, or would be worth it if not so dangerous a brute. Three of his keepers have been killed by him and still his murderous inclination is unchecked. The Robison boys, fearing he may some day break loose and cause them a greater loss than will be sustained by his death, have determined to kill him, and the sentence will shortly be executed. It is proposed to put him to death by means of an electric current.

After the 1st of January, 1889, hanging as a mode of paying the death penalty will be abolished and death by means of electricity substituted in the state of New York. This we believe to be a step in the right direction. The purpose of the law in executing the sentence of death is not to torture the individual, but to deprive him of his life: Yet how often it happens that our hangings are so badly conducted that they amount to nothing less than torture in its worst form. It, however, the statements of our best scientists are true the work can be accomplished instantaneously, thus avoiding the slow and barbarous process of the gallows.

The "City of New York," the latest transatlantic steamer launched on the Clyde,is under contract,with heavy penalties upon the part of the builders, to make the distance between Liverpool and New York in five days and fifteen hours. The penalty will not be enforced for two or three months, until the men handling her have learned best how to develop her steampower. The "Etruria" did not reach her best record until she had been running over four years. The new steamer has over nineteen thousand horsepower. There is only one vessel, and that belongs to the Spanish navy, which has greater driving power. A statistician connected with the builders has estimated that if the steel used in the "City of New York" were made into needles, there would be enough to reach to the moon and back four times. Her average consumption of coal is 350 tons a day. She made the fastest trip ever made on the Atlantic.—Herald and Presbyter.

ALDEN'S MANIFOLD CYCLOPEDIA

The issue of the tenth volume calls attention to the great progress which this excellent popular cyclopedia is making. The publisher promised the extraordinary interval of about a month, but is scarcely more than keeping his word. The volume expands from Cosmographer to Dairy, contains about two pages and about 100 illustrations handsomely printed and neatly bound in cloth, all for 50 cents. The Manifold is more comprehensive than any other cyclopedia except Cassell's which costs several times as much, including an unabridged dictionary of the English language in addition to ordinary cyclopedia matter, and though many of the articles are necessarily brief, they are sufficiently full for practical people, and some articles are surprisingly extended—for instance, Dublin occupies 20 pages; Glasgow, 6 pages; Florida and Confederate, 8 pages; Chicago, 5 pages; Canada, 4 pages; Bacon and the Baconian Theory, 11 pages, and so on. It would be strange indeed if a cyclopedia of such great worth published at a cost so surprisingly low, did not reach an enormous circulation. A specimen volume will be sent

Signal Report

The following is the roll of honor for the first month of the McClaughlin school, near Batteries:

Lillie Carpenter, Minnie McClaughlin, Effie Carpenter, Annie McClaughlin, Ellard McClaughlin, Charlie McClaughlin, George Carpenter.

No. enrolled 24.
Average daily attendance 19.
Per cent. of daily attendance 90.

M. ALICE McCLAUGHLIN,
Teacher.

An extensive manufactory of cutlas in New York has failed. Its trade was principally in the Southern States, which speaks well for the general well doing of that section. Nobody wants to see a business interest destroyed, yet there are few persons who would grieve if every coffin factory in the country had to close up owing to the lack of demand for its product.

The Cost of All Attainment

Hard work is the cost of all attainment that is worth having; yet while every body wants the attainment, only now and then one is willing to do the hard work that is essential to its securing. So it comes to pass that the measure of a man's prospects of attainment, be, practically, his willingness to work hard and tirelessly. No man works harder than a great genius. If more men were willing to work as hard as the man of genius, more men would be credited with the possession of genius, because of their achieving results which are supposed to come from the inspirations of genius.—N. Y. Times.

Temperance in the Senate.

Senator Frye is sometimes laughed at because he opposes the sale of whiskey in the Senate restaurant and compelled resort to the extravagance of "cold tea," or whisky served in a teacup. But the Senator's protest against the open sale of spirituous liquors is only one of the signs of a developing sentiment of the use of liquor in an open way about Congress. His position, says Dunnell, in the New York Times, is a great advance upon that of the mass of Congressmen in service here twenty-five years ago. At that time whisky was not more objectionable as a beverage than water. I am told by an old employe that at the beginning of the Thirty-eighth Congress the room of one of the principal clerks of the House was always supplied with at least a bottle of whisky, that stood conspicuously upon a table line to all visitors, as soon as the superior clerk had given the signal by taking the first drink. Three prominent men from as many different States made their room a "lodging" resort, and it was not a rare sight to see champagne opened by the case for the private use of some interested to the House, the celebrated Congressmen mark a point to be on hand whenever the champagne was flowing. This figure was supplied by men who were disposed to keep the members of the House in good humor, and to subdue any violent opposition that might otherwise be developed. Two of the most prominent drunkards of that time have gone to a place where there can be no use for bibulous ale. The third is still here, but has so improved that for a "tenderfoot" time of it at long intervals. Champagne is still to be had in the restaurants of both Houses, and while by without dispute in one of them, but in the open committee rooms the whisky bottle has given way to the ice pitcher, which neither cheers nor inebriates. The habitually drunk ex-member is now almost a curiosity as the Sioux, and the four drinkers of 1881 is a spotted rhinoceros.—Washington Post.

It is said that J. E. Camden, Gid. Wilson, and Henry G. Davis, as well as others, have

Col. Billy Norton, of Randolph Co., has made an arrangement with the Cincinnati Enquirer to furnish it with 100,000 letters during the campaign.

A WEEK'S READING FREE
FOR SIX GOOD FAMILIES.

Send your name and the name and address of five of your neighbors or friends on a postal card and get free for yourself and each of them a specimen copy of

The Great Southern Monthly,
THE "ATLANTIC CONSTITUTION,"

Our Three Months' Trial Offer will introduce it where it is not known, and will be followed by subscriptions at the regular rates.

What it Contains: Stories of Travel, Sport, Peril, Fun, Adventure, "The Farm," The Household, Correspondence, A World of Instruction and Entertainment.

Twelve Pages. The Brightest and best Weekly Picture every number of the Family.

Send a postal for a specimen copy, free. Address "THE CONSTITUTION," Atlanta, Ga.

SCHUMACKER & BIRCH,
at
Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.
J. C. SCHUMACKER.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said John Sharp to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said John Sharp for adjustment to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner of the Court, at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of February, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this 25th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Nov25 4t Printer's Fee, $3.75.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Low prices for CASH or Good Country Produce.
Nothing and Sponging a specialty.

SUMMONS REVIVOR

No Home should be Without It.

JACOB BOWER
DEALER IN

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

I have received a fine lot of DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, &c., &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Fiduciary Notice

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement:

Isaac McNeel, guardian of Lydia E. McNeel.

H. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

J. A. Lightner, Admr. Wm. Lightner, dec'd.

L. E. McCLINTIC,
Com'r in Chy.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered at the [illegible] Term, 1888, in the chancery cause of George W. Tharp vs. [illegible] Gallion &c., I, as special commissioner appointed in the said decree, shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-House of said county, on the

1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1889,

the following real estate, to-wit:

A tract of land containing [illegible] acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Clover Creek, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, adjoining the lands of S. D. Sutherly, R. P. Doyle and others, being the same land [illegible] conveyed to Gallion [illegible] by said George W. Tharp.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much real is to be sold as will pay costs of said suit, and for the said sum, the purchaser to execute [illegible] several bonds with good security, bearing date the commissioner in this. Twelve [illegible] months from day of said sale, bearing interest from day of sale, a lien will be reserved on the land to secure [illegible].

H. H. CLARK, Sp'l Commissioner.
C. D. HAWKINS, Assistant.
Brief fee [illegible] by the above Special Commissioner [illegible] suit.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk of Ch. Ct.
Dec. 6 4t Printer's Fee $7.50.

LADIES will find relief from their Constipation, Dizziness, by the Use of Cole, Sons' Menstrual Regulator. Sold by druggists, or by mailing a Dime or Five Two-cent Stamps to the above address will [illegible] Medicine will have [illegible] and the ladies will [illegible] Regulator. If not [illegible] Medicine will [illegible] Regulator. If not [illegible] Medicine will [illegible] Regulator. If not [illegible] Medicine

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Lewis Hutchison will preach for the year at the following places as stated.

1st Sunday,	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
2nd "	Sunset,	11 A. M.
" "	Bethel,	4 P. M.
3rd "	Hunterville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
" "	Sunset,	4 P. M.

NONE NEWS

—We congratulate George Hamrick, of Dunmore, on the recent addition to his family. They say its a fine boy.

—Mr. Lee Nottingham, while working at the lumber camp last week, was badly hurt by a falling tree. At this time he is much improved.

—The County Court meets on the 1st day of January. It will be a term of unusual interest, as the newly elected county officers qualify at that time.

—E. L. Bolt, of Hillsboro was in town Saturday. His recent sickness has somewhat reduced his surplus flesh.

J. B. Canfield and family left for their new home at Cordonsville, Va., last Tuesday morning. Pocahontas loses a good citizen in the departure of Mr. Canfield. We wish him success.

—The impression seems to be gaining ground that Nelson Moore still lives. Several things have occurred that indicate it. We hope it may finally so appear.

—Trent Shue, who was some time ago committed to jail charged with horse stealing, was last Saturday taken to Hillsboro and given a preliminary examination before Justice Kinnison. In default of bail he was recommitted to await the action of the grand jury.

—Spyker writes us that a recent telegram from Santa Claus announcing that he will be at Dunmore on the night of the 26th if the roads are not too bad, and old Mrs. Claus's health will permit him to leave home.

— We sincerely hope that in re-letting the carrying of our mails the contracts will be awarded to parties who will check the routes in a manner that will insure a prompt and reliable service. This thing of taking a contract at half price and then half doing the work does not suit the public at all.

Dr. R. M. Harper, of Falling Springs, Greenbrier Co., well known to many of our readers, died at his home on Saturday night, Dec. 9th. He had been riding all day, visiting his patients, late in the evening came home complaining of a severe pain in his head. He soon retired and applied to his head a cloth saturated with chloroform. Next morning he was found dead in his bed. It is supposed that his death was caused by inhaling the chloroform too freely. His wife was not at home at the time. The Doctor was was peculiarly successful in the practice of medicine, and generally liked by those who knew him.

Last week at Birmingham, Ala., a crowd assembled at the County jail with the intention of lynching R. E. Hawes, who was there imprisoned on the charge of murdering his wife and child. The jail was guarded by Sheriff Smith and his posse. Several times the crowd was warned against further advance, but failing to heed, the sheriff gave command to fire, which was done and resulted in the death of fifteen persons, among whom were some of the most prominent citizens of Birmingham. Several were killed who at the time were vainly endeavored to persuade the mob to desist.

At the second test of the Rezeau steel cast steel gun at the proving grounds of the Naval Academy at Annapolis last week the gun burst into numerous pieces, breaking the heavy timbered platform it was on into fragments. The first charge was thirty-six pounds, the second forty-eight, the regulation charge. The gun made by the Pittsburg Steel Casting Company was 46 inches long and one inch in length and weighed 16,000 pounds. The attempt to cast steel guns will be given up for the present.

WANTED

Dressed Deer Skins, Hides and Tallow for cash or exchange.

A. F. LAIRD,
Dealer in Leather, Harness, Bad Tar, &c.

Hunterville, W. Va.

Last week the Secretary of the Navy ordered three men-of-war to Hayti to release the American vessel there seized and held. Instructions were given to demand a release, which demand if disregarded should be enforced. It is rumored that Hayti is making preparations to warmly welcome the American fleet, and a lively contest may result.

"Chief," the largest elephant in America, belonging to Robinson's Circus, has been condemned to die for the murder of his keepers. This elephant is about twenty five years old and weighs ten thousand pounds. He is worth $10,000, or would be worth it if not so dangerous a brute. Three of his keepers have been killed by him and still his murderous inclination is unchecked. The Robison boys, fearing he may some day break loose and cause them a greater loss than will be sustained by his death, have determined to kill him, and the sentence will shortly be executed. It is proposed to put him to death by means of an electric current.

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Actual Report.

The following is the roll of honor for the first month of the McClaughlin School as at Dunmore:

Lillie Carpenter, Minnie McClaughlin, Effie Carpenter, Annie McClaughlin, Hessel McClaughlin, Charlie McClaughlin, George Carpenter.

No. enrolled 24.
Average daily attendance 19.
Per cent. of daily attendance 90.

M. ALICE McCLAUGHLIN.
Teacher.

An extensive manufactory of coffins in New York has failed. Its trade was principally in the Southern States, which speaks well for the general well doing of that section. Nobody wants to see a business interest destroyed, yet there are few persons who would grieve if every coffin factory in the country had to close up owing to the lack of demand for its product.

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It is said that J. E. Camden, Gov. Wilson, and Henry G. Davis, as well as others too numerous to mention, would be glad to succeed John E. Kenna in the United States Senate. Present indications seem to bespeak a hotly contested election.

Col. Billie Morrow, of Shepherdstown, Va., has made a prediction. His Christmas present to [illegible]

A WEEK'S READING FREE

FOR SIX GOOD FAMILIES.

Send your names and the name and address of five of your neighbors or friends on a postal card and get free for yourself and each of them a specimen copy of

The Great Southern Weekly,

THE "ATLANTIC CONSTITUTION."

Our Three Hundred and one Writers

Uncle Remus's quaint humorous Sketches of the old Plantation Darkey.

"Bill Arp's" Humorous Letters for the Home and Hearth Stone.

"Oxley Hamilton's" adventures told in the "Cracker dialect."

War Stories, Sketches of Travel, News, Poems, Fun, Adventures, "The Farm," The Household, Correspondence, A World of Instruction and Entertainment.

Twelve Pages. The Brightest and best Weekly Pleasure every member of the Family.

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SHOEMAKER'S SHOP,
at
Hunterville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

J. C. THOMPSON.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Creditors of John Sharp, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said John Sharp to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said John Sharp for adjudication to James W. Warwick, Jr., Commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 20th day of February, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this the 16th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.

Nov18 4t | Printer's fee, $4.80.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Low prices for CASH or Good Country Produce.

Roofing and Spouting a specialty.

MAKE AND REPAIR ALL KINDS OF TINWARE.

O. F. WOODSON.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

No Home should be Without It.

JACOB BOWER
—DEALER IN—
CHEAPEST
STORE
IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY,
and the BEST goods.

Has received a fine lot of THESE GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Hunterville, W. Va.

Fiduciary Notices

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

Isaac McNeel, guardian of Lydia E. McNeel.

R. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

T. A. Lightner, Adm'r Wm. Lightner, dec'd.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Com'r Accts.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered on the 8th day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of George W. Tory vs. William Collins etc., I, as special commissioner appointed in the said decree, shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-House of said county, on the

1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1889,

the following real estate, to-wit:

A tract of land containing [illegible] hundred acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Cherry Creek, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, adjoining the lands of S. B. Hannah, ——— Doyle and others, being the same land heretofore sold to Hamilton Collins by said George W. Tory.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of said sale, and for the residue, the purchaser to execute three several bonds with good security, falling due respectively in Six, Twelve and Eighteen months from date of sale, said bonds bearing interest from day of sale. A lien will also be reserved on said land as ultimate security.

H. S. RUCKER, Sp'l Commissioner.

C. B. SWEARINGEN, Commissioner.

Bond has been given by the above special commissioner as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk of C. C.

Dec. 6-4t Printer's fee $9.36.

LADIES will find relief from their Chilblains, Sore Throat, Coughs, Sore Stomach, Headache, Kidney troubles, etc., by taking a dose of Rucker Liver Regulator before dinner or supper, so as to move the bowels once a day. Brothers will have better health and the babies will grow more robust by using the Regulator. If no Druggist advises copies of Cards, sending like a few drops in water for relief. The Genuine has the red Z on front of wrapper. 1y4

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

or

ANYTHING

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY.

TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE.

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Dec 20. 1888.

"Keep away from that," said a pessimist keeper to an Irishman who was standing in front of a new-arrived box of turtles, holding his finger in evident pain. "What are you doing there, anyhow?" "I was investigating." "Investigating what?" "I was trying to see which was the head and which was the tail of that baste over there in the corner of the box." "What do you want to know for?" "I've a curiosity to know whether I've been bit or stung."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County. }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. '86.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Dec. 20-4t

Wife: Now look here, Henry you've come home drunk three nights in succession, and you've got to reform or I'll leave you.

Husband: My dear don't talk (hic) that way. Reform (hic) knocked out on "bottom day, and it's revision we're (hic) after now.

THE LEGISLATURE

Will convene at Charleston on January 9th, and the session will be an unusually interesting one. The "Daily Star" of that city will contain everything of interest transpiring at that place, while the report of the legislative proceedings will be complete every day. We could will pay for it during the session. The "Weekly Star" stands without a rival in that section of the state and will also give the proceedings in full. We could will accept it for three months and allow our readers to subscribe at once for either the daily or weekly edition, if they wish to keep posted as to what our state solons are doing.

1852. --$1.00-- 1888.

THE WHEELING

INTELLIGENCER,

Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

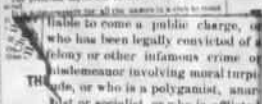
One Dollar a Year!

$1.00 The Very Best. $1.00

THE WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

THE WEST VIRGINIA HOME.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.



liable to come a public charge, or who has been legally convicted of a felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or who is a polygamist, anarchist or socialist, or who is afflicted with any loathsome or contagious disease, or who has entered into contract to perform labor or service for any person, firm or corporation. A penalty by fine not to exceed one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed three years, is imposed.

THE MOST

EXTENSIVELY ADVERTISED

LAUNDRY BLUE IN THE WORLD.

NO FREETS, Gloss or Rust. NEVER SPOILS. LITTLE GOES FAR. 16 oz. 10 cents.

Twenty-Four Washings for Ten Cents.

BLUINE MFG CO., East Acton, Mass.

BILIOUSNESS,

OLEY CREOLITE

For Toilet Use.

R'S Hair Vigor has given me perfect satisfaction. I was told for six years, during which time many hair preparations, but with no success. Indeed, what little hair was growing thinned, and Ayer's Hair Vigor. I used two of the Vigor, and my head is now covered with a new growth of hair. Mrs. H. Chapel, Peabody, Mass.

R that has become weak, gray, and faded, may have new life restored to it by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It has also been found, not only, and fill and to impart vitality. Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the falling, and restored my hair to its original color. As a dressing for the hair, this preparation has no equal. Mary E. Hazlewood, Stillwater, Minn.

VIGOR, youth, and beauty, to the hair, appearance of the hair may be preserved by the occasional use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Some of the most talented men have become bald and gray and to fall out freely. Not until I had commenced using Ayer's Hair Vigor. Three bottles of this preparation restored my hair to a healthy condition, and it is now soft and glossy. My scalp is cured, and it is also free from dandruff.—Mrs. E. B. Fox, Milwaukee, Wis.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

PERFECT SAFETY, prompt action, and wonderful curative properties, make Ayer's Pills at the head of the list of popular remedies for Sick and Nervous Headaches, Constipation, and all stomach derangements.

I have been a great sufferer from Headache, and every Cathartic pill I ever used, including those that were given me by my physician, did me more harm than good. One dose of these Pills will quickly relieve my headache, and have not been long enough.—William L. Page, Richmond, Va.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. C. F. Moore, Editor. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 3 1889. Terms of Subscription $1.10 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 24.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, C. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, B. V. Hill.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. P. Beard, Pres't. / R. P. Hannah. / C. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

TAX COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. B. McCLINTIC. C. F. MOORE.

McCLINTIC & MOORE,

Attorneys-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,

Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,

Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and State Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,

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Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

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W. L. LEE,

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RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

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Tales of Duelists.

The story of "Old Hickory's" duel, in which he was the challenged party and by right had the choice of weapons has been often told. He stipulated that his opponent and himself should sit upon two kegs of gunpowder with a lighted fuse attached to each. The climax of this novel affair was reached when "Old Hickory's" fighting enemy ran as the lighted fuse was burning dangerously near the bung-hole of his keg of powder. And as he fled he heard "Old Hickory" derisively calling to him to "come back, you darned fool; there is nothing but onion seeds in these kegs."

Another story about the man, who, when challenged by a farmer friend aggrieved at some trivial matter, suggested that they join hands and jump from the top of the highest building in New York, created a laugh when it was in its prime. But it has grown gray-haired and decrepit through long years of faithful service and has been shelved.

The man who was challenged by a wooden-legged man has become historical on account of his queer demand when he and his antagonist met upon the field of honor: He did not know until the pistols were loaded and the ground paced off that the man who thirsted for his blood was possessed with a timber limb. He protested and cited that section of the code which prescribes that neither party shall have any advantage over his adversary, contending that his wooden-legged opponent had an advantage. "But rather than break up the affair, gentlemen," remarked the man who had two sound and natural legs, "I make the following proposition: If you will get a beggar for me to put one of my legs in, I will go ahead with the fight."

That duel didn't come off.

There was a good one told in Georgia a few years ago and it has lost none of its vitality with age. A couple of gentlemen had decided that nothing but a shot at one another with adult pistols would satisfy a difference they enjoyed. By reason of a failure to make a railroad connection one of the principals did not arrive at the place selected for the battle and his second brought the news of his detention to the others, who were impatient for the slaughter to begin. When the other principal heard of the delay that was to defer him from the privilege of shooting at his enemy he promptly sent word that the code made provisions for such emergencies. That when either of the principals failed to appear at the time and place set for the duel his second must answer to the demand of the other side. But the second in this case did not take kindly to this and said that it would be impossible for him to fight as he was not naturalized. That duel was declared off and a champagne supper restored good feeling all around.

In the days when it was the proper thing to lock the doctors in a darkened room and arm them with pistols there were good stories told. One of them has been preserved. A German and a Frenchman were the fighters. They were locked in a room which was so dark that they could not see each other. The Frenchman described what transpired in his own peculiar style: "I know of I shoot my pistol at Dutchman she by the flash and shoot me. So I say to myself, I fire at chimney and she will scare at Dutchman so he shoot his pistol and den I can kill him. I keep vat still and so Dutchman I not hear at all. But when I shoot my pistol up at chimney to scare him, down he come."

Ability.

Success may not always a be the test of ability, but it is so in enough cases to warrant one in saying that the universally successful man is incompetent. We feel that there is a screw loose somewhere. If he really had ability, and all that is included in that name, he would succeed in something. Ability implies enough energy to surmount small difficulties, and not only small obstacles, but obstacles that would daunt and discourage the man of little determination. To such a one a reluff only furnishes fresh incentive to succeed—at all hazards.

Those who sit down, and cry weakly that they are more able to do great deeds that such-a-one if they only had the opportunity; that they have as much talent as So-and-so, but they only lack the chance to display it; that they have no time to do anything; that circumstances are against them or they would certainly succeed—probably possess neither talent nor ability, except in their own imagination. If they had the talent, they would accomplish something, no matter what circumstances were against them. They might perhaps do better when they had more time, more foothold, more chance to show what they could do; but it is hardly likely, if they did nothing at all while the fates were against them, that would make a shining success when things were more favorable.

Ability makes its possessors resolve that they will do something with it; that they will work to improve the talent, small though it be, that they feel is theirs; that they will not be beaten, and that nothing shall daunt them. This faith and energy may really serve to remove the mountains that confront them, or at least enable stout hearts to so far surmount them that, though the way may be rough and toilsome at first, it will become easier and straighter as they climb upwards. Therefore, if you are persuaded in your mind that you are really and truly able to do a certain thing, do not go about crying that you could do it, only—you can't; but go to work earnestly and doggedly and *do it*. Do it, no matter what happens to "keep you back." Do it with all the powers of your mind and body. Do it, at first, it may be, blunderingly, in a blind, faltering way, but feeling confident that if you have the talent or genius it will show itself, though after a long time perhaps, and only by hard and persistent work. And be assured the one-half of the ability to do a thing lies in the determination to do it.—N. Y. Post.

Meaning of the Word "Limited."

A subscriber asks for an explanation of the word "limited," which frequently follows the name of a corporation, as the "Smarm Blacking Company, limited," or "Smith & Jones, limited." In the last case, as in the first, the concern is a corporation, with shareholders, not one of whom, possibly, is a Smith or a Jones.

The old principles of corporations created by legislative act was that the entire property of every stockholder was liable for the whole debts of the company, as the whole property of every member of a general partnership is still liable for the debts of the firm.

But this system made every shareholder responsible for bad management of which he might not be guilty, and deterred wealthy men from becoming interested in the shares of corporations. To remove this objection the principle of limited liability was introduced, and in order to notify the public that only the separate property of the corporation was liable for the debts of the corporation the English law requires that the word "limited" shall be used in every case by the company.

Most American corporations are constituted on the principle of limited liability, but few, if any, of the States enjoin companies to append the word limited to their corporate titles. The matter is so well understood in this country, indeed, that it is not necessary.

The most noteworthy exception to the general rule is the case of the national banks, and even in this instance liability is limited to an amount equal to the par value of the shares. That is, if a national bank fails, each stockholder may not only lose what he has invested, but $100 more for each share of stocks he holds, if so much is necessary to pay the debts of the bank.

Until within a few years all the Scottish banks were organized with unlimited liability, and when, eight or ten years ago, a Glasgow bank failed, disasterously, there were cases of men who only owned a share or two, valued before the failure at not much more than a hundred dollars each, who were assessed thousands of pounds sterling, to meet the debts of the bank. Since that time the Scottish banks have been allowed to reorganize on a basis of limited liability.—Youth's Companion.

BUSINESS UNREALITY.

Courteous Treatment of the Rich and Poor, and its Commercial Value.

Bishop Ames, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, once delivered a sermon in Washington in the presence of members of Congress, the President and a large number of other Government officials on the subject of amiability in business. His text related to the personal characteristic of the prophet Daniel, the leading characteristic of whom was amiability of deportment, winning to Daniel by its traits, nearly all with whom he came in contact. From this starting point the Bishop proceeded to sum up some of the observations of his own long life, showing how men of his acquaintance had succeeded in their natural occupations by the practice of habitual courtesy without insincerity, this trait, of course, accompanied by honesty and industry. "Other things being equal," said the great preacher, "I always prefer to buy my goods at the store from that clerk who has a friendly word and a kindly look of recognition. So, too, I prefer to deal with that business man who has a pleasant demeanor, and treats me like a brother. Other things being equal, such a clerk and such a business man will win where others of different social qualities will fail."

The good Bishop long since passed to final rest, but the lessons he sought to impress upon the young on the occasion of which we speak, are as important now as it was then, and employer and employed in all branches of trade and industry could heed it with profit. In politics, the lack of amiability has sent many a candidate to the rear, and in business depending upon the voluntary favor of the public (and what business does not?) it marked the line between success and failure for many a firm. Courteous treatment of the rich and poor alike has not only a commercial value as above estimate, but it counts very near to the fulfillment of a divine command.—Laundry Journal.

The Art of Not Hearing.

The art of not hearing should be learned by all. It is fully as important to domestic happiness as a cultivated ear, for which so much money and time are expended. There are so many things which it is painful to hear many of which we ought not to hear, will disturb the temper, corrupt simplicity and modesty, detract from contentment and happiness, that every one should be educated to take in or cut sounds according to his own pleasure.

If a man falls into a violent passion and calls us all manner of names, at the first word we should shut our ears and hear no more. If, in our quiet voyage of life, we find ourselves caught in one of those domestic whirlwinds of scolding we should shut our ears as a sailor would furl his sail, and, making all tight, wait before the gale. If a hot and restless man begins to inflame our feelings we should consider what mischief those fiery sparks may do in our magazine below, our temper is kept, and instantly close the door.

If, as has been remarked, all the petty things said of one by heedless or ill-natured idlers were to be brought home to him, he would be a more walking pincushion, chock full of sharp remarks. If we would be happy when among good men we should open our ears when among bad men shut them. It is not worth while to hear what our neighbor says concerning our children, what our rivals say about our business, our dress or our affairs.

The art of not hearing though untaught in our schools, is by no means unpracticed in society. We have noticed that a well-bred woman never hears a vulgar or important remark. A kind of charmed deafness saves one from many insults, from much blame, from not a little consciousness in dishonorable conversation.

The steamer Kate Adams, the fastest and finest boat of her type on the Mississippi, was burned in the water's edge on Sunday morning forty miles south of Memphis. Twenty-three or more persons, a great majority of them colored, were drowned or died from exposure in the water, which was consequently cold. The fire broke out among cotton bales, when the boat was 300 yards from shore. It was discovered, but the fire got out of the passengers from the bow, and they leaped overboard. There were 150 persons on board, and the exact number of the lost is not known.

"Jake, you've been smoking again. Your cheeks are reeking with the odor." "Maria, you are a liar, too. I rode home in a smoking car. Had to do that or stand up." (Next day.) "Jake, you've been drinking again." "Mirandy, you say word I haven't. I rode home in a —with a —car, that won't do this time). If you are (do) thinking 'bout that other time I came home kind o'tired one day I swore off."—Chicago Tribune.

Henry Cleveland will be the only negro in the 51st Congress. He is a mulatto, a graduate of Shaw University, and a teacher by profession. He will represent the first and second Districts of North Carolina.

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 3, 1889.

Well Said.

A few days ago a republican began crowing over Harrison's election to a certain Democrat when the disciple of Cleveland promptly replied, "Well, we have this consolation, if you have a good President we have ?"

This unmeasured reply most truly and aptly expresses the political situation of the Country. If the republicans have a good president the democrats have. In other words, if Benj. Harrison the President elect is a good President, he is of course good in the sense of being a leader and defender of his country and not of his party alone. Grover Cleveland was a worthy President, not because of the interest he took in the democratic party, but because of his faithful discharge of duty to the entire people.

And this is the principle that should apply to politics universally.

What a wonderful advance will have been made in political affairs when it is conceded and acted upon that "he serves his party best who serves his country best."

It is necessary, of course, that different parties exist, but at the same time it should always be remembered that after one has been exalted to high position he is no longer the mere leader of a faction but of all under his authority, and duty demands that he guard with equal diligence and solicitude the interest of all. This principle lies the more fully recognized, the truth of the sentence above quoted becomes apparent and it is reduced to an axiom that if the republicans have a good President the democrats have a good one too, and vice versa.

It applies not alone to national affairs, but likewise to state and County matters. No man is worthy to fill any office in the gift of the people who is so dwarfed and contracted by prejudice that he can only be the servant of that political party from which he sprang.

Parties and the Judiciary.

One of the most interesting questions decided by the recent election was the future character of the Federal judiciary as regards the partisan affiliations of its members.

When the Republican party came into power, the United States courts were officered by Democrats. Fortune had long been favorable to that party. After the sweeping victory of the Whigs in 1840, William Henry Harrison missed a chance to make an appointment to the Supreme bench by only a week, the death of Philip P. Barbour occurring on the 25th of February, 1841, and the appointment of Peter V. Daniel as his successor being made on the 3rd of March. Only a single vacancy occurred among the judges during Harrison's brief Presidential term, and that had to be filled by Tyler, who named Samuel Nelson. One vacancy occurred during the other term for which the Whigs elected their candidates, and Benjamin R. Curtis was appointed by Fillmore in 1851.

A quarter of a century almost suffered to make the Federal judiciary as unanimously opposed in politics to Cleveland in 1885 as it had been to Lincoln in 1861. Every one of the nine judges of the Supreme Court had been appointed by a Republican President, although Field, who came in as a sort of war Democrat, had gone back to his old party; every one of the nine judges of the Circuit Court was a Republican; and of the fifty-six judges of the district courts, only half a dozen bore commissions which had been made out before Lincoln's accession. Mr. Cleveland has given the Supreme Court a new Chief Justice in the person of Melville W. Fuller, and appointed one associate justice, Mr. Lamar; he has made one judge of the Circuit Court, ex-Senator Jackson of Tennessee, for the district which covers the States of Michigan, Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee; and he has appointed judges of the District Court, in Alabama, California, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan, Missouri and South Carolina. There are now two vacancies in that court in Southern States, and a nomination for Florida has just been made, but it is regarded as doubtful whether the Senate will confirm such nominations.

Gen. Harrison will undoubtedly have the opportunity of making more than one appointment to the Supreme bench. One of its members is in his seventy-sixth year, and two others are past seventy-two, all three being eligible for retirement upon a full-pay pension. Another member, Judge Matthews, has been in such poor health for some time that much doubt is felt as to whether he will prove capable of long service. Moreover, it is probable that President and both branches of Congress being now of the same party, some measure will at last be carried through for the relief of the Supreme Court, either by the addition of new members or by the establishment of appelate courts, the new judges in either case to be named by Gen. Harrison. A larger number of appointments to the District bench will probably fall to his lot than his predecessor was called upon to make. Among such judges is one Daniel Clark of New Hampshire, who is in his eightieth year; another, Arnold Krekel of Missouri, who is seventy-three; and several others who will reach the age of seventy, with the privilege of retiring upon a pension, before 1893.

Fortunately it is a matter of slight concern to anybody but the Democratic lawyers that a Republican President is to have the appointment of a great many judges. There is no longer the old sharp line of division between the parties in the matter of constitutional interpretation; the states' rights decisions rendered by the appointees of Lincoln and Grant have shown that the old landmarks are restored, and Southern Democrats made Chief-Justice Waite's appointment the occasion for frank confessions that they had no complaint to make against Northern Republicans who made such a record on the Federal bench as he had done.—N. Y. Post.

A war of Races, on a small scale, is reported from Bradford County, Va., as growing out of a political quarrel over the results of the late election. At latest advices the sheriff had succeeded in quelling the disturbances, but not until one white man and one negro had been killed, and a large number of persons badly injured. The race question does settle itself, but it is a

General Sherman's Opinion.

In a large sense General William T. Sherman is responsible for the dozen lives lost in Walnutak, Miss., in the last week and for the blood shed that will follow. The inevitable outcome of the negroes—their absurd and irrational rage—was the astonishing feature of the race conflict over which that town is still agitated. All is explained by the statement that the Sunday preceding a negro preacher had read from his pulpit the assertion of General Sherman that a war of races, of dagger and torch, was imminent, and that "when the negro struck the first blow in securing justice, millions of northern men would be ready to help." The great name of General Sherman, backed such a remarkable appeal, explains the otherwise inexplicable course of the negroes.

Few men understand how quick the negro is to respond to an appeal to his ignorance or passion. In Oglethorpe county, in this state, a few years since, some wags wrote a letter to a prominent negro, signed by General Grant, and appointing him postmaster at Lexington. The negro took the matter in dead earnest, and no subsequent explanation convinced him that it was a joke. He organized a crowd to take the office by force, and the agitation was kept up until there was a riot, and several negroes were sent to the penitentiary for implication therein. When Cleveland was elected thousands of negroes were sure they would be put back into slavery, and their fear on the subject was pitiful and their excitement dangerous. In one case known to the writer a negro sought his old master and seriously begged him to buy him when the sale came off.

Out of this ignorance the city negroes are rapidly emerging by contact with people and by their close association with white and the country negroes slowly by three months' education in the public schools. Among the country negroes, cloistered in their scattered cabins, this ignorance is still dense. The man who would appeal to its worst side or inflame its passions for partisan or personal purposes does a great and unmeasurable wrong.

What possible good can come of General Sherman's terrible words? They scare nobody. The evil complained of does not exist, and even if the whites were frightened by his incendiary threat, they could not right a wrong when there is no wrong. And what good can they do the negro? They simply arouse a blind and unreasoning rage that impels him to seek his own ruin by throwing himself against the steadfast ranks of the whites. He can never get anything by fighting for it, and every sane man knows this to be true. Such words as General Sherman's will produce, every where they are read or circulated among negro crowds, just such results as at Walnutak! Is he satisfied with this work?

The record of General Sherman was terrible in war, and ruin and the torch went with it. Let us hope, for America's sake and for humanity's sake, that his pen will not be dreadful in peace, and ruin and the torch be invoked from its point.—Atlanta Constitution.

* * *

Indianapolis seems to have become very popular all of sudden as a winter resorts for politicians. Numerous pilgrimages have recently been made to that city. Of course, their visits to Harrison don't have any political significance.

* * *

The Richmond Whig, one of Virginia's oldest landmarks, has suspended publication, and a new daily by The Times in accordance of the

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Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

The undersigned beside answering themselves as candidates for public confidence and respectfully solicit your patronage. We have on hand, now and expect to make weekly additions thereto, a varied assortment of such goods as are

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to exchange them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large assortment of goods you can get at our store for CASH.

OUR TREASURY

is well replenishing with a surplus, but we have doubled everything to reduce the "TARIFF" on everything we have for sale, that we are already beginning to see how we are to accumulate a handsome "SURPLUS" and we shall be thankful to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

AND if you decide to favor us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this "Neck o' woods."

To those owing us on Account or Note, we are in need of "GREENBACKS," and think reasonably ought to put us past, if not all, you owe us.

Respectfully,

LOURY & MOORE.

THE NEWS will publish the list of the following places as stated.

[illegible] Sunday,	Hunterville,	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

HOME NEWS

—O. B. Shorn, of Frost, qualified as Notary Public Tuesday.

—C. R. Moore, Esq., of Dunmore, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Geo. W. Pollack, of Locust, was in town Tuesday and remembered us in a substantial way.

—Edbert Hill, of Washington Territory, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Not a few of those who attended Court this week subscribed for The Times. Thanks.

—Gen. M. Kee, Esq., of Marlinton has been commissioned as Notary Public by the Governor.

—The County Court ought to make an appropriation for the repairing of the road up Salt River. The recent increase in travel over that route makes it a necessity.

—Lee Dever, son of Francis Dever, Esq., who is located at Unionville, Mina., is visiting his relatives on Knapp's creek. We are glad to learn that he has done well in the west.

—A number of persons who had expected subpœnas summons under Cleveland were before the County Court this week asking to be appointed road overseers.

—C. O. Arbogast, Esq., is off on a flying trip to Charleston. He wants to be assistant steward of the next house of delegates. If Charley gets the position he'll make an efficient officer.

—Quite a number of persons were in town Tuesday and Wednesday attending County Court. The new officers were all on hand to qualify, and the Bar of Justices and Constables was never before seen.

—We are requested by the patrons of the Childless on this place to say to the people that it is very much desired that they should assemble promptly at the hour appointed for services. When preaching is announced for 10 o'clock be sure you are on the ground by 10 minutes past 10.

—The County Court met last Tuesday. It began the work by installing C. E. Beard, the Commissioner elected to succeed R. H. Clark. Mr. Beard was also elected President of the Court. In our next issue we shall give our readers an account of the Court's proceedings.

—We were sorry to hear of the misconduct of some who attended the Christmas tree at Dunmore and Frost. Huge persons we are told who attended the tree at Dunmore went away thoroughly disgusted and with the fixed determination never to go to such a place again. It is very strange that some people feel called upon to exhibit bad manners whenever an occasion presents itself.

—The order entered by the County Court on Wednesday morning requiring all persons to address the Court from the bar is a move in the right direction, and we sincerely hope it will be strictly enforced. The custom that has prevailed in the past, of allowing any body and everybody at any time and at all times to step up and while one in the bar of the Court, or back by the clerk's table in front of the bench for an audience, being the assemblage with his back to a good audience is business and certainly a great violation of Court House decorum.

—We are informed that on last Sunday, Quince W. Pungs met with a very painful and perhaps fatal accident. He was on his way home from Edray, riding at a rapid rate, when his horse threw him and trampled him under foot, fracturing his skull and inflicting other painful injuries. At this writing his condition is still critical.

A Card to the Public.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day mutually dissolved the partnership hitherto existing between them in the practice of law under the firm name and style of McClintic and Moore. All business undertaken by the firm previous to this date will receive the attention of both parties until completed, just as if the partnership still continued. We would also remind those indebted to the firm that this is a most excellent time to come forward and pay up.

Respectfully,
L. H. McCLINTIC.
C. F. MOORE.

Huntersville, W. Va.
Jany. 1st 1880.

Dunmore Doings.

The Christmas dinner given at the lumber camp of Capt. E. A. Smith, was largely attended and greatly enjoyed. Mr. Gay, the expert French cook of the camp is hard to excel in his art, as all will readily who have ever partaken of his preparations.

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This was the first entertainment given to Prof. Landon and we most gladly did the school acquit itself that the people cannot fail to recognize that they have a sound and thorough teacher. Prof. Landon is a gentleman of refinement culture and learning and we trust he will receive that support from the public of this and neighboring counties to which he is fully entitled. No one need be afraid to trust the training of his child both morally and mentally to his hands. He comes highly recommended and his stay in our midst even the short time he has been here has most favorably impressed the community with his worth. He is ably assisted by Miss Emma N. Warwick a lady well known to the people of the entire county and we hope that the future support he received will be commensurate with the success he deserves.

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State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheny makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheny & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. '86.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Dec. 26-4t

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

TORPID LIVER

RILIOUSNESS.

OLEY GETLEIN

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works York Pa.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP,
at
Hunterville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in said style.

F. C. Yeager.

A WEEK'S READING FREE
FOR SIX GOOD FAMILIES.

Send your name and the name and address of five of your neighbors or friends on a postal card and get free for yourself and each of them a specimen copy of

The Great Southern Weekly,
THE "ATLANTIC CONSTITUTION."

Our Three Months Trial Offer Includes Uncle Remus's most famous Sketches of the old Plantation Darkey.
"Bill Arp's" Humorous Letters for the Home and Hearth Circle.
"Henry Hamilton's" adventures told in the "Cracker dialect."
War Stories, Sketches of Travel, News, Poems, Fun, Adventure, The Farm, The Household, Correspondence, A World of Instruction and Entertainment.
Twelve Pages. The Brightest and best Weekly Pleases every member of the Family.
Send a postal for a specimen copy, free. Address "THE CONSTITUTION," Atlanta, Ga.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP
—IN THE WORLD.—

Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

[illegible]

READ THIS TWICE

[illegible]

Beware of Imitations.

[illegible]

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

[illegible]

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

DYSPEPSIA.

[illegible]

The underlying cause is in the LIVER.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Start the Liver to working, when all other troubles soon disappear.

See that you get the Genuine,

JACOB ROMER
—DEALER IN—

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

We have received a fine lot of DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 5% per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Fiduciary Settlements.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

Isaac McNeel, guardian of Lydia E. McNeel.

S. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

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L. W. McClintic,
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Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this 25th day of November, 1880.

John J. Beard, Clerk.

Nov22-4t.] Printer's fee, $6.52.

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IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Pamphlets,

or

Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY.

PREACHING. Rev. J. Lindsay Hendricks will preach for the year at the following places as stated:

1st Sunday, Huntersville, 11 A. M.
" " Bold, 3 P. M.
2nd " Huntersville, 11 A. M.
" " Bold, 3 P. M.
3rd " Huntersville, 11 A. M.
" " Pocket, 3 P. M.
4th " Pocket, 11 A. M.
" " School, 3 P. M.

HOME NEWS.

—O. B. Shirey, of Frost, qualified as Notary Public Tuesday.

—C. R. Moore, Esq., of Dunmore, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Geo. W. Tallman, of Locust, was in town Tuesday and redeemed us in a substantial way.

—Elbert Hill, of Washington Territory, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Not a few of those who attended Court this week subscribed for The Times. Thanks.

—Gen. M. Kee, Esq., of Marlinton has been commissioned as Notary Public by the Governor.

—The County Court ought to make an appropriation for the repairing of the road up Salt River. The recent increase in travel over that route makes it a necessity.

—Lee Dever, son of Lewis Dever, Esq., who is located at Duluth, Minn., is visiting his relatives on Knapp's creek. We are glad to learn that he has done well in the west.

—A number of persons who had expected cabinet positions under Cleveland were before the County Court this week asking to be appointed mail carriers.

—C. O. Arbogast, Esq., is off on a flying trip to Charleston. He wants to be sergeant-at-arms of the next house of delegates. If Charley gets the place he'll make an efficient officer.

—Quite a number of persons were in town Tuesday and Wednesday attending County Court. The new officers were all on hand to qualify, and the list of Justices and Constables was never before seen.

—We are requested by the pastors of the Churches of this place to say to the people that it is very much desired that they should assemble promptly at the hour appointed for services. When preaching is announced for 11 o'clock be sure you are in your place by 40 minutes past 10.

—The County Court met last Tuesday. It began its work by installing C. V. Beard, the Commissioner elected to succeed S. H. Clark. Mr Beard was also elected President of the Court. In our next issue we shall give our readers an account of the Court's proceedings.

—We were sorry to hear of the accidents of some who attended the Christmas tree at Dunmore and Frost. Hope anyone we are told who attended the tree at Dunmore went away thoroughly disgusted and with one determination never to go to such a place again. It is very strange that some people feel called upon to exhibit bad manners whenever an occasion presents itself.

—The order entered by the County Court on Wednesday morning requiring all persons to address the Court from the bar is a move in the right direction, and we sincerely hope it will be strictly enforced. The custom that has prevailed in the past, of allowing anybody and everybody at any time and all times to step up and wipe out in the bar of the Court, or hang by the chin at the railing in front of the bench for an audience at time, being the scandalous way we look it, is a great hindrance to business and certainly a gross violation of Court House decorum.

—We are informed that on last Sunday, Quincy W. Penge met with a very painful and perhaps fatal accident. He was on his way home from Bidwell, riding at a rapid rate, when his horse threw him and trampled his under foot, fracturing his skull and inflicting other painful injuries. At this writing his condition is still critical.

A Card to the Public.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day mutually dissolved the partnership hitherto existing between them in the practice of law under the firm name and style of McClintic and Moore. All business undertaken by the firm previous to this date will receive the attention of both parties until completed, just as if the partnership still continued. We would also remind those indebted to the firm that this is a most excellent time to come forward and pay up.

Respectfully,
L. M. McCLINTIC,
C. F. MOORE.

Huntersville, W. Va.
July, 1st 1888.

Domestic Doings.

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F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Dec. 30-4t

TORPID LIVER

Is known by these marked peculiarities:
1. A feeling of weariness and pains in the limbs.
2. Bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue.
3. Constipation, with occasional attacks of nausea.
4. Headache, in the front of the head, dizziness, blotches, and pimples on the face.
5. Drowsiness, loss of appetite.
6. Depression of the stomach and bowels to bind.
7. Alternation of attacks and great nervousness with languor and indisposition to undertake anything for the future.

A natural flow of bile from the liver is essential to good health. When this is obstructed it results in

BILIOUSNESS,

which, if neglected, soon leads to serious derangement of the digestive organs, and if not cured by the use of proper remedies, will lead to Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, Piles, and many other diseases equally fatal. Simmons Liver Regulator will cure Biliousness, Torpid Liver, and all diseases caused by a disordered liver. It is the only medicine that will give perfect satisfaction in every case, or the money will be refunded. Be sure you get the genuine, with our Trade Mark on the front of wrapper, and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO. on the stamp. Take no substitute. Sold by druggists generally.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

OVER 60 STYLES

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Manufacturers of Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Shingle Mills, Feed Mills, Corn Shellers, Wood Saws, Pumps, Iron Pipe, Fittings, Brass Goods, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Oilers, Belting, Packing, Lace Leather, Rubber Hose, Etc. Send for Catalogue. Mention this paper.

SECRETARIES WANTED,
at
Huntersville, W. Va.
I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Books and Blanks of all kinds. Also repairing done in neat style.
J. C. Turner.

A WEEK'S READING FREE
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Send your name and the name and address of five of your neighbors or friends on a postal card and get free for yourself and each of them a specimen copy of

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Our Three Humorous Writers | Uncle Remus's world-famous Sketches of the old Plantation Darkey. "Bill Arp's" Humorous Letters for the Home and Hearth Side. "Riley Hamilton's" adventures told in the "Cracker dialect."

War Stories, Sketches of Travel, News, Poems, Fun, Adventures, "The Farm," The Household, Correspondence,

A World of Instruction and Entertainment.

Twelve Pages. The Brightest and best Weekly Finance every member of the Family.

Send a postal for a specimen copy, free. Address "THE CONSTITUTION," Atlanta, Ga.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

THE original formula, which we used for over twenty years ago, before the Soap was manufactured on a large scale, is followed implicitly. This soap is identical in quality to-day with that made twenty years ago.

IT cannot be excelled for the use of the finest fabric. It brightens colors and bleaches whites.

IT washes flannels and blankets as no other soap will do. It is the world over—without shrinking—leaving them soft and white and like new.

READ THIS TWICE

THERE is a great saving of time, of labor, of soap, of fuel, and of the fabric, when Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to the directions.

OUR total will demonstrate to your mind. It will pay you to make that trial.

ALL of best things, it is commonly said, tried and counterfeited.

Beware of Imitations.

INSIST upon Dobbins' Electric. Don't take any other kind, unless you have a fancy for it. They will cake or sour, and are dear at any price. Ask for

DOBBINS' ELECTRIC Soap.

and take no other. Your grocer knows it. If your grocer don't, he is unfair. If your grocer don't, he will get it from his nearest wholesale grocer.

READ carefully the directions contained in each wrapper, and follow directions strictly. The greatest success attended the use of Dobbins' Electric Soap when directions were disregarded.

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

W. Y. Woodson,
Agent for Huntersville.

W. Y. WOODSON,
AGENT FOR HUNTERSVILLE.

KEEPS AND REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF TINWARE.

Low prices for CASH or Good Country Produce.

Clothing and Sporting a specialty.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

DYSPEPSIA.

The underlying cause is in the LIVER,

and this is the organ to regulate, as was said before, when a disorder exists with

it will succeed. Acting of the Stomach, Heart burn, Sour Eructations, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, Back, &c., this great remedy will prove its merit.

Start the Liver to working, when all other troubles soon disappear.

Be sure that you get the Genuine, with our Trade Mark on front of Wrapper, and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO. on the Stamp.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

JACOB BOWER
MANAGER

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

We have received a fine lot of THESE GOODS NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

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S. H. Clark, executor of Wm. Clark, deceased.

C. A. Lightner, Adm'r. Wm. Lightner, Dec'd.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Comm'r. acctg.

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To the creditors of Allen D. Grimes, dec'd:

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Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said court, this 13th day of November, 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.

(Nov22-4t.) Printer's fee, $4.55.

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Letter Heads,

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Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office.

They may be procured at

Lower Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY,

TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE, PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Hunters-ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	1 50	2 50	3 50	10 00
Qr. column	2 50	3 50	10 00	15 00
Half col'm	3 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
One col'm	10 00	15 00	25 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance, after 6 months, $1.50, after 12 months, $1.50. These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan 3, 1889.

"Hobson's Choice."

Did you know that this familiar phrase, "Hobson's choice," preserves the memory of a very good and useful man?

Thomas Hobson was born in 1544; he was for sixty years a carrier between London and Cambridge, conveying to and from the University, letters and packages, also passengers. In addition to his express business, he had a livery stable and let horses to the University students. He made it a rule that all the horses should have, according to their ability, a proper division of work and rest. They were taken out in regular order, as they stood, beginning with the one nearest the door. No choice was allowed, and if any man refused to take the animal assigned him he might go without any. That or none. Hence the phrase, "Hobson's choice."

In the spring of 1630, the plague broke out in England. The college of Cambridge were closed, and among the precautions taken by the authorities to prevent infection Hobson was forbidden to go to London.

He died in January, 1631, partly, it is said, from anxiety and fretting at his enforced leisure. Hobson was one of the wealthiest citizens of Cambridge, and did much for the benefit of the city, to which he left several legacies. His death called forth many poems from members of the University, officers and students, among them two by the poet Milton, when a student at Christ's College.—Wide Awake.

The Wives of Statesmen.

Not long ago, when speaking of his wife, Prince Bismark is reported to have said: "She it is who has made me what I am." There have been English statesmen who could say quite as much. Burke was sustained amid the anxiety and agitation of public life by domestic felicity. "Were I ever vanished," he said, "the moment I enter my own roof!" His eulogy on of his wife is too long to quote, but we must give an epitome of it. Of her beauty he said it did not arise from features, from complexion or from shape; she has all three in a high degree, but it is not by these that she touches the heart, it is all that sweetness of temper, benevolence, innocence and amiability which a face can express, that forms her beauty. Her eyes have a mild light, but they awe you when she pleases; they command like a good man out of office, not by authority, but by virtue. Her stature is not tall; she is not made to be the admiration of everybody, but the happiness of few. She has all the firmness that does not exclude delicacy; she has all the softness that does not imply weakness. Her voice is a low, soft music, not formed to rule in public assemblies but to charm those who can distinguish a company from a crowd; it has this advantage, you must come close to her to hear it."—Louisville Courier Journal.

Virginia gave us Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and John Tyler. Massachusetts was the home of John Adams and John Quincy Adams; Tennessee supplied Andrew Jackson, James K. Polk and Andrew Johnson. Zachary Taylor was from Louisiana. New York has had the Presidency in the Martin Van Buren, Millard Fillmore, Chester A. Arthur and Grover Cleveland. William Henry Harrison came from Ohio, and so did Rutherford B. Hays and James A. Garfield. The great State of Pennsylvania supplied the country with one President—James Buchanan; New Hampshire another in the person of Franklin Pierce, and Illinois was the State from which Abraham Lincoln and General Grant hailed when they were elected, and Indiana gives us Harrison, but he was born in Ohio.

Benjamin Harrison will be 55 years, 6 months and 17 days old when he is inaugurated President of the United States. His distinguished grandfather was 68 years old at the time of taking the oath of office, forty-seven years ago. Three other Presidents were 55 years old at the beginning of their administrations. They were Martin Van Buren, Zachary Taylor and Rutherford B. Hayes. Lincoln became President at 52. John Tyler and Chester A. Arthur were 51. Millard Fillmore was 50. Franklin Pierce and James A. Garfield were 49. Grover Cleveland was 48. Grant was 47. All the other Presidents were older than General Harrison.

UNHAPPY CHRISTMAS.

The Christmas Turkey wails this wail
And makes his farewell bow:
"If I had died Thanksgiving Day
I wouldn't have to now."

Lady (to clerk)—I want to look at something that would be suitable for a Christmas gift for my husband.

Clerk—Yes'm; large or small?

Lady—What do you mean?

Clerk—Do you want a large or small flask?—Oil City Blizzard.

"Pa," inquired Bobby, "are all the people made of dust?"

"Yes, yes," replied his father who was reading.

"And is everybody made of the same kind?" continued Bobby.

"No, no, some of them are made of the cheapest kind of dust to be had."

Uncle Rastus (at Dinner)—Lem, you young rascal, take yo' feet offen de corner ob de table.

Aunt Dinah—Yes, an I dasto' to goodness if he yaint eatin chicken broff from de end ob de spoon 'stid ob from de side. When you growes up, Lem, sherfully'll take yo' fo a low down nigguh what never had no manners larned to him.

THE SUN FOR 1889

And for the Democracy.

The Sun believes that the campaign for the election of a Democratic Congress in 1890 and a Democratic President in 1892 should begin on or about the fourth of next March. The Sun will be on hand at the beginning and until the end of the most interesting and important political conflict since the war, doing its honest utmost to help to secure the triumph of the Democratic party and the permanent supremacy of the principles laid by Jefferson, Jackson and Tilden.

The great part of the year is the return to absolute power of the dominating party of all good Democrats, the political organization for whose overthrow Sun fought at the front for fifteen years the memorable years of Grant and the Fraud Rings, and Garfield and Arthur.

It is the same old enemy that Democrats now confront, and he will be intrenched in the most strong position it has been carried save by brave and hopeful fighting. Do you not believe with The Sun that the thing can be done again? Wait and see!

The hope of the Democracy is in the hearty efforts of a united people, cheerfully but resolutely of past differences to new conditions, forgetting everything but the lessons of experience, and that victory is a duty.

Probably you know The Sun already as a newspaper which gets all the news and prints it in the most readable and interesting shape; which chronicles facts as they occur and tells the truth about men and events with absolute fearlessness, making the completest and most enterprising journal published anywhere on earth, and which sells its opinion only to its subscribers and purchasers at two cents a copy on four days four cents. If you do not know The Sun, send for it and learn what a wonderful thing it is to be in the sunshine.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 10, 1889. No. 28.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caldwell
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic
Sheriff, B. V. Hill
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast
Com'rs Co. Ct. (J. E. Beard, Pres't. (R. S. Hankla, (H. D. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Hevner

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is fiery term.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

C. V. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ree.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
DENTIST DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

The Devil.

Who don't believe in a devil now, as their fathers used to say,
They've found the foot of the greatest crowd to let his property through;
There isn't a grain of blackness from us to a very slate from his bills,
To be found in earth or sea or sky today, for the world has robbed her.

But who is mixing the fatal draught that poisons hand and brain,
And lurks in the liker of each tempting year with ten hundred thousand faces?
Who blights the bloom of the land today with the fiery breath of hell,
If the Devil isn't and never was? Won't somebody rise and tell?

Who does the steps of the toiling saints, and lays the pits for his feet?
Who owns the lions in the field of sin? Then wherever that mow is the wheat?
The Devil is voted not to be, and of course the thing is true,
But who is doing the kind of work the Devil alone should do?

We are told he does not go about as a roaring lion now;
But whom shall we hold responsible for the everlasting row
To be heard in home, in Church and State to the earth's remotest bound,
If the devil by a unanimous vote is nowhere to be found?

Won't somebody step to the front forthwith and make his bow and show
How the fraud and crimes of a single day are going up? We want to know.
The Devil was fairly voted out, and of course the Devil is gone;
But simple people would like to know who carries his business on.

Striking a Light.

In the days before the invention of friction matches the difficulty of procuring fire was so great that all pains were taken to prevent the fireson the hearth from going out. All winter long it was kept by covering the coal and brands with ashes at night. This was one of the domestic cares of our forefathers, and Homer alludes to the practice as common in his day, 3,000 years ago.

But fire could not be kept with comfort in the summer, and there would be times in the winter when the hearth would become cold. Then some coals must be brought from a neighbor's, or a new fire must be kindled in the house.

This latter process was usually accomplished by means of flint and steel. Most readers have no doubt seen a spark of fire struck out from a horse's shoe hitting a stone in the road, or from the shoes of sleigh runner grinding over rocks.

To obtain fire by this method a piece of steel, such as a file or rasp, was struck with a flint or a bit of white quartz from a granite ledge, and the spark was caught in tinder —charred cotton rags. The flint and musket, with a few grains of powder and some tinder in the pan, was looked upon by our grandmothers as a domestic miracle. Some times, on a clear day, a burning glass—a lens for collecting at one point the rays of the sun—was used.

The method of producing fire by rubbing together two dry sticks is known to most boys, but it has not been often adopted by civilized people. It belongs to the under consciousness.

In Father Capt. William Gill found practiced a more scientific method than any of these. The instrument used consisted of a wooden cylinder, two and a half inches long to three quarters of an inch in diameter. This is closed at one end, the open being about the size of a quill pen or air light pierced through the top. The other end of the piston is slightly bit hollowed out and a very small piece of tinder is placed in the cup thus formed.

To use this the operator holds in one hand the piston inverted and pushed close into the down. A very sharp blow is then given with the palm of the hand on the top of the bush. The hand must at the same time close on the hole and instantly withdraw the piston, when the tinder will be found alight. It requires skill to use the apparatus as well as science to invent it.—Youth's Companion.

The Value of Salt.

Now that there is a prospect of salt being admitted duty free, I wish to make a few remarks to the farmer readers of the New York World, says a correspondent, on what I believe to be its incomparable value. I have used it many years in the garden and on the farm in various ways, and believe it to be profitable to all who cultivate the soil. It is needless to speak of its many uses in the household or domestic economy, nor shall I urge the great advantage of supplying it to stock—cattle, sheep, hogs and horses. It is well known to be beneficial to these in keeping up good condition, and in the three last named helps to keep down internal parasites.

Salt, in moderate quantities, is good for the land—improves grass and grain and is good for nearly all vegetable crops. I have found it particularly good for onions, carrots and cabbages. Some seem to think it is only a stimulant; the same is said of lime. Be that as it will both improve the crops. Salt, in some respects, seems to have opposite properties—to be in some measure paradoxical—for, while it preserves animal flesh, it hastens the decay of many vegetable substances, in summer, that sprinkled through leaves or weeds, it helps to decompose them; and, while heavy doses kill weeds and grass, duly distributed and mixed with the soil, it is an excellent fertilizer. This is why many people have an aversion to salting their land.

But what I chiefly wish to show is its property in destroying insects of almost every kind. Either alone or mixed with other substances it is an insecticide. Before the crop is committed to the ground it should be sown in its purity over the land wherein your insects generate in myriads. This done, one or two weeks before sowing the seed mix thoroughly harrowed in through the soil, it will be absorbed thereby and will not evaporate, but remain in the ground to perform a twofold operation. When applied to the growing grain it should be incorporated with lime and distributed evenly over the crop. Worms, maggots, grubs or other insects cannot breed or live in salted earth, and if the gardener or florist, when making up his pile of compost in the spring, would add a good sprinkling of salt all through it he would have little to complain of in the way of grubs or other insects eating the roots of his roses or carnations. There are other things exceptionally good for this purpose but salt will effect the end desired.

As an instance of its immediate power on some insects, take any number of either earthworms or snails, make a pile of them and put a ring of salt around them. They will never cross the track till they die, or sprinkle a little salt over the pile and see how many minutes they will live. Many people in mowing their lawns are greatly annoyed by the earthworm casts sticking fast to the roller. Whereas a very slight sprinkling of salt would prevent this, keep down the worms and be good for the grass.

Bill Nye is now spoken of as Will from Arizona, Esq.

Dogs that Learn Trades.

The dog corps, long since established in the French army, has been recently much increased, as efficient have those little soldiers become. At an early stage of the trials they gave satisfaction at advanced posts, scenting or hearing a stranger approaching even in the darkness, and quickly learning the difference between a friendly and a foreign uniform. The latest trick the military dog has learned is that of carrying dispatches between distant sections of an army or relieis or reinforcements presumably advancing through hostile country. The system is an offshoot of the dog smuggler system, which is described in the current number of Black wood's and the steps by which the animals are taught to understand what is wanted of them are best shown by reference to that article.

The smuggler in broad day walks across the frontier, his dog by his side, leaving the latter at the house of his accomplice and returning without him. When night falls, the dog is given a bundle and turned loose to find his way home. Sent he has a small pocket fastened to his collar, and gradually the burden is increased. Then half a dozen or more are employed at the same time; the most intelligent being given no burden, that he may the more readily act as a scout for the others. He goes ahead, they keeping well back, till he gives them the signal that the coast is clear. The custom dog from its earliest years is made to play hide and seek with bags of coffee, rolls of lace, packets of tobacco, and the like. They do not bark, being taught to sit silently in ambush and give a low growl or simply rock up their ears and point the true direction of the advancing pack.

The French army dogs, mastiffs, like the smugglers' dogs, though first they must be taken from point to point to find their scent, when they get to understand the idea, and what is wanted of them, will find a distant column or command with little difficulty if given the general direction, unless it be at too great a distance, and carry message to and fro with commendable zeal.—Scientific American.

Explosive Needles.

From an article entitled "Rapid Times in the Confederacy" in The Century we quote the following: "In August, 1861, a private citizen's coat and vest, made of five pounds coarse homespun cloth, cost two hundred and thirty dollars (exclusive of the price paid for the making). The trimmings consisted of old crockery and tin cut by hand and putting together, a measly collar charged fifty dollars. It is safe to say that the private citizen looked a veritable guy in his new suit, in spite of its heavy drain upon his pocket book.

"In January, 1865, the material for a lady's dress which before the war would have cost ten dollars, could not be bought for less than five hundred. The scientific mind, to succeed in the task of guessing the name of Wilkesboro' (right hon. William Brooks)." The total list for January through March of these exclusive of what the ladies do in spite of patriotic admonition and unbelieving dejection at the bedside of the wounded in the hospital, or in ministering to the needs of relatives and dependents at home, the Southern women have been employed with, or only in subject to not less miracles of invention in the exercise of their wits, but it is worthy of note that in almost every instance, in civilized Christendom's patriotic limit are apt to be in excess of need, but the victims are on theological principles.

Slightly coiled woolen articles, knitted or crocheted, may be made to look as well as new if they are carefully rubbed in bran. Give them with soap and rub gently, as if washing, until the bran becomes dark. Take out the article and rub in clean bran until all soil is removed. Shake well and hang in the wind until no atom of bran remains in the wool. Of course one would not care to clean in this way articles that are worn next to the body, as shawls, capes and head coverings, these answers admirably.—Boston Budget.

Gladstone Has Written 300 Books.

It had the curiosity the other day," says a writer in the Pall Mall Gazette, "to inquire over a volume could not be bought for less than five hundred. The scientific mind, to succeed in the task of guessing the name of Wilkesboro' (right hon. William Brooks)." The total list for January through March of these exclusive of what the ladies do in spite of patriotic admonition and unbelieving dejection at the bedside of the wounded in the hospital, or in ministering to the needs of relatives and dependents at home, the Southern women have been employed with, or only in subject to not less miracles of invention in the exercise of their wits, but it is worthy of note that in almost every instance, in civilized Christendom's patriotic limit are apt to be in excess of need, but the victims are on theological principles.

It was natural that they should be subjects."

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE, PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 10, 1889.

THE NAME OF OUR STATE.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer*, anxious to take the lead in some new movement, has for several weeks been earnestly advocating a change of the name of our State from West Virginia to Kanawha. So far as we are concerned, and we believe it to be the sentiment of the people of Pocahontas county, our answer is, let it alone; and if anybody don't like the name let him go to Texas. We are opposed to the change, first because there is no reason for it, and, second, because there are many reasons against it. In the history of the individual but two occasions can arise when a change of name is needful, one is marriage and the other commission of crime. The same rule applies to States. Now, our State is too young to get married; and if she were old enough, it would not be lawful to wed one so closely related as Kanawha. As to the other ground, if, as the *Intelligencer* contends, the State has gone republican, we can understand how a democrat might feel that the recent session mentioned has arisen; but we can't see how the *Intelligencer* can consistently admit that West Virginia did something mean at the last election. This it is clear there is no good reason why the change should be made. Now let us note a few of the many reasons why it should not be made. When our State was born she was given the name of her mother; to change it now would be a virtual admission that the child is illegitimate; but we are not willing to admit anything of the kind. West Virginia's conception and birth were honorable. But there are better reasons than thiswhy the name should not be changed. We are recorded in history, painted on canvass, written in verse, and chanted in song as West Virginia. To change our name would be to lose our identity. A thousand traditions legends and associations would forever be meaningless.

Then think of the great inconvenience and confusion that would necessarily follow the change suggested by brother Hart. We are well down on the maps as West Virginia, our public records and documents recognize us as West Virginia, and our tongues are trained to speak it so. Change the name and we would be continually making blunders, just as we do when we write 1888 meaning 1889. Beside all this change is not practicable. The law may call us what it chooses, but well call ourselves West Virginia so long as we live. The present generation will have to pass away before the people would recognize the change. But if a change were necessary, it would be necessary to call the State for our county seat in it. We have a Kanawha county and a Kanawha river. Now think how it would sound to say "Charleston is the Capital of Kanawha situated on the Kanawha in Kanawha!" or how would a news item of this kind read? "The steamer Kanawha, running on the Kanawha, was sunk at Kanawha Falls, Kanawha Co., Kanawha." Or this! "In passing through the Kanawha Valley, down the Kanawha, don't stop for dinner at Kanawha Falls, Kanawha Co., Kanawha, unless you Kanawha roasting ear and be satisfied."

Think too of the confusion in our mails; persons who have been accustomed to addressing their letters to W. Va. have no time nor inclination to write Kanawha instead; so as to make it short they would simply put it down Kan., and our letters would all go to Kansas.

Perhaps the terms East and West are not classical enough for the *Intelligencer*. If not, we will permit brother Hart to say Oriental Virginia and Occidental Virginia.

In conclusion the change would ruin the meter of one of our most popular songs:—

"Oh! the West Virginia hills,
How majestic and how grand;
With their summits bathed in glory,
Like our Prince Immanuel's land,"

Now try to sing it,

"Oh! the Kanawha hills,"

and you'll break down on the first line.

No, let the name alone. West Virginia doesn't need a change of name so much as the *Intelligencer* needs a change of *Hart*.

Marriage and Divorce Laws.

Among the many sensible and practical suggestions in Gov. Hill's message is one in reference to securing uniformity throughout the country in its marriage and divorce laws. He proposes that the New York Legislature take steps during the present session to arrange a conference between representatives from the different States, such representatives to be "able jurists, each especially qualified by education and experience" for the work mentioned.

We doubt not that if Gov. Hill and the New York Legislature take the initiative in this commendable undertaking they will meet with the hearty approval and co-operation of the Legislatures and Executives of every State in the Union. Gov. Hill very truthfully says that under existing laws and decisions very different rules prevail as to what constitutes a marriage, and, while a certain divorced person may legally marry in some States, to do so in others, perhaps adjoining, would be a crime, even though no criminal intent existed.

It is a humiliating confession to make that such a condition exists in a country of the moral and educational advancement of this, and it is astonishing that there has not been some concerted attempt to remedy the evil long ago.

There is no institution of organized society in the United States about which there is so vague an idea as to its legal status as the institution of marriage, for what constitutes marriage in one State does not necessarily constitute it in another, and what would be cause for severing the marriage tie in one State might not be a cause in another.

The churches have their own and separate rules and customs as to both marriage and divorce, all of them, however, except the Catholic Church, leaving the actual annulment of marriage to the civil law. The churches could never agree to its adoption. The State assumes that marriage is a civil contract, must not only be made, but unmade under statutory regulations.

The first thought that naturally arises is that if the State is consistent with itself as well as mindful of the happiness and social decorum of its citizens, it should be uniform in its requirements so that what is made a fact under the law for one would be a fact for all.

It is to be hoped that Gov. Hill will not stop with simply making a proposition for a conference on this subject, but that he will follow it up with real and practical effort and have the moral support of every well wisher for the good of society in the country.—Washington Post.

Gen. Harrison has added $10,000 to his life insurance. He sees trouble ahead.

The West Virginia Legislature will convene on Wednesday, January 9th.

One-half, or nearly one-half, of the Congressmen in the House will rise to their feet if some one suddenly calls out "Mr. Speaker."

The newspapers are giving themselves a great deal of trouble on account of Chief Justice Fuller's wearing a moustache. But it is all for nothing. He goes ahead in his usual way, and doesn't seem in the least disturbed by the cry.

The railroads of the United States represent a capital of five billion dollars, they have 150,000 miles of railway, their gross annual earnings are over $2000,000,000, and they employ over three quarters of a million men.

Harrison is in a "straight betwixt the two." If he puts Blaine in the Cabinet, there will be trouble, and if he don't put him in, there will be trouble. The question for him to decide is which would be the greater trouble. Mr. Harrison has our sympathies, and if there is anything we can do to help him out of the difficulty our services are at his disposal.

Inasmuch as recently Uncle Sam's fancy lightly turned to thoughts of war, there may be interest in information as to the number of his boys he could muster were they needed to help in the battle. Besides the regular army there are over 8,000,000 men available for duty, and more than 100,000 of these already enrolled in the militia service. New York could furnish 650,000 men, Pennsylvania 560,000 Ohio and Illinois a round million together. But there is no danger of all these brave boys being called out.

We clip the following from the Indianapolis Sentinel.

Probably no Republican pilgrims ever left the city more disgusted with themselves than the West Virginia delegation was after calling on Gen. Harrison yesterday afternoon.

This delegation, composed of Chas. Burdett Hart, editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer; W. J. W. Cowden, Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee; Charles E. Dana, a large coal operator and leading Republican of the Kanawha valley, and N. B. Scott, of Wheeling, member of the National Republican Committee for West Virginia, arrived late Wednesday night and waited impatiently till late yesterday afternoon before securing an audience with Gen. Harrison. The General, having discontinued his afternoon receptions, visitors can only see him by appointment. They were very reluctant to talk politics until they found out that they would have to wait nearly eighteen hours after their arrival before being allowed to meet Gen. Harrison.

When Gen. Harrison finally opened his door to the West Virginians they told him that the Republicans of West Virginia preferred to have their wishes made known to him by Republicans than by a Democrat like ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, and if he cared to hear them they would address him in behalf of Nathan Goff for the Cabinet. Gen. Harrison assented and dismissed them after listening impatiently for fifteen minutes.

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Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine.

If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this and allow your cough to run on, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

CATARRH

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. Va:

The undersigned hereby announce themselves as candidates for public patronage and respectfully solicit your support. We have on hand, here and expect to make weekly additions thereto, a varied assortment of such Goods as are

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginsong, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large assortment of goods you can get at our store for

OUR TREASURY

is not overflowing with a surplus, but we have decided nevertheless to reduce the "TARIFF" on everything we have for sale, that has not already been reduced so low as it is profitable to handle for "REVENUE ONLY" sufficient to enable us to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign,

AND if you decide to elect us, we will be pleased to give you the best Inaugurals we have in the "Buck" wagon.

To THOSE owing us an Account or Note, we are in need of "SPOT CASH," and think you certainly ought to pay us part, if not all, you are due us.

HOPING to meet you all smilingly in front of our Counters often during the CAMPAIGN, We are, dear friends,

Your most Obedient Servants,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Lester Hutchison will preach in the year at the following places as stated:

On Sunday,	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
2nd "	Locust,	11 A. M.
" "	Bethel,	4 P. M.
3rd "	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	4 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
" "	Locust,	4 P. M.

HOME NEWS.

—Well, there it is again!
I thought I had it done,
But down I wrote it 89,
Instead of 90.

—The County Court meets again to morrow to attend to unfinished business.

—Miss Mary Curry, of this place has gone to the Levels to attend the Academy.

—The child of Jas. Harris, (Col.) aged about five months, died last Friday night.

—The snow storm set for the first week in Jan. by the prophets has been postponed on account of the weather.

—In this issue will be seen a card announcing a change to take place in the firm of J. C. Loury & Son, on the 15th day of Jany.

—Peter L. Cleek, Esq, of Knapp's Creek, has been right sick for some time. He is now said to be improving slowly.

—Mrs. Margaret Jackson, wife of Jas. H. Jackson, Esq., died at her home on Elk last Saturday night, of dropsy of the heart.

—Capt. Sheler, who has just returned from Elk, reports that two Mr. Gibsons, from Indiana, are visiting at Mr. Wm. Gibson's.

—The wife of W. W. Arbogast made him a New Year's present of a fine boy baby. Very appropriate indeed.

—During the twelve weeks we have received so many monthly school reports for publication that it is impossible to give place to them all, so we have concluded to make no distinctions and omit all. Hope this explanation will be sufficient to satisfy those who have sent in reports.

—Literature, an illustrated weekly magazine, published by John B. Alden, 393 Pearl st., N. Y., at 50 cents a year, is one of the best and cheapest literary productions of the age. The extremely low figures at which Alden's books are sold is wonderful. The reading public owes him a liberal patronage on account of the revolution he has brought about in book making.

—A few of the Huntersville boys are in the habit of using the new bridge across Knapp's Creek for a shooting gallery. Now that the bridge is open for travel this practice should cease as there is great danger of frightening horses. We are satisfied it is done thoughtlessly and no harm is intended, and believe all the boys need is to have their attention called to the matter.

—We see from the Valley Messenger that Daniel O'Connell, Esq., who has been in charge of the lumber camps on Anthony's Creek, was very badly, if not seriously hurt last week while attempting to cross the creek on a jam of logs. It seems that the logs broke loose, and coming down suddenly caught and crushed him, injuring him internally. The same paper also says that Mr. George Shires, Brown boss of the St. Lawrence Boom and Mfg. Co., had his leg broken, while at work on the Boom.

—Various and conflicting reports concerning Nelson Moore are being circulated. Of the last we have heard, one is that he was killed and his body burned in a steam engine, and another that he was shipped to the depot safe and sound in a goods box marked, "Poultry." If the first report be true it was foul play, and if the last be correct it was still foul play.

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PART I.

BALLOONY.

Christmas is here—Chorus.
Bell of H. T. School—Tableau.
Hallie Brown—Vocal Trio.
Infancy—Charade, one word, three sylables, three acts.

PANTOMIME.

I want to be somebody's darling—Vocal Solo.
Recollections of childhood—Tableau.
Bridle scenes—Tableau.

PART II.

O! Thou Infinite Jehovah—Quartette.
Rock of Ages—Cantata five scenes.
Ring out the Bells—Chorus.
Longfellow—Charade, one word, three sylables, one act.
Rock Me to Sleep—Illustrated Recitation.
Sleeping Beauty—Tableau.
In the Starlight—Vocal Trio.
Virginia as it was and as it is—Tableau.
Son, sit on the Rind—Tableau.
Waiting and and Watching for Three—Vocal Duet.
Prayer.

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SHOEMAKER'S SHOP,
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At a County Court held for the County of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

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A copy, Teste,
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Jan 10 4-6 Printers fee $4.66.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP
—IN THE WORLD.—

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

THE original formula, for which we paid $50,000 twenty years ago, has never been modified or changed in the slightest. This soap is identical in quality to-day with that made twenty years ago.

IT contains nothing that can injure the finest fabric. Used according to directions it gives the BEST RESULTS.

IT washes and bleaches with the least labor.

IT contains no rosin or other soap substitute, and is the most economical soap to use, both cold water and hot.

READ THIS TWICE

JUDGE is a grand sacrificing of time, of labor, of money, of zeal, and of the faculties, when Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.

ONE trial will demonstrate its great merit. It will not pay to waste time, labor and LIFE, on hard things, or to excessively boil, rasp and scrub clothes.

Beware of Imitations.

INSIST upon Dobbins' Electric Soap, and take no other. Nearly every grocer does. If, in Mason, Kanawha, Putnam, Jackson, Roane, Braxton, Gilmer, Calhoun, Clay, Webster, Nicholas, Greenbrier, Pocahontas, Pendleton, Randolph, Tucker, Barbour, Upshur, Lewis, Harrison, Doddridge, Ritchie, Wirt, Wood, Pleasants, Tyler, Wetzel, Marshall, Ohio, Hancock, Brooke, Monongalia, Marion, Taylor, Preston, Barbour, Tucker, Randolph, Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Monroe, Summers, Mercer, Wyoming, McDowell, Raleigh, Fayette, Kanawha, Boone, Logan, Mingo, Wayne, Cabell, Lincoln, Putnam, Mason, Jackson, Roane, Calhoun, Gilmer, Braxton

PREACHING.—Rev. J. Lester, Hillsboro will preach for the year at the following places as stated:

on Sunday,	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	3 P. M.
2nd "	Beulah,	11 A. M.
" "	Bethel,	3 P. M.
3rd "	Huntersville,	11 A. M.
" "	Mt. Pleasant,	3 P. M.
4th "	Bethel,	11 A. M.
" "	Beulah,	3 P. M.

HOME NEWS

—Well, there it is again!
I thought I had it for,
But down I wrote it 86,
Instead of 96.

—The County Court meets again to-morrow to attend to unfinished business.

—Miss Mary Curry, of this place has gone to the Levels to attend the Academy.

—The child of Jas. Harris, (Col.) aged about five months, died last Friday night.

—The snow storm set for the first week in Jan. by the prophets has been postponed on account of the weather.

—In this issue will be seen a card announcing a change to take place in the firm of J. C. Loury & Son, on the 15th day of Jany.

—Peter L. Cook, Esq. of Knapp's Creek, has been right sick for some time. He is now said to be improving slowly.

—Mrs. Margaret Jackson, wife of Jos. H. Jackson, Esq., died at her home on Elk last Saturday night, of dropsy of the heart.

—Capt. Surfis, who has just returned from Elk, reports that two Mr. Gibsons, from Indiana, are visiting at Mr. Wm. Gibson's.

—The wife of W. W. Arbogast made him a New Year's present of a fine boy baby. Very appropriate indeed.

—During the last two weeks we have received so many monthly school reports for publication that it is impossible to give place to them all, so we have concluded to make no distinctions and omit all. Hope this explanation will be sufficient to satisfy those who have sent in reports.

—Literature, an illustrated weekly magazine, published by John S. Alden, 393 Pearl st., N. Y., at 50 cents a year, is one of the best and cheapest literary productions of the age. The extremely low figures at which Alden's books are sold is wonderful. The reading public owes him a liberal patronage on account of the revolution he has brought about in book making.

—A few of the Huntersville boys are in the habit of using the new bridge across Knapp's Creek for a shooting gallery. Now that the bridge is open for travel this practice should cease as there is great danger of frightening horses. We are satisfied it is done thoughtlessly and no harm is intended, and to these all the boys need is to have their attention called to the matter.

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Hall of H. T. School—Tableau.
Hollie Boughs—Vocal Trio.
Infancy—Adverbs, one word, three syllables, three ads.

PANTOMIME:
I want to be somebody's darling—Vocal Solo.
Recollections of childhood—Tableau.
Bridle scene—Tableau.

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Oh Thou Infinite Jehovah—Quartette.
Book of Ages—Cantata five scenes.
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If you have the Home Interests at heart you cannot afford to use any other than the Electric Soap.

If washing machines and laundries or any other soap is to be used, Dobbins' Electric Soap should be used and when and like now.

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THERE is a great saving of time, of labor, of soap, of fuel, and of the labor, where Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.

ONE trial will demonstrate its great merit. It will not pay you to make that trial.

LIFE is short and time is valuable. It is eminently true of hard and unsatisfactory work.

Beware of Imitations.

THERE are Dobbins' Electric Soaps that are not Dobbins' Electric Soap. Don't take them. The Genuine Dobbins' Electric Soap has no equal. Don't accept any substitute. There is but one Dobbins' Electric Soap. Don't be persuaded into buying it.

DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP

and take no other. Nearly every grocer keeps Dobbins' Electric Soap. If he does not keep it, don't let him sell you something else on which he makes more profit, but insist upon getting Dobbins' Electric Soap. If he tells you he has no agency for it, write to us and we will tell you where you can get it. Don't be induced to buy imitations. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that has ever been manufactured that will do the work of washing clothes without injury to the fabric. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without labor. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without boiling. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without rubbing. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without soaking. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without scalding. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without bleaching. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without blueing. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without starching. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without drying. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without ironing. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without sprinkling. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without folding. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without putting away. Dobbins' Electric Soap is the only soap that will do the work of washing clothes without anything else

Pocahontas Times.

C. B. LOCKEY. C. F. MOORE.

LOCKEY & MOORE.

C. F. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
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Three inches	2 00	3 00	10 00	15 00
Quarter col'm	3 00	5 00	15 00	20 00
Half col'm	5 00	10 00	20 00	30 00
One col'm	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

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One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 6 months, $1 25; after 12 months, $1 50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 10, 1889.

White Horse Pets.

Nellie Arthur had a spotted Indian pony for the apple of her eye.

Mrs. Pierce was very fond of the black nag that her husband rode.

Mrs. Monroe brought the first white rabbit to the National premises.

Harriet Lane had a large stag-hound that was presented to her in England.

"Dolly" Madison's particular pet was a fine sad Ile nag. Al Madison her she had a pet sheep.

Mrs. Adams had a great goldfish and one of a ghost tint, sent her by a New England sea Captain.

Mrs. Hayes had a magnificent imported Japanese cat that was presented to her by a naval officer.

Martha Washington's chief pet was a beautiful green parrot. Mrs. Washington was also very fond of a fallow deer.

Mrs. Grant had a "strawberry roan" cow that was a superb milker and supplied her table with milk and cream.

Mrs. Elsie, President Taylor's daughter, who presided over the White House until her father's death, had a splendid white owl.

Miss Cleveland's pet while at White House was a beautiful rose which she found in the conservatory and which now bears her name.

An eagle occupied a cage at the mansion for a part of President Polk's term, a gift from a political admirer, and the noble bird was often fed by Mrs. Polk.

Mrs. Jackson never presided at the White House, but a large black and white coon that had been caught when young and trained by one of her faithful slaves had the run of the household.—N. Y. Graphic.

The Limit of a Horse's Speed.

Professor Brewer said, in a recent speech before the National Academy of Science: The English thoroughbred is a finished breed, and it has undoubtedly arrived at the summit of its excellence. There has been practically no new blood in this breed since 1700. This breed has been finished and completed in two senses. First, as to its gaits, for speed, and, secondly, as to its speed, in which the limit has been undoubtedly reached. We have faster horses than our grandfathers, but it is not likely that our grandchildren will have a faster breed than we have now.

In the case of trotters there has been a steady increase of speed. The fastest record is 2:06¼. Less than a dozen horses have ever trotted in less than 2:10.

The best record in running was made in Louisville the time being 1:39½.

The speaker showed a table, on which were the number of horses in the last few years which had made a record within two seconds of this time.

The nearest that any horse has come to this record is 1:40, which was done last week. A very large number of horses have made their record but once. There are many that have made at fast time as those that have records, but are not winning the race they get on record. This record as it now stands may be lowered. When I said that speed had reached its maximum I didn't think but that better time would be made. I think about 1:39 will be the speed of runners. Hereafter breeders will be expected to keep up this high standard of excellence, rather than to making better time. I believe the thoroughbred has finished his evolution.—Washington Star.

The Heroes Are Not All Dead.

It is generally believed in these prosaic days that heroism and chivalry are dead, that the material of which martyrs were made has all been exhausted, and that men are now controlled almost entirely by selfish motives.

This is the common talk of the day—we hear it on the street corners and read it in our newspapers and novels; in fact we can not go anywhere without hearing some cynical expression of disbelief in the nobility of human nature.

We do not believe that the heroes are all dead. We do not believe that James Givens who died the other day, was the last of his race. This man, Givens, was a common deck hand on the ill-fated steamer John H. Hanna. When the pilot house was on fire, the pilot unable to stand the heat of the flames, abandoned his post. At this supreme moment Givens took his place, and steered the vessel to the bank at the cost of his life.

This humble deck hand had no special incentive to urge him on. He did not rush to his death to save wife, children or sweetheart. He was simply a poor, ignorant fellow who loved his kind, and his great heart would not allow him to seek his own safety when he saw the lives of hundreds in danger. Blinded by the flame and smoke, he held on until the boat struck the shore. He was willing to die in order that others might live.

From time to time we hear of such men as Givens, and they will be heard from again. God will not let such heroes perish entirely from the face of the earth. Their dying example does like heroic lights, and when they lie down their lives for their fellows there will always be others to take their places. Men are not all selfish and heartless. In the busiest walks of life we have our "Chimes" Gordons in the middle classes our Stanleys, and among the humble poor such men as James Givens, the deck hand of the steamer Hanna. While these natures are on every lip it will not do to say that our heroes are all dead.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Southern Immigration Convention has adopted resolutions requesting the Legislature of North and South States to take co-operative measures in the general plan to induce immigration. Onward. The rule of immigration Westward is shifting and the South is the coming great section of the country.

We have greater natural advantages than any other portion of the continent. Time will be richer, our mines inexhaustible. Our climate for salubrity is unequaled; our scenery is picturesque, and, political falsehoods to the contrary notwithstanding, our people are among the most genial, generous, hospitable and law abiding to be found on the globe.

All the South lacks is capital and population to develop her natural resources to make her commercially, socially and intellectually what she is naturally—the greatest portion of our country.

To this end the Southern Interstate Immigration Bureau has been established by the Montgomery Convention. It asks the aid of the Legislatures of the States to be benefited.

The Legislature of West Virginia should and will examine into the matter carefully. West Virginia is probably the richest in natural advantages of all the southern States, and has most to gain by increasing capital, population and the other advantages proposed by the Montgomery Convention; when proceedings are commenced to call attention of each individual member of the next Legislature.—Register.

An Odd Postal Regulation.

It is rather an odd thing that if you paste a printed slip on a postal card the Government will charge the receiver letter postage, while if the same matter is printed directly on the card nothing extra is demanded. The same slip which if pasted on a postal card would be charged extra for, may be put into an unsealed envelope and it will then go at printed matter rates, or the whole paper from which the clipping is taken may be sent, containing the article marked, at so much less rate than the Government would charge for the same article attached to the card. Thus, the Government would rather carry four ounces for a cent than the four-fifths of an ounce for the same money.—Detroit Free Press.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo } ss.
Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. '86.

A. W. GLEASON,
[SEAL] Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

WINCHESTER
REPEATING RIFLES,
SINGLE SHOT RIFLES, RELOADING TOOLS
and AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.,
NEW HAVEN CONN.
Send for 60 page Illustrated Catalogue
Mention This Paper.

THE LOVETT PATENT SEAT FASTENER.
THIS IS THE
NEATEST AND BEST
SEAT FASTENER
EVER INVENTED

THE BEST WAY
TO BUY A
FINE WATCHES
AT THE
LOWEST CASH PRICES
Only $1.00 a Week.

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LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY
NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAIRS

SECHLER & CO.
PAID-UP CAPITAL $500,000.
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BUSINESS AND PLEASURE VEHICLES.
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JAMES & MAYER BUGGY CO.

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Manufacture THE Vehicle for the
FARMERS' & MERCHANTS' USE.
57, 59 and 61 Elm Street,
CINCINNATI, Ohio.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS
Edition of Scientific American.

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EXTENSIVELY ADVERTISED
LAUNDRY BLUE IN THE WORLD.
BLUINE
AS FREE AS Glass or Rust NEVER

Twenty-Four Weddings for Ten Cents.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. E. F. Beard, Editor. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 17, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 26.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, R. V. Hill.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct., { C. B. Beard, Pres't. / R. P. Hannah. / C. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W.Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. BEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. HYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. H. WEYBOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

The Rosary of My Years.

BY FATHER RYAN.

Some reckon their age by years,
Some measure their life by art,
But some tell their days by the flow of their tears,
And their life by the beats of their hearts.

The dials of earth may show
The length, not the depth, of years;
Few or many may come, few or many may go,
But our time is best measured by tears.

Ah! not by the silver gray
That creeps through the sunny hair,
And not by the seams we pass on our way—
And not by the furrows the finger of care
On forehead and face have made,
Not as do we count our years;
Not by the sun of the earth—but the shade
Of our souls—and the fall of our tears.

For the young are oftimes old,
Though their brow be bright and fair;
While their blood beats warm their hearts lie cold—
O'er them the spring time—but winter is there—
And the old are oftimes young,
When their hair is thin and white,
And they sing in age as in youth they sung,
And they laugh, for their cross was light.

But bead by bead I tell
The rosary of my years,
From a cross to a crown they lead—'tis well!
And they are blessed with a blessing of tears.

Better a day of strife
Than a century of sleep;
Give me instead of a long stream of life
The tempest and tears of the deep.

A thousand joys may foam
On the billows of all the years,
But never the foam brings the brave back home—
It reaches the heaven through tears.

A Reeling.

At a meeting of the citizens of the Little Levels, held Thursday, Dec. 20th, 1888, Isaac McNeel being made Chairman, and W. H. Overholt, Secretary. A committee of three being appointed, consisting of C. J. Snalling, Dr. J. A. Lane and W. H. Overholt to draft resolutions expressive of the objects of this meeting. The following resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That as citizens of the Little Levels we are proud of the name and character which our people have acquired as a community, as a temperate peaceful and law abiding people. That we recognize that the prosperity which has been vouchsafed, our community has been the result of good morals and good conduct of our people under the blessing of God. Therefore, desiring to preserve unimpaired the blessings we have so long enjoyed, and learning that there is no effort being made by persons who in disregard and open violation of our laws would introduce into our midst for sale and barter intoxicating drinks, in disregard of every interest which is dear to the citizens of this community.

Resolved—That we desire to express publicly our indignation at the promoters and abettors of such an enterprise and earnestly request the co-operation of every good citizen in an effort to maintain the laws in their spirit as well as letter and to bring to punishment any one who would attempt to destroy the peace, prosperity and happiness of our people by selling intoxicating drinks in our midst.

Resolved—That we urge upon all persons who may be in any way connected with this nefarious business the wisdom and necessity of abandoning it at once. We entreat them by all that may yet remain sacred to them. In the name of our homes, our wives, our children. In the name of our young men who are the light of our eyes and the hope of our country, as well as the pride and support of our age, contaminate them not with your foul and unholy business. Desist now from efforts which if successful can only involve you with others in ruin for be sure as God lives your sin will find you out.

Resolved—That we warn all persons against engaging in anyway in the sale or distribution of ardent spirits in our community and earnestly pledge our united support to every lawful effort which may be made to wipe out this foul blot upon the good name of our citizens and in opposition to those who in disregard of the spirit of the law and the known sentiments of every large majority of the citizens of this community, would introduce spirituous liquors in our midst; we will stand for our homes our families our good names our property, and we warn them that we will find means to enforce our wishes, and in self defense use such means as God has given us to eradicate this evil.

Resolved—That after obtaining the signatures of the citizens of this community to these resolutions, that two copies of the same be posted at suitable places, and that a copy of these proceedings be forwarded to the Pocahontas TIMES with a request that they be published.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

ISAAC McNEEL, Chairman.
W. H. OVERHOLT, Secretary

A Letter to the Public

To the Public I would like to say that my school has already succeeded beyond anything that I expected. Despite the most excellent Public school with its highly accomplished and energetic faculty my school has grown until now it numbers 30 on roll. I still appeal to the citizens of Pocahontas and adjoining counties for help in building up a school for them. No enterprise of any consequence is without opposition. Therefore, with brave heart, Rasel purpose, our help, and a firm trust in God I may make my coming a thing for a success. Last week appeared in The TIMES a program of an entertainment given by my girls and boys 24th Dec. The pith and humor were only to illustrate the frivolous side of life and the seriousness of the approaching season; while the more solid and serious parts were to characterize the thoughts which should sometimes enter the deepest recess of every heart.

I am well aware that much has been said about the entertainment and against it. So that as it may, one thing is true, I have given it twice before in different sections of counties and before intelligent people, and nothing of fault was ever said of it before. It is reported now that Rev. Mr. Bydenstricker stopped his children from my school because of the grand failure of the entertainment. I will give you the direct language of Mr. Bydenstricker as to myself. "Miss George, owing to some change to be made in the school over here, and because they lose so many recitations while attending your school. I will not send them any more, not that I have any objections to your teaching." Mr. Bydenstricker's children only took Latin from me and were necessarily absent a while from the school. He also told me that he had heard no one object to my teaching. And in the course of conversation he told me that he was as much my friend as ever.

I am fully satisfied that the entertainment was all that it promised to be and that nothing of sin was committed, as some say. I wish my neighbor ask at will and earnestly trust that the efficient faculty may flourish in patient and genial thorough pr ectation and to their care the li is indeed a responsible position to be master of a school. Hoping to receive your aid I am yours fraternally,

O. H. SHEARER.
Principal H. T. School.

Letter to Sweet Home.

Academy, W. Va.,
Jan. 8th, 1889.

ED. TIMES: I venture this letter (if you will allow the space it will occupy) not for the sake of notoriety, nor to see my name in print, but with the hope that it may be of some interest to your readers, and thereby cause better writers to contribute of their views and opinions on matters more interesting, and that will add subscribers to your paper. It appears to me that our business men, in fact all our citizens should give your paper every available aid, both by patronizing it and by contributing to its columns. Our people lack neither the intelligence nor the time necessary to furnish you one page of good readable matter each week. Some two years ago Col. Gatewood, of Big Spring contributed a very interesting article on the subject of silos and Ensilage. I would suggest to the Col. that another article on the same subject would be in order, as with two years experience he could give us facts demonstrated.

Oh, I am now very much interested in the subject of pulled vs horned cattle, with my mind fully made up in favor of the former. I think there can be no question of doubt that horns will have to go; but the process of change will of necessity be slow. Every reason demands their expulsion, with none for retaining them, viz: safety to mankind as well as to the brutes themselves, comfort to the cattle and their owners in pens, barns and especially in shipping; by not being afraid of each other they will fatten faster, grow animals become like calves, lie down close together, will eat together and as many water from the same trough as can get to it.

The most human way to get rid of horns is to breed them off, and there are several species of hornless cattle that are very fine. I believe the polled Angus to be as fine a breed animal as the Durham or Hereford and quite as good or better for milk, and much hardier than either; especially adapted to our mountain ranges.

But for me I cannot wait for the slow process of breeding off the horns, so I have already dehorned 10 cows and a three year old bull about two months ago.

They are now well over it, and are really improved in appearance. I shall finish up my cows and yearlings about the 1st of April, as soon as head breaks those already dehorned. I shall close by saying that on a trip last spring to and through Kansas I knew a great many dehorned cattle of all ages, and met with a gentleman in variety and stock raiser who was a Pocahontas boy—Dick Robinson, son of Jack Robinson, dec'd. He emigrated to Kan. directly after the war, and has been in the cattle raising business for a length of time. From him I learned the process, and I am indebted to him for his interest in my welfare while in his guard.

Respectfully,
F. A. BARTON.

Duty to Yourself.

For the Times.

Rely on yourself, and do not be satisfied with following the lesser tracks of others. Strive on new paths. Aim at higher attainments.

Only the individuals are satisfied with walking in the steps of others.

On early education, depends the intellectual efforts of children.

Take the child that is surrounded with everything that the young heart desires, and there is nothing left for the exercise of its own powers; nothing to expand the mind, and they never acquire that strength of mind which is necessary for extensive usefulness.

On the other hand take the child that has no luxuries. Give him a few articles and he will add others by his own invention.

The child derives his highest pleasure from doing something for himself—not the forcing of self consciousness, with the first feelings of reason and imagination. The heart and moral affections must be cultivated, as well as the intellect, to form a noble character. Man is the maker of his own mind. God has so constituted the human intellect that it can only grow by its own action. So the childish intellect rises by its own efforts, and becomes an ornament to society, and and a blessing to the world.

NELLIE F. CLARK,
Academy, W. Va.

Beecher's Advice.

Henry Ward Beecher in one of his latest sermons said: "To all the young that are coming into the church I say be young; be gay, be hopeful, be merciful. If God has given you a sparkling disposition, thank God and cultivate it. While it may not be the object of your life to have the joy that comes from these qualities, it is the privilege of your life to perform all your duties under its influence, and they can be performed in no other way as well. The world needs just such a development of Christianity. The world is full of sorrow it needs cheer. It is full of despondency; it needs hope. It is full of cowardice; it needs courage. It can rule in gaiety, it wants a healthful atmosphere, sweet and balmy and radiant. It wants a singing Christianity. It wants the messenger of Christ to be a light-bearer, and we wish him the right to make a dark lantern, to go home and open the light to himself and family alone. They that carry a burden-some, a woe-smitten face, dishonor God. It is contrary to his word. It is saying sublimely to the world that all hope, all the promise of the divine presence, all the love which is poured like an ointment about about us every day from the bosom of Jesus Christ, is false and wrong. The man that carries a doubting, weary, sublimed face misinterprets the religion of Jesus Christ."

Gentleman's Fix-ens.

Foreman (great daily)—"There's an order from down stairs to print a cut of Hill'kiss, the People's candidate for Mayor. We haven't any cuts of him.

A his Editor—"How much did he put for it?"

"Five dollars."

"Only $5. Scratch a head on Lydia Pinkham and run that. She's Philadelphia, forward.

A man in a Western town hauled 300 cart loads of dirt in one month, and the hauling alone purchased in an "800 wrecker of real estate for the month."

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE,
PUBLISHERS.

P. J. MOORE, Jr., Ed.

Entered at the Post office at Hunters-ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1/4 c.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Two in.	1 50	2 50	4 50	10 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	6 00	15 00
Half col.	3 00	4 50	8 00	30 00
One col.	5 00	8 00	14 00	50 00

Reading notices, 10 cents per line. Yearly Rates, twenty-five cents per inch extra. Yearly advertisements, one inch, $10 00; two inches, $18 00; three inches, $25 00; four inches, $30 00; one column, $50 00.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 3 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $2 00. These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 17, 1889.

From The Capital City.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 8.—To-day has been a lively day among the candidates for positions in the coming session of the W. Va. Legislature. Men of note from all parts of the mountain state graced the streets of this city to-day, coming principally to see how "the ball" would open up. Among those present were Judge Campbell, of Monroe, also, Jno. L. Kenna, Judge Fleming, Jno. D. Alderson, Esq., Enoch B. Lewis and many others who have figured prominently in West Virginia politics, together with numerous applicants for position, clerks, etc.

At 2 p. m. the Democrats held rather a conference, but did not go into a caucus until 8 p.m. Everything worked nicely and nominations were made for the various positions to be filled in connection with the convening of the House. Jos. J. Wood, Esq., from Ohio was elected Speaker of the House over Hon. Jos. Spaid, of Hardy. J. N. Hamilton, Esq., was elected Chief Clerk over Col. J. B. Peyton, of Wheeling; W. S. Gibbs, of Kenna, was elected Sergeant-at-Arms over those other gentlemen.

Everything passed off as smoothly as could be in the Democratic House, but when we turn to the Republican Senate we find much discussion upon various points and up to this writing they have not brought out a name for the Pres. of that body, and as to his matters will turn out with the remains to be seen.

The Legislature will convene at 12 m., to-morrow. The Democrats will organize the House and it is probable that Col. Carr, the Union Labor Legislator may get the Presidency of the Senate since harmony doesn't reign in the Republican camps. The committees and committee clerks will be appointed Thursday morning.

Jan. 9.—The full Democratic ticket was elected in the house to-day all by a majority of four.

The Senate stands 17 Dem., 13 Rep. and one Union Labor, (E. B. Carr). The Democrats nominated Mr. Carr for the Presidency of that body, and it has been balloted up all day on the Presidency, each Labor standing a tie. So every thing is at a stand still and the two are cogressed.

No business of importance was transacted in the House to-day.

W.

The Legislature

The West Virginia Legislature met in Charleston on Jany. 9th. The House organized with but little friction, selecting Hon. J. J. Wood, of Ohio County, Speaker, J. H. Hamilton, of Calhoun County, Clerk and W. B. Gibbs of Roane County, Sergeant-at-arms.

The law in the matter ended and from present indications may stay settled for some time. The republicans in the Senate seem determined that no organization of that body shall be affected, so from day to day the honorable senators belong for Freedom, all to no purpose except that the fun is being had at the expense of the State, to the tune of about $500 a day.

The democrats first cast their votes for Col. Robt. Carr, of Kanawha County, but after several ballots had been cast they agreed to support anyone the republicans might designate, rather than tie up business by a continued dead lock. No secret, however, had the democrats gone over to the republican candidate than the republicans deserted him and scattered their vote in such a way as to make an election impossible.

What they hope to gain by this manner of conduct is not evident, unless it is that they hope by this means to prevent an investigation by the Legislature of the alleged election frauds, fearing such investigation might unearth things they prefer should remain buried.

There is certainly no excuse for such conduct, and it by no means argues well for those who indulge in it.

A Man and His Work.

Napoleon used to say that it did not matter what a man's trade was —if he was the best workman in his line he was a very superior man, deserving as much honor as anyone in the empire.

Young men just starting in life with a prejudice against manual labor would do well to get this idea into their heads. When a man is determined to do his best work he will improve his methods, and his increasing brain power and skill will be so apparent that the lowest honest occupation will be ennobled, and the toiler will have the respect of all good men.

We have in our mind as we write a man who might easily have made a reputation in literature, journalism or law, but he deliberately chose the occupation of a canvasser for a large publishing house. He knew that his education, abilities and tastes fitted him for a high place in some learned profession, but he was also conscious of the fact that he was born with a certain tact and magnetism which never failed to win men and bend them to his will. He was poor and wanted money—plenty of it, and quick returns for his work. He found that the prejudice against canvassing was so great that heavy commissions were offered to first-class men. So he made a contract with the publishing house, not to sell books, but to secure subscriptions for something in the art line. In fifteen years he accumulated a fortune. Last year his commissions amounted to $17,000, and he has several times received a salary of $10,000 a year. This man feels a pride in his work. He knew that the only way to make his occupation pleasant and profitable was to go to the very top, and he went there. Men joke and sneer when they speak of book agents canvassers, but they become very thoughtful when this master of his business takes them in hand. They recognize in him great talent, an earnest purpose, and all the points that make a gentleman.

Now, there are hundreds of other occupations less popular, and inviting more distasteful work than this business of canvassing, that can be elevated and made remunerative by the right men. When we say right men we mean men who will train every brain cell in their heads and every nerve and muscle in their bodies to aid them in doing absolutely perfect work.

Does all this require an exceptionally gifted person? By no means. It is utterly impossible to work intelligently with one's powers concentrated upon a definite object without achieving a marked degree of success, and the average man will find that this constant application and concentration will take the place of genius. The farmer, mechanic or clerk who will train himself mentally and physically for the best work that is possible in his field may make more or less than the canvasser whose story we have told for their encouragement, but one thing is certain—their measure of success and the development of their faculties will win admiring recognition, and they will take their place among the superior men of the community in which they live. There is more in the man than there is in the occupation.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Hand's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1889 is one of the neatest and prettiest we have seen. If the medicine is half so good it is well worth taking.

The Baltimore Sun says: "The Senate tariff bill has been getting along swimmingly until now by deferring consideration of items upon which the Republican Senators are not well agreed. Strange to say, sugar is the cause of most of the bitterness that is said to exist. Senators Plumb, Ingalls and Stanford oppose the proposal to cut down the duty on sugar 50 per cent. This opposition might be met by a bounty of 1 cent per pound on all sugar produced in Kansas and elsewhere in this country, but a bounty, too, might develop opposition. There are other features of the bill that are not wholly satisfactory. For a bill that is not to pass it has a great deal of work upon it. A worse tariff bill has never been proposed. No pretense is made now of protecting labor, the object is to "check imports."

Minister Pierpe expects to return to the U. S. by March 4th, so that President Harrison can send a new minister to England without delay.

The County Commissioners of Kanawha county have torn down their old Court House, which they will replace by a new one costing over $100,000.

The Dellinator for February lately received is unusually good. This periodical is a general favorite with the ladies, and is well worth all it costs. Published by the Butterick Publishing Co., New York.

If the Legislature is as long about electing a United States Senator as it is organizing, there is danger of Kenna's term expiring before a successor is chosen.

The "kicking" element of the last Legislature seems to have fallen into line very gratefully. The trouble is now on the other side of the house.

A very destructive cyclone swept over the country last week; paying special attention to portions of Pennsylvania. Great damage was done to property and many lives lost at both Pittsburg and Reading.

President-elect Harrison has been persuaded to go this fall with Gen. Blaine—he will tender him the Secretaryship of State, provided a solemn promise is made by brother Blaine that he will not take it.—Charleston Star.

Justice Barrett, of New York, has decided that by entering the sugar trust the South River Sugar Refining Company has violated its charter and forfeited its right to corporate existence. A righteous decision.

Nothing remains of the famous English settlement of Jamestown, Va., begun in 1607, save the ruins of a church tower, and this is crumbling year by year. Two more have crushed the monumental slabs in the church yard, and thus one of the few localities recalling the first years of American history is slowly losing its distinctive feature.

DEAF?

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEAD ACHE

INVENTION

Announcement.

To the citizens, within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

OUR TREASURY

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

—L. M. McClintic made a call to Fort Ga., Va., this week.

—A. W. Moore, Esq., was in town Tuesday.

—Constable Jno. H. Bozzell was down at Hillsboro this week on official business.

—S. B. Moorman, J. K. Gay, of Ellray were in Monterville Wednesday.

—Mrs. J. T. [illegible] of Mill Point was at the Huntersville Hotel Saturday.

—Call at Jacob Bones, if you want cheap goods.—See Ads.

—Guy Stevens, who has been in Nebraska for some time, came home this week.

—J. W. Milligan and family are for the present stopping with H. M. Lockridge, Esq., on Knapp's creek.

—We are glad to learn that Quincy W. Pauge is improving, and is now thought to be out of immediate danger.

—Those who send contributions to the Era do well please do not later than by Monday's mail. It sometimes puts us to to little inconvenience to have them later.

—Geo. W. Wagner took charge of Hotel Pocahontas the 7th inst. Mr. Wagner is a clever gentleman and good and will no doubt take a liberal patronage.

—Mr. Larry Lockridge, who has been stopping for some time at Hotel Pocahontas, has taken up quarters at the residence of Mark Sharp, H. M. Lockridge, but, as we presume not to put his name in the paper, we are unable to make mention of the fact.

—Judge Shrader held his first Court at this place last Thursday and will hold his next term beginning on the 28th. Between the County Court and the District Court Huntersville is well supplied with Courts.

—The January number of Babyhood, lately received, is fully up to past issues. This is a most interesting and instructive magazine. No mother should be without it. Published by Babyhood Pub. Co. 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

—Mrs. Wm. L. Brown and Mrs. J. H. Patterson of Green Bank were down a few days ago to see their brother Jno. B. Sharp, who is quite ill at the Huntersville Hotel.

—The account of the meeting of the Citizens at Hillsboro which appears on the first page of this issue, was signed by nearly nine of the citizens of that vicinity, but to save space we omitted all but the Chairman and Secretary.

—P. Lee Deere, Esq., was in town yesterday. He informed us that he would start back to Duluth Minn. this week. The Northwest seems to have good hold and he has no notion of leaving that section soon.

—Mr. H. A. Lockridge, who has been so severely afflicted with rheumatism for some months, is now able to walk about on crutches. He was allowed to eat dinner for the first time since his illness.

—Jno. H. Doyle is actively engaged in remodeling the ice house at the Huntersville Hotel. The ice crop just now is not very promising, but, if he should succeed in filling his new house, there will be no lack of the cooling substance at his Hotel next summer.

—We are in receipt of the Quarterly Review, published by J. P. Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell wants to be remembered to all his friends in this section, and we hope he will receive a liberal patronage.

—On the first page of this issue appears an interesting letter from P. A. Bennick, Esq., of Academy. We hope that many of our readers will respond to the suggestion of Mr. Bennick by writing us an occasional letter on some timely topic. Two contributions for subs for from Col. Gatewood would be very acceptable, and Mr. Bennick must not make this his last.

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—The weather mixed with mud. Every thing looks like spring. The birds are singing, and the bees flying.

Mr. J. B. White, begins his subscription school, at this place today.

But little of interest in this neighborhood.

Cattle are wintering well, and consuming a small amount of feed.

Robt. McClaughlin is now thought to be out of danger, and will soon be himself again if he doesn't take a relapse. The child is also doing well.

Jan. 13th. TOM SAWYER.

Ellray Mill

Jos. Gilkeson, who has been dangerously ill for some time, is better.

A. Patterson Pumphrey last week for Indiana on a visit to relatives.

Geo. Fisher, of Nebo, is visiting friends and settling up some business in this neighborhood; he has sold his land on Buck's mountain to Mrs. Mary E. Lange.

Isaac Sharps is getting out a few lot of cherry lumber at this place. Gay and Moore are also getting out a nice lot of cherry at their mill on Arnold fork of Elk.

Esq. Barlow is full of business although merchants and late sheriffs, as well as other are filling up the docket.

Your editorial of last week on changing the name of the State meets with hearty endorsement on the part of the people of this locality. We don't want to be compelled to know a house, or ship saying "West Virginia Hills."

X.

FOR SALE.—Call on E. T. Wyatt, at this place if you want a first class Winchester rifle and reloading tools for $11.00 cash.

NOTICE.

A reward of $10 will be paid to any one who may give information leading to the recovery of any of our tools, etc. that have been stolen from the hands or along the railroad.

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Dunmore, W. Va.
jan 11 4t

The County Court.

The Court met, pursuant to adjournment, last Friday morning, and proceeded to sitting until Saturday afternoon. The time was occupied principally in making settlements with the present sheriff and his immediate predecessor, and in deciding who shall fill that office for the next term.

The Court at last declared the office vacant and appointed Jno. W. Calhoun to act for the term of two years, beginning Jany. 1, 1886.

Mr. Calhoun, however, declined to accept the office, and the Court proceeded to appoint I. B. Moore.

Mr. Moore not being present at the time, it is not known whether he will accept, as the matter is not set fled beyond a doubt yet.

The Court adjourned to meet on Monday, Jany. 21, at which time Mr. Moore will either qualify or resign and give some one else the opportunity to decline the honor.

If the office is to fall into the hands of anyone who was not regularly elected, we don't think it could be placed in charge of a better or more deserving man than I. B. Moore. He is qualified to do the work in an acceptable manner, and we feel sure he would make a good officer.

It is, of course, to be regretted that the office could not be filled by the one chosen at the polls by so handsome a majority.

A Family of Luminaries.

On Glade mountain, this State resides the most peculiar family in the county. It is a family of coincidences. The father and mother were married on the 7th day of October, they have had nine children, all of whom were born on the 14th of October, five of the children are dead, and all of them owned to breathe on the 14th day of October. The name of the head of the family is Joshua Pennkin. He says that he was a confederate soldier, that he was captured twice by the Yankees, and that he had two brothers in the war, and that all four of the misfortunes or misfortunes of war occurred on the memorable 14th of October. To the neighborhood the Franklin family is regarded with superstition and not a few men living can be prevailed upon to stay either in the house or on the premises on either day or night of the 14th of October.—Fayette Democrat.

The Scientific American has long held the first rank among the leading publications devoted to the interests of science, inventions, mechanics, chemistry, inventions, and manufactures. No one who would keep informed with the rapid advancement along these lines can dispense with it. Munn & Co., 261 Broadway, New York. Price, $3.00 a year. Copies of the paper may be seen at this office, and subscriptions received.

Simmons Liver Regulator produces an unpleasant effect upon the stomach no matter how long it is taken. A little taken at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and sweetens the breath.

"I never recommend a medicine unless I know it to be good. In a ministry of twenty-six years I have tested the merit of such a medicine, and when I found it I recommended it."—Rev. Jos. J. G. Pryor, Chaplain Texas Penitentiary, Huntsville, Tex.

A PROFITABLE BUSINESS

Those who take an agency for a reliable enterprising house, learn their business and stick to it, "get on" in the world. People who have any idea of engaging in any canvassing business will do well to write to Joseph Bruce & Co., Portland, Maine—the great seed and general publishers. They offer the most exceptional advantages to those who are sufficiently enterprising to be willing to make a push in order to better their condition. It costs nothing to try. Women make successful canvassers as well as men. Full particulars will be sent to those who address the firm their full address is given above.

The West Virginia Freeman, Prohibition organ published at Parkersburg, has suspended publication.

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Hunterville, W. Va.

Jan. 17, 1889.

THE COST OF WAR.

A Washington correspondent has been comparing the statistics of the loss by death of Union soldiers during the rebellion, with the mortality of other wars. Reports show that the northern and southern armies met in more than 2,000 skirmishes and battles. In 148 of these conflicts the loss on the Federal side was more than 300 men, and in at least 10 battles more than 10,000 men were reported lost on each side. The appended table shows that the combined losses of the Federal and Confederate forces, in killed, wounded and missing, in the following engagements were: Shiloh, 24,000; Antietam, 38,000; Stone river, 34,000; Chancellorsville, 28,000; Gettysburg, 54,000; Chickamauga, 33,000; McClellan's peninsular campaign, 180,000, and Sherman's campaign, 125,000.

Waterloo was one of the most desperate and bloody fields chronicled in European history, and yet Wellington's casualties were less than 12 per cent., his losses being 4,272 killed and 556 wounded out of over 140,000 men, while at Shiloh one side lost in killed and wounded 9,750 out of 34,000, while their opponents report their killed and wounded at 9,616, making the casualties about 30 per cent. At the great battle of Wagram Napoleon lost but about 5 per cent. At Wurtzburg the French lost but 3 1/2 per cent., and yet the army gave up the field and retreated to the Rhine. At Hanau Marshal Saxe lost but 2 1/2 per cent. At Zurich Massena lost but 6 per cent. At Lagris Frederick lost but 6 1/2 per cent. At Italy again Bartlemough lost but 10 per cent., and at Hamilies the same intrepid commander lost but 6 per cent. At Contras Henry of Navarre was reported as cut to pieces, yet his loss was less than 10 per cent. At Lodi Napoleon lost 1 1/4 per cent. At Valmy Frederick William lost but 3 per cent., and at the great battles of Marengo and Austerlitz, engagements as they were, Napoleon lost an average of less than 14 1/2 per cent.

At Magenta and Solferino, in 1859, the average loss of both armies was less than 9 per cent. At Koniggratz, in 1866, it was 6 per cent. At Worth, Spicheren, Mars la Tour, Gravelotte and Sedan, in 1870, the average loss was 12 per cent., while at Gen. Moreau lost but 1 per cent., and the Archduke John lost but 7 per cent in killed and wounded. Americans would scarcely call this a busy skirmish. At Perryville, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Atlanta, Gettysburg, Mission Ridge, the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, the loss frequently reached and sometimes exceeded 25 per cent. Official statistics show that of the 3,000,000 men enlisted, there were killed in battle, 11,537; died of wounds, 49,205; died of disease, 199,210; died of unknown causes, 25,183; total, 303,343. This includes only those whose death while in the army had been actually proved. To this number should be added, first 30,000 men who are known to have died while in the hands of the enemy as prisoners of war, and many others in the same manner whose deaths are unrecorded; second, a fair percentage of the 205,795 men who are put down on the official reports as deserters and missing in action, for thinks who participated in the war know that men frequently disappeared who, it was certain had not deserted, yet could not be otherwise officially accounted for; third, thousands who are buried in private cemeteries all over the north, who died while home on furlough. The nation's dead are buried in seventy-three national cemeteries, of which only twelve are in the northern states.

The proportion of deaths from all causes in the troops of each state was as follows: Maine, 1 in 7; New Hampshire, 1 in 7; Vermont, 1 in 6; Massachusetts, 1 in 9; Rhode Island, 1 in 11; Connecticut, 1 in 10; New York, 1 in 12; New Jersey, 1 in 12; Pennsylvania, 1in 13; Delaware, 1 in 20; Maryland, 1 in 20; Ohio, 1 in 9; Indiana, 1 in 8; Illinois, 1 in 7; Michigan 1 in 6; Wisconsin, 1 in 7; Minnesota, 1 in 8; Iowa, 1 in 5 (nearly 6); Kansas, 1 in 5; California, 1 in 20; West Virginia, 1 in 9; Kentucky, 1 in 19; Missouri, 1 in 9. —Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Eating by the Alphabet.

"Have you got anything here beginning with 'k' that's good to eat?" inquired a new customer in a well-known local dyspepsy market last Tuesday. "How will pickled kidneys answer?" replied the clerk, after a moment's thought. "First rate. Give me a dozen cans. The kitten's life is saved," exclaimed the strange patron with enthusiasm. "I told my wife," he continued, "that if I failed to send home a kangaroo, dead or alive, before 2 o'clock I should expect to find the kitten served up for supper in the latest Chinese style. But your happy thought saved her. You see we all got tired of eating the same things day after day, and so last month we agreed that during December we would begin and eat up (or rather down) the alphabet, taking one letter a day, with bread, potatoes, tea and coffee thrown in as staples. So December 1 we inaugurated the dietary system with a bill of fare consisting of apples in many forms, apricots pickled, asparagus, almonds, and the staples. The next day's menu was beef, beets, beans, biscuits, buttermilk, bacon, and bun-bons. The following day we feasted on chicken, codfish balls, clams, celery, cucumbers (fifty cents each), crabs, cheese, cake, crackers, crullers, carrots, canned currants, canned cherries, citrons, cider, catsup and candy. And so it has gone on. The fifth day would have been a fast day had it not been for eggs, but we made an Easter of it. Yesterday we dined, breakfasted and supped chiefly on jellies. To-day your kidney suggestion saves us from starvation, while to-morrow we will grow fat on liver, lamb, lobster, lettuce, etc. A queer thing about our new food departure is the number of things it has led us to put in our mouths which we never thought of before."—Buffalo Express.

Charles Sumner and His Friends.

Sumner was very careful of the feelings of his personal friends, many of whom disagreed emphatically with him on political subjects. But of those were not of the same party with himself some were not of the same wing of the party. After President Grant and his cabinet became estranged from the senator, certain of his friends failed to follow him. Among them was the journalist, Maj. Ben. Perley Poore, who, in his letters and telegrams, took strong ground for the president and against the senator. The contest at the time was exceedingly bitter, and "Perley's" dispatches reflected the degree of acerbity felt by the president's friends.

Sumner's friends were inclined to take issue with the journalists, holding that the tone of his letters was incompatible with his personal relations toward the senator and brought them to Sumner's attention. He would hear just enough of them to know what was being spoken of, and then, if the paper had been handed him, would throw it into the waste basket, exclaiming "I like him too well to read his letters." He was once asked, "How can you like him when he speaks of you in such terms?" and his reply was: "I like the person, not the writer; I do my duty as I see it; let him do his as he sees it. Why should we quarrel?"—Arnold Burges Johnson, in the Cosmopolitan.

Henry Watterson's Father.

One of the pleasant old young men of Washington says the New York Tribune, is the Hon. Harvey M. Watterson. Imagine to yourself a tall and slightly-built man, with a large head of gray hair, a white beard falling over his chest, and a pair of the brightest and kindest blue eyes you will find anywhere. Imagine this man to be seventy-five years old, but at the same time to move about with as firm a step as though he was but thirty-five. Listen to his voice, and it comes forth in strong chest tones. Talk to him and he will tell you that he feels younger as the years grow older and that he hopes to last for many years yet.

Said Mr. Watterson once to me in response to a question:

The first sign of a man's failing faculties is seen in his voice. I can go on the street and speak in such tones as can be heard 200 yards away. I spend my winters in Washington and my summers in Louisville, and while there I look over the exchanges in the newspaper office and scan about fifty papers a day. I am glad that I am alive and I feel that my good health at this age is due to temperance and in not allowing myself to be worried about anything. I am very careful of my eating and I have not had three unhappy hours from worry in my whole life. When I have stubbed my toe I have not cursed the universe because of my carelessness, but thanked the Lord I did not break my neck."

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Jan. 17, 1883.

THE COST OF WAR.

A Washington correspondent has been comparing the statistics of the loss by death of Union soldiers during the rebellion, with the mortality of other wars. Reports show that the northern and southern armies met in more than 2,000 skirmishes and battles. In 148 of these conflicts the loss on the Federal side was more than 500 men, and in at least 70 battles more than 10,000 men were reported hors de combat. The appended table shows that the combined losses of the Federal and Confederate forces, in killed, wounded and missing, in the following engagements were: Shiloh, 23,000; Antietam, 26,000; Stone river, 24,000; Chancellorsville, 28,000; Gettysburg, 34,000; Chickamauga, 32,000; McClellan's peninsular campaign, 105,000, and Sherman's campaign, 125,000.

Waterloo was one of the most desperate and bloody battle recorded in European history, and yet Wellington's casualties were less than 33 per cent., his losses being 4,773 killed and 9,56 wounded out of over 100,000 men, while at Shiloh our side lost in killed and wounded 8,750 out of 34,000, while their opponents report their killed and wounded at 9,616, making the casualties about 30 per cent. At the great battle of Wagram Napoleon lost but about 5 per cent. At Wurtzburg the French lost but 2 1-2 per cent., and yet the army gave up the field and retreated to the Rhine. At Hoenzir Hatchel Haze lost but 2 1-2 per cent. At Zurich Massena lost but 4 per cent. At Lagris Fortescue lost but 6 1-2 per cent. At Ruby again Marlborough lost but 10 per cent., and at Hamilton the same intrepid commander lost but 6 per cent. At Conteau Henry of Navarre was reported as out to pieces, yet his loss was less than 10 per cent. At Lodi Napoleon lost 1 1-2 per cent. At Valley Frederick 16 per cent but 3 per cent., and at the great battles of Marengo and Austerlitz, respectively as they were, Napoleon lost an average of less than 14 1-2 per cent.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 31, 1889. No. 28.

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Sheriff.
Deputy Sheriff.
Cl'k of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard,
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
C. S. Beard, Pres't.
Com'rs Co. Ct. J. S. Sharp.
C. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor. Chas. Beard.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is jury term.

L. S. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and neighboring counties, and in the Supreme court of appeals.

C. T. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will prosecute in the courts of Pocahontas and neighboring counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. STUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty at Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. P. WEYBOURN,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
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Huntersville, W. Va.

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DOES ANY ONE KNOW?

Does any one know what's in your heart and mine,
The secrets and aims,
The dreams of sin and the angel divine,
The right and the wrong;
The devil of the darkness, the love of the day,
The ebb and the flow,
Of hope and of doubt for ever and aye.
Does any one know?

Does any one dream of the love that is yours,
The heart that is mine;
The truth and the width of the one
And each more
Of richest red wine,
Of the hate that is dark as the midnight of grief,
The anguish and woe,
The death throes of halting and blind unbelief,
Does any one know?

Does any one see what we have in the heart
To love and to hate,
Of life's every motive an intrinsic part,
Of chance and of fate,
The memory of kisses, of starlight, of songs,
Of roses and snow,
Of women's truest eyes, of prayers and of wrongs,
Does any know?

Does any one hearken to music of bells,
And the sigh of the sea,
And the whisper of woodlands that mysteriously swells
For you and for me,
The sound of the fond voices that ever respond,
In tones soft and low,
To the prayer we are breathing into the beyond,
Does any one know?

—N. Waterman in New York Mercury.

Forest Preservation.

The series of articles by Professor Shaler in Scribner's has ably presented the topic of tree preservation, a topic the American people must positively give heed to. No nation under the sun was in times of peace ever so wasteful as our own. The increasing scan of subsisting a supply of food has tended for some hundreds of years, if not thousands, to render human beings less economical of means and careful of methods. The older races, like the Chinese, never waste; to them everything has its use. But we have destroyed as much as we have produced. Forests that nature raised by the labor of a thousand years we have turned up in a day. Civilization has invented the plowshare clearing up, which means wanton removal of all things that stand in the way of our immediate needs. Where vast stretches of oaks covered millions of acres it is difficult to find a single grove or a single tree, but how inestimable such remains are when found! It is not wholly from the utilitarian standpoint that we look, but the aesthetic. These are like their surroundings. If it be undesirable to dwell in the forest, it is still more undesirable to dwell without the companionship of trees. But as a matter of economy and physical necessity we are compelled to have sympathy for and with the vegetable world. Our destiny, in common with the whole animal kingdom, is identified with the plant kingdom. In the struggle for existence, from the outset, there has been a mutual interdependence of all living things. If we destroy the trees we injure our own progress and prospects. In the present economy of nature protoplasm, or the basis of life, can only be created by the plant kingdom; from it we receive the same at second hand. But our existence is dependent on trees and plants in many other ways, and always has been. The earliest human races were littoral, or shore dwellers. They had no tools to work their way through forests, our weapons to cope with the denizens of the forest. But with increase of the art of making tools human beings left the shore and cleared the forests as hunters. To the hunting races the destruction of trees was the destruction of their means of existence. The North American Indian saw only starvation in the white man's encroaching ax.

Civilization has brought us into even closer relation to trees, and dependence on vegetation. The equilibrium of the air, adjusting the proportions of carbon gases for our healthy existence, depends on trees. Malaria is not caused, but prevented, by a judicious proportion of forest land. Professor Shaler takes as the case with great energy to show that the most serious result following the destruction of our forests will be the consequent loss of soil, turning vast areas into deserts. "Already a large part of many fertile regions has been sterilized in this fashion; and each year a larger portion of our infinitely precious heritage of soil slips into rivers and finds its way to the sea, because we have deprived it of the protecting coating of vegetation." We have also to consider the immense vegetation deposit which is yearly added to the soil where forests abound. Our own culture takes from the soil, on the contrary, more than it gives. So the waste from the rain is greater in tilled soil than in wooded lands. In forests the soil is ever deepening; in open lands ever decreasing. This evil we must endure, but should be careful not to aggravate. The amount of soil now swept away annually is actually clogging the large rivers, compelling them constantly to change channels. The argument of Professor Shaler is pressed to show that no man has such a right in soil that he may be wasteful of it, or use it for the disadvantage of his neighbors. Government, he holds, should interfere to prevent waste of forests.

The question of forest preservation has been more or less considered by several of the states, but, in fact, apart from the encouragement of tree planting, little has been done in a systematic manner to regulate the use or prevent the waste of trees. Our relation to the vegetable kingdom grows even more intricate, and our serious dependence more emphasized constantly since the demands of civilization for timber and fuel increase, and must increase.

At present the greatest loss in the way of forest destruction is from fires caused by locomotives, malice or carelessness. Some of the railroads have already taken action to prevent the recurrence of the evil from locomotive sparks. The plan adopted is to clear away all timber growth for 100 feet on each side of the track. A furrow is then run along the outer edge of this space, and the whole kept mowed and clean. The loss from timber fires is not less than an average of $2,000,000 per state annually. This is wholly preventable.

The work of Professor Shaler is notable in this respect, that it makes the subject, which has been rather held to be local, to be a continental matter. He has enlarged the subject, and shown that it vitally touches the very possibility of human existence.—Globe-Democrat.

Royal Salaries in Europe.

A table recently prepared shows the royal salaries paid in Europe, and it forms interesting reading for those who have an idea that our own government is conducted on a wasteful and extravagant plan.

The emperor of Russia receives $8,000,000 per annum; the sultan of Turkey, $6,000,000; the emperor of Austria, $1,000,000; the king of Italy, $1,600,000; the king of Belgium, $1,600,000; the queen of Holland, $1,200,000; the queen of Spain, $1,200,000, and the king of Belgium, $800,000.

When a protest against monarchial government this brief table originated. Eight persons, men and women—the kings and queens are nothing more—receive each year in the aggregate $20,100,000 for doing what? For doing nothing that hundreds—nay, thousands—of their subjects could not do just as well and possibly much better. Some of these monarchs get their salaries for really doing nothing. Queen Victoria, for example, has absolutely no function to perform except to represent in her royal person the idea of dominion and sovereignty. She has no part in the government of the country. The most irresponsible Irish member of parliament does more and has more to say about ruling the empire than Victoria has; and yet because she is what she is, the mere sideloo of a bygone aristocracy, her loving subjects pay her over $2,000,000 every year for her own use and benefit.

The king of Prussia receives $3,000,000 a year as compensation for his arduous royal duties; and when it is considered that he is the emperor of Germany, that he is a man over 90 years of age, and that the reins of government have been for years in the hands of Bismarck, it must be admitted that, judged by republican standards, he does not earn his salary.

Probably the czar of Russia performs as much or more actual labor than any reigning sovereign in Europe. The form of government of Russia being a despotism, the czar must necessarily center all authority in himself and be, in fact as well as name, the fountain and source of all authority. But even for his devise, irksome, multifarious and difficult though they may be, $8,250,000 is more than they are worth, especially in view of the financial condition of Russia and the immense drain upon her resources.

The people of the United States thought they were doing a wonderful thing when they increased the president's salary from $25,000 a year to $50,000, and yet the larger amount is only a trifle over two days' salary of the emperor of Russia, while at the same time the United States is really better able to pay the president the czar's salary than Russia is to pay the czar the president's salary.

Royalty is simply an enormously expensive luxury, with nothing to recommend it except tradition and precedent, and the only wonder is that it can keep its hold so long on intelligent and progressive nations in this age of the world.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Shipping Gold to Europe.

When one recalls the millions upon millions of dollars in gold that annually seek Europe to provide for the necessities of our import trade, the question of how gold is shipped to Europe becomes a curious and interesting one. The Bank of America is the largest single shipper of gold abroad. Shipments are made in steel kegs, very like the ordinary beer kegs. Every one contains $50,000 in coin or in bar gold. The latter is the favorite for these shipments, since the government has permitted the sub-treasury to exchange bar for gold coin, so coin in $1,000,000 shipment is liable to a loss by abrasion of from eight to twenty ounces, of from $130 to $330, and the bars only lose about three-tenths of that amount. Where coin is sent darker eagles are preferred. They are put in great leather bags, each bag containing 100 eagles, equal to $1,000 and ten bags fill a keg.

About the only precaution taken against robberies with kegs of a treasure of the big ends, technically known as "end caping." Four holes are bored at equal intervals in the projecting rim of the canvas above the head. Red tape is run through these, crossing on the keg's head, the ends coming at the center, where they are sealed to the head by the accident of wax and stamped with the consignor's name. The average insurance is about $1,500 per $1,000,000. This class is an expense of $2 a keg for packing and cartage aboard ship, or $100 for the same sum; and the certificate for the insurance, whatever it may prove to be. There are going Wall street from shipping from $25,000,000 to $40,000,000 annually. Some of these have for years insured themselves, and even that the saving has been sufficient to replace a loss of $1,000,000. These are large figures. But this has become a country of large figures and affairs.—Edgar L. Wakeman in Globe-Democrat.

Left Handed Writing.

"It looks like copperplate," remarked a prominent teacher of penmanship to a reporter, as he exhibited a handsome specimen of chirography from among the many specimens in his large collection.

"It couldn't have been written very rapidly," suggested the reporter.

"It was, though—as rapidly as the writer could make the fingers move."

"Probably he is a professional penman; bookkeeper or teacher likely?"

"Neither, and he only learned to write four years ago. He was a soldier. During the war he lost his right arm. After the war he became a traveling salesman. Five years ago he lost a leg in a railroad accident, and thus took up penmanship. He had to learn it all over again. But by perseverance you see how much he has accomplished. He is the secretary of a mining company down town and draws $10,000 a year salary. One odd thing about this is that he never was a good penman when he had both arms. But in learning to use his left hand he acquired the art of making all of his characters plainly. He made them slowly at first, and now he can't write badly, no matter how rapidly he works."

"Did you ever know of a man's learning to use both hands equally well?"

"There are a few instances on record. I heard of a man once who not only wrote with both hands, but wrote with them at the same time and a different sentence with each hand. He was the wonder of the profession, but he was more of a freak than anything else. Ambidexterity is a great accomplishment, but such experiences as that are not valuable, save as curiosities."—New York Mail and Express.

Mrs. Jay Gould died at her home in New York last week.

Senator Frye, of Maine has been re-elected, and Senator Isham G. Harris, of Texas, has also been re-elected.

Pocahontas Times.

LOOBY & MOORE.

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 31, 1888.

POST MASTER SHORTAGE.

The New York World, and a few other newspapers of less importance, have lately made themselves very busy in condemning Grover Cleveland and worshiping him with the defeat of the democratic party. A recent editorial of the World is very pronounced and bitter in its sharpness, and in our opinion unjustifiable and unwise.

We do not pretend to say that Cleveland made no mistakes; on the contrary, that he followed, unadvised, in the track of November the 4th, 1884, we believe his friends were ambitious to be honored and hence silent to redeem the pledges of the party and to secure for the people good and pure government. His methods considered not in the end aimed at, but in the means he adopted to reach it.

No doubt the accumulated treasure in Congress, which merged all other questions into the one great issue of tariff reform, was the beginning of our defeat. Not because the recommendations of that message were wrong, but because they were unfriendly, and resulted in arousing the opposition to such active energy as terminated in a suppression of the will of the people by political sentiment.

In this action Grover Cleveland was only acting to do what the platform of his party had promised to do, and was urged on by his party leaders of no mean standing and limited experience, to whom he had reason to place confidence and among the many voices clamoring for tariff reform could be distinctly heard the deep-toned, protestatory of the New York World. On the strength of these appeals the issue was made up, the battle fought and the issue lost, though not forever. How inconsistent and unfair it is for those who helped to make the issue, hoping to justify themselves, now to charge the failure entirely to the one man who was brave enough to lead the fight and who never wavered. Granting that to Cleveland only are defeat is charged, and that the New York World favored his policy, it would now be extremely ungracious to make such an assault, after all about that Cleveland made around to give the people a true and upright election; but as it relates the World particularly Cleveland it could not be more than he was led on the election and as to the [illegible] unchanged. Let us not keep upon the [illegible] of our disappointment, but as we stood with him in triumph, let us now stand with him in defeat, remember the cause we all believe to be just because once united.

Judge A. C. Snyder has been elected President of the Supreme Court. Judge Snyder has made a good record [illegible] and is known as [illegible]

THE LEGISLATURE.

The first ballot in the West Virginia Legislature was held on the 24th. More than two weeks had been consumed in doing nothing. Gen. B. S. Cox, of Kanawha county, was elected President of the Senate on the fifth ballot, receiving his votes from the democrats and six from the republicans, so that neither side can claim any great victory in the result.

Gen. Cox is a union labor man, and it is not known instantly how he will vote when it comes to the election of a United States Senator. He is a man of considerable ability and is said to possess in a large measure the qualities of a good presiding officer. But whether the selection be wise or not, it is a great relief to the people to have the affair settled.

Since the organization several ballots have been taken for U. S. Senator, in which the republicans have voted pretty solidly for Goff and the democrats scattering, with Kenna in the lead. These ballots, however, have but little significance, as the democrats have not been anxious to effect an election. The constitution provides that balloting for U. S. Senator shall begin the second Tuesday after organization, but as one branch of the Legislature did not organize until a late day, the democrats think it wise to post one on election until the second Tuesday after the organization of the Senate. The democrats hold a caucus, adopting the two-thirds rule, and agreeing to stand by the caucus nominee. Jno. E. Kenna lacked but one delegate was absent when it is conceded he is a Kenna man. So the defeat of Senator Kenna is not so certain after all. Gen. Goff can no doubt get the full vote of his party whenever he desires it; but it is estimated that he would still lack two votes, giving him the benefit of all the doubtful ones. To be sure, nothing is yet certain as to the outcome.

Nothing of importance has been done aside from political dodging.

The Democratic Party and Its Future.

The editorial of the New York World denouncing President Cleveland for the overthrow of the democratic party, was, as we have before shown, cowardly and unjust.

Here is the one undisputed fact of the late campaign: there was not a cloud in the democratic sky when President Cleveland wrote his message. But that message not been written we should have had a walkover. Even after it was written had the democratic convention readopted the platform of 1884, on which it had already carried the country, it would still have been victorious. It made Cleveland's message the platform, and it not only thereby protected the very tariff reform it was fighting for, but it sacrificed the weightier and more precious principles which it was carrying out which it must carry to the end of time!

President Cleveland is not to be blamed for this. He obeyed the pressing demand of the leaders to whom he had given his confidence—and his loyalty to them, meant loyalty to the party. Nor are these leaders to be blamed. They advised as they thought best.

We have no fear of party harmony in the future. What is best will be agreed on, and every democrat will support it. It is possible that the issue has been already made so aggressively that the democratic party is committed for the future to a fight for tariff reform in the same terms as those on which we have just been defeated. If so, all right. We shall do our part of the work in love and earnest men. It may be that Brother Watterson's "cyclone of splits" with which he hoped to "arrest the attention" of the country (and succeeded) will be lowered and the value of reform administration through. Then all the hands and we shall fight with equal earnest ness and more hope. Until the tariff issue is made so and there exist honest opposition on their should be the fullest discussion among the democrats as to what is best. The policy of our democrat denouncing or supporting every other democrat who differs with him, is not only unwise but unpatriotic.

When the issues are made up and the platform adopted every democrat must then sink his personal views and fall into ranks. Until then let us keep cool and study the situation carefully. Let no packet pride and prejudice and put democratic success above every personal consideration. If every democrat will but do this we shall triumph again in 1892 in spite of the secession of republican territories and the apportionment of the new census.—Atlanta Constitution.

Amend the Electoral Law.

The error in the returns of the Presidential election of Texas, even if not unsounded, would be immaterial as affecting the general result. It would simply reduce by thirteen Mr. Cleveland's vote in the electoral colleges, and leave Mr. Harrison's vote unchanged.

But the fact that such an error was committed and that the counting of the vote of Texas is thereby endangered suggests the very serious consequences that might ensue where the throwing out of the vote of a sovereign State would give the election to a defeated candidate.

It is necessary of course to have some solemn act as the choice of a President performed by safe and systematic methods, that no question may arise as to the legitimacy of the election, but it would be well to relieve the law in some way of technicalities that, by misconstruction or oversight, might wholly nullify the declared will of the people at the polls.

It is known, beyond all quibble or per adventure, that the people of Texas chose Cleveland electors at the last election—as well known as it is that the people of Maine chose Harrison electors, and a blunder of the clerks in not signing their names in the proper place would never disclose the minds of the people of the two sovereign States, owing to positive knowledge, that the elections were duly and lawfully chosen.

Under no circumstances, short of an absolute failure or refusal of a State to send in its returns, should it be possible to count out the vote. It is not a small matter. It is a matter enough with changed conditions to precipitate the Republic into another civil war. The law must be so amended as to make such a catastrophe impossible.—Washington Post.

The $30,000,000 mortgage of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad was recorded at Richmond, Va., on Tuesday of last week, and is being recorded in every county on the lines of that railroad. The mortgage is made to the Central Mortgage Company of New York, and is on the property of the road from a point on James river below Richmond, Va., to Huntington, W. Va., the one to a point of connection with the Elizabeth, Lexington & Big Sandy Road. It is also on the extension from Richmond, Va., to Newport News and thence to Phoebus, near Norfolk, Va., and also upon the line from Ashland, Ky., to Covington, Ky., and on the bridge between Covington, Ky., and Cincinnati.

SENATORS RE-ELECTED.

Illinois re-elects Senator Cullom. New Jersey re-elects Senator McPherson. Texas re-elects Senator Coke. Oregon re-elects Senator Dolphin, and North Carolina re-elects Senator Ransom. West Virginia [illegible]

A GOOD GIFT.

Mr. Slater, [illegible] the subject of [illegible] Congress, made a very good and well reasoning offer of the sort which the country is suffering from in his estimate of millions of dollars.

The provisions of the bill briefly stated are impressive that as soon as the United States before he can become a citizen that of the expiration of five years he shall appear in court and prove his residence, good moral character and fidelity to citizenship. If the case is in the United States court, either of its application for naturalization may be served on the representative of the United States, and likewise in the case of a State court, the representative of the State government may be notified and attend the hearing. The bill proposes to dispense with the present requirement of a declaration of intention.

The bill has made a favorable impression, and the indications are that it has every chance to become a law at the present session.

The election which [illegible] of Texas for Mr. Cleveland created a material part of the discussion in Congress on the bill to count the votes, and the President of the Senate directed the returns to be taken back to Texas for verification. This will necessitate the re-convening of the electors at the Capital of the State, and the re-transmission of the vote to Washington. It is greatly desired if this can be done in time to have the vote of Texas counted, as affording [illegible] people will look with [illegible] such serious matters. What a tide [illegible] of excitement would now pour out if Cleveland had carried New York, and the Texas blunder should therefore be unable to affect the election.—Harlem Gazette.

It seems odd to read that a Governor's message in this country, should be printed in a foreign language as well as, and stronger than more copies should be ordered printed in other languages than in English. The Texas Senate selected a resolution to print 5,000 copies of Governor Ross' message in English, 5,000 in German, 2,000 in Bohemian and 2,000 in Spanish.

The Presidential electors for the State of Texas, in making their returns failed to endorse the envelope containing the vote, which makes it doubtful whether the vote of the Lone Star State will be counted. As the matter stands now it makes but little difference, but if Cleveland had carried New York, it might have been a fatal mistake.

DEPEW

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Hotel Pocahontas,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—Lambs and eggs are scarce at this season of the year.

—Henry Crisfield, Esq., of Hills boro, was in town yesterday.

—We are informed by Dep. C. S. Duty that the record of the Lewisburg case will be ready for public examination.

—Huntersville boasts of a Methodist Sunday School. Superintendent, Wm. Gay.

—Hon. W. Wagner, clerk of the Circuit Court, has returned to his home after his long siege in the city.

—Several druggists have written to United and town with a line of spring goods.

—Two of the communications that should have appeared this week are omitted because they were not communicated.

—Mrs. Della Yeager, who lives with her son, Peter D. Yeager, at Travelers Repose, was stricken with paralysis on ... last week. She is ... years old.

—There will be a ... from Huntersville to Lewisburg on Feb. 28, when a ... will be ... We have promised Andy Hughes to drive if Dennis will stay sober and he will.

—We have received the first number of the Clipper, a weekly independent newspaper published at Alderson, W. Va. As a rule we don't have much use for so-called independent papers here, however, this one may be an exception.

—Mr. Joseph Gum, of Hillsboro, Va., has been in this section for several days selling the celebrated Gum Spring Chilled Plow. Mr. Gum is a clever gentleman to deal with and we hope he will meet with success in his business.

—Our subscription list is growing finely. Many of our friends are sending in the names of new subscribers. We are glad to see this and hope it will continue. We are trying to make the Tuscan a good paper and we can do so with the assistance of our friends.

—Mr. Wm. Hamilton has gone to the levels to attend School.

—Snow and rain.

—Look out for ground-hog day, and pray in your clean.

—J. C. Harper is back from a trip to Hudson.

—Miss Sallie Hamilton has gone to the levels to attend School.

—Robert Pritchard, Esq., of Hot Springs, Va., was in this section last week. Bob is a business man, but wears a smile when on Knapp's Creek not common among drummers.

—Miss Edmonia Gum, of Hillsboro, and Miss Rissel, of Hot Springs, Va., are visiting friends and relatives in this neighborhood.

—Mrs. Emma Harper, who has been dangerously ill for some time, is now improving.

—We would like to hear something more on the subject of debarking cattle; it is a matter of interest. Can't somebody tell us how to do your hogs, and deboil mules. Sue ... to you.

DICK.

—The Philadelphia Times hears that Gen. Harrison had almost decided that it would seem too much like a public acknowledgement of the money influence in politics to give a Cabinet place to Mr. Wanamaker, who masterminded with contributing $100,000 and raising an additional $300,000 for the campaign fund. Then Col. Quay came along and said that Mr. Wanamaker gave only $10,000.

—"Now the dog fell!" asked the lawyer of pelts in the old story.

"Fell!" exclaimed the man who wanted to sell the dogskin. "That dog was an——fat that——"

"Don't want it," interrupted the dealer. "Skins of fat dogs are no good."

"Oh, but he wasn't one of those ——fat dogs, you know," replied the man, with the stress on the first word.—N. Y. Sun.

—Millionaire Washburne, of Minnesota, will succeed Millionaire Sabin of the same State in the United States Senate on March 3d, next.

AS I SEE IT AT PRESENT.

There will be general approbation on the part of public of the entry of the President and Mrs. Cleveland into official retirement from the presidency of the United States. White House painted for present, but in that house. His feeling of satisfaction will arise, not because the public would not be pleased to see Mrs. Cleveland's portrait there occupy a conspicuously prominent, but because of gratitude that she had left the good taste, as well as the good sense, to discourage any such attempt in publicity.

If the Executive Mansion could contain, in some suitable room, and all mainly for this purpose, a complete collection of the portraits of all the estimable ladies who have ever graced the house, and if this could be provided at public expense the result thus obtained would be pleasing to the average American citizen. But this policy has not been pursued, so that only an insignificant proportion of such portraits are so displayed, and the art in these few is not such as to encourage their increase or multiplication.

This last remark applies not only to the White House, but to the great mass of portraits in the various departments and in the Capitol. The art is not encouraging and nothing is more certain than that this will continue to be the case until the selection of fourth or fifth rate artists be taken from the subjects to be represented and left to some authoritative commission composed largely of artists who have made their careers and who are no longer competing for a work of this character.—Washington Post.

A large corporation for the mining of coal and the manufacture of coke has just been organized under the name of the Davis Coal and Coke Co. The company consists of Hons. H. G. Davis and Stephen B. Elkins, Col. T. E. Davis, Maj. Wm. Armstrong and Harry G. Buxton, Esq. The company's properties are located 50 miles south of Piedmont, on the line of the West Virginia Central Railroad near Thomas Station. Active operations and development of said properties commence at once. This is considered one of the finest coking coals in the country, being absolutely free from all impurities. The company will furnish work for quite a number of men in the near future.

A law in Massachusetts defines intoxicating liquor as any beverage containing more than 3 per cent. of alcohol by volume, at 60 Fahrenheit. In a recent case before a jury, the State assayer testified that Jamaica ginger contained over 60 per cent. of alcohol, 3 per cent. of pure Jamaica ginger extract, and 35 per cent. of water. As ordinary whiskey contains only about 50 per cent. of alcohol, it follows that Jamaica ginger must be a pretty lively sort of temperance drink.

A St. Louis doctor has removed the brains from a dozen different frogs and housed the wound and let them go. They went off as if nothing had happened out of the ordinary, and it was plain that they had lost nothing of value. A frog which dependent on his brains instead of his legs would stand a mighty poor show in a puddle near a school house.

General Harrison made the following remark the other day: "I have offered no Cabinet place to any man. I have not yet selected any man in my mind. No person shall be forced on me. I shall not disclose whom I will put into the Cabinet till after I am inaugurated and send their names into the Senate for confirmation." Would-be Cabinet makers can now take a rest.

NOTICE.

A general meeting of the stockholders of the Lewisburg Hotel Co. will be held at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., on the 14th day of February, 1889, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the President.

JAS. H. LEWIS, Secretary.

Lewisburg, W. Va., Jan. 14, 1889.

SALESMEN

Wanted for the sale of Nursery Stock. Steady employment and good pay to the right men. Apply at once, and secure choice of territory.

EDWARD F. MOTT,
Rochester, N. Y.
Mention this paper. jan. 17-4t.

Subscribe for the Tuscan.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the 1st day of March, 1889, the following property 225 Sheep mostly ewes 27 two-year-old Cattle, 4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness, one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of Sale made known on day of sale.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, a. m.

JACOB MOLASBERRY.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP.

Rainelle, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

J. C. THOMPSON.

At a County Court held for the county of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Court hereafter, shall either present it to the Court in person from the bar or by their attorney: and that the Court will not hear any matter unless presented in the foregoing manner.

A Copy, Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, C'k.
jan. 10-4t. Printers fee $6.00.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

JACOB BOYER

GREATEST

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

STH DAY OF MARCH, 1889.

Notice to Sale Holders.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

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ANYTHING

In That Line,

REMEMBER

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That may be procured

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LOVETT & MOORE, Publishers.

L. P. MOORE, Editor.

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Reading notices are according five cents, outside five cents for each insertion, and one inch a line for each additional insertion.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.65; after 12 months, $1.75.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Buckhannon, W. Va.

Jan 31, 1889.

A belated brother in the Atlanta Constitution, down in Georgia sent the following request for a minister to his bishop: "Send us a bishop to preach. If you can't send us a bishop send us a shilling elder. If you can't send us a shilling elder, send us a stationary preacher. If you can't send him, send us a circuit rider. If you won't spare him, send us a home preacher. If you can't spare a home preacher, send us an exhorter." That settled it. She got a preacher.—Lincoln Journal.

The following curious story comes from Hustleton: "A soldier in the time of William and Mary was tried by a court martial on a charge of having fallen asleep at midnight when on duty upon the terrace at Windsor. He denied the charge, and solemnly declared on a proof of his having been awake at the time that he heard St. Paul's clock strike thirteen. While under sentence of death affidavits were made by several persons that the clock actually did strike thirteen instead of twelve, whereupon he received his majesty's pardon." This statement was engraved upon the coffin plate of the old soldier.—Magazine of American History.

The Trouble of Writing.

One reason why women do not write more is because they have no really handy place upon which to slip where they can pick up pen and paper. They have to spend as much time gathering materials together as it takes to write the first page; and, in that case, the thinking about writing and making up the mind to it are the worst part of the work. Business men have no such trials. But the farmer who comes in at night tired with the day's tasks finds it very hard indeed to write, even in almost evil days, unless there is a writing desk ready to almost manufacture a letter. It will do it with a few pen scratches. It is essential to every real home that such a writing place be provided, for no home has sufficient enough to live entirely to itself. The people who write the most welcome letters are those who write all of the little happenings of their own and their friends' lives, and who tell that which everyone will interest the most people to read; those who sit down and "think" with the pen until the letter is so full of what they think of you that the most empty part is the paper.

Personal Taxes.

An Englishman took it to the English Parliament that in America they had to pay taxes on their personal property. Whereupon Mr. Bright replied that in America they had no landlords and no State Church. Which was to put the case in a nutshell. In proportion as the land is free from the burden of rent and the people from the burden of supporting the State Church, in that proportion will the burden of personal taxes be heavy. In England the land is not taxed, and the people are not taxed, but the landlords and the State Church are taxed to the last penny that can be squeezed out of them.

Gen. Grant.

It is almost impossible to attach any importance to one coat, but at the same time it is very important with at times.

It will take a scrubber to California and it will make you madder than a hatter and a Mason hate watchmen when you go to pay your fare on a horse-car and find that you have but four cents and a ten dollar bill. Especially when you see the conductor fold your ten dollar bill, and stow it carefully in his vest pocket, and then begin to deal you out a lot of change that looks as though it had been in circulation since the revolutionary war.

One coat is very small when you secured to the edges grinder's monkey, but when it is added to the rate of interest you receive on a stock, it possesses a stern magnificent grandeur that carries you away like a strain of music.

The penny, it seems, was made to put on church plates; and although a man may say it amounts to nothing, he will strike matches and lift mats and crawl about in the straw on a horse car, to find the one he drops. It is so small a coin that you have to take off your glove to take hold of it in your pocket, and yet it is so large when the hairy swallows it, the chances of the boy's living are sometimes not worth a cent.

When a man speaks of a quail he will satisfactorily call it a little bit of of a thing about the size of a cent; and he will speak of a girl's freckles, sarcastically, as being great big freckles, the size of a cent.

Although one cent is less than ten cents, yet one cent is a great deal larger than a dime. Many a man has gone thirsty all day with four cents in his pocket. For the want of that one cent the four was as useless as the eleven men on a jury who are held out against by one.

Gray Horses.

Experience, I think, will prove that, while "a good horse may be of any color," gray horses are strongest, healthiest, hardiest and most valuable. The crack regiment of the British army has always been one of cuirassiers, consisting of gray horses only. This regiment at Waterloo made a charge at the battle of Waterloo which decided the fate of the great Napoleon, after unfortunate Emperor afterward declared. The Percheron horses are nearly all gray. This is the prevailing color of the horses of La Perche in that country, known as Percherons, also of the gigantic horses of Normandy which formed the cavalry of William the Norman, who subdued England 800 years ago by the aid of these steel horses. Gray horses are rarely pensioned in fairs or joints. The omnibus (or stage) horses of Paris are mostly of this color, and perform the immense travel over the stone paved streets of that city for an average period of ten years.

There is an old adage that "the gray mare is the better horse," and although this has been disputed by its breeding take all information that the women proprietors the most cold stakes of the last three, this is why a modern science of the present, which is the most of such sayings the result of common experience.—New York Tribune.

INVENTION [illegible] during the last half century. But least among the wonders of invention is a contrivance and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal, any one can do the work, either sex; young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Call this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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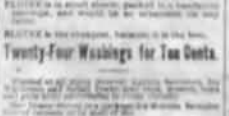

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Is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

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No Home should be Without

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 7, 1889

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clerk of Co. & Circ. Courts, F. J. Beard.
Assistant, C. O. Arbogast.
Surveyor, [illegible]
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 2nd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Fifty is very here.

L. M. MCCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. BROWN,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. C. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. [illegible]
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. BEARD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. F. MOSCOTTE,
DENTIST OF DENTISTRY,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County on every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Public Press

It was a pleasure to meet Billy Moore, of Brown's mountain, with his stockings, punching the old mountain in the ribs to tickle her just a little bit, and if I would not wish I would love her dearly a few. He has a taste for school's company, and it will be a gloomy day when [illegible]

Notes by the Way.

Since the deep snow that fell up on the 25th of January, visiting warrants have been making things lively about Martin's flatting.

By the way Mr. Editor, the writer regrets you were not on hands to oppose and prevent the change in the name of this historic place, as you did so handsomely and effectively when objecting to any change in the name of West Virginia.

But to return from the digression, Sunday night a large bear, came near Mr. Hughes house and howled heartily on the remains of a calf, then retired to the spruce and laurel of Buckley mountain to sleep it off. He could not be found, however, by the party headed by Andy McClaughlin, so he must have covered his retreat very skillfully. Two or three nights afterwards, three or four wildcats paraded the premises near Mr. McClaughlin's who went in pursuit of them with Messrs. Hughes and Jake. Their dogs came upon a cross trial which was more to their liking and followed the same to a tree. By the time this interesting animal was done for, the hounds seemed to have lost all relish for wild cat operations or speculations, and the chase closed abruptly.

When languor and disease invade
This trembling tenement of clay,
'Tis sweet to look beyond my pains,
And long to fly away.

Sweet to look inward and attend
The whispers of his love,
Sweet to look upward, to the place
Where Jesus pleads above.

A recent visit to a home on Knapp's creek recalled those words to the writer's mind. He missed the presence of an afflicted lady, whose case had interested him very much the past two or three years. When a mere child, Miss Mary Ann Hutchinson became a helpless invalid, and for thirty years required constant attention, so she could not walk nor see and had but little use of her hands. It has not been long since she died at the age of thirty-five years. She opened her mind confidingly to a ministerial friend, during his visits. The last time he met her, she tearfully said: "My afflictions have been great, but all my sufferings are overruled by my Heavenly Father's love." Her mind was naturally of a superior order, her memory very retentive, and well stored with favorite passages of the scriptures, and portions of hymns. The 14th of John was one of her favorites, and among the sunshine of spiritual song, nothing seemed more precious to her than this:

Dear Savior be my constant guide
And when the word is given
Bid the cold waves of Jordan divide
And land me safe in Heaven.

Monday, January 28, will be a memorable day in the writer's history, for he passed over the new road now in course of construction around the Mcclaughlin fording.

Viewed from this road, Huntersville looks like a "thing of beauty," and may this pleasant village ever be a joy to our great and intended big county. In the writer's opinion Huntersville is just as good as she is pretty, and that is saying a great deal.

It was a pleasure to meet Billy Moore, of Brown's mountain, with his stockings, punching the old mountain in the ribs to tickle her just a little bit, and if I would not wish I would love her dearly a few. He has a taste for school's company, and it will be a gloomy day when [illegible] he fails to see the bright side of [illegible] things. Long may he move [illegible] the hoary hills flight of stony stairs, and they flaunt their powers, some [illegible] was a novel experience to the writer [illegible] but it was successfully done, and a few rods more and the old road was reached.

W. F. P.

Poor Contentment

With all that is vastly said about the virtue of contentment, there is one source of it that lies like a worm at the core of all human progress. It is that which confines a man satisfied with his own achievements, content to remain where he is in his different spheres of activity or thought or worthiness, instead of ascending into others which are open to him and for which he may be fitted. Some men it is true, are too eager to press on beyond their powers, and become victims of "vaulting ambition which o'er leaps itself," but others, for various reasons, shrink from new tasks, new duties and new responsibilities, and thus greatly retard their own development and lessen their value to humanity.

There is certainly a great temptation to a certain class of minds to holding back, in the fact in every forward step, though a real gain be made, there is always an apparent loss. In the school, each promotion to a higher class brings with it a certain sense of inferiority. The boy who was even with or superior to his fellows now finds himself behind many of these. His work was easy before, and he was conscious of doing it well; now it is difficult, and he stumbles and perhaps often fails. So when he completes his course and enters college or begins a business life, he who was at the top, and looked down upon others, is now at the bottom, and is looked down upon by others. Last year he easily excelled and felt victorious; this year he has everything to learn, and feels inferior. Yet it has been a long step onwards, and having taken it he would not willingly go back. His present stumbling efforts are better than his past triumphs.

Life is full of such changes. As fast as one succeeds in any enterprise another opens up before him. He has grown accustomed to the "next," and is conscious of doing fairly well in it. The next is yet untried, and involves not only fresh exertion and energy but a fair certainty of many mistakes and failures. The feeling of power will be replaced by the feeling of weakness, and the pleasure of success will be exchanged for the disappointment of short coming. Many shrink from these painful sensations and remain satisfied with the peaceful and quiet mediocrity of the duties in which they have become habituated. They have, perhaps, succeeded well in their business and their domestic life. Every one respects the industry, energy, and fidelity which they have put into their work, and they are satisfied. But in someway they are invited to new and untried paths. Some needed reform claims their activity and judgment, or some political crisis calls upon them to arm and espouse with all their might a cause which they have hitherto held but languidly. Or humanity, in some of its many forms of suffering, demands at them more practical aid than it has ever required of them to bestow. In some truth, to which they have given only a passive assent, now needs the active endeavors of every one of its adherents to promulgate and uphold it. But they hesitate to obey the call, whatever it may be, and plausible reasons for not responding. It is all new to them, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Hunterville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb 7, 1889

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, [illegible]
Prosecuting Attorney, [illegible]
Sheriff, [illegible]
Deputy Sheriff, [illegible]
Clerk of County Court, [illegible]
Assessor, [illegible]
Surveyor, [illegible]
Coroner, [illegible]

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Hunterville, W. Va.

D. [illegible]
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Beverly, W. Va.
Will also practice in Pocahontas County as occasion may require, and among the [illegible] of spiritual song, adding sweet music precious to her fair this.

Dr. A. T. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Hunterville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

[illegible]

Viewed from this spot, Hunterville will look like a "thing of beauty," and may this pleasant village ever be a joy to her great and talented county. In the writer's opinion Hunterville is just as good as she is pretty, and that is saying a great deal.

It was a pleasure to meet Billy Sunday, of Brooks's monadnock, with his cousins, punching the old mountain in the ribs, to tickle her just a little bit, and if I would just tell I would hear how Pauline & Co. H. has a route for which amusing, and I will be a passing fire when I like to see the bright side of things. Long may it wave Rolling [illegible] Home and Right of many States.

Since the deep snow that fell on the 30th of January, exciting [illegible] have been nothing things [illegible] Marmion Rattler.

By the way Mr. Editor the writer regrets you were not up hereto [illegible] that prevent the pleasure of the name of this historic place, as you did so handsomely and effectively when speaking to any charge in the name of West Virginia.

But to return from the digression. On Sunday night a large [illegible] near Mr. Hughes house and [illegible] heartily on the remains of Noah, then retired to the spacious and [illegible] of Buckley mountain to sleep it off. He could not be found, however, by the party headed by Andy Mullaughlin so he [illegible] have entered his retreat very skillfully. Two or three nights after words, three or four witnesses [illegible] the premises near Mr. Mc Laughlin's who went in pursuit of them with Messrs. Hughes and Hyer. Their dogs came upon a cave trial which was made to their liking and followed the game to a tree. By the time this interesting [illegible] was done for, the hounds seemed to have lost all relish for wild cat operations or speculations and the chase closed abruptly.

When lawyers and doctors wrestle
This mortal being thinks of they.
The lawyer he looks beyond my pains,
And long to fly away.

Parson he look forward and attend
The whispers of his love
Doctor he looks backward, to the place
Where Jesus pleads above.

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[illegible] a notice [illegible] to the writer that if he successfully done, and a few cents more and the oil, and was packed.

W. T. S.

Your Conscience.

If you at that is justly aloft [illegible] the throes of [illegible] there is one opinion of it that [illegible] the scorn of the rest of all human [illegible] press.—It is that which [illegible] man satisfied with his own [illegible] opinion, contrast to [illegible] which is to the different spheres of [illegible] by or thought or [illegible] instead of according into others which [illegible] open to him and for which he [illegible] friend. [illegible] and it is true, [illegible] are eager to [illegible] of beyond their [illegible] powers, and become victims of [illegible] ambition which [illegible] itself, but others, for various [illegible] sons, shrink from new tasks, new duties and new responsibilities, and thus greatly retard their own development and lessen their value to humanity.

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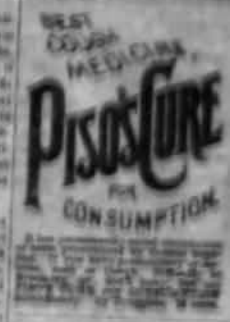
Pocahontas Times

ADVERTISING RATES.

Huntersville, W. Va.
Feb. 7 1885.



AGENTS

Hotel Pocahontas,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—Miss Minnie Cameron is visiting this week on Beaver creek.

—A. S. Rogers, Esq., of Elkins was in town Monday.

—Miss [illegible] of [illegible] is visiting friends and relatives in this city.

—[illegible] with [illegible] and Mrs. [illegible] have returned from a visit to Highland county.

—We publish this week a notice of [illegible] Fox, of Mill Point, has made application to the Circuit Court for the Establishment of Ward of Pinchbeck County.

—Last week we stated that Mrs. Bettie Daugh, of Thurber's Bottom had fallen and broken both legs. Since we have learned that not one leg was broken, and that she is doing well.

—Let everybody read their advertisements carefully before buying. It may save you much disappointment. If anything of the kind should occur we promise to let our readers know it through our columns.

—One of our most welcome visitors is Jno. B. Allen's Illustrated at "Literature," published at 393 Pearl St. N. Y. for 50 cents a year. Subscribe for it.

—The Housekeeper, published at Minneapolis, Minn., (LARGE North Fourth st.) Quarterly, still visits us occasionally. This paper is very deservedly popular with home people.

—The Ladies Home Journal, Published Monthly at 433 Arch street Philadelphia is one of the very best and best ladies papers we receive. Only 50 cents a year. You cannot do better than to subscribe for it.

—Godey's, a monthly periodical published at No. 3 Tenbroeck street, N. Y., at $1.50 per year for the month of February contains a very good. The contribution by Dr. J. G. Holland on "Gossip" and Wilson Barrett's portrait of Barrett" are special attractions.

—We have received the Fifteenth number of the Cosmopolitan, published by John B. Walker, 341 Fifth Ave. N. Y. Mr. Walker has recently taken charge of this magazine, and will no doubt keep it up to the usual excellence, if we may judge by the past issues.

NO MORE LIES.—I shall pay the above reward for any one giving information that will lead to the discovery of the person who has been circulating lies about me.

E. S. ROGERS.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. John H. Wysong will be at Mingo Flats, Feb. 4th and remain 3 days; Hillsboro Feb. 8th, 3 days; Mill Point, Feb. 11th, 3 days; Huntersville, Feb. 15th, 3 days and will be pleased to attend to all operations in dentistry. Teeth extracted by the use of cocaine. Gold fillings inserted in artificial teeth, which will very much in their natural appearance.

Jan 18 4t

A Card of Thanks.

On last Saturday night, a large crowd of our friends from this and adjacent neighborhoods came to the Parsonage and gave us a good "pounding". They "pounded" us with a good variety of weapons in the shape of beef, pork, corn, cabbage, clothing, groceries, &c., &c., and also with the hard cash. We received quarters, from the check sufficiently to thank them for their liberal donation, but we desire to express our [illegible] to all of our friends through the columns of the TIMES. Special thanks are due to Misses Minnie and Mary Brock for getting up the donation. We also tender our thanks to Francis of Huntersville who donated to us, but were not present.

M. M. STRICKLER,
Pastor.

—Mr. Sullivan, of Killbuck, the present contractor of Webster county to carve Huntersville this week. His business was to obtain signers to a petition requesting the Hon. C. P. Snyder to abandon the present contract, but upon his call he was one of the party. Mr. Sullivan who was unacquainted with the paper looked and he said his name.

Accidental Shooting.

Mr. George Halliday, a young Englishman who for some time past has been spending at the home of H. B. Lockridge, Esq., on Knapp's Creek, was accidentally shot last Thursday. He was at Dr. J. H. Lockridge's at the time the shooting occurred. It seems that he and one Dick Jordan, (col.) were carelessly handling a pistol when Dick in his effort to "blow off" pointed the pistol at Halliday and discharged it. The ball entered Halliday's right side just below his rest and ranged backward, lodging somewhere in the region of the spine behind the hip bone.

He was attended by Drs. Lockridge, Eagon and McClintic. He is doing as well, perhaps as could be expected, but must, of course be in a very critical condition.

Halliday is about seventeen years of age. Dick, the colored boy, is about sixteen, but very much of a man in his own opinion.

A Row in Town.

One usually quiet town was the scene of some very disorderly conduct on last Saturday night. One Edward Martin who had for some time been boarding at Hotel Pocahontas left a few days ago and took up quarters at the Huntersville Hotel. Saturday night, while under the influence of Bile mush shake medicine, he concluded to go back to Hotel Pocahontas and "paint it red." Several times he was asked by the proprietor, Mr. Geo. W. Wigner, to leave the house, but Martin refused to obey, saying he would not leave. At last when he found he would be put on but he gave a promissory assault on the inmates of the Hotel. In the difficulty he seized a large iron-stone pitcher that happened to be in the office and threw it across the room striking one Daniel Merry, a boarder, on the right eye, smashing the pitcher and inflicting a very ugly and dangerous wound on Mr. Merry's face. Martin was finally expelled from the office with two black eyes.

Dr. S. P. Patterson was called in to see both Merry and Martin.

On Tuesday morning a warrant for Martin was issued by Justice H. C. Shrader and put into the hands of Constable J. H. Bunnell, who executed the same by arresting said Martin and bringing him before said justice Shrader for preliminary examination. A number of witnesses were examined at length, when the Court decided that Mr. Martin should give bond in the penalty of $500, to appear before the next grand jury in default of which said Martin was committed to jail.

Mr. Merry was at the time paying a short visit to his friend Mr. Coughlan, a boarder at Hotel Pocahontas.

He seems to be a very quiet, gentlemanly young man and everybody regrets exceedingly his misfortune.

It is not known as yet how his wound may terminate at present the indications seem to discouraging and it is thought that even if he gets well, he will lose the sight of his eye.

Illness seems are raised over a question of ownership. A lottery ticket stakes from the mails and sold to an innocent third party, drew a $1,000 prize. The party to whom the letter was addressed claims the prize. There is no precedent to establish the nature of such property as prizes in a lottery, neither the Judges nor their wigs

Sentence Judge.

Old ninth saint since the light have gone out of the fort.

Wm. H. Cackley, of the firm of Cackley & Co., has sold his interest in the Summers Store to H. L. Hutchinson.

Wooodville and Mary Wildwood, married here last week from Wayne Co., Va. They are first class downstairs and sidboard.

Rev. W. T. Price preached in this place fourth sabbath.

The ladies about Green Bank and Four Mile have been making war on the boys they have caught out late.

Several schools in this district have closed.

Wm. H. Hall of Green Bank shipped eighteen white deer to Staunton this winter.

J. F. Woodall and Geo. C. Campbell have built new houses at Green Bank.

"Feb. 5th, 1889.

What a War Would do for Us.

If our government is in the humor to adopt a vigorous foreign policy the famous offer offers a very inviting opening.

Without reviewing the causes of the strained relations now existing between this country and Germany, it will be of interest to consider some of the advantages and disadvantages of a foreign war, so far as this country is concerned.

A war of any magnitude, lasting a year or so, with such a power as Germany would keep us wholly occupied. The probability is that it would not be altogether a naval warfare. There would be fighting on land and sea, and our seacoast defenses would tempt the enemy to attack our seaboard cities.

Hundreds of thousands of men would be withdrawn from their peaceful occupations, and scarcity of labor and higher wages would necessarily follow. Large army contracts for food, clothing and munitions of war would keep our industries booming. The government would again flood the country with greenbacks, making flush times and stimulating speculation. Everything would be unsettled, and fortunes would be lost and made in a hurry.

Unexported events would occur. Germany would make desperate attempt to extend her colonizing policy in this hemisphere. France would be certain to take advantage of the situation by occupying and fortifying the isthmus of Panama. The war, beginning with a squabble over far-off Samoa, would perhaps extend the scope of its operations until it circled the globe. The example of France on the isthmus would be followed by the British in Venezuela, and there would be an odor of gunpowder in every direction.

That the United States would finally come out with flying colors is a safe prediction to make, but it would be a costly triumph in blood and treasure. They would follow long years of taxation to pay off the increased national debt, years of currency contraction, and last, but not least, a flood of new pension bills.

There are other things to be considered. A foreign war would make the American people bury their sectional differences, but it would also bring with it widespread demoralization. It would build up and it would destroy. It would enrich, and it would impoverish. It would make our flag feared and respected, but it might excite a warlike spirit that would not rest satisfied for a generation or more.

In view of the past policy of our government, it is not likely that the looming trouble will lead to a war with Germany, but it can do no harm to take a long look ahead and estimate the results of such a conflict.—Atlanta Constitution.

There is a movement to revive the old bell cast and add it to the present

NOTICE.

A settlement of the will is just to any one who may [illegible] claiming to be entitled to [illegible] under said will, are hereby notified to [illegible] Executor, Lewisburg, W. Va.

Jan. 11 4t

CLOSING OUT

Wishing to [illegible] business, I will sell my entire stock of [illegible] at cost. Call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Yours truly, [illegible] Pocahontas.

Jan. 25 3m

Hamilton Lewis Registered, professor of [illegible] offers [illegible] at residence here [illegible] Huntersville, W. Va. September 5 '87

Jan. 25 3m

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the 1st day of March, 1889, the following property 225 Sheep mostly ewes 27 two-year old Cattle, 4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness, one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, a. m.

JACOB SHOLAR GLEN.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF STOCK

at Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order. Suits and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done on short notice.

J. C. Thompson.

At a County Court held for the County of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Court hereafter, shall either present to the Court in person from the bar or by their attorney, and that the Court will not hear any motion unless presented in the foregoing manner.

A Copy. Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, C'k.
Pocahontas Jan 25-4t.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

"TRUTH" PRINTS

THE TRUTH OFFICE

IN HUNTERSVILLE COUNTY, AND THE VERY BEST.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the County Court of Pocahontas County, rendered on the 5th day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of John T. Mitchell's Exrs. &c.

THE DAY OF SALE.

On the following real estate, situate in said County, to-wit: A [illegible] tract of land containing one hundred and [illegible] acres, more or less, and adjoining the lands of Bellamy Mitchell's heirs, Jacob Mitchell's heirs, and others, and being the same land conveyed to the said John T. Mitchell by [illegible] by deed of record in the Clerk's office of said County, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said land.

TERMS OF SALE.

The above land is to be sold on [illegible] months credit, and for the purchase money the purchaser will be required to give bonds with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from date of sale, payable to the said Trustee, and the purchaser will be required to have [illegible] executed before he will be entitled to a deed for the land.

E. S. Rogers, Trustee.

Sheet, as required, by law the land given by the above named commissioner.

JOHN J. BEARD, C'k.
Pocahontas Jan 25 3t

Notice to Lake Holders.

We will prosecute [illegible] against [illegible] or otherwise on the [illegible] any part thereof, of John T. Mitchell's [illegible].

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in the chancery proceeding, in which [illegible] and others are plaintiffs, and [illegible] and others are defendants, I will proceed to the [illegible] on the [illegible] day of [illegible] 1889, at the front door of the Court House in said County, to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit: [illegible] acres, more or less, lying and being in said County, and adjoining the lands of [illegible] and others, and being the same land conveyed to the said [illegible] by deed of record in the Clerk's office of said County, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said land.

TERMS OF SALE.

The above land is to be sold on [illegible] months credit, and for the purchase money the purchaser will be required to give bonds with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from date of sale, payable to the said Trustee, and the purchaser will be required to have [illegible] executed before he will be entitled to a deed for the land.

E. S. Rogers, Trustee.

Sheet, as required, by law the land given by the above named commissioner.

JOHN J. BEARD, C'k.
Pocahontas Jan 25 3t

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

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or

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REMEMBER

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They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY

TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]

DUFF & MOORE.

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1m.	2m.	3m.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	2 50	3 00	10 00
Quarter col.	3 00	4 00	5 00	15 00
Half column	5 00	7 00	10 00	25 00
One col.	10 00	15 00	20 00	40 00

Reading notices, not accounting for more than twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, $1 00 in advance; after 3 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb 7, 1889.

Which Is Best Timber.

Timber for most purposes is cut in the winter, but for the reason that it is better and will keep longer, fall there is more leisure from other occupations. And the woods in northwestern are usually too hot for the active work of cutting timber. And yet the superior quality of timber for posts, ties, carriages, wagons, agricultural implements, etc., is sufficient to change the time of cutting. We are aware some thrifty and skilled workmen differ as to the exact condition of timber when it should be cut, and some even discuss the superiority of summer over winter cut timber. A civil engineer who claims to have verified his statements by thirty years' experience, who knows his stuff and observed he writes, gives the time to cut and the reasons for it in the Tidewater Review.

In both the projects mentioned in the spring is completed there is a period of rest before the change of nutrition in the roots begins. Between these two periods if timber of any description from is cut off the stump the sap will not for want of strength to force it to the wood. It will season hard and the wood is said will have a horny toughness and great durability. Wood cut during that period is mature, having completed its growth for the year. This period varies in length, being one in the North and longer in the South, and is varied again by the character of the season, which if wet is shorter and longer if dry. In the north, in Northern Illinois or Wisconsin, it may be four or six weeks in Southern Illinois long, say ten weeks, and in some seasons of prolonged drouth I have known it twelve weeks. Timber cut from the stump in this period need not be worked up for a year and will take no harm lying in the woods. If railroad ties were cut from the stump and worked out during the balance of the year they would last from three to five times as long as those cut in the winter, and yet I've seen experienced railroad men say those to be cut in the winter have a mistaken idea of increasing their durability. A tent fellow in and adjoin in New Jersey called my attention to this fact about ten years ago and said he had for a number of years followed the practice of cutting his posts and ties in the early part of the year. I called during a period of ten years from the 1st of August to the 1st of September. After another year or two afterward time might not be the best.

Legal Holidays.

It may be interesting to know just what days are legal holidays in the several States and how they came to be. Whenever any other day than Sunday, or is said to be, is set apart by the authorities of the State for a day of rest from the ordinary business of life, it is a legal holiday. Independence Day or Fourth of July as it is more generally called, Christmas Day which falls on December 25, together with Thanksgiving Day, which is appointed by the President of the United States and comes usually on the last Thursday in November, as well as Fast Days that are appointed by the Chief Executive of the country are legal holidays in all the States. New Year's Day, or January 1, is a holiday in all States but Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Rhode Island and South Carolina. February 22, or Washington's Birthday, is a holiday in all States except Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Missouri, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Tennessee and Texas.

Election Day generally the Tuesday after the First Monday in November, is a holiday in California, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin. Florida, Louisiana, Minnesota and Pennsylvania observe Good Friday, while Shrove Tuesday is a holiday in Louisiana, and also the cities of Mobile, Montgomery and Selma, Alabama. Memorial Day, April 26, is observed in Georgia, while Louisiana has made the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans, which falls on January 8, and Lincoln's birthday on February 12 and Freeman's Anniversary, of March 4, legal holidays. March 2, which is the anniversary of Texas Independence, and April 21, that of the Battle of San Jacinto, are holidays in Texas.

Labor Day, the first Monday in September, is a comparative new holiday that is celebrated in this State and Massachusetts. Every Saturday, after twelve o'clock, is also a holiday, or rather half-holiday, in this State.—New York Tribune.

A 40,000 Acre Farm.

The Grandin wheat farm of Dakota consists of nine land that any one man can cultivate cleverly and feel at home on. It comprises 40,000 acres, of which 15,000 are now under cultivation. Forty five double gang plows and harrows are used, sixty-five self-binding harvesting machines and steam threshers. The threshers which are very large ones will each knock out 2,000 bushels of wheat a day. In the use of such steam power machinery every effort is made to economize as much as possible in the employment of men. There is no poetry or romance in such farming. It is some satisfaction to know that as regimes grow older in settlement this big scale kind of farming declines.

A lawyer of Temple Court was looking over some papers his dead friend had brought, and every signature had a romance to it as it stood.

"A. Schwindler."

"Mr. Schwindler, why don't you write your name some other way—write out your first name, or sign yourself I don't want people to think you are a swindler."

"Well, my dear, sir, how much better you think that looked?" and he wrote——

"Adam Schwindler."

The combined wealth of the Vanderbilt family to-day is $210,000,000. It is thrilling to millionaires as follows: Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., Wm. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frederick H. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, Mrs. Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the widow, five to her children, to have an annuity of $100,000.

TIMES $1.00.

Trump—"Pawn, mum, I just arrived from Dakota. I'm a thirsty sufferer, mum."

Housekeeper—"How here, it ain't three weeks since you told me you just arrived from Florida and were a yellow fever sufferer!"

"True, mum. I labored right on in Dakota to get clear of yellow fever, and I got caught in a blizzard, mum."—N. Y. Weekly.

There are now in Chicago about 100 school buildings, which are filled by about 80,000 of the city's children; under the care of 1600 teachers. Of these teachers about 1500 are women.

INVENTION [illegible] throughout the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of invention progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Call this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1-1y.

$5 A WEEK [illegible]

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Dobbins' Electric Soap.

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Take only the Genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. E. F. Moore [illegible] Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 14, 1889 [illegible] No. 30.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE COURTS.

[illegible]

L. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W.Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

D. A. BOYER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. ROCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. EEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. [illegible] BUTCHER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. K. WITHROW,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Prof. Smith, President of the Iron City Business College, Pittsburgh, Pa., writes: "I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family for years, and have found it a most reliable medicine. I have also recommended it to many of my friends, who have used it with satisfactory results. I consider it the best blood purifier in the market."

Fishing Flies.

SYMPTOMS. Moisture intense; itching and stinging, most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue, small sores form, which often bleed and discharge, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching & bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. It is equally efficacious in curing all Skin Diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Proprietors, Phila. Pa. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT can be purchased of druggists. Send by mail for 50 cts. [illegible]

A Little Hand.

Perhaps there are kindness, sweeter things,
Scattered in this sun-bright land;
But I know the best for life's blessings,
And the clasp of a little hand.

A little hand that softly steals
Into my own that fits so well,
When I needed the touch that I have so much,
To strengthen me on the way.

Surer it cannot than the softest down
On the breast of the gentlest dove
That it's timid press as if we were asleep
Were strong in the strength of love!

It cannot to say in a stronger, sweet way,
I love you and understand;
And calmed my fears as my kit, heart hears
Full over that little hand.

* * * * * * *

Perhaps there are tenderer, sweeter things
Somewhere in this sun-bright land,
But I thank the lord for his blessings,
And the clasp of a little hand.

—F. L. STANTON.

The Moon and the Weather.

Adam Forepaugh sat on a nail keg on the elevated seats. "Chicago!" said he, "why Chicago is the greatest show town in the world, and then the moon—why, we've got another week of the moon before the change."

"What's that got to do with it?" the reporter asked.

"A good deal," he answered. "Like a dry moon. Whenever you see a moon lie on its back it never rains."

The above conversation took place one afternoon, and within thirty-six hours thereafter the first rain in several weeks was falling.

Of all surviving pseudo superstitions, that of the influence of the moon on the weather dies the hardest; and the belief that the (so called) "changes" of the moon are accompanied or followed by changes in the condition of the terrestrial atmosphere is still to be found among a very large number indeed of otherwise educated and enlighted people. A recent writer in The English Mechanic has examined the grounds of this belief and attributes it to the weather predictions in the almanacs of the early part of the century.

As to the moon "changing," one would imagine, to hear the majority of people talk, that a "change" of the moon is in some sense cognate with a conjuring trick, in which the performer, after showing that he has nothing in his hand, instantaneously produces an egg, an orange, or a ball from it. Now nothing could well be farther from the truth than this, the fact being that the moon is always changing—10 seconds after it she is waxing, and so throughout her monthly path. When her (celestial) longitude is identical with that of the sun she is said in the almanac to be "new," when each longitude differs 90 degrees from the sun's toward the east she is in her "first quarter," when they are separated by 180 degrees the moon is "full," and when she has traveled to that point in her orbit in which she is 90 degrees to the west of the sun she is said to be in her "last quarter," in each case it being assumed that she is viewed from the earth's center. The use of the word "change," then, in connection with her position in these four points of her orbit, is a solecism, pure and simple.

"But," people are heard to say, "as the moon influences the tides, why should it not affect the atmosphere too?" To which the immediately obvious reply is that the tides are a semi-diurnal phenomenon, so that, on this principle, the weather ought to change twice a day also—a conclusion too absurd to be entertained. Nevertheless the moon does influence the atmosphere by causing the production in it of three minute as under ordinary circumstances, to be masked or otherwise fluctuations. The existence of these atmospheric tides was first definitely established by the observations of the late Professor Daniell, but if these minute tides influenced the weather in the slightest degree it must change twice a day—a supposition too ridiculous to merit notice.

The "moon on her back," as a weather sign would appear to be a good deal like the old woman's indigestion—if she dye, she pure "should either sink or swim, the discouragement which," Mr. Forepaugh says "is a risky moon," but in many parts of the country, and uniformly in England, the belief prevails that when the young moon is lying on her back," or, in other words, when the line joining her cusps is nearly or quite parallel to the horizon she is "holding water," and rain will certainly follow. How either belief arose it would be idle to speculate, but the explanation of the phenomenon itself is sufficiently simple. In the outset the moon is never much more than 6 degs. either to the north or south of the ecliptic, or apparent annual path of the sun through the heavens. Now the line adjoining her cusps (the sharp points of her crescent) is always square to a great circle passing through the sun and the moon. Two minutes' study of a celestial globe will show how variable is the inclination or the ecliptic to the horizon, and consequently that of the line joining the cusps of the moon also.

Finally, the most elaborate comparisons of meteorological records made in France and in England (where the Greenwich observations for forty years were carefully collated) with the moon's phases during that period) have sufficed to show that no connection whatever exists between them. The solitary observable effect of the moon upon our atmosphere was believed by Sir John Herchel to be exhibited in the tendency to disappearance of cloud under the full moon, and this he attributed to the heat radiated from her surface.—Chicago News.

Preserve the Forests.

One of the most important questions with which our national and state legislatures have to deal, and yet one that is too generally neglected, is that of the preservation of our forests. Independent of the fact that they add to the wealth of the nation at the rate of $700,000,000 annually, or ten times more than the output of all of our gold and silver mines—which alone ought to secure for them proper care—the significant conclusions reached by scientific men, to the effect that they determine, to a great extent, the climatic and the hygienic conditions of our country, and regulate the distribution of moisture and the character of both our great and small water ways, certainly place the preservation of our timbered lands among the subjects that should receive the early, constant and careful consideration of our legislators.

It is estimated by experts who have devoted much time and thought to the inquiry that at least 10 per cent of the entire agricultural region of any country should remain permanently in forests. Twenty years ago it was asserted that the annual clearance of woodland throughout the United States amounted to 10,000,000 of acres, and that at this rate individual owners would ultimately be entirely stripped of their holdings. But it is not only the question of timber supply that is involved in the preservation of our forests. Browsing animals and fires are quite as detrimental.

To these injurious agencies must be added the enterprising and conscientious railroad contractor, who annually destroys 10,000,000 of young trees in his quest for ties. Taking these and other sources of our forests into account, it will be seen that but for the energetic action of our national and state governments the terrible calamity of the entire sweeping away of the natural covering of the soil would be among the possible events of the future—a disaster that would, in half a century, reduce the greater part of the continent to the condition of a desert incapable of supporting man or beast.

Nor is this a mere flight of the imagination. It may seem to the superficial observer to verge on the extravagant to talk of a possible timber famine in a country so new as ours, and one that was so lately reclaimed from the "forest primeval;" but it is an undeniable fact that we are cutting down our trees far more rapidly than we are planting them, and although our inheritance of timber has been great, as a policy steadfastly adhered to in the future can lead to but one result. To bring about a better state of things, an intelligent public sentiment ought to be created, still lumbermen and farmers should be informed how intimately their prosperity is bound up with the preservation of the wooded land.

They should be made to understand that by the effect of the forests on the water courses the entire navigation, and much of the transportation, system of the country is regulated. Manufacturers are also largely dependent for the water supply for their factories and mills on the wisdom that protects the timber lands where these streams take their rise and through which they flow. No profitable milling could be done where the water course was a torrent during one-fourth of the year and a dry bed for the remainder of the season.

It is encouraging to note that the subject is now receiving personal consideration in many localities, and especially in this state and in Pennsylvania. The report of the New York forestry commission, presented to the legislature, contains many interesting facts and valuable suggestions; while the Agricultural society of Pennsylvania is actively engaged in spreading the facts before the people. "The establishment of 'schools of forestry,' in accordance with the plan that has worked so admirably in Germany, is earnestly recommended, together with other measures all tending to further the end in view. On one point all authorities seem agreed—that it is unwise to hand the timber resources of a country over to private parties, leaving them independent of all government control. At one time this state owned every acre of the Adirondack region, but this noble domain was given away with a reckless that is scarcely credible, and what it now possesses it has gained through tax sales, while its ultimate thus of the most precarious character, the land speculators being engaged in a constant struggle to procure a cancellation of the sale. The wholesale purchase of forest lands from individual owners is urged by the commission, to remedy this state of things, and to prevent the stock of timber in the state from being too largely depleted.—Frank Leslie's Newspaper.

Not so Favorable.

Brazen Williams—Brudder Jones, how did our coon coins on de trial?

Brother Jones. De judge done give 'im two month in de jayal.

"Years ter me like as if you oughter be pow'ful thankful. He got off mighty light, he did."

"I warn't a light a yer case, to think. De's a gwine hang 'im when de two month is up."

Pocahontas Times.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

LOWRY & MOORE,

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One Inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 8 00
Three In.	2 00	3 00	4 00	12 00
Quarter Col.	3 00	4 00	7 00	20 00
Half col'n	5 00	7 00	12 00	35 00
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Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 14, 1889.

DORR.

Mr. C. P. Dorr, we presume is now one of the best advertised men in the country. For the last few weeks he has been discussed in private and in public by friend and foe. For sometime we have been waiting for Mr. Dorr to explain his position on the Senatorial question; at last he has attempted to do this, but to us his explanation is so inconsistent and unsatisfactory as his conduct.

He endeavors to screen the stand he has taken against Senator Kenna on the alleged ground that Kenna is responsible for the apparent democratic loss in this state and should therefore be rebuked. But he goes on to say that he would vote for Kenna, if he knew he could be elected which he says is impossible, as he knows that several persons are voting for him who would not if they thought it would elect him.

Now look at the fallacy of his reasoning.

In the first place Mr. Dorr has given us no proof to support his allegation that Mr. Kenna has proven a failure as a leader, nor that he is at all responsible for the decline of democracy in this State. It is a mere assertion of Mr. Dorr's opinion, while on the other hand numbers of our public men with as much political experience and insight as Mr. Dorr strenuously repudiate the charge. But if we grant that the charge is true still is his explanation greatly inconsistent. He claims to oppose Kenna because Kenna would destroy the democratic party, and yet says he would support him if he knew he could be elected. In other words, he is patriotic enough to defend his party against the destructive rule of John E. Kenna so long as it is not in his power to put him in a position to rule but, if it were possible for him by his vote to elect this man, Kenna, who he declares to have been so destructive to the interests of the democratic party then he would vote for him. Mr. Dorr should first of all respect the wish of his constituency, which is almost unanimous for John E. Kenna, but failing to do that, if he opposes Kenna on the ground of unfitness, then he should oppose him consistently and not only at such times as he knows it is impossible to elect him.

Again, if it be true as Dorr asserts, that some are voting for Kenna who would not if they believed he could be elected, the only proper way for Mr. Dorr to clear his skirts is to vote with his party and put the responsibility where it belongs. Let him show the people who these deceivers are by casting his vote for Kenna and thus make it necessary that an election be effected so that these pretended friends of Kenna show themselves.

It would seem too that Mr. Dorr has lost sympathy with the Agricultural Bureau. He says that Kenna is a failure and a fraud, so also has his recently been unofficial that a failure to put a good thing for it can be shown that during the campaign when he was asking for votes he more than once declared himself in favor of Kenna, and upon that very ground many did vote for him; while the impression was made on all who supported him that he would certainly vote with his party.

The truth is Mr. Dorr has for some unknown reason banded together the desires of those who elected him into the ranks of the party that has elevated him, and no amount of explanation can ever suffice to gain for his course the approval of the democratic party, particularly that portion of the democratic party that lives and ever shall live in Pocahontas county.

A Superfluous Cabinet.

According to the latest news on the subject from Washington it seems probable that both branches of Congress will agree to add a new member to the Cabinet, to be known as the Secretary of Agriculture.

Such an addition will have a tendency to lower the whole Cabinet as a body in the estimation of the people. Other things being equal an increase in the number of the President's advisers lessens the honor and distinction belonging to a place in the Cabinet. Further more, the new post will be of so little importance as compared with that of each of the other heads of departments that it is certain to be regarded as inferior.

The country does not need a Secretary of Agriculture any more than the President needs an eighth adviser. The Constitution of the U. S. does not invest Congress with any power over agricultural affairs or impose upon it any duties with reference to agriculture. It was doubtless the intent of the great men who founded our Government to leave these matters to the management of the several States; and we believe that so far as the great mass of the farmers in the Union are concerned, they would prefer to have the general Government let the farming interests alone. At all events, there has been no general demand on their part for any such representation in the Cabinet as is now proposed.

For many years, however, there has been at Washington an officer known as the Commissioner of Agriculture, whose principal function has been the distribution of seeds to people who do not want them. Why the Federal Government should distribute seeds to farmers any more than chocolate to children, we have never been able to understand. As a rule, the Commissioners Agricultural knowledge was not their most prominent characteristic, but they have furnished more or less amusement to the country as objects of satire on the part of the press. We doubt whether the new Secretary will serve any more useful purpose.

Some of our readers may possibly be aware that we have not always regarded the system of civil service examinations with enthusiastic favor. It strikes us, however, that if there is any place for such examinations under our form of government, it would be in reference to such an office as that of the new Secretary of Agriculture. If we must have this new office, let us have a farmer from Farmersville to fill it, and let his fitness to be ascertained by an Examining Board consisting exclusively of practical farmers who have held the plough and know the difference between a plow and a scythe.

If we must have a Secretary of Agriculture we want a man who knows more about the wheat crop of the country than he does about the Presidential vote of the several States at the last election.—N. Y. Sun.

The following extract from the Charleston Star gives a fair opinion of the disgraceful course being practiced at the State Capital. No good reason, whatever his position may be, can fail to be heartily ashamed of the present legislature. We are glad to see President Carr is a man and trying to do his duty.

"After the dissolution of the Joint Assembly last night, the Senate repaired to their Chamber and the President resumed the Chair. It being found that a quorum of the Senate was not present, Mr. Oxley introduced the following resolution, which, the rules being suspended, was immediately considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the doors of the Senate be closed, and that the following members appearing to be absent, to-wit: Messrs. Campbell, Davis, Forbes, Lowther, Maxwell, Morris, Scott, Minear, Worley, Morrison and Woodward, be brought forthwith before the Senate.

Whereupon, the President appointed the following assistant Sergeant-at-Arms: Messrs. ——— Tison, Jno. S. White, Perry Laidley, F. H. Scott, Charles Bryden, A. A. Frankhelm, J. E. Watson and Clarence Moore, who were immediately started out, each armed with a copy of the resolution, in search of the recreant Senators. After various experiences and sharp rats search as through the hotels and boarding houses, Mr. Minear was at last brought before the Senate. Being the first opportunity, Mr. Minear managed to escape through the transom of the water closet and ran like a deer for his liberty. Whereupon, on motion of Mr. Pritchard, action on the case of Mr. Minear was temporarily postponed. The hands of the town clock had in the meantime kept pace with the Sergeants-at-Arms until they now registered nearly five o'clock, when the Sergeants having battered down a door at the Hotel Hoffner and met with many other adventures, finally bagged part of their game and appeared before the bar of the Senate with several of the Senators. Then the trial began and "they all with one accord began to make excuse." Many and varied were the excuses offered, but the general verdict on motion of some Senator was "six dollars and cost—next." Mr. Worley (it being known by many present that he was actually sick) was on motion excused. Mr. Davis who also proved that he was sick was excused, but the following viz: Messrs. Maxwell, Campbell, Lowther, Forbes, Minear and Morrison were fined, $6 and costs each.

President Carr is determined as far as lies in his power to compel the Senators to be present on certain occasions even if they will not work.

The Monroe county Watchman is still the official organ of the Kickers, freely volunteering to defend any one who defies the will of his party.

Some of the scandals of the Charleston menagerie are becoming unmanageable and dangerous. Morris, and four or five others broke their chains a few days ago and were recaptured with great difficulty. Dorr has also shown signs of madness, and it may become necessary to adopt Forepaugh's plan and strangle him, for the safety of the other animals.

We presume that no man can say with certainty who shall constitute the next Cabinet; unless it be President Harrison himself, and we have every reason to believe he has not fully made up his mind. Indications seem, however, to point to Jas. G. Blaine for Secretary of State, Jno. C. New for Secretary of the Treasury and John Wanamaker for Postmaster General. It is thought Mahone will be left out. Thanks to Mr. Harrison for that.

A Washington correspondent says that General Mahone will not attend a Foreign Mission. Why will he disappoint some of Grover Mahone's fellow-citizens of both parties, for while it will relieve the Southern Democracy of the offensive presence of the King of Swamps, it will also save the Republican party from the personal humor of those Southern politicians, who sometimes disgust people of decent manners even under the administration of the Democratic party?

In selecting Mary Washington to a foreign mission the new President will have the satisfaction of illustrating the fidelity of the American people whereby no one ever loses his office. Democratic administrations before it as the one of Madison in Virginia, we take leave to suggest that the Hon. Frank Hall Middle Aid is the very party of honor. The question to be solved, naturally shall fully be met, and though it is not our business to advise a Republican administration

HOME NEWS

—Wm. Hall, Esq., of Buckeye was in town Monday.

—Jno. T. Wolfe, Esq., of Lewisburg was in town Monday.

—Another cattle thief in Jackson Shirkey landed.

—Wm. B. Overbolt, Esq., of Hillsboro paid this office a friendly visit last Saturday.

—Jno. W. Warwick, Esq., of Buckeye was in town Monday and Tuesday.

—Confessions are beginning to work frequent visits to this office.

—If you want Envelopes, Letter or Note heads, cheap, call at the Times office and you can get them.

—Mitchell vs. McClaughlin, an ejectment by Wm. Pannis Wilson, went to both Co., Va., last Tuesday.

—Drs. John Ligon and Wm. G. Townsend were called in last Friday to see Mr. Merry, at Hotel Pocahontas.

—The rye crop was not got back after all. Every one knows it was killed last week, and some left over.

—H. H. McClaugh, Esq., of Buckeye was in Huntersville last week. Mr. McClaugh is supplying our town pretty much with flour from his new mill.

—A recent letter from Capt. W. L. Trench who, with Capt Craig, is now at Kissimmee city, Fla., states that he is well pleased with that country.

—Read the new advertisement in this week's issue, signed by Messrs. Isaac McNeel and Uriah Beard. They are proposing to sell flour etc., at very low rates.

—A correspondent suggests that the first work in the way of public improvement should be the building of a bridge across Greenbrier river near Clover Lick. What say you all?

—Mr. Daniel Merry, who was so severely hurt in the disturbance at Hotel Pocahontas, an account of which we gave last week, started to Philadelphia last Monday to be treated in the hospital. The doctors attending him decided that his eye would have to be removed. This is extremely unfortunate for Mr. Merry, and we lose the sympathies of all who know him.

—We have received another communication from J. A. Beard, Va., on matters of interest to the farmers. Mr. Beard's last communication was very much appreciated by the readers of the Times, and they will, no doubt, read with eagerness whatever he may contribute here after. Why don't some of the rest of our people speak out?

—President Cleveland has at last decided to go to New York to practice law, instead of coming to Huntersville as he had thought of doing. He gives as his reason for the change, that so many of our people expect a lawyer to practice before the County Court and Justices without making any charge. Cleveland acted wisely and if this imposition on good nature isn't stopped the entire legal fraternity will be obliged to move to New York.

—The people of Huntersville enjoyed last Saturday what to any other set of people would be a rare treat, but to them has become a common occurrence. It was a trial before Justice H. C. Shrader. In this case A. W. Riley was plaintiff and Howard Underwood defendant. Among all the lawyers in town were employed and all the citizens of the district examined as witnesses. The effort was to [illegible] wood to give bond to keep the peace. This however was not accomplished, and Mr. Rider had the costs to pay all for nothing.

—L. W. Mathews Esq., made a visit to Bath Co., Va., this week.

—S. Kline has received a new line of spring and summer goods, which are being sold cheap for cash. Call and examine his stock if you want anything in that line, and in your visits to town.

TIMES.

VENDUE.—I will sell at my residence on Mr. Monday in this month, at the hour stock named below, as it is to me to remain a special contract.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. John H. Wentworth will be at Mingo Flats, Feb. 6th and remain 4 days; Bolar, Feb. 9th, 3 days; Mill Point, Feb. 12th, 3 days; Huntersville, Feb. 15th, 7 days, and will be pleased to attend to all operations in Dentistry. Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine, Gold fillings inserted in artificial teeth, which add very much to their natural appearance.

jan 24 4t

Rock Sulphur Springs.

We have had a remarkably fine winter thus far; there has been but little snow here.

Mrs. Jacob Shinnabarry has about recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Henry Wilfong is seriously ill. He is being attended by Dr. Austin.

Married, Jan. 31st, at the residence of the bride's brother by Rev. W. H. Bullington, Mr. J. L. Slaven and Miss Conia Tallman, all of this county. It is reported that one of the spectators got a "needle narrow" while the ceremony was being performed.

Watson produces a man who, to hear his exploits, rivals even Munchausen, but, unlike that great adventurer, he gets lost occasionally.

Many of our people are indignant because the majority's choice for sheriff was not allowed to qualify.

The people are much pleased with the "Times" in this section.

SCRIBBLER.

Deserve Salvage.

Capt. E. A. Smith and his men moved into the ark last Saturday, ready to begin the drive with the first water.

Jno. Stretch has moved into the camp to take care of things during vacation.

A daughter of Geo. W. Arbogast, aged 13 years, who has been afflicted for a long while, died last Friday.

John Ralston, of Green Bank received an ugly and dangerous cut on his face last week. He was attempting to split a frozen oak block with a double bit axe, when the axe rebounded cutting his brow, entering his cheek bone and splitting his lip.

The Sunday school at this place, under the superintendence of Mr. Jno. A. Taylor is in a prosperous condition. An excellent library of 100 volumes has been ordered for the use of the school, and is expected to arrive this week. Donations of good books are requested and will be highly appreciated.

We are all very much outdone by the conduct of the mail from Webster county (we don't claim him) in the Legislature.

Yours etc.

Beaver Dam.

Northwest of the mountain at the head of Stamp creek, is to be found a section of fine country, susceptible of vast and largely paying improvement, if it had the advantage of a passable public highway. The present road across the mountain to this section is only a pretense, it has neither grade nor location such as any County Court ought to recognize. A location and review who made some years ago, at a grade of five degrees and under, no good road land, but was never established. Public interests de-

mand that a good road be opened on this line, or some other, and a petition will soon be handed the Court to that purpose. An investigation might be made before the Court, and the road opening good roads into and through rich and fertile country, the pleasant fellow citizens of the County Court, to hear to whom we call, and bind us down as orators for this much needed improvement.

Xx.

Temperance Reform.

In a recent issue of your paper is found account of a mass meeting in Hillsboro, W. Va., on Temperance work etc., which leads the reader to thinking.

It is logical to admit that any community has the right to speak out "in meeting," and defend their homes and their friends from the demon, strong drink. But is it good sound logic to thus "strain at the camel" in the bud, whisker by the jig full, and "swallow the goat," in selling and furnishing essence of cinnamon and jamaica ginger, by wholesale? It pays a good profit, and will intoxicate, and topers will have it and drink it, if they cannot get whiskey. And who ever saw jamaica ginger put up in half-pint bottles, until within the last few years.

Would it not be much better to be consistant, and sell no intoxicants? If we advocate total abstinence. A few merchants in this county do not sell these drugs at all, but a few do sell them, and that to public injury.

Xx.

Settled at Last.

It has always been hard for us to understand how matter is educated by mind; but now the whole thing is as plain as the nose on the back of a man's head. Prof. Dapp, fresh discussing the matter in the N. Y. Independent, tells us as plainly how the thing is done that no man, woman nor child could fail to understand, showing the whole affair to be conducted by the nerves. He illustrates as follows:

"A couple of organisms which for the sake of distinction, we call Newton and La Place. These were in marvellously complex relations of interaction with the environment, and there was also a very regular play of nervous discharges along lines of least resistance, together with divers differentiations of the homogeneous and manifold integrations of correspondence. The nervous and ganglia, too, wrought briskly, and nascent motor excitations were produced in abundance."

Don't you see? It's as easy as falling off a log. If that's not plain we'll give you a rifle that will work it. Find the greatest uncommon agitator, draw a parallel to the intrinsic direction and punctuate the thermometer, and be sure to keep in a cool place.

There seems to be some difficulty to determine whether it is the duty of Mrs. Cleveland or Mrs. Harrison to do the White House Spring cleaning. The present mistress says she certainly will not make the soap and set the hens.

The West Virginia Legislature is still busy doing nothing. The Fleming-Goff contest is still unsettled, the senatorial question unsettled; in fact everything unsettled, even the board bills of the senators and representatives. There is one thing however we may depend on the present legislature doing, that is drawing its salary.

NOTICE.

We are prepared to furnish wheat flour and chaffe at our mills at the following prices:

Wheat per bu. 35 cts
Flour per 100 $2.25
Meal per 100 1.25
Chaffe per bu. 15
Bran " "

Terms, cash. Respectfully,
Uriah Beard.
Isaac McNeel.

Feb. 14, 3m

NOTICE.

[illegible] day of March next, at the residence of the undersigned, on the road leading from Huntersville to Marlin Bottom, about 3 miles from the former place, the following personal property, to-wit: [illegible] and harness, [illegible] and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JACOB McCLAUGHLIN.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP.

At Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in best style.

J. C. TRUESDELL.

At a County Court held for the County of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all proposed [illegible] business to transact with the Court hereafter, shall either present it to the Court in person, from the bar of the Attorney, and that the Court will [illegible] to attend to no business presented in the foregoing manner.

A copy. Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

Jan 18 4t Printers fee $2.00.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT,

[illegible]

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

[illegible] day of [illegible] 1889, the following property, to-wit:

[illegible]

Terms of Sale.

[illegible]

Notice to Debtors.

[illegible]

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Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

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Official Blanks,

Posters,

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Anything

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LOVETT & MOORE.

C. P. MOORE Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Quarter col.	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
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Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 14, 1889.

Worth Telling Again.

Waverly Magazine: Twenty years have passed since a certain Hatteras captain, entering the port of New York, telegraphed his wife at Bath to join him at the metropolis preparatory for a sea voyage. Accordingly a day or two after the arrival of the message saw the wife embarked upon the through train from Bath to Boston, accompanied by an infant child scarcely two years old.

This car was coupled on to the end of the Portland train at Brunswick, and, leaving the child asleep, the Captain's wife seized the opportunity to fill the baby's bottle with milk in the depot restaurant. While the mother was intent upon her errand the train slipped quietly out of the station, and when the mother emerged from the restaurant door it was fast disappearing under the Spring-street bridge. Easily she explained the situation to the sympathizing group of railroad men who gathered around. Baby and purse, containing all her money and ticket, were in the fast disappearing train. A hurried council followed, and a plan was instantly formed.

Old No. 25, "The Brunswick," was sidetracked, waiting the passage of the train just gone. Uncle Tim Simpson, the station baggage master at that time, ran hastily to this engine and asked her aid to overtake the flying train. The genial Charles, ever ready to aid the case of any female in distress, volunteered to catch the robber. Hastily filling the firebox with wood from the tender, while Thompson was assisting the woman to mount the engine, with a command to the switchman to "give us the main line," with hand upon the throttle, No. 25 flew quickly over the switch and commenced her race.

An empty engine chasing a heavy train up "Oak Hill grade," which extends four miles straight away from Brunswick has an easy task, and before they had covered more than half of that distance they could see the object of their pursuit.

To sound his whistle, calling the attention of the train men to the chase, and thereby stop the train, was not part of the programme, fearing that he might run over them should they suddenly stop. So quietly coming along the rear of the train deadening the pursuit, he is soon immediately behind them. Then his tender—for they are running backward—rubs against the rear platform of the train, and while the engineer holds her there Thompson goes on to the woman over the tender, down upon the platform of the car containing the baby, still fast asleep, the mother clasping tightly the bottle of milk.

The Prohibition question is to have another test in Pennsylvania at a special election to be held next June.

Fixing the Responsibility.

Blundering men, instead of at once setting their responsibility, try to excuse themselves by throwing the blame on others. A Biggle story illustrates this tendency of human nature, and also the French proverb: "He accuses who excuses himself." On night thieves broke into a rich man's house and carried off all his valuables. On being arrested, they excused their crime by saying that they were blameless, as the walls of the house were so badly built as to tempt them to break through. The mason was therefore to blame for the robbery. The mason was brought before the magistrate. "The fault is not mine," said he, "but that of the coolie who made the mortar badly." The coolie laid the blame upon the potter who had sold him a cracked vessel in which he could not carry sufficient water to mix the mortar properly. The potter explained that the blame could not be laid upon him but upon a pretty woman, who, passing while he was making the vessel, so riveted his attention that he forgot about his work. The woman protested that the goldsmith was at fault. He had failed to send home her earrings and she passed the potter's shop on her way to get them. The goldsmith, not being able to offer an excuse for his neglect, was sentenced to be hanged. His friends begged the judge to spare him, as he was sick and ill favored and would not make a pretty spectacle. "But somebody must be hanged," said the judge. His attention was thereupon called to a fat Moor in a shop opposite, and the judge ordered him to be hanged in the goldsmith's stead.—Argonaut.

In Hindoostan, where three varieties of sacred monkeys enjoy the freedom of every town, those fair handed pensioners often assist the police in enforcing the riot laws in charging crimsons for the scene of every dog fight and schoolboy scuffle. They will rescue worried cats and, for greater security, deposit them on the next roof, or suppress nowdyism in general; the stout like the baboon for instance, being physically as well as morally qualified to quell the aggressive disposition of the fiercest cur. On the platform of a public warehouse the British residents of Agra, a few years ago, witnessed a scene which put the character trait in even a stronger light.

A little street Arab had spread his pallet in the shade of a stack of country produce, and had just dropped asleep, when the proprietor of the Planters' hotel strolled up with a pet leopard that had learned to accompany him in all his rambles. A troop of tramp monkeys had taken post on the opposite end of the shed, and, like the beggar boy, seemed to enjoy a comfortable siesta, but at sight of the speckled intruder the whole gang charged along the platform like a squadron of sprites and, instantly forming a semicircle about the little sleeper, faced the leopard with brimming noses, evidently resolved to defend the purpose of his visit.—Popular Science Monthly.

Collector: I have called six times, sir, for the amount of this bill already.

Citizen: Why-at, six times? Is it possible you have been put to all that annoyance? Now, I'll tell you what I'll do: when I feel like paying the amount I will call on you myself. It's outrageous to give a man the trouble I have undoubtedly given you.—Life.

Her grandmother was so sick that the report got out that she was dead. A sympathetic old gentleman met the child in the street.

"And when is your grandmother to be buried, my dear?" he asked her.

"Not till she's dead, sir."

—The Home Wit, for February published at Spokane, Wash., is a most excellent number of this paper after household periodical. It is well worth all it costs, 50 cents per year.

During Jan. there was a net increase of $6,150,000 in money and bullion in the Treasury, and yet you can't borrow a dollar from Sam, no matter how hard up you are.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take; perfectly harmless, prescribed and used by over fifty thousand physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Any liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Let this entirely new record to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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Twenty-Four Washings for Ten Cents.

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P. B. HANGER, Agent, Huntersville, W. Va.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

READ THIS TWICE

CONSTIPATION

Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Bad Breath, etc.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 21, 1889. No. 31.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff,
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct., C. B. Beard, Pres't.
S. S. Hannah.
No. 7 Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Saxton.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the last Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. LAMPHER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. I. K. SLYBOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. R. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Hoking Files

DEATH OF JOSEPH BEARD.

He Passes Away at His Home in Huntersville.

In the 73rd year of his age, Joseph Beard, Esq., died at his home in Huntersville, on the 19th inst.

In the death of Joseph Beard Pocahontas county loses one of her oldest and most respected citizens, whose long and eventful life is honorably and inseparably identified with the history of the county. He was born in Greenbrier county, W. Va. on the 20th day of Sept., 1810, and removed to Pocahontas county in the year 1851. Early in life he was united in marriage to Mattie Jordan, daughter of John Jordan, Esq., with whom he happily lived till the day of his death, and who now survives him,an aged and lonely widow. As the issue of this marriage were born three children; one son, John J. Beard, the present Clerk of the Courts of Pocahontas county, and two daughters, Mrs. Isaac McNeel, and Mrs. Wm. L. McNeel, now deceased.

In the year 1883 Mr. Beard made a profession of religion and connected himself with the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1844 when the division came, Joseph Beard without hesitation cast his lot with the M. E. Church, South.

His life was marked with unusual energy and activity, but in no enterprise was this more manifest than in his labors for his Church. He was not a religious enthusiast, nor specially demonstrative, but unceasingly gave those better and more substantial evidences of a firm and abiding faith in Christ and his Church. In the prosecution of church work of every kind, he was always ready to do his part, and never slow to suggest to others their duty when the occasion demanded. He was a man of firm convictions and decided opinions, yet ever maintained a liberal respect for the belief of others. There never lived a more sincere man; deceit had no place in the make up of his character. Indeed his habit of telling the truth plainly, and his outspoken candor in commending the good and reproving evil sometimes offended those who were not well acquainted with him to think him in some matters a harsh man, but he was not so; underneath the surface of solid belief and rigid candor was hidden a heart as tender as the heart of a child, the sympathies of which responded to the gentlest touch. His generosity and hospitality were proverbial, the friend and the stranger were ever his welcome guests, nor did he ever weary of adding the comforts of his home with as many as chose to partake of them. He was possessed of a peculiarly happy nature; disappointment nor calamity could never delude for any time his cheerful spirit. It was his rule to always do his best and to be satisfied with the results.

He will long and widely be missed. He was affectionate and indulgent toward his kindred, and true in his friendship. He was a good and useful citizen,ever ready to contribute in any manner to the good of society and of his country. But of all will be missed by his church, whose interests were first in his heart. His life is ended, but

Bankrupting Cattle

My former article on the above subject seems to have excited one writer to, not only notice it, but to suggest two more very important improvements in the manner subduing and good appearance of other domestic animals. Such as the docking of hogs and dehorning cattle. Nothing can be plainer than the duty, if not the obligation of the proposer of these two improvements to enlighten the world by making a practical proof on his own case of these highly desired improvements. The genius that prompted the suggestion ought to be equal to the execution or invention of plan of operation. I am still in favor of dehorning cattle and have practical proofs to show its merits every day. I have just learned from a reliable source that my friend Dick Edmondson, of Kansas has removed the horns from 3,000 cattle last fall. I am running in some boundary, horses, cows and bulls, with perfect safety, and now after two months test, my animals look well in order, better in appearance and decidedly more comfortable to themselves and me. So as far as I am interested, horns will have to go. The present hard times and dullness of the cattle market, demands a thoughtful consideration of every economical device or plan by which our farmers and stockmen may reduce their expenses and handle their stock to better advantage. I think this one step in that direction. I will now suggest one or two more, and would be very happy to have other and wiser heads to make an expression of their views and opinions thereby benefitting their fellow men and making the Texas a necessity to every family in the county.

But few farmers in this locality that do not use fertilizers and believe that they pay, notwithstanding the heavy tax they are subject to. What taxf Profits or the middle men, perhaps the largest. Then excessive freight. To illustrate—none of our middlemen will handle and sell for less than a five dollar profit per ton, (often more,) then they secure another profit by charging their customers rates of freight per 100 lbs when they get reduced rates per car-load of 10 tons. If you pay $40.00 per ton at the railroad to an agent, you can very readily see that you are paying $5.00 to $7.00 for agents profits and high freight then if you buy at time, 10 per cent. to add on cost. The remedy is this, let our farmers pool their orders, select one of their number to get manufactors to make bids for the order, and by paying spot cash, get their fertilizers $19.00 to $12.00 per ton less. We all have ourselves to blame for a great deal unnecessary tax. A co-operative style of buying salt and groceries, if nothing else would run down the expense of the farmer very materially, every year. Half a dozen by car load will only cost $1.50 per sack instead of $1.75 or $1.80.

F. A. BEARD.

Alderson vs. County Commissioners

Now that the fourth of March is rapidly drawing near, by which time the law requires that the governor shall issue his certificates to the congressmen elect from the several states, and in view of the fact that our republican friends are claiming that McClintic will undoubtedly represent this district in congress for the next four years, it may not be out of place to review this somewhat celebrated case. In the beginning, when the recount was demanded by Mr. Alderson, the county commissioners refused to allow him to appear by counsel to introduce witnesses or to cross examine witnesses introduced by the republicans, and refused to sign bills of exceptions until the supreme court, by a mandamus, required them to make a record. When Mr. Alderson presented an injunction restraining the county court from certifying the result of the recount, as they ascertained it, until he could have their action reviewed by certiorari proceedings, the county court declared the injunction null and certified the returns to the governor. That injunction is still in force. Judge Guthrie dissolved it, but Mr. Alderson took an appeal to the supreme court, where the case is still pending. As soon as possible after the bills of exceptions were signed, Alderson appealed to Judge Guthrie for a writ of certiorari, which he awarded, and two others of his court, who by the way, is a Republican, was directed to issue a writ to the county commissioners, directing them to send up their record for review. The writ was not issued until about two days after it was awarded. The record of the county court was copied and compared with the original, and the copy furnished to the commissioners to certify. The time has arrived when the commissioners kept the copy in their hands for ten days before delivering it to the clerk of the circuit court. Alderson's counsel demanded an immediate hearing of the case, but the court at the instance of counsel for McClintic, postponed the case until February 1st. When that time arrived, McClintic' counsel asked further delay, they will know not what Judge Guthrie had to go to Mason county to hold court there, on the following Monday. The case was argued for Alderson and Judge Guthrie took the papers stating that the other side would be allowed to argue, and that the case would probably be decided when the term of court in Mason was over. No reflection is intended by the Star, upon Judge Guthrie, but everything goes to show that there has been a desire on the part of McClintic' counsel to delay the proceedings as much as possible, in order to prevent Mr. Alderson from having Judge Guthrie's decision, should it be adverse to him, reviewed by the supreme court, before the 4th of March. McClintic' counsel and friends think their case is the best shape possible, and they are afraid of the supreme court, well knowing that the partisan action of the county court, must be reversed. The ultimate now in the hands of the governor, from this county, is certainly void, and we feel sure that Governor Wilson will do what he conscientously believes to be right in the premises. We would but presume to even suggest what he should do, but we can see but one course open, and that is, to issue a certificate before the fourth of March disregarding the certificate of the Kanawha county commissioners, or regarding the result of the recount made by them. Mr. Alderson is elected by a majority of eleven, to give him the benefit of the recount. The bill of exceptions shows this to be true, and it seems to us that the recount is better evidence of the case result than a certificate made void by an injunction and certiorari proceedings.—Charleston Star.

Now they say we'll have to fight Portugal. Well if nothing else will the Uncle Sam can ship her out of existence some morning before breakfast.

The chance to war with Germany seems to be increasing. We are not afraid of Germany, but peace is more to be desired than war.

Several persons are said to have frozen to death in the west during the big storm last week. The people seemed to like it.—Washington Post.

Another Bible that the library has is that printed for the Indians by John Eliot in 1663. This is the first Bible printed in America. It was printed in Cambridge, and in the Indian tongue. The library has a chapter devoted to Bibles, and the chapter of theological works is the largest one in the library. I looked at this big book, one of fifteen the other day; they are of all sizes and shapes, from the little red pocket affairs to one big enough almost for a morning desk for horses. They are in all dialects and languages, and the Chinese Bibles look like so many bunches of manilla wrapping paper. The print of these Bibles is as queer as the languages in which they are printed, and they have every style of types, from the illuminated script of the monks of the middle ages to the common print of to-day.

The manuscripts of the National library include many valuable autographs. Among them are two telegraph journals of George Washington, one of which was made during Braddock's expedition and one in 1784, at Mt. Vernon. There is a private journal of Arthur Lee while he was minister to France, at the breaking out of the revolution, and there are two volumes of an original military journal of Maj. Gen. Greene, written now over one hundred years ago.

The National library was founded about 1800, and at first consisted of books was carried in Washington in trunks. They were ordered from London, and they cost altogether $5,000.—Frank G. Carpenter in the Cosmopolitan.

The grand jury in Birmingham, Ala., has declined to indict Sheriff Smith, or any of his posse, for the killing of the prisoner who, with others, attacked the jail in that place on the night of the 5th of December last. The grand jury was three weeks investigating the matter and examined over two hundred witnesses. This is decidedly the end of the prosecutions against the sheriff and his associates.

The New York street car strike is at last ended, with no advantage gained by the strikers.

Pocahontas Times.

LOBEY & MOORE,
PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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One col'm	10 00	15 00	20 00	50 00

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Hunterville, W. Va.

Feb. 21, 1889.

THE SITUATION.

The latest from Charleston shows that C. P. Dorr, of Webster county is solely responsible for all further delay in settling the Senatorial question.

On the last two ballots taken the three labor delegates, who had previously been voting for men of their own party divided their votes between Kenna and Goff; Carr and Merrill voting for Goff and Harr for Kenna.

Of the 85 votes cast Goff received 42 and Kenna 42, leaving the matter to be decided by Dorr, who threw away the opportunity by voting for W. T. Ice.

When the democratic majority is so meagre and the danger in delay so obvious, there could be no explanation made of Mr. Dorr's conduct that would satisfy his constituency or the party at large. His action is a gross and shameful betrayal of political faith. Whatever his motive may be, persistency in his present course must subject him to suspicions not to be envied.

When we remember that the strongest appeal made to the people who elected him was that he was the nominee of his party, and that his large following was due to the very same reason; it is exceedingly difficult to understand how Mr. Dorr, in the face of these things, can presume to set himself up in opposition the party's nominee for the Senate, and in opposition to the voice of the democratic party of the state. No amount of explanation or excuse can suffice to justify him in the opinion of the public.

It is greatly to be deplored that the power to decide between Goff and Kenna has fallen into the hands of a man who so lightly regards his pledges virtually and absolutely made to the people who were the means of his elevation.

Mr. Dorr may talk of Kenna's destroying the party, but in our opinion the recent conduct of Mr. Dorr has done the democracy of Pocahontas county more harm in a day than Kenna has done in his entire life time.

U. S. Senator Camden of this State, has just completed the formation of two companies to further develop the coal fields of the State. One is the Monongahela Railroad Company and the title of the Upper Monongahela Coal and Coke Company. The capital stock of $2,000,000 has been all subscribed. Traffic arrangements have been made with the Baltimore & Ohio which it is expected will point of mutual benefit.

General Stephen D. Lee is nominated for governor of Mississippi. The old soldiers remember this tall Rebel soldier, who was a corps commander in Johnston's army after having made a splendid record in the Army of Northern Virginia.

History of the Samoan Troubles.

Troubles have existed among the Samoans since 1830. In that year the German Commercial and Plantation Society at Apia, or, rather, its predecessor, the firm of Godeffroy, of Hamburg, stood on the side of Malietoa, a chief belonging to one of the most distinguished families of Samoa. Throughout the succeeding twenty years the foreigners who settled in Samoa—Americans, Englishmen and Germans—sought, by taking sides with or against Malietoa, to strengthen respect for their respective nations, and thereby increase their commerce. In 1878 the United States, which had previously obtained a concession of a magnificent harbor in the Samoa Islands and established a coaling station there, made a treaty with Samoa. The local government in in 1879 being a state of great confusion, Sir Arthur Gordon, as Queen Victoria's commissioner in the Western Pacific, established King Malietoa firmly on the throne and issued a proclamation. This proclamation was followed by a treaty with Malietoa, dated August 18, 1879. In the same year Germany also made a treaty with Malietoa. The treaties entered into between the United States, Great Britian, Germany and Samoa were treaties of friendship and reciprocity, agreed to for the purpose of promoting the trade which American, English and German merchants had gone to the remote Samoan Islands to establish. It was understood and agreed upon among the treaty powers that the independence and neutrality of these islands should be forever preserved. While America and England have remained consistant to the treaty obligations and have recognized Malietoa as the legitimate ruler, the policy of the Germans has been a wavering one. At one time they would recognize Malietoa as King, at another they would take sides with the opposing King. In 1884 King Malietoa was coerced into an agreement with the German Government and sent a protest about it to the German Emperor. Following the protest there was sent a petition to the English Queen, signed by nearly all the Samoan chiefs, praying for annexation to Great Britain on the ground, among others, that they were afraid of being forcibly annexed by the Germans. In 1885 and again in 1886 further attempts were made by Germany to seize the sovereignty of the Samoan Islands, but each time the attempt was successfully resisted by the British and American representatives.

In the autumn of 1886 a German named Brandeis appeared in Apia. The public was given to understand that he was in the service of the German Commercial and Plantation Society. Among the employes of this firm, however, it was known that he had been selected to be the Minister of Malietoa's rival, Tamasese. Brandeis at once be an to study local conditions, and worked at times at the German Consulate, made himself familiar with the business and social relations of Apia, and then went to the house of Tamasese, in the immediate vicinity of the great cotton and cocoa plantation of the German Commercial and Plantation Society. There a house was built and furnished by this society for Brandeis, and there he stayed, with out it being publicly known, as the adviser of Tamasese and perfecting himself in the Samoan language. Tamasese and his adherents were thus amply supplied with arms and munitions. At the beginning of 1887, within a brief period, hundreds of muskets were sent through the German Commercial and Plantation Society and through Brandeis to Tamasese's party. A little later a German fleet of four of five ships was at anchor in the harbor of Apia. Four days later the German Consul wrote to Malietoa complaining that German settlers had been attacked by the natives on March 22 of that year, and that from time to time during the previous four years the German plantations had been damaged to the amount of thousands of dollars a year. A heavy demand for compensation was made for the damage to the plantations, without a single item of particulars being given to the Samoan King. The monstrous demand was made that the sum claimed for compensation should be paid the next day—a demand which, in such a country, it was practically impossible to meet. The King wrote, promising an answer in three days, and the reply given by the German commander was the landing on the next day of seven hundred troops from his squadron, and the issuing of a proclamation in the name of the Government of Germany, declaring Tamasese King of Samoa. At the same time Malietoa was deported, first to Hamburg, then to Bremerhaven, was lodged and boarded under police supervision at Lehr, a suburb of Bremerhaven, and then was taken to Australia on board the steamship Neckar, by a German naval officer.

The native opposition to Tamasese, or to the Brandeis-Tamasese Government, as it is called, reached its climax on September 9, 1888, on which date they crowned Mataafa, a legitimate successor to Malietoa, King of Samoa, with the title of Malietoa, Toua Mataafa. Notices of the event were at once sent to the American English and German Consuls, the French priest, and to Tamasese. Mataafa is still at the head of the Government and is doing all in his power to keep it out of the hands of Tamasese and his German allies. The position of the United States to-day is contained in the following instructions which Secretary Whitley telegraphed to Admiral Kimberly at Panama on January 11:

"You will proceed at once to Samoa and extend full protection to American interests, citizens and property. You will consult with the American Vice-Consul, examine his archives and otherwise inform yourself as to the situation and all recent occurrences. You will protest against the subjugation of the native Samoan Government by Germany as in violation of positive agreement and understanding between the treaty powers, but inform the representatives of the British and German Governments of your readiness to co-operate in causing all treaty rights to be respected, and in restoring peace and order on the basis of recognition of Samoan rights to independence; endeavor to prevent extreme measures against the Samoans."

The copra trade of Samoa seems to be the cause of all the present trouble. Copra, the dried kernel of the cocoanut, is the staple commodity of the Samoan Islands, as it is of all the islands of the Western Pacific. In 1885 the exports of this article for German account were estimated at the value of $223,743. The competition of four American houses has greatly irritated the German traders; their profits being thereby much decreased.

President Cleveland has appointed Col. John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, as Inspector General of the United States army, with rank of brigadier general, and the appointment has been confirmed by the senate.

A. R. Stevenson, at present holding the position of First Assistant Postmaster General, has been appointed to the place upon the Bench of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia made vacant by the death of Judge Merrick.

DEEP

Cough Medicine.

CATARRH

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

Piso's Cure FOR CONSUMPTION

S TRAIN ONE CENT A DAY

LT TWO THOUSAND PAGES

ahontas,

NER, PROPRIETOR.

E, W. VA.

d and assumed con-

NTAS, it is our pur-

pose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—JACOB BOWER—

CHEAPEST

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale.

PATENTS.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

The New Cabinet Officer.

NORMAN J. COLMAN.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Office Heads,

Posters,

or

Anything

In That Line,

ENQUIRE

AT

THE TIMES Office.

HOME NEWS.

—Dr. S. L. Austin, of Green Bank, was in town Monday night.

—On Monday there was a record rushin the the Waters in this section. The lumbermen were busily engaged driving logs.

—Messrs. John J. Beard and C. P. Moore, with their families, were down at Hillsboro last week attending the funeral of Mr. Joseph Beard.

—James Grimes and Mrs. Jacob [illegible] living near Mill Point, are both on the sick list. Dr. Rathbone is in attendance.

—Hon. T. Carty, Esq., of Hillsboro, is higher than ever and will speak to common people. A rousing boy at his house.

—Mr. Pook, President of the Beaver Lick Lumber Company, was in Huntersville Monday looking after the interests of his company.

—Mr. John R. Slaven, who has been sick at the Huntersville Hotel for some time died just a few minutes before the paper for this week went to press—Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 2:30 p. m.

—We are informed that H. M. Lockridge, Esq., has for some days been suffering from a renewal of his old trouble, rheumatism.

—N. J. Brown, Esq., Mill Point's enterprising merchant, is keeping up well with the times. He has a full line of spring goods already displayed in his store.

—George Halliday, the young man who was accidentally shot some two weeks ago is said to be doing as well as could be expected.

—Daniel O'Connell, Esq., who is connected with the Cumberland Lumber Company, spent several days in Huntersville last week. He met a great while he contemplates locating in this county and says he intends to run one of the best lumber mills in the County.

—Our efficient Constable, Jas. D. Gurnett, while crossing Thorny creek last Monday, narrowly escaped being drowned. His mule stumbled and fell, throwing Mr. Burnett into the water. Fortunately he was thrown near a fence, by means of which he succeeded in getting ashore.

—The Delineator for March is fully up to its usual excellence. The publishers of this magazine spare no pains nor expense to make their publication what the ladies desire. It's one of the very best illustrated periodicals in the country. Price $1.00 per year. Published by The Butterick Publishing Co., 7, 9 & 11 West Thirteenth St., N. Y.

A CARD OF THANKS.—I do now return my thanks to the people of Huntersville, and others, for the kindness shown me during my recent sickness at Hotel Pocahontas. I shall ever remember it with sincere gratitude.

DANIEL MURRY.

—Dr. Sutherland [illegible] Every time and plenty of mud.

—Dr. E. L. Hide is off on a trip to Mill Point.

—Miss Dessie Sharp of Swarthout's creek, entered last week as a pupil of the H. M. and F. Academy.

—Messrs. John Hill, of Kansas and Wilson Beard, of Missouri, are visiting friends and relatives at this place.

—Miss Lena Hill, of Lewis, entered this morning as a pupil of the H. M. and F. Academy.

—We had four visits to town last Saturday. I tell you a man has to walk straight while he stays in town now.

—The Hillsboro division of the Sons of Temperance are getting around every day, and doing an excellent work at this place.

—Died, on last Thursday morning Mr. Joseph Beard, of Rheumatism of the stomach. Mr. Beard was 69 years and respected citizen and a devout member of the M. E. Church, South. All deeply sympathize with his sorrowing relatives, but we feel that his loss is gain with the Dead.

PRUDELLE.

Died

At his home in Hillsboro, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 14th day of Feb. 1889, Joseph Beard, in the 70th year of his age.

In the death of Joseph Beard Pocahontas county loses one of her oldest and most respected citizens, whose long and eventful life is honorably and inseparably identified with the history of the county. He was born in Greenbrier county, W. Va. on the 28th day of Sept., 1819, and removed to Pocahontas county in the year 1857. Early in life he was united in marriage to Mattie Jordan, daughter of John Jordan, Esq., with whom he happily lived till the day of his death, and who now survives him,an aged and lonely widow. As the issue of this marriage were born three children; one son, John J. Beard, the present Clerk of the Courts of Pocahontas county, and two daughters, Mrs. Isaac McNeel, and Mrs. Wm. L. McNeel, now deceased.

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He willing and widely he sinned. He was affectionate and indulgent toward his kindred, and true in his friendship. He was a good and useful citizen,ever ready to contribute in any manner to the good of society and of his country. But most of all will he be missed by his church, whose interests were first in his heart. His life is ended, but its influence will still be felt, and truly may it be said of him that "being dead he yet speaketh."

LINDY.—At the home of his parents on Knapp's Creek in Pocahontas County, on the 15th day of Feb. 1889. Virgil Harold, young son of Andrew Harold, Esq.

The immediate cause of his death we are informed was diptheria. He had been sick a very short while, and when it was announced that he was dead his many friends were greatly surprised and shocked. Virgil was a bright, promising boy, highly esteemed by all who knew him. His premature death is a grievous stroke to his family and friends, to whom we extend our deepest sympathy in their bereavement.

ALDEN'S MANIFOLD CYCLOPEDIA

Volume XI. carries this work from Debt to Dominie. The 840 pages are packed with information of just the kind which the vast majority of reading people desire to obtain. Like its predecessors it is truly manifold in its character. In a single volume it gives an unabridged dictionary, and a cyclopedia of information which is ample for practical use, is fully reliable, and is brought down to the present year. Among the articles treated at some length we notice that Debt, with its various subheads, has over 7 pages; while kindred topics, as Debtor and Creditor, occupy over 6 pages more. Delaware has about 5 pages; Delirium Tremens, 4 pages; Democracy, nearly 7 pages; Denmark, about 10 pages; Dentistry, about 6 pages; Descent of Man, 6 pages; Development, 11 pages; Diet, 8 pages; Digestion, 29 pages; Diphtheria, 5 pages. There are, also, a large number of really helpful illustrations. The form of the book is most convenient; the paper, printing, and binding are all very good. This is emphatically the Cyclopedia for the people, and the extremely low price—only 50 cents a volume in cloth, or 65 cents in half Morocco—brings it within the reach of all. A specimen volume may be ordered and returned if not satisfactory. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Atlanta, and San Francisco.

The New Cabinet Officer.

NORMAN J. COLMAN,

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

President Cleveland's appointment of Norman J. Colman as Secretary of Agriculture, the new Cabinet office, is universally approved. During the administration about to close this distinguished man has been Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture. As head of a department comprising Seed, Entomological, Horticultural, Pomological and Propagating, Statistical, Chemical, Forestry and Veterinary divisions, he has been eminently successful in carrying out the intention of the law of May 15, 1862, which established the Department of Agriculture.

The new Cabinet officer is a New Yorker by birth and a Missourian by adoption. He was born at Richfield springs, in 1827. From the age of sixteen up to twenty-eight he was a teacher in New York State, and Louisville Kentucky. While at Louisville he studied law and took the degree of LL. B. He subsequently formed a partnership with M. C. Kerr, afterward speaker at Washington, and began practice at New Albany, Indiana. Mr. Colman became District Attorney. In 1865 he removed to St. Louis and bought out an agricultural paper. Mr. Colman is the suggestor and originator of the Missouri Horticultural society, the State Board of Agriculture. He was a member of the Legislature during the exciting political contest of 1865-66 which passed the Drake Constitution, and was a leader of his party. In 1868 he was nominated for Lieutenant Governor but was defeated. He was unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor and elected in 1874. During the war he was a Union man and Lieutenant Colonel of the Fifteenth Regiment of enrolled Missouri militia. Secretary Colman is a power in his command of information pertaining to agriculture and kindred subjects.

—JACOB BONER—

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY,

and the BEST goods.

He has received a fine lot of DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered on the 20th day of JANUARY, 1887, and on the 16th day of October, 1888, in the Chancery cause of P. J. Brown vs. E. S. Grant Jr. and others, the undersigned Special Commissioner will proceed to sell on

SATURDAY, MARCH THE 23rd, 1889

in front of N. J. Brown's store at Mill Point, Pocahontas County, W. Va., at public auction to the highest bidder 161 acres of land, the property of the defendant, E. S. Grant, Jr. Said land is situate near Greenbrier river, about one mile from Mill Point in said County, is fertile and in a fine state of cultivation and has a comfortable dwelling house and out buildings upon it.

TERMS OF SALE. Enough cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale and the residue upon a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser giving bonds with approved security for the deferred payments bearing interest from date and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Special Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the Commissioner above has executed bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD,
Clk Cir. Ct.

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Wanted for our complete line of Nursery Stock. All new choice and Fast-selling Specialties. Last Spring we had PATRONS to workers. My large experience in the business enables me to offer special advantages to beginners. I CAN MAKE A SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN of any one who will follow my instructions. Permanent employment. Wages paid each week. Outfit free. Apply at once, and secure choice of territory.

EDWARD P. SMITH,
Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.
MENTION THIS PAPER.

Simmons Liver Regulator produces no unpleasant effect upon the stomach no matter how long it is taken. A little taken at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and sweetens the breath.

"I never recommend a medicine unless I know it to be good. In a majority of twenty-five years I have used the most of such a medicine, and when I found J. H. Zeilin & Co.'s Simmons Liver Regulator, I was satisfied that I had found the best. Rev. J. P. Farrer, Proprietor Christian Visitor, Smithfield, N. C. 12 41.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

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ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement:

Account of Collection Adm'r of Martha E. Dysart, dec'd.

Account of Christian Lightner, Ex'r of William Lightner, dec'd.

Account of T. H. Moore, Adm'r of Margaret Moore, dec'd.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Comm'r Acct's.

FIDUCIARY'S.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement:

Account of J. M. McClintic and C. P. Moore, Adm'rs of Jacob Miller, dec'd.

THOS. W. McNEEL,
Comm'r Acct's.

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Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, rendered on the 18th day of October, 1888, in the Chancery cause of

John W. McNeel's adm'r.
vs.
John W. McNeel's Heirs, et als.

I, as Special Commissioner appointed in said decree, shall proceed, in Court of the Circuit Court of said County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the favor of the widow thereof, on the

4TH DAY OF MARCH, 1889,

the following real estate, situate in said County, as well: A certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro on the Dirt & Creek Road; and also another certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying above the first mentioned lot, in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro. Both of said lots were bought by J. F. McNeel from Thomas Gay's. They are valuable lots, and the title is believed to be clear.

TERMS OF SALE:

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of said sale, and for the purchase of purchase money the purchaser will be required to give bonds, with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, falling due in Six and Twelve months respectively from date, and a lien will be retained for the purchase money.

C. B. SLAVEN, Special Com'r.

Scott, as receiver for the late firm, gives by the above Special Commissioner.

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Pocahontas Times.

W. W. LOVEY. C. P. MOORE.

LOVEY & MOORE,

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 6 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 21, 1889.

Weather and Coming Seasons.

It does not always require that a man should be a prophet to make a shrewd guess as to what the weather will be some months in advance. There are probabilities, we will not say certainties, regarding times and seasons that are obvious to every one who knows the difference between storm and calm, heat and cold. We know, for instance, that one extreme is likely to follow another. If our winter is extremely cold it is highly probable it will be followed by another correspondingly moderate. An unusually cold wave as called, will generally be succeeded by a spell of weather of great mildness for the season. In a very dry season, or a succession of dry seasons, there is sure to succeed a period of weather to make up the deficiency of rainfall. In any particular spring is cold and wet and late, we may generally expect that the succeeding autumn will be warm and pleasant, and that winter will be slow in coming. If the entire year should be had on account of the excessive cold or unseasonable storms, the compensation may not come till the next year, but that it will come in time is as sure as that the sun will continue to rise and set. It is one of the firstlaws of nature that rain shall alternate with sunshine, storm with calm and heat with cold, and it is by studying these movements of the elements more closely than the rest of mankind that some pretended weather prophets have occasionally succeeded in coming somewhere near the truth in their predictions.—San Francisco Chronicle.

That Meeting.

Pursuant to a call, the Democrats of this county, met at the Court-house, to take action, and pass resolutions in regard to the conduct of Hon. C. P. Dorr, delegate of this county, in not giving his support to Hon John E. Kenna for re-nomination and re-election to the U. S. Senate.

T. B. Horan called the House to order, stating the object of the meeting, and on his motion W. H. Hoover was made chairman, and R. S. Hutchison secretary. The chair appointed T. B. Horan, F. W. Brady and E. H. Morton, who reported Resolutions which were unanimously adopted. The Resolutions set forth the fact that the democracy of the Delegate has acted, and that we are Mr. Dorr's constituents and not Mr. Kenna's and that we have a right to instruct our Hon. delegate by vote to that end, etc., etc.

On motion of T. B. Horan a copy of the Resolutions were sent to Hon. John E. Kenna, and on motion of the secretary, a copy of so be sent to Hon. C. P. Dorr.

After speaking by Hon C. Mc Holsti, Horan and Hutchison, the meeting adjourned.—Addison Clipper.

The Horses Were Spared.

When Mr. Cole, a well known circus proprietor in the south, sold his stock in New Orleans, three durning horses that he had owned for years went with the others by mistake. Mr. Cole at once bought them back, saying he would never consent to have the horses become the property of any one who would make them work, and he had decided to put them to a painless death. He proposed to bleed them to death, but W. B. Leonard, a livery man, suggested that the use of chloroform would be a little better and less painful mode. This was finally decided upon, and a reliable man procured, who was to have performed the operation.

They were all collected in the circus tent. There was Cole, Leonard, the riders and the clowns, the ringmaster, the tumblers and the leapers and the three pet duns. Calling the little mare by name, he told her to kiss them all good-by. The intelligent animal, stretching forward her head, kissed each one. This was more than they could stand, and the sacrifice was put off. Cole had no place to take them to, so Mr. Leonard promised to find some one who would assume charge of them, under a guarantee never to work them, but to keep them in goodorder until death should claim them for the grave.—St. Louis Republic.

Good Humor and Good Discipline.

Several years ago the convicts in a large penitentiary conspired to gather and make an unsuccessful attempt to escape. In the struggle the leader of the prisoners and one of the keepers were killed. The men were secured, but they remained sullen, gloomy and vindictive temper for months afterward.

Stricter discipline was enforced, but then after sunshine, kindness was tried to conciliate them. Their rations improved in quality and several new privileges were granted them, but it was all in vain.

"We are sleeping on a volcano," the warden reported. "They are in a murderous humor."

He then recommended the appointment of a certain Dan Pickett, all as assistant warden, the man who held that office being a gruff, sarcastic fellow, especially disliked by the prisoners. Dan was not really fit as an officer, but he was a fat jolly embodiment of good humor. He chatted every day and little of service from the convicts, but, that rendered, he took an interest in them, in their condemnation their toothaches, their children, their plans for life after discharge.

They were human beings to him, not numbered beasts in cages. He was not afraid to joke and laugh with them. In two weeks' time the men were quiet and contented. Good humor had done its work. The result was over.

"Good humor," says a German writer, "is one of the rarest and fin of human virtues, which we are not to overlook; but it wins more battles in life than do mighty intellect or lofty imagination."—Youth's Companion.

Looking Ahead for Horses.

The day will come when the present mode of protecting the foot of the horse will be discovered to be a mistake. Its horny substance was never intended to be pierced by nails. No wonder that so many horses fall lame and are perpetually ruined. We were recently shown a horse shoe in leather. It struck us as an excellent idea and worthy of adoption. We should put in operation that leather shoes had superseded shoes of iron. If, however, iron be a necessity, let it be nailed on the leather shoe. Now, shoemakers, please get up a new sole, and shoe them to all your horses friends. Don't take "no" for an answer; stick to them till you have overcome their prejudices. When you have succeeded apply to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for a medal and if they decline to give you one be content to know that you have done more good than the society in question with all its wealth.—Scotch Paper.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, is used by over Fifty Thousand Mothers. It relieves the little sufferer at once. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; relieves wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May., 16, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 43.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. N. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk's of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
County Court, (C. E. Hazel, Pres't. (S. B. Hannah. (O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STUPER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HOUCHIN,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
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F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

I. W. H. McMURRAN,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as any Spring and Fall. The Blind Ass of Sandy Ridge will report to THE TIMES.

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Physician & Surgeon,
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THE FAR PASTURE.

There are wide acres, and brooks and dens,
And Brownie and Bonnie Kate—
Though I am to mind her,
Nowhere can I find her—
And now it is growing late.

Over the meadows and through the shadows
I have sought her long and well—
At last I have found her,
Tail grasses around her,
Led by the sound of the bell.

She had gone astray, and had lost her way
In the clover blossoms white,
The cool, sweet clover,
Tempted her over
To the pasture far, to-night.

I tenderly led her, through valley and meadow
To lead and not drive, seemed but right;
'Twas the sweet rank clover,
That tempted her over—
And who of us always does right?

And the strangest feeling is o'er me stealing,
And seems through the shadows to come
As beneath the wide bars,
And the silver stars,
"Bonnie Katie" and I go home.

The damp dew is falling,
And voices are calling,
I too have strayed off from the right—
And the sweet red clover, has tempted me over,
But oh! will he blame me; or seek to reclaim me?
If I call to Him now, will He come?
And over the meadows, and
Through all the shadows,
Lead his poor wanderer home?

—M. E. NORTH.

A Little Child Shall Lead Them.

The small but thriving and enterprising town of Seedville, in the State of Ohio, was plentifully posted with bills bearing the above title, lavishly printed in all the hues of the rainbow. How the manager of the Seedville Academy of Music ever succeeded in securing so great a star of the dramatic firmament as Charles Cheriton was a matter of much speculation and wonder to all but Seedville citizens; but then Seedville always was smart for a small place and managed to keep abreast of the great cities of the country in everything, from natural gas to natural actors. And if the lively manager was unable to furnish Kyrle-like entertainment for the play goers of Seedville, the said play goers were not mean enough to pass by the opportunity with unappreciative indifference. They read the show bills, bought their tickets and on every evening thronged the seats of the really pretty theatre.

The piece was what is technically known as a lighthearted comedy, but it was a comedy in which was displayed a good deal of the tragedy of mental suffering, of misunderstandings, of some purposes and bitterness of heart; though, from the fact that all the pain and sorrow was finally turned into gladness and joy through the instrumentality of a little child, one termed it a comedy.

The drama gave the principal actor, Charles Cheriton, a fine opportunity for displaying his power of acting, and many a time had this man moved great audiences almost to tears in his representations of the deep passions of human nature.

On the particular evening which chronicles our story, Cheriton was at his best. With the rare modulations of his deep, far reaching voice, with his expressive features and gesticulations he swayed the feelings of the throng before him as the autumn winds bend the topmost boughs of the forest trees.

Toward the end of the second act the large audience noticed that the actor did not do his part in the act and during the rest of the evening did he rise to his usual standard of excellency. Some knew the cause, for in the intense interest felt in the play, as one had perceived a little wee baby figure steal quietly down the extreme left aisle of the balcony. No one but Cheriton. He was in the midst of his delivery of some most pathetic lines and his eyes were raised upward, so that they rested precisely on the balcony aisle to the left of the stage. He saw the tiny but graceful form of a child—a little girl—not five years old, clad in a quaint, but rich and dainty, dress of black velvet with ruffled sleeves and white lace edging at the wrists and neck; he noticed the broad brimmed hat trimmed with a narrow but exquisite wreath of simple meadow daisies, and above all he beheld, beneath the hat, the cloister of sunny, golden hair and the clear blue eyes of the childish, angel face.

The baby, with baby grace and abandon, stole softly down to the balcony rail, upon which she rested her little arms, and with her chin nestling in her dimpled hands (like one of Raphael's cherubs) silently watched the play. Cheriton felt absolutely certain that the baby was the child of—well, a woman he once knew. He was positive of it, and would have backed his opinion with every thing he possessed.

He was no longer in the Seedville Academy of Music. Mechanically he proceeded with his part in the performance, but he saw none of the people before him, save the baby—and even the baby only served to remind him of another face, long since lost to him—while his thoughts and memory were afar off in a city of the sunny South.

He remembered how in the City of Mexico, exactly six years before, he had loved with a mad and irresistible passion just such a fair sweet face as was the babe's in the balcony; he recollected the faultless form, the natural grace of movement and the bewitching smile; he called to mind the sunny hair and the quaint dresses of velvet and old lace—yes, it all came back to him with the baby leaning there over the balcony rail. How he tried to forget it all, on the stage and off! How he had sought to bury it far out of his sight and memory! He had traveled East, West and North (never South) only at last to find the past as fresh as ever, in the little theatre of quiet Seedville.

Naught saw he of the footlights or the orchestra, of the stage or the house—he was away on a vine covered veranda in the outskirts of the City of Mexico. He was telling a fair young girl of his love and adoration, and ringing in his ears was her cold, hard reply: "It is impossible, to-morrow I am to be married."

The second act of the play came to an end. When the curtain rose for the third and last act, the baby had disappeared.

The performance was almost concluded when through that terror-stricken assemblage rang the alarm of "Fire!"

Aroused from his reveries and dreams of the past Cheriton became aware that smoke was issuing from the left stage. He was quickly alive to the situation, and stepping to the edge of the stage, in a loud and commanding voice he directed the movements of the affrighted men, women and children.

The fire quickly gained on the building, and before the one fire engine of Seedville could get to work the theatre was doomed.

Cheriton was one of the last to leave the stage, and when he did so the danger in the audience was over, for all had reached the street. When the alarm of fire was given Cheriton was attired for the play as a laboring man, without coat and vest; as dressed he appeared on the street.

Standing with the crowd watching the flames was a beautiful woman, perhaps twenty five or twenty six years old. As Cheriton emerged from the building he was elbowed by the crowd, and casting his eyes (from force of habit acquired on the stage) along the throng of faces, it rested on this woman.

He was seized with an inspiration, and rushing hastily to her, he grasped her arm tightly and almost rudely.

'Were you in the theatre to-night?'

'Yes.'

'Alone?'

'No; with my mother.'

'No one else—positively, no one else?'

'No one.'

'Ah,' thought Cheriton, as he hastened away, 'the child was left at home and, doubtless, knowing where her mother had gone, follow ed her to the theatre.'

By this time the fire was all over the house and the auditorium was filled with a dense mass of smoke. But heedless of the scorching heat, the blinding and suffocating smoke, and deaf to the warning cries of the firemen, Charley Cheriton rushed into the ill-fated building. He made his way to the left side of the balcony which was standing yet, and there, near the railing fast asleep or dead, he found the fair haired baby girl. He grabbed a shawl which some one had left in the hurry to escape, and dashing again through the smoke and flames emerged once more on to the street.

A loud hurrah and deafening hand clapping greeted him, but he walked straight to the lady whom he had before addressed.

'Here is your little girl, madam. I noticed her in the balcony this evening. Do not be afraid; I just felt her move and heard her try to speak. If you will show me your house I will carry her home for you.'

The lady was too much affected to speak. Silently they walked a short distance until they reached a pleasant house not far from the fire.

When they entered the parlor the mother took her child and welcomed Cheriton a seat.

In a few minutes the lady returned.

'My baby is not hurt at all, and is now sleeping as if nothing had happened. Mr. Cheriton, how can I thank you?'

'I am thanked sufficiently already,' he replied.

Then there was silence. It was a strange meeting; the actor in his stage costume, his sleeves rolled up, his hair and moustache singed and his face blackened by the smoke, while near him sat a beautiful woman scarce able to restrain her tears.

He waited until she regained some composure, and then he rose as if to go.

'Good bye,' he said. 'I am glad to have been able to give you your little girl. I suppose you have nothing more to say to me, so good bye.' He held out his hand as he spoke and she took it in both of hers.

'Yes, I have something more to say, and I will say it whatever you think of me for doing so.

'Listen six years ago you thought me heartless and cruel because I told you that it was impossible to marry you, though you thought I had given you to understand that I loved you. Well I did love you. Perhaps it is unwomanly to say it but I did love you. The man I married—the father of my little girl—died before the baby was born. He was a good man, a good husband, but I did not love him. I loved you all the time and sacrificed love and happiness for what I thought to be duty. Charley, I love you still; you have saved my little girl—will you save me? Save me from a lonely, unhappy future and from all the misery of bitter memories? Will you, Charley?'

Well, every thing had ceased very strange to Charley Cheriton that New Year's Eve—the play, the baby, the fire, the meeting—for somehow it did not seem at all strange when he passed his large bare and blackened arm around the slender waist, while the well-rounded head with the fair tangled curls rested upon the smoke-begrimed shoulder which covered his broad shoulder. And he thought of the title of the play—"A little child shall lead them."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do are ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Two gentlemen were walking on F street yesterday when one said:

"Let's cross the street. There comes a man to whom I owe some money, and I don't want to meet him."

"Does he dun you?"

"No, that's the word—it is never spoken of to."

A few days had elapsed since the debtor walked on some occasion in thoughtful silence. Then he said, seriously:

"I wish that man would go and shoot it out or me with a club. I won't pay him the money, and I wish he would thrash me like hell and settle the matter so that I wouldn't ever be afraid again to meet him."

There is a bit of good, clean human nature in that reflection.

The minister was closing with the benediction, and therein thus spoke out:

"Ma, what's an adjective?"

His mother explained the meaning of the word, and then modestly asked him why he wanted to know.

"Because I heard pa say that the sermon this morning was a dog-on adjective, and when I asked pa to tell me what that was he said it was an adjective."

Stranger—Where is the county seat?

Kansas (in which locality the citizens appreciate it, it's only a few that ever evidence any disinclination towards themselves. It is don't the function of the county seat to habit to be quite indolent, as pronounced, so to speak.

A well known [illegible] that he is about to write a book which shall go a long way towards bridging the [illegible] which separates the [illegible] from the gentleman." He has [illegible] a hard task. It is [illegible] to [illegible] word "[illegible]" [illegible] "and "[illegible]" [illegible] of sinners.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 16 1889.

The town of Stafford, Kan., was swept out by a cyclone last week.

There is going on in Richmond, Va. a tremendous religious upheaval among the negroes.

Two young men in Somerset, Pa., hanged their father to get their inheritance.

Was it the Harrison family or the republican party that was elected last November.

All the records smashed. The City of Paris crosses the ocean in 5 days 23 hours and 7 minutes.

The State claims 90,000 population for Richmond, with a suburban population of 25,000 more.

The Parkersburg Journal seems to think that the prospects for the "Black Diamond" railroad are more encouraging.

Had it been Cleveland, it would have been tariff reformation—as it is, Harrison and wage reduction, re-marks an observant exchange.

Carter H. Harrison, who was last week appointed marshal of the northern district of Texas, is a brother of the President.

Mrs. Louisa Shelby, of Staunton, is dead. It was just about four weeks after the death of her husband, Judge Shelby.

The only woman ever convicted of horse stealing in Missouri was a beautiful girl of 18 years, on May 7. The jury gave her two years.

It is said that they have had to quit fining bills into the White House to accommodate the numerous members of the presidential family.—Ex.

Henry W. Grady, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, is to address the literary societies of the University of Virginia at their final exhibition on the 25th of June.

It is understood the President will appoint a portion of the federal spoils in the near future in West Virginia. Gen. Dailey, on the new West Virginia Central, left out.

It is conceded by republicans as well as democrats that the last republican speech of the New York campaign was delivered by ex-President Cleveland in response to the toast, "Our country."

Frank W. Palmer, of Illinois, has been appointed Public Printer. The newspapers differ. Many that republicans will now prepare for a change of administration.

It is the intention to the pity of most of the republican papers to tell you about an immense boom that is coming to Harrison if a republican President ever gets all to feel. There is nothing like thinking told you!

BEAVER SMITH'S three postmasters were removed in Pocahontas county last week. Clarkson is getting in his work pretty fast.—Beattie Democrat.

Mr. Democrat we haven't heard of them as yet.

There are five banks and six newspapers and an average daily sale of fifty dollars worth of postage stamps in Guthrie, Oklahoma, a town which did not exist prior to April 22nd. In a few days more we may expect to hear it boasting, with the rest of its occidental comporarries of "the finest opera house west of the Mississippi."

Where is the protection in American labor that you republicans talk about? We don't know where it is; but there is one thing we do know, that there are thousands of working men, working for whatever compensation they can get, and thousands upon thousands who are out of employment altogether, and have large families in a starving condition.

West Virginia is talking a phenomenal boom. More miles of railroad will be constructed during the present year than in any other one year in her history, and she is a Democratic state, too. Our Republican friends who are continually howling about old fogies and mossbacks and claiming that nothing but a Republican administration can attract capital into a state, should make a note of this.—Charleston Daily Star.

Rather a funny little episode happened near Philippi last week. A young man went to the clerk of the court and obtained a permit to wed a young lady. On his way home he called at the residence of another young lady, to whom he had been paying some attention, and exhibited to her his license to wed her rival. She, with rather more spirit than her sex usually possesses, getting the paper into her possession, very deliberately proceeded to tear it to pieces, and consign it to the flames, and the young man was compelled to postpone the wedding to another day.—Nicholas Chronicle.

The New York World says in Mr. Cleveland's conduct, since his retirement from the Presidency, many evidences that he aspires to become his party's leader in the next National struggle. It says in Mr. Harrison's disregard of the civil service, and the consequent disgust of the supporting element with the President, an opportunity for Mr. Cleveland. It says: "If Mr. Cleveland can and will make himself the exponent and champion of the real ideas and true principles of Reform—reform in politics, reform in administration, reform in legislation, reform in parties—his nomination would be quite possible, and he would have a vigorous supporter in the World."

Is it possible that the World is beginning to arrive at the light at last? It has a number of reforms which it would have Mr. Cleveland to make himself the champion and exponent of, or position of its vigorous support. Will could Mr. Cleveland say to this proposition: "All these things have I kept from my youth up." The World knows, that it is asking no pattern for Mr. Cleveland. He walked the referee's path all through his administration, and bowed to defeat. He may could have done more than he in the way of the reform element—because he was the very man himself, at times this is. The open opposition of the World to Mr. Cleveland began the very hour of his inauguration, and was bitter, relentless and stayed from that day till now. We are glad to see it ready to acknowledge at last that its war to oust the Democracy in victory in 1892 is Grover Cleveland.—Kansas Populist.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

Washington, May 10th.—Harrison made the best appointment that he has yet made when he selected Hatter Thompson, of South Carolina as the democratic member of the Civil Service Commission. Gov. Thompson was Assistant Secretary of the Treasury under Cleveland's administration, and was during the last days of Congress appointed by Mr. Cleveland to the same position he has just resigned from a Republican President, but the Senate did not act on his nomination.

There is a whining and wailing, and gnashing of teeth among the little crowd of late applicants for the position of Public Printer, five of whom are understood to have made a combination, each promising to give the other four appointments in the office if made Public Printer, over the last that the coveted prize has gone to Ex-Congressman Frank W. Palmer, formerly postmaster at Chicago. Whether Harrison suspected the "combine" which these applicants had entered into I can not say, but it is known that some days ago he told a gentleman that he should not appoint any of the applicants up to that time and asked him to name a good man for the office. Palmer was named, and after further investigation the office was tendered to him, and he accepted it. When the appointment was made public it was really amusing to see the members of the "combine" chasing around trying to find somebody to introduce them to the new Public Printer so they could get in their applications for the "fat" position under him. It is thought that one of these was Dennis, nominally of Pennsylvania, really of the District of Columbia, may lose his mind or great shock but the disappointment been at not being made Public Printer. He was so certain that he was to get the appointment that he had already given away several of the most important places in the Government Printing office.

It is evidently the purpose of the the republican politicians to make the census bureau an asylum for their political proteges. The Interior Department has decided that the appointments in the bureau will have next year when it gets regularly to work, over 1,000 clerks, besides an army of special agents, and the most of them will be kept for two years or longer. It will be a great convenience to provide said republicans to use them, year-times to pay off their political debts, and if the appointments were made under civil service rules that would be impossible.

The first of the fifteen contested election cases which are to come before the Fifty-first Congress was opened by the Clerk of the House this week. It was Culberson vs. Morgan, of the second Mississippi district.

Harrison having provided a snug place for his brother-in-law, or in-law, plans to appoint Harrison's brother to one of the most lucrative local offices in Washington—Brigadier of Wits.

The new secretary of Agriculture in order to pass his brethren is with farming implements, and wants to get solid with the farmers of the country, put in a fifteen hour evening given with a waffle in the grounds surrounding his department, but that this week. It seems he was entirely ignorant of the fact that several newspaper men had their eyes on him during the entire performance.

Republicans are closely beginning to compare Harrison with Hays and Arthur, they say that he is timid almost to the extent of cowardice.

It is said that the Post office Department is appointing clerks to the Railway Mail Service and during their apprenticeship in April in order to avoid compliance with civil service rules under which such appointments should have been made since May.

Senator Harrison thinks that Colvin S. Brice will be elected chairman of the National Democratic committee to succeed the late ex-Senator Barnum. This is good news to learn that Senator Gorman will not accept the position.

Theodore Roosevelt of N. Y. who has just been appointed as one of the republican Civil Service Commissioners, is a prominent free trader. Funny isn't it, that a man elected President solely because he was a rigid protectionist should give such a prominent appointment to a free trader.

The newspaper muse's luck has not yet deserted him. The new Public Printer is a member of the fraternity.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, and for Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning. Stage connects.

Jno. Frank, Carrier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of May 1889.

J. C. McNEEL,
Notary Public.

PUBLIC SALE!

I will proceed to sell at public auction Friday 17th commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., all of the Household and Kitchen furniture and Farming Utensils, belonging to Frank Chapman, on Beaver Creek.

TERMS cash in hand

E. W. ELAZD.

WOOL! WOOL!

We want to buy 10,000 lbs. of wool for which we will pay part cash. It will pay you to see us before you sell.

Very Respectfully,
Harold & Jones,
Frankford, W. Va.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

L. R. MOORE

Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

—Sheep Shearing.

—Oats planting is over.

—Three new subscribers this week.

—A special term of the County Court met this Tuesday.

—Watch this matter with the contributions this week.

—Dan. B., Sight, of Green Bank was in the city Tuesday.

—Rain isn't equal to make grass grow.

—Barbee Arbogast was in town Tuesday.

—Sheriff McNeel was in Huntersville Tuesday.

—L. W. Harold, of Frost was in Huntersville Tuesday.

—[illegible] of Huntersville was in town last week.

—E. A. Gibson of Ragland, Va., is in town.

—Capt. Waller, who has been on the sick list some time has recovered.

—[illegible] of Charleston was in town last week.

—A. F. Watkins, of Monroe Co., was in the city last Thursday.

—S. S. Wells of Baltimore, was in town Sunday.

—L. E. Sweet, of Huntington was in town last week.

Get in John Watts & Co. Frankford, W. Va., The Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9 tf

—Andrew Price, and Henry McClaughlin were in town the first of the week.

Buggy Harness and Saddles at $5.00 and up by the list at S. P. Lobb's Somerville, W. Va. 30 3m

—The County Court, Messrs. Moore and Beard, were here Tuesday.

—A Northern country man is going to put fifty seven acres of potatoes in potatoes.

A good line of ladies hats just received at Harold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va.

—Eli Richey has been appointed postmaster at Beverly, Randolph Co.

Having purchased from Killen & Co. my entire stock of goods, I will sell at cost for cash, for sale by A. F. Lobb, Somerville, W. Va. 30 3m

—They are going to vote for a site for the court house in the Little Levels.

If you want a good suit of clothes go to Harold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va.

—Lots of talking going on now. The talker who furnishes the biggest lot is usually the biggest liar.

—Don't forget that we are trying to raise a good local paper and want the news and if you know of any thing please report.

Notice.

The Frost Subscription of Wilderness Hall and Greenbrier Academy will take place Thursday and Friday, May 23rd and 24th. Exercises will begin promptly at 2 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to the Public to attend.

M. H. Lobban,
Prin. pro.

—B. Davis, of Knapp's [illegible] was in this place Tuesday.

Go to Harold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va., for your dry goods and notions. Best styles and lowest prices. may 9 tf

—The State Press Association of this State meets at Millsburg, on the 19th of June.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines in the world of John Watts & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9 tf

—C. E. Higgs, of Christiansburg, Va., was at this place the first of the week.

Call an examine our stock of queensware, we can sell you in both quality and price. Harold & Moore, Frost, W. Va.

John Watts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be in a during June Court with a full of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9 tf

—Messrs. E. H. Moore, Jos. McNeel and B. M. Beard, of Academy, were in to see us Tuesday. Mr. Beard was driving a fine pair of match bay mares.

—Sheriff McNeel and C. E. Beard, brought out Perry Townsend to jail last Tuesday, on a capias for non payment of fines &c., made at the last term of the Court.

—The Greenbrier Independent says that Mr. John Forgrason, of Lewisburg, died at his home on Thursday last, the 3rd inst., in his 74th year.

—Don't forget that next Tuesday 21st is school election day. Come to the polls and vote for Mr. Pl. G. Mathews, for County Superintendent; he is the only candidate in the field.

Harold & Moore, Frost, W. Va., have just returned from the east, and are now receiving the finest, best and most complete stock of goods they have ever offered the public, which will be sold low down for cash or good produce.

—Messrs. F. C. Mcvillough, Geo. Grant and U. A. Church, were in the vicinity a part of last week looking after inducements for a branch railroad from the C. & O., from the White Sulphur to this place.

—Don't forget the poor editor when you have a news item, or an business advantage. If your wife takes you, let us know it, and we will set it all right before the public. If you have company, tell us if you are not ashamed of your visitors. If a youngster arrives at your house begging for subsist, buy a lot of cigars and cause around, and if you are a cash subscriber, we will find a name for him or her as the circumstances will permit. And if you have a social gathering of a few of your friends, drop around a big cake, some of eight pies and a basket occasionally to eat, but as a guarantee of good faith. You needn't bother about calling us, for our machine isn't suitable to the occasion. We mention these things because we want the news, and we are bound to have it.

Life is Brief.

The landed estate belonging to Capt. Shober, passed beyond this world at half a few days ago. He was 87 years old, and has long since passed the Capt's reserve. It takes the second leg of our town, and her death will be regretted by those who depended on her, when they wanted to ride a short distance.

Mill Point Pickings.

Fine weather for planting corn and making garden.

Widower Mathews and M. F. Gum left for Thursday for Beverly Co.

The farmers are nearly all done planting corn.

Mr. Hedgecock has moved to Huntersville.

Mr. J. T. Hogsett is quite ill at this writing.

Mrs. Mary Hacker is putting in an enclosure.

We had a big rain and hail storm last Saturday night.

F. F. G.

Orders of Publication.

No. 1.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, W. Va., Circuit, on the first Monday in May 1888.

Wm. F. Arbogast &c. ... Pltf's.
vs. } In chy. No 1.
Wm. L. Austin &c. ... Defts.

The object of this suit is to have partition or sale of 4,000 acres of land lying on Knapp Creek, in Pocahontas County and the proceeds divided among the parties entitled thereto, according to their respective rights and interests, and to appointing Com. &c. to do said [illegible] Com. Wm. F. Arbogast, Wm. Austin, Peter John and A. M. Hart-man, Mary Driscoll, Catharine John, and Ann Hendricks, John C. D. Packard Defts to the bill, and [illegible] Graves are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the bills of Nathan Hart, are unknown, and that the bill appears to be true, and the said defts [illegible] to appear here within one months after the date of the last publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in the suit.

Teste:
A. M. T. Beard, Clk.
C. P. Mathews, p. q.
may 9th 4t

No 2.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia on the first Monday in May 1888.

[illegible] ... Pltf's.
vs. } In chy. No. 2.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. ... Defts.

The object of this suit is to have a sale of a tract of land containing about 1,700 acres, lying on the Allegheny mountain in Pocahontas County and the proceeds divided among those entitled thereto, according to their respective rights and interests, and to appointing Com. &c. to do said [illegible] Com. Wm. F. Arbogast, Wm. Austin, Peter John and A. M. Hartman, Mary Driscoll, Catharine John, and Ann Hendricks, John C. D. Packard Defts to the bill, and [illegible] Graves are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the bills of Nathan Hart, are unknown, and that the bill appears to be true, and the said defts [illegible] to appear here within one months after the date of the last publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in the suit.

Teste:
A. M. T. Beard, Clk.
C. P. Mathews, p. q.
may 9th 4t

No. 3.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia on the first Monday in May 1888.

[illegible] ... Pltf's.
vs. } In chy. No 3.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. ... Defts.

The object of this suit is to have a sale of a tract of land containing about 1,700 acres, lying on the Allegheny mountain in Pocahontas County and the proceeds divided among those entitled thereto, according to their respective rights and interests, and to appointing Com. &c. to do said [illegible] Com. Wm. F. Arbogast, Wm. Austin, Peter John and A. M. Hartman, Mary Driscoll, Catharine John, and Ann Hendricks, John C. D. Packard Defts to the bill, and [illegible] Graves are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the bills of Nathan Hart, are unknown, and that the bill appears to be true, and the said defts [illegible] to appear here within one months after the date of the last publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in the suit.

Teste:
A. M. T. Beard, Clk.
C. P. Mathews, p. q.
may 9th 4t

Order of Publication.

[illegible]

Private Sale of Land.

I will sell at private sale, all or any of that [illegible] land, lying on the Little Mare Spruce, in the county of Pocahontas [illegible] Terms [illegible]

Abram Lee, P. A. Trust.
Ragland, Va.

Carpenter Wanted.

A good wood working man will find steady work at good wages. Apply to the undersigned at once.

Harold & Moore,
Frost, W. Va.

Grist Mill.

We are prepared again to do the custom work at the Mill formerly owned by Mr. Andrew Price.

Bring on your grain and get your meal.

Harold & Moore,
Frost, W. Va.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business attended to for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with cases of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

[illegible]

Standing notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.50; after 12 months, $1.50. These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 16 1889.

Blackbird and House Snake.

Forest and Stream.

One bright morning last summer I was walking out in the country near town, looking for anything I could find, and seeing what I could in the bird line, when I was surprised to hear a great noise of birds [illegible]

[illegible] republican party that was elected last November.

All the records smashed. The City of Paris crosses the ocean in 5 days 23 hours and 7 minutes.

The State claims [illegible] population for Richmond, with a suburban population of [illegible]

The Parkersburg Journal seems to think that the prospects for the "Black Diamond" railroad are more encouraging.

Had it been Cleveland, it would have been [illegible] — as it is, Harrison and wage [illegible] remarks on [illegible] exchange.

[illegible]

A boy sixteen years of age, named Albert Parsons, attempted to elope with his step grandmother, Mrs. Mary Mall, aged twenty-two, last Saturday. They were intercepted at Clarksburg and the scheme failed. They were both from Taylor county.—Randolph Enterprise.

Mrs. Henry Yeager, of Greenbank, and Mr. Horner, of Traveler's Repose, with their families, all of Pocahontas county, passed through Monterey on April 24, enroute for Cheyenne, Wyoming.—Highland Recorder.

Wonder what the striking and locked out miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and those of Indiana and Illinois who have just been forced to suffer and unprecedented cut in their wages think of the success of "protection to American labor."—Register.

A Pointer For Enterprising Citizens.

The Grafton Eagle Sentinel says: The young men are the bone and sinew of the land. If we want to build up our State and bring about greater prosperity, we must keep our young men at home, and in order to do this we must offer them such inducements to remain as will overcome the attractions of other sections. This is a big, wide country of ours, but there is no section [illegible] greater [illegible] the State of West Virginia [illegible] if our young men can [illegible] to remain here and exercise energy they can do just [illegible] better than they could [illegible] elsewhere.

[illegible] Times reporter feigned [illegible] and was committed to [illegible] County Insane Asylum [illegible] was to satisfy himself of [illegible] result of inmates. He revealed [illegible] terrible story of cruelty and [illegible] on the part of several of [illegible] attendants, the result of which [illegible] death of a patient. The [illegible] expose was verified by [illegible] examination of the [illegible] and the attendants [illegible]

[illegible]

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 10th.—[illegible] made the last appointment [illegible]

A lady who was very talkative but at the same time very silly, complained that she was bothered by people who stayed too long.

"If they don't go why then don't you talk to them?" replied a female friend.

Mistress—"Why, Bridget, what in the world are you doing with my new dress on?" Bridget—"Sure, mum, it's yerself what gave it to me." Mistress—"I gave it to you?" Bridget—"Yis; yez said Oi could have it as soon as yez had worn it out, an' begorra yez wore it out yesterday afthernoon."—Harper's Bazar.

A maiden from the city tripped lightly 'mid the trees and sniffed the repugnant odor that floated on the breeze. "Oh tell me ancient farmer, with arms so brown and bare, what is that wondrous flower that scents the morning air?" Loud laughed the ancient farmer till the tears rolled down his cheek; "Why bless you that's a polecat and I've smelt him for a week."

Philadelphian—You are very fond of society, I see. Do you belong to the exclusive [illegible]

New Yorker—No, unfortunately there is a dark stain on my social record.

"Indeed!"

"Yes, it's too true. I once walked two squares on Fifth avenue with a very dear friend of mine, an eminent scientist who had on a suit of ready made clothing."

"Well, Ned, I proposed to Miss Jenkins last night, and she has accepted me."

"Did you, though? Why I never for a moment thought you had the slightest idea of marrying."

"I didn't, but Miss Jenkins won me so completely by her beautiful tact and delicate forethought."

"In what respect?"

"Why, when I called, she walked up to the mantel-piece and stopped the clock."

"Why do you speak in such a low voice?" said a member of a certain church to the pastor.

"Well," he replied, "when I first began to preach they called me a shouter, because I spoke so loud. One Sunday morning, just after I finished the prayer, and while the solemn hush was still upon the congregation, a little fellow broke the silence with the question: 'Ma, is God deaf?' I have never shouted since."

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers I offer the upper [illegible]

Dry Goods,
Hats, Clothing,
Notions, Groceries,
Hardware Queensware, Tinware,
Trunks, Valises
&c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

the Railway [illegible] World [illegible] their [illegible] by means of order to [illegible] it necessary [illegible]

IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES"

JOB OFFICE.

[illegible]

DIRECT TO CONSUMER

[illegible]

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL

AND HYPOPHOSPHITES

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

[illegible]

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

[illegible]

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

[illegible]

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP
IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

[illegible]

READ THIS TWICE

[illegible]

Beware of Imitations.

[illegible]

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

[illegible]

BLUINE

[illegible] BLUE IN THE WORLD.

[illegible]

[illegible] Watches for Two Dollars.

[illegible]

BLUINE M'F'G CO., West Acton, Mass.

THE FAVORITE CARRIAGE CO.,

FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.

Write for Catalogue. CINCINNATI, OHIO, U.S.A.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May, 23, 1889. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION $1.25 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 44.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. H. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Commissioners, C. B. Beard, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / G. P. Moore.
Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. H. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. KUNKEL,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKEE,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for settlement in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECK,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

E. J. H. SYDENSTR,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as near Spring and Fall. The exact date of such visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE STERLING CO.

THE STERLING PIANOS,
Quality of Tone, Purity of Temperament and Elegance of Finish.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years.
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BUCKLEY MT.

For THE TIMES.

There mountains cross the river,
No lonely look and dark;
No human sound, no human step,
I ever saw or mark.

The autumn come, the season go,
While snow flakes gently fall;
The trees take on their fresh green
dress,
But still 'tis silence all!

If I could see a child at play,
Or stately shepherd's staff,
Something to break the loneliness,
Something with which to talk.

I gaze until the topmost pines
Glare darkley down at me,
And summon to my wearied look,
What'er the skies may be.

If sadness reign, or gaiety,
If friends are there or kind,—
Duty, the bright and guiding star,
United that I see and find.

MRS. ANNA L. PAGE.
Marlinton, W. Va., May 1889.

In the Throat of a Boa.

BY GEN. EDWARD S. PAYSON.

"I can never look upon one of those writhing, slimy things without a shudder," said my friend, Colonel Paul Ballantyne, as we three (his pretty South American wife was of the party) stood in front of the boa constrictor's cage in the serpent-house at the Philadelphia Biological Garden.

"And yet, dear," interposed Mrs. Ballantyne—and she laid her hand brightly upon her husband's arm, and looked up into his handsome face with a wealth of love glowing in her lustrous brown eyes—"it is well not been for the serpent you would probably never have met me. But perhaps you regret that?" she added, with a pretty pout.

"Ah, that was the recompense!" said the Colonel, and he sighed her fondly. "But for that, I think I could never have summoned up fortitude enough to again look upon one of the monsters. As it is I cannot repress the shudder, and in fancy I feel myself again being corded down to death."

"You had an adventure, Colonel?" I ventured.

"Adventure!" he echoed. "Well, I should say so. The most horrible a man ever experienced. But you dine with us to-day, and then I'll tell you the story."

He did, and gave me permission to print it, which I have done without material alteration, and with the substitution of fictitious names for the real actors, who will doubtless read and recognize this history.

Three years ago my friend was sent to Venezuela, as the agent of a firm of mahogany importers, who had purchased some valuable forestry concessions in that country.

The lands lay along the banks of one of the bayous of the Orinoco River, about one hundred and fifty miles above the Isle of Trinidad.

The Colonel examined the tract, selected a site for a logging camp, and proceeded to its location, purchased supplies, and engaged a score Venezuelans, named Guzman Moulo a, to superintend the logging.

Indian laborers to fell the trees could be engaged in any quantity in the vicinity of the mahogany forest.

Manduca was a slightly built, sly featured fellow, with an engaging smile, to which he gave way at the slightest provocation. He was accompanied by an Indian named Jose, who was much attached to his master.

Colonel Ballantyne had several weeks' contract with his friends, on the way up the river, and he began to regret having engaged so many peacemakers so unlimited, but they did as thoroughly understand his work, and soon convinced his employer that he was worth more than the liberal salary that was paid him.

The camp was established, a corps of native axe men engaged and preparations were made to get together the material for a big mahogany raft, which would be floated down to the mouth of the bayou, where the precious wood would be loaded in vessels sent out by the firm which employed the Colonel.

Accompanied by Jose, who was familiar with woodcraft, the Colonel made daily excursions into the forest in all directions, to locate and mark the trees.

The tract proved to be a rich one. Mahogany trees were there by the thousand, and the forest was intersected by creeks in all directions, along which timber might readily be floated to the bayou, and thence to the river.

They had been in camp about a week, and the work was progressing satisfactorily, when Manduca, who had heretofore been kept too busy to quarrel, got into a dispute with his employer, and had it not been for the interference of some of the Indian workmen, one would have shot the other, for both men drew their pistols.

After they had both had time to cool down, the Colonel, who is naturally of the most forgiving disposition, apologized to his antagonist, and requested that the matter be forgotten.

He held out his hand in token of amity, but Manduca, with a shrug of his shoulders, and a contortion of his dark face, turned on his heel and walked away.

That night he and Jose held a long conversation, which was carried on in a low tone of voice, but although they looked frequently toward the Colonel and exchanged significant signs, he did not detect that they were plotting treachery.

The next morning the Colonel and Jose started, as usual, for a short expedition in the forest.

It was a fine day with the birds and they were making merry in the camp.

Jose carried a small hatchet for marking the trees, and over his shoulder was slung a hammock, containing lunch.

The Colonel walked in advance, armed only with a small rifle.

By noon they were ten miles from the camp, and further down the bayou than they had ever been before.

When they stopped for luncheon near a small spring, Jose informed his patron that they were only a few miles distant from the extensive coffee and indigo plantation of General Antonio de Silva, who succeeded Bolivar as President of Venezuela, and from whom the Colonel hoped to secure a concession to cut mahogany somewhere, and Jose showed the logging right.

After lunch the Colonel lighted his pipe, and leaned his back against a great live stock to enjoy an after dinner smoke.

Very by was a clump of low bushes, bearing a yellowish berry, and he asked Jose if they were good to eat.

Jose examined them, and them directly declared that they were poisonous.

"I have often eaten them down toward the coast, senor," he said, "but I have never seen any Indian so fat in the interior."

He turned his head, as he spoke, and then dropping his hammock, he sprang forward with a yell of terror, and in that something like the raspberry.

He did notice that Jose ate only a couple, one did he see the look of cunning exultation on the Indian's face.

Ten minutes after eating the first berry, the Colonel felt strangely exhilarated, and burst out into a rollicking college song with the boisterous hilarity of one intoxicated with absinthe.

His whole nervous system, even to his finger tips, tingled with pleasing excitement. He had a vague recollection of making a resolve to check his infirmous outburst; of seeing Jose glide away into the forest with his rifle over his shoulder; and a look of malignant hatred on his swarthy face; of struggling to his feet and calling to the Indian to come back; and then he rolled upon the ground and all became black.

Not until the following day did consciousness begin tentively assert itself. He then awoke, with a horrible sensation of helplessness.

The lower half of his body was numbed and paralyzed by a terrible gradually constricting power from all directions.

His limbs appeared dead, and all the blood forced out of them into the upper part of the body. His eyes seemed starting from their sockets; there was a ringing in his ears, and he breathed with great difficulty.

His throat was hot and dry, and he was consumed with a raging thirst.

He was lying face downward, and having determined to throw off the stupor, he raised his head to his hand.

Instantly he was dragged back ward several feet along the ground.

Horrified and bewildered, he made a frantic effort, raised himself on his elbows and looked about him.

He was held coiled in the center of a monster boa constrictor!

The reptile had begun to swallow him without first crushing him with its coils, as is usually the case.

When the serpent surprised in mercilessly gathering into several coils about his body.

Maddened at the loathsome contact, the Colonel gave a howling scream of agony, and reaching frantically at the ground, struggled to release himself from the deadly embrace of the serpent's folds.

But the teeth of his monstrous were fastened in his throat to hold him like a pair of iron screws, while the terrible serpent plans below was working with increased energy.

The Colonel ceased his struggles, and looked about wildness for Jose.

"What has become of him? Why he, too, being devoured by a boa already devoured by—"

A fate too appalling even these speculations, he suddenly became aware that Jose, before concealed from him, the Indian had disappeared in the wood, and then, like a flash, he remembered the fellow's conference with Manduca, and he realized that he had been left to perish.

At the terrible thought, he made another effort to escape.

The movement deducted the boa, and again it dragged him backward two or three feet, and again the constricting strain from below began.

So long as he was perfectly quiet, the serpent remained in his motionless coils about, and as he made to a most cautious manner.

He put down his left hand to feel the cruel fits of the boa constrictor's jaws.

They were three inches higher up his body than when he first experienced discouragement.

The exhaustion through which he had passed had exhausted his emotions, but this discovery again aroused them.

He tried to form some plan of putting an end to his existence, but his brain was no longer equal to the consideration of a definite idea. He was beyond all power of action.

Once he fancied that he heard the cry of some animal or human being near by, but he was too far gone to give his senses attention.

At last all seemed to be over with him. It was as though the darkness of night had gradually closed over him, the roaring sound in his ears continued for awhile and then all was silent.

He had sunk into the unconsciousness of complete exhaustion.

"I remember no more," said the Colonel, "until I came to my senses again, and found myself lying on a luxurious bed, in a most pleasant room."

"The first face that I saw as I opened my eyes, was that of the lady who afterward became my wife. At the time I thought her an angel from heaven, and—well, she is as near one as a mortal can be.

"I was very weak, and it was several days before I fully recovered. Then she told me the story of my rescue.

She is extremely fond of scientific pursuits, and was befriending in the forest, accompanied by her maid and two trusty servants, when she suddenly halted the head and shoulders of a man protruding from the mouth of a monster boa, whose body lay in serpentine length along the ground.

Taking in the greatest fact I was dead, and chilled with horror, she ordered the horrified my that I had dimly heard.

"It brought to her aid the servants, who were armed with sharp axes, to cut a path which necessary through the tangled undergrowth of the forest."

They boldly attacked the serpent, she succeeded in chopping him completely in two. It is true the lodge in his body dressed by serpent and legs. It was necessary, however, to slit open the severed head and such before I could be released.

"At first they thought the head, but were soon convinced of dragging a lingering spark of life."

I was then in relative dimensions, the corpse was taken to her home, and there she nursed him back to life and health.

A terrible journey, such for the time, was developed during the convalescence, and when he was able to return to the logging camp, he had promised to be his wife.

The men hastened from view of the Indian would discover, as the men, quite soon ignorant for his.

Jose had seen the gigantic serpent crawling slowly toward the Colonel while he lay, as he supposed, dead, and then, not content with his work, Manduca, a native savage.

Knowing the dreadful effect of the fruit of berries, the Indian had calculated on overpowering his victim, and then, if that was necessary, to his homicide hate.

When he returned to the camp he pretended that the Colonel had been killed and devoured by an immense serpent. But when subsequently the men saw the corpse of the boa constrictor, they knew the truth, and Manduca and Jose were driven from the camp, and never heard of again.

Colonel Ballantyne has since returned to Venezuela, and has been very successful in his operations.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Job work will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 29 1889.

"A Great Prosperity."

On the fourth of March the Republican legislature of Kansas, after singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," passed a resolution "that we congratulate the nation upon the dawning at this moment of a republican administration, and the consequent era of prosperity and good government." A few days later came the failure of the Leading bank works with liabilities of nearly $2,000,000, and throwing 2,000 men out of employment. Then the failure of the Excelsior pottery at Trenton, N. J., employing 300 hands, followed by the shutting down of the rolling mills at Reading, Kansas and Scranton, Pa., and the Findlay, O., iron and steel companies, with liabilities of near $500,000. A few more days passed and there came a lockout at the Fall River, Mass., cotton works, in which 6,000 men, women and children were thrown out of employment. Scarcely a day passes without a terrible reminder from somewhere that the "era of prosperity" of which the Kansas orators spoke has dawned upon the country. This is shown by the reduction of wages at mechanics and laborers and a decrease in the price of farm products all over the land. If he probably an "era of prosperity" for somebody and "prosperous" is hard to be a big thing for somebody, for we should [illegible] by the labor, the mechanic, the farmer or the producer in any of the branches of manufacture or trade? Not much. Such prosperity is not recognized by the honest people over the gentle men who have our government under their control. It may be an "era of prosperity" for them and it does seem to. If it did not pay them to pursue their present tactics and if it did not pay the millionaire manufacturers to shut down their works they could not and would they? Well, it hardly probable. But what are you going to do about it? "Prosperous" is the watchword of the republican party and it will be by power the nearly four years to come and it is the party in power and all in the end covers of the country [illegible] good times during the time they control of the last election. It is their time to make or lose power and they will make the most of their opportunity. The workingmen elected Mr. Harrison and the idea of "prosperous times" followed by the [illegible] of Anderson [illegible] that was their fault; good, but no right to "kick." He ought to take his medicine like a man. He asked for it and he has got it, but we imagine that it does not taste as good as he thought it would. Everybody is not to be a great scholar, and it has sometimes been a question [illegible] Uncle Sam who had followed his party when it led, would stopping to ask himself what [illegible] interest. But after all, they may have a necessary to [illegible] and we hope they will.

If not, we had better turn this country into a vast filled asylum and let "prosperous" rule the roost until its followers starve to death hugging their idol, which is in reality the most gigantic fraud of the nineteenth century.—Charleston Mail.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 17th.—Hon. Samuel J. Randall who has been confined to his residence in this city for several weeks past, is now much better, although not yet well enough to get out of doors. He contemplates spending the summer at the seashore.

Solicitor General Jenks, of the Department of Justice, who tendered his resignation at the beginning of the present administration, has been notified of its acceptance by the President to take effect on the 15th inst. Mr. Jenks will continue in the service of the Government as counsel in the telephone cases until they are disposed of. This position was the bone of contention which brought on the recent bitter wrangle between Senators Harrison and Quay. It was privately promised by Secretary Blaine's candidate Alphonso Hart, of Ohio, some weeks ago, but for some unknown cause the appointment has not yet been publicly announced.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger, would-be Congressman Langston and other anti-Mahone Republicans came to Washington and shook the President all they want to, but so far everything given out in Virginia has gone to a Mahone man.

A big scramble is now taking place daily at the Government Printing office, Public Printer having taken charge of the office Monday, since which time he has hardly been allowed an opportunity to eat or sleep so great is the rush. He has made but few appointments yet, but one of those few Chief John Kenny, was sworn in by ex-Senator "Billy" Chandler, of New Hampshire, who is now at Public Printer's headquarters, by his private secretary. "Billy's" friends are of course likely to be heard from when the contracts for the next supplies for the office are made next month.

Chief Justice Fuller has gone to Norfolk, and from there he will proceed to South Carolina on his circuit tour.

Hoffman's first negro appointment, Hon. James Townsend of Indiana, to be recorder of the General Land Office has created quite a commotion in the Land Office. In the division of which Townsend is to be chief there are 25 white ladies and every one of them is trying to get transferred to some other division or order to escape the negro chief. Some of the ladies state that "We actually have to put a certain amount of rouge and powder on our faces, and it will be very disagreeable for one to catch a negro at my expense. I shall get into some other division if I can, if not I suppose I shall have to stand it, as my sweet and better disposed upon it."

Chief Justice does not propose getting left in the good situation for office. Ex-postal Tarsney has appointed a board of private examiners for Justice, and the Civil Service Commissioners have requested a letter stating how some examinations can be held in Oklahoma.

It is said that the Harrison and Fairchild factions of Ohio republicans have got up a compromise on the Federal offices in Cincinnati, to get Gen. [illegible] Wm. Long Collector. The fun is a Blaine man and the latter give his hand to Foraker.

The civil list appointments here are a good deal of a bore and every one privately says he is disappointed. Under W. E. Hazell, editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, who wants to go to minister to Denmark. Hazell is the man who publicly insulted Mrs. Cleveland by a scandalous editorial in the columns of his paper while she and her husband were the guests of his city. It is surprising that he could get anybody to endorse his application.

The Court of Claims has decided that the celebrated Triggs' records, which have been in the custody of the Treasury department ever since the war should be turned over to Mr. Myers, the executor of the General Triggs' estate.

Ex-Congressman Ochiltree, who spends his time in New York, but for political purposes, claims a residence in Texas, says that Harrison has given him control of all the Federal patronage of Texas. It may be just as Mr. Ochiltree says, but you know Mr. Ochiltree is the champion romancer of the country.

Ex-Public Printer Benedict and brother, as chief clerk of the Government Printing office have been presented with handsome gold-headed canes by the clerical force of that office.

A Mysterious Death.

On Wednesday of last week some fishermen discovered the body of a man lying on the bank of Green brier river, about three miles above Alderson, in Fort Spring district, this county. The body had evidently floated down during the recent rise in the river and deposited where found. The authorities of that district were notified, and a jury of inquest went down from Huntersville to investigate the matter. The body was very much decomposed, and was that of a man 50 years of age and who well dressed, having on a fairly good suit of clothes, worth about $15 or $20. Nothing on his body was found to identify him. The only articles found were a couple of pocket knives, a memorandum book, a pencil, a memorandum book, a pencil, a memorandum book, a pencil

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 63, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this Lodge will be held on next Saturday evening, the 22nd inst. at 7 o'clock P. M. Work, Master Mason degree. By order of W. M.

J. S. DOYLE, W. M.
W. C. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6-21

HOME NEWS.

—Preaching to-day.

—Read Doyle & Doyle's new ad. this week.

—Read C. M. McCoy & Co's new ad. this week.

—A. Bell, of Salisbury was in town on Wednesday.

—Buggy harness and saddles at $5.00 per set, at retail at A. P. Leist's Emporium, W. Va. 30-3m

—Sidney Arbaugh was in town yesterday.

—Go to John Wiles & Co. Frank Bird, W. Va., for Dancing Skewers and Still Boilers. may 9-12t

—R. H. Wells, of Baltimore, was in per May the first of the week.

—Sewing Machines, Sink Eddie Kits, warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Emporium, W. Va. 30-3m.

—Go to Doyle & Doyle's for all kinds of Dry Goods.

—John Wiles & Co., of Pennsboro, W. Va., will be in Webster, Upshur County with a lot of Skewers, from 1st May until the 20th. may 9-12t

—Tell your friends that you would think they are hard enough times, would not have going to Doyle & Doyle's for their dry goods.

—Read the Leading Winners and Loosers, "by Lost Machines" Sink Eddie made by John Wiles & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—Lost, on W. court, the Sum of [illegible] Finder will please return to this office and receive reward. [illegible]

—L. L. Wright and wife, passed through town on their way to [illegible] Va.

—Mr. [illegible] Wednesday with [illegible] Mr. [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

May 23 1889.

The True Home Life.

From Good Housekeeping.

What is the central point of the home life? Is not this the question which we should ask, as home builders, ask ourselves? What are the things of all that we do, daily, weekly, or returning in their appointed time, which are only not necessary, but are harmful to the true home life? It may be that the only reason for doing certain things is because the proceeding generation has done the same things, and that, too, in very mechanical ways. A mother holds her first child while it sleeps upon her lap; it becomes accustomed to it. When she grows stronger she must lay it down to do necessary work; it frets and cries and refuses to take its naps. The mother is worn out in her efforts to do the work and quiet the cries; she carries the child about in her arms. It is slow to walk. She becomes nervous and irritable, to mend her baby, even. Her second child is cross and restless. She bears and rears several children. All through these years the mistake persists and wears her out. The children are but taught to depend upon themselves, and to be helpful.

The mother does unessential things and leaves the essential undone. Her mental growth stopped long ago; she, for the time when the little children find that mother cannot help them in their little studies, and also for the mother who has let the knowledge of her childhood slip from her, and has not advice to it both for herself and family! What is more beautiful to see than great-eyed boy daughters asking mother's opinion of some point which they are in doubt about, which they bring to her to have settled before they return to school? To have their trusts eagerly to left her upon their return that their work was right!

Sometimes it is through suffering only that a woman learns that there are many things which need not be done. It is often in those times of bowed spirit that she sees most clearly that real living is not a part of her home life. After her strength is gained and she has put the strength she can then think what she should do with the strength which is still left to her.

Temporal wants and pleasures must be considered, and indeed pleased for, but there are many things done in the way of cooking food as people come through its cookery, which should be taste merely, if at all. Anything which takes away one and keeps to keep up appearances of some advancement, should never be done.

Let children be taught that they may have many choices when they are more free, and keep them in order. In a home where the work is done by the mother and daughters, she [illegible] is pressed for

behind that when her daughters were old enough to iron much ruffled white dresses they preferred plain ones.

Nothing can take the place of neatness and order. These depend much upon good management, for one can always be cleaning, yet never clean, always arranging, yet never in order. Sometimes one's own spirit is restless which is the secret cause of the lack in the divine part of a true home life.

She Thought it Time to Get to Business.

"Oh darling Ethel," said the young man, as he moved nearer to the blushing maiden, "you really do not love me as I do you, or you would not be so cold."

"I am not cold, Herbert," murmured she.

"Yes you are. Here I have loved you madly for months, and to night I have told you so, and yet you refuse to let me kiss your sweet lips only once to seal our compact."

"It would not be right, Herbert," she sighed.

"Yes, it would, my darling one. It would not harm you; it would never be told to the cold ear of the world; it would be a token I should never forget. Do you give me one, just one, my affianced bride."

"Well, Hubert," said she, as her liquid eyes beamed love to his, "if I give you this token, will you give me one to keep near my heart?"

"Anything, darling, any token you may wish!"

"Only your name, dearest; your name on a piece of paper. It is only an old, s so exotic, aye perhaps a foolish, girlish idea of mine, but I want your dear name that I may carry it in my bosom, and gaze on it and kiss it when you are away. Just put your name here."

And Herbert did so only too gladly, and she placed the paper in her bosom, and when she reached her room she took it out and gazed on it. And above his name where he didn't happen to see, appeared this legend, which had been written just before he called:—"Evansville March 28, 1889. This night I promised to marry Ethel, and I hereby bind myself to do so at the time we mutually agreed on.—HUBERT MONTGOMERIE."

"Yes," she muttered to herself as she sank to rest on her pillow, "I think I've got him fast. There have been too many flunks kissing and clobbering over me for the last five years, and I think it's time to take a female and get a rare grip on one."

His Honeymoon.

The following rather singular method of of enjoying a honeymoon may commend itself to impecunious bridegrooms if it does not to their brides. The colored female cook of a family living in Boston came upstairs one afternoon, and, turning the mirrors of her apron with entertainment, said to her mistress:

"You see, missus, I thought it moughter be nice to be tellin' you dat Tuesday I done got married last week."

"Ah! and what is your name now, Hannah?"

"Mis' Williams, ma'am. You see, my husban', he am a cook, too. He am a chef in a hotel."

"A chef, eh! That's very nice. And do you expect to leave us directly?"

"Not directly, mum. I'll stay fo de present. You see, my husban' he's done gone to New York an' if somethin on his hotel-room an' it'll be nigh onto six weeks befo' he comes back."

Even if your children do learn to dislike reading in the bible. Buy it each of them in your own way. But what our Mothers Hale wrote to his child: "Every morning read seriously and reverently a portion of the Holy Scriptures. It is a book full of light and wisdom, and will make you wise in eternal life."—Rev. H. Hallet Newton.

A ship ruled by women—court ship.

Mrs. Blossom: "What's that? O horrors, the hotel's afire." Mr. Blossom: "Yes come on; we're no time to lose." Mrs. Blossom: "But here I am in my night dress." Mr. Blossom: "Good enough; I'm glad you got out of your boldness and into something decent."

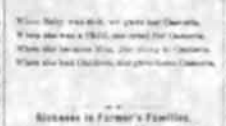
As it is the manly man who wins and satisfies a good woman, so it is the womanly woman who pleases and retains the desirable man. She need not be soft or silly, or weak or nervous—she may be strong, vigorous, resolute and brave; but, whatever she is, she must be womanly in order to please.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do are ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine, it is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

"Distance alienates conquers love," quoted a husband, in writing home to his wife from whom he had been some time away, "I hope, dear it won't be so in your case." "Oh no," she replied in her next letter, "the longer you stay away the better I shall like you." He had to take it this unsuspiciously, as he was afraid to risk asking an explanation.



Sickness in Farmer's Families.

A paper in a Massachusetts health report gives the suggestive summary of the principal cause of sickness in families of farmers:

1. Overwork and exposure; the women being more frequently overworked.

2. Improper and improperly cooked food.

3. Damp location of dwellings.

4. Want of cleanliness about their houses, especially in reference to drains, privies, cellars and proximity to barnyard and hog pens.

5. Impure drinking water, largely due to preceding causes.

6. Defective imperfectly ventilated and on the general floor, with the too general use of feather beds.

7. Insufficient respiration.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

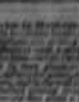
In all centers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED

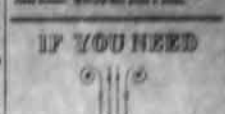


Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Books, Pamphlets, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

OR

"JOB OFFICE,"



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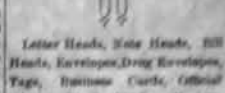

WHY YOU SHOULD
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil
HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as Efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

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Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

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BLUINE

LAUNDRY BLUE IN THE WORLD.

BLUINE

THE FAVORITE CARRIAGE CO.

FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May., 30, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 45.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Cl'k of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. B. Beard, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. A. SCHERR,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for soldiers in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ELZEY,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. A. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. S. MYERS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as my Spring visit. The Knox As a of such visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE STERLING CO.

THE STERLING PIANOS,
Quality of Tone, Variety of Design, FINISH and Reasonableness in the Price bring to Piano Lovers Satisfaction.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years
and instruction pamphlet of every purchaser of Piano or Organ.
STERLING ORGAN
Factories, Derby, Conn.

READY TO BE MARRIED.

I am ready to be married;
I can make a loaf of bread;
I can cook as nice a dinner
As my mother, so she said;
I can keep a room in order,
Sweep the house and make a bed;
Mother says a girl may marry
Who can make a loaf of bread.

I am ready to be married;
I can cut and make a dress;
Mark the lines with the seams stitch;
Mend the hose, that's hardly less
Fine and dainty than a cobweb;
So I dare to tell him. "Yes!"
Mother says a girl may marry
Who can cut and make a dress.

I am ready to be married;
I can knit a stocking well;
I can make and I can darn it,
And a "bargain" I can tell;
I can shop and go to market,
And I'm not a tall-room belle;
Mother says a girl may marry
Who can knit a stocking well.

I am ready to be married,
And I have a lover true,
Just the handsomest and dearest
Lad that ever came to woo.
Never maiden loved her lover
Half so dearly as I do;
Mother says a girl may marry
When she has a lover true.

—Ex.

Old Sam and Mam Dukes.

BY F. M. BURTON.

"An, did yer momma never tell yer of that, Elsie, me darlin'? How the sun an' the moon dance togeth-er, the bot' of 'em, on Easter morn-in'? Oh! oh! what a choice it is, it is! Might be she never heard of it, for there be a heap of ignorant ig-norance in 'America wurin' to be-pelt in the nature an' burst up like a pork o' peet, as it is. Pact, an' I think the most beautiful Virgin is Irish, an' so I do I!"

"But really, Maggie," and little Elsie's blue eyes were wide with wonderment, "really and truly, does the sun dance with the moon on Easter morning?"

"What would I be tellin' ye for if it wasn't so at all? They do in Ireland; just as sure as the island ever comes up dripplin' out av the say, here yahl England in the dark. Just look to her! The moon runs happily skip across the sky an' joins hand with the sun, an' they dance a rale Irish jig together."

"That must be dreadfully funny," said Elsie gravely then, a look dazed lingering in her puzzled thoughts. "Did you ever see them Maggie?"

"See them, is it? Oh-oh, run away, now, to yer mamma an' thing-a-ing me bothy-some questions. Don't I tell ye it's so? What more do ye want, I dunno?"

Elsie put her little finger in her mouth and pulled slowly and with abstracted gaze into the sitting room where her mother sat reading and her father was reading the evening paper. She sat down upon a low stool under the mantel and studied the brown and yellow figures of the carpet. In the soft light of the big lamp on the center table the brown waxed floor looked more than it did by daylight, and the yellow was almost white. Elsie wondered vaguely whether the yellow roses would be white during the hours with the sun, for she remembered that whenever it appeared of day it was suddenly gone; and would the sun turn his donkey cart wide for just one minute so that she could have a good look at him? and would the moon have fun? and would the poor's legs go right along from the grass, but little at home, or would there be a lady like papa's? It would both, and the reason more likely, would both just sit from side to side and laugh to each other's face because they resumed their regular duties!

It was strangely interesting to the eight year old, and it happy to declare she forgot all about the old figures in the new carpet.

The bronze clock above her head began to buzz with immense importance and then uttered a single tiny ring and went on ticking hurriedly, as if in haste to reach the next hour mark, when its buzzing should pre-lude a more significant announce-ment. All well regulated clocks are subject to this vanity; they puff out the cheeks of their faces, cattle away as if all their precious insides were falling to pieces; the pendu-lum is silent, and then the announ-cation ends with a few silvery strokes more or less, after which the time-piece recovers its modest self pos-session and goes on about its useful business.

"Half past 8," said Mrs. Durant, glancing up at the clock. "Time little girls were in bed."

"Mamma," exclaimed Elsie, tak-ing a tuck in her dress with her fingers and looking hard at her feet, "mayn't I sit up all night just this once?"

"Mercy on us!" cried Mrs. Du-rant, laying her sewing down in her lap, "what does the child mean?"

Papa Durant looked inquiringly over the top of his paper.

"I want to see the sun and the moon dance together," replied Elsie "and I can't wake up early enough if I go to bed."

Momma Durant was too aston-ished to speak, but papa, with an amused smile, said:

"You would have your trouble for nothing, Elsie; the sun and the moon don't indulge in such antics."

Elsie did not understand her father's words exactly, but she felt the denial and she responded:

"Maggie says they do every Eas-ter morning, when the sun comes out of the sea, and the moon hop, skips and jumps, and they take hands and dance in the sky at least in Ireland the both of them, and perhaps, if I just sat up all night, they'd do it for me. Please papa."

Papa laughed.

"If you sat up little one," he said, "you would not be awake in the af-ternoon to sing with the other chil-dren in the Easter festival. You wouldn't like to miss that?"

"I think I'd rather see the dance," responded Elsie.

"Maggie shouldn't put such no-tions in little girls heads," said momma, and forthwith Elsie was bundled off to bed. Her lips pout-ed with something more than affec-tion when she kissed her father good night, and two or three tim-es were tears rolled slowly down her face; but she went to her room without a murmur, and when her head was on the pillow she looked out at the stars and wished some-thing would tumble awake. Her father had cautioned her darling as to the coffee making Maggie's ser-vice; but it would Elsie have taken much more than that to dissuade her, for the event was too interesting not to be tempted, and she was more than willing to see herself whether it was so.

As she lay wondering about it all, a thought suddenly sprang into her head. Why should she not stay awake and see the dance? Papa and momma had not said that she must not, and that would not com-pel much when she told them at breakfast what she had done. She thought he was a real determina-tion, and the moment the moon looked at the stars counter with open eyes. Then she caught her self flopping and she sat up in bed. Even in this attitude her head speedily dropped, and she got out and stood in front of the half open window. Across the road a street lamp made fantastic shad-ows of the trees and houses, and far away a dog barked. From the room below came the clear, high tones of her mother's voice and the deep, somber murmur of her fath-er's replies. Mellow sounds from the top of the little till back of the house told that the church clock was striking 9. How slowly the time passed for Elsie! She looked up again at the stars and thought how tired the angels must get watch-ing through the dark silence of ev-ery night. Then somebody walked rapidly by, and when she could no longer hear his footsteps she won-dered if it was nearly 10 o'clock. At last it grew chilly, and she clinched into bed again, just for one minute to get warm.

The evening that grown old for country folk before Mrs. Durant put aside the work that had lain idle in her lap for many minutes, and followed her husband to their cham-ber. Her thoughts had gone back to a happy time when her son Willie was with her. Only five years ago, and how long it seemed. He had yielded to a restless disqui-etude and wandered away, where she knew not, except that it was excitedly reported that he had slipped aboard an East Indiaman. If he were alive he would be nearly 20 now, but no word from or about him had ever been received. He had been absent a year when his parents sought to overcome the depression that grew upon them by leaving their former home and establishing themselves in a pretty cottage vil-lage where this story finds them.

Mrs. Durant said nothing to her husband of their common grief, and before she slept she had poured her aching heart in thoughts of Elsie, upon whom she poured forth all of a mother's yearning affec-tion.

Elsie stirred. There was a flow of soft light in her room, and the shade that had shown so clearly into her window were almost invisible. His sprang from her bed with a great fear at her heart. Was it day? No, there was the moon smil-ing at her and making the whole night glorious. How had the moon come around the house corner so quickly? Had she been asleep? The event then had been just now. It could not be more than a moment since she snuggled her toes under the blankets, and refused to open her eyes to the dazzle she promised to put on her clothes. She would go up to the church at the top of the hill. There she could see all of the Union World would that vague workings of home for all town where papa used to live.

With eyes set to awake no more, Elsie crept down the back stairs, drew back the bolt of the kitchen door, cautiously opened it and stepped out. Everything was wan-derfully still, as if the earth was holding its breath in expectancy over the heavenly vagary in store of darkness. Across the sidewalk and the night dew had thrown for Elsie. She walked quickly across the yard and through the sagging wicket hedge to the low wall that bounded the churchyard. Over this, as I presently she stepped upon the flat checkers of the church. The moon was on the other side of the church now, so that might have seen that it was but a few minutes past midnight. Entirely satisfied with her adventure thus far, she sat down upon the church steps to wait.

Then for the first time she saw that she had been followed. Noise-lessly stepping across the grass came Don, the family cat, who was busy

Continued on fourth Page.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	8 00	10 00
Qr. column	5 00	8 00	10 00	17 00
Half col'n	8 00	10 00	16 00	30 00
One col'n	16 00	26 00	36 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion; and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.50; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 30 1889.

Fourteen lawyers have been president of the United States.

A Cincinnati man, in order to keep peace in the family, has married his mother-in-law.

Governesses are going to the front. Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts was a governess and so was Mrs. Levi P. Morton.

Mr. Gladstone's visit to Italy has improved his health immensely. When he returns to London he will look ten years younger.

Francis D. Duffin, of Brooklyn, a printer, set $300 on the losing horse at the race, and then settled his grief by committing suicide.

Hon. Theodydie Ros, recently appointed by President Harrison United States Minister to Russia is dead.

Prince Louis de Ligne and Victomte de Jongle fought a duel at midnight by torch light in a French forest. Nothing was wounded except trees.

THE Democrats have secured a majority of five in the constitution al convention of Montana. The prospects for the Saints do not look so dark, after all, do they brethren.

Mrs. Oscar Folsom, mother of Mrs. Cleveland, was married on the 20th in Jackson, Mich., to Henry E. Perrine, of Buffalo. He is secretary of Buffalo City Cemetery Association.

Hon. John Wanamaker, distributed $100,000 among his employes last week. It was the result of his profit sharing system adopted in his Philadelphia business house.

Hon. Asa T. McGraw has resigned as Collector of Internal Revenue. He will be succeeded by A. S. White, editor of the State Journal, a leading partisan paper at Parkersburg.

The Boston Journal reports that Samuel Cummings of that city while leaning against a rail in his grain mill, "began sneezing and sneezed so hard that he dislocated his shoulder."

Miss Anne Wendle, a young lady who lives in Wetzel county has completed a lace quilt containing 22,140 pieces. She commenced it when seven years old, having worked at it for fourteen years.

A Republican exchange says: "A man who is addicted to drink is not likely to get anything from Harrison." We can understand now why it was that so many of the brethren who seemed to have every prospect of office failed to get there.

A Clay county preacher has been ordered to keep accounts for gambling at cards. The failure of his book to pass promptly in the Sunday "pool" is, no doubt the cause of the minister's efforts to replenish his purse by a little game of draw.

Old Kanawha did nobly on Tuesday. Cutting down a majority of 1,200 to about 150 is not so bad, even if a full vote was not polled. At the same rate of increase we will be able to carry the county by about 800 majority at the next election.—Charleston Star.

THE iron makers of the South are driving the Pennsylvania furnaces out of blast. The Southern mills have been selling pig iron in New York at $16.50 a ton for a year, while the Pennsylvanians have been compelled to get $18 per ton for theirs, or close their mills. The Tariff will not help Pennsylvania hereafter. Virginia, Tennessee and Alabama are the countries from which Pennsylvania must protect herself, and she can't do that by a tariff.—Charleston Gazette.

The editor of the New York Times, Mr. C. R. Miller, in a closing lecture before the Dartmouth Alumni Tuesday on the "Art of Making a Newspaper," said among other things:

"The art of making a newspaper, like any other art, demands of him who would practice it a special skill and some information. The vulgar error that the newspaper art demand no special training, but may be taken up at a moment's notice and a generous salary by any man or woman temporarily out of work or unacquainted with any kind of work, is traceable to an obvious source. Young men are admitted to the practice of the law; they are graduated in medicine, and they are ordained or appointed ministers of the Gospel, in each case after a fixed term of study has elapsed and an ascertained degree of professional knowledge has been acquired. Of him who asks for work on a newspaper office no degree, license, or certificate is exacted. Yet no contention is that the training which fits one successfully to practice the art of making a newspaper is no less arduous, is usually rather more prolonged, and yields no smaller volume of attainment than the special studies preparatory to the practice of law, of medicine, of engineering, or architecture, or the instruction of ingenuous youth."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—"Hot stuff has a week back loose," said a republican Senator, and it is constantly growing weaker. There is every indication that we are to have a repetition of the worst features in the Hayes and Arthur administrations." This language was used by a man who is generally regarded as being very friendly to the administration, and there is no doubt that he is, but he was asked by a republican friend his opinion of the President and he gave it without reserve. And the known facts in a number of cases bear the Senators statement as to a week back home out. For instance he wants to put his old law partner Attorney General Miller in the Supreme Court bench, but owing to a vigorous protest from the Indiana republicans, who want Judge Woods of that State appointed, he does nothing. Again: In the early days of the administration John Wanamaker selected a business man of Philadelphia to be Postmaster at that city, and Mr. Harrison lacked the nerve to make the appointment. And again: Sometime ago John Sherman was promised that his Congressman Hall, of Ohio, should be appointed Solicitor. Gen'l Hall was telegraphed to and told to come on and get the appointment. They made a big row arousing fearful of lying etc., and intimating that the administration might go to pieces, for all he cared. Then says Harrison's luck turned great luck on him and Hall's appointment has not yet been made out. The cases mentioned are all well known, doubtless there are many smaller ones that the public never hears of, but these are sufficient to prove that the Senators indictment is a true one.

Oklahoma can't have a national bank. He says the Attorney General to whom the application was referred to the Treasury department.

Some absurd rumors about the sending of an English man of war to Alaskan waters to prevent the provisions of Harrison's recent proclamation, as to the seizure of all vessels found illegally taking seals, from being carried out; forcibly if necessary, have been floating around here this week but nobody seemed to take any stock in them.

Justice Miller of the Supreme Court, having failed in his purpose of getting ex Secretary of War Mr. Crary, appointed as his successor, or rather in getting a promise to that effect from Harrison, now says that he has no intention of retiring.

Washington has been the scene of some very heavy fighting among some of the big fellows in the republican party during the present week. Blows have been passed that will be remembered for years and revenged too, if the opportunity comes, and it most always causes strife among the leaders distribution of the patronage. The first skirmish was between Representative Cannon, of Illinois and Senators Cullom and Farwell of the same state. Cannon got one of his constituents appointed collector of Internal revenue without consulting either of the Senators. Cannon has the best of it so far as the Senators swear vengeance. The next engagement was a battle royal that has raged all the week. It is over the Philadelphia Federal appointments. On one side is "Cheap John" Wanamaker, Representative Harry Bingham and Tom McManes, and on the other Senator Quay alone, with all his war paint on. The fight has been carried to the White House nearly every day and poor Harrison has been compelled to act as referee much against his will. This fight is still on, with the result in favor. Another engagement was caused by a U. S. Marshalship in New York, Senator Evarts dared to oppose the candidate of Senator Hiscock and Boss Tom Platt, and not only to oppose the other candidate but to have one of his own. The three met here this week and indulged in a few rounds. Evarts is believed to have been completely knocked out. It seems to be generally believed by the republicans that Harrison will call an extra session of Congress in October. Of course everybody knows that there is no earthly occasion for an extra session except to give the republicans two months to fight over the organization of the House and to perfect their arrangements to get at least three fourths of the contested seats.

Blaine, Windom and Proctor do not that they propose resigning, as was rumored.

Many people from Washington have gone to Alexandria to-day to witness the unveiling of a bronze monument to the Confederate dead.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

MILES 4 NEARER 4 NEARER

OUR LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER.

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first-class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
(Successors to Fudge & McClintic.)
Mt. Grove, - - Va.

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

I. B. MOORE,
Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 85, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the same falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.,
A. F. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

HOME NEWS.

—Geo. W. Siple, of Green Bank, was in town Friday last.

—Geo. Ginger, of Dunmore was in Huntersville last Saturday.

—H. A. Coulter, of Aylmer was in to see us last Saturday.

—County Supt. Mathews, was in town Monday.

—B. K. Burns, of Academy was in Huntersville Monday.

—Harry Moore, of Dunmore was in town last week.

—J. W. McNeil, of Edray, was in to see us Monday.

—Rev. W. T. Price of Marlinton was in to see us Monday.

—Dr. Mathew Wallace, of Mill Point was in to see us Tuesday.

—Quite a little snow in several parts of the county last Saturday, how's that for the 25th of May?

Buggy harness and Saddles at $20 and up to $60 at A. P. Leist's Lewisburg, W. Va. 30-2m

—The County Court, Messrs. C. Hannah, S. S. Hannah and Geo. Beard were in town Monday.

Go to John Wurtz & Co., Frankfort, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Binders. may 9-12t

The County Court met last Monday to canvas the election returns.

Sewing machines from $25 to $50, warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Lewisburg, W. Va. 30-2m

The school election is over and Mr. Mathews, elected Co. Superintendent.

Guy Slaven who has been at selling the Hillsboro Academy has returned.

Miss Mary Curry, has returned to the Hillsboro Academy where she has been in attendance.

John Wurtz & Co., of Frankfort, W. Va., will be here during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't forget to see them. may 9 12t

Don't it about time somebody was doing something toward getting up a big Fourth of July celebration?

For the Deering Mowers and Binders, the best machines ever made of John Wurtz & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9 12

One Jno. Smith, a logman, is wanted, for rape, committed on the Mr. Perkins, on the river near Hillsboro.

Mrs. C. A. Dennison and family are visiting her parents Mr. J. C. Lacy, at this place. Mr. Dennison was with them but returned Monday.

Quite an enjoyable afternoon was spent Sunday in singing at this place, led by Profs. D. B. Moore and S. J. Smith, of Edray, and M. A. Friel.

—H. G. Mathews, the only son of Lewis for County Superintendent was elected by a handsome vote. The vote taken at Academy for a Mr. Moore whose was defeated by two.

—Rev. W. E. Miller, of Hillsboro preached at the Methodist Church at this place on Monday night and Tuesday. His sermons were interesting and instructive and very much appreciated by the audience.

—The residence of Brice and Chumley at Mingo, was destroyed by fire last Sunday. The fire originated from a defective flue. The property destroyed is known as the Dorcas homestead. The loss is estimated at $1,000. No insurance.—Enterprise.

—Dr. C. L. Austin and Maj. J. C. Arbogast, of Green Bank, were in town Tuesday. The Doctor says if a person were to depend upon the United States under the present administration there would be no certainty about getting married. On Friday last he mailed a dollar to the Clerk with the request to send by return mail a marriage license, but no letter nor dollar has yet reached the clerk's or the Doctor had to come to town himself.

—The Pocahontas Musical Association held very pleasant sessions at Frost, May 23-25, under the direction of Prof. S. B. Moore, aided by a corps of Musical teachers, and organists. The attendance was large, and enthusiastic, and the interest in sacred music enhanced. Profs. Sweeker, Smith and Buckman, Capt. Gilmer, from Highland, Rev. G. P. Moore, Profs. A. C. Moore and M. A. Friel, were among the more prominent of the lecturers. Rev. O. B. Sharp, was secretary, Misses Ida Herold Nina Herold Ida Smith and Mrs. Laura Herold rendered very efficient service upon the organ, that added much to the success of the convention. Outlines of an address, to be published by request of the convention, may be looked for in our next issue.

—Geo. Marteny, a young man about 17 years old, was instantly killed yesterday, Thursday, near his home, two miles east of Beverly, by the accidental discharge of a gun in his own hands. He had his gun ready to shoot a squirrel on a tree near by, and it is supposed that forgetting that he had it cocked sat it down on the ground with sufficient force to discharge it, the ball entering his breast and passing through his body lodged just under the skin. He clasped his hands upon the wound and ran about twenty-five yards, when he fell and instantly expired. A younger brother, who saw the accident, immediately informed his parents and the lifeless body was carried to the house near by. He was a quiet, industrious, well behaved boy, and the tragedy has cast a gloom over the community.—Enterprise.

Church Notes for June

Sacramental meeting at Liberty church, 1st Sabbath of June, 11 o'clock, a. m. Preliminary services Saturday night.

Sacramental services at Martin's Bottom, 3rd Sabbath of June. Preaching services Saturday morning before, 11, a. m. The aid of Rev. D. S. Schoonmaker is expected.

All day meeting at Mary Gilmore's Chapel on Elk, on the 5th Sabbath of June. Parties will please bring their baskets and spend the day in social singing and religious exercises. W. T. P.

Split Rock Sabbaths.

Sunday school was organized at this place Sunday the 19 inst with an enrollment of forty.

Mr. Gibbs who has been visiting friends in this county and Miss Ora Tallaferro who has been the guest of Col. Gatewood the past two weeks, left for their homes Wednesday morning.

Twenty three scholars enrolled at the Big Spring school.

Capt. Hosier was over on Elk a few days ago but as he was afraid of snakes he did not stay long. One morning he met two ladies who had started to gather wild flowers. They saw a very large snake and called to Capt. Hosier, after he had passed to come back and help to kill it, but he pulled off his hat and ran until he reached Col. Gatewood's. There the ladies found him an hour afterwards sitting in a comfortable arm chair, he thought they killed the snake and when they got to Capt. Hosier jumped up and said "I won't do it a monster snake as killed [illegible]

P. L.

Runnels Happenings

Wm. Conkley and Will McGlaughlin and Misses Mollie Smith and Mary Conkley attended the Commencement exercises of the Hillsboro M. & F. Academy.

Rev. Wm. R. Miller is absent helping Rev. W. E. Bellenger with the Quarterly meeting at Dunmore.

The Quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church will be held here next Saturday and Sunday. Rev. Miller will be assisted by Bro. Kinner, P. E.

Mrs. Hinkle Wissinger, of Pocahontas, passed through town last week on her way to visit her parents on Beaver creek.

Married—the 5th of May at the residence of the bride's parent in Barr's Valley, Miss Caroline Rider to Mr. Geo. Dunbrack, of Sewanee tia and at the same time by the same minister, Mr. David Dean to Miss Susan Rider. The young ladies were sisters and the one that Mr. Dunbrack married had never been over a mile from home in her life.

PRUNELLA

The Buckhannon papers say they have an exhibition in that town now, a portion of the skeleton of a giant, which, when living measured twenty-eight feet in height. One half of the jaw bone, extending from the point of the chin to the back, measures twenty eight inches and weighs sixty five pounds. Three front teeth are missing, the balance, four molars, are intact and about the size of a just cup. The tibia or shin bone, from the knee to the ankle, measures about five feet; a portion of the lower extremity, however, is gone. The rib bone is about thirty three inches in length. There is also on exhibition the jaw bone and shin bone of an ordinary sized man. The deportment of the one not corresponding exactly with exactness also does the nerves, etc. This skeleton was unearthed by a Mr. Maggie, in the southern part of Louisiana, in 1878, and it is estimated to have weighed when living, eight thousand pounds.

Minnesota has a law on the subject of intemperance, the operation of which will be watched with a good deal of interest. It makes it a crime to be drunk, either in public or in private, and is punished by fine and imprisonment.

There is, to our mind, something wholesome in this law, and we believe it will accomplish more in the way of reforming the intemperate than any legislation yet devised. It will prevent the frequency of the example, and increase accordingly the disgrace of the crime.

Make it odious to be intoxicated—as it ought to be—and there will be fewer cases of drunkenness, and less use of intoxicating drinks.—Charleston Gazette.

While Bismark was at college he fought twenty eight duels.

A. M. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

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Ready Made Clothing,

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DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents, and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

Call and see them, and we assure polite and courtly attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings. Cargo unknown.

JOHN FRANK, Carrier.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, entered in the Chancery Cause of E. J. Sitlington's Executor and Wife, vs. James P. Cooper and Wife, on the 3rd day of April 1884, I as Commissioner appointed by said decree will on the

4th DAY OF JUNE 1884

proceed in front of the Court House door of said County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing about 400 acres, the property of the defendants James P. Cooper and wife. Terms of sale—One third of the purchase money on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, the deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by a deed of trust on the property sold.

C. B. McCLINTIC,
Commissioner.

Orders of Publication.

No. 1.

[illegible]

Order of Publication.

[illegible]

No. 2.

[illegible]

No. 3.

[illegible]

PATENTS

[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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Yearly notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 6 months, $1 25; after 12 months, $1 50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 30 1889.

Continued from First Page.

the child by the hand, walked with her up to the steps through the orchard.

"'Twas up here you was going to see the sun dance, wasn't it?" he asked, and when they were seated together on the church steps he made many inquiries about her, learned that there was in her mind a vague memory of a brother, and that mamma had said he would surely return some time. Presently the bell in the steeple above them struck one, and the stranger tried to persuade the child to her home and bed. She persisted in her desire to see the morning dance of sun and moon, but her eyes were heavy, and before she knew it, she was fast asleep in the stranger's arms. He had taken off his coat to shelter her, and in a corner of the church portico they passed hour after hour of the slow Easter morning.

It was yet some minutes before sunrise when Mrs Durant was startled from her sleep by a violent knocking at her chamber door.

"Mis' Durant! Mis' Durant! Hattie ye up? Elsie's gone!"

Maggie, on the way to the kitchen of early misses, had gleaned into Elsie's room. During the few minutes that followed, confusion and anxiety enshrouded the premises of the household. Then Mr. Durant set out to warn the constable, and Mrs. Durant, painfully agitated at the thought of losing another child, began to search the neighborhood. She went by the road that wound about the hill to the church. As she neared the building she saw a man standing in the portico, and she determined to ask him if he had seen Elsie. He did not see or hear her. She had come quite near when the sound of his voice made her stop stock still with a tremor of fearfulness about her heart.

"Wake up, Elsie," he said; "the sun is just coming up."

"Is he dreaming?" inquired a small sleepy voice from a bundle in his arms. "Where is the moon?"

"Elsie! Willie! My children!" cried Mrs. Durant, running forward.

The man, a young and not bad looking fellow, about twenty-four and confidence in appearance, rose quick to and said:

"We're here, brother!"

And if the sun and the moon really do rise on a dreary heavy [illegible] in the church, and the cattle moan lowest on from the grassy side of her joy. If they did not dance then it is doubtful if they ever have done so since the first Easter.

The government appropriated $100,000,000 expenditures for 1889-90.

The Days That Go.

It may safely be set down as a fact that Western farmers, at least those who raise cattle mainly for beef, have concluded that the horns must go. A great many dairymen are undecided because of the vehement assertion that dehorning destroys the "butter potency" of bulls and the milking qualities of cows—an unproved theory as yet—but the beef grower has made up his mind. It is now simply a question as to the manner of their going—whether they are to be bred off by the use of polled bulls, or sawed off, or gouged out, or whether they will simply kill the horns as they do weeds when they begin to sprout.

The cattle raising world has been startled in the last three months by the announcement that by the simple and single application of a chemical costing 2 cents per head, the discovery of Mr. John March, of Shullsburg, Wis., the growth of horns can be entirely prevented. We are skeptical at first, but a representative of the Journal visited the farm of Mr. March and made a personal and critical examination of a number of grade short horn calves from seven to ten months old dehorned by this method, and came away with firm conviction that the method was a complete success. Probably the most convincing proof is furnished by the skull of a seven-months-old calf, which our representative examined carefully, and which was semi-dehorned by this method the chemical having been applied to one side and not to the others.

It is not necessary for us to enter into any argument as to the advantages of dehorning beef cattle. We have advocated that from the beginning for all grade cattle. We have commenced taking them off even the thoroughbreds on the Journal farms, and will dehorn this year's calves with the chemical. It is folly to grow horns on cattle when for two cents per head they can be prevented, with scarcely any pain, without danger and without any possible deformity.—Western Farm Journal.

Household Notes.

Fresh milk boiled with rut sugar will soothe a cough when other things fail.

Boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm, salt to give stable dissolved.

A strip of flannel or a napkin wrung out of hot water and applied round the neck of a child that has croup will usually bring relief in ten minutes.

To save toothache, pulverize about equal parts of common salt and alum. Get as much cotton as will fill the tooth, damp it, put in the mixture and place it in the tooth.

Bathe a sprain with arnica diluted with water, and bandage with soft flannel moistened with the same. A sprained wrist thus treated will grow well in a few days.

A tablespoonful of common lye-ing soda to every five gallons of lard, when cooking, will improve the lard. It should be added when the lard is nearly done, and if not carefully watched will boil over.

Old furniture that has a dull, greasy look should be rubbed with turpentine and then polished with rotten stone and polish. The improvement in its appearance will repay you for the trouble. White spots on furniture can be removed by rubbing a piece of flannel with turpentine and then rubbing the spot hard. It may require several applications of the turpentine and the rubbing patience.

The biggest circulation ever reached by a newspaper was by the New York World the 7th of October the issue for that date being 600,000 copies. The same day the Boston U [illegible] printed 438,000 papers.

"Three years ago I went into the florist with $50,000, and in less than two years retired."

"With an independent fortune?"

"No, until I could raise a little money to go into something else."

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are teething. It relieves the little sufferer at once. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Youth.—Can you give me anything to do, sir?

Merchant.—What is your line.

Y.—Clerk, sir.

M.—Clerk! Why, clerks are a drug in the labor market just now.

Y.—They are! Well, if that's the case I had better look for a job as a drug clerk.

Mrs. Cahokia.—Alfred, I have been reading about the hot air treatment for weak lungs, and I think I should like to try it.

Mr. Cahokia (struck by a happy thought).—All right, Esmeralda. This is April. Next month is May. We'll spend the whole month right here in St. Louis.

Jinks.—I called at your boarding house to-day and saw the table nearly set for dinner, and I must say things looked very neat. I never saw a whiter table cloth in my life.

Blinks.—No, she doesn't make her tea, coffee or soups strong enough to stain.

A lady in this town recently set a pot of cream in a spring near the house, so that it might keep cool. During the night a frog fell into the cream pot, and his struggle to get out actually churned the cream, so that when the lady visited the pot the next morning she found the frog sitting on a ball of butter, washing his feet in the butter-milk.—Middletown Enterprise.

"John, Mr. Jackson has bought a phonograph."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. You ought to see it. It repeats everything that's told it."

"I don't see how Edison got a patent on it."

"Why not?"

"Because it's no improvement on you women."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do are ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. Cheney & Co.

☞Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Mrs. Elite (to $3,000-a-year flat).—Oh, it's perfectly terrible the way things have gone to-day. Thaniel has been just as contrary and disagreeable as it is possible for a human being to be.

Miss Elite.—Did you bow to him differently this morning?

"Indeed I did. I always do. Did you?"

"Yes, ma, I bowed to him most humbly."

"Well, something is the matter. Tomorrow morning try kissing him."

CARPET SWEEPERS.

If you want something that will keep every thing as clean as it can be, and that from getting dirty every thing in the house, buy a Bissell Sweeper of Hall and Hill, Jarvis, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

PRIVATE SALE OF LAND.

I wish to sell at private sale, 181 acres of land lying within one half mile of Greenbrier River opposite to the mouth of Hunsucker's creek, formerly known as Cackley's place. I will sell it a bargain. I will present to the county two acres in the vicinity of Lobelville, on the Huntersville road.

Address Jas. E. A. Gibbs,
Hamilton, Va.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods,
Hats, Clothing,
Notions, Groceries,
Hardware Queensware, Tinware,
Trunks, Valises
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I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

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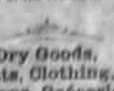
Or you are sick and tired, and want relief, use
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
It will cure you, and you will be surprised at the result. Try it.

IF YOU NEED



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It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
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FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.
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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 13, 1889. No. 47.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clerk of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com. Pl. & Co. Court, W. P. Ward, Pres't.
J. S. Hannah.
T. C. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. T. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to collections for merchants in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. BUTLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. K. McCARDIE,
ASSISTANT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The next Spring and Fall will appear in THE TIMES.

D. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
BEATS the World. IS to the Shoe
HARNESS DRESSING
The BEST for Man & Beast
LASTING
Obtainable
ABSOLUTELY WATERPROOF
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

The Silver Lining.

To-day's sorrow's day at sunset
Like a half-forgotten song;
There's never a life so happy
But has had its tears of sorrow;
For the sun shines out the brighter
When the stormy tempest clears

There's never a garden growing
With roses in every plot;
There's never a heart so hardened
But it has one tender spot;
We have only to prune the border
To find the forget-me-not.

There's never a cup so pleasant
But has bitter with the sweet;
There's never a path so cheerful
That bears not the print of feet;
And no hope is left unpromised
'Tis the trials we may meet

There's never a sun that rises
But we know 'twill set at night;
The tints that gleam in the morning
At evening are just as bright;
And the hour that is the greatest
Is between the dark and light.

There's never a dream that's happy
But the waking makes us sad;
There's never a dream of sorrow
But the waking makes us glad;
We shall look some day with wonder
At the troubles we have had

Love and a Blizzard.

The Post lay bottled in sunshine. The sweet air untainted by the foul breath of the town, blew as it never does east of the Rockies, in regular, rhythmical swells.

Although it was early April, the prairies were green, and covered with the hardy blue and crimson flowers which bloom beneath the snow. It was just the day of all others when confinement within four walls is intolerable, and the joy of mere animal existence demands expression.

On the piazza of her father's quarters Katy Dare was standing, looking at the sky, which was bidding for architectural deformities, undaunted by the smoke of trade.

"Oh, girl of God! Oh, perfect day! Where shall we work, but—play," she sang softly. "That's just it; we must do something. Think of losing this glorious weather as by without recognition. To-morrow we may be perishing with cold."

Quickly the dainty maiden ran beneath the roof of pine cotton-wood trees which lined one side of the row of prim cottages, and capped impudently at the door of a garish, old white house which stood with its many blinking windows facing the parade ground. Mrs. Bernard, wife of the Captain, who mothered every girl in the garrison, and was a perfect mine of new and delightful social projects, would know but that to-day was the very June day which came way last August or April somewhere.

Seated in the pretty parlor waiting for the tardy housewife, Katy Dare made a lovely picture. From the crown of her pretty head to the tip of her tiny shoe, she was simply irresistible. You could no more classify her beauty than analyze the perfume of a violet. There were no standards in her case. She was herself and character to be loved. The strongest minded person was helpless if Dorothy became his most entertaining slave. Absolute, unconditional surrender was the fate of all.

The wife of the Chaplain, Mrs. Merivale, who had long since constituted herself the moral police in the garrison, had been known to defend for some time past Katy Dare in Katy's presence, but to all the others upon the occasion of her charge—those devoting young men.

From the gay ballet costumed young officer to the colonel striker of the plumed lieutenant, she was "queen of hearts." Spoon and gift came to her every day. Every one must have put out feet three days in succession before the sister's child could be induced to promise to marry him. Katy's return from boarding school and brass indeed was that man who ventured into her presence with his lips tainted with wine. Yet she was far from perfect; a most wilful, arrant little flirt never lived. Her love affairs kept the garrison in a state of breezy excitement. The number of pairs who became young men who periodically asked to be exchanged into far distant regiments was legion. It was darkly hinted that every unmarried man within a radius of one hundred miles had proposed and been rejected.

Major Dare protested that the discipline of the Seventh was being ruined; the men did not heed attend to their duties, and then begged Katy to forgive him for his cruelty; and at last the suffering victims of her irresistible ways found themselves to be regarded as grotesque as sinners. Still the army of martyrs grew.

At the time when our story opens a consumptive Episcopal clergyman was softly sighing at her feet. Rev. Jame Little had come to Wyoming Territory in search of health. His cousin, Captain Little, had found him quarters in the town near the Post, and introduced him to the social life of the garrison.

A wonderful change now took place in Katy Dare. Waltzes and operatic songs were banished from her music-stand, and Gregorian chants reined in their stead. Haughtily she went to Caldwell, where the enthusiastic churchman had commenced to hold daily services. The surplices for the choir boys were fashioned by her dimpled hands. Demurely seated in the rough, bare room, which did duty as a chapel, she listened attentively to eloquent discourses on love and the domestic virtues, which at this time formed the theme of the pastor's sermons.

"The round eyed chit! here for! Their notes and nudges were knowingly. "The parson is sweet on Miss Dare," they whispered.

The contagion spread. Dad Sargent, first Lieutenant, who was of a jealous disposition, tried to stop the Rev James Little by the professional mysterious packages of strong powder sent hostages were placed in the most sensitive in Katy. Jimmy Brown and Tommy Tompkins came to blows in the recess room in fact, their and many other were drawn by the blue-eyed warrior.

The commanding officer became alarmed. Could it be that the quiet he had passed so many splendid fellows at Christ to take up with the crooked cross. "Has one hundred Eastern dudes?" he queried, sarcastically.

Katy grew no wiser. The chants were warmed forth nightly to a throbbing tenor. Invitations to embroidery lay on the table. The Major wrote Scouts to be dispatched over huge volumes of church history, and led his children such a life that the poor Rector, with the search of his very necessity thought of murdering the scout.

The interests of the hostess grew intense. What was the thing of? Was it another example of the law of contrasts? Would the Major control?

Through all the fascinations the attitude of worshipper of the divine never wavered. The object to his devotions found him counted it a sin and him its worshipper. Kneeling at a gaily-cushioned prie-dieu, in his hand a gaily-cut prayer-book in his hand, Reginald Merivale at his side the lamplight, his golden tongue pushed in merely look from his pretty face. He was not blind to what was going on around him, and his expression in which respect for the office was deftly blended with admiration for the man.

Whenever Jack Reynolds, the Quartermaster of the regiment, was due to play pa till the ends of his moustache ran ragged. "Of course it is none of my business, but how does it happen that you have never married?" he would ask, "and he answer to like it," he groaned. Tall, athletic, with a pleasant, manly face, Jack was the most awkward, bashful member of the Seventh.

Katy had always turned up her saucy little nose at him, and refused to believe the stories which were told of his bravery in season and out. "He's a perfect bear!" she had said more than once, and Jack had friends enough to tell him the little sobriquet's portion. Too proud to show how deeply he was wounded, he went his way, and found excuse after excuse for not attending the hops and parties where he would be likely to meet the Major's daughter.

But while we have been gossiping, Katy has won a successful for Mrs. Bernard's appearance in the parlor. That good lady had intended for some time giving Katy Dare a piece of her mind, but when she came within the winning influence of that witching face she kissed her instead, and meekly retired into plans for the day's enjoyment.

"We must have a picnic to Lake de Beret, dear," she said.

"The very thing!" cried Katy, rapturously, as I understand in a brisk discussion of ways and means.

At one o'clock a gay cavalcade left the Post. The commanding officer led the way in his drag, then came the ambulance filled with ladies who did not ride, and following Cox, a long procession of wagons and horse back riders, for escort wagon, for in the rear, carried the band.

Katy frequently consulted. The Major, the friend who in the service, prided the best in the men. His fair magnificent horses were up to his hands. Dear man! He was desperate. The temptation Katy had seated him beside her side, and the little maid chatted complacently about the weather, scattered diamond and gracious smiles on his Major was thus, in the face with unprecedented prodigality.

Jack Reynolds was not one of the party. He found at Quartermaster, so would drown him, he said. Katy had openly given Jack her permission, remarking gaily that musicians were not pleasant companions. Never had the bucked more beautiful. Mounted on his heavy bronco and the rest like the wind, winning every race.

After eight miles of trotting over the spring grass they reached Lake de Beret. A most beautiful sheet of water, with the sun could not have chosen a more lovely spot. Its banks were covered with pines, and the lake, in the big Bear, was dotted with islands, on which the wild fowl were nesting undisturbed. Here and there were the lake, exploring by canoe.

After a delicious lunch, served on the cool grass, the party began to stroll in groups, and Katy, with Major Dare, Reginald Merivale, and Captain Little, wandered off by themselves. Reginald was in his element, and the Major, who had been a sportsman in his youth, was delighted to find a kindred spirit in the young clergyman. Captain Little, who

perfect himself in the art of [illegible] questions, and [illegible] impressive manner of [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 6 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

June 13 1889.

AFTER THE FLOOD.

In the midst of a calamity, or immediately after its occurance, we are very apt to overrate the injury sustained. Ten days ago the Knapp Creek Valley seemed to be an almost total wreck, and those who sustained the greatest loss were disheartened. But no sooner had the waters subsided than everybody went to work with renewed energy, till now but few traces of that awful destruction are left. True some damage was done that can never be fully repaired, and some few will feel the effects of the recent flood for years to come; still when we consider our losses along with the losses elsewhere, how insignificant they seem. We might indeed murmur and become disheartened if the late sufferers of Johnstown, Pa. our loss could not be estimated by dollars and cents, but at the cost of human life. Within the bounds of Pocahontas County we have heard of no one who even lost a horse, much less a life. Then let us not go about with long faces because the waters carried away a few hundred rails, or destroyed a few acres of corn or wheat; these may all be replaced; but let us rather be thankful and rejoice that our lives are spared and the lives of our families and friends. Indeed our injuries are not worthy to be mentioned when we compare them with others.

Damage by the recent floods.

[illegible] TIMES: All over the State, [illegible] Pocahontas County, the County Courts have been call[illegible] all matters to consider and adopt [illegible] are necessary to repair the dam[illegible] done to public property by the late A floods. No prevention on the part of anyone could have prevented the damage we have suffered and since it has been visited on this county with others, who have sustained much more, it will be useless to stand idle until another rise in the waters shall complete what the recent flood began.

It is said that the middle pier in the bridge at Marlin's Bottom is so injured, that another flood will be likely to destroy for as a bridge which cost something over $11,000 who can it repaired at once, at a [illegible] small expense, it can be [illegible] as ever.

In this county, along all the streams running through this County are in a terrible condition, and in some places new roads will have to be made. Why should not our County court meet at once and see to this matter? It is the duty of this Court, and the safety of the [illegible] public demands this [illegible] at once.

[illegible] to the bridges across [illegible] of [illegible] that [illegible] from [illegible] we [illegible] for the thousands of people made homeless by the great floods in Pennsylvania. Washington has shown the world that however heartless she seems to be in her dealings with political and social doings, she in reality has a great big human heart, throbbing just now in sympathetic accord with her suffering brothers and sisters of the Conemaugh Valley, upon whom such a terrible calamity has fallen. A public meeting was held to provide organized methods of collecting money and clothing; it was attended by an immense crowd and was presided over by the President who made a strong appeal for subscriptions. About $50,000 in cash has been raised besides an enormous quantity of [illegible]bushels clothing disinfectants etc. Everybody seemed disposed to give something; poor people who were unable to give money gave a blanket or a coat off garment; bootblacks and news boys handed in their nickles alongside the millionaires thousand dollar checks, and the children emptied the pennies out of their little banks in order to turn them over to the Committee. For the first half of the week nothing was talked about or seemingly thought about but the awful news from Johnstown. Washington's flood had done a damage to property public and private of several millions of dollars but that was entirely forgotten in the face of the great loss of life by the Pennsylvania horror.

Already the republican acting Commissioner of the General Land office has begun to undo the good work of the democratic administration. He has given notice that he intends abolishing the Board of Review and the Division of Contests, both established under Mr. Clevelands administration and both recognizes as being in the interests of the homesteader and against the land grabber. But as the last named class have for many years, with the exception of from '85 to '89, controlled that office the change can hardly be surprising.

The Civil Service Commission is busily engaged in discovering "snare's nests." It has just reported a large one in the New York custom house, and is now in Troy, N. Y. hoping to find one in the post office. Next week it is to start west on a grand tour of discovery which will embrace a dozen cities.

It is rather early to begin the naming of choices for 1892, but the following from the Atlanta Constitution is worth reproducing:

If the Democratic party fails to make Grover Cleveland its leader in the campaign of 1892, it will repeat the stupendous folly in which it set aside Mr. Tilden in 1880 for General Hancock. * * * * Grover Cleveland is the leader under whom the Democracy can march to triumph in 1892 and he is proving himself more and more worthy of the great work in which he is commissioned—the redeeming of the government from the hands of the Democratic party, which is the party of the people.

Heavy storms of rain and hail at Hoajutla, Mexico, have caused the river to inundate that town, drowning many persons and cattle, washing away many houses and destroying crops.

Married persons who have no children are seeking to adopt the children orphaned by the flood. None of those little ones will be allowed to suffer.

A heavy storm has been raging in Hong Kong, China. Immense damage has been done.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MILES 4 4 NEARER

OUR LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER.

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

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All brands of
LIQUORS,
At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.
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Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

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Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

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Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 7.—"Cheap John" Wanamaker is treading on dangerous ground. He wants to abolish Sunday work in the post offices, and in order to get some foundation to work on he has sent a circular letter to the postmasters of one hundred of the largest cities asking for suggestions as to how Sunday work may be stopped etc. Of course all good men believe that the Sabbath should be observed in as general a manner as possible, but at the same time all sensible men know that a certain amount of work must be performed by somebody even on that day, and the carrying and rapid handling of the mails is a work too important to be stopped at any time, for any cause. In fact the efficiency of the Post Office department is more in need of being increased than decreased in this very matter of Sunday handling of mails and if Wanamaker isn't very careful he will raise a tempest in the business world that will be strong enough to sweep him out of the office that cost him so much money. And there is another view of the subject that should not be lost sight of. In the more than one hundred years of its existence no attempt has ever been made to have this Government officially recognize any religious denomination or sect, and the precedent would be a dangerous one to establish. Suppose for instance that Wanamaker, who is a Presbyterian, should succeed in having all work stopped in our post offices on Sundays during his administration of the post office department. So far all right, but now suppose that in the unexpected upheaval of politics he should be succeeded by a Hebrew, or a Seven day Adventist, both of which sects regard Saturday as the sabbath day, and that he should insist on having all post office work stopped on his sabbath. Then what a row we should have. Church and State both have important functions to perform in this as well as every other country, but let us keep them separate and distinct, for if history teaches anything it is the utter futility of successfully uniting the two.

Politics here this week have pushed the wall flour rose touch of society that makes the whole world kin. Democrats and republicans have vied with each other to provide [illegible] for the thousands of people made homeless by the great floods in Pennsylvania. Washington has shown the world that however heartless she seems to be in her dealings with political and social doings, she in reality has a great big human heart, throbbing just now in sympathetic accord with her suffering brothers and sisters of the Conemaugh Valley, upon whom such a terrible calamity has fallen. A public meeting was held to provide organized methods of collecting money and clothing; it was attended by an immense crowd and was presided over by the President who made a strong appeal for subscriptions. About $50,000 in cash has been raised besides an enormous quantity of [illegible]bushels clothing disinfectants etc. Everybody seemed disposed to give something; poor people who were unable to give money gave a blanket or a coat off garment; bootblacks and news boys handed in their nickles alongside the millionaires thousand dollar checks, and the children emptied the pennies out of their little banks in order to turn them over to the Committee. For the first half of the week nothing was talked about or seemingly thought about but the awful news from Johnstown. Washington's flood had done a damage to property public and private of several millions of dollars but that was entirely forgotten in the face of the great loss of life by the Pennsylvania horror.

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WANTED.

[illegible] work of all kind. [illegible] Address Hunters Hill, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

PATENTS

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

Ready Made Clothing,

Huntersville Hotel.

Passing Notes.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 65, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular opening of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. R. DAVIS, W. M.
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

HOME NEWS

—County Court convenes next Monday.

—Mr. H. S. Stokes was down to Hillsboro last Saturday.

—Go to John Wurts & Co. Frank Ford Mowers and Chevrolet Mowing Machines and [illegible]. may 9-12t

—J. Sterling of Academy, and Mrs. Eli Davis, of Valley Center, Va., were at Huntersville Hotel last Friday.

—Buggy harness and Saddles at $1.75 and up to $27 at A. P. Leist's Huntersville, W. Va. 30-2m

—Billy C. F. Moore and Mrs. John J. Beard, were down at Hillsboro last Saturday.

—John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be in a during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—The bridal tour of Dr. C. L. Austin was not so extensive as was contemplated. Being brought to a halt at McDowell by the high waters, the party had to be content with visiting that place, Monterey and Top of Alleghany.

—We were pleased to learn that our young friend Clawson McNeil, of Pocahontas, who was a law student at Morgantown, graduates at the head of his class with distinction.

—Go to the Deering Mowers and Self Rake, the best machines made made of John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—Any one wishing to procure a good well-shod or sharp horse would do well to attend the next County Court, as double the bridge at Huntersville can be bought low. And we do not doubt that the road around the mountain will be given to any one who will haul it away, and those of us are left that would never be put to any more holes.

Sewing machines from $25 to $45, warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Huntersville, W. Va. 30-2m.

Farmer Items.

A gentleman for some of the school boys to notice: "If it takes a letter 20 days to go from Green Bank to Huntersville a distance of 20 miles, how long will it take Andy Hughes to travel around the world at the rate he travels.

Capt. E. A. Smith, is up from the [illegible].

The lumber company did not [illegible] as reported at first.

W. J. Moore, brother in law of Capt. E. A. Smith is here from near Jonesville, Va.

Mr. T. A. Smith has two sisters living at Edgetown.

The [illegible] have had their hay to cut up this way, and have [illegible] the roads in pretty [illegible]. Two others do like [illegible].

[illegible] was up Sunday and gave a very interesting lecture to the Clawson Sunday school.

Six weeks more of war, so says Jonathan and Phil Sheridan. They are both gone and all doing well.

A. F. Latham, has returned to Huntersville.

Registered at Hotel Widmann last week and this—J. Lacy, of Dillon, on "I Say, the celebrated Fiddle-bow," C. H. Jackson, A. H. Jackson, W. F. Pritchard, H. M. Moore, C. F. Tice, Jas. Kyle.

[illegible] plants which he received a few days ago from Huntersville, are all looking remarkably fine.

Rumors in the Air.

Tom Hatter.

Barnum Items.

It is reported some Bohemians, some distance, collect all night and caught nothing. A party of Marion Sullivan Bohemians toiled part of the night recently and caught one rat. Bob and Winnie dog fish. The dog fish to make up in pretty much scratch and intentions. The scales grew to enough in the world. One of the young fishers fell into water, he thinks six feet deep, upon examining his boot legs however, and finding the boots not full of water, the estimate of dangers may be modified. One thing is true he has been cool to a water melon ever since on the matter of fishing.

Mrs. Florida Price the estimable wife of Calvin Price Esq. of Clover Creek, who has been quite ill is reported better. This is gratifying to a large circle of attached friends.

The committee of the Road,at this place, while conscientious, did not scrutinize very much irreparable damage.

D. H. Garber lost one raft of cherry and walnut lumber. He thinks that most of it can be identified as the sawing was done by a vertical saw.

It looks as if the question of riparian rights, will need attention in the near future. As our lawyers are wise, this word is enough.

B. K. S.

Mail Sub Contracting.

The mail route between this place and Traveler's Repose, has been sub-contracted for by John F. Waddell and C. O. W. Sharp, at about $600. How's that? a mail 60 miles a day, every day in the year except Sunday, over mountains, streams and everything else for $600.

We can't understand why men that claim to have good judgment will let a man from another State come in here and tell us what we shall work for; and take his mail routes off his hands at about half the actual cost that it will take to run them.

It looks as though some men will have a mail route if they have to pay some one to get it. Why is it? Is it an honor to carry a mail on an old poor horse over mountains, streams and through all sorts of weather and in mud and snow three feet deep and arrive at all hours in the night? If there is any honor in it we fail to see it.

The government don't want the mails carried for nothing; it is able to for it, if you will ask it; and why will you let these infernal star route contractors come in here and shave their contracts at a starving price off on you.

It's none of our business what you work for; but it worries us to have our mails come in, at all hours in the night. It would worry the devil himself.

What we want is good service, and we don't believe any one can give good service on a route as the above for $600

School Commencement.

The second Commencement of Hillsboro Training School took place last Tuesday night June, 6th., in the Pavilion erected for the purpose in the presence of a large audience. Every foot of space was occupied and many forced to stand throughout the exercises which they did most patiently.

The appearance of the stage with the light hearted students arranged in a semi-circle presented a pleasing scene. The stage settings were beautiful flowers, and the central piece a horse shoe formed of roses and much orange enhanced the beauty of the views presented to the vast audience. The paintings and drawings of the art pupils were handsomely arranged on the back ground and right of the stage. On the left were well executed specimens of penmanship by the writing class. Among the names of those deserving special mention for their painting and drawing are Misses Helen Clark and Millie Peters, both of whose did excellent work as could be seen by some lovely paintings and drawings exhibited that night, and proved that they have a talented teacher at the head of their department. Miss Rose Shearer's writing class as well as her art class, show decided improvement in that line. Promptly at 8 o'clock to the strains of a beautiful march the students took their seats upon the stage. Miss G. M. Shearer, Principal, occupied a seat on the right, at the head of the class. On the left was the Motto "Peace Be still" on the right "Vincit qui Patitur" and just back of the Piano, in a half circle the lovely old german word "Wilkommen." As the last strains of the overture died away Miss G. M. Shearer invoked the blessings of the Almighty God upon the students, and the audience. As it would take too much space to make special mention of each piece. We will give the order of the program which was as follows:

Note the Bright Hours only opening chorus by the whole school.

Salutatory—by Miss Clarice Shearer

Boothlack—Illustrated Recitation by Earnest Marshall, John Peters and Forrest Harper.

Trouble your Head with your own Affairs—Recitation by Miss Delia Edgar, which was nicely prepared and well delivered.

Perseverance Polka Trio—by Misses Onnita Shearer, Maggie McNeel and Nettie Calliham.

Will no Maiden Marry Me I'll Vocal Solo—by Gus Eskridge which was one of the best things of the evening, Mr. Gus acted the song to perfection as was shown by the hearty applause which followed it.

Ingenuity Essay, by Miss Annie McNeel, which was certainly as recently gotten up essay on this difficult subject, and could only have been written by one possessing this qualification. Her essay abounded in fine thoughts which were expressed in a way that secured for her close attention.

Some Day I'll Wander Back again—Vocal Solo and Cho. by Misses Needs and Rose Shearer and Jennie Clark.

Earnest Marshall 1st orator of the evening.

Parade March—by Misses Needs Shearer and D. Marshall.

The Battle of Banker Hill—abeautiful recitation by Miss Verdie Clark.

Golden Ringlets.

Selection of Trades—by six boys and one little girl.

Children's Glee Song—by seventeen children.

A short recess was now given while attention was called to the art collection by Miss G. M. Shearer.

Part II

"A Voice From the Wave" Vocal Solo—by Misses Fannie and Rose Shearer.

Gus Eskridge 2nd Orator of the evening subject,The Honored Dead.

"Drifting With the Tide"Vocal Solo and Cho.—by Misses Rose, Fannie and Needs Shearer.

Miss Duffie Marshall, Historian of the Evening, Class of H. T. School

Cymbaline Galop—by Miss Needs Shearer on the Organ and Misses Annie McNeel Delia and Bessie Sullgrove Pianos.

Commonplace Critics recited Reading—by Miss Verdie Marshall.

Huntresses Vocal Duett—by Misses Georgia and Rose Shearer.

Curiosity, Duo.—by Miss D. Marshall, Fan Drill and Wand Exercise.

Valedictory—by Jennie Clark.

Remarks, Distinction cards &c.

"Good Night"Closing Cho.— by school, so ended one of the very best of Commencements. The Fan Drill and Wand Exercise was excellent the young ladies and little girls were attired in those costumes and the little boys with swords and guns to match. The whole drill showed good and careful training.

There was in all about 90 announcements in the two which were made in perfect time. Destinction cards were awarded to those who had not been tardy at morning worship and were received by Miss Needs and Master John Peters, Marshall and Virgie Isabel and Ollie and Villa Marshall. Distinction cards were also awarded to those who attended over 95 per cent. in daily recitations and examinations and were received by Misses Duffie Marshall and Jennie Clark. The music was especially good and the pieces "A Voice From the Wave" "Drifting With the Tide" "Huntresses" and "Cymbeline Galop" deserve special mention as they were beautiful pieces, in fact pieces that can hardly be surpassed. All acquitted themselves most creditably and show they have teachers at the front who know what they are about. Miss Shearer is one of the best teachers we have ever had in our midst and deserves the patronage of the public. Her training both mental and moral is certainly deserving of the highest praise. Truly conscientious teachers are hard to find,but are certainly to be appreciated when we have them. Decided improvements have been made in the Art and music departments, the past session and we certainly wish her success.

Y.

WOULDN'T ACT AS CHAMBERMAID.—Widow Brown owned a lodging-house in Denver, Colorado. A year ago she became infatuated with J. J. Medley, proposed to him and married him. Medley expected to have a comfortable home and an easy life, but his wife's ardor soon cooled and she compelled him to perform all the offices as chambermaid in the hotel. Last week Medley soaked his humiliation in whisky, bought a revolver and deliberately killed his wife.

The Driver of a hearse at Wilkesbarre Pennsylvania, was startled the other day by a noise in a coffin. He opened the coffin and the supposed dead man scrambled out and asked for a drink of whisky.

When Mr. Randall says that the democratic outlook is bright, the republican organs are inclined to make fun of him. They will laugh in a different way in 1880.

Last week, severe storms prevailed throughout France. The greatest damage has been done in the departments of Belmont Marne, Aude, Yonne, Haute Garone and Ardennes, where immense places the country is almost devastated.

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,

—AND GO TO—

LOURY & DOYLE'S

Where you can see a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

Ready Made Clothing,

Also a nice line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents, and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

Call and see them, and we assure polite and careful attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

A. H. HARPER,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

OFFICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Lewisville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning. Charges reasonable.

JOHN PLACE, Carrier.

Order of Publication.

H. H. York	In Chancery.
vs.	
Chas. W. McDonald	

The object of this suit is to have partition made of three tracts of land containing respectively 106¾ 204 and 107 acres of land lying on the waters of the Big Spring Branch of Elk River in Pocahontas County, West Virginia, between the plaintiff and defendant, and to Regis and Isabella the children of George W. McDonald, and all others from cutting and removing the Merchantable timber from said lands until partition thereof is made.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Chas. W. McDonald is a non resident of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that he do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit. The plaintiff has executed his bond as required by the order granting said injunction.

Teste JOHN J. BEARD, C.C.C.

June 6 4t Printer's fee $6.62

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the Chancery Cause of E. J. Rice vs. James P. Ginger and Wm. [illegible] on the 3rd day of April, 1878, I as special Commissioner appointed by said decree shall on the

THE DAY OF JUNE 1880

proceed in front of the Court house door of the County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing about 40 acres, the property of the defendant James P. Ginger situate on the waters of Stamping Creek, adjoining the lands of the Heirs of A. B. Grimes and others. The tract of land is fertile and productive and in a partial state of Cultivation.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Special Com'r.

I John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the above commissioner has given bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD,
Clk Cir. Ct.

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PATENTS.

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A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 yr.
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[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 13 1889.

(Continued from first page.)

the Rossmore, sadly; "we found him lying near the corral, almost buried in the snow."

With a cry of utter anguish, which those who heard it never forgot, Katy [illegible] flung herself upon the floor.

"It's Jack!" she cried, "my Jack! I loved him all the time."

The words he heard, as well [illegible] of the death-like stupor which was fast stealing over him. The warm, [illegible] brought back the breath of life. Slowly his eyes [illegible] rested upon the beauty [illegible] near his own.

"My darling," he said, "here I [illegible] at last!" Katy clung sob[illegible] to his neck.

"All the world loves a lover."

From the little square [illegible] sympathetically upon the scullion who [illegible] from the [illegible] of a "Norther."

The major was delighted, but mystified. He could not understand it.

"Why, she never liked Jack, and was devoted to the doctor," he said [illegible].

"Just so!" replied the [illegible] Mrs. Rossmore. "In dealing with a girl, Major, remember it's never Jim but Jack, and if she flirts with a [illegible], she is pretty sure to marry a soldier." And Katy did.

[illegible]

home engine pumping fresh water down, dissolving the mineral and the process is completed by evaporation.

The country is finely watered in the central and northern portions of the state by the Kans. river and its numerous tributaries.

The southern by the Arkansas river winding its way like a great silver thread, for hundreds of miles, from the summits of the snowcapped Rocky Mountains of Colorado to the Miss. The country lying along and between these great rivers is interspersed by smiling valleys and rippling streams, whose banks are fringed with grass or clusters of timber thus presenting a grand and beautiful scene.

The soil is alluvial consisting of a dark sandy loam, which produces a luxurant growth of vegetation, such plants as are indigenous to a tropical region.

Corn, wheat and other sereals are extensively cultivated and the prospect for fine crops, the coming harvest flattering in the extreme.

The fruit crop is extensive and abundant, especially apples, peaches, plums, and cherries. In fact the fine rains have brightened the prospect of all crops beyond expectation of the sanguine tiller of the soil.

Society and refinery are steadily and surely gaining the ascendency.

Education is triumphantly waving her golden banner on the broad plains of progress.

There are no momentous questions at present agitating the political mind, such as the negro problem of the South. The presidential cyclone of '88, is long since a thing of the past. The loud "Hurrah for Harrison," in the banner republican state of the Union, have died away and are gently reposing on the calms of Oblivion, and all is peace.

I see I am digressing, so I will bring my letter to a close. Thanking you for space and wishing my many friends in Pocahontas and THE TIMES success, I am very truly yours,

W. H. H. M.

Harper, Harper Co. Kans.

Well handled.—The pump.

Sharp shooters—Aching teeth.

Dining room—An empty stomach.

A dead dog—A wag with a funny tale.

Adversity may be a good teacher, but she brings you down instead of bringing you up.

"Where, which is the entrance out?" asked an Irishman at a railway station the other day.

Speaking of butter, we may respect its odour, but we do not hesitate to turn up our noses at its [illegible].

"I thought you took an interest in my welfare," said an [illegible] lover. "No, sir," only in your farewell."

An eminent artist lately painted a snowstorm so naturally that he caught a bad cold by sitting near it with his coat off.

There is not much future for a young man who has learned how to [illegible] before he knows how to make one.

What is that which everyone wishes to have, and which everyone wishes get rid of directly he obtains it? A good appetite.

"This is a sad and bitter world," murmured the little [illegible]. "[illegible] on a man's grave until after he is dead!"

Customer: "I say, waiter, this [illegible] hasn't been long." Waiter: [illegible] "Long, sir? In course not, sir, I believe it was short."

"Fifth pull votes in a low key," says a writer on etiquette. We presume etiquette can be temporarily dispensed with when trying to wake the children in the morning.

Ladies' high-heeled boots produce hysteria. We have seen a man's square-toed boot, number 14, give a strong healthy pedlar about the worst fit of hysterics that ever afflicted mortal man.

Miss Keand to handsome young physician: "Oh, doctor, how do you do? You look killing this evening." Young Physician, quietly: "Thank you, but I'm not; I'm off duty, don't you know."

It is not good to take tea in the middle of the day. The man who tried it in a cafe in town, when he thought the waitress was not looking is our authority.

Stern Parent (to a young aspirant for his daughter's hand)—Young man can you support a family?"—Young man (meekly): "I only wanted Sarah."

Philadelphian (in St Louis): "Will you kindly tell me where I can get a drink of water?" Policeman: "Mein friend, I haff been only three months on dis beat."

Every man thinks he is about right himself. An old Quaker said to his wife—"All the world is queer except thee and me, and thee is a little queer."

Tailors are the most playful paradoxes in the world; why, whenever you may want something new, they will recommend you something that is much worn.

The Duke of Wellington was told that his bed was not large enough to turn in. He replied that when a man began to turn in his bed it was time to turn out.

It is said that no one can arrest the flight of time, but who is there who is not able to stop a minute? Bill Sikes adds—Especially if a drink is going to be stood.

HOW'S THIS

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo O.

E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo National Bank, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

"Although unseen, my influence is felt," remarked the lively flea.

"Waiter, take away this beer; it's muddy." The waiter, without stirring—"I am undeceived, sir. It is the glass which is dirty; the beer is excellent. Taste it."

An Irishman was recently heard to declare that the present state of affairs in his country was "enough to make a man commit suicide, or perish in the attempt."

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

[illegible]

Family doctor: "Your wife needs out-door exercise more than anything else." Husband: "But she won't go out. What am I to do?" "Give her plenty of money to shop with."

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

[illegible]

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

[illegible]

The Central Criminal Court—Conscience.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP

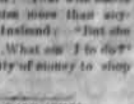
at

Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make in the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

May 16 6 m. J. C. [illegible]

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

[illegible]

SICK

[illegible]

HEAD

[illegible]

ACHE

[illegible]

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DIRECT TO CONSUMER

[illegible]

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers, I offer the opportunity [illegible]

Dry Goods,
Hats, Clothing,
Notions, Groceries,
Hardware Queensware, Tinware,
Trunks, Valises
&c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

[illegible]

JOB OFFICE.

WHAT

SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
BRONCHITIS
COUGHS
COLDS
Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.

[illegible]

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

$46,600

GIVEN FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS

READ AND LEARN!

[illegible]

EXTRA GIFTS $1,000.00 CASH. 100 WATCHES.

[illegible]

YOUR SUBSCRIPTION FREE!

[illegible]

CUT THIS OUT AND SHOW TO FRIENDS.

[illegible]

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN S. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 20, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 45.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Cl'k of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (C. S. Beard, Pres't. S. S. Hannah. G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOPER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

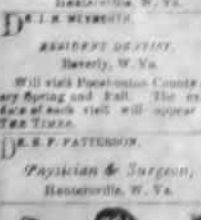
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. I. N. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County on any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.



Wolff's ACME Blacking

IS A GREAT LABOR SAVER.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
RAIN AND SNOW DON'T AFFECT IT
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
MAKES A SHOE WATERPROOF,
Softens and Preserves all Kinds of Leather.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

THE AMERICAN GIRL.

The practical plain, young girl,
Not afraid of the rain young girl,
A poetical pray
Freddy and rosy,
A helper of self young girl.

A home in her plans young girl,
A never will late young girl,
A letter scribe
A life pure and clean
A princess of peace young girl.

A wear her own hair young girl,
A free from stare young girl,
Improve every hour,
No sickly sunflower,
A wealth of rare sense young girl.

An early retiring young girl,
An active, aspiring young girl,
A morning ariser,
A dandy despiser
A progressive American girl.

An honestly courting young girl,
A never seen flirting young girl,
A quiet and pure,
A modest, demure,
A fit for a wife young girl.

A sought everywhere young girl,
A flowers most fair young girl,
An ever discreet,
We too seldom meet,
This queen among queens young girl.
—*Mrs. E. E. Woodside in N. Y. World.*

Old Siegel and His Son.

BY THE MARQUIS OF LORNE.

Many years ago, while making a tour through that beautiful tract of mountain scenery in the south of Bavaria known as the Salzgammergut, I stayed for a fortnight at Berchtesgaden. I spent much of my time there in fishing for grayling and in taking to the chamois-hunters, with many of whom I had made acquaintance during a previous visit. I used often to sit for hours listening to their hunting-stories, and on one occasion I hunted with them.

The mountains immediately around Berchtesgaden are kept as a royal chamois preserve, and as the King was expected to arrive shortly, none but his Majesty's own jagers were allowed, during the time I was there, to disturb the chamois.

I was, however, very anxious to have at least one day's sport, and arranged with old Siegel and his son Franz, chamois-hunters whom I had known for some time, and on whom I could depend, to have a "jagd" on the morrow. Siegel persuaded Gotting, a friend of his, to come with us.

We started early in the morning, and after toiling for several hours up through the dark pine woods which became more scant and scrubby the higher we went, emerged at last on the open snowfields.

We now separated; Franz and Gotting made a long detour to the left, while Siegel and I hastened on to reach some commanding position above, in case any chamois were driven up. After an hour's more climbing, we halted on the top of a precipice, which shaped in the form of a crescent, made a complete rail de zac for any chamois driven up by our friends below.

We had hardly been watching ten minutes when two chamois appeared in sight, bounding up the mountain side and coming directly toward us. When the foremost had come within range, I fired and missed, as most men would have done, firing as I did at so small an object from a height almost perpendicularly above it.

The beasts turned, and springing with wonderful speed over the sharp rocks, were soon out of sight. I fired a second shot just as they were disappearing, and think I struck one of them, but it contrived to get away, and we never saw it again.

Siegel and I, somewhat crestfallen, trudged on up the mountain, keeping a sharp lookout on all sides, and halting now and then to give the others time to overtake us.

Suddenly we heard, far down below us, a shot, and then all was again silent. We were much surprised, as it is one of the first rules in this kind of hunting never, except when absolutely necessary, even to raise the voice, much less, of course, to fire a rifle, which scares the chamois completely.

We knew that Gotting and Franz, directly below us as they were, could not possibly have seen a chamois, as our shots must have driven them quite out of reach. After a minutes anxious listening, we fancied we heard shouts, and fearing we knew not what, called loudly Franz's name.

We then heard—and this time quite distinctly—the voice of Gotting saying:

"Come down! come down! It's all over! Franz has shot himself!"

Siegel and I were standing together ankle deep in the snow. I glanced into his face, and I think I shall never forget the look of misingl saw there. Before I knew what he was about, he had seized his rifle, and presented the muzzle to his head, and was feeling with his foot in a frenzied manner for the trigger.

I snatchbd the piece away just in time; he did not try to recover it, but throwing himself on the snow, burst into a most passionate, most eloquent torrent of praise of his son's many virtues. He told me what a good son he had always been to him, anxious to fulfil his slightest wish.

I at length succeeded in partially soothing him, and in rousing him to action. We scrambled down as fast as we could guided by Gotting's shouts.

It was a long time before we reached them; to me it seemed an age. I accused myself of being the author of all this misery, and my anxiety was heightened by the reflection that we were in reality poaching, and we should very likely, in consequence of this misfortune get into trouble on our return.

We found poor Franz lying shot through the back and in great pain among "tanted "knie holz"—a plant something like our whinbush. It appeared that he had, contrary to all jager rules, carried his rifle capped, and that in walking through the knie holz, he had stumbled and fallen, and his rifle had somehow or other exploded, causing a severe wound.

We stanched the blood as well as we could with our handkerchiefs, and then held a consultation. Gotting said he knew of a chalet some way off to which he thought we might manage to carry Franz.

I lifted him up as carefully as possible, and walked for some way over the abominable knie holz, which threatening to trip one up every moment. I managed, I think, to go about two hundred yards with my burden, and then, exhausted, had to lay him down. His father tried to carry him next, but annoyed and half blinded by his tears, had also soon to give it up.

Gotting was the only one of the party who could carry Franz for any great length of time over the rough ground we were now compelled to traverse; he was a small man but seemed to be wiry and muscle.

It was, however, evident that the sooner we were obliged to go we should never, even if we knew the exact direction, which by the way, none of us did—get to the chalet before nightfall. Some other arrangement must be made.

During the moment that he should stay with the wounded man, while Siegel and I should go forward and attempt to reach the chalet. Gotting was the only one of the party who had ever been there, and that was years before. He gave us directions how to find it.

We were to pass to the *right* or left of certain peaks he pointed out to us, and then he said we should see a large field of snow. We were to cross this, and the chalet was in a hollow about half a mile above and to the left.

Well, we started—Siegel and I—leaving all the provisions except a few sandwiches with Franz and Gotting. A weary walk brought us to the peak where, according to Gotting, we were to see the snow field. But there was nothing of the sort there: peak rose upon peak, but there was no great, level snowfield stretching away at our feet, such as he had described.

We looked at each other in dismay. To add to our distress, the weather, which had hitherto been beautiful, began to get overcast. Light wreaths of mist were setting on the highest summits of the mountain, sure signs of a coming storm.

However, there was no use in going back. We should perhaps not be able to find Franz and Gotting again if, bewildered as we now were, we attempted to get back to them. Our only chance was forward.

Tired and dispirited we walked on turning around only to look at the gathering clouds which were now piling themselves dark and threatening behind us. The wind, too began to rise. We determined to go downward; indeed, we were too much exhausted to go any higher, or waste any more time in looking for the chalet.

The ground seemed to get more rough the lower we went, and the tremendous gusts of wind which whistled round us made the descent most dangerous. Great, spattering raindrops now began to fall and we halted on a ledge of rock, utterly worn out.

The storm increased and in a short time was at its height. The rain came down in torrents, completely drenching us. The lightning with blinding flashes played all round, kissing and illumining for an instant the awful grandeur of the scene, while the thunder pealed and crashed overhead, each crag and wall of rock echoing the sound and increasing it and hundredfold.

We had thrown our rifles away, afraid that the lightning would strike them, and stood waiting for the storm to abate. When we removed our clothes we were trembling with cold in every limb. The air, which was warm enough below, was now piercingly cold and the wind drove snow and bits of ice against our faces with blinding force.

I went first, and for a long time neither of us spoke. Only when a particularly dangerous place was crossed I gave the warning "look to the right!" or "to the left!" as the case might be.

Siegel led the way when I was tired, and then we proceeded with greatest caution, as a false step might have been almost certain death, till we got to more level ground.

Here we again encountered thickets of knie holz. We were already contemplating ourselves as having got the worst over, when we were suddenly stopped by a precipice or "wand," down which it would have been impossible for a goat to go. It was a sheer descent of at least sixty feet.

This was a dreadful disappointment. We walked along the edge for some way, but so far as we could see the Wand extended for miles. I had already thrown myself on the ground and had given up all hopes of life, when a shout from Siegel who had gone on a little way, made me once more spring to my feet.

I hastened to him. He was standing over a narrow hole in the rock almost hidden by bushes of the knie holz.

"We are saved! we are saved!" he cried. He explained to me how, when I had given up in despair, he suddenly thought that he remembered the place we were in, and had remembered, too, that if it were indeed the part of the mountain he supposed it to be, there was a circular hole in the rock forming the Wand by which the chamois hunters scaled this otherwise inaccessible place. He had gone on, had found the opening, and fearful of losing the spot had stood over it and called till I came.

We slid safely down this chimney like hole, which is not much more than twenty feet in depth, and safely descending the lower part of the Wand, which is here much broken, arrived, famished and half frozen, at 10 o'clock at night, at a woodman's hut Siegel knew of in the valley below. Here we obtained warmth and shelter.

Three of the woodmen immediately started up the mountain and returned in a few hours with poor Franz, who was very much exhausted, not so much from cold—as nothing had sustained to light a fire, and they had provisions—as from loss of blood.

I once asked Siegel what he would have done if he had not found that opening. "We should," he said, "have struck our alpenstocks into the ground, and have walked round them all the night to keep off sleep, which if it conquered us would, of course, have been fatal. If we lived till day broke we should have tried to find our way back to the others."

Whether we were likely to succeed in so doing, cold, hungry and exhausted as we were, the result may judge.

As for Franz, he completely recovered from his wound, and I have hunted many a time with him since that memorable day.—*Youth's Companion.*

NOW'S THIS.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
E. H. VAN HOOK, Notary Public. Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

"I know that you love me," he said, sentimentally, as he held her to his vest. "I know that you love me," she repeated, "because when I lay my head against your breast your heart beats so loud that I can hear it." "That," gasped the poor fellow as the awful truth dawned upon him, "that is not my heart. That's my Waterbury watch."

Mrs. May R. Bryan gets $5,000 a year for editing Mexico's Fashion Journal.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	4 00	12 00
Quarter column	3 00	5 00	6 00	20 00
Half column	5 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
One column	10 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

Reading notices, and exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 3 months, $1 25; after 12 months, $1 50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

June 30 1889.

Jefferson Davis celebrated his eighty-first birthday at Beauvoir last Monday. He was in fine health and spirits.

Old Jubal Early's speech at Winchester will be a godsend to the republican papers. The general stuck to it that the confederate cause was right, and was particularly rough on the confederates who have died since the war.

Humanity.

To the man gifted with sufficient spiritual strength to enable him to look over the heads of the crowd, humanity is a curious study.

From his perch on the edge of a shed such a man can look down in wonder and pity on the restless throng—ebbing and undoing, striving and suffering, supposing and mis-striken. Gob has given to humanity the earth and the fullness thereof, and, not satisfied with the glorious heritage as it comes from His hand, mortals are forever struggling to make such changes as will adapt its conditions easier in accordance with their erratic imaginings.

As an illustration, there are the millions of treasure expended and the thousands of lives wasted in the attempt to break the continuity of the western hemisphere and send the blue billows of the Pacific and the wild breakers of the Atlantic dashing away to west and embrace each other among the hills of Panama. The people of the east and the people of the west have, by much labor and pains, flung a rope of steel across the ocean, and, having caught the worst of the summer lightning, they talk in strange whispers from one side to the other of the world.

To mankind collectively, humanity is tender and charitable. To the individual sinner how ungiving it is. On the field of battle he who destroys most of his fellow creatures is the greatest hero. But he that kills his neighbor in a moment of passion is pursued most vengefully, and slayer his devoted head the hand of the avenger is forever uplifted.

Ah, humanity, humanity! In its clamor and unreasoning perversity the gentle voice of the living God is drowned by the mammon chatter. The moment that the soul awakes and finds itself an inhabitant of time, begins to glow among mankind to do. Wild and willful, poor in spirit, heedless in its ingratitude, and strange appetites, excited by a thousand cheap pleasures, language.

Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana! Let come the shocking reveal from the veiled and shocking ghosts of Kansas. Yorktown have come and gone and the dust of the south has passed through mystical transformation. Spring has painted the sky with hope and love, pinned from the cheeks of the maple, and flagged grass has rested the [illegible] with the shouts of nearly two thousand [illegible] years since that wondering and pitiful cry was wrung from the anguished heart of a suffering God. Two [illegible] and its gracious interpreters as it goes wailing and echoing down the path of the ages, and every day and every hour and every moment—every heart-throb of time—is burdened by that woful refrain: "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Some of the Great Floods of History Recorded.

From the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

It becomes interesting to note some of the great floods of history. One of the most notable was that which, according to the old Hindoo Puranas, washed away East Godwin's land on the coast of Kent, and left only the Godwin Sands. Holland has furnished many a coast flood. At Dort, in 1446, the sea broke in through the dykes and drowned the people of seventy-two villages, in all 100,000 persons. The dykes failed in 1530 and nearly 400,000 people died. The celebrated Ripon flood in Yorkshire was in 1771, and in 1787 over 2000 persons lost their lives by the sudden torrents from the mountains of Navarre. In 1813 the overflow of the Danube drowned 3000 Turkish soldiers on a small island near Widden, and in Simoia the floods practically ruined the French army on der McDonald. The Vistula overflowed and broke its dykes in 1813 and swept away 10,000 cattle and 4000 houses.

Two famous floods in France were those of 1840 and 1846. The former was in the southeast, and upward of 1,000 houses were swept away by the Rhone. The other was in the central and south western part of France, and destroyed $20,000,000 worth of property, including numerous costly railroad viaducts.

By the bursting of the reservoir at Lorca, in Spain, twenty square leagues were devastated, and over 1,000 persons were drowned, April 14, 1802. The property damage was estimated at $7,000,000.

The giving way of the dam of the Bradfield reservoir near Sheffield, England, on March 11, 1864, let loose a flood which swept fourteen miles of valley in two hours and caused a loss of $1,800,000, besides drowning 250 persons. This is the disaster which is made to figure in Charles Reed's "Put Yourself in His Place." The area of the Bradfield reservoir was seventy-eight acres, and its dam at the highest place was 93 feet high.

The Williamsburg, Mass., disaster was on May 11th, 1864. The dam of a 160-acre reservoir gave way, and $1,000,000 worth of property was ruined. One hundred and fifty persons lost their lives.

The South Fork reservoir accident of Friday night surpasses all similar casualties in every respect. This reservoir had an area of over 2,000 acres, and its waters, when freed from confinement, devastated an area of hundreds of square miles.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

The Census Office issues an important Circular—Mortality Statistics.

The following is received from the Census Bureau:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE,
WASHINGTON D. C., May 1, 1889.

To The Medical Profession:

The various medical associations and the medical profession will be glad to learn that Dr. John S. Billings, Surgeon U. S. Army, has consented to take charge of the Report on the Mortality and Vital Statistics of the United States as returned by the Eleventh Census.

As the United States has no system of registration of vital statistics, such as is relied upon by other civilized nations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual movement of population, the only opportunity of obtaining even an approximate estimate of the birth and death rates of such the largest part of the country, which is entirely unprovided with any satisfactory system of State and municipal registration.

In view of this, the Census Office during the month of May this year will issue to the medical profession throughout the country "Physician's Registers" for the purpose of obtaining more accurate returns of deaths than it is possible for the enumerators to make. It is earnestly hoped that physicians in every part of the country will co-operate with the Census Office in this important work. The record should be kept from June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890. Nearly 20,000 of these registration books were filled up and returned to the office 1880, and nearly all of them used for statistical purposes. It is hoped that double this number will be obtained for the Eleventh Census.

Physicians not receiving Registers can obtain them by sending their names and addresses to the Census Office, and, with the Register, an official envelope which requires no stamp will be provided for their return to Washington.

If all medical and surgical practitioners throughout the country will lend their aid, the mortality and vital statistics of the Eleventh Census will be more comprehensive and complete than they have ever been. Every physician should take a personal pride in having this report as full and accurate as it is possible to make it.

It is hereby promised that all information obtained through this source shall be held strictly confidential.

ROBERT P. PORTER,
Superintendent of Census.

A Letter to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; relieves wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Where Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
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When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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5000 lbs. of dry rags.
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Administrator's Notice.

All parties holding claims against David McClaughlin dec'd., are required to present the same at once to the administrator for payment, and all parties indebted to said David McClaughlin are required to come forward at once and settle up.

Respectfully,
Uriah Hevener,
Adm'r of David McClaughlin, dec'd.
June29 4-w Green Bank W. Va.

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THROW AWAY THE HOG BRUSH

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

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Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 124, A. F. & A. M.—The next regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding the Fifth Monday, which is the 30th day of June, and on that evening.

J. B. DAVIS, W. M.,
S. P. FAWCETT, Secty.
6 21

HOME NEWS

—We understand there will be a big picnic at Dunmore this year.

—There was a good deal of business done at this term of the Court.

—We will give the full proceedings of the Circuit Court next week.

—Lots of new subscribers this week.

—Thanks to those who paid us cash this week.

—Go to John Wurts & Co., Frankford, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12t

—Good envelopes at THE TIMES office for 15c per 100.

John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be here during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Hon. C. P. Dorr has retired from the Webster Springs Call, and it will be continued hereafter by Messrs. S. S. Woodhill and E. H. Skelton. Success to the new management.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines made made at John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12t

—We return thanks to the Virginia Military Institute of Lexington, for invitation to the annual commencement and semi centennial celebration to be held there the 4th of July.

—The Greenbrier Independent, one of our very best weekly exchanges has passed its 24th birthday. It is welcomed by its many readers to Pocahontas and may it long live and prosper.

—The Chancery suit of Frank Darnell vs. Wm. M. McAlister and others was at the term of the Court submitted to special Judge J. W. Arbuckle. The case was argued at length by C. P. Moore, of this place and R. S. Knight, of Charleston for the plaintiff, and C. P. Jones and John W. Stephenson for the defendants. A decree was entered in favor of the plaintiff for $2500 and costs. There has never been a chancery case in this Court that excited more interest on the part of the people, nor one in which the ability displayed was more entertaining. It is probable the case will be carried to the Court of Appeals.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION of Huntersville District will meet in Huntersville Friday, June 21st, 1889, for the purpose of settling with the District and attending to all other business that may be necessary.

By order of the President.

JAMES W. WARWICK Jr.,
Secretary of Board.

Personal Brings.

C. P. Moore was in town last week.

The reaping machine is in full blast at Dunmore.

There will be singing at the Cogar Hill school house on Sunday, 23rd, at 3 p. m. Let all attend and bring your books.

J. F. Moore and family were on a visit to Edray last week.

J. M. Moore will start for Johns Hopkins to-day for his family.

Rev. E. A. Smith's sister living at Johnstown, during the flood was saved.

Circuit Court Notes.

Circuit Court convened on Monday Hon. Judge A. B. Campbell presiding.

The lawyers attending Court from a distance were, C. P. Moore and J. H. Stephenson of Monroe; Hon. H. McAlister and Jno. W. Stephenson of Warm Springs; Jos. W. Arbuckle and Jno. W. Holt, of Lewisburg; Wm. Shinn, of Covington and E. B. Knight, of Charleston.

Quite a large crowd were in attendance Monday.

B. F. Harlow, late proprietor of the Greenbrier Independent was among us.

We will give the proceedings next week.

Notes By the Way.

It is a matter far beyond thanksgiving and praise to witness the cheerful alacrity with which our people hasten to repair the effects of the recent flood.

During the whole spring season, there seemed to be unusual industry all over the county, clearing land repairing fence, and improving roadways.

Taken for everything there is no region on the face of the earth, that surpasses West Virginia, and Pocahontas may be made equal to any county in the state, for all material comforts. Patient industry is sure of its reward in a region like this.

AN INTERESTING SUNDAY SCHOOL

There is a flourishing Sunday school, at New Hope school house on Brown's Creek, near Huntersville, under the joint management of Mr. James W. Warwick and W. T. Moore.

On a recent Sabbath afternoon the writer witnessed a scene there, not to be met with in any other Sabbath school in the world.

The first Sabbath School ever taught in West Virginia, and for that matter, anywhere west of the Alleghanies was conducted by Mrs. Mary Warwick in her old age.

Though she was so infirm, that when seated, she could not arise from her chair without assistance yet she would have her servants to place her on a horse, and she would ride four miles to a log school house located near what is now called the "Jerry Friel cabin" on Jacob Sharp's property, where she met her Sunday School. She was theonly teacher, and would open her school at 8 or 9 o'clock and continue teaching until one or two in the afternoon then she would go to William Sharp's, eat awhile, take dinner and thereupon return to her home at Clover Lick.

One of her favorite scholars was little Lizzie Sharp, now known and much esteemed by many of your readers, as good old Aunt Bettie McClaugherty verging close to ninety years of age. She was at the Sunday School the afternoon referred to, and seemed interested in all that was going on. Mr. Warwick is a great, grand son, of her old Teacher, and Aunt Betsy says she can see her old Teacher's eye in Jimmy Warwick's head. It was a touching coincidence, that two such persons, should meet in sabbath school, after seventy five years should have passed away, and is of lasting significance in the literature of Sunday school.

AN IMPRESSIVE BURIAL SCENE.

Last week the pleasing information was furnished by one of your correspondents and published, that Mrs. Florida Price, was thought to be better of her serious illness.

It now appears this was but too apparent, for she died Tuesday morning, June 18th, aged 33 years. She was one of four daughters, in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bee, near Elkwater, Randolph Co., West Va.

About four years since, she was married to J. Calvin Price, Esq., and soon after they took up their residence on Clover Creek.

Two little boys are left motherless and a wide circle of relatives and attached friends, mourn the decease of a most excellent person.

On the afternoon of Wednesday, June the 19, she was buried from the Clover Lick Chapel followed by one of the largest funeral process ever seen in our county, and who is. She was entered in the historic Clover Lick grave yard, there to the grave of her great grand mother Mary Warwick, mentioned in a former note.

Outside of the cities, the writer, has rarely seen a grave more beautifully finished up. It was sodded with freshly cut turf, and adorned with across, and tastefully arranged garlands and wreathes of roses and evergreens.

The beautiful testimonies she bore of her confidence in the love and power of Jesus to save, are of the most consoling character.

Thinking of her, one is most touchingly reminded of these lines as beautifully appropriate

She sleeps in the Valley so sweet.
About her the green willows wave.
We planted the rose at her feet.
To bloom and decay o'er her grave.
She sleeps in the valley so sweet.
No sound e'er disturbs her repose.
So quiet in this calm retreat.
She rests safe secure from life's woes.

How calmly she rested in God.
"To thy arms my Savior I come."
Come quickly, come quickly, O Lord
And welcome thy wanderer home.
She sleeps in the Valley so sweet.
Her spirit has taken its flight,
Her form is but dust neath our feet,
While she is an angel of light.

W. T. P.

The Heroine of the Flood.

If the valley of Conemaugh has its heroes it also has its heroines.

The story of one woman's sublime courage and unselfishness at a supreme moment of peril makes a bright page in the gloomy record of the Johnstown calamity.

Mrs. Ogle, the manager of the Western Union Telegraph office at Johnstown, stood by her key to the last. She was notified time and again that certain death awaited her if she did not seek safety in flight. But the brave little woman thought of the thousands of people in the valley below and stuck to her post, sending out message after message of warning.

Suddenly a deafening roar filled the air, and a black wave, mountain high, could be seen rolling down upon the doomed city.

The pale faced woman gave one look and dashed the tears from her eyes.

"This is my last message!" the key ticked out to to the operator at South Fork.

There was no time to ad another word. The mad torrent struck the building and an instant later the lifeless heroine of the flood was washed through the raging waters, onward through the rocky mountain passes, and downward to the smiling plains below.

The bravest are the tenderest, and the tenderest are the bravest.

The Floods of the Future.

The Conemaugh valley disaster must not be viewed simply as a calamity. It is a warning.

When the boats navigate Pennsylvania avenue in Washington, and carp invade the houses of that city, we see the shadows of coming events—something even worse than the Johnstown horror.

We have more than once pointed out in these columns the probable consequences of the floods that will visit this country in future. The destruction of our forests will make the cloud burst as familiar to us as the tornado is to the dwellers on our western plains. Yes Bolton, in his work on "The Influence of Forest Growth on Climate," says: "The old experience that the destruction of woods accentuates climate extremes, and more especially enhances the danger of floods, has not thus far been contradicted. But, it receives calamitous confirmation in the disasters which, in the South Tyrol, for example, recur so frequently, and which it is vainly sought to prevent by artificial works."

We are energetically setting in motion the very machinery that must necessarily increase the area and the destructive power of these tremendous floods.

Warnings we have had in abundance, but we take no thought of the morrow. "A rent of half a million lives lost by the overflow of Yellow river in China, and shuts when the comforting thought comes to us that it is on the other side of the world. We hear of the cloud burst in the south of France after that region was stripped of its timber—cloud bursts which turn cow paths into raging torrents and sweep away houses, cattle and human beings. But all this, we say is in France. The awful warning comes nearer and in a deadlier shape, from time to time, until we have its breathless culmination and climax at Johnstown.

The thoughtful observerver who has watched these events, studied their lessons, and looked ahead into the future, can come to but one conclusion. A century hence Macaulay's New Zealander may not be here to shake his woody head over our ruins, but the scientific and progressive American of that day will have many strange chapters of history to relate. He will tell his children the story of our scores of dead cities that went down in the black night of a mighty deluge. He will describe the destruction of Washington, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and New Orleans. In Georgia and Tennessee he will name the cities of—but this comes too near home to be calmly discussed, and predictions would not be relished by any of us.

It is enough to say that a century hence, when the intelligent American of that day takes a glance backward, he will bitterly denounce our criminal waste and neglect in the matter of forestry, and it will be a mystery in his eyes that we allowed so many warnings to pass unheeded, and rushed on to our doom. —Atlanta Constitution.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

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Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish all desired Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

OFFICE TO TRAVELLER

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings. Charges reasonable.

JOEL PLACE, Carrier

Order of Publication.

E. S. Turk
vs. In Chancery.
Geo. W. McDonald

The object of this suit is to have a partition made of three tracts of land, containing respectively 354 216 and 127 acres of land lying on the waters of the Big Spring Branch of Elk River in Pocahontas County West Virginia, between the plaintiff and defendant, and to Enjoin and inhibit the defendant George W. McDonald, and all others from cutting and removing the Merchantable timber from said lands until partition thereof is made.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Geo. W. McDonald is a non resident of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that he do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and answer as necessary to protect his interest in this suit. The plaintiff has executed his bond as required by the order granting said injunction.

Teste JOHN J. BEARD Clk.

June 6 4t Printers fee $8.00

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the Chancery Cause of E. J. Sive vs James P. Ginger and wife, &c., &c., on the 3rd day of April, 1889 the special Commissioner appointed by said decree shall on the

THIRD DAY OF JUNE 1889

proceed in front of the Court house door of this County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing about 80 acres, the property of the defendant James P. Ginger on the waters of Stamping creek, adjoining the lands of the Heirs of A. D. Gwinn and others. This tract of land is fertile and productive and in a partial state of cultivation.

E. M. McCLINTIC
Special Com'r.

I John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, certify that the above Commissioner has given bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

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Where you can see a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

Ready Made Clothing,

Also a nice line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents, and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

Call and see them, and we assure polite and careful attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 20 1889.

Faithful.

Two boys were at work rigging a small sailboat. It lay in an inlet on the New Jersey coast, and had been hired from them for the season by a stranger from New York.

"Come along, Bob," said of the two. "It's all right now. We'll have time to see the ball match, if we don't start at once."

They had taken down some of the old ropes, and had rigged the boat with new ones. The halyards in bad not yet examined.

"They're all right," urged his companion, trying them,—"strong enough to last for years."

"No; I'll put in new halyards. I promised to make a thorough job of it."

"Then you'll miss the game. I'm off."

Tom ran across the field; Bob looked after him. It was a sharp disappointment to miss the game. The old halyards were worn but they were still stout.

"They'll stand this summer well enough," muttered Bob.

Then with a quick, decisive move ment he cut them, and proceeded to put in new ropes. "I'll make the job thorough," he said.

That very evening the New York gentleman took a party of his friends out for a sail, among them several persons whose lives were especially valuable to the community, and whose death would have been a calamity. When they were a mile from the land, a fierce squall struck the boat. They steered to meet the storm. The boat was certainly not much sail for such a gale.

Of course, what must happen did happen. The boat upset, and the physician in the party, in a few minutes,

"It all depends on the halyards. They are new, but there's a terrible strain on them."

Every eye in the boat was upon the short knotted ropes. They creaked ominously; but they bore the strain, and in a short time the boat was righted up on the beach. Bob's trust in new ropes had saved the lives of all on board.—*Youth's Companion.*

TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

He was a summer lover,
And so Fanny he did go over,
And he didn't leave
Life to tell these
Fair Parisian born was he,
And so now calls Paris Paree,
And exclaims in glee, Haste,
Here, his mother,
There, his brother,
And his lady love, cherie.

A learning man for a certain house was put in the witness chair. "Do you solemnly swear," said the clerk, "that the evidence you shall give in the case now on hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?" The witness hesitated and then said, "Well, I'm a selling goods for—and I'm for five years, but I'll do my best."

Shad Fishing.

The life of a shad fisherman is not a happy one, either is it very remunerative. They have to make their money in a short season and they are liable to lose their fine nets, which sometimes get caught in passing vessels. The nets cost several hundred dollars each. The net consists of two rope lines, each about 1000 feet long, with small pieces of lead fastened to one line six feet apart and pieces of egg shaped wood fastened to the other line. A fine linen net with meshes three and a quarter to three and five eight inches in size is strung on the lines, which are placed about twelve feet apart. The fishes are caught by the gills. Their head passes through the meshes, and when they try to retreat they are held prisoners by the silken twine. But if the nets are not lifted at the change of the tide they are liable to make their escape, and then there is mourning among the fishermen.

Two men operate a boat. The boats now used are thirty feet long and flat bottomed. They are cheaper than the keel boats and more stable. They are stout, and yet light and easy to handle. One man rows, and the other tends or throws the net, generally in the shape of a letter "L." When the net is cast, a line is fastened from the boat to the nearest end of the net, and away the party goes, drifting with the tide.

Sometimes the net is liable to catch on an obstruction or on the keel of a steamer or a tugboat, and then the net is damaged $50 or more. After drifting with the tide for a time the man tending the net commences to haul in. Soon there is a splash, and a nice shad is found "gilled." Perhaps this is the only one, and maybe there are ten thirty or a hundred more.

Then the boat is rowed back over the course and the same routine is gone through until the tide changes or the fishermen are thoroughly exhausted. The fishing is done in the night, and when the air is clear and the moon shines out the sight presented by the hundreds of fishermen, with their white lamp lit boats, is a fine one. The fishermen have to suffer many hardships, though, on a foggy or cold night.

In the morning the fishermen carry their nets ashore and clean and mend them. They are then wound on a reel. The speculators that are to be found in every fishing town buy the shad and ship it to this city.

There is great rivalry among the fishermen to see who will catch the first shad. The lucky one receives $10 from the speculators. A fisherman generally averages $3000 for his season's labor.—N. Y. Star.

Farm and Garden Notes.

One of the essentials of soiling is a fertile soil.

Boys and girls are the best crop raised on the farm.

Every farm ought to have its experimental patch.

It is better to dehorn every bull than to have one man killed.

Muriate of potash has proved to be a remedy for the white grub.

The early killed is the early killed weed, and the weed that robs the crop least.

If you are careful to keep the furrows straight you will do faster and better plowing.

The smaller the field the more fence required and the more land taken from cultivation.

A diversity of crops distributes work, receipts and expenses more evenly through the year and through the years.

The plum curculio is injuring our apples. To prevent this set plums among the apples. Spray the apple trees, and the plums three times to destroy the insect.

In no other way can the farmer so radically do the work of nature to his advantage as by using tile, for under drainage both lengthens the seasons and deepens the soil.

An attractive paper.—Fly paper.

At the Theatre.—Stobson (rising excitedly): "Down with that red umbrella in the front!" Mrs. Stobson (drawing him back): "For mercy sake flash up! That ain't an umbrella; it's a new spring hat."

Mrs. Jason: "Jakie! was there ever any such person as the fool killer?" Mr. Jason: "What idiotic questions you do ask. How the dickens do I know? I never met him." Mrs. Jason: "Oh I know that."

Diner-out: "Waiter, how's this? I have just discovered a collar button in my soup." Waiter: "Yes, sah, you's de lucky man. We has prize soup on Monday an' Wednesdays. A harnsome gift in every twentieth plate."

Mendicant: Please help a poor blind man, Kind old lady: Blind? Why bless me, there's a shilling for you. Mendicant: Thank ye, heartily, ma'am. I knowed the minute I see ye' comin' ye was a kind hearted ole 'oman.

An Irishman being asked on a late trial for a certificate of his marriage, exhibited a huge scar on his head, which looked as though it might have been made with a fire shovel. The evidence was considered satisfactory.

Judge (to prisoner): "Your wife says you dragged her out of bed by the hair." Prisoner: "I didn't touch her hair, your honour. It was hanging on the back of a chair where she put it the night before." Case dismissed.

We are never weary of reading a good epitaph—one which indicates the work of a lifetime in a few short, crisp words. Here is one, for instance, which needs no explanation. It was inscribed on the tomb of a cannibal: "He loved his fellowmen."

Bagley (sternly): Aurelia, let this thing stop. Mr. De Twirliger. Aurelia: Oh; paw, do not forbid Albert the house. Bagley: He may come every night in the week if he pleases, but he shall not bring his dog into my parlor. Last night its howlings kept me awake for an hour. Aurelia: Why paw, that was Albert singing a selection from "Ermine."

Between the Acts.—"How truly rural that scene was," said a husband to his wife as the curtain descended after the first act, and then he went out to see a man. At the close of the play—it was a five act play—he again expressed his admiration for the truly rural scenery, but as he pronounced the "truly lovely" his wife got him home as quickly as possible.

A gentleman who was troubled with a cough, and had consumption in the family, was induced by a friend to try a sample bottle of Piso's Cure for Consumption. He did so, and was relieved at once. He continued its use, and was soon cured. He has since recommended it to many others, and always with success. It is the best cough medicine we sell.—Sold by druggists, 25 cts. per bottle.

A GENTLEMAN, having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple means of self cure. To those who wish and will give him their symptoms, he will send (free) by return mail a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case.

Address in confidence, JAMES W. [illegible]

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP at Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style. May 16 3 m. J. C. THOMPSON

IF YOUR BACK ACHES Or you are all worn out, weak and good for nothing [illegible] BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them, and after all sick head

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it, while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MED. CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, as children that want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All druggists keep it.

DIRECT TO CONSUMER

Saving 25 to 40 Per Ct.

$85

We Manufacture a Complete Set of Harness for $85.00

Write for Catalogue and Price List.

PEERLESS BUGGY CO. CINCINNATI, O.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

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Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIMES.

JOB OFFICE.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

$46,600

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READ AND LEARN!

CUT THIS OUT AND SHOW TO FRIENDS.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 27, 1889. No. 49.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court—A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney—L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff—W. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff—
Clerk of Co. & Co. Courts—J. J. Beard.
Assessor—C. O. Arbogast.
County Court—C. B. Hevener, Pres't; B. S. Hannah; Hu. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor—Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. HEVENER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
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J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
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Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECK,
Atty.-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. F. McNEILL,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as are Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. J. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WATERPROOF BOOTS
Wolff's ACME Blacking
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

Little Bear.

Gurgle, gurgle, little bear,
In your mouth and lowly sphere,
Make a skinny meal you will,
Devouring many a vain request,
In your song there's lots of chaff,
Little bear!

Gurgle, gurgle, little bear,
Pain is taken on record here,
This all the typists know,
From temperate to intemperate sons,
Standout them without a peer,
Little bear!

Gurgle, gurgle, little bear,
I do love thee. Yes, I fear
My affections are intense,
Cling around thee deep and dense,
Lavish not wisely, but too dear,
Little bear!

Gurgle, gurgle, little bear,
Stream of nectar bright and clear
Do you mind the days that I
Used to drink the brewery dry?
Oft you got me on my ear,
Little bear!

Gurgle, gurgle little bear,
Oh! How many a bitter tear
Sparkles in thy shining foam—
Many a desolate home—
Many a sorrow, dark and drear,
Little bear!

Gurgle, gurgle, little bear,
You may think it rather queer,
But I feel that I must chide
You or give the job up, one,
No more wholesale will I steer,
Little bear!

—W. W. Folsom, in Atlanta Constitution.

Three Marine Mysteries.

I suppose that a hundred ships come and go where one is lost, but when one reflects on the dangers to which they are exposed he must marvel that so many escape. I saw a list of thirty-six missing ships the other day, missing from American English and French ports, and the fate of each was unknown or guessed at. Say that half of them foundered in mid-ocean, five were run down in collision, five more were wrecked on capes or shoals where all hands perished, and what became of the rest? Say that three of the remainder were destroyed by fire and what fate shall we attach to the other five? From the moment a vessel leaves port to begin her voyage she is exposed to danger, and though a sailor may be ever so an brave and hardy, he cannot shake off the knowledge that he lives on the verge of the grave. There are gales, and fogs, and collisions, and fire, and hidden rocks, and powerful currents; and so I repeat that it is a marvel more sailing craft are not added to the long, some list of missing which is recorded year by year.

In the year 1865, as the British bark *Lord Oldham*, of which I was second mate, was approaching the Canary Islands, and when about 180 miles distant, we were caught in the tail end of a cyclone and badly knocked about. We got out with some slight loss and a great deal of discomfort, and were bearing up again to our course when a great calamity happened. Half an hour before midnight, while the bark was doing her best under a fresh breeze, a sudden and great shock was felt. Her masts went by the board, and, as I reached the deck, a minute after the shock, the hull seemed to split open from stem to stern. I had gone below to get a glass of bitters, leaving the deck only thirty minutes before the shock came. I was knocked down and confused, but it could not have been over sixty seconds before I regained the deck. It was just in time to be carried overboard. I went with a lot of cattle, from the decks, and amid the frightened cries of the men, and a quarter of an hour later, when I had locked myself in the quarters of the quartermaster, I could not get an answer to any of my calls to the rest of the crew. How it was that all were lost I never could make out. There was rail enough to have floated 500 men, and my watch certainly all with awoke at the moment of the collision. The only explanation I can give is that they were somehow caught and crushed. I drifted during the rest of the night, and was picked up in the morning by a vessel bound in. By that time the wreckage had drifted apart until nothing could be found. Nothing whatever was picked up or cast up on any shore, and had I not been saved, the fate of the bark could only have been guessed at.

What did she collide with? The lookouts were on the bow, and alert and the night so clear that a ship could have been seen a mile away. The chart showed clear water for a hundred miles about, and we must have run full tilt upon some vessel which had been dismasted and bilged in the hurricane. If loaded with timber, her decks would have been awash, and she would have been as bad as a rock to collide with. There was only one shock, and the whole bows of the bark were crushed in by it.

Three years later, while off the Banks of Brazil in a small English ship called the White Cloud, another strange thing happened. I was first mate of this ship, and about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the weather being very fine and the wind light, I had all the men on deck setting up the rigging, some of which had slackened away. A man aloft suddenly hailed the deck with the information that a large whale was bearing down on the ship head on. We were a merchant vessel, and the sight of a whale had no interest for us. We went on with our work for three or four minutes, when the man again hailed me with:

"If that fellow holds his course he will be dead on to us. He's a big fellow, and coming like an iron steamer."

I ran forward to get a look, and the sea was so smooth that I had no difficulty in making out the whale. He was still a mile away, coming down at about steamer speed, and holding a course as straight as if somebody aboard of him was steering by compass. I was not a bit alarmed, expecting to see him show flukes every moment but the Captain came on deck and ordered the man at the wheel to break off two or three points. This brought the whale on our port bow. As I told you, I expected to see him sound every moment. It was astonishing that he had not disappeared so long before. I could scarcely believe my eyes as he held on, and by and by we had him alongside. I am telling you the truth when I say he actually rubbed us as we passed each other, and the color of him was so rank that some of the men cried out in disgust. That whale was ninety feet long if he was an inch, and he had a head as flat as a brick wall. So far as we could see he was carrying no harpoons and had no fresh wound, but he was gray and barnacled as if he had knocked about for a couple of hundred years. The rest of his bidding his own in such a half-headed way was alarming, and when we were clear of him we all congratulating ourselves over the close shave.

We were perhaps a mile apart when the whole crowd shouted. The moment we discovered what he was doing we knew that he meant to attack. The brute had now died away until we could not hope to dodge him, and he had not yet fully turned when we dropped the yawl from the davits and ran her alongside to the lee. Two men were ordered in to get water and provisions into her, and as the whale headed up for us we went off before the light breeze to give him all the room we could. Three or four minutes settled the question of whether he was after the ship or pulling his own course. He headed up for her, coming faster and faster, and when he was two cables' length away there was a great white wall of water rolling before him, and his speed was from eighteen to twenty miles an hour. He struck us full on the starboard quarter, and the shock was as if two ships had collided. Planks and ribs gave way before him, and as he recoiled from the blow our ship settled down stern first and was under water within two minutes. Everybody was knocked down by the shock, and everybody got up to rush for the yawl. I was sucked down almost as soon as I reached my feet, and after a struggle, in which I came out first best by a close shave, I was shot to the surface amid a lot of deck raffle. There were two or three men around me at first, and as I was hoisted up I caught sight of the yawl with at least two men in her. The whale was still at hand, lying very quiet, but I feared he would soon be aroused and attack us in turn, and I seized the galley door and paddled away to get out of his reach. While doing this a squall came down and hung on for twenty minutes, and when it had passed I could see nothing of boat nor whale.

That afternoon, an hour before sundown, I was picked up by the American whaler Richard Kunz. She already had our yawl, which she had found bottom up, but had not seen any of the men nor seen any wreckage. I was again the only one saved, and but for my testimony the fate of the ship would have forever remained a mystery. As to why the whale attacked us was made more clear after my rescue. The Kunz had raised and chased him the evening before, and he had been "gaffed" or annoyed so often during the month past that he had become ugly. He came for us with the intention of sending the ship to the bottom, and he succeeded only too well in carrying out his purpose.

A third mystery was the case of the Janet Wilcox, an American brig bound for Rio Janeiro. I was second mate of her when the occurrence took place. We had had weather for a good share of the voyage, but the brig was we and staunch, and was at no time in much peril. About 300 miles off Rio, while enjoying a bit of good weather, we one morning raised a long, low hull or mass dead ahead of us. Indeed, the boat had taken down her sail and was waiting for us to come up. There were nine men aboard of her, and they had plenty of water and provisions. The story they told was that they were a part of the crew of a large British ship which had been burned two days before. They claimed that all had got off in the boats, but that the boats had become separated in the heavy weather. They were a hard-looking lot, composed of all nationalities, and when we had taken them aboard our captain was in no means satisfied with their story. One of them claimed to be second mate, and, as the crew had all got off in two boats, it was a puzzle that the first mate was not in command of one. Other strange things came up, and the story of the crew did not hang together, and as all hands were ordered to keep an eye on the fellows.

We got a good start of it at last, and had run down to within ship or ship's width of the coast when the fellows showed their hands. They had been allowed to mingle freely with our crew, but had carefully abstained from a remark to indicate that they had an evil purpose in view. Their boat was large and unwieldy, and we had towed it all the as rather than to cast it loose or to attempt to haul it aboard. I was on watch from eight to twelve and nothing suspicious occurred during the first three hours. About 11 o'clock, as I stood near the men at the the wheel, I was hailed from the forecast with:

"Mr. Martin, will you please step forward and take a look at something we can't make out?"

I afterward recalled that it was not the voice of one of my watch, but I did not heed the matter at the time. I started forward, and had reached the waist of the vessel when two men seized me, lifted me clear of the deck, and before I could recover from my astonishment was flung overboard head first. It was more by instinct than any plan of my own that I swam for the boat towing astern. Had the brig not been sailing close hauled, and therefore going at a moderate pace, I should not have reached it. It was a close shave, and as I hung to the gunwale for a moment I heard a great confusion on the brig. It was mutiny, of course, and I was the first victim. My idea was to get aboard again as soon as possible, and the only way was to get in into the yawl, pull her close up, climb the skin up the painter. After an effort or two I pulled myself in, and just then there were oaths and cries and pistol shots from the brig, followed by a couple couple of splashes alongside, which meant that two bodies, living or dead, had gone overboard. I had hold of the painter when it was loosened from above, and I drifted rapidly astern. The fight continued as long as was within hearing. I was out of it entirely and could only hope that our crew, who were all good men, would overcome the mutineers in the struggle.

After the brig was out of sight I got sail on the boat, and followed her to the best of my judgment. It was just in the grey of morning that I was picked up by a British ship bound into Rio. It wasn't on very auspicious that we picked up the boat and that her crew attempted the capture, but it certainly was queer that from the hour she left me to this day that brig has never been heard of. But for my escape she would have been taken as lost, and the insurance paid. As it was the insurance company contested payment, and was three years in court. The insurance of that day, at least, did not provide for any such emergency. The naval and merchant service of every power was notified of the circumstance, and for two or three years every one was under observation, but the brig was never overhauled, nor any of her old crew heard of. My idea is that she foundered within a few days with all hands, but where or how nobody did not care to guess. She certainly did not turn pirate, and she was never heard of as a wreck. There is no such British ship on the seas now, nor was she ever registered as they stated. That could have been lying in wait, and it is quite likely that they were for me as soon as such a luck. Taken all in all, it was a strange case, and no one has ever got the right end of the thread to solve the tangle.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 27, 1889. No. 49.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, L. S. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClure.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of Co. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, J. G. Arbogast.
Commissioners, J. C. Kinnaird, Pres't.
J. B. Hannah.
G. P. Moore.
Prosecuting Attorney, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April and first Monday in June and the Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Only in term time.

C. E. KNOCK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

A. STUART,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. ROGERS,
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J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
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W. L. KER,
Atty-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. HEVNER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Hinton, W. Va.

D. T. H. MCELWEE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will visit Huntersville County at any regular term. The court will always find him there.

J. A. J. CLEMMER,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WATERPROOF BOOTS
Wolff's ACME Blacking
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

Little Bare.

Wiggle, giggle, little bare,
In your tub and low to splash;
Baby's shower made you wet,
Then song water's rain repeat,
Is your soap there? Here's bit of shoes,
Little bare!

Giggle, giggle, little bare,
Flash of pearl on pearled face,
That's the ripple laughs,
From temperate to intemperate zone,
Nowhere there without a pose,
Little bare!

Giggle, giggle, little bare,
I do love thee. Yes, I feel
My heart-strings go tremor,
Thou shouldst thus leap and dance,
Lavish out wisely, not be done,
Little bare!

Giggle, giggle, little bare,
Shower of amber bright and clear
Do you wield the rain that's
Over us drink the heavens dry?
Oh you got me as red as,
Little bare!

Giggle, giggle little bare,
Oh! How many a tinier heat
Sparkles in thy shining from —
Many a deluded lover —
Many a corner, dark and drear,
Little bare!

Giggle, giggle, little bare,
You may think it rather queer,
But I feel that I must shout
You are quite the pet of me,
So must subscribe will I steer,
Little bare!

—S. W. Foster, in Atlanta Constitution.

Terra Marian Mysteries.

I suppose that a hundred ships were wrecked in here, but when one reflects on the dangers to which they are exposed he must marvel that so many escape. I saw a list of thirty-six missing ships the other day, among them American, English and French ports, and the fate of each was unknown or guessed at. Say that half of these foundered, were run down in collision, five more were wrecked on capes or shoals where all hands perished, and what in the name of the reef? Say that three of the remainder were destroyed by fire and what fate shall we attach to the other five? From the moment a vessel leaves port to begin her voyage she is exposed to danger, and though a sailor may be ever so brave and manly, he cannot shake off the knowledge that he lives on the verge of the grave. There are gales, and fogs, and collisions, and fire, and hidden rocks, and powerful currents; and can I repeat that it is a marvel more striking still on our coasts is the loss some list of missing vessels record, ad pass by year.

In the year 1805, as the British brig Lord Oldham, of which I was second mate, was approaching the Canary Islands, and when about 100 miles distant, we were caught in the tail end of a typhoon and badly knocked about. We got out with some slight loss and a great deal of discomfort, and were beginning to again to our course when a great calamity happened. Half an hour before midnight, while the mate was doing his last notice a great breeze, a sudden and great shock was felt. Her stern went in the heard, and, as I counted the clock, a minute after the shock the hall servant to eight open from stem to stern. I had gone below to get a glass of bitters, leaving the deck only thirty seconds before the shock came. I was knocked down and confused, but it could not have been over sixty seconds before I gained the deck. It was just in time to be carried overboard. I went with a leg of cable, from the decks, and amid the frightened cries of the men, and a squeller of an hour later, when I had locked myself in the cabin of the lieutenant, I could not get an answer to any of my calls to the rest of the crew. How it was that all were lost I never could make out. There was not enough to have floated any one, and my watch certainly all with owner at the moment of the collision. The only explanation I can give is that they were somehow caught and crushed. I drifted during the rest of the night, and was picked up in the morning by a ten oar board in. By that time the weather had drifted apart until nothing could be found. Nothing whatever was picked up or cast up on any shore, and but I not been saved, the fate of the bark would only have been guessed at.

What did she collide with? The lookouts were on the bow, and alert and the night so clear that a ship could have been seen a mile away. The chart showed clear water for a hundred miles about, and we must have run full tilt upon some vessel which had been dismasted and lying ill in the harbour. It loaded with timber, her decks would have been weak, and the would have been no hail in a craft to collide with. There was only one shock, and the whole crew of the bark were erupted in by it.

Three years later, while off the Banks of Brazil in a small English ship called the White Cloud, another strange thing happened. I was first mate of this ship, and about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the weather being very fine and the wind light, I had all the men on deck setting up the rigging, some of which had slackened away. A man aloft suddenly hailed the deck with the information that a large white was bearing down on the ship head on. We were a merchant vessel, and thought of a while had no interest for us. We were on with our work for three or four minutes, when the man again hailed me with...

"I shot fellow, hails his course he will be clear up to us. He's a big fellow, and coming like an express."

I ran forward to get a look, and the ship was so much that I had no difficulty in making out the whole. He was still a mile away, coming down at about normal speed, and holding a course as straight as if somebody aboard of him was steering by compass. I was not a bit alarmed, expecting to see him show fairly every moment but the captain came on deck and ordered the men at the wheel to check off two or three points. This brought the white on our port bow. As I told you, I expected to see him signal every moment. It was astonishing that he did not display me long before. I could scarce ly believe my eyes as he held on, and he and by we had him close aside. I am telling you the truth when I say he actually rubbed us as we passed each other, and the cabin of the man cried out in despair. That white was closer than a rope's length, and he had a boat on him like a brick wall. So far as we could see, he was carrying no harpoons and had no fresh wounds, but he was most grimy and filthy, as if he had knocked about for a couple of hundred years. The fact of his looking like one in such a hurry had struck me as interesting, and when we were clear of him, we all ran aloft and watched him as he kept on his course.

We were perhaps a mile apart when the whale dived under the bottom as it seemed that he was doing we knew that he meant to attack. The brown had now died away until we could not hope to dodge him, and he had not yet fairly turned when we dropped the keel from the decks and let her alongside. In the bow two men were ordered to get water and provisions into her, and as the whale headed up for us we cast off before the light breeze to give him all the room we could. Three or four minutes settled the question of whether he was after the ship or sailing his own course. He headed up for her, coming faster and faster, and when he was two cables' length away there was a great white wall of water rolling before him, and his speed was from eighteen to twenty miles an hour. He struck us full on the starboard quarter, and the shock was as if two skips had collided. Masts and rigging gave way before him, and as he scraped from the bow our ship settled down stern first and was under water within two minutes. Everybody was knocked down by the shock, and everybody got up to rush for the cowl. I was settled down almost as soon as I reached my feet, and after a struggle, in which I came out first best by a close shave, I was shot to the surface amid a lot of dark ruffle. There were two or three men around me at first, and as I was hoisted up I caught sight of the cowl with at least two men in her. The whale was still at hand, lying very quiet, but I feared he would soon be aroused and attack us in turn, and I missed the galley door and paddled away to get out of his reach. While doing this a squall came down and hung on for twenty minutes, and when it had passed I could see nothing of boat nor whale.

That afternoon, an hour before sundown, I was picked up by the American whaler Robert Kane. She certainly had our cowl, which she had found bottom up, but had not seen any of the men we met with six wreckings. I was again the only one saved, and but for my fortunate the fate of Crudely would have never remained a mystery. As to why the whale attacked us was no more clear after my rescue. The Kane had raised and chased him the evening before, and he had been "galled" or enraged by often during the month and that he had become ugly. He came for us with the intention of sending the ship to the bottom, and he succeeded only too well in carrying out his purpose.

A third mystery was the case of the Jane Wilson, an American brig bound out for Jamaica. I was second mate of her when the event took place. We had had weather for a good share of the voyage, but the brig was not built much, and was at no time in ordinary good trim. About 300 miles off Hatteras, while running a bit in good weather, we one morning raised a long boat full of men about abeam of us. Indeed the boat had taken down her sail and was waiting for us to come up. There were two men a board of her, and they had plenty of water and provisions. The story they told was that they were a portion of the crew of a large British ship which had been burned two days before. They could not tell how and got off in the boats, but that the boats had become separated in the night and they had been drifting in company all the time since. They were a hard looking lot, composed of all nationalities, and they we had by far the roughest and ugliest crew I ever saw. Their story was not doubted by any of us, and the men were ordered to keep an eye on the fellows.

We got a good start of night and had run down to within fifty miles of the coast when the fellows showed their teeth. They had been allowed to mingle freely with our crew, but had carefully abstained from a display of ill-will that they had an evil purpose in view. Their boat was large and unwieldy, and we had towed it all the way rather than to have it leave us to attempt to help it himself. I was on watch from eight to twelve and nothing suspicious occurred during the first three hours. About 11 o'clock, as I stood near the mast at the wheel, I was hailed from the forecastle with:

"Mr. Martin, will you please step forward and take a look at some thing we can't make out?"

I afterward noticed that it was not the voice of one of my watch, but I did not heed the matter at the time. I started forward, and had reached the waist of the vessel when two men seized me, lifted me clear of the deck, and before I could recover from my astonishment was being overboard head first. It was more by accident than any plan of my own that I went for the boat instead of the sea. Had the brig not been sailing close-hauled, and therefore sailing at a good rate per, I should not have reached it. It was a close shave, and as I hung to the gunwale for a moment I heard a great scrambling on the brig. It was mutiny, of course, and I was the first victim. My idea was to get aboard again as soon as possible, and the only way was to get in into the yawl, pull her close up, and then step up the painter. After an effort or two I pulled myself in, and just then there were oaths and cries and pistol shots from the brig, followed by a couple minutes of splashes alongside, which meant that two bodies, living or dead, had gone overboard. I had cast of the painter when it was removed from above, and I pulled rapidly astern. The fight continued so long as was within hearing. I was out of it entirely and could only hope that our crew, who were all good men, would overcome the villainous in the struggle.

After the brig was out of sight I got sail on the boat, and headed her to the best of my judgment. It was hard, in the gray of morning that I was picked up by a British ship bound into Rio. It wasn't an easy matter to get aboard, as the boat and that had been towing, at all events, but it eventually was quiet this, from the boat she left me to this day that brig has never been heard of. But for my escape she would have been called to look, and the mutineers picked up. As it was, the mutineers undoubtedly considered the brig and were soon sure to reach. The mutineers of that day, at least, did not provide for any such contingency. The wind and weather, unless at very severe part of the year in a large British ship which had been burned two days before. They could not tell how and got off in the boats, but that the boats had become separated in the night and they had been drifting in company all the time since. They were a hard looking lot, composed of all nationalities, and they we had by far the roughest and ugliest crew I ever saw. Their story was not doubted by any of us, and the men were ordered to keep an eye on the fellows.

We got a good start of night and had run down to within fifty miles of the coast when the fellows showed their teeth. They had been allowed to mingle freely with our crew, but had carefully abstained from a display of ill-will that they had an evil purpose in view. Their boat was large and unwieldy, and we had towed it all the way rather than to have it leave us to attempt to help it himself. I was on watch from eight to twelve and nothing suspicious occurred during the first three hours. About 11 o'clock, as I stood near the mast at the wheel, I was hailed from the forecastle with:

"Mr. Martin, will you please step forward and take a look at some thing we can't make out?"

I afterward noticed that it was not the voice of one of my watch, but I did not heed the matter at the time. I started forward, and had reached the waist of the vessel when two men seized me, lifted me clear of the deck, and before I could recover from my astonishment was being overboard head first. It was more by accident than any plan of my own that I went for the boat instead of the sea. Had the brig not been sailing close-hauled, and therefore sailing at a good rate per, I should not have reached it. It was a close shave, and as I hung to the gunwale for a moment I heard a great scrambling on the brig. It was mutiny, of course, and I was the first victim. My idea was to get aboard again as soon as possible, and the only way was to get in into the yawl, pull her close up, and then step up the painter. After an effort or two I pulled myself in, and just then there were oaths and cries and pistol shots from the brig, followed by a couple minutes of splashes alongside, which meant that two bodies, living or dead, had gone overboard. I had cast of the painter when it was removed from above, and I pulled rapidly astern. The fight continued so long as was within hearing. I was out of it entirely and could only hope that our crew, who were all good men, would overcome the villainous in the struggle.

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Pocahontas Times.

JOHN L. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

[illegible]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

[illegible]

Huntersville, W. Va.

June 27 1889.

Young Men to the Fore.

One thing that is needful in the part of the Democrats in running political campaigns in this state, is to get new material in the vanguard of the party. [illegible]

[illegible]

We want in this State new brains to think, new hearts to dare, and new arms to work. We want honesty of purpose in politics as in other affairs of life. We want men to fight battles for the party, and not for self. We want the Democratic party renewed, rejuvenated, and reclaimed. The young men can do it, if they will. Will they do it?—Charleston Gazette.

The recent address of Gen. Jubal A. Early, at Winchester, Va., has attracted considerable attention. He spoke his honest sentiments, and for this feature, if for no other he has been greatly praised. The following sentiment has been applauded universally: "As I have said on a former occasion, if ever I repudiate, disown, or apologize for the cause for which Lee fought and Jackson died, may the lightning of heaven blast me and the scorn of all good women and true men be my portion." General Early added:

"And again I say that the Confederate who has deserted since the war, for the former has gone over to the enemy at no personal risk [illegible]

The General closed by paying a high tribute to the ladies of Virginia and the South.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

Washington, June 21.—[illegible]

[illegible]

Corporal Tanner has just allowed an increase of pension to [illegible]

Attorney General Miller [illegible]

[illegible] the advice of the Treasury has already given his opinion. He says it would be a violation of law. One of the most prominent lawyers of this city, the same gentleman is one of the board of trustees of the University says the University will bring over instructors, and he does not believe that any court in the country will sustain the administration in construing the alien contract law so as to exclude them.

A bit of scandal has leaked out about the sudden resignation of the private secretary of Corporal Tanner. It was thought a little strange that he should prefer being a timber agent of the Interior department in the far west to being private secretary to the Commissioner of Pensions. Now that the facts are out it is thought that he was very lucky not to be kicked out of the government service entirely. The trouble with him was the same as with a good many others, he was not satisfied to confine his "mashing" propensities to his wife who would probably appreciated them, but must thrust them upon some other woman, who does not appreciate them. The story is a very short one; the private secretary came in with Tanner and at once became smitten with one of the lady clerks in the Pension office. He persecuted her with attention and wrote her many notes, the last one indecent and threatening her discharge. The lady then went to Secretary Noble, told her story and placed the notes in the Secretary's possession. That gentleman sent for Tanner and told him that Squeers—that's the "masher's" name—must go. Tanner agreed readily because he wanted to give the position to his daughter just out of school, but owing to some obligations he had to stick to Squeers, therefore he persuaded Secretary Noble to appoint him a special timber agent.

"Mr. Facs both ways" [illegible] Harrison's new name. His attitude on civil service reform earned the [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

NEW'S THIS.

[illegible]

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

[illegible]

4 MILES NEARER 4

[illegible]

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

[illegible]

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

[illegible]

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

[illegible]

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

—DEALERS IN—

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Merchandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

I. B. MOORE

Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having recently purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS.

[illegible]

Circuit Court Proceedings.

Court convened on Monday 17th, with Judge A. N. Campbell on the bench.

CHANCERY CASES.

[illegible]

STATE CASES.

[illegible]

People would not see me. I got in such a fix that I wasn't allowed to live any longer. I tell them you in all your troubles. I never thought that I would ever have to take my own dear life. You done all you could."

On reading the note he hurried out to a small out-house (used for a granary) where he found her lying on the floor. She had made a slip-noose with a piece of cord about the size of wool twine, put it around her neck, tied the end to a rafter, and lay down. He did not touch her being satisfied she was dead, but ran to a neighbor's and gave the alarm.

Dr. [illegible], the family physician, testified that she was of sound mind, but that ill health had probably destroyed her desire to live. Her death was the result of strangulation, and the character of the surroundings indicated deliberation, as she could easily have saved herself.

A neighbor woman testified that only an hour before the occurrence she overheard deceased remark that she was tired of living.

The jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to death by her own hand.

Mrs. Mann was the daughter of Mr. George W. Morgan, and was about 24 years of age. She was buried on Friday in the Morgan graveyard.—Greenbrier Messenger.

What So they do With it

[illegible]

Ex-Senator Camden, of W. Va., is very ill.

The Prohibition Amendment was defeated in Pennsylvania by 200,000 majority.

A policeman was shot badly but not fatally, in Wheeling, on the 18th, by a man whom he attempted to arrest.

It is said that a cousin of the rich Astor family in New York recently committed suicide to avoid starvation. 'Tis a sad world, after all.

Mrs. Hayes, the wife of ex-President Hayes, was stricken with apoplexy on the 21st inst., at her home in Fremont, O.

In England and France many women dress in men's clothes all the time. They claim that when they pass themselves off for men they get better wages and suffer less annoyance.

Sitting Bull gives indications of remaining a "bad Indian" for a while longer. It was thought that he was about to check his baggage for the happy hunting grounds a few days ago, but he is now reported as recovering. The doughty chieftain may be old, but he seems to still be very tough.

A young man named Joseph Smith, on the 20, threw a stone at the cars as they were passing Wayne's Cave Station, on the Winchester Valley Road, at high speed. It struck the cars, and rebounding struck Smith on the head, killing him instantly.

William Nye has sailed for Europe to interview the queen. [illegible]

GRAND PICNIC.

On July the 4th, there will be a basket picnic near [illegible]. A large platform is erected for dancing. Good music will be in attendance. [illegible]

Everybody is invited.
By Order of Committee.

Administrator's Notice.

[illegible]

A. W. [illegible]
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish, and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

[illegible]

WANTED

[illegible]

GOOD FLOUR.

[illegible]

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings. Charges reasonable.

[illegible], Carrier.

NOTICE.

[illegible]

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

Only First-Class Literary Institution in the State

Fifteen Professors and Teachers.

Preparatory Department.
Classical Course,
Scientific Course,
Civil and Mining Engineering Course. Law School.

[illegible]

PATENTS.

[illegible]

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

—AND GO TO—

LOURY & DOYLE'S

Where you can see a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

Ready Made Clothing,

Also a nice line of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents, and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

[illegible]

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

[illegible]

The Hunter Times.

JOHN I. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1/4 C.
One week, $	1.00	$ 1.50	$ 2.00	$ 4.00
Two weeks,	1.50	2.00	3.00	6.00
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Two months,	3.00	4.00	5.00	10.00
Three months,	4.00	5.00	6.00	12.00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, inserted for one dollar each time, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50. These terms will be strictly complied with.

Hunterville, W. Va.

June 27 1889.

NEWS NARRATIVES.

New York Herald: Tom Keith's Tribe. [Brooklyn Chronicle.]

"Tom" Marshall was at one time the favorite town of the bar in Kentucky. He swooned, his wit, his eloquence poured over a jury which he happened to be struck on both sides, as quite as he subdued some dubious client him. One of the best stories is the following.

Marshall, after a prolonged bout, found himself in a little inland town, the center of an admiring circle of newspaper friends who were grounds of his real position or antipathies. Chief among these was a young dandy, a local magnate, whose by dint of social eminence, had turned a few hundred voters. He was about to be arrested, and brought a song to the lawyer, and offered his services the day upon the bench to pay for it.

The bargain was to be completed on the following day. He invited the lawyer to his chambers, a small room back of the shop, and, locking up the rest of ladies in his apartment, went to bed.

About midnight he was awakened by the knob of a fire-brand in his face. He sprang up. A man was climbing out of the open window. His desk was open and rifled. He rushed upon the thief, who fired at him twice and escaped. The next morning, as the eve of his wedding day, was all desperate excited and jeweller.

The country was searched for traces of the thief, but in vain. Marshall took a less view of the matter, questioned the policemen closely, and when they gave up in despair, asked permission to visit the thief's room. After a close search he found upon the floor a small gold pencil-case, which he identified as his own property. When examined, it proved to be one of a number of articles, signed by John Jones, town clerk.

The fact of action, on the name of the man proved to be a well-to-do, respecting law-breaker. Marshall at once searched the house of the town clerk, and found on the spot two three hundred dollars in notes, etc. Fifty was an account, and the money was found in the possession.

Marshall now left the city, followed by the blessings of the grateful dandy and his fellow-lodgers, afterward they discovered that their friend was the luckless possessor of [illegible].

Another story which begins in the gaming chair the scene is at the same place as of the lawyer named Hunt, who is the very best of his country, was known as "the shrewd lawyer," on account of his general cleverness. He was on [illegible] he employed to defend a poor colored person in a case, in court of which the trouble after he [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] anything against the negro, but there was no doubt of his guilt. The trial was had, and the jury, after a brief consultation, returned a verdict of guilty, and Hunt's client was saved.

The old saying, "Murder will out," is true only when some intellect is acute enough to gather the proof of guilt from circumstances which other men neglect.—Youth's Companion.

The World Full of Insect Lives.

According to the American Agriculturist, the world swarms of the insect race are the destroyers, who are in pursuing our miserable existence is a world full of death traps. One mother tells you not to eat or drink the meat. Another says beef, you must only eat what you fancy, because otherwise you will bully your food without giving to each morsel the dainty air consideration which are necessary for digestion. You must wear a respirator over your mouth, a pad on your chest, and a wreath of flannel round your loins. If you live in town, you will die of lung if you go in the country, you will be poisoned by bad drainage; if you drink water you are running the risk of blood fever; milk spells scarlatina, and tea-cake is sudden death. Do you shun these temptations? Then you are the victim of the insect and take refuge in the recesses of the forest. Do you become a vocal from the circulating library? Then is to impair the nerves of digestion into a headless household. The cat that is your friends may have been poisoned by a parasite swarming from an [illegible] [illegible]

Lime as a Garden Helper.

Don't forget lime this month. Don't plant more than will soon grow.

Be sure and test your seeds before planting.

Don't plow the land when wet or sticky.

Use of the essentials of salting is a life saver.

Mix the dry house manure with the wet one sometimes.

Cracked corn, and cold, is good for disorders in chicks.

Don't sweet a drink, sure to a dentist or a thoroughfare.

Don't feed sulphur to young chickens; it produces leg weakness.

Don't feed eggs and cracked bones a great deal to lay the dark hens.

Don't breed to a strikingly unlikely horse, even if he has a long pedigree.

It is a mistaken idea that a hen's nest might be the right a year without removing.

A gentleman who was driving up Franklin street across the other day came to several empty cabins in the street, and he asked and asked of a boy who sat on the curb.

"Say, sir, who called those cabins up?"

"Why did. We are thinking home," was the answer.

"Those children are those out there in the street?"

"They are ours. We have no one to go out of them."

"Is that your dog making such a fuss in the back yard?"

"Yes, sir. We are going [illegible] long to not keep it up?"

"And I suppose you hugged that rabbit out there?"

"I do that I'm playing with it."

"Well, you have to be doing about all you want by half."

"Yes, sir thanks that I won't [illegible] off the lamp you haven't got a situation in the [illegible] I feel that [illegible]

Her Ma Right.—"I'll never teach children when I get so long as I live."

Timid Mother.—"I am glad to hear you say so, my dear; but what has reduced you so suddenly?"

"Last evening Mr. Stickleton proposed to me just at the moment when my pens got stuck, so couldn't say anything, and he went off."

Pipp.—"I'm so long, and the only disagreeable thing about it is that the girl is often than I."

Jack.—"How old are you now?"

"I'm eighteen."

"And the lady is what?"

"Twenty-two."

"Well, make your mind easy. By the time you are twenty-one she'll be only twenty."

Husband (after seven weeks with his wife).—"Well let us drop it. I don't care to say any more about. And, besides I like to tell to a sensible person when I am talking."

Wife (with a sarcastic laugh).—"You don't always do it, then."

H.—"I don't."

W.—"Do I sometimes hear you talking to yourself."

Excellent Hints.

Wash out raisins in all stains in cold water.

The cheap fire to boil with is made of charcoal.

Sweet cider is the best cure for grass feet in "corn or bunn."

Pickles may be greened with enough brass kettle. Keep on cooking.

Have clean silk bonnets wet put it between the hands to dry quick.

"Willie," said Mrs. Trombly, "have they been fudge? You'll be sick."

"Is that the same dog that kept us awake last night?"

"I think so. It sounds [illegible] doesn't it?"

"Didn't you want him that the barking of a dog was a sure sign of thieves in the town?"

"Yes. Where is he?"

"The dog?" said Trombly, in a low tone as shrugged out of bed and crushed for his revolver.

"Well, sir," said an old gentleman unexpectedly, "what are young people here coming to? I thought the editorial that I gave you just as you left the room here last night would give you to understand that I don't like you very well." And the speaker looked at his host in a curious way.

"I did said the young man," and took an apologetic pose and adjusted his necktie over his lapel. "But I thought I would come and see you."

"Look me what?"

"Do you would like to join our base ball association."

A GENTLEMAN, [illegible]

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

If in all cases, I offer the entire stock of the store, in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Hunterville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED

[illegible]

JOB OFFICE.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil

HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by [illegible]

1. It is Palatable as Milk.
2. It is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil.
3. It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
4. It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
5. It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
6. It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

$46,600

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READ OUR LETTER

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 4, 1889. No. 50.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. W. Campbell, Huntersville; Attorney, I. N. McClintic, Huntersville; Clerk, H. J. McNeel, Deputy Clerk, Huntersville; Sheriff, J. J. Beard, Huntersville; Assessor, C. O. Arbogast, Huntersville; Surveyor, C. C. Moore, Point, Co. Supt. Schools, S. S. Hannah, Huntersville; Prosecuting Attorney, D. P. Moore, Huntersville; Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter, Huntersville.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in June. Jury in June only.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

I. N. MCCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HUNTER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Special attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECK,
Atty at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. NEUHAUS,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. [illegible]
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. A. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Sweat-Groan-Growl.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
REQUIRES NO BRUSH.

DARBY.

"Twas but a breath—
And yet the hair grew white as wind,
And Youth and Joy and Love stood blind,
And life was worse than death.

One unuttered word—
What struck its onward flight, unheard, blow,
The cruelest whisper, hushed and low—
And yet the wide world heard.

'Twas but one whisper—one,
That murdered love for very shame.
The thing the slanderer dare not name
And yet no work was done.

A look at night,
And yet as mighty to do power,
A thought seal in one short hour,
Like crushed beneath its blight.

Prize Winners.

We played progressive euchre
The livelong winter through,
She was a skillful player,
And I was lucky too.

Our luck gave rise to envy,
And in together drew,
Whereof—since she was charming—
I surrendered not. Would you?

So, when the playing ended,
Each night the luck my who,
And asking as her escort,
I yielded to seven charm.

A year now we've been married,
And, much to our surprise,
Somehow we both keep thinking
We won the booby prize.

Miss or Thine.

"You refuse me, then?"

The tone in which the few words were spoken was low and even, as if they were of no moment, but the face of Philip Lowry contradicted the forced composure. His eyes—large dark eyes full of intellect and chivalrie—were fixed upon the face of his companion with an expression of pain, and his lips quivered under his heavy mustache.

Maude Ingersoll looked at him with scorn in her blazing blue eyes, her lips curled contemptuously, and her cheeks flushed with anger.

Always a beautiful woman, her usually cold impassive face was doubly fascinating when lighted with passion.

"Before you?" she said quickly; "Yes. You do not love me, you do not wish to marry me. You come here in obedience to the wish of my uncle, and you ask me to be your wife because he wishes you to share the wealth he left to me. I will not submit to such arbitrary wishes—so much for your wooing!"

"You mistake," was the reply; and now the voice was eager and full of pathos; "I did come here because my friend—my adopted father—desired it; but my resolve was taken before I came. If I could love you, I would obey him if not, I determined never to ask for your hand. Maude, I love you. Were your uncle's wealth to be lost to you today, I should still plead for your hand. My whole life shall prove my love, if you will accept it. Darling!" for he saw by his eyes softer, "you do love me?"

Her face grew hard again, and she said haughtily,

"We have talked too long. I must destine the hours you are here.

And before he could speak again, she swept past him and went to her own room, locking the door that no one might surprise her in the silent act of weeping the result no longer control.

Love him! How could she help but love him! With a noble face, a tall manly figure, to captivate her fancy, to command respect, intellect to command admiration and a tenderness almost womanly, to win her love. She had resisted much and all, and yet they conquered at last.

With her whole heart Maude Ingersoll loved Philip Lowry. But she was proud, a woman averse to all solicitation, and one who fully appreciated the advantages that was added to her personal charms.

When her uncle, Stephen Ingersoll, had sent for her from the boarding school where she was educated, he had told her that the dearest wish of his heart had been to see her the wife of his adopted son. There had been a life-long friendship between Stephen Ingersoll and Philip Lowry's father, and the boy had been a precious legacy of love. He had been educated at home and abroad, and studied law as a profession, but his adopted father had left him but four thousand dollars. There was, however, a sealed letter, and it contained two requests. One was that on his twenty-fifth birthday he should ask Maude to be his wife, and the other that he should go to Mr. Ingersoll's lawyer on the same day, and hear what he had to communicate.

Smarting still under Maude's repulse, yet sure that she loved him, Philip left the house that had been his boyhood's home to fulfill the desire of his benefactor before returning to the city where he had opened a law office.

Conscious that he had not been influenced by Maude's wealth in his wooing, it galled him to think of the avowed cause of her rejection, and it required a long walk to work off his anger before he was sufficiently composed to present himself to Mr. Freybold, the late Mr. Ingersoll's lawyer.

He was a fussy little man, brimming over with importance, and he shook Philip's hand, and almost pushed him into a chair in his feverish impatience to impart his tidings.

"My late client," he said, after the first interchange of greeting was over, "was, as you are aware, Mr. Lowry, a very peculiar man—a man of forms, to be sure, but—well, you may not be aware of the fact, but he was vacillating in some respects—very much so about the final disposal of his property.

"I did not know that, certainly," Philip said.

"No? Well, he made fourteen wills in this office; some left every thing to you, some left all to Miss Maude, some divided the property. But the last one—the very last one—which was not to be opened until to-day, leaves Miss Maude four thousand pounds, and leaves you sole heir to all the rest. But Mr. Ingersoll, although he made no such conditions in his will, was satisfied that this will would make no material difference to his niece, but simply place the money in her husband's hands. He told me that."

"Can I see the will?"

"Certainly—certainly. It is, you see, quite brief, but plainly expresses his wish."

"And if this one did not exist?"

"Why the money would still be Miss Maude's."

"I see. Mr. Ingersoll, you understand, Mr. Freybold, wrote this will under a mistaken impression. Miss Maude is not engaged to me."

"Not engaged to you! But I thought you were to see her to-day, before you came here."

"You had a woman's privilege, and she took advantage of it. I did see her, and she rejected me."

"Then she will lose her money. Bless my soul! but that is hard now, isn't it? Perhaps it she on reconsider—"

But here Mr. Freybold choked himself, seeing the wrath upon the young man's countenance.

"I understand you, sir," Philip said coldly; "that you are quite well taken. Miss Ingersoll should not cause me to keep her uncle's legacy from her, even if I give her the opportunity. But the question need not be discussed. I love her! I tell you this that you may know why I refuse to accept riches that are taken from her. This will being made under a mistaken impression is lost to—There!"

And as he spoke he tore the document with his strong nervous hands across and across, and tossed the fragments into the waste paper basket.

"Bless my soul!" gasped the little lawyer. "Are you aware that there is half a million of money in the estate?"

"I am quite aware of that fact," was the quiet reply; "and I wish Miss Maude every happiness the possession can give her."

But the rich, absent as it was, did not bring to Maude Ingersoll either happiness or rest. She had not known the strength of her love till her lover had left her. The hours when she had expected his daily visits dragged heavily, and Mrs. Marsh, the companion who represented propriety in the house of the heiress, wondered casually if Miss Ingersoll had, after all, a bad temper. She had been cold and proud, but never snappish before; for her own heart made her irritable, and Mrs. Marsh certainly was trying in her praises of Mr. Lowry, and openly expressed wonder at his earlier departure.

Society was dull since Philip was no longer Maude's escort; the operas lost its charm when he was not beside her; her admirers all seemed silly and worrisome, comparing their vapid small talk with Philip's vigorous thrillers and well chosen conversation.

But two years dragged along and the wound, self inflicted had ceased to be an ever present agony. Maude had taken up study, chiefly, current composition of varied kinds, and tried to believe she had quite lived down her heartache. The self-deception asserted itself one morning when business called her to Mr. Freybold's office. The fussy little man, after the errand had been executed, said regretfully:

"That is sad news from Mr. Lowry. A fine young man."

"I have heard no news of him," Maude said, her heart suddenly beginning to beat with sickening rapidity.

"No? He has been seriously injured in a railway collision. He was on his way here, and was brought on in the next train, and is at the National Hotel. There is but little hope of his recovery, and if he is to be spared his left arm, he says—completely—to-day. Dear, dear! He might not be seen alive, he did two years ago in this office."

"What was that?" Maude asked in a low choking voice.

"He would not have told you, and he may not thank me for doing so—but he, Philip Lowry, in this office, two years ago, tore into a hundred pieces the last will of Stephen Ingersoll, which left the bulk to the property that is now yours."

White to her lips, Maude Ingersoll heard this story that contained so considerably the movement motive with which she had charged her lover. It struck her like a blow—the proof of his devotion and generosity, yet the refusal pure and cold.

"Thank you for telling me," she said, and was gone, while Mr. Freybold, listening to her carriage roll away from his door, rubbed his hands together and said aloud:

"There is one I'll be bold to say made that affair all right."

Suffering still from the shock of his injuries, later from loss of blood, caused by the tear of his artery, Philip Lowry lay in his room at the National Hotel, slowly hugging to die.

He had not gone home as usual over a broken heart, but had manfully borne his last love. Still, the pain, mental somewhat, and bodily, and when the physical pain became so sullen that the fire of the wound gone from him.

"As well to die as to live—alone and alone?" he thought drearily, as he lay back weary and faint, "How long, I wonder, must I be here?"

The nurse was leaving about, the doctor had just gone, and there seemed only an endless blank before him when there came a soft rush of silk across the floor.

Very slowly it approached the bed, until, bending over him, Philip saw Maude's face.

Very low her voice sounded, scarcely above a whisper, but he heard every word as she said:

"Philip, will you forgive me? I love you! I cannot live without your love. Will you let me be your wife now, Philip?"

"But you do not know, he said feebly; "my arm—"

"I know all!" she said, her lips pressing his.

"Oh, my love, are you sure you—"

"I cannot?" he whispered.

Mrs. Marsh will never relate to her of her amazement at the hasty entrance to attend a wedding at the National Hotel, for Maude left Philip no more. It was his wife who nursed him back to health, and there is no question of "mine or thine" in their possession of Stephen Ingersoll's wealth.

Good for a Rainy Day.

From the Youth's Companion.

The old lady who never spoke ill of anyone and even intimated that certain innocent and some good people an example of perverseness, would have been a relative to the witches who lived in Salem, England, in the days when the fields were hung from the eaves in an open fireplace. An English clergyman tells the story:

A man whose wife was stricken with a remarkably acute scolding went over the way to a neighbor one evening and said:

"Neighbor, I should like to see my wife scold for three days. I've tried all I know and I can't make her scold one way."

"You can't make your wife scold?" said his neighbor. "I think I could make some anything else. Just you do just what I tell you, and if that won't set scolding will. Tomorrow her to scold night a lot of the neighborhood scolds you can get, though, as work'll be no home, and we have the scolds out there."

The pieces of wood were accordingly brought in awkward and crooked and unsightly as could be found. The man took away really to work and at times bothered to see the results of his night's labor. He was greeted with a smile on the general occasion. "Pooh, pooh, my, is some mess of them chips of sticks, it can run that thing long do that. It around the house as lonely."

Frog (to shepherd)—How far can you jump, you big brute?

Shepherd—I can't jump at all, fool! stupid!

Frog (looking in shepherd)—You're asleep. When I am on concert succeeding with a few jumps I am out of danger.

Shepherd—When I am on concert succeeding I don't have to jump.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN I. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

July 4 1889.

THE FOURTH.

The time is again at hand to celebrate the birth of American liberty. The people of the United States, all agree and unite, are engaged in early understanding as well as in their history that marks the beginning of free institutions.

But the Fourth is not what it was a century ago. Perhaps we make more noise, and enter into the jubilation with more eagerness than our forefathers did; but it is not with the same feeling. We celebrate a liberty that is ours by gift and good fortune, but those who assembled one hundred years ago to commemorate the event, celebrated a liberty bought dearly, bought with blood and privation. Never having tasted the bitterness of foreign oppression, it is impossible for us in the evening of the nineteenth century to appreciate fully, the blessing of freedom. It is not to be wondered at that they who fought to release our land from foreign bonds should have entered with all their hearts into the celebration of that day when tyranny was forever banished from American soil. Proud of their victory, they commemorated the event with hearts full of gratitude to the God of battle, who rules the destinies of nations.

But what is the spirit of to-day's exercises? It is to be feared that many who are to-day most jubilant never once reflect on the origin of the day. A horse, or a church, or a fight, is to some the most desirable for the purpose which to commemorate the fourth, with little thought or care for the sacrifices or struggles of others. Let us not forget what the day means, and take time for at least one grateful thought of our worthy ancestors who secured us the right to rejoice without fear.

Gubernatorial Contest.

CHARLES TOWN, W. Va., June 29th.—Including the alleged returns from Kanawha county, Colonel Nathan Goff had a majority over Judge A. B. Fleming of 139 votes in the November election. In the contest to fill the legislative committee to-day to-day Goff increased this alleged majority by five votes. Tenney Moore, Rep., Judge Lowry, Mayor and Moore were present at the session of the committee. The returns from Brooke county were considered. Fleming challenged 130 votes and Goff challenged 44 votes. Of those challenged by Fleming 33 votes were stricken out. Of those challenged by Goff five votes were stricken out, showing a clear gain of 28 votes in Brooke county and a net gain, so far in the contest, of 14 votes for Judge Fleming. Counsel Goff's opponent majority at the present time therefore is reduced from one hundred and ten to thirty-six votes.

Every Democratic heart from Maine to California will throb with pleasure at the news that Hon. Roswell P. Flower has been nominated for governor of New York by the Democratic State Convention. Mr. Flower is a man of the people, and has always been a consistent Democrat. He is a man of wealth, and has been a successful business man. He is a man of the highest character, and has been a leader in the Democratic party for many years. He is a man of the highest character, and has been a leader in the Democratic party for many years. He is a man of the highest character, and has been a leader in the Democratic party for many years.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Hitchcock's young man with lungs, William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, has been appointed Minister to Germany. There is nothing strange about this appointment which was known and discussed in Berlin, where Phelps was with the Samoan Commission, six weeks ago, except the absurd attempt on the part of Blaine, Harrison and Phelps to make it appear to the public that the latter was very much surprised when tendered the commission as minister, when as a matter of fact the thing has been fully settled ever since shortly after the Senate rejected the nomination of Myron Holstead to the same position. By accident I discovered the game for this little display. Phelps wants to spend the most of the summer in this country, and it was concluded that if it was given out that the position had been given him unexpectedly he could plead "private business" as an excuse for not going to Berlin for several months. Verily the tricks of the politicians are many.

Commissioner of Pensions Tanner is supposed to be rather thick skinned but the charges of favoritism towards a certain firm of pension agents have which were recently made against the Pension office "made him all up," as the boys say before leaving for the west, where he goes to attend several soldiers' meetings, he called on the President to assure him that he was innocent of the charges. He also told the President that when he returned from this trip he proposed making a personal investigation in order to ascertain whether there was any basis for the charges.

There is to be a big discharge at the Government printing office to-morrow. I am informed that Public Printer Palmer has instructed the foremen in the several departments that he wanted none but Democrats selected for dismissal.

The Indiana republicans that are at home must be very different from those that come to Washington, or else Representative Owen, of that State, who is just from home, is fooling when he says, speaking of his constituents: "The people of the State feel that superior to patronage, personal ambition for place, and all that, is the abiding fact that Indiana has a President whose administration they may be proud of." For several reasons I am constrained to believe that Mr. Owen is only giving the men in the White House "taffy" with the hope of reaching me to something for some of his aforesaid constituents. First, because in the eyes of all the republicans from Indiana that I have ever seen nothing was superior to official patronage. Secondly the administration of the Indiana man has surely been long enough or its acts important enough to either be proud of or ashamed of.

The traveler who is at present occupying the White House is working the railroads to great shape. He returned from Cape May Monday night and to-day he has gone back there. He will return here the first of the week, bringing his family. Tuesday or Wednesday he is to carry the old lady and the babies to Deer Park where a double cottage has been placed at his disposal for the summer. He is then to go to the Fourth of July celebration at Woodstock. How many dinners do men treat during that day is the time.

The Civil Service Commission has refrained from its investigating tour. The Commissioners are disappointed and almost discouraged. In only one place did they find the law being strictly carried out—Chicago. The cloths of inspection will be kept up and unless the courage of the Commission shall all most not the law will be strictly enforced without fear or favor. This treatment, if persisted in, will make the law a permanent thing or it will cause it to be repealed.

Mr. Porter, Superintendent of the Census, proposes to set up a little opposition to the Civil Service Commission. He refuses to take his clerks through the Commission, and has arranged a list of questions which he says all applicants must answer satisfactorily before appointment. The only difference is, if furnished by the Civil Service Commission some of the clerks would be democrats, while Porters plan makes sure of all being republicans.

Special orders have been given collectors of internal revenue not to watching fruit distillers, during the coming season.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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Eight years ago there were only forty cotton seed oil mills in the south with a capital of $3,500,000. Now there are 175 mills, with a capital of $16,000,000.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the child awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and by the best remedy known for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The Democratic State Convention of Virginia, will be held in Richmond on the 14th, of August when the next governor will be nominated.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The death of Hon. Simon Cameron, has removed a good man and one of the most conspicuous figures in American politics. He started in life at the printer's case.

O. P. Huntington is building a ship yard at Newport News which he claims will be the largest establishment of the kind in the United States.

"A little common sense," says the New York World, "is sometimes equal to a whole volume of grammar." It is a pity that the idea cannot be hammered into the heads of pedagogues, grammarians and verbal critics.

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[illegible]

W. M. O. DAWSON, Pres't.

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THE LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. H. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. OFFARRELL, have established a new

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

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GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

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Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

Knights Notice

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 62, K. P. A. M.—The next regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, either the Moon rises on Friday, then on that evening.

J. D. DUNLAP, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.
8-31

HOME NEWS

—County Court meets next Tuesday.

—Dr. M. Wallace was in town Tuesday.

—The new mail carrier comes in Monday.

—We believe it has rained every day for six weeks.

—Attn. C. F. Moore, went up to Dunmore today (Wednesday.)

—Levi Gay, Esq., was in our city Monday.

—Good envelopes at THE TIMES office for the per 100.

—Deputy Sheriff L. W. Harold, of Frost was in town Monday.

—Mr. P. M. Harper, of Sunset was in town the 1st of the month.

—Wm. H. Gross, Esq., went to Covington Monday on business.

—Go to John Wurts & Co., Frankford, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12

—Teachers Institute will be held at this place, commencing August 29th.

—Mail arrives three a week from here to Frost and White Sulphur now.

—Some communications were crowded out this week for lack of space, but will appear next.

—John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be in a daring June Users with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12

—Mr. Dock Cogswell, of Anthony's creek was in the city a few days this week.

—French Wall, Esq., went down to Frankford, on a business trip the first of the week.

—For the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machine that's made of John Wurts & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—We failed to call attention last week to the ad of the University of West Virginia in that issue.

—Oats and corn are looking fine, grass is good, and wheat is almost ready to cut.

—The board of education met Monday for the purpose of settling up and allowing accounts.

—H. F. McGlaughlin, Esq., went to Highland Co., on a pleasure trip last week.

—Jno. A. McNeel, Esq., of Knapp's creek was in Huntersville Monday.

—Remember THE TIMES is $1.00 in advance and $1.25 after six months and $1.50 at the end of the year.

—Mrs. Isaac McNeel, her son Sammie and little daughter, of Mill Point were the guests of Mrs. Jno. J. Beard, the first of the week.

—Mr. Wm. H. Cackley, wife and little son of Dunmore, were the guests of Attn. C. F. Moore Tuesday.

—Look out there! you'll step on some poor unfortunate democratic fourth class postmaster's head they are lying promiscuously all over the country.

—If you want a Lock Letter key and grass rake or any repairs Call on
H. F. McGLAUGHLIN agent
Huntersville W. Va.

—We have received the July number of the Cosmopolitan. It is chock full of illustrated reading matter, and those who want a good magazine can do no better than to subscribe for it. Only $1.40 per year, Office No. 205, 5th avenue N. Y.

—Rev. W. F. Price, of Pendleton county, was in Lewisburg Tuesday on his way to Brownsville to visit his daughter, Miss Susie, who has been attending school in Richmond, Va. Independent.

—Messrs. A. J. Mires and J. A. Harold, of Pendleton county are in town. These gentlemen are here for the purpose of bidding on the bridge abutments to be replaced under the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place.

—Mr. Jas. F. Warwick Jr., of this place left last week to attend the semi-Centennial and Commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute. Mr. Warwick is an old student of the Institute, and we predict for him a good time at the reunion of his old class mates.

Preaching Arrangements.

Sacramental meeting at Hunters-ville, the second Sabbath of July. Preparatory service, Friday night before, following morning, and Saturday night.

Sacramental meeting at Dunmore the fourth Sabbath of July. Preparatory services Friday night and Saturday night before.

The assistance of a visiting minister is expected, Bro. Friedson or Wilson. There will be no dinner on the ground, services morning and night on Sabbath.

W. T. P.

Mothers Suppering.

Miss Grace Clark is visiting friends and relatives at Marlinton.

Rev. D. S. Sydenstricker has been in poor health for some time. He has labored faithfully for his congregation at this place for years, without any vacation, and we all all think that he richly deserves one now and should spend it in complete rest from his duties.

Mr. H. Nathan and Misses Georgia and Rose Shamra left Saturday morning to visit relatives at William's river.

The following are the officers elected by the Hillsboro Division of the Sons of Temperance, for the coming quarter:

C. H. Curry, Worthy Patriarch; G. W. Clark, Worthy Associate; Recording Scribe Miss G. M. Sheary, Assistant Recording Scribe, Miss Nettie Clark; Financial Scribe, Miss Kate Marshall; Treasurer, Mr. A. R. Smith; Conductor, Mr. Thos. Vint; Asst. Cond., Mr. Gus Eskridge, Chaplain, Rev. Wm. E. Miller; Inside sentinel Miss M. Curry; Outside sentinel, Mr. Wm. Wiley.

The wedding of Mr. Edward Hill, of Farmington, Washington Ty., to Miss Jennie C. Beard, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Beard was solemnized last Wednesday at the residence of the brides parents. The attendants were Messrs. Jos McNeel, Dick Beard, Sam McNeel and John Hill, and Misses Lou Ligon, Blanche Clark, Kate Beard and Pauline McNeel. The bride was attired in a handsome blue henrietta cloth, trimmed with old gold plush. Her waiters were lovely walking costumes. The bride received many handsome bridal presents, among which were a silver butter dish by Mr. Dick Beard, silver teaspoons by Mr. Jake Beard, table cloth and napkins by Mrs. William Beard, which broom and holder by Miss Amelia Ligon, toilet set by Miss Lou Ligon, and many other handsome and useful presents, too numerous to mention. They were tendered a handsome reception at Mr. Geo. Hill's, father of the groom, on Wednesday evening. The happy couple will leave soon for Washington Ty., where they will make their future home. Miss Jennie was one of our practical young ladies, and very popular, and we are sorry to see her leave, but wish both of them all happiness.

PRUDELLE.

Sons of Temperance.

Pocahontas District Division, Sons of Temperance, will meet at Hillsboro, Wednesday, July 17th, 1889, 10 o'clock, a. m. All Sunday visions will see that they are fully represented.

The Committee on programme, has assigned to the several delegates the following subjects upon which to prepare essays, to be read at meeting of Divisions:

What can be done—

1st. To add interest to our Divisions—Geo. B. Curry.

2nd. For organizing new Divisions—E. H. Moore.

3rd. To Reinstitute Dormant and Suspended Divisions—W. S. Anderson.

4th. For organizing Bands of Hope—Miss G. H. Shearer.

5th. For Distributing Temperance Literature—Miss L. M. Overholt.

6th. For Interchanging Fraternal Visits among the Divisions—D. A. Peck.

7th. For Visiting Public and Sunday schools and Addressing the Children—T. A. Bruffey.

8th. For Collecting Funds for our Work—J. R. Welford and J. O. Hill.

9th. Relation of the Church to the Temperance cause—Rev. W. S. Miller.

10th. Responsibility of the Christian Church for the Liquor Traffic—J. C. Loury Sr.

11. Woman's Position on the Temperance Question—Mrs. J. J. Beard.

12th. Necessary for Thorough Organization—W. H. Overholt.

All members of the order are cordially invited to attend our sessions.

C. W. ESKRIDGE, D. W. P.
J. C. LOURY JR., D. S.

A False Christ.

The little town of Rockford, Ill., is the seat of a man who pretends to be Christ returned to the earth.

He has auburn hair and beard and taking advantage of a resemblance to the conventional pictures of Jesus he declares that though his body is new and does not show the wounds into which doubting Thomas thrust his fingers, his countenance is the same. His life, outside of his blasphemous claim to divinity, is said to be blameless and his calm suavity of manner coupled with more than ordinary intelligence gives him a marvelous influence over his followers. His claim was expressed to a correspondent of the New York Examiner as follows:

"I am the Christ. I am the perfect man. I am God. I possess all of the divine attributes, and am sinless. This is my second advent on earth, and the time is not far off when I shall make such manifestations of my divinity and power as will startle the world, and bring believers to me by the thousand and tens of thousands. I have unlimited power. I do not this time often work miracles for I wish now to convert the world to truth without intervention of the supernatural, but I can work them, and have done so in the times when believers, (His followers testify that he works miracles.) I shall be here many years, but I am only incarnate in this body as material and must perish. When it becomes corrupt in death I shall enter another body and still live on earth." (Here is the hook for a successor to hang his claim upon.) "Many things in the gospel about my crucifixion and on the mercy hill on earth are inaccurate, and I am now writing a new version of the New Testament that will be correct."

This all came about through the holiness craze. Fifteen years ago Mrs. Dora Helen Fleish er Beckman, the wife of a Congregational minister in northern Illinois professed perfection and soon announced that she had the spirit of Christ as no other mortal ever had it. She had a considerable following in Illinois, Michigan Wisconsin and Missouri. Among her converts was George Jacob Schweinfurth a young mustered Methodist minister who now claims divinity.

When Mrs. Beckman died in 1887 she promised her followers that she would rise from the dead in three days. They waited seven days with screaming fans and then Mr. Beckman, who had never been handicapped with the responsibility of burying the corpse which had already become offensive.

Then Schweinfurth came forward. He claimed to have had a vision "through the windows of Dora Beckman's soul," and she had revealed to him that he was Christ, the Holy one. "My spirit passed into thee," she said to him as she left the world, "and thou transformed the whole being. Go forth pure and sinless, the only son of that spirit ually begotten of me. Thou shalt bring all nations to worship thee."

The Beckmanites accepted his story, and their numbers increased. He told them that through a gradual transformation of his body he was to become Christ, physically as well as spiritually. Not long ago he assembled his followers in Chicago and told them that the transformation was complete and that he was now the Christ.

Schweinfurth's following is remarkable. Already the sect has branches in Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Louisville, Cincinnati and a number of small towns. His followers are so overcome with this intimation that they hold their property subject to their idol, and it is stated that not less than $50,000 worth of property around Rockford and $100,000 in Chicago has been deeded to him. An old man named Spencer Weldon has given Schweinfurth a magnificent farm of 800 acres, four miles south of Rockford, and there the pretender lives in princely style. He has put $25,000 worth of improvements on the place and there is large, elegantly furnished mansion, surrounded with beautiful lawns, drives, lowers and all the appointments of luxury. His dress is modern, and his clothing is stylish and elegant, and his deportment is that of a gentleman. His language is a careful imitation of Christ's, and he is said to be calm, quiet and polite, with no evidences of insanity in his actions.

His mansion they call heaven, and here all new converts are expected to go and receive instructions with the personal influence of the man they worship. Some of these pilgrims Schweinfurth sends into a field to labor, others to their homes, and on college especially favored he confers the degree of "angel," and takes them to the household. About six or seven angels—fifty women and fifteen men—now live in the mansion with their leader. The state of affairs around Rockford, and some Chicago gentlemen, whose families had been broken up by the conversion of their wives and daughters, sent a female member of a Chicago Methodist church to investigate the matter. She was to enter the mansion, ingratiate herself in the pretender's favor, and, if possible, discover grounds for a criminal prosecution. The woman went and was converted, returning to Chicago a zealous believer.

The personality has taken a remarkable hold upon people of apparent intelligence among them several ministers. A former Congregational minister, who is an alumnus of Yale and Andover, is pastor of the Chicago branch, and the leading spirit in Kansas city is the daughter of a Presbyterian minister. The members are very zealous and bold in proselyting, going into houses, prayer meetings and ministers' meetings where they think they have opportunity to do so and en-

HORROR UPON HORROR

A complete account of the terrible Johnstown flood is now here. Sold by

J. H. BELLARD.

Everyone should read the full accounts of the awful calamity.

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A. R. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Planetary Notice.

The following Planetary movements are before me for enlistment.

C. L. Austin, Admr. of Pleasant M. Austin, dec'd.

A. H. Mahood, Exor. of Barbara A. Gum.

L. M. McClintic, Com'r of Accts.

WANTED.

300 lb of dry wool.

Address Barnes Hill,
Dunlap, W. Va.

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If you are wanted, send it to the post boarded at D. B. McClung's mill, three miles from A. S. Barlow's Summerville, and Barlow & Smith's, Rimer for 1 cts. may 23.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings. Charges reasonable.

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Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the Millsaddin estate, will please present the same at once to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said Estate will please come forward at once and settle up.

Respectfully,
DAVID MILLSADDIN,
Admr. of Estate of
Jno. and David Millsaddin, dec'd.
may 9-3

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. | D. T. Moore, Editor. | Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 10, 1889. | Terms of Subscription $1.00 per year in advance. | No. 25.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. H. Campbell, Prosecuting Attorney, E. M. McClintic, Sheriff, D. V. Hill.

Deputy Sheriff.

Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. S. Beard.

Assessor, C. G. Arbogast.

Com'rs Co. Ct., C. Hannah, Peter V. Hannah, G. F. Moore.

Co. Surveyor, Geo. Dickie.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. E. McCLINTIC,

Attorney-at-Law,

Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,

Attorney-at-Law,

Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

D. A. HOGUE,

Attorney-at-Law,

Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,

Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,

Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,

Attorney-at-Law,

Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. BEE,

Atty.-at-Law,

Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,

Attorney-at-Law,

Huntersville, W. Va.

D. I. S. MITCHELL,

RESIDENT DENTIST,

Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County at every Spring and Fall. The exact time each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. P. PATTERSON,

Physician & Surgeon,

Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Spring Flies.

The Devil.

Man don't believe in a devil now, as their fathers used to do,
They've found the face of the Booklum crowd to fit his anxiety through;
There isn't a print of his cloven foot, or a fiery dart from his bow,
To be found in earth or air to-day, for the world has voted no.

But who is raising the fatal drought that pales heart and brain,
And loads the bier of each passing year with ten hundred thousand slain?
Who blights the bloom of the land to-day with the hot breath of hell,
If the Devil no more and never was? Won't somebody rise and tell?

Who digs the slopes for the toiling saints, and flings the pits for his foes?
Who sows the tares in the field of life? Why, whenever the devil sows his wheat?
The Devil is voted not to be, and of course the thing is true;
But who is doing the kind of work the Devil alone should do?

We're told he does not go about as a roaring lion now;
But whom shall we hold responsible for the everlasting row?
To be heard in home, in Church and State, to the earth's remotest bound,
If the devil by a unanimous vote, is nowhere to be found?

Will somebody step to the front forth with and make his bow and show
How the frauds and crimes of a single day spring up? We want to know.
The Devil was fairly voted out, and of course the Devil is gone;
But simple people would like to know who carries his business on.

Striking a Light.

In the days before the invention of friction matches the difficulty of procuring fire was so great that all pains were taken to prevent the fires on the hearth from going out. All winter long it was kept by covering the coal and brands with ashes at night. This was one of the domestic cares of our forefathers, and Homer alludes to the practice as common in his day, 3,000 years ago.

But fire could not be kept with comfort in the summer, and there would in times in the winter when the hearth would become cold. Then some coals must be brought from a neighbor's, or a new fire must be kindled in the house.

This latter process was usually accomplished by means of flint and steel. Most readers have no doubt seen a spark of fire struck out from a horse's shoe hitting a stone in the road, or from the shoes of sleigh runner grinding over rocks.

To obtain fire by this method a piece of steel, such as a file or rasp, was struck with a flint or a bit of white quartz from a granite ledge, and the spark was caught in tinder—charred cotton rags. The flint lock musket, with a few grains of powder and some tinder in the pan, was looked upon by our grandmothers as a dangerous mouth. Some time, on a clear day, a burning glass—a lens for collecting at one point the rays of the sun—was used.

The method of producing fire by rubbing together two dry sticks is known to most boys, but it has not been often adopted by civilized people. It belongs to the ruder conditions of life.

In Tinker Capt. William Gill hand produced a more scientific method than any of these. The instrument to strike a light by compressed air. The apparatus used consists of a wooden cylinder, two and a half inches long by three quarters of an inch in diameter. This is closed at one end, the bore being about the size of a quill pen, an air tight piston fits into this with a large, flat knob at the top. The other end of the piston is slightly hollowed out and a very small piece of punk is placed in the cup thus formed.

To use this the cylinder is held in one hand, the piston inserted and pushed about half way down. A very sharp blow is then given with the palm of the hand on the top of the knob. The hand must at the same time close on the knob and instantly withdraw the piston, when the tinder will be found alight. It requires skill to use the apparatus as well as science to invent it.—Youth's Companion.

The Value of Salt.

Now that there is a prospect of salt being admitted duty free, I wish to make a few remarks to the farmer readers of the New York World, says a correspondent, on what I believe to be its incomparable value. I have used it many years in the garden and on the farm in various ways, and believe it to be profitable to all who cultivate the soil. It is needless to speak of its many uses in the household or domestic economy, nor shall I urge the great advantage of supplying it to stock—cattle, sheep, hogs and horses. It is well known to be beneficial to these in keeping up good condition, and in the three last named helps to keep down internal parasites.

Salt, in moderate quantities, is good for the land—improves grass and grain and is good for nearly all vegetable crops. I have found it particularly good for onions, carrots and cabbages. Some seem to think it is only a stimulant; the same is said of lime. Be that as it will both improve the crops. Salt, in some respects, seems to have opposite properties—to be in some measure paradoxical—for, while it preserves animal fibre, it hastens the decay of many vegetable substances, insomuch that sprinkled through leaves or weeds, it helps to decompose them; and, while heavy doses kill weeds and grass, duly distributed and mixed with the soil, it is an excellent fertilizer. This is why many people have an aversion to salting their land.

But what I chiefly wish to show is its property in destroying insects of almost every kind. Either alone or mixed with other substances it is an insecticide. Before the crop is committed to the ground it should be sown in its purity over the land whereon your insects generate in myriads. This done, one or two weeks before sowing the seed and thoroughly harrowed in through the soil, it will be absorbed thereby and will not evaporate, but remain in the ground to perform a twofold operation. When applied to the growing grain it should be mixed pretty with lime and distributed evenly over the crop. Worms, maggots, grubs or other insects not bored or live in solid earth, and of the gardener or florist, when making up his pile of compost in the spring, would add a good sprinkling of salt all through it he would have little to complain of in the way of grubs or other insects eating the roots of his roses or nasturtions. There are other things exceptionally good for this purpose but salt will effect the end desired.

As an instance of its immediate power on some insects, take ants, maggots or other earthworms or snails, make a pile of them and put a ring of salt around them. They will never cross the fence till they die, or sprinkle a little salt over the pile and see how many minutes they will live. Many people in mowing their lawns are greatly annoyed by the earthworm casts sticking fast to the collet, whereas a very slight sprinkling of salt would prevent this, keep down the worms and be good for the grass.

Bill Nye is now spoken of as William Adjutant, Esq.

Dogs That Locate Trades.

The dog corps, long since established in the French army, has been recently much increased, so efficient have those little soldiers become. At an early stage of the trials they gave satisfaction at outposted posts, assisting or locating a stranger approaching even in the darkness, and quickly learning the difference between a friendly and a foreign uniform. The latest trick the military dog has learned is that of carrying dispatches between distant sections of an army or rallets or reconnoissants presumably advancing through hostile country. The system is an offshoot of the dog smuggler system, which is described in the current number of Black wood's and the steps by which the animals are taught to understand what is wanted of them are lucidly shown by reference to that article.

The smuggler is found day wales across the frontier, his dog by his side, leaving the latter at the house of his accomplice and returning without him. When night falls, the dog is given a beating and turned loose to find his way home. Next he has a small packet fastened to his collar, and gradually the burden is increased. Then half a dozen or more are employed at the same time; the most intelligent being given no burden, that he may the more readily act as a scout for the others. He goes ahead, they keeping well back, till he gives them the signal that the coast is clear. The customs dog from its earliest years is made to play hide and seek with bags of coffee, rolls of lace, packets of tobacco, and the like. They do not bark, being taught to act silently in ambush and give a low growl or simply rock up their ears and point the true direction of the advancing force.

The French army dogs, unlike the smugglers' dogs, though that they must be taken from point to point to find their spirit, when they get to understand the idea, and what is wanted of them, will find a distant column or command with little difficulty if given the general direction, unless it be at too great a distance, and carry message to it and fro with commendable zeal.—Scientific American.

Japanese Stories.

From an article entitled "Hard Times in the Confederacy" in the Century we quote the following: "In August, 1863, a private citizen's coat and vest, made of the finest of cassimere homespun cloth, cost two hundred and thirty dollars Confederate money; cheap cloth, cost two hundred and thirty dollars Confederate money; cheap cloth, cost two hundred and thirty dollars Confederate money; cheap

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. CRAIG. C. P. MOORE.

CRAIG & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 10, 1889.

THE NAME OF OUR STATE.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer*, anxious to take the lead in some new movement, has for several weeks been earnestly advocating a change of the name of our State from West Virginia to Kanawha. So far as we are concerned, and we believe it to be the sentiment of the people of Pocahontas county, our answer is, let it alone; and if anybody don't like the name let him go to Texas. We are opposed to the change, first because there is no reason for it, and, second, because there are many reasons against it. In the history of the individual but two occasions can arise when a change of name is needful, one is marriage and the other commission of crime. The same rule applies to States. Now, our State is too young to get married; and if she were old enough, it would not be lawful to wed one so closely related as Kanawha. As to the other ground, if, as the *Intelligencer* contends, the State has gone republican, we can understand how a democrat might feel that the second secession mentioned has arisen; but we can't see how the *Intelligencer* can consistently admit that West Virginia did something mean at the last election. Thus it is clear there is no good reason why the change should be made. If we let us note a few of the many reasons why it should not be made. When our State was born she was given the name of her mother; to change it now would be a virtual admission that the child is illegitimate; but we are not willing to admit anything of the kind. West Virginia's conception and birth were the most honorable. But there are better reasons than thisthy the name should not be changed. We are recorded in history, painted on canvas, written in verse, and chanted in song as West Virginia. To change our name would be to lose our identity. A thousand traditions legends and associations would forever be meaningless.

Then think of the great inconvenience and confusion that would necessarily follow the change suggested by brother Hart. We are held down on the maps as West Virginia, our public records and documents recognize us as West Virginia, and our tongues are inclined to speak it so. Change the name and we would be continually making blunders, just as we do when we write 1888 meaning 1889.

Aside all this change is not practicable. The law may call us what it pleases, but we'll call ourselves West Virginia as long as we live. The present generation will have to pass away before the people would recognize the change. But if a change were necessary, it would be proper to call the State for any county in it. We have a Kanawha county and a Kanawha river. How think how it would sound to say "Charleston is the Capital of Kanawha situated on the Kanawha in Kanawha!" or how would a news item of this kind read? "The steamer Kanawha, running on the Kanawha, was sunk at Kanawha Falls, Kanawha Co., Kanawha." Or this! "In passing through the Kanawha Valley, down the Kanawha, don't stop for dinner at Kanawha Falls, Kanawha Co., Kanawha, unless you Kanawha roasting ear and be satisfied."

Think too of the confusion in our mails; persons who have been accustomed to addressing their letters to W. Va. have no time nor inclination to write Kanawha instead; so as to make it short they would simply put it down Kan., and our letters would all go to Kansas.

Perhaps the terms East and West are not classical enough for the *Intelligencer*. If not, we will permit brother Hart to say Oriental Virginia and Occidental Virginia.

In conclusion the change would ruin the meter of one of our most popular songs:—

"Oh! the West Virginia hills,
How majestic and how grand!
With their summits bathed in glory,
Like our Prince Immanuel's land,"

Now try to sing it,

"Oh! the Kanawha hills,"

and you'll break down on the first line.

No, let the name alone. West Virginia doesn't need a change of name so much as the *Intelligencer* needs a change of *Hart*.

Marriage and Divorce Laws.

Among the many sensible and practical suggestions in Gov. Hill's message is one in reference to securing uniformity throughout the country in its marriage and divorce laws. He proposes that the New York Legislature take steps during the present session to arrange a conference between representatives from the different States, each representatives to be "able jurists, each especially qualified by education and experience" for the work mentioned.

We donbt not that if Gov. Hill and the New York Legislature take the initiative in this commendable undertaking they will meet with the hearty approval and co-operation of the Legislatures and Executives of every State in the Union. Gov. Hill very truthfully says that under existing laws and decisions very different rules prevail as to what constitutes a marriage, and, while a certain divorced person may legally marry in some States, to do so in others, perhaps adjoining, would be a crime, even though no criminal intent existed.

It is a humiliating confession to make that such a condition exists to a country of the moral and educational advancement of this, and it is astonishing that there has not been some concerted attempt to remedy the evil long ago.

There is no institution of organized society in the United States about which there is so vague an idea as to its legal status as the institution of marriage, for what constitutes marriage in one State does not necessarily constitute it in another, and what would be cause for severing the marriage tie in one State might not be a cause in another.

The churches have their own and separate rules and customs as to both marriage and divorce, all of them, however, except the Catholic Church, leaving the actual consummation of marriage to the civil law. The churches could never agree to its adoption. The State assumes that marriage is a civil contract, and must not only be made, but annulled under statutory regulations.

The first thought that naturally arises is that if the State is consistent with itself as well as mindful of the happiness and social decorum of its citizens, it should be uniform in its requirements so that what is made a fact under the law for one would be a fact for all.

It is to be hoped that Gov. Hill will not stop with simply making a proposition for a conference on this subject, but that he will follow it up with real and practical effort and have the moral support of every well wisher for the good of society in the country.—Washington Post.

Gen. Harrison has added $10,000 to his life insurance. He sees trouble ahead.

The West Virginia Legislature will convene on Wednesday, January 9th.

One half, or nearly one half, of the Congressmen in the House will rise to their feet if some one suddenly calls out "Mr. Speaker."

The newspapers are giving themselves a great deal of trouble on account of Chief Justice Fuller's wearing a moustache. But it is all for nothing. He goes ahead in his usual way, and doesn't seem in the least disturbed by the cry.

The railroads of the United States represent a capital of five billion dollars, they have 156,000 miles of railway, their gross annual earnings are over $900,000,000, and they employ over three quarters of a million men.

Harrison is in a "straight betwixt the two." If he puts Blaine in the Cabinet, there will be trouble, and if he don't put him in, there will be trouble. The question for him to decide is which would be the greater trouble. Mr. Harrison has our sympathies, and if there is anything we can do to help him out of the difficulty our services are at his disposal.

Inasmuch as recently Uncle Sam's fancy lightly turned to thoughts of war, there may be interest in information as to the number of his boys he could muster were they needed to help in the battle. Besides the regular army there are over 8,000,000 men available for duty, and more than 100,000 of these already enrolled in the militia service. New York could furnish 650,000 men, Pennsylvania 580,000 Ohio and Illinois a round million together. But there is no danger of all these brave boys being called out.

We clip the following from the Indianapolis Sentinel.

Probably no Republican pilgrims ever left the city more disgusted with themselves than the West Virginia delegation was after calling on Gen. Harrison yesterday afternoon.

This delegation, composed of Chas. Burdett Hart, editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer; W. J. W. Cowden, Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee; Charles B. Dana, a large coal operator and leading Republican of the Kanawha valley, and N. B. Scott, of Wheeling, member of the National Republican Committee for West Virginia, arrived late Wednesday night and waited impatiently till late yesterday afternoon before securing an audience with Gen. Harrison. The General, having discontinued his afternoon receptions, visitors can only see him by appointment. They were very reluctant to talk politics until they found out that they would have to wait nearly eighteen hours after their arrival before being allowed to meet Gen. Harrison.

When Gen. Harrison finally opened his door to the West Virginians they told him that the Republicans of West Virginia preferred to have their wishes made known to him by Republicans than by a Democrat like ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, and if he cared to hear them they would address him in behalf of Nathan Goff for the Cabinet. Gen. Harrison assented and dismissed them after listening impatiently for fifteen minutes.

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Absolutely Pure.

A Letter to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

INVENTION. A revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1-1y.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of relief, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

DEEP down Wonders exist, the discoveries of inventive genius are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $20 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 a day at this work. All succeed.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured thousands of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have pulmonary affection, cough, or Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, or Bronchitis, don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists, 25 cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA:

The undersigned hereby announce themselves as candidates for public patronage and respectfully solicit your support. We have on hand, now and expect to make weekly additions thereto, a varied assortment of such Goods as are

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to convert them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large assortment of goods you can get at our store for

OUR TREASURY

is not overflowing with a surplus, but we have doubled our purchases to redress the "TARIFF" on everything we have to sell, that has not already been reduced as low as it is profitable to handle, for "RETURN CASH," and intend by so doing to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

AND if you decide to trade us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this "Neck o' woods."

To THOSE owing us on Account or Note, we are in need of "SPOT CASH," and think you certainly ought to pay us part, if not all, you are due us.

Hoping to meet you all cheerfully in front of our COMMODIOUS STORE during the CAMPAIGN. We are, Your friends,

4t-41.

Your most Obedient Servants,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

WEST UNION.—Rev. J. Lantz Hall preach his farewell to the year at the following places to-day:

In Sunday,	Harrisville,	11 a. m.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	4 p. m.
"	Bethel,	11 a. m.
"	Bethel,	8 p. m.
"	Harrisville,	11 a. m.
"	Mt. Pleasant,	4 p. m.
"	Bethel,	11 a. m.
"	Bethel,	8 p. m.

HOME NEWS.

—Well, there it is again!
I thought I had it done,
But down I wrote it 98,
Instead of 99.

—The County Court meets again to-morrow to attend to unfinished business.

—Miss Mary Curry, of this place has gone to the Levels to attend the Academy.

—The child of Jas. Harris, (Col.) aged about five months, died last Friday night.

—The snow storm set for the first week in Jan. by the prophets has been postponed on account of the weather.

—In this issue will be seen a card announcing a change to take place in the firm of J. C. Loury & Son, on the 15th day of Jany.

—Peter L. Cook, Esq. of Knapp's Creek, has been right sick for some time. He is now said to be improving slowly.

—Mrs. Margaret Jackson, wife of Jas. H. Jackson, Esq., died at her home on Elk last Saturday night, of dropsy of the heart.

—Capt. Starbe, who has just returned from Elk, reports that two Mr. Gibsons, from Indiana, are visiting at Mr. Wm. Gibsons.

—The wife of W. W. Arbogast made him a New Year's present of a fine boy baby. Very appropriate indeed.

—During the last two weeks we have received so many monthly school reports for publication that it is impossible to give place to them all, so we have concluded to make no distinctions and omit all. Hope this explanation will be sufficient to satisfy those who have sent in reports.

—Literature, an illustrated weekly magazine, published by John B. Alden, 393 Pearl st., N. Y., at 50 cents a year, is one of the best and cheapest literary productions of the age. The extremely low figures at which Alden's books are sold is wonderful. The reading public owes him a liberal patronage on account of the revolution he has brought about in book making.

—A few of the Huntersville boys are in the habit of using the new bridge across Knapp's Creek for a shooting gallery. Now that the bridge is open for travel this practice should cease as there is great danger of frightening horses. We are satisfied it is done thoughtlessly and no harm is intended, and believe all the boys need is to have their attention called to the matter.

—We see from the Valley Messenger that Daniel O'Connell, Esq., who has been in charge of the lumber camps on Anthony's Creek, was very badly, if not seriously hurt last week while attempting to cross the Creek on a jam of logs. It seems that the logs broke loose and coming down suddenly caught and crushed him, injuring him internally. The same paper also says that Mr. George Shores, Boom boss of the St. Lawrence Boom and Mfg. Co., had his leg broken, while at work on the Boom.

—Various and conflicting reports concerning Saloon Moore are being circulated. Of the last we have heard, one is that he was killed and his body turned in a steam engine, and another that he was shipped to the depot safe and stored in a goods box marked, "Fragile." If the first report be true it was foul play, and if the second be correct it was still foul play.

—A tea wonder of enormous proportions was seen by Capt. Starbe last week in the Greenbrier river. The Capt. think it was an Elephanteroon. When seen it was going up the river towards Gaffard's mill parting the water and he like a snow plow.

LATER: A weakest was seen in the river near Levi Gay's, at 17 minutes past 2 this morning. Excite ment intense.

—In this issue will be seen an announcement of the entertainment given by the Hillsboro Training school. This should have appeared in last weeks issue but was omitted by accident. The Misses Shearer, who are in charge of this school, have good cause to be proud of their success. The school is very much larger this year than it was last, and is patronized by some of our very best citizens, all of whom, so far as we have heard, are well pleased. There is no reason why it should not continue to grow and widen its influence.

Stuffard's Creek Items.

Xmas and holidays are gone accompanied by Leap year. We are sorry we have to give the boys possession of the next four years.

Miss Bertha Sharp who has been sick for sometime is improving.

Messers Albert and Gilbert Sharp and Perry Jackson, who spent holidays visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity returned to their work near Hillsboro last week.

The Literary and Debating Society which met at Lonely Dale school house last Friday night was largely attended.

Jan. 7. PHIL. O. SOPHER.

Lizzy Notes.

Miss Sarah Sharp, who has been critically ill with Pneumonia, is improving slowly.

N. G. Barlow has been quite ill, but is now better.

J. C. Warwick is off for Charleston this week.

Black-leg has made its appearance among the calves in this neighborhood. A full half pint of Spirits Turpentine given in sweet milk to a calf when first attacked will save it, as your correspondent can attest from experience.

Jan. 8. X.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Mr. E. L. Holt is off on a business trip to Randolph. He was accompanied by his aunt, Mrs. Mary Darst, who will visit Mr. S. W. Holt of Mingo Flats.

Mrs. John Peters has been visiting her children at the H. T. School the past few days.

The Division of the Sons of Temperance at this place, are doing good work. Every week new members are added. We had the pleasure of attending a public meeting, given by them, on Saturday night. The exercises were very interesting. It consisted of Public installation of the officers. J. H. Wetford gave his experience as one who had realized the dreadful effects of whiskey. W. H. Overholt made an excellent speech on intemperance. The exercises closed with music and the reading of the Temperance Journal. This band of workers are engaged in a good cause, and we hope to see every lady and gentleman a member of this Division.

VIVIAN.

Hillsboro Training School Entertainment.

The following is a programme of the entertainment given by the girls of H. T. School on Dec. 24th, 1888:

Long before the time for opening a large audience assembled at the public school building. There was not one vacant seat when the exercises opened.

PART I.

SALUTORY.
Christmas is here—Chorus.
Roll of H. T. School—Tableau.
Hollie Brown—Vocal Trio.
Infancy—Charade, one word three syllables, three acts.

PANTOMIME.
I want to be somebody's darling—Vocal Solo.
Recollections of childhood—Tableau.
Bridle scene—Tableau.

PART II.
O! Thou Rebuke Jehovah—Quartette.
Rock of Ages—Cantata five scenes.
Ring out the Bells—Chorus.
Longfellow—Charade, one word, three syllables, one act.
Rock Me to Sleep—Illustrated Recitation.
Sleeping Beauty—Tableau.
In the Starlight—Vocal Trio.
Virginia as it was and as it is—Tableau.
Son, sit on the Rind—Tableau.
Waiting and and Watching for Three—Vocal Duet.
Prayer.

V.

The County Court

The County Court convened on the 1st day of January. The first day was mostly consumed in the installation of the new County officers.

Levi Gay was allowed $22.00 for services rendered in cases of lunacy during his term of office.

Randolph Harris was allowed $20.00 for making road to the bridge near Huntersville.

A settlement was made with Sheriff J. C. Arbogast and ordered to be recorded.

It was ordered that R. V. Hill appear before the Court on Friday, January 11th and show that he is eligable to qualify as Sheriff of Pocahontas County.

A rule was awarded against Levi Gay, late Sheriff of the County, returnable on January 11th, to show cause why he should not be proceeded against by the County for failure to make settlement as required by law.

H. S. Rucker and F. J. Snyder were appointed to examine the Clerk's office and make report to a future term of the Court.

The following official salaries were fixed for the term beginning January 1, 1889:

Sheriff, $175.00; Jailor, $75.00; Assessor, $325.00; Prosecuting Attorney, $350.00

Wm. H. Aldridge was appointed Superintendent of the Marlington and Lewisburg Turnpike on the sections now in charge of J. L. Cleek.

Amos Barlow was appointed Superintendent of the Knapp's Creek Bridge near Huntersville, with authority to keep same in repair.

The land owners along the Greenbrier river and Thorney creek road, and the Swago and Ratliff road, are summoned by the Court to appear before it on the first day of the next regular term to show cause why said roads should not be established.

Court adjourned till the 11th day of January, at 11 o'clock.

James McMillan, of Detroit Mich., has been selected to succeed Senator Palmer in the U. S. Senate.

McMillan is a millionaire manufacturer of Detroit.

Judge Flemming's Attorneys have served notice of contest on Gen. Goff. They claim to be able to establish beyond doubt that 1940 illegal votes were cast for Goff.

This makes work for the Legislature.

Some of the leading colored politicians are clamoring for Cabinet recognition. They say it is time the republican party should give some such substantial evidence of its professed love for the brother in black. The colored man has yet to learn that he is not wanted in the republican party for any purpose but to cast his vote.

NOTICE.

On and after the 15th of January inst., the firm of J. C. Loury & Son will have dissolved. By that date the accounts due the firm will be ready for settlement when we hope all who know themselves indebted to it will come forward and pay at least a part of their indebtedness. We need money badly to meet our obligations. J. H. Doyle will be retained into the partnership—the style of the firm being Loury & Doyle; the business to be under the management of Jos. Loury, Jr. and J. H. Doyle, who will sell goods at rock bottom prices for cash or trade. Please do not ask for goods on credit.

J. C. LOURY, Sr.,
J. C. LOURY, Jr.,
J. H. DOYLE.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP,
at
Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make in the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

J. C. THOMPSON.

At a County Court held for the county of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Court hereafter, shall either present it to the Court in person, from the bar or by their attorney; and that the Court will not hear any matter unless presented in the foregoing manner.

A copy, Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, Cl'k.
Jan 10 4-t Printers fee $4.66.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

THE original formula for which we paid $100 many years ago has never been equaled or changed in the slightest. This soap is identical in quality to that which first made Dobbins' name famous. It is the same as I gave the Great Shrive. It lasts well and washes white.

IT contains no acid, rosin or other soap in the world. Guaranteed strictly harmless to the most delicate skin, and the user.

READ THIS TWICE

THERE is a great saying of one, of whom, of many, of God, and of the Bible, whose Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.

ONE trial will demonstrate its great merit. It will not only "make the wash white" but will LIFT, of dirt and stains, it is eminently laborsaving and wonderful.

Beware of Imitations.

INSIST upon Dobbins' Electric. Don't take a Magnetic, Electro-Magic, Philadelphia Electric, or any other kind, unless it is Dobbins'. They will ruin clothes, and are not as any price. Ask for

DOBBINS' ELECTRIC

and take no other. Nearly every grocer from Maine to Mexico keeps it in stock. Those who do not will soon from his current wholesale grocer.

READ carefully the directions for use and wash for, and be careful to follow directions as each article washed. The greatest success in the world depends upon following out, reliable, and easy washing.

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

CONSTIPATION

IS caused by "Torpor of Stomach," by which I mean to say that the digestive organs, while they may be in a healthy condition, do not by some means perform their functions with sufficient energy to keep the bowels regular. Hence the bowels become constipated, and the whole system suffers in consequence.

Loss of Appetite,
Sick Headache,
Bad Breath, etc.

The treatment of Constipation does not require large doses of purgatives. On the contrary, a regular habit of body is established by the use of a proper tonic, which restores the tone of the digestive organs.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

"My attention was called to your Regulator by seeing the wonderful effects it had upon my wife. She was afflicted with Constipation, Sick Headache, Nervousness, and Dyspepsia, and was entirely cured by the use of your Regulator. I have also used it in my family for Malaria, and it has never failed to cure. I have also given it to my children for Worms, and it has never failed to expel them. I have also used it for Colic, and it relieved the child in a few minutes. I have also used it for Diarrhœa, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Dysentery, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Cholera Morbus, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Cholera Infantum, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Cholera, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Yellow Fever, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Typhoid Fever, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Typhus Fever, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Scarlet Fever, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Measles, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Whooping Cough, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Croup, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Asthma, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Bronchitis, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Pneumonia, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Consumption, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Scrofula, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Neuralgia, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Headache, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Backache, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Kidney Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Liver Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Bladder Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Urinary Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Female Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Menstrual Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Uterine Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Ovarian Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Prostate Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Testicular Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Penile Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Rectal Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Anal Disease, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Hemorrhoids, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Piles, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Fistula, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Abscess, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Boils, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Carbuncles, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Ulcers, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Sores, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Wounds, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Burns, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Scalds, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Frostbite, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Chilblains, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Corns, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Bunions, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Warts, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Moles, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Freckles, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Pimples, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Blackheads, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Acne, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Rosacea, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Eczema, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Psoriasis, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Ringworm, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Tetter, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Itch, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Scabies, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Lice, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Fleas, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Bedbugs, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Mosquitoes, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Flies, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Gnats, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Ticks, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Chiggers, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Fleas, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Bedbugs, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Mosquitoes, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Flies, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Gnats, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Ticks, and it has never failed to cure. I have also used it for Chiggers, and it has never failed to cure.

Take only the Genuine,
Which has on its Wrapper the Red Z Trade Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farmers Outfitting Agents and Dealers in
Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Buckeye Binder, Buckeye Harvester, Buckeye Corn Planter, Buckeye Cultivator, Buckeye Grain Drill, Buckeye Broadcast Seeder, Buckeye Hay Rake, Buckeye Hay Tedder, Buckeye Hay Loader, Buckeye Hay Stacker, Buckeye Hay Press, Buckeye Hay Baler, Buckeye Hay Elevator, Buckeye Hay Conveyor, Buckeye Hay Unloader, Buckeye Hay Carrier, Buckeye Hay Fork, Buckeye Hay Rope, Buckeye Hay Pulley, Buckeye Hay Block, Buckeye Hay Hook, Buckeye Hay Sling, Buckeye Hay Net, Buckeye Hay Cover, Buckeye Hay Tarpaulin, Buckeye Hay Canvas, Buckeye Hay Tent, Buckeye Hay Shelter, Buckeye Hay Barn, Buckeye Hay Shed, Buckeye Hay Stack, Buckeye Hay Rick, Buckeye Hay Mow, Buckeye Hay Loft, Buckeye Hay Scale, Buckeye Hay Weigher, Buckeye Hay Measure, Buckeye Hay Gauge, Buckeye Hay Meter, Buckeye Hay Counter, Buckeye Hay Recorder, Buckeye Hay Register, Buckeye Hay Indicator, Buckeye Hay Alarm, Buckeye Hay Bell, Buckeye Hay Whistle, Buckeye Hay Horn, Buckeye Hay Trumpet, Buckeye Hay Drum, Buckeye Hay Fife, Buckeye Hay Flute, Buckeye Hay Clarinet, Buckeye Hay Oboe, Buckeye Hay Bassoon, Buckeye Hay Saxophone, Buckeye Hay Cornet, Buckeye Hay Trombone, Buckeye Hay Tuba, Buckeye Hay Euphonium, Buckeye Hay Baritone, Buckeye Hay Tenor, Buckeye Hay Alto, Buckeye Hay Soprano, Buckeye Hay Piccolo, Buckeye Hay Violin, Buckeye Hay Viola, Buckeye Hay Cello, Buckeye Hay Double Bass, Buckeye Hay Harp, Buckeye Hay Piano, Buckeye Hay Organ, Buckeye Hay Harmonium, Buckeye Hay Accordion, Buckeye Hay Concertina, Buckeye Hay Melodeon, Buckeye Hay Harmonica, Buckeye Hay Jew's Harp, Buckeye Hay Kazoo, Buckeye Hay Comb and Paper, Buckeye Hay Tin Whistle, Buckeye Hay Pan Pipes, Buckeye Hay Bagpipes, Buckeye Hay Hurdy-Gurdy, Buckeye Hay Barrel Organ, Buckeye Hay Calliope, Buckeye Hay Steam Organ, Buckeye Hay Wurlitzer, Buckeye Hay Mighty Wurlitzer, Buckeye Hay Theatre Organ, Buckeye Hay Church Organ, Buckeye Hay Pipe Organ, Buckeye Hay Electronic Organ, Buckeye Hay Synthesizer, Buckeye Hay Drum Machine, Buckeye Hay Sequencer, Buckeye Hay Sampler, Buckeye Hay Keyboard, Buckeye Hay Controller, Buckeye Hay Interface, Buckeye Hay Software, Buckeye Hay Hardware, Buckeye Hay Firmware, Buckeye Hay Operating System, Buckeye Hay Application, Buckeye Hay Program, Buckeye Hay Code, Buckeye Hay Algorithm, Buckeye Hay Data, Buckeye Hay Information, Buckeye Hay Knowledge, Buckeye Hay Wisdom, Buckeye Hay Truth, Buckeye Hay Beauty, Buckeye Hay Goodness, Buckeye Hay Love, Buckeye Hay God.

JACOB BOWER

HAS JUST RECEIVED A

CHEAPEST STOCK

OF

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY,

and the VERY goods.

He has received a full line of DRY GOODS NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you 25 per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, rendered on the 3rd day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of John W. McNutt's admr. vs.

John W. McNutt's Heirs, et als.

I, as Special Commissioner appointed in said decree, shall proceed, at front of the Court House of said County as well at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the decree of the Circuit Court, on the

9TH DAY OF MARCH, 1889,

the following real estate, situate in said County, to-wit: A certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro on the Hill's Creek Road; and also, another certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying above the first mentioned lot, in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro. Both of said lots were bought by J. W. McNutt from James Gruby. They are valuable lots, and the title is believed to be good.

TERMS OF SALE:

So much cash as shall be sufficient to pay costs of suit and sale, and the residue of purchase money the purchaser will be required to give bond, with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, falling due in one and two months respectively from date, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

H. S. RUCKER, Spec'l Com'r.

Beard, as required by law, I have hereto given by the above. Test: Commissioner.

JOHN J. BEARD, Cl'k.
Jan. 10 4-t Printers fee $5.75.

Notice to Lein Holders.

To all persons holding liens by Judgment or otherwise, on the land, estate, or any part thereof, of John F. Watkins.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in the cause therein pending, in which the real estate of the said John F. Watkins is the subject of the suit, the undersigned was appointed Commissioner of the said Court, to receive and report all claims held by you and each of you against the said John F. Watkins, which are liens on his real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication to mend my office, in the town of Huntersville, on or before the

9TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889.

Given under my hand this the 9th day of Jan., 1889.

H. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Jan. 10 4-t Printers fee $6.25.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

or

Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

THE TIMES Office

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY.

TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOURY. C. F. MOORE.

LOURY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. F. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 8 00
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Three inches	2 00	3 50	5 00	17 00
Quarter col'm	3 50	5 00	10 00	30 00
One col'm	5 00	10 00	18 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 50 in advance; after 6 months, $1 75; after 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 10, 1889.

Waste Some Pain.

Nellie Arthur had a spotted Indian pony for the apple of her eye.

Mrs. Pierre was very fond of the black nag that her husband rode.

Mrs. Monroe brought the first white rabbit to the National premises.

Harriet Lane had a large stag-hound that was presented to her in England.

"Dolly" Madison's particular pet was a fine saddle nag. At Montpelier she had a pet sheep.

Mrs. Adams had a great goldfish and one of a bluish tint, sent her by a New England sea Captain.

Mrs. Hayes had a magnificent imported Japanese cat that was presented to her by a naval officer.

Martha Washington's chief pet was a beautiful green parrot. Mrs. Washington was also very fond of a fallow deer.

Mrs. Grant had a "strawberry roan" cow that was a noble milker and supplied her table with milk and cream.

Mrs. Bliss, President Taylor's daughter, who presided over the White House until her father's death, had a splendid white owl.

Miss Cleveland's pet while at White House was a beautiful rose which she found in the conservatory and which now bears her name.

An eagle occupied a cage at the mansion for a part of President Fillmore's term, a gift from a political admirer, and the noble bird was often fed by Mrs. Fillmore.

Mrs. Jackson never presided at the White House, but a large black and white coon that had been caught when young and trained by one of her faithful slaves had the run of the house hold.—N. Y. Graphic.

The Limit of a Horse's Speed.

Professor Brewer said, in a recent speech before the National Academy of Sciences: The English thoroughbred is a finished breed, and it has undoubtedly arrived at the summit of its excellence. There has been practically no new blood in this breed since 1700. This breed has been finished and completed in two senses: First, as to its grade, harmony, blood and character, and, secondly, as to its speed, to which the limit has been undoubtedly reached. We have faster horses than our grandfathers, but it is not likely that our grandchildren will have a faster breed than we have now.

In the case of trotters there has been a steady increase of speed. The fastest record in 1864. Less than a dozen horses have ever trotted in less than 2.14.

The best record in running was made in Louisville, the time being 20¼.

The speaker showed a table, on which were the number of horses in the last few years which had made a record within six seconds of this time.

The nearest that any horse has come to this record is 1.40, which was done last year. A very large number of horses have made their record but once. There are many that have made as fast time as those that have records, but as not wishing the race they got no record. The record as it now stands may be lowered. When I said that speed had reached its maximum I didn't think but that better time would be made. I think about 1.33 will be the speed of runners. Hereafter breeders will be expected to keep up this high standard of excellence rather than to making better time. I believe the thoroughbred has finished his evolution.—Washington Star.

The Heroes Are Not All Dead.

It is generally believed in these prosaic days that heroism and chivalry are dead, that the material of which martyrs were made has all been exhausted, and that men are now controlled almost entirely by selfish motives.

This is the common talk of the day—we hear it on the street corners and read it in our newspapers and novels; in fact we can not go anywhere without hearing some cynical expression of disbelief in the nobility of human nature.

We do not believe that the heroes are all dead. We do not believe that James Givens who died the other day, was the last of his race. This man, Givens, was a common deck hand on the ill-fated steamer John H. Hanna. When the pilot house was on fire, the pilot unable to stand the heat of the flames, abandoned his post. At this supreme moment Givens took his place, and steered the vessel to the bank at the cost of his life.

This humble deck hand had no special incentive to urge him on. He did not rush to his death to save wife, children or sweethearts. He was simply a poor, ignorant fellow who loved his kind, and his great heart would not allow him to seek his own safety when he saw the lives of hundreds in danger. Blinded by the flame and smoke, he held on until the boat struck the shore. He was willing to die in order that others might live.

From time to time we hear of such men as Givens, and they will be heard from again. God will not let such heroes perish entirely from the face of the earth. Their shining examples blaze like beacon lights, and when they lay down their lives for their fellows there will always be others to take their places. Men are not all selfish and heartless. In the higher walks of life we have our "Chinese" Gordons; in the middle classes our Stanleys, and among the humble poor such men as James Givens, the deck hand of the steamer Hanna. While these names are on every lip it will not do to say that our heroes are all dead.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Southern Immigration Convention has adopted resolutions requesting the Legislature of Southern States to take co-operative measures in the general plan to induce immigration Onward. The tide of immigration Westward is ebbing and the south is the coming great section of the country.

We have greater natural advantages than any other portion of the continent. Our soil is richer, our mines inexhaustible. Our climate for salubrity is unequaled; our scenery is renowned, and, political falsehoods to the contrary notwithstanding, our people are among the most genial, generous, hospitable and law abiding to be found on the globe.

All the South lacks is capital and population to develop her unequaled resources to make her greatness, wealth, morality and publicity what she is naturally, the grandest portion of our country.

To this end the Southern Interstate Immigration bureau has been established by the Montgomery Convention. It asks the aid of the Legislature of the States to be benefited.

The Legislature of West Virginia should and will examine into the subject carefully. West Virginia is probably the richest in natural advantages of all the Southern States, and has most to gain by incoming capital, population and the other advantages proposed by the Montgomery Convention, whose proceedings we commend to the attention of each individual member of the next Legislature.—Register.

An Odd Postal Regulation.

It is rather an odd thing that if you paste a printed slip on a postal card the Government will charge the receiver letter postage, while if the same matter is printed directly on the card nothing extra is demanded. The same slip which if pasted on a postal card would be charged extra for, may be put into an unsealed envelope and it will then go at printed matter rates, or the whole paper from which the clipping is taken may be sent, containing the article marked, at a much less rate than the Government would charge for the same article attached to the card. That is, the Government would rather carry four ounces for a cent than the four-fifths of an ounce for the same money.—Detroit Free Press.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheny makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheny & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FR. NEY J. CHENY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, (SEAL) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

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Dec. 20 (1)

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. | E. F. Morris, Editor. | Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 17, 1889. | Terms of Subscription, $1.00 per year in advance. | No. 26.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, J. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, R. V. Hill.
Deputy Sheriff.
Cl'k of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
County Court, (C. S. Beard, Pres't, T. S. Hannah, (G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W.Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. SHOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. K. REYBOLDS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

[illegible] Page.
[illegible] Send for Catalogue.

The Rosary of My Years.

BY FATHER RYAN.

Some reckon their age by years,
Some measure their life by art,
But some tell their days by the flow of their tears,
And their life by the throes of their heart.

The dials of earth may show
The length, not the depth, of years;
Few or many may come, few or many may go,
But our time is best measured by tears.

Ah! not by the silver gray
That creeps through the sunny hair,
And not by the furrows the finger of care
On forehead and face have made;
Not as the we count our years;
Not by the sun of the earth—but the shade
Of our souls—and the fall of our tears.

For the young are oftimes old,
Though their brow be bright and fair;
While their blood beats warm their heart's ice cold—
O'er them the spring time—but winter is there.
And the old are oftimes young,
When their hair is thin and white;
And they sing in age as in youth they sung,
And they laugh, for their cross was light.

But bead by bead I tell
The rosary of my years,
From a cross to a crown they lead—via well!
And they are blessed with a blessing of tears.
Better a day of strife
Than a century of sleep;
Give me instead of a long stream of life
The tempest and tears of the deep.

A thousand joys may foam
On the billows of all the years;
But never the foam brings the brave back home—
It reaches the heaven through tears.

A Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of the Little Levels, held Thursday, Dec. 20th, 1888; Isaac McNeel being made Chairman, and W. H. Overholt, Secretary. A committee of three being appointed, consisting of C. J. Stalting, Dr. J. A. Larue and W. H. Overholt to draft resolutions expressive of the objects of this meeting. The following resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That as citizens of the Little Levels we are proud of the name and character which our people have acquired as a community, as a temperate peaceful and law abiding people. That we recognize that the prosperity which has been vouchsafed, our community has been the result of good morals and good conduct of our people under the blessing of God. Therefore, desiring to preserve unimpaired the blessings we have so long enjoyed, and learning that there is an effort being made by persons who in disregard and open violation of our laws would introduce into our midst for sale and barter intoxicating drinks, in disregard of every interest which is dear to the citizens of this community,

Resolved—That we desire to express publicly our indignation at the promoters and abettors of such an enterprise and earnestly request the co-operation of every good citizen in an effort to maintain the laws in their spirit as well as letter and to bring to punishment any one who would attempt to destroy the peace, prosperity and happiness of our people by selling intoxicating drinks in our midst.

Resolved—That we urge upon all persons who may be in any way connected with this nefarious business the wisdom and necessity of abandoning it at once. We entreat them by all that may yet remain sacred to them. In the name of our homes, our wives, our children. In the name of our young men, who are the light of our eyes and the hope of our country, as well as the pride and support of our age; contaminate them not with your foul and unholy business. Desist now from efforts which if successful can only involve you with others in ruin for be sure as God lives your sin will find you out.

Resolved—That we warn all persons against engaging in anyway in the sale or distribution of ardent spirits in our community and earnestly pledge our united support to every lawful effort which may be made to wipe out this foul blot upon the good name of our citizens and in opposition to those who in disregard of the spirit of the law and the known sentiments of every large majority of the citizens of this community, would introduce spirituous liquors in our midst; we will stand for our homes our families our good names our property, and we warn them that we will find means to enforce our wishes, and in self defense use such means as God has given us to eradicate this evil.

Resolved—That after obtaining the signatures of the citizens of this community to these resolutions, that two copies of the same be posted at suitable places, and that a copy of these proceedings be forwarded to the Pocahontas TIMES with a request that they be published.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

ISAAC MCNEEL, Chairman.
W. H. OVERHOLT, Secretary.

A Letter to the Public

To the Public I would like to say that my school has already succeeded beyond anything that I expected. Despite the most excellent Public school with its highly accomplished and energetic faculty my school has grown until now it numbers 30 on roll. I still appeal to the citizens of Pocahontas and adjoining counties for help in building up a school for them. No enterprise of any consequence is without opposition. Therefore, with brave heart, fixed purpose, your help, and a firm trust in God I may make my coming among you a success. Last week appeared in The TIMES a program of an entertainment given by my girls and boys 24th Dec. The pith and humor were only to illustrate the frivolous side of life and the joyousness of the approaching season; while the more solid and serious parts were to characterize the thoughts which should sometimes enter the deepest recess of every heart.

I am well aware that much has been said about the entertainment and against it. Be that as it may, one thing is true, I have given in twice before in different sections of countries and before intelligent people, and nothing of fault was ever made of it before. It is reported too that Rev. Mr. Bydenstricker stopped his children from my school because of the grand failure of the entertainment. I will give you the direct language of Mr. Bydenstricker as to myself. "Miss Georgie, owing to some chage to be made in the school over here, and because they lose so many recitations while attending your school. I will not send them any more, not that I have any objections to your teaching." Mr. Bydenstricker's children only took Latin from me and were necessarily absent a while from the school. He also told me that he had heard no one object to my teaching. And in the course of conversation he told me that he was as much my friend as ever.

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G. M. SHEARER.
Principal H. T. School.

Polled vs. Horned Cattle.

Academy, W. Va.,
Jan. 8th, 1889.

ED. TIMES: I venture this letter (if you will allow the space it will occupy) not for the sake of notoriety, nor to see my name in print, but with the hope that it may be of some interest to your readers, and thereby cause better writers to contribute of their views and opinions on matters more interesting, and that will add subscribers to your paper. It appears to me that our business men, in fact all our citizens should give your paper every available aid, both by patronizing it and by contributing to its columns. Our people lack neither the intelligence nor the time necessary to furnish you one page of good readable matter each week. Some two years ago Col. Gatewood, of Big Spring contributed a very interesting article on the subject of Silos and Ensilage. I would suggest to the Col. that another article on the same subject would be in order, as with two years experience he could give us facts demonstrated.

I am now very much interested in the subject of polled vs horned cattle, with my mind fully made up in favor of the former. I think there can be no question of doubt that horns will have to go; but the process of change will of necessity be slow. Every reason demands their expulsion, with none for retaining them, viz; safety to mankind as well as to the brutes themselves, comfort to the cattle and their owners in pens, barns and especially in shipping; by not being afraid of each other they will fatten faster; grown animals become like calves, lie down close together, will eat together and as many water from the same trough as can get to it.

The most human way to get rid of horns is to breed them off; and there are several species of hornless cattle that are very fine. I believe the polled Angus to be the finest breed animal as the Durham or Hereford and quite as good or better for milk; and much hardier than either; especially adapted to our mountain ranges.

But for me I cannot wait for the slow process of breeding off the horns, so I have already dehorned 10 cows and a three year old bull about two months ago.

They are now well over it, and are really improved in appearance. I shall finish up my cows and yearlings about the 1st of April, some 30 head beside those already dehorned. I shall close by saying that on a trip last spring in and through Kansas. I know a great many dehorned cattle of all ages, and met with a gentleman (a farmer and stock raiser) who was a Pocahontas boy—Dick Bilmiston, son of Jos. Bilmiston, dec'd.) He engaged to Kan. directly after the war, and has been in the dehorning business for a length of time. From him I learned the process, and I am indebted to him for his interest in my welfare while his guest.

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Respectfully,
F. A. BARRON.

Rely on Yourself.

For the Times.

Rely on yourself, and do not be satisfied with following the beaten track of others. Strike out new paths. Aim at higher attainments.

Only the intellect are satisfied with walking in the steps of others.

On early education, depends the intellectual efforts of children.

Take the child that is surrounded with everything that the young heart desires, and there is nothing left for the exercise of its own powers; nothing to expand the mind, and they never acquire that strength of mind which is necessary for extensive usefulness.

On the other hand take the child that has no luxuries. Give him a few articles and he will add others by his own invention.

The child derives the highest pleasure from doing something for himself—and the forming of self commences, with the first buddings of reason and imagination. The heart and moral affections must be cultivated, as well as the intellect, to form a noble character. Man is the maker of his own mind. God has so constituted the human intellect that it can only grow by its own action. So the childish intellect rises by its own efforts, and becomes an ornament to society, and and a blessing to the world.

NELLIE F. CLARK,
Academy, W. Va.

Beecher's Adieu.

Henry Ward Beecher in one of his latest sermons said: "To all the young that are coming into the church I say be young be gay, be hopeful, be truthful. If God has given you a sparkling disposition, thank God and cultivate it. While it may not be the object of your life to have the joy that comes from these qualities, it is the privilege of your life to perform all your duties under its influence, and they can be performed in no other way as well. The world needs just such a development of Christianity. The world is full of sorrow it needs cheer. It is full of despondency it needs hope. It is full of cowardice it needs courage. It sighs in pain; it wants a healthful atmosphere, sweet and balmy and radiant. It wants a singing Christianity. It wants the messenger of Christ to be a light-bearer, and no man has the right to make a dark business, to go home and open the light in himself and family alone. They that carry a burdensome, a woe-smitten face, dishonor God. It is contrary to his word. It is saying silentmindly to the world that all hope, all the presence of the divine presence, all the love which is poured like an atmosphere around about us every day from the bosom of Jesus Christ, is false and wrong. The man that carries a doubting, weary, saddened face, misrepresents the religion of Jesus Christ."

Gentleman's Pie-ces.

Foreman (great deal)—"Here's an order from down stairs to print a can of hickleas, the People's candidate for Mayor. We haven't any cuts of him.

Able Editor—"How much did he pay for it?"

"Five dollars."

"Only $5. Scratch a head on Lydia Pinkham and run that in.—Philadelphia Record.

A man in a Western town hauled two cart loads of dirt in one month, and the knowing editor published in his "Hub wrenches of real estate for the month."

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOVE. C. F. MOORE.

LOVE & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. F. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 17, 1889.

From The Capital City.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 8.—To-day has been a lively day among the candidates for positions in the coming session of the W. Va. Legislature. Men of note from all parts of the mountain state graced the streets of this city to-day, coming principally to see how "the ball" would open up. Among those present were Judge Campbell, of Monroe, Hon. Jno. E. Kenna, Judge Fleming, Phil Dy. Alderson, Esq., Dyad. B. Lamb and many others who have figured prominently in West Virginia politics, together with numerous applicants for page-ship, clerks etc.

At 2 p. m. the Democrats held rather a stormy, but did not go into a caucus until 8 p.m. Every thing worked nicely and nominations were made for the various positions to be filled to-morrow upon the convening of the House. Jos. J. Wood, Esq., from Ohio was elected Speaker of the House over Hon. Jos. Spiggs, of Hardy. J. M. Hamilton, Esq., was elected Chief Clerk over Col. J. R. Peyton, of Wheeling. W. R. Gibbs, of Boone, was elected Sergt-at-Arms over three other contestants.

Everything passed off as smoothly as could be in the Democratic House, but when we turn to the Republican Senate we find much dissension upon various points and up to this writing they have not brought on a vote for the Pres. of that body, and as to the latter matters will turn out will time remains to be seen.

The Legislature will convene at 12 m. to-morrow. The Democrats will organize the House and it is probable that Col. Carr, the Union Labor Legislator may get the Presidency of the Senate as harmony doesn't reign in the Republican camps. The committees and committee clerks will be appointed Thursday morning.

Jan. 9.—The full Democratic ticket was elected in the house to-day, all by a majority of four.

The Senate stands 12 Dem., 13 Rep. and one Union Labor, (R. S. Carr). The Democrats nominated Mr. Carr for the Presidency of that body, and it has been balloting all day on the Presidency, each ballot standing a tie. So every thing is at a stand still and the session compromised.

No business of importance was transacted in the House to-day.

W.

The Legislature.

The West Virginia Legislature met in Charleston on Assy. 8th. The House organized with but little difficulty, selecting Hon. J. J. Wood, of Ohio County, Speaker, J. M. Hamilton, of Calhoun County, Clerk, and W. R. Gibbs of Boone County, Sergeant-at-arms.

So here the whole matter ended and two grand independents may stay balled for some time. The republicans in the Senate seem determined that no organization of that body shall be effected, as from day to day the honorable senator balot for President, all to no purpose except that the fun is being had at the expense of the State, to the tune of about $500 a day.

The Democrats first cast their votes for Col. Robt. Carr, of Kanawha County, but after several tie votes had been cast they agreed to support anyone the republicans might designate, rather than tie up business by a continued dead lock. No matter, however, had the democrats gone over to the republican candidate than the republicans deserted him and scattered their vote in such a way as to make an election impossible.

What they hope to gain by this manner of conduct is not evident, unless it is that they hope by this means to prevent an investigation by the Legislature of the alleged election frauds, fearing such investigation might unearth things they prefer should remain buried.

There is certainly no excuse for such conduct, and it by no means argues well for those who indulge in it.

A Man and His Work.

Napoleon used to say that it did not matter what a man's trade was—if he was the best workman in his line he was a very superior man, deserving as much honor as anyone in the empire.

Young men just starting in life with a prejudice against manual labor would do well to get this idea into their heads. When a man is determined to do his best work he will improve his methods, and his increasing brain power and skill will be so apparent that the lowest honest occupation will be ennobled, and the teller will have the respect of all good men.

We have in our mind as we write a man who might easily have made a reputation in literature, journalism or law, but he deliberately chose the occupation of a canvasser for a large publishing house. He knew that his education, abilities and tastes fitted him for a high place in some learned profession, but he was also conscious of the fact that he was born with a certain tact and magnetism which never failed to win men and bend them to his will. He was poor and wanted money, plenty of it, and quick returns for his work. He found that the prejudice against canvassing was so great that heavy commissions were offered to first-class men. So he made a contract with the publishing house, not to sell books, but to secure subscriptions for something in the art line. In fifteen years he accumulated a fortune. Last year his commissions amounted to $17,000, and he has several times refused a salary of $10,000 a year. This man feels a pride in his work. He knew that the only way to make his occupation pleasant and profitable was to go to the very top, and he went there. Men joke and sneer when they speak of book agents canvassers, but they become very thoughtful when this master of his business takes them in hand. They recognize in him great talent, an earnest purpose, and all the points that make a gentleman.

Now, there are hundreds of other occupations less popular, and avoiding more distasteful work than this business of canvassing, that can be elevated and made remunerative by the right men. When we say right men we mean men who will train every brain cell in their heads and every nerve and muscle in their bodies to aid them in doing absolutely perfect work.

Does all this require an exceptionally gifted person? By no means. It is utterly impossible to work intelligently with one's powers concentrated upon a definite object without soldering a marked degree of success, and the average man will find that this constant application and concentration will take the place of genius. The farmer, mechanic or clerk who will train himself mentally and physically for the best work that is possible in his field may make more or less than the canvasser whose story we have told for their encouragement, but one thing is certain—their measure of success and the development of their faculties will win admiring recognition, and they will take their place among the superior men of the community in which they live. There is more in the man than there is in the occupation.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1889 is one of the neatest and prettiest we have seen. If the medicine is half so good it is well worth taking.

The Baltimore Sun says: "The Senate tariff bill has been getting along swimmingly until now by deferring consideration of items upon which the Republican Senators are not well agreed. Strange to say, sugar is the cause of most of the bitterness that is said to exist. Senators Plumb, Ingalls and Stanford oppose the proposal to cut down the duty on sugar 50 per cent. This opposition might be met by a bounty of 1 cent per pound on all sugar produced in Kansas and elsewhere in this country, but a bounty, too, might develop opposition. There are other features of the bill that are not wholly satisfactory. For a bill that is not to pass it has a great deal of work upon it. A worse tariff bill has never been proposed. No pretense is made now of protecting labor; the object is to "check imports."

Minister Phelps expects to return to the U.S. by March 4th, or that President Harrison can send a new minister to England without delay.

The County Commissioners of Kanawha county have torn down their old Court House, which they will replace by a new one costing over $100,000.

The Delineator for February lately received is unusually good. This periodical is a general favorite with the ladies, and is well worth all it costs. Published by the Butterick Publishing Co., New York.

If the Legislature is as long about electing a United States Senator as it is organizing, there is danger of Kenna's term expiring before a successor is chosen.

The "kicking" element of the last Legislature seems to have fallen in to line very gratefully. The trouble is now on the other side of the house.

A very destructive cyclone swept over the country last week; paying special attention to portions of Pennsylvania. Great damage was done to property and many lives lost at both Pittsburg and Reading.

President elect Harrison has been persuaded to go this far with truth or Blaine—he will tender him the Secretaryship of State, provided a solemn promise is made by brother Blaine that he will not take Gen. Charleston Star.

Justice Barrett, of New York, has decided that by entering the sugar trust the North River Sugar Refining Company has violated its charter and forfeited its right to corporate existence. A righteous decision.

Nothing remains of the famous English settlement of Jamestown, Va., begun in 1607, save the ruins of a church tower, and this is crumbling year by year. Tree roots have cracked the monumental slabs in the church yard, and thus one of the few localities recalling the first years of American history is slowly losing its distinctive features.

Not long ago 1,000 tons of pig iron were sent from Birmingham, Ala., to Pittsburg. Since 1879 the iron production of Alabama has increased from forty tons to 300,000 tons a year. Alabama is fourth in rank—after Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois—as an iron producing state. Tennessee holds the fifth place.

The biennial message of Gov. E. W. Wilson to the Legislature of West Virginia is now before the people. We regard it as about the ablest State paper the Governor has given us during his administration. He pays special attention to election laws and their abuses, and make what we deem wise and wholesome suggestions to our law makers. Gov. Wilson doesn't hesitate to say what he thinks, nor to call a spade by its right name.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy known for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

INVENTION never ceases. Mentioned the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work, either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Call this notice and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 1-1y.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough without a Disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of relief the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and serious troubles will be required.

CATARRH

Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1889 is one of the neatest and prettiest we have seen. If the medicine is half so good it is well worth taking.

DEEP. [illegible] are prepared by the utensils of [illegible] work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards where or they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 a day at this work. All are [illegible]

BEST COUGH MEDICINE, PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Announcement.

To the citizens within a radius of

20 MILES OR MORE FROM DUNMORE, W. VA.

The undersigned hereby announce themselves as candidates for public favors and respectfully solicit your support. We have on hand, and we pay to make weekly additions thereto, a varied assortment of such goods as are

Usually Kept in a Country Store, and are anxious to exchange them into CASH or exchange for Wool, Ginseng, Beeswax, Corn, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Eggs, Butter, GOLD, SILVER and

"GREENBAX,"

for which will allow the highest market prices. Give us a call and see what a large amount of goods you can get at our store for [illegible]

OUR TREASURY

is not overburdened with a surplus, but we have decided nevertheless to reduce the "STOCK" on everything we have, and this we will do by such reductions in low as it is probable to handle our [illegible] QUICK, without a [illegible] us to make a success of our business.

Again we ask you for your undivided support in this campaign.

ASK if you decide to trade with us, we will be pleased to give you the best bargains to be had in this "neck o' woods."

TO TOWNE owing us on Account or Note, we are in need of "SPOT DOLLAR," and think you certainly ought to pay us back, if not all, [illegible] you do us.

HOPING to meet you all smilingly in front of our Counters when during the CAMPAIGN. We are, Your Ob't Servants,

WM. H. CACKLEY & CO.

NEWS.

—L. M. McCrate made a visit to Bath Co., Va., this week.

—A. W. Moore, Esq., was in town Tuesday.

—Constable Jno. R. Rinker was down at Hillsboro this week on official business.

—S. S. Hammond & J. Gay, of Islway were in Monterville Tuesday.

—Mrs. J. T. Gibson, of Mill Point was at the Monterville Hotel Sunday.

—Call at Jacob Bower, if you want sheep goods.—Sep Week.

—Guy Stevens, who has been in Nebraska for some time, came home this week.

—J. W. Milligan and family are for the present staying with H. M. Lockridge, Hot Spring's creek.

—We are glad to learn that Quincy W. Poage is improving, and is now thought to be out of immediate danger.

—Those who have communications to the NEWS will please send not later than by Monday's mail. It sometimes puts us to no little inconvenience to have them later.

—Gen. W. Wagner has charge of Hotel Pendleton this Month. Mr. Wagner is a clever gentleman and pack and will do good by a liberal public.

—Mr. Lindy Lockridge, who has been staying in the interior of Hotel Pendleton, has taken up quarters at the residence of his brother, H. M. Lockridge, but, as we presume not to pull his cover in the pot, we are unable to make mention of the fact.

—Justice Shrader held his Law Court at this place Last Thursday and will hold his next term beginning on the 26th. Between the County Court and the District Court Hunterville is well supplied with Courts.

—The January number of Babyhood, lately received, is fully up to past issues. This is a most interesting and instructive magazine. No mother should be without it. Published by Babyhood Pub. Co., 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

—Mrs. Wm. L. Brown and Mrs. J. H. Talgerson, of Green Bank, were down a few days ago to see their brother Jno. H. Sharp, who is quite ill at the Hunterville Hotel.

—The account of the meeting of the Citizens at Hillsboro which appears on the first page of this issue, was signed by seventy odd of the citizens of that vicinity, but we have since omitted about the Chairman and their story.

—F. Lee Dever, Esq., was in town Monday. He informed us that he would start back to Duluth, Minn. this week. The northwest seems to have used him well and he has no notion of moving that way just now.

—Mr. H. M. Lockridge, who has been severely afflicted with rheumatism for some months, is now able to walk about on crutches. He was attacked last Sunday for the first time since his recovery.

—Jno. H. Doyle is actively engaged in remodeling the ice house at the Hunterville Hotel. The ice crop just now is not very promising, but, if he should succeed in filling his new house, there will be no lack of the cooling substance at his Hotel next summer.

—We are in receipt of the Greenville Gazette, published by J. B. Caldwell, Mr. C. would seem to be making a good showing in the new field of his operations.

—The Board of Supervisors of Greenbrier met last week, but Mr. Charles was an applicant to the proper powers of the Board of Supervisors, and so she returned to those who ought to know that he could have gotten the place, had he been fairly dealt with.

—We help the County Court will insist on the public respecting the order requiring all persons to advertise the UKase from the bar. It is extremely undignified in a full grown man to spit on his hands, climb up the railing around the bench, whisper to the Court till out of breath and then let go his hold and slide down.

—The Cosmopolitan, for January an illustrated monthly Magazine, published by John B. Walker, 261 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.—is before us. This number in point of excellence is fully up to the standard. We regard the Cosmopolitan as one of the very best periodical of the day. Its pages are filled with choice literature and the writings of our very best English authors.

—On the first page of this issue appears an interesting letter from F. A. Merrick, Esq., of Academy. We hope that many of our readers will respond to the suggestion of Mr. Merrick by writing us an occasional letter on some timely topic. The contributions we seek for from Col. Gatewood would be very acceptable, and Mr. Merrick must not make this his last.

Jacobs Creek.

This weather suited with mud. Every thing looks like spring. The birds are singing, and the hens laying.

Mr. J. B. White began his subscription school at this place today.

But little sickness in the neighborhood.

Cattle are wintering well, and consuming a small amount of feed.

Robt. S. Gloyd is now thought to be out of danger, and will soon be himself again if he doesn't take a relapse. The child is also doing well.

Jan. 12th. TOM HAWKER.

Edray Notes.

Jno. Gibson, who has been dangerously ill for some time, is better.

A. Patterson Poage fell last week for Indiana on a visit to relatives.

Geo. Palmer, of Nels., in visiting friends and selling up some business in this neighborhood; he has sold Sinland on Buck's mountain to Mrs. Mary E. Lange.

Isaac Sharpe is getting out a fine lot of cherry lumber at this place. Gay and Moore are also getting out a nice lot of cherry at their mill in greatest fork of Elk.

Esq. Barlow is full of business at present; merchants and late sheriffs, as well as other are filling up the docket.

Your editorial of last week on changing the name of the State meets with hearty endorsement on the part of the people of this District. We don't want to be compelled to know a name, or singing "West Virginia Hills."

S.

GUN FOR SALE.—Call on E. T. Wood, at this place if you want a first class Winchester rifle and reloading tools for $12.00 each.

NOTICE.

A reward of $10 will be paid to any one who may give information leading to the recovery of any of our tools, etc. that have been stolen from the woods or along the railroad.

W. LAWRENCE & BRO. & M'F'G Co.
Hunterville, W. Va.
jan 14 41

The County Court.

The Court met, pursuant to adjournment, last Friday morning, and continued its sitting until Saturday afternoon. The time was occupied principally in making settlements with the present sheriff and his immediate predecessor, and in deciding who shall fill that office for the next term.

The Court at last declared the office vacant and appointed Hon. W. Calhoun to act for the term of two years, beginning Jan. 1, 1889.

Mr. Calhoun, however, declined to accept the office, and the Court proceeded to appoint I. B. Moore.

Mr. Moore not being present at the time, it is not known whether he will accept; so the matter is not settled beyond a doubt yet.

The Court adjourned to meet on Monday, Jan. 21, at which time Mr. Moore will either qualify or resign and give some one else the opportunity to decline the honor.

If the office is to fall into the hands of anyone who was not regularly elected, we don't think it could be placed in charge of a better or more deserving man than I. B. Moore. He is qualified to do the work in an acceptable manner, and we feel sure he would make a good officer.

It is, of course, to be regretted that the office could not be filled by the one chosen at the polls by so handsome a majority.

A Family of Centenarians.

On Ohio mountain, this State resides the most peculiar family in the country. It is a family of centenarians. The father and mother were married on the 11th day of October; they have had nine children, of whom were born on the 14th of October; five of the children are dead, and all of them ceased to breathe on the 14th day of October. The name of the head of the family is Joshua Franklin. He says that he was a confederate soldier; that he was captured twice by the Yankees, and that he had lost two brothers in the war, and that all four of the sickness or misfortunes of war occurred on the memorable 14th of October. In the neighborhood the Franklin family is regarded with superstition and not a human being can be prevailed upon to stay either in the house or on the premises on either day or night of the 14th of October.—Fayette Democrat.

This superstition of Hessian has also held the fool rank among the leading publications regarding political information about art, science, mechanics, chemistry inventions, and manufactures. No one who wishes to keep acquainted with the rapid advancement along these lines can dispense with D. Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, New York. Price, $3.00 a year. Copies of the paper may be seen at this office, and subscriptions received.

Simmons Liver Regulator produces an unpleasant effect upon the stomach no matter how long it is taken. A little taken at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and sweetens the breath.

I spoke to a druggist a moment ago and I know it to be good. In a minority of twenty-five cases I have given out the most of such a specimen, and when I found it unsatisfactory. Rev. T. P. Ferris, Corpus Christi, Texas.

A PROFITABLE BUSINESS

Those who take an agency for a reliable enterprising house, learn their business and stick to it, "get on" in the world. People who have any idea of engaging in any enterprising business will do well to write to George Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine—the great art and general publishers. They offer the most exceptional advantages to those who are ambitiously enterprising to be willing to make a push to come to better circumstances. Persons willing to try. Those who make successful canvassers as well as men. Full particulars will be sent to those who address them; their full address is given above.

The West Virginia Freeman, Prohibition organ published at Parkersburg, has suspended publication.

8 PLOWMEN A WEEK WANTED, to Greenville, W. Va.
I am shipping a week to the first of the old order. Hands and Chandler all kinds, also carpenter work and paint.
J. C. Pancoast.

At a County Court held for the county of Greenbrier, at the Court House thereof on the 10th day of January, 1889.
It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Commissioner, shall either present it to the Court in person during the first or its third session, and that the Court will not hear any matter unless presented in the foregoing manner.
A copy. Teste,
JAS. T. HOGE, C. C.
jan 21 41

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farquhar's Medium Engine and Saw Mills.

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY
NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

Dobbins' Electric Soap
THE BEST FAMILY SOAP
—IN THE WORLD.—
It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

READ THIS TWICE

Beware of Imitations.

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

CONSTIPATION
Loss of Appetite,
Sick Headache,
Bad Breath, etc.

JACOB BOWER
CHEAPEST
STORE
IN FOR A BOOTAR COUNTY,
and the BEST goods.
He has received a fine lot of
BOOTS AND SHOES, HOOKERIES &c. &c., and will sell you as per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.
Come and see for yourselves, at Hunterville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.
Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pendleton County, West Virginia, rendered on the 9th day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of
John W. McNeel's Adm'r.
vs.
John W. McNeel's Heirs, et als;
I, as Special Commissioner appointed in said cause, shall proceed, in front of the Court House of said County, to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the premises
MONDAY OF MARCH, 1889,
the following real estate, situate in said County, to wit: A certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, more or less on the Hill of Crook Road, and also another certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying above the first mentioned lot, to be so selected by the heirs of Hezekiah, both of said lots were conveyed to John W. McNeel from Jacob Bower. This sale will be made for the purpose of paying the debts of said John W. McNeel.
TERMS OF SALE:
The purchaser or purchasers will be required to give bonds, with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, payable as follows: One-third in cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the day of sale, and the title will be retained as further security.
H. S. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Brock, as Attorney, will give bond and qualify before the undersigned.
JAMES PRESTON, C. C.
Pendleton Co.
jan. 10 4t.

Notice to Lien Holders.
To all persons holding liens on R. J. [illegible] or either or all of their personal property, on the 1st day of January, 1889.
In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pendleton County made at the above January session, in the suit of [illegible] vs. the undersigned, I, as Commissioner of Accounts, will attend at my office in Franklin, on the 9th day of Feb. 1889, for the purpose of taking accounts of liens on the personal property of said R. J. [illegible], and all persons having liens on the same, whether by deed of trust or otherwise, are hereby notified to attend at my office on said day, and present their claims, or be forever barred from participating in the distribution of the proceeds of said property.
HENRY B. [illegible], Commissioner of Accounts.
jan. 10 4t. Pendleton Co. W. Va.

IF YOU WANT
Letter Heads,
Envelopes,
Business Cards,
Official Blanks,
Posters,
or
Anything
In That Line,
REMEMBER
AT
The Times Office
They can be procured
at
Lowest Rates
and of
Best Style
and
QUALITY.
TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

LOURY & MOORE, PROPRIETORS

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered in the Post office at Hunters ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One col.	15 00	27 00	50 00	90 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 17, 1889.

THE COST OF WAR.

A Washington correspondent has been comparing the statistics of the loss by death of Union soldiers during the rebellion, with the mortality of other wars. Reports show that the northern and southern armies met in more than 2,000 skirmishes and battles. In 148 of these conflicts the loss on the Federal side was more than 500 men, and in at least 10 battles more than 10,000 men were reported lost on each side. The appended table shows that the combined losses of the Federal and Confederate forces, in killed, wounded and missing, in the following engagements were: Shiloh, 24,000; Antietam, 26,000; Stone river, 24,000; Chancellorsville, 28,000; Gettysburg, 54,000; Chickamauga, 32,000; McClellan's peninsular campaign, 100,000, and Sherman's campaign, 125,000.

Waterloo was one of the most desperate and bloody fields chronicled in European history, and yet Wellington's casualties were less than 15 per cent., his losses being 4,372 killed and 956 wounded out of over 100,000 men, while at Shiloh one side lost in killed and wounded 9,750 out of 34,000, while their opponents report their killed and wounded at 8,408, making the casualties about 30 per cent. At the great battle of Wagram Napoleon lost but about 5 per cent. At Wurtzburg the French lost but 3 1-2 per cent., and yet the army gave up the field and retreated to the Rhine. At Hohenlinden Saxe lost but 2 1-2 per cent. At Zurich Massena lost but 8 per cent. At Lagris Frederick lost but 6 1-2 per cent. At Malplaquet Marlborough lost but 10 per cent., and at Ramillies the same intrepid commander lost but 6 per cent. At Contras Henry of Navarre was reported as cut to pieces, yet his loss was less than 10 per cent. At Lodi Napoleon lost 1 1-4 per cent. At Valmy Frederick William lost but 3 per cent., and at the great battles of Marengo and Austerlitz, conquering as they were, Napoleon lost an average of less than 14 1-2 per cent.

At Magenta and Solferino, in 1859, the average loss of both armies was less than 9 per cent. At Koniggratz, in 1866, it was 6 per cent. At Worth, Spicheren, Mars la Tour, Gravelotte and Sedan, in 1870, the average loss was 12 per cent., while at Ligny Gen. Moreau lost but 3 per cent., and the Archduke John lost but 7 per cent in killed and wounded. Americans would scarcely call this a truly shocking. At Perryville, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Atlanta, Gettysburg, Mission Ridge, the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, the loss ranged by battles and sometimes exceeded 25 per cent. Official statistics show that of the 3,000,000 men enlisted, there were killed in battle, 44,238; died of wounds, 49,205; died of disease, 186,216; died of unknown causes, 23,184; total, 303,843. This includes only those whose death while in the army had been actually proved. To this number should be added, first 30,000 men who are known to have died while in the hands of the enemy as prisoners of war, and many others in the same manner whose deaths are unrecorded; second, a fair percentage of the 200,793 men who are put down on the official reports as deserters and missing in action for those who participated in the war know that men frequently disappeared who, it was certain had not deserted, yet could not be otherwise officially accounted for; third, thousands who are buried in private cemeteries all over the north, who died while home on furlough. The nation's dead are buried in seventy-three national cemeteries, of which only twelve are in the northern states.

The proportion of deaths from all causes in the troops of each state was as follows: Maine, 1 in 7; New Hampshire, 1 in 7; Vermont, 1 in 6; Massachusetts, 1 in 9; Rhode Island, 1 in 11; Connecticut, 1 in 10; New York, 1 in 12; New Jersey, 1 in 12; Pennsylvania, 1in 12; Delaware, 1 in 20; Maryland, 1 in 26; Ohio, 1 in 9; Indiana, 1 in 8; Illinois, 1 in 7; Michigan 1 in 6; Wisconsin, 1 in 7; Minnesota, 1 in 8; Iowa, 1 in 5 (nearly 6); Kansas, 1 in 3; California, 1 in 20; West Virginia, 1 in 9; Kentucky, 1 in 10; Missouri, 1 in 9. —Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Eating by the Alphabet.

"Have you got anything here beginning with 'q' that's good to eat?" inquired a new customer in a well known local delicacy market last Tuesday. "How will pickled kidneys answer?" replied the clerk, after a moment's thought. "First rate. Give me a dozen cans. The kitten's life is saved," exclaimed the strange patron with enthusiasm. "I told my wife," he continued, "that if I failed to send home a kangaroo, dead or alive, before 2 o'clock I should expect to find the kitten served up for supper in the latest Chinese style. But your happy thought saved her. You see we all got tired of eating the same things day after day, and so last month we agreed that during December we would begin and eat up (or rather down) the alphabet, taking one letter a day, with bread, potatoes, tea and coffee thrown in as staples. So December 1 we inaugurated the dietary system with a bill of fare consisting of apples in many forms, apricots pickled, asparagus, almonds, and the staples. The next day's menu was beef, beets, beans, biscuits, buttermilk, bacon, and bon-bons. The following day we feasted on chicken, codfish balls, clams, celery, cucumbers (fifty cents each), crabs, cheese, cake, crackers, crullers, carrots, canned currants, canned cherries citrons, cider catsup and candy. And so it has gone on. The fifth day would have been a fast day had it not been for eggs, but we made an Easter of it. Yesterday we dined, breakfasted and supped chiefly on jellies. To-day your kidney suggestion saves us from starvation, while to-morrow we will grow fat on liver, lamb, lobster, lettuce, etc. A queer thing about our new food departure is the number of things it has led us to put in our mouths which we never thought of before."—Buffalo Express.

Charles Sumner and His Friends.

Sumner was very careful of the feelings of his personal friends, many of whom disagreed emphatically with him on political subjects. Some of them were not of the same party with him—some were not of the same wing of the party. After president Grant and his cabinet became estranged from the senator, certain of his friends failed to follow him. Among them was the journalist, Maj. Ben. Perley Poore, who, in his letters and telegrams, took strong ground for the president and against the senator. The contest at the time was exceedingly bitter, and "Perley's" dispatches reflected the degree of acerbity felt by the president's friends.

Sumner's friends were inclined to take issue with the journalists, holding that the tone of his letters was incompatible with his personal relations toward the senator and brought them to Sumners attention. He would bear just enough of them to know what was being spoken of, and then, if the paper had been handed him, would throw it into the waste basket, exclaiming "I like him too well to read his letters." He was once asked, "How can you like him when he speaks of you in such terms?" and his reply was: "I like the person, not the writer; I do my duty as I see it; let him do his as he sees it. Why should we quarrel?"—Arnold Burges Johnson, in the Cosmopolitan.

Henry Watterson's Father.

One of the pleasant old young men of Washington, says the New York Tribune, is the Hon. Harvey M. Watterson, the father of Henry Watterson. Imagine to yourself a tall and slightly built man, with a large head of gray hair, a white beard falling over his chest, and a pair of the brightest and kindest blue eyes you will find anywhere. Imagine this man to be seventy-five years old, but at the same time to move about with as firm a step as though he was but thirty-five. Listen to his voice, and it comes forth in strong chest tones. Talk to him and he will tell you that he feels younger as the years grow older and that he hopes to last for many years yet.

Said Mr. Watterson once to me in response to a question:

The first sign of a man's failing faculties is seen in his voice. I can go on the street and speak in such tones as can be heard 300 yards away. I spend my winters in Washington and my summers in Louisville, and while there I look over the exchanges in the newspaper office and scan about fifty papers a day. I am glad that I am alive and I feel that my good health at this age is due to temperance and in not allowing myself to be worried about anything. I am very careful of my eating and I have not had three unhappy hours from worry in my whole life. When I have stubbed my toe I have not cursed the universe because of my carelessness, but thanked the Lord I did not break my neck."

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SINGLE SHOT RIFLES, RELOADING TOOLS, and AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS.

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E. V. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 17, 1889.

THE COST OF WAR.

A Washington correspondent has been comparing the statistics of the loss by death of Union soldiers during the rebellion, with the mortality of other wars. Reports show that the northern and southern armies met in more than 2,000 skirmishes and battles. In 148 of these conflicts the loss on the Federal side was more than 500 men, and in at least 64 battles more than 1,000 men were reported lost on each side. The appended table shows that the combined losses of the Federal and Confederate forces, in killed, wounded and missing, in the following-engagements were: Shiloh, 24,000; Antietam, 34,000; Stone river, 24,000; Chancellorsville, 28,000; Gettysburg, 54,000; Chickamauga, 32,000; McClellan's peninsular campaign, 180,000, and Sherman's campaign, 125,000.

Waterloo was one of the most desperate and bloody battles recorded in European history, and yet Wellington's casualties were less than 15 per cent., his losses being 4,279 killed and 9,956 wounded out of over 100,000 men, while of British one side lost in killed and wounded 9,750 out of 24,000, while their opponents report their killed and wounded at 30,000, making the casualties about 30 per cent. At the great battle of Wagram Napoleon lost but about 5 per cent. At Wurtzburg the French lost but 3 1/2 per cent., and yet the army gained the field and retreated to the Rhine. At Ratisbon Marshal Ney lost but 2 1/2 per cent. At Zurich Massena lost but 4 per cent. At Lagris Frederick lost but 6 1/2 per cent. At Jelp again Marlborough lost but 10 per cent., and at Ramillies the same successful commander lost but 6 per cent. At Castras Henry of Navarre was reported as out to pieces, yet his loss was less than 10 per cent. At Lodi Napoleon lost 1 1/4 per cent. At Valmy Frederick William lost but 3 per cent., and at the great battles of Marengo and Austerlitz, conducted as they were, Napoleon lost an average of less than 10 1/2 per cent.

At Magenta and Solferino, in 1859, the average loss of both armies was less than 9 per cent. At Koniggratz, in 1866, it was 6 per cent. At Worth, Spicheren, Mars-la-Tour, Gravelotte and Sedan, in 1870, the average loss was 12 per cent., while at Leipsic Gen. Marmont lost but 1 per cent., and the Austrians lost but 7 per cent in killed and wounded. Americans would scarcely call this a bloody skirmish. At Perryville, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Atlanta, Gettysburg, Mission Ridge, the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, the loss frequently reached and sometimes exceeded 25 per cent. Official statistics show that of the 3,000,000 men enlisted, those were killed in battle, 44,238; died of wounds, 49,209; died of disease, 186,216; died of sickness causes, 25,186; total, 305,743. This includes only those whose death while in the army had been actually proved. To this number should be added, from 20,000 men who are known to have died while in the hands of the enemy as prisoners of war, and many others in the same manner whose deaths are unrecorded; second, a fair percentage of the 200,705 men who are put down on the official reports as deserters and missing in action, for whom who participated in the war know that men frequently disappeared who, it was certain had not deserted, yet could not be otherwise officially accounted for; third, thousands who are buried in private cemeteries all over the north, who died while home on furlough. The nation's dead are buried in seventy-three national cemeteries, of which only twelve are in the northern states.

The proportion of deaths from all causes in the troops of each state was as follows: Maine, 1 in 7; New Hampshire, 1 in 7; Vermont, 1 in 9; Massachusetts, 1 in 9; Rhode Island, 1 in 11; Connecticut, 1 in 10; New York, 1 in 13; New Jersey, 1 in 13; Pennsylvania, 1in 12; Delaware, 1 in 20; Maryland, 1 in 26; Ohio, 1 in 9; Indiana, 1 in 8; Illinois, 1 in 9; Michigan 1 in 8; Wisconsin, 1 in 9; Minnesota, 1 in 9; Iowa, 1 in 9; nearly all; Kansas, 1 in 8; California, 1 in 20; West Virginia, 1 in 9; Kentucky, 1 in 10; Missouri, 1 in 9. —Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Eating by the Alphabet.

"Have you got anything here beginning with 'q' that's good to eat?" enquired a new customer in a well known local dining market last Tuesday. "How will pickled kidneys answer?" replied the clerk, after a moment's thought. "Fine tale. Give me a dozen cans. The kitten's life is saved," exclaimed the stranger patron with enthusiasm. "I told my wife," he continued, "that if I failed to send home a kangaroo, dead or alive, before 2 o'clock I should expect to find the kitten served up for supper in the latest Chinese style. But your happy thought saves her. You see we all got tired of eating the same things day after day, and so last month we agreed that during December we would begin and eat up (or rather down) the alphabet, taking one letter a day, with bread, potatoes, tea and coffee thrown in as staples. So December 1 we inaugurated the dietary system with a bill of fare consisting of apples in many forms, apricots pickled, asparagus, almonds, and the staples. The next day's menu was beef, beets, beans, biscuits, buttermilk, bacon, and hominy. The following day we feasted on chicken, codfish balls, clams, celery, cucumbers (fifty cents each), crabs, cheese, cake, crackers, scallops, carrots, canned currants, canned cherries, citrons, cider, catsup and candy. And so it has gone on. The fifth day would have been a fast day had it not been for eggs, but we made an Easter of it. Yesterday we dined, breakfasted and supped chiefly on lobster. To-day your history suggested seven or four starvation, while to-morrow we will graze fat on liver, lamb, lobster, lettuce, etc. A queer thing about our new food departure is the number of things it has led us to put in our mouths which we never thought of before."—Buffalo Express.

Charles Sumner and His Friends.

Sumner was very careful of the feelings of his personal friends, many of whom disagreed emphatically with him on political subjects. Even if these were not of the same party with himself some were not of the same wing of the party. After President Grant and his cabinet became estranged from the senator, certain of his friends failed to follow him. Among them was the journalist, Maj. Gen. Carley Piatt, who, in his letters and telegrams, took strong ground for the president and against the senator. The contest at the time was exceedingly bitter, and "Carley's" dispatches reflected the degree of acerbity felt by the president's friends.

Sumner's friends were inclined to take issue with the journalists, holding that the tone of his letters was incompatible with his personal relations toward the senator and brought them to Sumners attention. He would hear just enough of them to know what was being spoken of, and then, if the paper that soon handed him, would throw it into the waste basket, exclaiming "I time him too well to read his letters." He was once asked, "How can you like him when he speaks of you in such terms?" and his reply was: "I like the person, not the writer; I do my duty as I see it; let him do his as he sees it. Why should we quarrel?"—Arnold Burges Johnson, in the Cosmopolitan.

Henry Watterson's Father.

One of the pleasant old young men of Washington says the New York Tribune, is the Hon. Harvey M. Watterson, the father of Henry Watterson. Imagine to yourself a tall and slightly built man, with a large head of gray hair, a white beard falling over his chest, and a pair of the brightest and kindest blue eyes you will find anywhere. Imagine this man to be seventy-five years old, but at the same time to move about with as firm a step as though he was but thirty-five. Listen to his voice, and it comes forth in strong chest tones. Talk to him and he will tell you that he feels younger as the years grow older and that he hopes to last for many years yet.

Said Mr. Watterson once to me in response to a question:

"The first sign of a man's failing faculties is seen in his eyes. I can go on the street and speak to each man as can be heard 200 yards away. I spend my winters in Louisville, and while there I look over the exchanges in the newspaper offices and scan about fifty papers a day. I am glad that I am alive and I feel that my good health at this age is due to temperance and in not allowing myself to be worried about anything. I am very careful of my eating and I have not had three unhappy hours from worry in my whole life. When I have stubbed my toe I have not cursed the universe because of my carelessness, but thanked the Lord I did not break my neck."

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Jan. 31, 1889. No. 28.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Atty.-at-Law.

Pocahontas Times.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Jan. 31, 1889

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Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

Pocahontas Times.

E. V. MOORE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

No. 31, 1888.

POST MORTEM NOTICE.

The New York World, and a few other newspapers of less importance, have lately been devoting very busy attentions to undermining Grover Cleveland and engaging him with the failure of the democratic party. A recent editorial of the World is very preposterous and unjust in its charges, and in the opinion herein advanced and upheld.

We do not pretend to say that Cleveland made no mistakes in his administration, for we doubt that any President ever lived who did not. But because he made a few mistakes in that direction or another wrong, but because they were ruthlessly and unfairly in accusing the opposition to such acts, and to an investigation in a consideration of the will of the people, by public discussion?

In the action Grover Cleveland was only acting in the wind the platform of his party had promised to do, and was urged on by his party leaders of no small standing and influence, in whose hands it was to place confidence, and among the most active clamoring for tariff reform could be distinctly heard the New York World, one of the New York World. On the strength of these speeches the vote was made up, the battle fought and Cleveland, Thurman and Stevenson elected. Now inconsistent and untrue is it for those who helped to make the issue, hoping to justify themselves, now to charge the failure entirely to that one man who was brave enough to lead the fight and who was elected.

Speaking that in Cleveland only and failed to charge, and then the New York World, opposed his party, it would now be addressing suggestions to some such as himself, since all admit that Cleveland made a great fight, the party failed and signally overthrew [illegible] Cleveland is entitled to it also. Cleveland is the man who was first to be taken by the enemy and no man of him is unfortunate. Let us not bring upon him the [illegible] of the democratic party, but as he stood with him in battle, let us not stand with him in defeat, but stand by the man as all in love to his party, because now defeated.

Judge A. G. Snyder has been appointed Presiding of the Supreme Court. Judge Snyder was made a good selection, and one of the best men on the bench.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The deed lock in the West Virginia Legislature was broken on the 6th, after about two weeks had been consumed in doing nothing. Gen. H. G. Davis, of Kanawha county, was elected President of the Senate on the 10th ballot, receiving ten votes from the democrats and six from the republicans, so that with a solid rule there are great chances to be made.

Col. Carr is a solid Union man, and it is not known certainly how he will vote when it comes to the election of a United States Senator. He is a man of considerable ability and is said to possess to a large measure the qualities of a good governing officer. But whether the election be wise or not, it is a great relief to the people to know the official result.

When the organization around ballots have been taken for U. S. Senator, in which the republicans have voted pretty solidly for Goff and the democrats scattering, with Kenna in the lead. These ballots, however, have but little significance, as the democrats have not been present to effect a choice. The Constitution provides that balloting for U. S. senator shall begin the second Tuesday after organization, but as one branch of the Legislature did not organize until a late day, the democrats think it wise to postpone an election until the second Tuesday after the organization of the senate. The democratic hold a caucus, adopting the two-thirds rule, and agreeing to stand by the caucus nominee. Jno. E. Kenna [illegible] but one delegate from whom which it is conceded to Kenna vote. So the defeat of Senator Brown is all at once [illegible] Gen. Goff can no doubt get the full vote of his party whenever he desires to, as it is understood that he would withdraw in favor of Kenna, giving him the benefit of all the doubtful votes. To us now, nothing is yet definite as to the result.

Nothing of importance has been done in the State political lodging.

The Democratic Party and the Future.

The editorial of the New York World endorsing President Cleveland as the standard of the democratic party, was, as we have before shown, unwisely and unjust.

Here is the one undisputed fact of the late campaign that was not evident in the immediate sky when President Cleveland made his message. He lost enough of his votes to place confidence and among the most active clamoring for tariff reform could be distinctly heard the New York World, one of the New York World. On the strength of these speeches the vote was made up, the battle fought and Cleveland, Thurman and Stevenson elected. Now inconsistent and untrue is it for those who helped to make the issue, hoping to justify themselves, now to charge the failure entirely to that one man who was brave enough to lead the fight and who was elected.

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A GOOD MOVE.

Mr. Blair's bill on the subject of naturalization, if it should pass Congress, would go a long way to work relieving some of the evil which the country is undergoing from the methods of making citizens of aliens.

The provisions of the bill briefly stated, are: requirements that an alien must reside five years in the United States before he can become a citizen; that at the expiration of five years he must appear in court and prove his residence, good moral character and fitness for citizenship. If the case is in the United States court, notice of the application is to be given to the district attorney, who is to appear in behalf of the United States, and interpose in the case if it sees fit. The declaration of the alien contemplated must be filed and placed for hearing. The bill proposes to fix the fees and the manner of collecting.

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Respectfully,

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HOME NEWS.

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NOTICE.

SALESMEN

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the 1st day of March, 1889, the following property 225 Sheep mostly ewes 27 two-year-old Cattle, 4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

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Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Jan. 31, 1889.

A colored brother in the Altamaha valley, down in Georgia, sent the following request for a minister to his bishop: "Send us a bishop to preach. If you can't send us a bishop send us a sliding elder; if you can't send us a sliding elder, send us a stationary preacher; if you can't send him, send us a circuit rider; if you can't spare him, send us a local preacher; if you can't spare a local preacher, send us an exhorter." That settled it and he got a preacher.—Lincoln Journal.

The Trouble of Writing.

... continually repeated 'sir.' Here, Americans are more polite than English people. It is equally better to err on the right side through excess of courtesy than to address our acquaintances like dogs. We owe gratitude to Americans for setting us a good example, here, at least, as some compensation for the havoc played with our language in other respects." This observation is not only acute but accurate. Educated English men in the last century addressed their friends and equals as "sir," nearly if not quite as often as Americans do today. In England this form of address is now seldom used except to mark superiors, seniors, or total strangers, or else in an ironical sense toward one regarded as an inferior who has incurred the speaker's displeasure.—San Francisco Argonaut.

One Cent.

It is almost impossible to attach any importance to one cent, but at the same time it is very important cent at times.

Gray Horses.

There is an old adage that "the gray mare is the better horse," and although this has been distorted in its meaning into an indication that the woman overpowers the man and makes of him her slave, this is only a modern misuse of the proverb, which is like most of such sayings the result of common experience.—New York Tribune.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 7, 1889. No. 29

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell, Prosecuting Attorney, U. W. McClaugherty.

Sheriff,

Deputy Sheriff,

Clerk of the Circuit Court, P. J. Beard.

Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.

C. S. Beard, Town's.

Com. Rev. A. T. Barlow.

Co. Surveyor, Geo. Barlow.

Circuit Court convenes on the fifth Monday in April, 2nd Monday in June and 2nd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Jury is duly sworn.

L. M. MACKENZIE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. E. McNEER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. S. McNEER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas, Greenbrier and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. KNESTRICK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to Claims for collection or Prosecution before

W. S. KNESTRICK,
Atty-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. [illegible],
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to Collections and Conveyancing. The court dates of each state will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. A. P. Arbogast,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator.

Notice Fine

[illegible]

Notes by the Way.

When the deep snow that fell upon the 25th of January, visiting parents have been making things lively about Marlin's Bottom.

By the way Mr. Editor, the writer regrets you were not on hands to accept and present the change in the name of this historic place, as you did so handsomely and effective-ly when objecting to any change in the name of West Virginia.

But to return from the digression, Sunday night a large Bear, came near Mr. Hughes house and hooked heavily on the remains of a colt, then retired to the sparse wood lands of Buckley mountain to sleep it off. He could not be found, however, by the party headed by Andy McClaughlin so he must have covered his retreat very skillfully. Two or three nights after Wolfe, three to four wildcats pa-raded the premises near Mr. Mc-Claughlin's who went in pursuit of them with Messrs. Hughes and Duke. Their dogs came upon a cross trail which was more to their liking and followed the same to a log. By the time this interesting animal was done for, the hounds seemed to have had all relish for wild cat operations or speculations and the chase closed abruptly.

When hungry and thirsty people
Their breakfast do eat,
I'm apt to look beyond my plate,
And beg or fly away.

Oftimes to look forward and attend
The whispers of the wise,
Brand to look backward, or the plan
Of how these jewels starts.

A fruitful visit to a home on Knapp's creek recalled those words to the writer's mind. He missed the presence of an affirmed lady, whose face had interested him very much the past two or three years. When a mere child, Miss Mary Ann Kinder-ice gave a helpless invalid, and for thirty years required unremit-ting attention, as she could not walk for one leg had left side of her knees. It has not been long since she died, at the age of forty-four years. She opened her mind unstintingly to a ministerial friend during his visits. The last time he met her, she told fully and "My afflictions have been great, but all my sufferings are swallowed up in my Heavenly Father's love." Her mind was naturally of a superior order, her memory very powerful, yet for the whole forty years she was a child. The loss of such a one of her formation, and among the ramifications of affection's body, cannot more precious to her than she;

Dear Pansy is my constant guide,
And while the heart is gold,
But she and a crew of fairy dress
Are not for me and in Harlow.

Monday January 28, will be a memorable day in the writer's history, for he passed over the new road now in course of construction around the Mississippi bottom.

Viewing from this mark, it appears, after long like a thing of beauty, and may this pleasant village ever be a thoroughfare and business center of this county. In the winter's cold, as Huntersville is said to stand in the valley, and that is saying a great deal.

It was a pleasant to meet Mrs. Moore, of Bruner's mountain, with his family, passing the old mountain on the way to their new home a little bit, and if I would just wish I would have her giggle a bit. He has a taste for what is amusing, and a will be a gloomy day when he fails to put the bright side of things. Long may he enjoy living, he loves life. Right of many years,

[illegible]

Mrs. Moore

[illegible]

was a novel experiment to the writer but it was successfully done, and a few rods more and the old road was reached.

W. T. J.

False Contentment.

With all that is justly said about the virtue of contentment, there is one species of it that like the a weed-cut the core of all honest progress. It is that which renders a man satisfied with his own achievements, content to remain where he is in the different spheres of activity in thought or usefulness, instead of ascending into others which are open to him and for which he may be fitted. Some said it is true, are too eager to press on beyond their powers, and become victims of "vaulting ambition which o'er leaps itself," but others, for various reasons, shrink from new tasks, new duties and new responsibilities, and thus greatly retard their own development and lessen their value to humanity.

There is certainly a great temptation in a certain class of minds to looking back, to the feet in every forward step, though a real gain be made, there is always an apparent loss. In the school, work, promotion to a higher class brings with it a certain sense of infirmity. The one who was even with or superior to his fellows now finds himself behind many of them. His work was more before, and he was conscious of doing it well now it is difficult, and he stumbles and perhaps often fails. He who is complete his course and enters college or begins a business life, he who was at the top, and looked down upon others, is now at the bottom, and is looked down upon by others. Just you be easily satisfied and let others take your place to have everything to learn and hate labour. Yet to labor is long since awards, and fleeting pleasures is he would not willingly go back. His present vanishing efforts are better than his past triumphs.

Life is full of such changes. As fast as one ascends to any point of his position opens up before him, he has given a precedent to the dull, and is conscious of doing fairly well in it. The end is yet unwon, and however we may fancy ourselves and enjoy just a few moments of ease, we must not rest. The feeling of power will be followed by the feeling of weakness, and the pleasure of success will be succeeded by the disappointment of short coming. Many are the hopes these passing occasions and success awaken with the peaceful and work challenges of the future to which they have never been equal. They have, perhaps, succeeded well in their business and their domestic life, every one regrets the folly, energy, and fidelity which they have put into their work, and they, too, are satisfied. But is somewhat they are settled in ease and success-ful, some settled selfish exist-ence, wrong and unfortunate much political crisis rule upon them to with and succeed with all their might a crime which they have allowed long for long safety (to be sure), in some of its many forms of suffering, demands of them more practical aid than it has ever at present in their power to render. In some minds, to which even these gentle appeals never, now touch the selfish enjoyment of evil, are of the unfortunate to promulgate and up-hold it. But the, hastening to the rich, whatever it may be, and plausible reasons for not the pending. It is all are to them, and they think their powers, man else, they think can be used better fitted than they their pre-sent duties claim all their time they are contented as they are, and have no ambition to extend their sphere or multiply their obligations. This kind of contentment is the sin which works harm instead of good. To be content with the condition of life in which we are placed, and the circumstances which surround us, is a wholesome state of mind, but to be contented with our achievements or to be unwilling to attempt others—to be so satisfied with the height we have gained that we re-fuse to ascend further, to be so well pleased with our small success as that we decline to press on beyond, is further exhaustion—this is an apathy which will crush all ad-vancements and prevent the healthy growth of human power.

There is another passive which grows out of this indolence and com-placency and is the source of much cruel injustice. Such persons very often criticise in a cold and unfeeling manner those who are trying to do the very things which they have themselves refused to attempt. They seem to imagine that, because they will not touch a burden that is to be borne, they are absolved from all obligations concerning it, and that those who do try mercifully to carry it are culpable failures to their not to failure. They will look coolly on while some brave volunteer of generous philanthropies is strug-gling to help his fellow men, and criticise his methods or his success, and declare how differently they would conduct the affair if they un-dertook it. They do not see that, with all the blunders and failures he may make, he is the soldier there that, while succeeding or know beaten, and refuse, through indolence or pride, to put forth a single effort in themselves. His boldest attempts may be rather to fill them with shame and humiliation that they have fallen so far behind him.

We must succeed in perfection-ism, for we cannot for such a condi-tion. It only affords more reason, why men should press on to greater efforts. As fast as any new duty is revealed to a man, as any great need of humanity appeals to his heart, or his mind or perhaps to a pres-sure to conscience, or obligation is to once created which he can by no means repudiate or remain unfel-t, plainly does, called to undertake this is a higher life to undertake-ment, this be has ever known before, or to engage in his by neglecting the higher claims.

[illegible]

Dr. A. P. Arbogast Retires.

A good officer, would be kill notice of some, and to, but, it always has been denied to the late William Vandevelt, and his wife when I saw him yesterday, they lived in the advantage of their children in widely separated. It must come that to their children, every person of experience and good judgment, was willing to have. That has been almost the case. William B. Van-develt, who was the $1,000,000 wages, married a Virginia woman who possessed hardly any worldly wealth, I have understood, with no-ing to talk. And yet, I say to, he is really more than blessed to be happy folks who go together, good work—it is that they are progressing good to make how to and advance to success. Those can forgive me.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Weekly Visit and Its Effect.

"I remember, I remember, the house where I was born," and the memory of a visit that the pale face of a sister had suffered for the ills of her, which was removed to prevent the spread of a very painful disease. It is a fact not generally known, among the colleagues of Senator Vance that he has been blind in one eye for more than a year, owing to a painful affection of watering which at times is painful. All during the prolonged tariff debate just closed, Senator Vance, who took a leading part in opposing the Democratic side of the argument, has suffer-ed great torture, which finally became so unendurable and compelling that intelligent humane surgery. A few days ago the surgeon said the fracture that it would be necessary to remove the blind eye to avoid the loss of sight in the sound one. With the characteristic cour-age however Vance replied, that as the right eye afforded him the only sight given to see, and may God, so to-day.

Mr. Vance is one of the most popular men in the Senate—genial, witty, well good hearted. He is an inveterate worker and sleep often, and is on good terms with Senate-mates and Democrats. Every one in the Senate was completely pained, to hear of his misfortune and most every sympathetic inquiries to his home valley. When they learned that he had borne the painful operation, quickly, and that he will be in his seat in the Senate again in a few days as well as ever, they were greatly gratified. When Mr. Vance returns to the Senate he will wear an artificial eye, which will closely mimic perfection, for which will fill to outside when its owner retains his proper expression.—N. Y. Sun.

Observation Blanks.

One cause of laziness and which is but an apparent one, and which shows that the world, high and lowly as it is apt to do, in the, re-cording to the worldliness of "non-sense money." It may often come under our notice. The fact, occasionally, I observed, was the other day at Bruce's where, a well known, I would-progressive name to Mr. Franklin, by where, I was wrestling, and handed him $50, which, part of it he had asked him to redeem in Davis. Whether the amount he borrowed from before in money or goods, of course no one knew, and especial-ly of course only the parties knew the value to the parties making the transfer. You very long ago a wri-ter who had been very wrestling, but had been robbed of wrestling was overcome by a trio of a gentleman, who had formerly known her, was robbed. He handed her $200, which, he said had been taken to his friend, of to his uncle to be delivered to her, which latter, "Unconscious, indeed." You have heard the story of the man who sent $20 money-order to a wife keeper, with this remark note. "Dear is $20 of mine-ty, which I stole from you. I want nothing to embarrass you, when a letter again I will send you $40 more." The following, from the Spectator, is a fair specimen of the kind we are accustomed to see:

[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

LOBBY & MOORE,

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Hunterville, W. Va.

Feb. 7, 1889.

THE LEGISLATURE.

When it was announced some seven days ago that the dead-lock had at last been broken and the organization of the Senate effected, the disgusted public indulged the hope that such folly was stalled, at least for this session. It was generally believed that, inasmuch as the democrats held the power to elect a United States Senator by so small a majority, they would certainly be too wise to risk any thing but a unanimous vote. But, alas! we find ourselves mistaken. Disunity is revealing itself, and the session of 1887 are being re-enacted.

The feature we most regret, however, is that its decay is partly occasioned by the conflict of our own representatives, Mr. C. P. Dorr; which is no doubt a matter of of course as it is of regret. When we recall the fact that Mr. Dorr was nominated by a convention and earnestly supported by many because he was the party's nominee and for no other reason, it seems exceedingly inconsistent for him now to place himself in the attitude of a bolter.

If we properly understand it, Judge C. Kenna was nominated in caucus by more than a two-thirds vote, thus proving him to be the choice of the majority. Furthermore we believe Kenna to be the choice of nine tenths of Mr. Dorr's constituents. Then we are totally unable to see how Mr. Dorr can fail to support Kenna and at the same time be true to his convictions, true to his party, and true to his pledges (if any) made, if not explicitly.

He may have reasons sufficient to satisfy himself that his stand is fully taken; if so, the people have a right to know those reasons. Mr. Dorr has never enough to know that nothing in the nature of a personal difference or prejudice should keep him from supporting the nominee of the democratic caucus; and he will never forgive that nothing at that character will suffice to justify his action in the eyes of those who expected to use the right to represent them.

We earnestly hope he will no longer persist in delaying an election, but will at once fall into line and, though it be late, still show us that our confidence was not misplaced when we cast our votes for him on the 5th of last Sept.

Hon. Anthony Higgins in the Senate on Thursday last delivered an exhaustive argument in the great labor debate. An able and remarkable thing it was, for clearly and plainly does it show the folly of "protection," either a day old or a fledgling, the accepted democratic position.

Congressman Springer, of Illinois, has introduced a resolution in the House asking the Presidential term of years and ineligibility for a second term.

Stood by the Caucus.

From the outset the Gazette has tied itself to no man's interest in the Senatorial contest. It has expressed no preference; it has not carried any gentleman's claims to the support of the democratic majority for the office of Senator. It has expressed itself with genuine sincerity in favor of whomsoever the democrats should, in the wisdom of the majority, select for its honors, and has remained neutral as to all. It has pleaded with earnestness for harmony; for the laying down of all motives, and the burying of all prejudices that could by possibility interfere with the attainment of that condition of organization necessary to the very preservation of the democratic party. We have asked nothing else and we have desired nothing else.

There is not the shadow of a doubt that our position is in full accord with and has the hearty sympathy of every true democrat of the State. And there is no doubt that to-day, more than ever before, the democrats are fearfully and anxiously looking to the action of the democratic majority in the State Legislature to put an end to the fights and feuds that have demoralized the party, and delivered it all bound to absolute defeat, and, by concert of action, repair the damage that it has already suffered.

But what is the spectacle that now presents itself? A democratic caucus by two-thirds vote nominates Mr. Kenna for the office of United States Senator, and yet, when the ballot is taken in the Joint Assembly, the sense of the democratic party, fully and rightfully and fairly expressed by the highest and only authority in the party, is disregarded from motives that form no excuse for disobedience, and that should not be entertained by anyone who occupies his position by virtue of democratic votes.

This is not a question to be determined by any man's personal whims, or by any man's ideas for what is best or worst, expedient or inexpedient for the party. The party judges of all these matters for itself, and in this case it has judged wisely or unwisely, no matter. Mr. Kenna is the regular, legitimately nominated candidate of the democratic party for the United States Senate. It is the duty of the democratic members of the Legislature to elect him.

It is a crime, it is wrong, it is dangerous in the highest degree to defy all the laws and precedents of the party, and risk its only chance of salvation as is being done now.

This is our position on the matter as it now stands, and it would be our position no matter who stood in Mr. Kenna's shoes.

The first principle of democracy is obedience to the will of the majority.—Charleston Gazette.

An appeal is made to the people of this city in behalf of the National Home for Retired Confederate Veterans at Austin, Texas. We trust that there will be a generous response to it on the part of our fellow citizens, including the Union survivors of the war. It is agreed on to have that many of the survivors of the Grand Army of the Republic have already taken an interest in it. A goodly sum has recently been added to the fund by the people of Boston, and an attempt to raise contributions is to be made in other Northern cities. The institution that has been established at Austin for the past two years, is wholly inadequate to meet the demands upon it, and the desire of its managers is to erect suitable for the erection of a structure to replace the small wooden building which is now the Confederate Home. We trust that they may very soon be able to do this, and that New York will assist them in the philanthropic undertaking.—N. Y. Sun.

A Reservoir Runs Away.

The reservoir at Roanoke, Va., mysteriously sank during a recent night. There were 2,500,000 gallons of water in the reservoir in the morning. Now there is nothing but a water abyss to be seen. The hole in the bottom of the basin is a trifle fifteen feet in diameter, and there are large cracks in the earth extending in very direction. The water disappeared within five minutes. The Roanoke Waterworks Company's reservoir is located on Mill Mountain, about two miles south of the city. Two immense basins were only completed in the latter part of the past summer at a cost of $50,000. They are immense holes dug in the mountain's side, large enough to hold 1,500,000 gallons of water each. They were tamped with white clay and lined with brick laid with cement, after which a heavy coat of the best cement that could be procured was worked over the inside of the brick wall. The work was superintended by Howard Murphy, of Philadelphia, a hydraulic engineer of long and successful experience.

Vice President Trout when asked what he thought was the cause, said it was evidently due to earthquake in that section.—Philadelphia Times.

Just what the Russian trouble will end in is yet unknown. It is not likely that the United States and Germany will go to war; yet such a thing is among the probabilities. While the issue of mobilization is of little military value, the principle involved is one of great importance, and our government should act with firmness. The conduct of Secretary Bayard in the matter is highly satisfactory and commendable. Latest advices indicate that Denmark, the Dutchmen, is beginning to weaken at the knees. While we are not so well prepared for naval warfare as we should be, still with the resources of Illinois to our carry we could make it lively for the boys.

The House of Delegates unanimously adopted a resolution yesterday, refusing to consider any question connected with West Virginia's supposed share of the indebtedness of Old Virginia. To put the matter beyond all fear of receiving to vary their deliberations during this session, a motion was made to reconsider the vote adopting the resolution, and the motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

This to our mind, was a very wise disposition of the matter. There is no sense in vexing our State with this question until the action of Virginia shall create some basis for it.—Charleston Gazette.

New York city car lines having unauthorizedly treated with the employees of her street car lines. About 3,000 men have been on a strike for several days, not only refusing to work but endeavoring to keep others from taking their places. All cars that have been run for the last week have been under police protection. The work has repeatedly undertaken to terrorize the city authorities, but have been checked in their attempts with but little difficulty. The trouble is not yet ended, but probably dying out.

General Lowndes, of Georgia, the American Minister to Austria, has forwarded his resignation, to take effect on the 1st of March, and will return to this country early in the summer. He is a man of means and a gentleman, and has filled a diplomatic position in which there was little or nothing to do, as a man of sense and a gentleman should.

West Virginia's share of the money to be received under the Bruce Fat bill will be $161,000.

St. Louis has no less than 78 Chinese laundries, and pays out over $100,000 annually to Hongmans to have its washing done.

It is stated with a good deal of certainty by the leading newspapers that Senator Allison has declined a Cabinet position. A rare man he is; if that be true.

The latest news from Charleston is that one of the kickers has fallen into line and voted for Kenna. Dorr, however, is still commendably standing off. He is getting considerable notoriety by his conduct, but not of a kind to be envied.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The president has notified congress that Count Arco Valley, the Germany minister, has informed the state department that Germany troops would be withdrawn from Samoa and the neutrality of Samoa preserved.—Charleston Star.

At last China has a railroad. It is eighty one miles in length and cost, as the directors say, $30,000 per mile, which is regarded as the cheapest road in the world, considering the number of bridges and the length of the embankments.

It is reported that the Republican senate would positively confirm Hon. Joseph R. Miller, of this state, as civil service commissioner, if President Cleveland should see fit to appoint him. It is stated that Gen. Gaff will use his influence in this end. This is a high compliment to Mr. Miller, who is a staunch Democrat, and one of the most energetic and capable men in the country.—Charleston Star.

It is said that there is only one Democratic member of the Kansas state senate. We regret that such is the case, but there is one advantage in it after all. A senator half by himself will not be half between men and there is no danger of his failing to support the nominee next year.—Charleston Star.

He may fail to support the nominee sometime, if he finds it change his mind as some politicians are.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following is a list of Patents on whose accounts are before me for settlement.

John Logan, Ex'r of R. D. McClintock, dec'd.

JAMES W. WARREN, Jr.
Clerk's of ace to the Pocahontas county

AGENTS Wanted Agents to sell Clocks. Watches and Jewelry. Send us your name on a postal card and we will forward a line of Clocks to sell. Agent's Directory, which gives wholesale all over the U.S. and you will get hundreds of names, town, cards and samples of patents, books, Magazines, etc. Some clocks we want agents. You will get lots of good and good reading free and perhaps several watches, engravings, books, etc. Many Agents Wanted. Address, CLOCK MANUFACTURING CO., New York, Newark, Chicago.

DEEP Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Don't Hesitate. If you have a Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza or Hoarseness, use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It is the only Cough medicine that can be taken by children with safety. Sold by druggists everywhere. 25 cts.

CATARRH

BEST COUGH MEDICINE. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

Hotel Pocahontas,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—Miss Minnie Gammon is spending this week on Beaver creek.

—S. B. Moore, Esq., of Edray was in town Monday.

—Miss Mattie Hagans, of Alderson is visiting Misses Minnie and Mary Beard, on Beaver creek.

—P. D. Mallamphin, Esq., wife, and little son have returned from visiting relatives and friends in Highland county.

—We understand Dell M. J. McNeel, Esq., of Mill Point, has made application to the County Court for the appointment as Sheriff of Pocahontas county.

—Last week we stated that Mrs. Nettie Yeager, of Traveler's Repose had fallen and broken both legs. Since we have learned that but one leg was broken, and that she is doing well.

—Let everybody rest easy; we don't think there is any immediate danger of war with Germany. If anything of the kind should occur we promise to let our readers know in time to load their cutlasses.

—One of our most welcome visitors is Jno. B. Alldaz Illustrated ed "Literature," published at 382 Pearl St. N. Y. for 50 cents a year. Subscribe for it.

—The Housekeeper, published at Minneapolis, Minn., 18, 1820 North Fourth St., issued Monthly, still visits us regularly. This paper is very deservedly popular with housekeepers.

—The Ladies Home Journal, Published Monthly at 433 Arch Street Philadelphia is one of the very largest and best ladies papers we receive. Terms 50 cents a year. You cannot do better than to subscribe for it.

—Babyhood, a monthly periodical published at No. 5 Lexington Street, N. Y., at $1.50 per year for the month of February is exceptionally good. The continuation by Dr. Wm. H. Flint on "Diseases of Winter Cold" deserves special attention.

—We have received the February number of the Cosmopolitan, published by John S. Walker, 563 Fifth Ave. N. Y. Mr. Walker has recently taken charge of this magazine, and will no doubt keep it up to its usual excellence, if we may judge by the past labors.

REWARD.—I shall pay the above amount to any one giving information that will lead to the discovery of the person who has been cutting my wood.

H. S. BROWNE.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. John H. Waggoner will be at Mingo Flats Feb. 4th and remain 4 days; Edray, Feb. 9th, 3 days; Mill Point, Feb. 12th, 3 days; Huntersville, Feb. 15th, 3 days, and will be prepared to attend to all operations in Dentistry. Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine. Gold fillings inserted in artificial teeth, which add very much to their natural appearance.

jan 24 4t

A Card of Thanks.

On last Saturday night, a large crowd of our friends from this and adjacent neighborhoods came to the Parsonage and gave us a good "spending". They "pounded" us with a great variety of weapons in the shape of beef, pork, corn, cabbage, clothing, groceries, &c., &c., and also with the hard cash. We recovered however, from the shock sufficiently to thank them for their liberal donations, but we desire to express our be ths fel, thanks to all of our friends through the columns of the TIMES. Special thanks are due to Misses Minnie and Mary Beard for getting up the donation. We also tender our thanks to friends in Huntersville who donated to us, but were not present.

M. M. EVERLY,
Pastor.

—Mr. McGuire, of Addison, the present assessor of Webster county, was at Huntersville this week. His business was to obtain signers to a petition requesting the Hon. C. P. Dorr to abandon his present tactics, fall into line and be one of his party. No Democrat who was approached with the paper hesitated to add his name.

Accidental Shooting

Mr. George Haliday, a young Englishmen who for some time past has been boarding at the home of H. B. Lockridge, Esq., on Knapp's Creek, was accidentally shot last Thursday. He was at Dr. J. B. Lockridge's at the time the shooting occurred. It seems that he and one Dick Jordan, (Col.) were carelessly handling a pistol when Dick in his effort to "show off" pointed the pistol at Haliday and discharged it. The ball entered Haliday's right side just below his vest and ranged backward, lodging somewhere in the region of the Spine behind the hip bone.

He was attended by Drs. Lockridge, Ligon and McClintic. He is doing as well, perhaps as could be expected, but must, of course be in a right critical condition.

Haliday is about seventeen years of age. Dick, the colored boy, is about sixteen, but very much of a man in his own opinion.

A Fuss in Town.

Our usually quiet town was the scene of some very disorderly conduct on last Saturday night. One Edward Martin who had for some time been boarding at Hotel Pocahontas left a few days ago and took up quarters at the Huntersville Hotel. Saturday night, while under the excitement of little much shake medicine, he concluded to go back to Hotel Pocahontas and "paint it red." Several times he was asked by the proprietor, Mr. Geo. W. Wagner, to leave the house, but Martin refused to obey, saying he would not leave. At last when he found he would be put on bail he gave a pronunciamento assault on the inmates of the Hotel. In the difficulty he seized a large iron stone pitcher that happened to be in the office and threw it across the room striking one Daniel Marry, a boarder, on the right eye, smashing the pitcher and inflicting a very ugly and dangerous wound on Mr. Marry's face. Martin was finally expelled from the office with two black eyes.

Dr. S. F. Patterson was called in to see both Marry and Martin.

On Tuesday morning a warrant for Martin was issued by Justice H. C. Shrader and put into the hands of Constable J. H. Buzzard, who executed the same by arresting said Martin and bringing him before said justice Shrader for preliminary examination. A number of witnesses were examined at length, when the Court decided that Mr. Martin should give bond in the penalty of $500, to appear before the next grand jury, in default of which said Martin was committed to jail.

Mr. Marry was at the time paying a short visit to his friend Mr. Coughlin, a boarder at Hotel Pocahontas.

He seems to be a very quiet, gentlemanly young man, and every body regrets exceedingly his misfortune.

It is not known as yet how his wound may terminate, as present circumstances is somewhat discouraging and it is thought that even if he gets well, he will lose the sight of his eye.

Illinois courts are vexed over a question of ownership. A lottery ticket stolen from the mails and sold to an innocent third party, drew a $1,000 prize. The party to whom the letter was addressed claims the prize. There is no precedent to establish the nature of such property as prizes in a lottery; therefore the Judges tear their wigs.

Dunmore Beings.

Not much news since the logs have gone out of the ford.

Wm. H. Cackley, of the firm of Cackley & Co., has sold his interest in the Dunmore Store to R. L. Nottingham.

Misses Sallie and Mary Wakeman, arrived here last week from Warren Co., Va. They are first class dressmakers and milliners.

Rev. W. T. Frow preached at this place Sunday night.

The ladies about Green Bank and Frost have been making war on the foxes; they have caught seven.

Several schools in this district have closed.

Wm. H. Hull of Green Bank shipped eighteen whole deer to Staunton this winter.

J. P. Wandelell and Geo. C. Cooper have built new houses at Green Bank.

"Feb. 4th, 1889.

What a War Would do for Us.

If our government is in the humor to adopt a vigorous foreign policy the Samoan affair offers a very inviting opening.

Without reviewing the causes of the strained relations now existing between this country and Germany, it will be of interest to consider some of the advantages and disadvantages of a foreign war, so far as this country is concerned.

A war of any magnitude, lasting a year or so, with such a power as Germany would keep us busily occupied. The probability is that it would not be altogether a naval warfare. There would be fighting on land and sea, and our weak coast defenses would tempt the enemy to attack our seaboard cities.

Hundreds of thousands of men would be withdrawn from their peaceful occupations, and scarcity of labor and higher wages would necessarily follow. Large army contracts for food, clothing and munitions of war would keep our industries humming. The government would again flood the country with greenbacks, making flush times and stimulating speculation. Everything would be unsettled and fortunes would be lost and made in a hurry.

Unexpected events would occur. Germany would make aggressive attempt to extend her colonizing policy to this hemisphere. France would be certain to take advantage of the situation by occupying and fortifying the isthmus of Panama. The war, beginning with a squabble over far off Samoa, would perhaps extend the scope of its operations until it circled the globe. The example of France on the isthmus would be followed by the British in Venezuela, and there would be an odor of gunpowder in every direction.

That the United States would finally come out with flying colors is a safe prediction to make, but it would be a costly triumph in blood and treasure. Then would follow long years of taxation to pay off the increased national debt, years of currency contraction, and last, but not least, a flood of new pension bills.

There are other things to be considered. A foreign war would make the American people bury their sectional differences, but it would also bring with it widespread demoralization. It would build up and it would destroy. It would enrich, and it would impoverish. It would make our flag feared and respected, but it might create a warlike spirit that would not rest satisfied for a generation to come.

In view of the past policy of our government, it is not likely that the Samoan troubles will lead to a war with Germany, but it can do no harm to take a long look ahead and estimate the results of such a conflict.—Atlanta Constitution.

There is a movement in favor of the old half cent and old it is the currency.

NOTICE.

A reward of $10 will be paid to any one who may give information leading to the recovery of any of our tools, etc. that have been taken from the woods or along the railroad.

BY. LAWRENCE BOOM & MFG'G CO.,
Dunmore, W. Va.

jan 14 4t

SALESMEN

Wanted for our complete line of Nursery Stock. All new, Unbranded Fast-selling Specialties. Pay Weekly. PAY DAILY IF PREFERRED. Write for TERMS AND POSITIONS to workers. By large experience in the business enables us to offer special advantages to beginners. I CAN MAKE A MUCH BETTER SALESMAN of any one who will follow my instructions. Permanent employment. Wages paid each week. OUTFIT free. Apply at once, and secure choice of territory.

EDWARD F. MOELL,
Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y.
MENTION THIS PAPER.

jan. 21 2m.

Hunnewell Liver Regulator produces no unpleasant effect upon the stomach no matter how long it is taken. A little taken at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and awakens the bowels.

"I never recommend a medicine unless I know it to be good. In a experience of twenty-five years I have often felt the need of such a medicine and when I found it I exclaimed, Eureka!" Rev. J. T. Peters, Carpenter "Christian Visitor," Smithfield, N. C. 12 4t

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the
1st day of March, 1889,
the following property
225 Sheep mostly ewes
27 two-year old Cattle,
4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness, one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, a. m.

JACOB McCLAUGHLIN

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP,
at
Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

J. C. Dennison.

At a County Court held for the County of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Court hereafter, shall either present it to the court in person from the bar or by their attorney, and that the Court will not hear any motion unless presented in the foregoing manner.

A copy. Teste,
JOHN J. BRACKEN, Cl'k.

jan 10 4t Printers fee $4.50.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

JACOB BOWER

CHEAPEST

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

Call and examine. Use of Telephone Office.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va., rendered on the 19th day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of John W. McNeel's heirs, &c.

John W. McNeel's heirs, &c.

I, as Special Commissioner appointed in said decree, shall proceed at the Court House of said County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the terms of said decree, on the

8TH DAY OF MARCH, 1889,

the following real estate, situate in said County, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land containing one acre, lying in and adjoining the town of Huntersville on the Hill's Creek road, and the same conveyed by J. F. McNeel, Jr., and wife to Jacob Bower, by deed dated the 10th day of March, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Clerk of said County in Deed Book No. 27, page 46, to which deed reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said land.

TERMS OF SALE:

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of said sale and one-third of the purchase money, the purchaser will be required to give bonds, with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, falling due in one and two years respectively from date, and a lien will be reserved on the land.

R. S. Brown, Special Commissioner.

Brown, as required by law has been given by the above Special Commissioner.

JOHN J. BRACKEN, Cl'k.

jan. 10 4t Printers fee $4.75.

Notice to Lein Holders.

To all persons holding liens by Judgment or otherwise, on the real estate, or any part thereof, of John F. Warwick.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made in the chancery proceeding in which are the final names of this suit, John F. Warwick is the complainant, and the said John F. Warwick and others are the defendants, I will, as such commissioner, proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises in Huntersville, on

8TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889,

(Given under my hand this the 7th day of Dec., 1888).

L. S. Mc. LAUGHLIN, Com'r.

Dec. 10 4t Printers fee $4.75.

IF YOU WANT

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Business Cards,

Official Blanks,

Posters,

or

ANYTHING

In That Line,

REMEMBER

AT

The Times Office.

They may be procured

at

Lowest Rates

and of

Best Style

and

QUALITY

TRY US

Pocahontas Times.

E. B. LOCKEY. C. P. MOORE.

LOCKEY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunters-ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1/4 c.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	5 00	10 00
Qr. column	5 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
Half column	9 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	28 00	36 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.50; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Hunterville, W. Va.

Feb. 7, 1889.

Which Is Cut Timber.

Timber for most purposes is cut in the winter, but for the reason that it is better and will keep longer. Still there is more leisure from other occupations. And the woods in midwinter are usually too wet for the safest work of cutting timber. And yet the superior quality of timber for posts, ties, carriages, wagons, agricultural implements, etc., is sufficient to change the time of cutting. We are aware scientific and skilled workmen differ as to the exact condition of timber when it should be cut, and some even discuss the superiority of summer over winter cut timber. A civil engineer who claims to have verified his statements by thirty years' experience, who knows the skill and interest he writes, gives the time "about mid the summer" as it is the Farmers' Review.

When the growth commences in the spring is important. There is a period of two or three weeks in which buildings in the woods begin. Before these two periods if timber of any description trees is cut off the stump the sap will not for most and wings will never get in the wood. It will season light and the wood it will have a heavy toughness and great durability. Wood cut during this period is mature, having completed its growth for the year. This period varies in length, being short in the North and long or in the South, and in varied spots in the vicinity of the season, which if any is earlier and longer is dry. In the North, in Northern Illinois or Wisconsin, it may be four or six weeks, in Southern Illinois from six to ten weeks, and one or two of prolonged drouth I have known it twelve weeks. Timber cut from the stump in this period will not be worked up for a year and will take no harm lying in the woods. If rafted the trees cut from the stump and worked out during the balance of the year will last from three to five times as long as those cut in the winter, and yet I have seen many persons suppose that to be cut in the winter was a necessary time of harvesting their building. A tree below is understood to have been cut in the winter, and yet I have seen it in the woods for a year and will in both for a time which has followed the practice of cutting in the winter for the reason that it is felled during a period of six weeks from the 1st of August to the 15th of September. And there is a very thousand time might be the best.

Legal Notice.

It may be interesting to know that a number of legal notices in the present issue, and how they appear to us. While many that are local notices, as it used to be the case in days of the editor, still the interest of the public is more and more in the local affairs of newspapers.

Independence Day or Fourth of July as it is most generally called, Christmas Day which falls on December 25, together with Thanksgiving Day, which is appointed by the President of the United States and comes usually on the last Thursday in November, as well as Fast Days that are appointed by the Chief Executive of the country are legal holidays in all the States. New Year's Day, or January 1, is a holiday in all States but Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Rhode Island and South Carolina. February 22, or Washington's Birthday, is a holiday in all States except Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Missouri, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Tennessee and Texas.

Election Day generally the Tuesday after the First Monday in November, is a holiday in California, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin. Florida Louisiana, Minnesota and Pennsylvania observe Good Friday, while Shrove Tuesday is a holiday in Louisiana, and also the cities of Mobile, Montgomery and Selma, Alabama. Memorial Day, April 26, is observed in Georgia, while Louisiana has made the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans, which falls on January 8, Lincoln's birthday on February 12 and Professor's Anniversary, of March 4, legal holidays. March 5, which is the anniversary of Texas Independence, and April 21, that of the Battle of San Jacinto, are holidays in Texas.

Labor Day, the first Monday in September, is a comparative new holiday that is celebrated in this State and Massachusetts. Every Saturday, after twelve o'clock is also a holiday, or rather half holiday, in this State.—New York Telegram.

A 40,000 Acre Farm.

The Cavendish wheat farm of Dakota consists of more land than any one man can cultivate directly and feed at home on. It comprises 40,000 acres, of which 13,000 are now under cultivation. Forty five double gang plows and harrows are used, sixty-four self-binding harvesting machines and steam threshers. The threshers which are very large ones, will turn out 2,000 bushels of wheat a day. In the use of horse and steam power machinery every effort is made to economize as much as possible in the employment of men. There is no poetry or romance to him in such farming. He finds some satisfaction to know that a region once oldest by settlement this big scale kind of farming is done.

A lawyer of Lincoln County was looking over some papers the other day when he found a letter which he had written to a man who owed him a small sum of money. The letter was dated 1865, and the debt had been outlawed many years. The lawyer wrote to the debtor, telling him that he had found the letter, and that he would be glad to receive the money. The debtor replied that he had found the letter, and that he would be glad to pay the money. The lawyer then wrote to the debtor, telling him that he had found the letter, and that he would be glad to receive the money. The debtor replied that he had found the letter, and that he would be glad to pay the money.

"Mr. Schneider, why don't you write your name some other way with out your first name, or some thing? I don't want people to think you are a swindler."

"Vell, vat vas my name before you dick dat name?" and he wrote——

"Adam Schneider."

The cardinal words of the Van Buren family to the Fillmore family. It is striking to millions as Lincoln Cincinnati Vanderbilt, Fox Wm. H. Vanderbilt, 10; Fr. Astor, 8; Vanderbilt, 10; Fr. Astor, 8; Vanderbilt, 10; Fr. Astor, 8;

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 14, 1889. No. 30.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of the Circuit Court, J. C. Beard.
Assistants, C. C. Arbogast,
C. B. Beard, Pres't.
Clerk Co. Ct. J. B. Clendenin.
Co. Treas. W. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 1st Monday in June and 4th Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in February, March, October, unadjourned, Tuesday in July, July 2d term.

L. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W.Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Appeals Appeals.

C. F. KNOTT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

D. A. BOOTH,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BOOKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas, Randolph and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties.
French spoken fluently. Special attention given to claims for pensions in Pocahontas county.

W. L. [illegible]
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. M. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. S. WILFONG,
DENTIST DENTIST.
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The finest Arts of modern skill will appear by THE TIMES.

D. A. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Fishing Flies.

Generous Metropolis [illegible] fishing and slaughter going at night, worse by electricity. If allowed to continue to more fools, which often blood and spirits, becoming very gory. We print a Correct map of the fishing & bloody, hasty slaughter, and to warn users to [illegible] and to warn users to [illegible] the Council. It is quickly [illegible] to [illegible] of this Diseases [illegible] RHEUMATISM & Kill Physicians, [illegible] Sciatica, and [illegible] [illegible] called at Druggists. Read by mail [illegible] Hemp.

A Little Hand

Perhaps there are tenderer, sweeter things
Somewhere in this sun-bright land;
But I thank the Lord for his blessings,
And the clasp of a little hand.

A little hand that softly spoke
Into my ear that day
When I needed the touch that I have so much
To strengthen me on the way.

Before it seemed time the sullen dawn
On the breast of the gentlest dove;
But it's timid press and it's faint caress
Were strong in the strength of love.

It seemed to say in a strange sweet way
"I love you and understand."
And calmed my fears as my kit, heart tears.
Fell over that little hand.

* * * * * * *

Perhaps there are tenderer, sweeter things
Somewhere in this sun-bright land;
But I thank the lord for his blessings,
And the clasp of a little hand.

—F. L. Stanton.

The Moon and Its Weather.

Adam Forepaugh sat on a nail keg on the elevated seats. "Old cage!" said he, "why Chicago is the greatest show town in the world, and then the moon—why, we've got another week of the moon before the change."

"What's that got to do with it?" the reporter asked.

"A good deal," he answered. "With a dry moon. Whenever you see a moon lie on its back it never rains."

The above conversation took place one afternoon, and within thirty-six hours thereafter the first rain in several weeks was falling.

Of all surviving pseudo superstitions, that of the influence of the moon on the weather dies the hardest; and the belief that the (so called) "changes" of the moon are accompanied or followed by changes in the condition of the terrestrial atmosphere is still to be found among a very large number indeed of otherwise educated and enlightened people. A recent writer in The English Mechanic has examined the grounds of this belief and attributes it, to the weather predictions in the almanacs of the early part of the century.

As to the moon "changing," one would imagine, to hear the majority of people talk, that a "change" of the moon is to some order cognate with a conjuring trick, in which the performer, after showing that he has nothing in his hand, instantaneously produces an egg, an orange, or a ball from it. Now nothing could be further from the truth than this, the fact being that the moon is always changing—19 seconds after it she is waxing, and so throughout her monthly path. When her (celestial) longitude is identical with that of the sun she is said by the almanac to be "new;" when each Ringtails differs 90 degrees from the sun's toward the east she is in her "first quarter;" when they are separated by 180 degrees the moon is "full," and when she has traveled to that point in her orbit in which she is 90 degrees to the west of the sun she is said to be in her "last quarter;" in each case it being assumed that she is viewed from the earth's center. The use of the word "change" must in accordance with her position in these four points of her orbit, is a sufficient, pure and simple.

But, people are heard to say, "as the moon influences the tides, why should it not affect the atmosphere too?" To which the proper reply obviously is, that the tides are a semi-diurnal phenomenon, so that, on this principle, the weather ought to change twice a day. Such a supposition too absurd to be by any person. Nevertheless the moon does influence the atmosphere by causing the production to it of tides so minute as under ordinary circumstances, to be masked by other fluctuations. The existence of these atmospheric tides was first definitely established by the observations of the late Professor Daniell, but if these minute tides influenced the weather to the slightest degree it must change twice a day—a supposition too ridiculous to merit notice.

The "moon on her back", or a weather sign would appear to be a good deal like the old woman's indigestion—if the dye was pure "twould either sink or swim, she disremembered which." Mr. Forepaugh says it's a "dry moon," but in many parts of the country, and uniformly in England, the belief prevails that when the young moon is "lying on her back"—in other words, when the line joining her cusps is nearly or quite parallel to the horizon she is "holding water," and rain will certainly follow. How either belief arose it would be idle to speculate, but the explanation of the phenomenon itself is sufficiently simple. In the outset the moon is never much more than 5 degs. either to the north or south of the ecliptic, or apparent annual path of the sun through the heavens. Now the line adjoining her cusps (the sharp points of her crescent) is always square to a great circle passing through the sun and the moon. Two minutes' study of a celestial globe will show how variable is the declination or the ecliptic to the horizon, and consequently that of the line joining the cusps of the moon also.

Finally, the most elaborate comparisons of meteorological records made in France and in England (where the Greenwich observations for forty years were carefully collated with the moon's phases during that period) have sufficed to show that no connection whatever exists between them. The solitary observable effect of the moon upon our atmosphere was believed by Sir John Herchel to be exhibited in the tendency to disappearance of cloud under the full moon, and this he attributed to the heat radiated from her surface.—Chicago News.

Preserve the Forests.

One of the most important questions with which our national and state legislatures have to deal, and yet one that is too generally neglected, is that of the preservation of our forests. Independent of the fact that they add to the wealth of the nation at the rate of $700,000,000 annually, or ten times more than the output of all our gold and silver mines—which alone ought to secure for them proper care—the significant coincidence reached by scientific men, to the effect that they determine, to a great extent, the climatic and the hygienic conditions of our country, and regulate the distribution of moisture and the character of both the gulf and runoff water, ought certainly place the preservation of our timbered lands among the subjects that should receive the early, constant and careful consideration of our legislatures.

It is estimated by experts who have devoted much time and thought to the inquiry that at least 10 per cent of the entire agricultural region of any country should remain permanently in forests. Twenty years ago it was asserted that the annual clearances of woodland throughout the United States amounted to 10,000,000 of acres, and that at this rate individual owners would ultimately be entirely stripped of their holdings. But it is not only the axe that is destructive to forests. Browsing animals and fires are quite as detrimental.

To these injurious agencies must be added the enterprising and, unfortunately railroad contractor, who annually destroys millions upon millions of our young trees in his quest for ties. Taking these and other enemies of our forests into account, it will be seen that but for the energetic action of our national and state governments the terrible calamity of the entire sweeping away of the natural covering of the soil would be among the possible events of the future—a disaster that would, in half a century, reduce the greater part of the continent to the condition of a desert incapable of supporting man or beast.

Nor is this a mere flight of the imagination. It may seem to the superficial observer to verge on the extravagant to talk of a possible timber famine in a country so new as ours, and one that was so lately reclaimed from the "forest primeval," but it is an undeniable fact that we are cutting down our trees far more rapidly than we are planting them, and although our inheritance of timber has been great, such a policy steadfastly adhered to in the future can lead to but one result. To bring about a better state of things, an intelligent public sentiment ought to be created, and lumbermen and farmers should be informed how intimately their prosperity is bound up with the preservation of the wooded land.

They should be made to understand that by the effect of the forests on the water courses the entire navigation, and much of the transportation, system of the country is regulated. Manufacturers are also largely dependent for the water supply for their factories and mills on the wisdom that protects the timber lands where these streams take their rise and through which they flow. No profitable milling could be done where the water-course was a torrent during one-fourth of the year and a dry bed for the remainder of the season.

It is encouraging to note that the subject is now receiving practical consideration in many localities, and especially in this state and in Pennsylvania. The report of the New York forestry commission, presented to the legislature, contains many interesting facts and valuable suggestions, while the agricultural society of Pennsylvania is actively engaged in spreading the facts before the people. The establishment of "schools of forestry," in accordance with the plan that has worked so admirably in Germany, is earnestly recommended, together with other measures all tending to further the end in view. On one point all authorities seem agreed—that it is unwise to hand the timber resources of a country over to private parties, leaving them independent of all government control. At one time this state owned every acre of the Adirondack region, but this noble domain was given away with a recklessness that is scarcely credible, and what it now possesses it has gained through tax sales, while no citizen less of the most pronounced character, the land speculators being engaged in a constant struggle to procure a cancellation of the sale. The wholesale purchase of forest lands from individual owners is urged by the conclusion, to remedy this state of things, and to prevent the stock of timber in the state from being too largely depleted.—Frank Leslie's Newspaper.

Another Desert Transporting

The Australian desert which was once supposed to cover the larger part of the interior of that continent is going the way of all the other deserts that have fallen or found the test of exploration. Just as the early explorers of the African deserts found all the regions that had not been visited with considerable water, so a great part of inner Australia has been represented as utterly valueless as man. The facts in this miserable desert are somewhat striking in 1872, when Giles found Amadeus Lake, 150 miles long, at one point of entrance and the few explorers who have since visited inner Australia have watched off great spots as of the desert and put forests and streams where only sand was supposed to be.

Sir Samuel Davenport, in an address Adelaide a short time ago, said that the recent travels of Messrs. Lindsay and Tietkens had proven that inner Australia was by no means a Saharan waste, and, though now uninhabited, it was capable of supporting a large population. They found not only white regions covered with luxuriant grass, but also several deposits that are certain to attract settlers. A coast in the geographical centre of the continent Tietkens found a canal large rivers whose broad mouth was on the northern slopes of mountain ranges. The rivers flowed north, and as far as he traced them he found a great deal of large and valuable timber a long their banks.

Lindsay's investigations between 25° and 26° south latitude resulted in some surprising discoveries. In the Mallowstall range of mountains he found gorges and hollows and abundant indications that mining in this region for precious stones will be highly profitable. On Tennant's Creek he found gold bearing quartz in abundance, and he brought home stones of almost impalpable precious opals, of water in abundance, and of deep, blue lakes, one of which, some 30 miles south of Amadeus Lake, is of large size as yet unknown extent. His explorations covered a region, extending several hundred miles north and south, and both east and west of his route, stretches a vast and wholly unknown region that gives promise of being equally inviting.

The great railroad which is now just across the continent from north to south, through the eastern part of the country now supposed to be a desert, will mark facilitate the work of exploration, and although inner Australia has been sadly neglected by travelers, it will not be many years before the last of her geographical secrets is unveiled. This railroad is now in operation for 600 miles north of Adelaide. Track laying is pushing steadily on and the line is growing northward now from Port Darwin, on northern coast. An exploring party has just been sent out by the Geographical Society of Australasia to work fully explore the region, of which our first accounts have been so unexpectedly gratifying.—N. Y. Sun.

Not so Favorable.—Bumps, Wis. Tramp—Boobie Jones, how did you was some nerve to-day?

Boobie Jones. De judge done give 'em two months in de jail.

"Twas he on the up if you please, he gave the shoulder. He got all he gave him, he did."

"There's a light in my room in back. Do I a gentle hint to who, do two words is up."

Pocahontas Times.

LOBEY & MOORE, PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 14, 1889.

DORR.

Mr. C. P. Dorr, we presume is now one of the best advertised men in the country. For the last few weeks he has been discussed in private and in public, by friend and by foe. For sometime we have been waiting for Mr. Dorr to explain his position on the Senatorial question, at least to have attempted to do this, but to no his explanation is an intoxicated and unsatisfactory as his conduct.

His endeavors to arouse the stand he has taken against Senator Kenna on the alleged ground that Kenna is responsible for the apparent democratic loss in this State and should therefore be rebuked. Had Dorr given an honest that he would vote for Kenna, if he knew he could be elected which he says is impossible, as he knows that several persons are voting for him who would not if they thought it would elect him.

Now look at the fallacy of his reasoning.

In the first place Mr. Dorr has given no reason to support his allegation that Mr. Kenna has proven a failure as a leader, nor that he is at all responsible for the decline of democracy in this State. It is a mere assertion of Mr. Dorr's opinion, while on the other hand numbers of more public men with as much political experience and insight as Mr. Dorr strenuously repudiate the charge. But, if we grant that the charge is true, still is his explanation greatly intoxicated. He claims to oppose Kenna because Kenna would destroy the democratic party, and yet says he would support him if he knew he could be elected. In other words he is patriotic enough to defend his party against the destructive rule of John E. Kenna so long as it is not in his power to put him in a position to rule but, if it were possible for him by his vote to elect this man, Kenna, who he declares would have been so destructive to the interests of Gubernatorial party, then he would vote for him. Mr. Dorr should feel all ashamed the wish of his constituency, which is almost unanimous for John E. Kenna, but failing to do that, to oppose Kenna on the ground of radicalism, then he should oppose him consistently and not sniff at such cause as he knows it is impossible to elect him.

Again, if it be true as Dorr asserts, that some are voting for Kenna who would not if they believed he could be elected, the only proper way for Mr. Dorr to clear his skirts is to vote with his party and put the responsibility where it belongs. Let him show the people who think Kenna's are by casting his vote for Kenna and thus make it necessary that an election be effected so that those pretended friends of Kenna show themselves.

It would seem too that Mr. Dorr has not recently made the Argus Ban.

ner say that Kenna is a failure and a fraud, or else has but recently been convinced that a failure is not a good thing for it can be shown that during the campaign when he was asking for votes he more than once declared himself in favor of Kenna, and upon that very ground many did vote for him; while the impression was made on all who supported him that he would certainly vote with his party.

The truth is Mr. Dorr has for some unknown reason headed with the desires of those who elected him into the league of the party that has elevated him, and an amount of explanation can ever suffice to gain for his course the approval of the democratic party, particularly that portion of the democratic party that lives and ever shall live in Pocahontas county.

A Deprivation of the Cabinet.

According to the latest news on the subject from Washington, it seems probable that both branches of Congress will agree to add a new member to the Cabinet, to be known as the Secretary of Agriculture.

Such an addition will have a tendency to lower the whole Cabinet as a body in the estimation of the people. Other things being equal an increase in the number of the President's advisers lessens the honor and distinction belonging to a place in the Cabinet. Furthermore, the new post will be of no little importance as compared with that of each of the other heads of departments that it is certain to be regarded as inferior.

The country does not need a Secretary of Agriculture any more than the President needs an eighth adviser. The Constitution of the U. S. does not invest Congress with any power over agricultural affairs or impose upon it any duties with reference to agriculture. It was doubtless the intent of the great men who founded our Government to leave these matters to the management of the several States; and we believe that so far as the great mass of the farmers in the Union are concerned, they would prefer to have the general Government let the farming interests alone. At all events, there has been no general demand on their part for any such representation in the Cabinet as is now proposed.

For many years, however, there has been at Washington an officer known as the Commissioner of Agriculture, whose principal function has been the distribution of seeds to people who do not want them. Why the Federal Government should distribute seeds to farmers any more than chocolate to children, we have never been able to understand. As a rule, the Commissioners of Agricultural knowledge was not their most prominent characteristic, but they have furnished more or less amusement to the country at gigantic at duties on the part of the press. We doubt whether the new Secretary will serve any more useful purpose.

Some of our readers may possibly be aware that we have not always regarded the system of civil service examinations with entire favor. It strikes us, however, that if there is any place for such examinations under our form of government, it would be in reference to such an office as that of the new Secretary of Agriculture. If we must have this new office, let us have a farmer from Farmersville to fill it, and let his fitness be ascertained by an Examining Board consisting exclusively of practical farmers who have held the plough and know the difference between a mule and a nephin.

If we must have a Secretary of Agriculture by all means a man who knows more about the plant crop of the country than he does about the Presidential vote of the several States at the last election.—N. Y. Sun.

The following extract from the Charleston Star gives a fair specimen of the disgraceful scenes being enacted at the State Capital. No good citizen, whatever his politics may be, can fail to be heartily ashamed of the present legislature. We are glad to see President Carr is a man and trying to do his duty.

"After the dissolution of the Joint Assembly last night, the Senate repaired to their Chamber and the President resumed the Chair. It being found that a quorum of the Senate was not present, Mr. Oxley introduced the following resolution, which, the rules being suspended, was immediately considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the doors of the Senate be closed, and that the following members appearing to be absent, to-wit: Messrs. Campbell, Davis, Forbes, Lowther, Maxwell, Morris, Scott, Minear, Worley, Morrison and Woodward, be brought forthwith before the Senate.

Whereupon, the President appointed the following assistant Sergeant-at-Arms: Messrs. ——— Dunn, Jno. S. White, Percy Laidley, F. H. Scott, Charles Bordes, A. A. Frankheim, J. E. Watson and Clarence Moore, who were immediately started out, each armed with a copy of the resolution, in search of the recreant Senators. After various experiences and many vain searches through the hotels and boarding houses, Mr. Minear was at last brought before the Senate. Seizing the first opportunity, Mr. Minear managed to escape through the transom of the water closet and ran like a deer for his liberty. Whereupon, on motion of Mr. Pritchard, action on the case of Mr. Minear was temporarily postponed. The hands of the town clock had in the meantime kept pace with the Sergeants-at-Arms until they now registered nearly five o'clock, when the Sergeants having battered down a door at the Hotel Ruffner and met with many other adventures, finally bagged part of their game and appeared before the bar of the Senate with several of the Senators. Then the trial began and "they all with one accord began to make excuse." Many and varied were the excuses offered, but the general verdict on motion of some Senator was "six dollars and cost—next." Mr. Worley (it being known by many present that he was actually sick) was on motion excused. Mr. Davis who also proved that he was sick was excused, but the following viz: Messrs. Maxwell, Campbell, Lowther, Forbes, Minear and Morrison were fined $6 and costs each.

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We presume that no man can say with certainty who shall constitute the next Cabinet; none it is President Harrison himself, and we have every reason to believe he has not fully made up his mind. Intuitions seem, however, to point to Jas. G. Blaine for Secretary of State, Jno. C. New for Secretary of the Treasury and John Wanamaker for Postmaster General. It is thought Windom will be left out. Thanks to Mr. Harrison for that.

A Washington correspondent says that Quincy Mahone will be offered a Foreign Mission. This will be acceptable news to Quincy Mahone's fellow citizens of both parties, for while it will relieve the Southern Democrats of the odious presence of the King of Southampton, it will also pave the Republican party from the political misery of their Southern policy, thus admitting the decent people of Virginia to rule under the acknowledged leaders of the Democratic party.

In accrediting Billy Mahone to a foreign nation the new President will have the satisfaction of illustrating the dignity of the American people officially in the same high manner that Mr. Lincoln did it for the navy of John Roane the question up to which country shall fully be sent, and thereby it is not our business to affirm a Republican administration before—but still as the real Mahone is a Virginian, we take leave to suggest that this State would feel under obligations if President Harrison would so far relinquish the genius of his 1st administration as to appoint a Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to the King of Congo, his Majesty Billy, whose color would match the General's politics, and who could be killed off not to work and each of them specimens as long as here are other monkeys in the zoure trees. —Richmond Times.

There is a dog employed in the Postal Service in the office at Allentown, Pa.—N. Y. Sun.

We are glad to know that but one dog was employed in the postal service during the term of President Cleveland. Perhaps they will be more plentiful after the 4th of March.

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Directory Notice.

The following is a list of Postmasters whose accounts are audited and due for settlement.

John Ligon, Ex'r of D. D. McCutcheon dec'd.

James W. Watson, dec.

Court's of accts for Pocahontas county.

AGENTS Wanted. Boys or girls, ladies or gents, to work on salary or commission. Send 10 cents for sample and particulars. Address with stamp, Box 913, Memphis, Tenn.

DEEP

Piso's Cure for Consumption

Cough Medicine.

CATARRH

BEST COUGH MEDICINE

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

Hotel Pocahontas,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—Wyoming has 60,000 but nobody swears at her.

—Jno. T. Moore, Esq., of Jersey was in town Tuesday.

—Another coal baron passed through Sunday to-day.

—Wm. B. Overholt, Esq., of Hillsboro paid Pocahontas a flying visit last Saturday.

—Jno. W. Warwick, Esq., of Jersey was in town Monday and Tuesday.

—Tombstones are beginning to make frequent visits to this section.

—If you want Envelopes, Letter or Note heads, cheap, call at the TIMES office and you can get them.

—Mitchell D. McClaughlin, accompanied by Miss Fannie Withrow, went to Bath Co., Va., last Tuesday.

—Drs. John Ligon and Wm. H. Townsend were called in last Friday to see Mr. Morris, at Beird Va-colonias.

—The ice crop was not got back after all. Every one knew 'to know' was filled and will keep for over.

—H. H. McClintic, Esq., of Buckeye was in Lewisville last week. Mr. McClintic is enjoying some pretty much with Hon from his new wife.

—A recent letter from Capt. W. L. Trenck who, with Dick Craig, is now at Richmond, city, Va., states that he is well pleased with that locality.

—Note the new advertisement in this week's issue, signed by Messrs. Isaac McNeel and Noah Beard. They are proposing board this fall at very low rates.

—If correspondents would do that the fellows in the way of public improvement should be the building of a bridge across Greenbrier river near Linsey Lick. What say you all.

—Mr. Daniel Marry, who was severely hurt in the dark tunnel at Hotel Pocahontas, an account of which we gave last week, started to Philadelphia last Monday to be treated at the hospital. The doctors attending him decided that his eye would have to be removed. This is extremely unfortunate for Mr. Marry, as he has the sympathy of all who know him.

—We have received another communication from F. A. Smith, Esq., on matters of interest to the farmers. Mr. Smith's last communication was very much appreciated by the readers of the TIMES, and they will, no doubt, read with eagerness whatever he may contribute here after. Why don't all of the best of our people speak out?

—President Cleveland has at last decided to go to New York to practice law, instead of moving to Hunterville as he had thought of doing. He gives as his reason for the change, that so many of our people expect a lawyer to practice before the County Court and Justices without making any charge. Cleveland acted wisely and if this impression so good fashion he's stopped the entire legal fraternity will be obliged to move to New York.

—The people of Huntersville assembled last Saturday what to any other set of people would be a rare treat, but to them has become a common occurrence. It was a trial before Justice W. A. Shrader. In this case A. H. Riley was plaintiff and Howard Underwood defendant. Almost all the lawyers in town were employed and all the citizens of the district exhibited an eagerness. The affair was a decided success. Mr. Riley tried to give bond to keep the peace. This however was not accepted, and Mr. Riley had the costs to pay all for nothing.

—L. M. McClintic, Esq., made a visit to Bath Co., Va., this week.

—We have just received a new line of paper and envelopes, which are being sold cheap. If you need anything in that line, send in your orders at once.

TIMES.

DUNLEVY.—Dr. John H. Waymouth will be at Mingo Flats, Feb. 4th and remain 4 days; Edray, Feb. 9th, 4 days; Mill Point, Feb. 13th, 4 days; Huntersville, Feb. 18th, 4 days, and will be pleased to attend to all operations in Dentistry. Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine. Gold fill ings inserted in artificial teeth, which add very much to their natural appearance.

jan 24 4t

Rock Kingsway Jottings.

We have had a remarkably fine winter thus far; there has been but little snow here.

Mrs. Jacob Shinaberry has about recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Henry Wilfong is seriously ill. He is being attended by Dr. Austin.

Married, Jan. 31st, at the residence of the bride's brother, by Rev. W. H. Ballenger, Mr. J. L. Graves and Miss Cenia Tallman, all of this county. It is reported that one of the spectators got a "foodle narrow" while the ceremony was being performed.

Wyoming produces man who, to hear his exploits, rivals even Munchausen; but unlike that great advertiser, he gets lost occasionally.

Many of our people are telling me because the majority's choice for sheriff was not allowed to qualify.

The people are much pleased with the "Times" in this section.

SCRIBBLER.

Summers Springs.

Capt. E. A. Smith and his men moved into the mill last Saturday, ready to begin the drive with the first water.

Jas. Shepherd has moved into the camp to take care of things during vacation.

A daughter of Gen. W. Arbogast, aged 15 years, who has been confined for a long while, died last Friday.

John Kelsella, of Green Bank recently had an ugly and dangerous cut on his face last week. He was attempting to split a frozen oak block with a double bit axe, when the axe rebounded cutting his brow entering his cheek bone and splitting his lip.

The Sunday school at this place, under the superintendence of Mr. Jno. A. Taylor is in a prosperous condition. An excellent library of 100 volumes has been ordered for the use of the school, and is expected to arrive this week. Donations of good books are requested and will be highly appreciated.

We are all very much outdone by the conduct of the man from Webster county (we don't claim him) in the Legislature.

Yours etc.

Beaver Dam

Northwest of the mountain at the head of Swago creek, is to be found a section of fine country, susceptible of vast and largely paying improvements, if it had the advantage of a passable public highway. The present road across the mountain in this section is only a pack route, it has neither grade nor location such as any County Court might to recognize. A Boston and society who made three years ago a grade of six degrees and under, on good road land, but was never established. Public interests demands that a good road be opened on this line, as some other, and a motion will soon be made for this purpose. No investment pays a greater dividend than the putting opening good roads into and through rich and fertile country. He pleased fellow citizens of the County court to favor us when we call, and hand us down an order for this much needed improvement.

Xx.

Temperance Reform.

In a recent issue of your paper is found a report of a mass meeting in Hillsboro, W. Va., on Temperance work etc. which leads the reader to thinking.

It is logical to admit that any community has the right to speak out "in meetin," and defend their homes and their friends from the demon, strong drink. But is it good sound logic to thus "strain at the camel" in the hall, whiskey by the big full, and "swallow the goat," in selling and furnishing essence of cinnamon, and jamaica ginger, by wholesale? It pays a good profit, and will intoxicate, and topers will have it and drink it, if they cannot get whiskey. And who ever saw jamaica ginger put up in half pint bottles, until within the last few years.

Would it not be much better, to be consistent, and sell no intoxicant if we advocate total abstinence. A few merchants in this county do not sell these drugs at all, but a few do sell them, and that in public injury.

Xx.

Settled at Last.

It has always been hard for the to understand how cattle is influenced by mind; but now the whole thing is as plain as the nose on the face of a man's head. Prof. Hazelbrow discussing the matter in the N. Y. Independent, tells us as plainly how the thing is done that an ass, wanting any child could fail to understand; showing the whole affair to be "settled" by the nerves. He illustrates as follows:

"A couple of organisms which for the sake of distinction, we will call Jones and La Place. These are in marvellously complex relations of interaction with the environment, and there was also a very peculiar, fatal play of nervous discharges—a long line of heart, resignation, altogether with divers differentiations of the homogeneous and manifold integrations of correspondents. The nervous and complex, Mr. wrong to be fair, and abrupt unless exclamations were produced in other places."

Don't you see? It's as easy as falling off a log. If that's not plain we'll give you a rule that will work it. Find the greatest magnetizing agitator, draw a parallel to the resistance diverter and punctuate the thermometer, and be sure to keep in a cool place.

There seems to be some difficulty to determine whether it is the duty of Mrs. Cleveland or Mrs. Harrison to do the White House Spring cleaning. The present mistress says she certainly will not make the soap and set the tubs.

The West Virginia Legislature is still busy doing nothing. The Planing Mill contest is still unsettled, the immortal question must still be fare everything unsettled, even the board bills of the senators and representatives. There is one thing however we may depend on the present legislature doing, that is drawing its salary.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to furnish plans and draft of all mills in the following [illegible]

Respectfully,
[illegible]
Jan 11 3w

Notice

A reward of $25 will be paid to any one who may give information leading to the recovery of any of our tools, etc., that have been taken from the workmen along the railroad.

W. C. [illegible] Supt. M. & C. R. R.
Hunnewell, W. Va.
jan 14 4t

SALESMEN,

Wanted for our complete line of Nursery Stock. All new things and fully guaranteed. We can furnish GOOD SALESMAN the exclusive control of [illegible] Permanent employment. Wages paid each week. Outfit free. Apply at once and secure choice of territory.

EDWARD E. SHELL,
Nurserymen, Richmond, N. Y.
MENTION THIS PAPER.
jan. 24 4m

Simmons Liver Regulator produces no unpleasant effect upon the system, no matter how long it is taken. It tones, takes at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and relishes the meals.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for the past 8 years. I have tried many of the so called 'Liver Cures' but I found it I exclaimed 'Eureka' at last.' J. F. Parker, Proprietor 'Clover Bluff Farm,' Smithfield, N. C. 1y 14

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the
1st day of March, 1889,
the following property
225 Sheep mostly ewes
27 two-year old Cattle,
4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness, one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JACOB McCLAUGHLIN.

SHOEMAKER'S NOTICE.

Huntersville, W. Va.,

I am prepared to make to order boots and shoes, and repairing done in best style.

J. C. SHOEMAKER.

At a County Court held for the County of Pocahontas, at the Court House thereof on the 1st day of January 1889.

It is ordered that all persons having business to transact with the Sheriff, shall address [illegible] to the Sheriff in person. Done this last day hereof, and that the Court will [illegible] to the foregoing business.

A Copy. Teste:
JOHN J. BRAND, Clk.
Pocahontas, Jan 10 4t

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

JACOB McCLAUGHLIN

IS PUBLICATOR COUNTY, and the BEST goods

He has received a fine lot of [illegible] CLOTHING, GENTS FURNISHING GOODS, &c., and will sell you it at cost, cheaper than any other store in the county, and particular thanks for [illegible]

Call and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the County Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, entered on the 5th day of January 1889, at the January [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[

Pocahontas Times.

L. H. LOBBY. C. P. MOORE.

LOBBY & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 75	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	5 00	6 00	10 00
Quarter col.	5 00	8 00	10 00	15 00
Half col.	8 00	13 00	18 00	25 00
One col.	15 00	25 00	35 00	45 00

Reading notices, ten cents per line. Obituaries, twenty-five cents per inch. Announcements, one dollar each. Yearly advertisements payable quarterly.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 50 in advance; after 3 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $1 75.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 14, 1889.

DORR.

Mr. C. P. Dorr, we presume is now one of the best advertised men in the country. For the last few weeks he had been discussed in private and in public, by friend and by foe. For something we have been waiting for Mr. Dorr to explain his position on the Senatorial question, at last he has attempted to do this, but as his explanation is so inconsistent and unsatisfactory as his conduct.

He endeavors to excuse the stand he has taken against Senator Kenna on the alleged ground that Kenna is responsible for the apparent democratic loss in this State and should therefore be rebuked. But he goes on to say that he would vote for Kenna, if he knew he could be elected which he says is impossible, as he knows that several persons are voting for him who would not if they thought it would elect him.

Now look at the fallacy of his reasoning.

In the first place Mr. Dorr has given us no proof to support his allegation that Mr. Kenna has proven a failure as a leader; nor that he is at all responsible for the decline of democracy in this State. It is a mere assertion of Mr. Dorr's opinion, while on the other hand numbers of our public men with as much political experience and insight as Mr. Dorr strenuously repudiate the charge. But if you please, grant that the charge is true still is his explanation grossly inconsistent. He claims to oppose Kenna, because Kenna would destroy the democratic party, and yet says he would support him if he knew he could be elected. In other words, he is patriotic enough to defend his party against the destructive rule of John E. Kenna so long as it is not in his power to put him in a position to rule but, if it were possible for him by his vote to elect this man, Kenna, who he declares to have been so destructive to the interests of the democratic party, then he would vote for you. Mr. Dorr should first of all support the wish of his constituency, which is almost unanimous for John E. Kenna, but failing to do that, if he opposes Kenna on the ground of unfitness, then he should oppose him consistently and not sell at such times as he knows it is impossible to elect him.

Again, it is the act Dorr asserts, that some are voting for Kenna who would not if they believed he could be elected, the only proper way for Mr. Dorr to clear his skirts is to vote with his party and put the responsibility where it belongs. Let him show the people who these deceivers are by casting his vote for Kenna and then make it necessary that an election be effected in that these pretended friends of Kenna show themselves.

It would seem too that Mr. Dorr has lost sympathy with the democracy that Kenna is a failure and a fraud, or else has too recently been convinced that a failure is not a good thing for it can be shown that during the campaign when he was asking for votes he more than once declared himself in favor of Kenna, and upon that very ground many did vote for him; while the impression was made on all who supported him that he would certainly vote with his party.

The truth is Mr. Dorr has for some unknown reason headed with or the desires of those who elected him nor the usages of the party that has elevated him, and no amount of explanation can ever suffice to gain for his course the approval of the democratic party, particularly that portion of the democratic party that lives and ever shall live in Pocahontas county.

A Superstition of the Cabinet.

According to the latest news on the subject from Washington, it seems probable that both branches of Congress will agree to add a new member to the Cabinet, to be known as the Secretary of Agriculture.

Such an addition will have a tendency to lower the whole Cabinet as a body in the estimation of the people. Other things being equal an increase in the number of the President's advisers lessens the honor and distinction belonging to a place in the Cabinet. Furthermore, the new post will be of as little importance as compared with that of each of the other heads of departments that it is certain to be regarded as inferior.

The country does not need a Secretary of Agriculture any more than the President needs an eighth adviser. The Constitution of the U. S. does not invest Congress with any power over agricultural affairs or impose upon it any duties with reference to agriculture. It was doubtless the intent of the great men who founded our Government to leave these matters to the management of the several States and we believe that so far as the great mass of the farmers in the Union are concerned, they would prefer to have the general Government let the farming interests alone. At all events, there has been no general demand on their part for any such representation in the Cabinet as is now proposed.

For many years, however, there has been at Washington an office known as the Commissioner of Agriculture, whose principal function has been the distribution of seeds to people who do and want them. Why the Federal Government should distribute seeds to farmers any more than chocolate to children, we have never been able to understand. As a rule, the Commissioners Agricultural knowledge was not their most prominent characteristic, but they have for clothed more or less amusement to the country as objects of derision on the part of the press. We doubt whether the new Secretary will serve any more useful purpose.

Some of our readers may possibly be aware that we have not always regarded the system of civil service examinations with enthusiastic favor. It strikes us, however, as that if there is any place for such examinations under our form of government, it would be in reference to such an office as that of the new Secretary of Agriculture. If we must have this new office, let us have a farmer from Featherville to fill it, and let the fitness be ascertained by an examining board consisting exclusively of practical farmers who have held the plough and know the difference between a site and a scythe.

If we must have a Secretary of Agriculture we want a man who knows more about the plant crop of the country than he does about the Presidential vote of the several States at the last election.—N. Y. Sun.

The following extract from the Charleston Star gives a fair specimen of the disgraceful scenes being enacted at the State Capital. No good citizen, whatever his politics may be, can fail to be heartily ashamed of the present legislature. We are glad to see President Carr is a man and trying to do his duty.

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A Washington correspondent says that General Mahone will be offered a Foreign Mission. This will be accepted only to unsettle Mahone's future alliance of both parties, for while it will relieve the Southern Republicans of the embarrassment of the King of Scalawags, it will also save the Republicans of Virginia from the political wrecks of their Southern policy, thus admitting the decent people of Virginia once under the administration of the Democratic party.

In submitting fifty Republicans to a foreign court the new President will have the satisfaction of illustrating the fidelity of the Republican people officially to the same high manner that the Democratic did it for the years of their administration. The question to which, possibly, shall fully be put, and though it is not our business to advise a Republican administration before it is in power, we take leave to suggest that this State would feel under obligations if President Harrison would so far extinguish the genius of his self-assertion as to send him as Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to the King of Congo, his Majesty Mumbo, whose color would match the General's politics, and who could be relied on not to work and eat much of their substance as long as there are other monkeys in the entire tree.—Richmond Times.

There is a dog employed in the Postal Service in the office at Altoona, Pa.—N. Y. Sun.

We are glad to know that the one dog was employed in the postal service during the term of President Cleveland. Perhaps they will be more plentiful after the 4th of March.

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DEEP

Dough Medicine.

CATARRH

BEST COUGH MEDICINE

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

AGENTS

Hotel Pocahontas,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS

—Wm. Wilson, Esq., of Jacksonburg, was in town on business last Monday.

—Jno. T. Moore, Esq., of Jerry's Run, was a visitor to town last Monday.

—Another cold spell before January is out.

—Wm. B. Overholt, Esq., of Hillsboro and Huntersville, was in town last Saturday.

—Jas. W. Warwick, Esq., of Marlinton was in town Monday and Tuesday.

—Teachers are beginning to make frequent visits to this city.

—If you want Envelopes, Letter or Note heads, cheap, call at the TIMES office. You can get them.

—Mitchell D. McLaughlin, accompanied by Miss Fannie Whitrow, went to Back Cr., Va., last Tuesday.

—Drs. John Ligon and Wm. H. Townsend were called to Hunterville last Friday to see Mr. Marcy, at Daniel Pocahontas.

—The ice crop was bad, as look after all. Every one knows it now was filled last week, and some say over.

—H. H. McClintic, Esq., of Buckeye was in Huntersville last week. Mr. McClintic always goes home pretty much with Bob from his new mill.

—A recent letter from Capt. W. L. Truesdell, who, with Lieut. Craig, is now at Cincinnati, O., states that he is well pleased with that locality.

—Read the new advertisement in this week's issue, signed by Messrs. Isaac McNeel and Lynch Barlow. They are preparing to sell their stock at very low rates.

—It is reported that the Huntersville Academy is to be enlarged. The improvement should be the building of a bridge across Greenbrier river near Lobar Lick. What say you all?

—Mr. David Marcy, who was an unruly host in the Hillsboro Hotel, Pocahontas, on account of which he was fined $50, started to Philadelphia last Monday to be treated for that malady. The doctors at Hillsboro considered that his eye would have to be removed. This is extremely unfortunate for Mr. Marcy, who values those eyes at $50,000.

—We have received a letter containing $1.00 from A. Smith, Esq., ex-Auditor of Schools for the Lewisburg district. Mr. Smith's kind remembrance was very much appreciated by the readers of the TIMES, and they will, no doubt, send with pleasure whatever he may choose to write after. Will Editor's mind of the rest of our people agree with?

—President Cleveland has at last decided to go to New York to practice law, instead of running to Washington as he had thought of doing. He gives as his reason for the change, that so many of our people expect a lawyer to practice before the County Court and Justices without making any charge. There is no good reason why a man should not live on good fodder and keep up the entire legal fraternity will be obliged to move to New York.

—The people of Huntersville enjoyed last Saturday what to any other set of people would be a rare treat, but to them has become a customary occurrence. It was a trial before Squire G. C. Sharpe. In this case A. G. Hines was plaintiff and Sheriff Galford defendant. Almost all the law guys in town were employed and all the citizens of the district examined as witnesses. The court room in Huntersville was packed to its utmost capacity. Everybody went to give bond to keep the peace. This however was not accomplished, and Mr. Jones had the result to pay all for nothing.

—L. M. McClintic, Esq., made a visit to Bath Co., Va., this week.

—We have just received a new line of paper and envelopes, which are being sold cheaper than ever. Remember the place, A. E. Gay's Model Store. Anything in that line you need in your business or home.

TIMES.

POSTPONED.—It will be remembered that Mr. Wagoner was to be at Mingo Flats, Pocahontas county, on the 8th inst., and remain 4 days; Mill Point, Pocahontas county, 9th inst., 2 days; Huntersville, Pocahontas county, 10th, 11th and 12th inst., and will be there for the purpose of attending to all operations in Dentistry. Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine, Gold fillings inserted in artificial teeth, which add very much to their natural appearance.

Jan 31 4t

Mount Allegany Items.

We have had a remarkably fine winter thus far; there has been but little snow here.

Mrs. Jacob Shumaberry has about recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Henry Wilfong is seriously ill. He is being attended by Dr. Ashby.

Married, Jan. 31st, at the residence of the bride, just by the Rev. W. H. Ballenger, Mr. J. L. Moore and Miss Cenia Tallman, all of this county. It is reported that one of the spectators got a "knife narrow" while the ceremony was being performed.

Whereas, Professor's mast who, to hear his appetite, steals even Mrs. Atkinson, but unlike that ghost of whom we have just mentioned.

Many of our people are taking much pleasure in the majority's shaking for Congress was not allowed to vote.

The people are much pleased with the "Times" in this section.

SCRIBBLER.

Summers Items.

Capt. E. B. Smith and his force moved into the 4th last Saturday, ready to begin the drive with the first water.

Jas. Hinkle has moved into the camp to take care of things during vacation.

A daughter of Gen. W. Arbogast, aged 15 years, who has been ailing for a long while, died last Friday.

John Hinkle, of Green Bank recently, on split foot, dangerous cut on his left foot last week. He was attempting to split a frozen chunk with a double bit axe, when the axe deflected hitting his knee, entering his shank bone and splitting his leg.

The Sunday school at this place, under the superintendence of Mr. Jno. A. Taylor is in a prosperous condition. An excellent library of 100 volumes has been ordered for the use of the school, and is expected to arrive this week. Donations of good books are requested and will be highly appreciated.

We are all very much outdone by the members of the mail from Webster county (we don't claim him) in the Legislature.

TIMES.

Beaver Item.

Settlement of the mountain at the head of Stamps creek, is to be found a section of Bee country, and capitals of cash and largely added improvements. It is said the advantage of a passable public highway to the present road across the branch to this section is only a pretense, it has neither grade nor location, such as any Lowery Lizzie might to recognize. A Beaver land review who made those years ago in a grade of five degrees and under, as good road land, but was never established. Public interests demands that a good road be opened to this line, in some other, and a petition will soon be heard, for this purpose. The intervening miles of Beaver demand that her people have good roads into and through that and fertile country. The present fellow residents of the County Court to hear to what we call, and heed my brief an order for this much needed improvement.

Tennessee Reform.

It is a recent item of your paper is found account of a mass meeting in Hillsboro, W. Va., on Temperance were etc. which leads the reader to thinking.

It is logical to argue that any community has the right to spend our cts. quotis," and defeat their homes and their friends from the demon, strong drink. But is it good sound logic to thus "strain at the camel" in the bud, whiskey by the jig full, and "swallow the goat," in selling and furnishing essence of ginger, and jamaica ginger, by wholesale? It pays a good profit, and will intoxicate and topers will keep it and drink it, if they cannot get whiskey. And who ever saw "essence ginger put up in half pint bottles, until within the last few years.

Would it not be much better to be consistent and sell no intoxicant at all, or advocate total abstinence. A few merchants in this county do not sell these drugs at all, but a few do sell them, and like to gobble in jury.

X.

Sunset at Last.

It has always been hard for me to understand how shifter is understood by mind; but now the whole thing is as plain as the nose on one's face. Prof. Dowd discussing the matter in the N. Y. Independent, tells us as plainly how the thing is done that we can, witness the child must call to understand; thinking the words offer to be understood by one person. He illustrates as follows:

"A couple of engineers going for the sake of discussing, would have one and Le Plow. These were in marvellously complex relations of interaction with the environment, and there was also a very complicated play of successive discharges of long lines of heat, coincidence, together with divers differentiations of the temperatures and manifold perceptions of correspondence. The vocables and concepts, the wrongs to be felt, and enough mutual explanations were postponed to allay chaos."

Don't you see? It's as easy as falling off a log. If that's not plain we'll give you a rule that will work it. Find the greatest dispensing agitator, draw a pyramid to the intersect diameter and perpendicular thermometer, and be sure to keep in a dim place.

There seems to be some difficulty to determine whether it is the duty of Mrs. Cleveland or Mrs. Harrison to do the White House Spring cleaning. The present mistress says she certainly will not make the grasp and set the traps.

The West Virginia Legislature is still busy doing nothing. The Flowing Gulf contest is still unsettled, the senatorial question undecided as to how everything remained, even the board bills of legislators and representatives. There is one thing however we may depend on the present legislature being, that is drawing its salary.

NOTICE

[illegible]

Jan 15 4t

NOTICE

[illegible]

Jan 15 4t

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction on the 1st day of March, 1889, the following property 226 Sheep mostly ewes 27 two-year old Cattle, 4 Cows and 1 two-year old bull, 4 horses, one buggy and harness, one cane mill and household and kitchen furniture.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. ARCH MCCLINTIC.

Jan 15 4t

SUMMARIES

[illegible]

Jan 15 4t

[illegible]

Jan 15 4t

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Notice

[illegible]

Jan 15 4t

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

[illegible]

Notice

[illegible]

IF YOU WANT

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Pocahontas Times.

COURT & MOORE.

J. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One time	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 3 00
Two "	1 50	2 00	3 00	5 00
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Twelve "	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
One year	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00

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One copy, 1 yr., $1 50 in advance; after 6 months, $1 75. After 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb 14, 1889.

Worn Twice Again.

Waverly Magazine: Twenty years have passed since a certain Bath sea captain, entering the port of New York, telegraphed his wife at Bath to join him at the metropolis prepared for a sea voyage. Accordingly a day or two after the arrival of the message saw the wife embarked upon the through train from Bath to Boston, accompanied by an infant child scarcely two years old.

The car was coupled on to the end of the Portland train at Brunswick, and, leaving the child asleep, the Captain's wife seized the opportunity to fill the baby's bottle with milk in the depot restaurant. While the mother was intent upon her errand the train slipped quietly out of the station, and when the mother emerged from the restaurant door it was fast disappearing under the flying street bridge. Eagerly she enjoined the situation to the gesticulating group of railroad men who gathered around. Baby and purse, containing all her money and ticket, were in the fast disappearing train. A hurried council followed, and a plan was instantly formed.

Old No. 23, "The Brunswick," was unattached, waiting the passage of the train just gone. Uncle Thompson, the station baggage master of that time, ran hastily to the engine and asked her aid to overtake the flying train. The genial Charles, ever ready to aid the case of any female in distress, volunteered to catch the robber. Hastily filling the firebox with wood from the tender, while Thompson was assisting the women to mount the engine, with a command to the watchman to "give us the main line," with hand upon the throttle, No. 23 flew quickly over the switches and commenced her race.

An empty engine chasing a heavy train up "Oak Hill grade," which extends four miles straight away from Brunswick has an easy task, and before they had covered more than half of that distance they could see the object of their pursuit.

To sound his whistle, calling the attention of the train man to the chase, and thereby stop the train, was no part of the programme, fearing that he might run over them should they suddenly stop. So quietly running along the rear of the train deadening the pursuit, he is soon immediately behind them. Then his tender—for they are running backward—rubs against the rear platform of the train, and while the engineer holds her there Thompson assists the woman over the tender, down upon the platform of the car containing the baby, still fast asleep, the mother clasping tightly the bottle of milk.

The Prohibition question is to have another trial in Pennsylvania at a special election to be held next June.

Fixing the Responsibility.

Blundering men, instead of attempting their responsibility, try to excuse themselves by throwing the blame on others. A Bingle story illustrates this tendency of human nature, and also the French proverb. "He accuses who excuses himself." On night thieves broke into a rich man's house and carried off all his valuables. On being arrested, they excused their action by saying that they were blameless, as the walls of the house were so badly built as to tempt them to break through. The mason was therefore to blame for the robbery. The mason was brought before the magistrate. "The fault is not mine," said he, "but that of the coolie who made the mortar badly." The coolie laid the blame upon the potter who had sold him a cracked vessel in which he could not carry sufficient water to mix the mortar properly. The potter explained that the blame could not be laid upon him but upon a pretty woman, who, passing while he was making the vessel, so rivated his attention that he forgot about his work. The woman protested that the goldsmith was at fault. He had failed to send home her earrings and she passed the potter's shop on her way to get them. The goldsmith, not being able to offer an excuse for his neglect, was sentenced to be hanged. His friends begged the judge to spare him, as he was sick and ill favored and would not make a pretty spectacle. "But somebody must be hanged," said the judge. His attention was thereupon called to a fat Moor in a shop opposite, and the judge ordered him to be hanged in the goldsmith's stead.—Argonaut.

In Hindostan, where three varieties of sacred monkeys enjoy the freedom of every town, those fair handed pensioners often assist the police in enforcing the rat laws by charging criminals for the scene of every dog fight and schoolboy scuffle. They will rescue worried cats and, for greater security, deposit them on the next roof, or squirrel, revelyism in general; the stout Rhesus baboon for instance, being physically as well as morally qualified to quell the aggressive disposition of the fiercest cur. On the platform of a public warehouse the British residents of Agra, a few years ago, witnessed a scene which put the character trait in even a stronger light.

A little street Arab had spread his pallet in the shade of a stack of country produce, and had just dropped asleep, when the proprietor of the Planters' hotel strolled up with a pet leopard that had learned to accompany him in all his rambles. A troop of tramp monkeys had taken post on the opposite end of the shed, and, like the beggar boy, seemed to enjoy a comfortable siesta, but at sight of the spotted intruder the whole gang charged along the platform like a squadron of sphinx and, to exactly develop a simile about the little sleeper, faced the leopard with bristling manes, evidently resolved to defeat the purpose of his visit.—Popular Science Monthly.

Collector: I have called six times, sir, for the amount of this bill already.

Citizen: Why sir, my time? Is it possible you have been put to all that annoyance? Now, I'll tell you what I'll do: when I feel like paying the account I will call on you myself. It's outrageous to give a man the trouble I have actually given you.—Life.

Her grandmother was so sick that the report got out that she was dead. A sympathetic old gentleman met the child on the street.

"And where is your grandmother to be buried, my dear?" he asked her.

"Not till she's dead, sir."

—The House Wife for February published at Hyde Park, Mass., is a most excellent number of this popular household periodical. It is well worth all it costs, 50 cents per year.

During Jan. there was a net increase of $6,150,000 in money and bullion in the Treasury, and yet you can't borrow a dollar from them, no matter how hard up you are.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take. It is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Any liberal; any one can do the work, either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1-1y.

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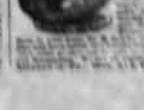

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. E. F. Moore, Editor. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, Feb. 21, 1889. No. 31.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, C. W. McClintic.
Sheriff,
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk. of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arrington.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. B. Beard, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July term.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

C. T. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

D. A. STUART,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKEN,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of appeals.

J. W. ARNOLD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. BYRD,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. LAWVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Hunterville, W. Va.

D. R. L. H. RUCKMAN,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County on every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Distinguished Business Educator

Visiting Plan.

Systematic Missionary business visiting and bringing about all right. Worse by attempting. If allowed to continue by more force, which often blind and all. Systematic visiting very much. Are always interrupted about the visiting & visiting. Some associations, and in many cases in which the interest. It is possible effective. Every [illegible] PATTERSON, Principal Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible] Send for Circular.

DEATH, in the 70th year of his age.

In the death of Joseph Beard Pocahontas county loses one of her oldest and most respected citizens, whose long and eventful life is honorably and inseparably identified with the history of the county. He was born in Greenbrier county, W. Va. on the 20th day of Sept., 1819, and removed to Pocahontas county in the year 1857. Early in life he was united in marriage to Mattie Jordan, daughter of John Jordan, Esq., with whom he happily lived till the day of his death, and who now survives him,an aged and lonely widow. As the issue of this marriage were born three children; one son, John J. Beard, the present Clerk of the Courts of Pocahontas county, and two daughters, Mrs. Isaac McNeel, and Mrs. Wm. L. McNeel, now deceased.

In the year 1883 Mr. Beard made a profession of religion and connected himself with the Methdbist Episcopal Church. In 1844 when the division came, Joseph Beard without hesitation cast his lot with the M. E. Church, South.

His life was marked with unusual energy and activity, but in no enterprise was this more manifest than in his labors for his Church. He was not a religious enthusiast, nor specially demonstrative, but unreservingly gave those better and more substantial evidences of a firm and abiding faith in Christ and his church. In the prosecution of church work of every kind, he was always ready to do his part, and never slow to suggest to others their duty when the occasion demanded. He was a man of firm convictions and decided opinions, yet ever maintained a liberal respect for the belief of others. There never lived a more sincere man; deceit had no place in the make up of his character. Indeed his habit of telling the truth plainly, and his outspoken candor in commending the good and reproving still sometimes failed to feel those who were not well acquainted with him to think him in some matters a harsh man, but he was not so; underneath the surface of solid belief and rigid candor was hidden a heart as tender as the heart of a child, the sympathies of which responded to the gentlest touch. His generosity and hospitality were proverbial, the friend and the stranger were ever his welcome guests, nor did he ever weary of sharing the comforts of his home with as many as chose to partake of them. He was possessed of a peculiarly happy nature; disappointment nor calamity could never subdue for any time his cheerful spirit. It was his rule to always do his best and to be satisfied with no less reach.

He will long and widely be missed. He was affectionate and indulgent toward his kindred, and true in his friendship. He was a good and useful citizen,as ready to contribute in any manner to the good of any and of his country. But most of all will he be missed by his church, whose interests were first in his heart. His life is ended, but

Assessing Cattle.

My former article on the above subject seems to have excited one writer to, not only notice it, but to suggest two more very important improvements in the manner subject and good appearance of other documents intimate. Such as the dotting of lines and delineating miles. Nothing can be plainer than the duty. If not the obligation of the assessors of the two improvements to enlighten the world by making a practical proof on his own case of them highly desired improvements. The genius that prompted the suggestion ought to be equal to the execution or invention of plan of operation. I am still in favor of dehorning cattle and have practical proofs to show its merits every day. I have just learned from a reliable source that my friend Dick Edmonson, of Kansas has removed the horns from 3,000 cattle last fall. I am running in some boundary, horses, cows and bulls, with perfect safety, and now after two months test, my animals look well in order, better in appearance and decidedly more comfortable to themselves and me. So as far as I am interested, horns will have to go. The present hard times and dullness of the cattle market, demands a thoughtful consideration of every economical device or plan by which our farmers and stockmen may reduce their expenses and handle their stock to better advantage. I think this one step in that direction. I will now suggest one or two more, and would be very happy to have other and wiser heads to make an expression of their views and opinions thereby benefiting their fellow men and making the TIMES a necessity to every family in the county.

But few farmers in this locality that do not use fertilizers and believe that they pay, notwithstanding the heavy tax they are subject to. What tax? Profits of the middle men, perhaps the largest. Then excessive freight. To illustrate—most of our middlemen will handle and sell for less than a ten dollar profit per ton, (often more,) then they secure another profit by charging their customers rates of freight per 100 lbs when they get delivered rates per carload of 10 tons. If you pay $30.00 per ton at the railroad to an agent, you can very readily see that you are paying $5.00 to $7.00 for agents profits and high freight; then if you buy on time, 10 per cent. to add on cost. The remedy is this, let our farmers pool their orders, select one of their number to get manufacturers to make bids for the orders, and by paying spot cash, get their fertilizers $10.00 to $12.00 per ton less. We all have ourselves to blame for a great deal unnecessary tax. A co-operative style of buying salt and groceries, if nothing else would run down the expense of the farmer very materially, every year. Salt now by car load will only cost $1.30 per sack,instead of $1.75 or $1.90.

F. A. HANNAH.

Alderson vs. County Commissioners.

Now that the fourth of March is rapidly drawing near, by which time the law requires that the governor shall issue his certificates to the congressmen elect from this state, and in view of the fact that our Republican friends are claiming that McKinnis will unquestionably represent this district in congress A. for the next four years, it will perhaps be well to review this much talked of celebrated case. In the beginning, when the records was demanded by Mr. Alderson, the commissioners refused to allow him to appear by counsel, or introduce witnesses or to cross-examine witnesses introduced by the respondents, and refused to sign bills of exceptions until the supreme court, by a mandamus, required them to make a return. Then Mr. Alderson procured an injunction restraining the county court from certifying the result of the canvass as ascertained it, until he could have their action reviewed by the supreme court, where the case is still pending. As soon as possible after the bills of exceptions were signed, Alderson appealed to Judge Guthrie for a writ of certiorari, which he granted, and the clerk of his court, who at the time, was a Republican, was directed to issue a writ to the county commissioners, directing them to send up their record for review. The writ was not issued until about ten days after it was awarded. The record of the county court was copied and compared with the original, and the copy furnished to the respondents counsel to certify. The writ has at times a reliable source that the commissioners kept the copy in their hands for two days before delivering it to the clerk of the circuit court. Alderson's counsel demanded an immediate hearing of the case, but the court on the motion of counsel for McKinnis, postponed the case until February 1st. When that time arrived, McKinnis' counsel asked further delay, they said knowing that Judge Guthrie had to go to Mason county to hold court there, on the following Monday. The case was argued for Alderson and Judge Guthrie took the papers stating that the other side would be allowed to argue, and that the case would probably be decided when the term of court in Mason was over. No reflection is intended by this, but Judge Guthrie in that there has been a desire on the part of McKinnis' counsel to delay the proceedings as much as possible, in order to prevent Mr. Alderson from having Judge Guthrie's decision, should it be unfavorable to him, reviewed by the supreme court, before the 4th of March. McKinnis' counsel and friends think their case is the best possible, and they are afraid of the superior court, will knowing that the previous action of the county court, must be reversed. The case is now in the hands of the supreme court, from this county, is certified and said on that the action of Wilson will do what he has unconditionally believed to be right in the premises. We would not presume to even suggest what he should do, but we can say, but once more over, and that in the most emphatic terms that he has tried hard to distinguish the difference in the Kanawha county commissioners case, regarding the result of the recount made by them. Mr. Alderson is elected by a majority of sixteen, as given with the canvass of the returns. The bill of exceptions shows this to be true, and it seems to us that the recount is merely in favor of the two commissioners who voted to sustain the injunction and certificate granted by Judge Chapman first.

Now they say we will have to fight Turnpike. Well if nothing else will do, Uncle Sam can step into and settle the matter when sending Indians to Dakota.

The chances for war with Germany seems to be decreasing. We are not afraid of Germany, but peace is more to be desired than war.

Several persons are said to have caught the grippe, but we have nothing yet to worry about. The grippe seems to be the fashionable thing for this winter.

Wanted Views of Scenery.

The Ad-ed Weekly Courier-Journal says that Virginia has a number of the most valuable [illegible] in America, and among these is the Natural Bridge in this county. It is a fact that [illegible] was first visited by Europeans in 1750 and which Mr. Jefferson said he or a like section about two years ago. It is kept in a very [illegible] of the Natural Bridge and its [illegible] Webster's Dictionary, it weighs about as much as though painted over 100 years ago, it is still in good condition. It is about [illegible] thick and eight inches wide, by ten or twelve inches long. It is bound in oak boards, covered with a [illegible] leather, and on its [illegible] there are several [illegible] records. It was originally owned by a Germen, but in 1799 it was bought by Derck Rittenhouse, a member, I think, of the old Rittenhouse family of Philadelphia.

Another book that the library has is that printed for the Indians by John Eliot in 1663. This is the first Bible printed in America. It was printed in Cambridge, and in the Indian tongue. The library has a chapter devoted to Bibles, and the chapter of theological works is the largest one in the library. I looked at this big book, which is older than any other; they are of all sizes and shapes, from the little one pocket edition to one big enough almost for a morning table to lay on. They are in all kinds of languages, and the Chinese Bible look like so many bundles of needle stopping paper. The print of these Bibles is as queer as the languages in which they are printed, and they have every style of type, from the Gothic script of the monks of the middle ages to the modern style of to-day.

The manuscripts of the National Library include many valuable autographs. Among them are letters [illegible] of George Washington, and one [illegible] of Mr. Clinton. There is a [illegible] parcel of letters that [illegible] was addressed by Franco, to the [illegible] and of the revolution, and there are two volumes of an original [illegible] journal of Washington, covering, with [illegible] the years 1748 and 1749 [illegible] years ago.

The National Library was founded about 1800, and it was [illegible] when it was burned in March, 1814. Many of its books were bought in London, and they cost [illegible] Librarian Spofford, Frank G. Carpenter in the Commonwealth.

The grand jury in Birmingham, Ala., has indicted ex-Judge Russell Smith, on one of his posse, for the killing of the prisoner who, with others, attacked the jail in that place on the night of the 5th of December last. The grand jury was three weeks investigating the matter and examined over two hundred witnesses. This is the first case on the prosecutions against the Ku Klux Klan that has come to [illegible].

The New York canal [illegible] is so low locked with ice advantage [illegible] to the workers.

Pocahontas Times.

S. B. LOVE. C. P. MOORE.

LOVE & MOORE,

PROPRIETORS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb. 21, 1889.

THE SITUATION.

The latest from Charleston shows that C. P. Dorr, of Webster county is solely responsible for all further delay in settling the Senatorial question.

On the last two ballots taken the three labor delegates, who had previously been voting for men of their own party divided their votes between Kenna and Goff; Carr and Morrell voting for Goff and Harder Kenna.

Of the 55 votes cast Goff received 27 and Kenna 27, leaving the matter to be decided by Dorr, who threw away the opportunity by voting for W. T. Lee.

While the democratic majority is no meager and the danger in delay so obvious, there could be no explanation made of Mr. Dorr's conduct that would satisfy his constituency or the party at large. His action is a gross and shameful betrayal of political faith. Whatever his motive may be, presidency in his present course must subject him to scrutinies and to be served.

When we remember that the strongest appeal made to the people who elected him was that he was the nominee of his party, and that his large following was due to the very same reason; it is exceedingly difficult to understand how Mr. Dorr, in the face of these things, can presume to set himself up in opposition the party's nominee for the Senate, and in opposition to the voice of the democratic party of the state. No amount of explanation or sorrow can suffice to justify him in the opinion of the public.

It is greatly to be deplored that the power to decide between Goff and Kenna has fallen into the hands of a man who so lightly regards his pledges virtually and absolutely made to the people who were the means of his elevation.

Mr. Dorr may talk of Kenna's destroying the party, but in our opinion the recent conduct of Mr. Dorr has done the democracy of Pocahontas county more harm in a day than Kenna has done in his entire life time.

Ex-United States Senator Camden of this State, has just completed the formation of two companies to further develop the coal fields of the State. One is the Monongahela Railroad Company and the other the Upper Monongahela Coal and Coke Company. The capital stock of $1,000,000 has been all subscribed. Traffic arrangements have been made with the Baltimore & Ohio which is to be expended with points of mutual benefit.

General Stephen D. Lee is nominated for Governor of Mississippi. The old soldiers remember this brilliant soldier, who was a corps commander in Johnston's army after having made a splendid record in the Army of Northern Virginia.

History of the Samoan Troubles.

Troubles have existed among the Samoans since 1830. In that year the German Commercial and Plantation Society at Apia, or, rather, its predecessor, the firm of Godeffroy, of Hamburg, stood on the side of Malietoa, a chief belonging to one of the most distinguished families of Samoa. Throughout the succeeding twenty years the foreigners who settled in Samoa—Americans, Englishmen and Germans—sought, by taking sides with or against Malietoa, to strengthen respect for their respective nations, and thereby increase their commerce. In 1878 the United States, which had previously obtained a concession of a magnificent harbor in the Samoa Islands and established a coaling station there, made a treaty with Samoa. The local government in in 1879 being a state of great confusion, Sir Arthur Gordon, as Queen Victoria's commissioner in the Western Pacific, established King Malietoa firmly on the throne and issued a proclamation. This proclamation was followed by a treaty with Malietoa, dated August 18, 1878. In the same year Germany also made a treaty with Malietoa. The treaties entered into between the United States, Great Britian, Germany and Samoa were treaties of friendship and reciprocity, agreed to for the purpose of promoting the trade which American, English and German merchants had gone to the remote Samoan Islands to establish. It was understood and agreed upon among the treaty powers that the independence and neutrality of these islands should be forever preserved. While America and England have remained consistent to the treaty obligations and have recognized Malietoa as the legitimate ruler, the policy of the Germans has been a wavering one. At one time they would recognize Malietoa as King, at another they would take sides with the opposing King. In 1884 King Malietoa was coerced into an agreement with the German Government and sent a protest about it to the German Emperor. Following the protest there was sent a petition to the English Queen, signed by nearly all the Samoan chiefs, praying for annexation to Great Britain on the ground, among others, that they were afraid of being forcibly annexed by the Germans. In 1885 and again in 1886 further attempts were made by Germany to seize the sovereignty of the Samoan Islands, but each time the attempt was successfully resisted by the British and American representatives.

In the autumn of 1886 a German named Brandeis appeared in Apia. The public was given to understand that he was in the service of the German Commercial and Plantation Society. Among the employes of this firm, however, it was known that he had been selected to be the Minister of Malietoa's rival, Tamasese. Brandeis at once he set to study local conditions, and worked at times as the German Consulate, made himself familiar with the business and social relations of Apia, and then went to the house of Tamasese, in the immediate vicinity of the great cotton and cocoa plantation of the German Commercial and Plantation Society. There a house was built and furnished by this society for Brandeis, and there he stayed, with out it being publicly known, as the adviser of Tamasese and professing himself in the Samoan language. Tamasese and his adherents were then amply supplied with arms and munitions. At the beginning of 1887, within a brief period, hundreds of muskets were sent through the German Commercial and Plantation Society and through Brandeis to Tamasese's party. A little later a German fleet of four or five ships was at anchor in the harbor of Apia. Four days later the German Consul wrote to Malietoa complaining that German settlers had been attacked by the natives on March 22 of that year, and that from time to time during the previous four years the German plantations had been damaged to the amount of thousands of dollars a year. A heavy demand for compensation was made for the damage to the plantations, without a single item of particulars being given to the Samoan King. The monstrous demand was made that the sum claimed for compensation should be paid the next day—a demand which to such a country, it was practically impossible to meet. The King wrote, promising an answer in three days, and the reply given by the German commander was the landing on the next day of seven hundred troops from his squadron, and the issuing of a proclamation in the name of the Government of Germany, declaring Tamasese King of Samoa. At the same time Malietoa was deported, first to Hamburg, then to Bremerhaven, was lodged and boarded under police supervision at Lehr, a suburb of Bremerhaven, and then was taken to Australia on board the steamship Neckar, by a German naval officer.

The native opposition to Tamasese, or to the Brandeis-Tamasese Government, as it is called, reached up its climax on September 9, 1888, on which date they crowned Mataafa, a legitimate successor to Malietoa, King of Samoa, with the title of Malietoa, Tosa Mataafa. Notices of the event were at once sent to the American English and German Consuls, the French priest, and to Tamasese. Mataafa is still at the head of the Government and is doing all in his power to keep it out of the hands of Tamasese and his German allies. The position of the United States to-day is contained in the following instructions which Secretary Whitley telegraphed to Admiral Kimberly at Panama on January 11:

"You will proceed at once to Samoa and extend full protection to American interests, citizens and property. You will consult with the American Vice Consul, examine his archives and otherwise inform yourself as to the situation and all recent occurrences. You will protest against the subjugation of the native Samoan Government by Germany as in violation of positive agreement and understanding between the treaty powers, but inform the representatives of the British and German Governments of your readiness to co-operate in causing all treaty rights to be respected, and in restoring peace and order on the basis of recognition of Samoan rights to independence; endeavor to prevent extreme measures against the Samoans."

The copra trade of Samoa seems to be the cause of all the present trouble. Copra, the dried kernel of the cocoanut, is the staple commodity of the Samoan Islands, as it is of all the islands of the Western Pacific. In 1885 the exports of this article for German account were estimated at the value of $222,142. The competition of four American houses has greatly irritated the German traders, their profits being thereby much decreased.

President Cleveland has appointed Col. John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, as Inspector General of the United States army, with rank of brigadier general, and the appointment has been confirmed by the senate.

A. E. Stevenson, at present holding the position of First Assistant Postmaster General, has been appointed to the place upon the Bench of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia made vacant by the death of Judge Merrick.

Don't Have An Accident and call himself a "Kicker." Neither does a mule.

There is one thing left to console us; they can't call him Dorr of Pocahontas, but he must be spoken of as Dorr of Webster.

On the last ballot for U. S. Senator Dorr, Webster County, voted [illegible] he is

---

DEEP Bee. Worker added six thousands of special bill, are surpassed by the successful of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over a dollar in this work. All succeed.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough, without Disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you want. But if you neglect this easy means of relief, the slight Cough may become a serious malady, and several bottles will be required.

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NTAS, it is our pur-
pose to spare no pains to keep just such a
house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

HOME NEWS.

—Pr. R. L. Arrick, of Green Bank, was in town Monday night.

—On Monday there was a considerable rise in the waters in this section. The lumbermen were busily engaged driving logs.

—Messrs. John J. Beard and C. P. Moore, with their families, were down at Hillsboro last week attending the funeral of Mr. Joseph Beard.

—James Grimes and Mrs. Jacob Cackley, living near Mill Point, are both on the sick list. Dr. Mathew is back in attendance.

—Col. D. Curry, Esq., of Hills boro, is eight higher than ever and was spoke to common people. An order big buy at his house.

—Mr. Pock, President of the Beaver Lick Lumber Company, was in Huntersville Monday looking after the interests of his company.

—Mr. John R. Slaven, who has been sick at the Huntersville Hotel for some time died just a few minutes before the paper for this week went to press—Wednesday, Feb. 20, at 2:30 p. m.

—We are informed that H. M. Lockridge, Esq., has for some days been suffering from a renewal of his old trouble, rheumatism.

—N. J. Brown, Esq., Mill Point's enterprising merchant, is keeping up well with the times. He has a full line of spring goods already displayed in his store.

—George Halliday, the young man who was accidentally shot some two weeks ago is said to be doing as well as could be expected.

—Samuel McConnell, Esq., who is associated with the Cumberland Lumber Company, spent several days in Huntersville last week. He now a great while he contemplates locating in this vicinity and says he intends to run one of the best Buck wheat Mills in the Country.

—Our efficient Constable, Jas. B. Hazzard, while crossing Thorny creek last Monday, narrowly escaped being drowned. His mule stumbled and fell, throwing Mr. Hazzard into the water. Fortunately he was thrown near a fence, by means of which he succeeded in getting ashore.

—The Delineator for March is fully up to its usual excellence. The publishers of this magazine spare no pains nor expense to make their publication what the ladies demand. It's one of the very best illustrated periodicals in the country. Price $1.00 per year. Published by The Butterick Publishing Co., 7, 9 & 11 West Thirteenth St., N. Y.

A CARD OF THANKS.—I do now acknowledge my thanks to the people of Huntersville, and others, for the kindness shown me during my recent affliction at Hotel Pocahontas. I shall ever remember it with sincere gratitude.

DANIEL MURRY.

Brothers Happenings.

Heavy rains and plenty of mud.

Mr. E. L. Hale is off on a trip to Sugar Flats.

Miss Hettie Sharp of Douthard's creek, entered last week as a pupil of the H. M. and F. Academy.

Messrs. John Hill, of Kansas and Wilmore Beard, of Missouri, are visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Miss Lena Hill, of Jacox, entered this morning as a pupil of the H. M. and F. Academy.

We had four trials in town last Saturday. I tell you a man has to walk straight while he stays in town now.

The Hillsboro division of the sons of Temperance are gaining ground every day, and doing an excellent work at this place.

Died, on last Thursday morning Mr. Joseph Beard, of Rheumatism in the chest. Mr. Beard was an aged and respected citizen and a devout member of the M. E. church South. All deeply sympathize with his sorrowing relatives, but we feel that his home is now with the Blest.

PRUNELLA.

Dead

At his home in Hillsboro, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 14th day of Feb. 1889, Joseph Beard, in the 79th year of his age.

In the death of Joseph Beard Pocahontas county loses one of her oldest and most respected citizens, whose long and eventful life is honorably and inseparably identified with the history of the county. He was born in Greenbrier county, W. Va. on the 20th day of Sept., 1810, and removed to Pocahontas county in the year 1857. Early in life he was united in marriage to Mattie Jordan, daughter of John Jordan, Esq., with whom he happily lived till the day of his death, and who now survives him,an aged and lonely widow. As the issue of this marriage were born three children; one son, John J. Beard, the present Clerk of the Courts of Pocahontas county, and two daughters, Mrs. Isaac McNeel, and Mrs. Wm. L. McNeel, now deceased.

In the year 1833 Mr. Beard made a profession of religion and connected himself with the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1844 when the division came, Joseph Beard without hesitation cast his lot with the M. E. Church, South.

His life was marked with unusual energy and activity, but in no enterprise was this more manifest than in his labors for his Church. He was not a religious enthusiast, nor specially demonstrative, but unceasingly gave those better and more substantial evidences of a firm and abiding faith in Christ and his church. In the prosecution of church work of every kind, he was always ready to do his part, and never slow to suggest to others their duty when the occasion demanded. He was a man of firm convictions and decided opinions, yet ever maintained a liberal respect for the belief of others. There never lived a more sincere man; deceit had no place in the make up of his character. Indeed his habit of telling the truth plainly, and his outspoken candor in commending the good and reproving evil sometimes falsely led those who were not well acquainted with him to think him in some matters a harsh man, but he was not so; underneath the surface of solid belief and rigid candor was hidden a heart as tender as the heart of a child, the sympathies of which responded to the gentlest touch. His generosity and hospitality were proverbial, the friend and the stranger were ever his welcome guests, nor did he ever weary in sharing the comforts of his home with as many as chose to partake of them. He was possessed of a peculiarly happy nature; disappointment nor calamity could never subdue for any time his cheerful spirit. It was his rule to always do his best and to be satisfied with the result.

He will long and widely be missed. He was affectionate and indulgent toward his kindred, and true in his friendship. He was a good and useful citizen,ever ready to contribute in any manner to the good of society and of his country. But most of all will he be missed by his church, whose interests were first in his heart. His life is ended, but its influence will still be felt, and truly may it be said of him that "being dead he yet speaketh."

DIED.—At the home of his parents on Knapp's Creek in Pocahontas County, on the 15th day of Feb., 1889. Fryse Herold, youngest son of Andrew Herold, Esq.

The immediate cause of his death we are informed was diabetes. He had been sick a very short while, and when it was announced that he was dead his many friends were greatly surprised and shocked. Fryse was a bright, promising boy, highly esteemed by all who knew him. His premature death is a grievous stroke to his family and friends, to whom we extend our deepest sympathy in their bereavement.

ALDEN'S MANIFOLD CYCLOPEDIA.

Volume XL carries this work from Debt to Dominie. The 840 pages are packed with information of just the kind which the vast majority of reading people desire to obtain. Like its predecessors it is truly manifold in its character. In a single volume it gives an unabridged dictionary, and a cyclopedia of information which is ample for practical use, is fully reliable, and is brought down to the present year. Among the articles treated at some length we notice that Debt, with its various sub heads, has over 7 pages; while kindred topics, as Debtor and Creditor, occupy over 6 pages more. Delaware has about 5 pages; Delirium Tremens, 4 pages; Democracy, nearly 7 pages; Denmark, about 10 pages; Dentistry, about 6 pages; Descent of Man, 6 pages; Development, 11 pages; Diet, 8 pages; Digestion, 28 pages; Diphtheria, 5 pages. There are, also, a large number of really helpful illustrations. The form of the book is most convenient; the paper, printing, and binding are all very good. This is emphatically the Cyclopedia for the people, and the extremely low price—only 50 cents a volume in cloth, or 65 cents in half Morocco—brings it within the reach of all. A specimen volume may be ordered and returned if not satisfactory. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Atlanta, and San Francisco.

The New Cabinet Officer.

NORMAN J. COLMAN,

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

President Cleveland's appointment of Norman J. Colman as Secretary of Agriculture, the new Cabinet office, is universally approved. During the administration about to close this distinguished man has been Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture. As head of a department comprising Seed, Entomological, Horticultural, Pomological and Propagating, Statistical, Chemical, Forestry and Veterinary divisions, he has been eminently successful in carrying out the intention of the law of May 15, 1862, which established the Department of Agriculture.

The new Cabinet officer is a New Yorker by birth and a Missourian by adoption. He was born at Richfield Springs, in 1827. From the age of sixteen up to twenty-eight he was a teacher in New York State, and Louisville Kentucky. While at Louisville he studied law and took the degree of LL. B. He subsequently formed a partnership with M. C. Kerr, afterwards Speaker at Washington, and began practice at New Albany, Indiana. Mr. Colman became District Attorney. In 1865 he removed to St. Louis and bought out an agricultural paper. Mr. Colman is the suggestor and originator of the Missouri Horticultural Society, the State Board of Agriculture. He was a member of the Legislature during the exciting political contest of 1865-66 which passed the Drake Constitution, and was a leader of his party. In 1866 he was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor but was defeated. He was unanimously nominated for Lieutenant-Governor and elected in 1874. During the war he was a Union man and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fifteenth Regiment of enrolled Missouri militia. Secretary Colman is a power in his command of information pertaining to agriculture and kindred subjects.

JACOB BOWER,

DEALER IN

CHEAPEST STORE

IN POCAHONTAS COUNTY, and the BEST goods.

He has received a fine lot of DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES &c. &c., and will sell you as per cent. cheaper than any other store in the county, and exchange goods for produce.

Come and see for yourselves, at Huntersville, W. Va.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered on the 20th day of January 1887, and on the 18th day of October, 1888, in the Chancery cause of N. J. Brown vs. E. H. Grant Jr. and others, the undersigned Special Commissioner will proceed to sell on

SATURDAY, MARCH THE 23rd, 1889

in front of N. J. Brown's store at Mill Point, Pocahontas County, W. Va., at public auction to the highest bidder 19 acres of land, the property of the defendant, E. H. Grant, Jr. Said land is situate near Greenbrier river, about one mile from Mill Point in this County, is fertile and in a fine state of cultivation and has a comfortable dwelling house and out buildings upon it.

TERMS OF SALE. Enough cash in hand to pay the costs of said and expenses of sale and the residue upon a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser giving bonds with approved security for the deferred payments bearing interest from date and a lein to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.

L. M. McCLOVER,
Special Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the Commissioner above has executed bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD,
Clk Cir Ct.

Feb 21 4t. Printers fee $6.32.

SALESMEN

Wanted for our complete line of Nursery Stock. All new choice and Fast-selling Specialties. Less furnish PAYING POSITIONS to workers. My large experience in the business enables me to offer special advantages to beginners. I CAN MAKE A SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN of any one who will follow my instructions. Permanent employment. Wages paid each week. Outfit free. Apply at once, and secure choice of territory.

EDWARD F. SWELL,
Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

MENTION THIS PAPER.

Jan. 31 10t.

Simmons Liver Regulator produces no unpleasant effect upon the stomach no matter how long it is taken. If it be taken at night insures refreshing sleep and a natural evacuation of the bowels. A little taken in the morning sharpens the appetite, cleanses the stomach and sweetens the breath.

"I never recommend a medicine unless I know it to be good. In a ministry of twenty-five years I have often felt the need of such a medicine, and when I found it I exclaimed, 'Eureka.' Rev. J. P. Parker, Carpenter's Station Texas. Smithfield N. C. 17 4t.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following Fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

George A. Calhoun Admr. of Martha E. Dorsey, dec'd.

Charles Lightner, Exr. of William Lightner, dec'd.

L. H. Moore, Admr. of Margaret Moore, dec'd.

L. M. McCLOVER,
Com'r Circ. Ct.

FIDUCIARY'S

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, rendered on the 18th day of October, 1888, in the chancery cause of John W. Moffett's admr. vs. John W. McNeel's Heirs, et als.

I, as Special Commissioner appointed in said decree, shall proceed, in front of the Court House of said County on sale at public auction to the highest bidder, on

THE 23RD DAY OF MARCH, 1889,

the following real estate, situate in said County, to-wit: A certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro on the Hill's Creek Road and also another certain lot or parcel of land containing one acre, lying above the first mentioned lot, in and adjoining the town of Hillsboro. Both of said lots were brought by J. W. McNeel from Jacob Cackley. They are valuable lots, and the title is believed to be clear.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of suit and sale, and for the residue of purchase money the purchaser will be required to give bonds, with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, maturing due in six and twelve months respectively from sale, and a lien will be retained on the property sold.

L. M. McCLOVER, Special Com'r.

Bond, as required by law has been given by the above Special Commissioner.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

Jan. 10 4t. Printers fee $6.76.

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Letter Heads,

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Business Cards,

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Posters,

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Anything

In That Line,

REMEMBER

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THE TIMES Office

Has any to go and

Pocahontas Times.

E. S. LOVETT. C. P. MOORE.

LOVETT & MOORE,

PUBLISHERS.

C. P. MOORE, Editor.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Feb 21, 1889.

Weather and Common Sense.

It does not always require that a man should be a prophet to make a shrewd guess as to what the weather will be some months in advance. There are probabilities, we will not say certainties, regarding times and seasons that are obvious to every one who knows the difference between storm and calm, heat and cold. We know, for instance, that one extreme is likely to follow another. If our winter is extremely cold it is highly probable it will be followed by another corresponding to moderate. An unusually cold wave as called, will generally be succeeded by a spell of weather of great mildness for the season. In a very dry season, or a succession of dry seasons, there is sure to succeed a period of weather to make up the deficiency of rainfall. So also particular spring is cold and wet and late, we may generally expect that the succeeding autumn will be warm and pleasant, and that winter will be slow in coming. If the entire year should be bad on account of the excessive cold or unseasonable storms, the compensation may not come till the next year, but that it will come in time is as sure as that the sun will continue to rise and set. It is one of the first laws of nature that rain shall alternate with sunshine, storm with calm and heat with cold, and it is by studying these movements of the elements more closely than the rest of mankind that some pretended weather prophets have occasionally succeeded in coming somewhere near the truth in their predictions.—San Francisco Chronicle.

That Meeting.

Pursuant to a call, the Democracy of this country, met at the Court-house, to take action, and pass resolutions in regard to the conduct of Hon. C. P. Dorr, delegate of this county, in not giving his support to Hon John E. Kenna, for re-nomination and re-election to the U. S. Senate.

T. B Horan called the House to order, stating the object of the meeting, and on his motion W. H. Hoover was made chairman, and B.O.Hutchison secretary. The chair appointed T. B. Horan, P. W. Brady and E. H. Morton, who presented Resolutions which were unanimously adopted. The Resolutions set forth the fact that the democracy of the Delegate District, and who are Mr. Dorr's constituents in the Mr. Kenna's election and is instructed our Hon. delegate to vote to that end, etc., etc.

The portion of T. B. Horan a copy of the Resolutions were sent to Hon. John E. Kenna, and on motion of the secretary, a copy of the same to Hon. C. P. Dorr.

After speeches by Hon. C. Mc-Brakrill, Hon. H. and Hutchison, the meeting adjourned.—Athens Clipper.

The Horses Were Spared.

When Mr. Cole, it will know circus proprietor in the south, sold his stock in New Orleans, three dun ring horses that he had owned for years went with the others by mistake. Mr. Cole at once bought them back, saying he would never consent to have the horses become the property of any one who would make them work, and he had decided to put them to a painless death. He proposed to bleed them to death, but W. B. Leonard, a ferryman, suggested that the use of chloroform would be a little better and less painful mode. This was finally decided upon, and a reliable man procured, who was to have performed the operation.

They were all collected in the circus tent. There was Cole, Leonard, the riders and the clowns, the ringmaster, the tumblers and the leapers and the three pet dogs. Calling the little mare by name, he told her to kiss them all good-by. The intelligent animal, stretching forward her head, kissed each one. This was more than they could stand, and the sacrifice was put off. Cole had no place to take them to, so Mr. Leonard promised to find some one who would assume charge of them, under a guarantee never to work them, but to keep them in goodorder until death should claim them for the grave.—St. Louis Republic.

Good Humor and Brief Discipline.

Several years ago the convicts in a large penitentiary conspired to gather and make an unsuccessful attempt to escape. In the struggle the leader of the prisoners and one of the keepers were killed. The guns were secured, but they remained a gloomy and vindictive temper for months afterward.

"Stricter discipline was enforced, but from after sometime, kindness was tried to ameliorate them. Their rations improved in quality, and several new privileges were granted them, but it was all in vain.

"We are sleeping on a volcano," the warden reported. "They are in a murderous humor."

He then recommended the appointment of a certain Dan Pickett as assistant warden, the man who held that office being a gruff, sarcastic fellow, especially disliked by the prisoners. Dan was inexorably firm as an officer, but he was also jolly and full of good humor. He exacted every jot and tittle of service from the convicts; but, that rendered, he took an interest in them, in their rheumatism, their toothaches, their children, their plans for life after discharge.

They were human beings to him, not numbered beasts in cages, he was not afraid to joke and laugh with them. In two weeks' time the men were quiet and contented. Good humor had done its work. The revolt was over.

"Good humor," says a German writer, "is one of the rarest and fine of human virtues, which we are apt to overlook; but it wins more battles in life than do a mighty intellect or lofty imagination."—Youth's Companion.

Leather Shoes for Horses.

The day will come when the present mode of protecting the foot of the horse will be discovered to be a mistake. Its many mistakes was never intended to be pierced by nails. No wonder that so many horses fall lame and are perpetually ruined. We have recently shown a horse shod in leather. It struck us as an excellent idea and worthy of adoption. We should not be surprised that leather soles had to succeed shoes of iron. If, however, iron be a necessity, let it be nailed on the leather shoe. Now, shoemakers, please get up a meeting, and show them to all your horsey friends. Don't take "no" for an answer; stick to them till you have overcome their prejudices. When you have succeeded apply to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for a medal and if they decline to give you one be content to know that you have done more good than the owner in question with all his wealth.—Scotch Paper.

Advice to Workers.

Wm. Wrigley, Jr., of Chicago, who is said to be worth $10,000,000, and who has made his money by selling chewing gum, is out with a letter to the boys in which he says: "I began without a dollar, but I had a firm resolve to succeed. I made it a point to be at my office early and late, and to work all the time. I never had any time to waste on pleasure. I have been asked to give a lecture.

INVENTION

[illegible] invention the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of invention and progress is a method and system of work that can be introduced all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work, either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return it to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN T. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May., 16, 1889. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. No. 43.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. M. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk. of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. C. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Court, { C. B. Hamer, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / C. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. HOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HOVER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. EEE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. T. E. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. E. E. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

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Every Piano Warranted for Six Years.

STERLING ORGANS.

Factories, Derby, Conn.

THE FAR PASTURE.

There are wide seas, and Seattle and Rome,
And Brooklyn and Dennis Kate—
Though I can't mind her,
Nowhere can I find her,
And now it is growing late.

Over the meadows and through the shadows
I have sought her long and well—
At last I have found her,
Tall grasses around her,
Led by the sound of the bell.

She had gone astray, and had lost her way
In the clover blossoms white,
The cool, sweet clover,
Tempted her over
To the pasture far, to-night.

I tenderly led her, through valley and meadow,
To land not drive, seemed but right.
'Twas the sweet rank clover,
That tempted her over—
And who of us always does right?

And the strangest feeling is o'er me stealing
And seems through the shadows to come
As beneath the wide bars,
And the silver stars,
"Dennis Katie" and I go home.

The damp dew is falling,
And voices are calling,
I too have strayed off from the right—
And the sweet red clover, has tempted me over,
But oh! will he blame me, or seek to reclaim me?
If I call to Him now, will He come?
And over the meadows, and
Through all the shadows,
Lead his poor wanderer home?

—M. E. Noble.

A Little Child Shall Lead Them.

The small but thriving and enterprising town of Seedville, in the State of Ohio, was plentifully posted with bills bearing the above title, lavishly printed in all the hues of the rainbow. How the manager of the Seedville Academy of Music ever succeeded in securing so great a star of the dramatic firmament as Charles Cheriton was a matter of much speculation and wonder to all but Seedville citizens; but then Seedville always was smart for a small place and managed to keep abreast of the great cities of the country in everything, from natural gas to natural actors. And if the lively manager was unable to furnish high-class entertainment for the play-goers of Seedville, the said play-goers were not mean enough to pass by the opportunity with unappreciative indifference. They read the show-bills, bought their tickets and on every evening thronged the seats of the really pretty theatre.

The piece was what is technically known as a high-class comedy, but it was accurately so which was displayed a good deal of the tragedy of mental suffering, of misunderstandings, of some purposes and bitterness of heart; though, from the fact that all the pain and sorrow was finally turned into gladness and joy through the instrumentality of a little child, men termed it a comedy.

The drama gave the principal actor, Charles Cheriton, a fine opportunity for displaying his power of acting, and many a time had this man moved great audiences almost to tears in his representations of the deep passions of human nature.

On the particular evening which concerns our story, Cheriton was at his best. With his rare modulations of his deep, far-reaching voice, with his expressive features and gesticulations he swayed the feelings of the throng before him as the autumn winds bend the top most boughs of the forest trees.

Toward the end of the second act the large audience noticed that the actor did not do his part justice, and not during the rest of the evening did he rise to his usual standard of excellency. No one knew the reason, for, to the intense interest felt in the play, no one had perceived a little face at the door, a baby figure steal quietly down the extreme left aisle of the balcony. No one but Cheriton. He was in the midst of his delivery of some most pathetic lines and his eyes were raised upward, so that they rested precisely on the balcony aisle to the left of the stage. He saw the tiny but graceful form of a child—a little girl—not five years old, clad in a quaint, but rich and dainty, dress of black velvet with ruffled sleeves and white lace edging at the wrists and neck; he noticed the broad-brimmed hat trimmed with a narrow but exquisite wreath of simple meadow daisies, and above all he beheld, beneath the hat, the cluster of sunny, golden hair and the clear blue eyes of the childish, angel face.

The baby, with baby grace and abandon, stole softly down to the balcony rail, upon which she rested her little arms, and with her chin nestling in her dimpled hands (like one of Halphoel's cherubs) silently watched the play. Cheriton felt absolutely certain that the baby was the child of—well, a woman he once knew. He was positive of it, and would have backed his opinion with every thing he possessed.

He was no longer in the Seedville Academy of Music. Mechanically he proceeded with his part in the performance, but he saw none of the people before him, save the baby—and even the baby only served to remind him of another face, long since lost to him—while his thoughts and memory were afar off in a city of the sunny South.

He remembered how in the City of Mexico, exactly six years before, he had loved with a mad and irresistible passion just such a fair sweet face as was the baby's in the balcony; he recollected the faultless form, the natural grace of movement and the bewitching smile; he called to mind the sunny hair and the quaint dresses of velvet and old lace—yes, it all came back to him with the baby leaning there over the balcony rail. How he tried to forget it all, on the stage and off! How he had sought to bury it far out of his sight and memory! He had traveled East, West and North (never South) only at last to find the past as fresh as ever, in the little theatre of quiet Seedville.

Sought now he of the footlights or the orchestra, of the stage or the house—he was away on a vine-covered veranda in the outskirts of the City of Mexico. He was telling a fair young girl of his love and adoration, and ringing in his ears was her cold, hard reply: "It is impossible, to-morrow I am to be married."

The second act of the play came to an end. When the curtain rose for the third and last act, the baby had disappeared.

The performance was almost concluded when through that terror-stricken assemblage rang the alarm of "Fire!"

Aroused from his reveries and dreams of the past Cheriton became aware that smoke was coming from the left wings. He was quickly alive to the situation, and stepping to the edge of the stage, in a loud and commanding voice he directed the movements of the affrighted men, women and children.

The fire quickly gained on the building, and before the one fire engine of Seedville could get to work the theatre was doomed.

Cheriton was one of the last to leave the stage, and when he did so the danger to the audience was over, for all had reached the street.

When the alarm of fire was given Cheriton was attired for the play as a laboring man, without coat and vest; so dressed he appeared on the street.

Standing with the crowd watching the flames was a beautiful woman, perhaps twenty-five or twenty-six years old. As Cheriton emerged from the building he was cheered by the crowd, and resting his eyes (from force of habit acquired on the stage) along the throng of faces, it rested on this woman.

He was seized with an inspiration, and rushing hastily to her, he grasped her arm tightly and almost rudely.

"Were you in the theatre to-night?"

"Yes."

"Alone?"

"No; with my mother."

"No one else—positively, no one else?"

"No one."

"Ah," thought Cheriton, as he hastened away, "the child was left at home and, doubtless, knowing where her mother had gone, followed her to the theatre."

By this time the fire was all over the house and the auditorium was filled with a dense mass of smoke. But heedless of the scorching heat, the blinding and suffocating smoke, and deaf to the warning cries of the firemen, Charley Cheriton rushed into the ill-fated building. He made his way to the left side of the balcony which was standing yet, and there, near the railing fast asleep or dead, he found the fair-haired baby girl. He grabbed a shawl which some one had left in the hurry to escape, and doubling again through the smoke and flames emerged once more on to the street.

A loud hurrah and deafening hand clapping greeted him, but he walked straight to the lady whom he had before addressed.

"Here is your little girl, madam. I noticed her in the balcony this evening. Do not be afraid. I just felt her move and heard her try to speak. If you will show me your house I will carry her home for you."

The lady was too much affected to speak. Silently they walked a short distance until they reached a pleasant home not far from the theatre.

When they entered the parlor the mother took her child and mentioned Cheriton's card.

In a few minutes the lady returned.

"My baby is not hurt at all, and is now sleeping as if nothing had happened. Mr. Cheriton, how can I thank you?"

"I am thanked sufficiently already," he replied.

Then there was silence. It was a strange meeting; the actor in his stage costume, his sleeves rolled up, his hair and moustache singed, and his face blackened by the smoke, while near him sat a beautiful woman scarce able to restrain her tears.

He waited until she regained some composure, and then he rose as if to go.

"Good bye," he said. "I am glad to have been able to give you your little girl. I suppose you have nothing more to say to me, or good bye." He held out his hand as he spoke and she took it in both of hers.

"Yes, I have something more to say, and I will say it whatever you think of me for doing so.

"Listen. Six years ago you thought me heartless and cruel because I told you that it was impossible to marry you, though you thought I had given you no reason. I stood that I loved you. Well, I did love you. Perhaps it is unwomanly to say it but I did love you. The man I married—the father of my little girl—died before the baby was born. He was a good man, a good husband, but I did not love him. I loved you all the more and sacrificed love and happiness for what I thought to be duty. Charley, I love you still; you have saved my little girl—will you ever part from us from a lonely, cheerless future and from all the accounts of bitter memories? Will you, Charley?"

Well, every thing had seemed very strange to Charley Cheriton that New Year's Eve—the piano, the baby, the fire—the meeting—it somehow it did not seem of all strange when he pressed his large form and blackened face almost to the theater waist, while the well-rounded head with its fair wavy mass of curls rested upon the smoke-begrimed shoulder, which covered his broad chest. And he thought of the title of the play—"A little child shall lead them."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Two gentlemen were walking on F street yesterday when one said:

"Let's cross the street. There comes a man to whom I owe some money, and I don't want to meet him."

"Does he dun you?"

"No; that's the worst of it. He never speaks of it."

After they had crossed over the debtor walked on some distance in thoughtful silence. Then he said, seriously:

"I wish that man would get mad about it and go at me with a club. I can't pay him the money, and I wish he would thrash me like fury and settle the matter so that I wouldn't ever be afraid again to meet him."

There is a lot of good, clean, human nature in that reflection.

The minister was closing with his family, and Bobby then spoke out:

"Ma, what's an adjective?"

His mother explained the meaning of the word, and then Bobby asked him why he wanted to know.

"Because I heard you say that the sermon this morning was a regular talk your own self, and when I asked to tell me what that was he said it was an adjective."

Stranger—Where is the county seat?

Native (in thick, tobacco-laden drawl)—Wa-al, I reckon it's about that near yeller cow standin' over towards Simmonsville, or it don't the location of the county seat is liable to be settled to-day, or sumthin' preposterous like, to-morrer.

A well known scientist announces that he is about to write a book which shall go a long way towards bridging the psychological distance which separates the gentle from the gentleman. He has his work cut out a hard task. He has undertaken to find the word "umbrella" to rhyme with "lily," and "chalk" for "sparkle," he would be sure of success.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered as the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One col'm	10 00	25 00	38 00	56 00

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Huntersville, W. Va.

May 16 1889.

The town of Stafford, Kan., was wiped out by a cyclone last week.

There is going on in Richmond, Va. a tremendous religious upheaval among the negroes.

Two young men in Somerset, Pa., barged their father to get their inheritance.

Was it the Harrison family or the republican party that was elected last November.

All the records smashed. The City of Paris crosses the ocean in 5 days 23 hours and 7 minutes.

The State claims 90,000 population for Richmond, with a suburban population of 27,000 more.

The Parkersburg Journal seems to think that the prospects for the "Black Diamond" railroad are more encouraging.

Had it been Cleveland, it would have been tariff reformation—as it is, Harrison and wage reformism, remarks an observant exchange.

Carter B. Harrison, who was last week appointed marshal of the middle district of Tennessee,is a brother of the President.

Mrs. Louisa Sheffy, of Staunton, is dead. It was just about four weeks after the death of her lamented husband, Judge Sheffy.

The only woman ever convicted of horse stealing in Missouri was a beautiful girl of 18 years, on May 7. The jury gave her two years.

It is said that they have had to put fishing hooks into the White House to accommodate the numerous branches of the presidential family.—Ex.

Henry W. Grady, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, is to address the literary societies of the University of Virginia at their final celebration on the 25th of June.

It is intimated the President will spend a portion of the heated term in the mountains of West Virginia, near Davis, on the new West Virginia Central Railroad.

It is conceded by republicans as well as democrats that the best all round speech at the New York centennial was delivered by ex President Cleveland in response to the toast, "Our country!"

Frank W. Palmer, of Illinois, has been appointed Public Printer. The newspapers offices along the railways leading out of Washington will now prepare for a deluge of tramp printers.—Ex.

Where is the increase in the price of wool that the republican orators told you about so positively just fall if a republican President was elected? In fact where is anything true that anybody told you?

ELEVEN fourth class postmasters were removed in Pocahontas county last week. Clarkson is getting in his work pretty fast.—Braxton Democrat.

Mr. Democrat we haven't heard of them as yet.

There are five banks and six newspapers and on average daily sale of fifty dollars worth of postage stamps in Guthrie, Oklahoma, a town which did not exist prior to April 22nd. In a few days more we may expect to hear it boasting, with the rest of its occidental contemporaries of "the finest opera house west of the Mississippi."

Where is the protection to American labor that you republicans talk about? We don't know where it is! but there is one thing we do know, that there are thousands of working men, working for whatever compensation they can get, and thousands upon thousands who are out of employment altogether, and have large families in a starving condition.

West Virginia is talking a phenomenal boom. More miles of railroad will be constructed during the present year than in any other one year in her history, and she is a Democratic state, too. Our Republican friends who are continually bawling about old fogies and moss backs and claiming that nothing but a Republican administration can attract capital into a state, should make a note of this.—Charleston Daily Star.

Rather a funny little episode happened near Philippi last week. A young man went to the clerk of the court and obtained a permit to wed a young lady. On his way home he called at the residence of another young lady, to whom he had been paying some attention, and exhibited to her his license to wed her rival. She, with rather more spirit than her sex usually possesses, getting the paper into her possession, very deliberately proceeded to tear it to pieces, and consign it to the flames, and the young man was compelled to postpone the wedding to another day.—Nicholas Chronicle.

The New York World sees in Mr. Cleveland's conduct, since his retirement from the Presidency, many evidences that he again aspires to become his party's leader in the next National struggle. It sees in Mr. Harrison's disregard of the civil service, and the consequent disgust of the mugwump element with the President, an opportunity for Mr. Cleveland. It says: "If Mr. Cleveland can and will make himself the exponent and champion of the real ideas and true principals of Reform—reform in politics, reform in administration, reform in legislation, reform in justice—his nomination would be quite possible, and he would have a vigorous supporter in the World."

Is it possible that the World is beginning to retire at the light at last? It lists a number of reforms which it would have Mr. Cleveland to make himself the champion and exponent of, as condition of its vigorous support. Will could Mr. Cleveland say to this proposition: "All these things have I kept from my youth up?" The World knows that it is nothing no pattern for Mr. Cleveland. He walked the reformer's path all through his administration, and hence his defeat. No man could have done more than he in the way of the reforms indicated—because no man was ever more honest, or firmer than he. The open opposition of the World to Mr. Cleveland began the very hour of his inauguration, and was fierce, relentless and unjust from that day till now. We are glad to see it ready to acknowledge at last that the man to lead the Democracy to victory in 1892 is Grover Cleveland.—Kanawha Gazette.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 10th.—Harrison made the best appointment that he has yet made when he selected Ex-Gov. Thompson, of South Carolina, as the democratic member of the Civil Service Commission. Gov. Thompson was Assistant Secretary of the Treasury under Cleveland's administration, and was during the last days of Congress appointed by Mr. Cleveland to the same position he has just received from a Republican President, but the Senate did not act on his nomination.

There is a whooping and wailing, and gnashing of teeth among the little crowd of late applicants for the position of Public Printer, five of whom are understood to have made a combination,each promising to give the other four appointments to the office if made Public Printer, over the fact that the coveted prize has gone to Ex-Congressman Frank W. Palmer, formerly postmaster at Chicago. If either Harrison suspected the "combine" which these applicants had entered into I can not say, but it is known that some days ago he told a gentleman that he should not appoint any of the applicants up to that time and asked him to name a good man for the office. Palmer was named, and after further investigation the office was tendered to him, and he accepted it. When the appointment was made public it was really amusing to see the members of the "combine" chasing around trying to find somebody to introduce them to the new Public Printer so they could get in their applications for the "fat" positions under him. It is thought that one of these men Donath, nominally of Pennsylvania, really of the District of Columbia, may lose his mind on great a shock has the disappointment been at not being made Public Printer. He was so certain that he was to get the appointment that he had already given away several of the most important places in the Government Printing office.

It is evidently the purpose of the the republican politicians to make the census bureau an asylum for their political proteges. The Interior Department has decided that the appointments in this bureau will have next year when it gets regularly to work, over 1500 clerks, besides an army of special agents, and the most of these will be kept for two years or longer. It will be a great convenience to prominent republicans to use these positions to pay off their political debts, and if the appointments were made under civil service rules that would be impossible.

The first of the fifteen contested election cases which are to come before the Fifty-first Congress was opened by the Clerk of the House this week. It was Culmore vs. Morgan, of the second Mississippi District.

Harrison having provided a snug place for his brother in law, so it is said, about to appoint Blaine's brother to one of the most lucrative local offices in Washington Register of Wills.

The new Secretary of Agriculture in order to prove his familiarity with farming implements, and maybe to get solid with the farmers of the country, put in a half an hour cutting grass with a scythe in the grounds surrounding his department, one day this week. Of course he was entirely ignorant of the fact that several newspaper men had their eyes on him during the entire performance.

Republicans are already beginning to compare Harrison with Hays and Arthur, they say that he is timid almost to the extent of cowardice.

It is said that the Post office Department is appointing clerks in the Railway Mail Service and having their appointments in April in order to avoid compliance with civil service rules under which all such appointments should have been made since May.

Senator Gorman thinks that Calvin S. Brice will be elected chairman of the National democratic committee to succeed the late ex-Senator Barnum. This is taken here to mean that Senator Gorman will not accept the position.

Theodore Roosevelt of N. Y. who has just been appointed as one of the republican Civil Service Commissioners, is a pronounced free trader. Funny isn't it, that a man elected President solely because he was a rigid protectionist should give such a prominent appointment to a free trader.

The newspaper man's luck has not yet deserted him. The new Public Printer is a member of the fraternity.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Cuddesville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, and from Hunterville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning. Passengers accommodated.

JOEL FLACK, Carrier.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

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TERMS cash in hand

M. W. BEARD.

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Very Respectfully,

Herold & Moore.

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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication. The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

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Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

—Sheep Shearing.

—Corn planting is over.

—There now subscribers this week.

—A special term of the County Court met last Tuesday.

—What's the matter with the correspondents this week.

—Gen. W. Sipe, of Green Bank was in the city Tuesday.

—Rain and sunshine make grass grow.

—Charles Arbogast was in town Tuesday.

—Sheriff McNeel was in Huntersville Tuesday.

—L. W. Herold, of Frost was in Huntersville Tuesday.

—Lots of new subscribers this week. Last issue time.

—E. A. Gibbs of Hopkins, Va., is in town.

—Capt. Stofer, who has been on Elk for some time has returned.

—Jesse Adkins, of Charleston was in town last week.

—A. F. Wickline, of Monroe Co., was in our city last Thursday.

—S. M. Wells of Baltimore, was in town Sunday.

—L. S. Frost, of Huntington was in town last week.

Go to John Watts & Co, Frankford, W. Va. for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12t

—Andrew Price, and Henry McClaughlin were in town the first of the week.

Buggy harness and Saddles at $5.00 and up to $40 at A. P. Leist's Racketeria, W. Va. 30-2m

—The County Court, Messrs. Moore and Beard, were here Tuesday.

—A Harlowe county man is going to put thirty-seven acres of ground in peanuts.

A fine line of ladies hats just received at Herold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va.

—Eli Baker, has been appointed postmaster at Beverly, Randolph Co.

Sewing machines from $25 to $50, warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Racketeria, W. Va. 30-2m

—They are going to vote for a site another school in the Little Levels.

If you want a good suit of clothes go to Herold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va.

—Lots of fishing going on now. The fellow who catches the biggest fish is usually the biggest liar.

—Don't forget that we are trying to run a good local paper, and want the news and if you know of any thing please report.

NOTICE.

The Final Celebration of Hillsboro Male and Female Academy will take place Thursday and Friday evenings May 23rd and 24th inst. Exercises will begin promptly at 7:30 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to the Public to attend.

W. H. LANDON,
Principal.

—H. Dever, of Knapp's was at this place Tuesday.

Go to Herold & Moore's, Frost, W. Va., for your dry goods and notions. Best styles and lowest prices. may 9-12t

—The State Press Association of this State meets at Whitsburg, on the 18th of June.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines that's made of John Watts & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12t

—C. E. Hogg, of Christiansburg, Va., was at this place the first of the week.

Call an examine our stock of queensware, we can suit you in both quality and price. Herold & Moore, Frost, W. Va.

John Watts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be he a during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Messrs. E. H. Moore, Jos. McNeel and R. M. Beard, of Academy, were in to see us Tuesday. Mr. Beard was driving a fine pair of match bay mares.

—Sheriff McNeel and C. E. Beard, brought one Percy Townsend to jail last Tuesday, on a capious for non payment of fines &c., made at the last term of the Court.

—The Greenbrier Independent says that Mr. John Furgiesong, of Lewisburg, died at his home, on Thursday last, the 2nd inst., in his 74th year.

—Don't forget that next Tuesday 21st is school election day. Come to the polls and vote for Mr. C. G. Mathews, for County Superintendent; he is the only candidate in the field.

Herold & Moore, Frost, W. Va., have just returned from the east, and are now receiving the nicest, best and most complete stock of goods they have ever offered the public, which will be sold low down for cash or good produce.

—Messrs. H. C. McCullough, Geo. Grant and C. A. Church, were in this vicinity a part of last week looking after inducements for a branch railroad from the C. & O., from the White Sulphur to this place.

—Don't forget the poor editor when you have a news item, says an eastern exchange. If your wife licks you, let us know it, and we will set it all right before the public. If you have company, tell us if you are not ashamed of your visitors. If a youngster arrives at your house begging for raiment, buy a lot of cigars and come around, and, if you are a cash subscriber, we will find a name for him or her as the circumstances will permit. And if you have a social gathering of a few of your friends, bring around a big cake, seven or eight pies and a ham not necessarily to eat, but as a guarantee of good faith. You needn't bother about inviting us, for our wardrobe isn't suitable for the occasion. We mention these things because we want the news, and we are bound to have it.

Lee is Dead.

The faithful old nag belonging to Capt. Stofer, passed beyond this world of toil a few days ago, on Elk. She was 22 years old, and has long since through the Capt's. generosity been the errand nag of our town, and her death will be regretted by those who depended on her, when they wanted to ride a short distance.

Mill Point Pickings.

Fine weather for planting corn and making garden.

Withrow McClintic and M. F. Gum left last Thursday for Raleigh Co.

The farmers are nearly all done planting corn.

Mr. Montgarner has moved to Hillsboro.

Mr. J. T. Hogsett is quite ill at this writing.

Miss Mary Barker is visiting in our neighborhood.

We had a big rain and hail storm last Saturday night.

L. C. G.

Samuel M. Hay was appointed Superintendant of the roads over which Jno. Gibson, Jr., is toll collector, in the room and stead of Samuel B. Moore, refusing to act as such Superintendent.

The following commissioners of election were appointed for the school election the 21st of May.

Traveller's Repose;

Peter D. Yeager, A. M. V. Arbogast and Lafayette Barner.

Green Bank;

John R. Warwick, J. H. Patterson, and Adam Arbogast.

Dunmore;

Wm. H. Cackley, Ernest M. Moore and George Arbogast.

Frost;

Andrew Herold, I. B. Moore and W. A. T. Sharp.

Huntersville;

D. A. Fisher, S. L. Brown and Sheldon Moore.

Edray;

Geo. E. Gay, Wm. M. Sharp and W. T. Vis.

Split Rock;

E. B. King, B. S. Varner and Harman Sharp.

Little Levels;

B. V. Hill, Jno. P. Kinnison and C. W. Eskridge.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A dispatch from Wheeling, W. Va., says a terrible accident is reported from Braxton county. P. H. Hair and family lived in a thinly settled district, and on Sunday last, May 5th, he and his wife and two children started to visit a neighbor. The mountain stream in their path was swollen out of its banks, but Hair attempted to cross in a canoe. Half way over the boat capsized and the whole family were thrown out. The wife and one child immediately sank. Hair, who was an expert swimmer, seized the other child and made desperate efforts to escape. He caught on to the canoe, but was swept down the stream and perished before help could reach him. The bodies have all been recovered.—Ex.

The Suicidal Mania.

The readers of the newspapers recently must have observed that the suicidal mania in this country threatens to become an epidemic. In Chicago there are five suicides a day. Since the first of April there have been over a hundred in the county, and since the first of January, over six hundred.

What is the matter with the people? Why are they so anxious to shuffle off this mortal coil? Statistics show that the men who go off and deliberately kill themselves are the very ones who can be of some service to the state and to the country. The Chicago Tribune says that "within the last three months three clergymen, three postmasters, six physicians, twelve well-to-do merchants, seven office holders, three lawyers, three bankers, four railroad officials, two artists, three rogues, one journalist, one army officer and two capitalists have, for various reasons, voluntarily shuffled off this mortal coil."

Where is the physician who can minister to this form of disease? Where is the statesman who is able to prescribe a remedy for this kind of epidemic? It is a very urgent question.—Atlanta Constitution.

Gov. Lee, of Virginia, is said to have attracted the most attention at the New York centennial, and Gov. Wilson, of West Virginia, was the only Governor present who did not wear a silk hat. Our own B. Willis generally gets there in some kind of shape. To those doubting this assertion we refer them to Curt and Cuff.—Ex.

Orders of Publication.

No. 1.

At a rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the first Monday in May 1876.

Chas. L. Austin & als. }
vs. } In chy. No 1
Wm. F. Arbogast & als. }

The object of this suit is to have partition or sale of a tract of land containing 6,400 acres, known as the late No. 7, 8 and 11, lying on the Alleghany or ridge in Pocahontas County and the proceeds thereof divided among those entitled thereto according to their respective rights and interests and appearing from affidavit filed by affidavit filed that Chas. Wade, August G. Wade, and C. Jay Haymond, Eugene Warwick Hall, T. Hedrick, Chas. W. Hunt, Greenville Sanders Trustee, James Arbogast, Jno. B. Shultz, Annie Gum Tom G. Gum, R. Lee Gum, Clara Conrad, G. A. Forrest and Lizzie his wife, are residents of the State of West Virginia; that the heirs of Stewart Warwick, dec'd, of Augusta State are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiffs without effect, to ascertain in what county Margaret Dyer resides. It is ordered that they do appear here within one months after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
L. H. BRYAN, p. q.
C. F. MOORE, p. q.
may 9th 6 w printer's fee $11.40

No 2.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia on the first Monday in May 1876.

Chas. L. Austin, &c. }
vs. } In chy. No. 2.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. }

The object of this suit is to have a sale of a tract of land containing about 1,740 acres, lying on the Alleghany Mountain in Pocahontas County and the proceeds divided among those entitled thereto according to their respective rights and interests, and it appearing from affidavit filed that Chas. G. Wade, Chas. Wade, William, Peter, John and A. M. Hammond, Mary Driscoll, Andrew, John, Abigail and Annie Stephenson, John V. B. Wade and Rebecca his wife, and Jno. Groves are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the heirs of Susan Pratt, dec'd, are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiff without effect, to ascertain in what county, Lorenzo Humphries and Jane his wife, John Stephenson, Julia Rogers, formally Arbogast reside, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
L. H. BRYAN, p. q.
C. F. MOORE, p. q.
may 9th 6 w printer's fee $10.40

No. 3.

At rules held in the Circuit Court, Clerk's office of Pocahontas county, West Virginia on the first Monday in May, 1876.

Chas. L. Austin, &c. }
vs. } In chy. No. 3.
Wm. F. Arbogast, &c. }

The object of this suit is to have a sale of a tract of land containing about 1,800 acres, lying on the Alleghany Mountain in Pocahontas county, and the proceeds divided among those entitled thereto according to their respective rights and interests, and it appearing from affidavit filed that Annie G. and Chas. Wade, William, Peter, John and A. M. Hammond, Mary Driscoll, Andrew, John, Abigail and Annie Stephenson, John V. B. Wade and Rebecca his wife and Jacob Groves are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the heirs of Susan Pratt, dec'd, are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiff without effect to ascertain in what county Lorenzo Humphries and Jane his wife, John Stephenson, Julia Rogers, formally Arbogast reside, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
L. H. BRYAN, p. q.
C. F. MOORE, p. q.
may 9th 6 w printer's fee $10.40

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the first Monday in May, 1876.

Rebecca J. Hill & als.
vs. In chy.
Hill's Admr's.

The object of this suit is to settle the administration of the estate of Henry Hill, dec'd, to sell the real estate of which he died seized and possessed, to pay the debts of said decedent, and to divide the proceeds of the real estate of which he died seized to the parties entitled thereto, and to settle the accounts of the said Hill, and it appearing from affidavit filed that Thos. F. Hill and Elizabeth his wife, Mary Virginia Hill, Henry Hill, Jno. Hill, Jas. Hill, Jane Hill, Virginia Hill, Sarah Hill, Rebecca Hill, Nancy Hill, Margaret Hill, Elizabeth Hill, Jno. Hill, Jr., Wm. Hill, Jr., Jas. Hill, Jr., Jane Hill, Jr., Virginia Hill, Jr., Sarah Hill, Jr., Rebecca Hill, Jr., Nancy Hill, Jr., Margaret Hill, Jr., Elizabeth Hill, Jr., are non residents of the State of West Virginia, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiffs without effect to ascertain in what county they reside, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
L. H. BRYAN, p. q.
C. F. MOORE, p. q.
may 9 6 w printer's fee $10.40

PRIVATE SALE OF LAND.

I will sell at private sale, 100 acres of land lying within one half mile of Hunsford River opposite to the mouth of Hunsford Creek, formerly known as the Jackets place. I will sell at a reasonable rate. I will remain in the County two weeks, in the vicinity of Little Levels and Huntersville, after that

Address, Jas. C. A. GUM,
Raphine, Va.

CARPET WEAVING.

If any ward wishes to have all kinds of rag carpets woven at a low price, and their rags picked over, they can bring the same to the shop of the undersigned on Mill Point, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

GOOD FLOUR.

If any of my friends want to buy good flour at $5.50 per barrel, they can call at the store of A. Barlow & Co., and they will find the same. Yours, &c.

A. BARLOW.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered on the 3rd day of April, 1876, in the chancery cause of

Frederick Beer's Exr. &c.
vs.
Frederick Beer's Exr. &c.

I, as Special Commissioner appointed in the decree, shall proceed to sell at the front of the Circuit Court House, in the town of Pocahontas County, Va., at public auction, to the highest bidder,

ON THE 12TH DAY OF JUNE 1876

the following real estate, to-wit: [illegible] Beer's Exr. &c., containing [illegible] acres, more or less, lying on the waters of [illegible] Creek, and bounded as follows: [illegible] to a stone, [illegible] to a stone, [illegible] to a stone,

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One Inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	4 00	10 00
Sp. notices	3 00	5 00	10 00	15 00
Half col's	5 00	15 00	25 00	50 00
One col's	15 00	30 00	50 00	90 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 50 in advance; after 6 months, $1 50; after 12 months, $1 75.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 16 1889.

Blackbird and Snake-Snake.

Fierce and Severe.

One bright morning last summer I was walking out in the country near town, looking for anything I could find, and seeing what I could in the bird line, when I was surprised to hear a great noise of birds

Was it the Harrison family or the republican party that was elected last November.

All the records smashed. The City of Paris crosses the ocean in 5 days 23 hours and 7 minutes.

The State claims 30,000 pupils from the Richmond, with a suburban population of 25,000 more.

The Parkersburg Journal seems to think that the prospects for the "Black Diamond" railroad are more encouraging.

Had it been Cleveland, it would have been tariff reformation—as it is, Harrison and wage reduction, remarks an observant exchange.

Carter B. Harrison, who was last week appointed marshal of the middle district of Tennessee, is a brother of the President.

Mrs. Lavinia Shuffy of Staunton, is dead. It was just about four weeks after the death of her husband, Judge Shuffy.

The only women ever convicted of horse stealing in Missouri was a beautiful girl of 19 years, on May 7. The jury gave her two years.

It is said that they have had to cut folding beds into the White House to accommodate the numerous branches of the presidential family.—Ex.

Henry W. Grady, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, is to address the literary societies of the University of Virginia at their final celebration on the 25th of June.

A boy sixteen years of age, named Albert Persons, attempted to elope with his step grandmother, Mrs. Mary Mail, aged twenty-two, last Saturday. They were intercepted at Clarksburg and the officers fell on. They were both from Taylor county.—Randolph Enterprise.

Mrs. Henry Yeager, of Green bank, and Mr. Barnes, of Traveler's Repose, with their families, all of Pocahontas county, passed through Monterey on April 24, enroute for Cheyenne, Wyoming.—Highland Recorder.

Wonder what the striking and locked out miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and those of Indiana and Illinois who have just been forced to suffer and unprecedented cut in their wages think of the success of "protection to American labor."—Register.

A Pointer For Unfortunate Citizens.

The Grafton Eagle Sentinel says: The young men are the bone and sinew of the land. If we want to build up our State and bring about greater prosperity, we must keep our young men at home, and in order to do this we must offer them such inducements to remain as will overcome the attractions of other sections. This is a big, wide country of ours, but there is no section [illegible] but a [illegible] can attract [illegible] should [illegible] better If

Rather [illegible] than they could [illegible] peanut nears.

[illegible] young [illegible] court [illegible] a young [illegible] called [illegible] young [illegible] paying [illegible] ed to [illegible] al. She [illegible] then [illegible] ing the [illegible] Very [illegible] it to [illegible] flames, [illegible] compelled [illegible] to another [illegible] ola.

The [illegible] Mr. Clevel[illegible] ret reinst[illegible] many evil[illegible] pires to [illegible] in the next [illegible] seen in Mr. [illegible] the civil [illegible] quent dis[illegible] element [illegible] portunity [illegible] says: "[illegible] will make [illegible] and shame[illegible] true patriot[illegible] in politics [illegible] tion, refus[illegible] in justice [illegible] be quite [illegible] have a [illegible]

[illegible] ever occur to you," said [illegible] a man to a New York [illegible]er, the other day, "that [illegible] Postmaster John Wanamaker's [illegible] business must be having? There are some 60,000 [illegible] postoffices in the country, [illegible] more than 50,000 of them [illegible] all country stores. Don't [illegible] that when John Wana[illegible]maker comes round to [illegible] a store he has a pretty [illegible] good chance of getting an order? I'll bet that there are not a hundred such postmaster storekeepers within a thousand miles of Philadelphia who do not buy all they can at Wanamaker's nowadays, and even in more distant parts of the country the postmasters will stretch a point whenever they can to send to Philadelphia for their goods. Suppose a man who is to be reappointed, don't you think he will imagine that it will be a good thing for him to be able to refer Postmaster General Wanamaker to Whitelaw Merchant Wanamaker for information as to his credit and business standing. Of course the postmasters in 99 cases out of 100 will be wrong in it, but it pays here the idea all the same that [illegible] maker will know the name [illegible] all about every man who buys [illegible] of him, and they will not [illegible] it. It will be Wanamaker [illegible] facts if he don't take [illegible] sole business in the country [illegible] the next four years."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 10th.—Has [illegible] made the best appointment [illegible] yet made what he [illegible] made?

A lady who was very talkative but at the same time very silly complained that she was bothered by people who stayed too long:

"If they don't go why then don't you talk to them?" replied a female friend.

Mistress—"Why, Bridget, what in the world are you doing with my new dress on?" Bridget—"Sure, mum, it's yerself what gave it to me." Mistress—"I gave it to you?" Bridget—"Yis; yez said Oi cud have it as soon as yez had worn it out, an' begorra yez wore it out yesterday afthernoon.—Harper's Bazar.

A maiden from the city tripped lightly 'mid the trees and snuffed the repugnant odor that floated on the breeze. "Oh tell me ancient farmer, with arms so brown and bare, what is that wondrous flower that scents the morning air?" Loud laughed the ancient farmer till the tears rolled down his cheek: "Why bless you that's a polecat and I've smelt him for a week."

Philadelphian—You are very fond of society, I see. Do you belong to the exclusive set?

New Yorker—No, unfortunately there is a dark stain on my social record.

"Indeed!"

"Yes, it's too true. I once walked two squares on Fifth avenue with a very dear friend of mine, an eminent scientist who had on a suit of ready-made clothing."

"Well, Ned, I proposed to Miss Jenkins last night, and she has accepted me."

"Did you, though? Why I never for a moment thought you had the slightest idea of marrying."

"I didn't but Miss Jenkins won me so completely by her beautiful tact and delicate forethought."

"In what respect."

"Why, when I called, she walked up to the mantel-piece and stopped the clock."

"Why do you speak in such a low voice!" said a member of a certain church to the pastor.

"Well," he replied, "when I first began to preach they called me a shouter, because I spoke so loud. One Sunday morning, just after I finished the prayer, and while the solemn hush was still upon the congregation, a little fellow broke the silence with the question: 'Ma, is God deaf?' I have never shouted since."

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIMES

JOB OFFICE.

FOR THE BLOOD,
Malaria, Chills, Indigestion and Biliousness, use
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It cures others, it will cure you. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

DIRECT TO CONSUMER
Saving $5 to $40 to You.
We Manufacture a Full Line of Spring Beds, Mattresses, Bedding, Etc.
Write for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List.
Factory: Bridge St. Columbus, O.

FOR DYSPEPSIA:
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Prescribed by physicians. All druggists keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on the wrapper.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND HYPOPHOSPHITES.
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The Simplest Form in which Cod-liver Oil can be taken, Digested, and Assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the public generally, for whom we write, will be convinced of the evil with the Hypophosphites in much more effectual.

Emulsion is a fresh product.

Persons pale rapidly with bilious.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is endorsed by Physicians for the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Is the Blacking for Men, Women and Children.

The BRIGHT BLACK POLISH

Making Leather Waterproof and Durable. No Brush. A Shoe Lasts a Week. Can be washed with water, same as Oilcloth. The Finest Dressing for Harness.

Sold by Shoe Stores, Druggists, Saddlers, Harness Makers, Etc.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

THE FAVORITE CARRIAGE CO.

FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.
Write for Catalogue. CINCINNATI, OHIO, U. S. A.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.

READ THIS TWICE

Beware of Imitations.

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

BLUINE

THE BLUE IN THE BALL

BLUINE

BLUINE MFG. CO., West Auburn, Mass.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May, 23, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 44.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Cl'k of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. {C. B. Beard, Pres't. / R. B. Randall. / O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE.
Atty.-at-Law.
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

E. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RAILWAY DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as my Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE STERLING CO.
Manufacturers of

THE STERLING PIANOS,
with the
Quality of Tone, Purity of Tone, FINISH and Lasting Qualities of Standing in Tune Have No Equal.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years
and are sold at manufacturer's prices to purchasers, the Manufacturer to Consumer.
STERLING ORGAN
Factories, Derby, Conn.

BUCKLEY MT.

For THE TIMES.

Those mountains cross the river,
So lonely look and drear;
No human sound, no human step,
Ever met our ear.

The seasons come, the seasons go,
White snow flakes gently fall;
The trees take on their fresh green leaves,
But still 'tis silence all!

If I could see a child at play,
Or sturdy manhood's walk,—
Something to break the lonliness,
Something with which to talk

I gaze until the topmost pines
Daze darkley down at me,
And summon to my wanted task,
What'er the skies may be.

If sadness reign, or gaiety,
If friends are stern or kind,—
Duty, the bright and guiding star,
United God's rest we find.

MRS. ANNA L. PRICE.
Marlinton, W. Va., May 1889.

In the Throat of A Boa.

BY GEN. EDWARD S. TAYLOR

"I can never look upon one of those writhing, slimy things without a shudder," said my friend, Colonel Paul Ballantyne, as we three (his pretty South American wife was of the party) stood in front of the boa constrictor's cage in the serpent house at the Philadelphia Zoological Garden.

"And yet, dear," interposed Mrs. Ballantyne—and she laid her hand lovingly upon her husband's arm, and looked up into his handsome face with a wealth of love glowing in her lustrious brown eyes—"if it had not been for the serpent you would probably never have met me. But perhaps you regret that?" she added, with a pretty pout.

"Ah, that was the recompense!" said the Colonel, and he eyed her fondly. "But for that, I think I could never have summoned up fortitude enough to again look upon one of the monsters. As it is I cannot repress the shudder, and in fancy I feel myself again being sucked down to death."

"You had an adventure, Colonel?" I ventured.

"Adventure!" he echoed. "Well, I should say so. The most horrible a man ever experienced. But you dine with us to-day, and then I'll tell you the story."

He did, and gave me permission to print it, which I have done without material alteration, and with the substitution of fictitious names for the real actors, who will doubtless read and recognize this history.

Three years ago my friend was sent to Venezuela, as the agent of a firm of mahogany importers, who had purchased some valuable forestry concessions in that country.

The lumber tract lay along the banks of one of the bayous of the Orinoco River, about one hundred and fifty miles above the Isle of Barima.

The Colonel examined the tract, selected a site for a logging camp, and proceeded to La Guayra, purchased supplies, and engaged a native Venezuelan, named Guzman Meada a, to superintend the logging.

Indian laborers to fell the trees could be engaged in any quantity in the vicinity of the mahogany forest.

Mendoza was a slightly built, sallow faced fellow, with an ungovernable temper, to which he gave way at the slightest provocation. He was accompanied by an Indian servant, named Jose, who was much attached to his master.

Colonel Ballantyne had several wordy quarrels with his foreman, on the way up the river, and he began to regret having engaged so unaccommodating an assistant, but Mendoza thoroughly understood his work, and soon convinced his employer that he was worth more than the liberal salary that was paid him.

The camp was established, a corps of native axe men engaged and preparations were made to get together the material for a big mahogany raft, which would be floated down to the mouth of the bayou, where the precious wood would be loaded in vessels sent out by the firm which employed the Colonel.

Accompanied by Jose, who was familiar with woodcraft, the Colonel made daily excursions into the forest in all directions, to locate and mark the trees.

The tract proved to be a rich one. Mahogany trees were there by the thousand, and the forest was intersected by creeks in all directions, along which timber might readily be floated to the bayou, and thence to the river.

They had been in camp about a week, and the work was progressing satisfactorily, when Mendoza, who had heretofore been kept too busy to quarrel, got into a dispute with his employer, and had it not been for the interference of some of the Indian workmen, one would have shot the other, for both men drew their pistols.

After they had both had time to cool down, the Colonel, who is naturally of the most forgiving disposition, apologized to his antagonist, and requested that the matter be forgotten.

He held out his hand in token of amity, but Mendoza, with a shrug of his shoulders, and a contortion of his dark face, turned on his heel and walked away.

That night he and Jose held a long conversation, which was carried on in a low tone of voice, but although they looked frequently toward the Colonel and exchanged significant glances, he did not dream that they were plotting treachery.

The next morning the Colonel and Jose started, as usual, for a short expedition in the forest.

It was a feast day with the Indians, and they were making merry in the camp.

Jose carried a small hatchet for marking the trees, and over his shoulder was slung a haversack, containing lunch.

The Colonel walked in advance, armed only with a small rifle.

By noon they were ten miles from the camp, and further down the bayou than they had ever been before.

When they stopped for luncheon near a small spring, Jose informed his patron that they were only a few miles distant from the extensive coffee and indigo plantation of General Antonio De Silva, who controlled leagues of forest land in the vicinity, and from whom the American mahogany merchants had purchased the logging right.

After lunch the Colonel lighted his pipe, and leaned his back against a great tree trunk to enjoy an after dinner smoke.

Near by was a clump of low bushes, bearing a yellowish berry and he asked Jose if they were good to eat.

Jose examined them, and immediately declared that they were excellent.

"I have often eaten them down toward the coast, senor," he said, "but I have never seen any before so far in the interior."

He tasted the berries, pronounced them delicious, but somewhat different in flavor from them growing near the coast, and picked some for the Colonel, of which the latter ate liberally, without any suspicion of evil effects, finding them, as Jose had declared of a most delicious flavor, and in taste something like the raspberry.

He did notice that Jose ate only a couple, nor did he see the look of cunning exultation on the Indian's face.

Ten minutes after eating the first berry, the Colonel felt strangely exhilarated, and burst out into a rollicksome college song with the boisterous hilarity of one intoxicated with absinthe.

His whole nervous system, even to his finger tips, tingled with pleasing excitement. He had a vague recollection of making a resolve to check his ludicrous outburst; of seeing Jose glide away into the forest with his rifle over his shoulder, and a look of malignant hatred on his swarthy face; of struggling to his feet and calling to the Indian to come back, and then he rolled upon the ground and all became blank.

Not until the following day did consciousness begin to slowly assert itself. He then awoke, with a horrible sensation of helplessness.

The lower half of his body was numbed and paralyzed by a terrible gradually constricting power from all directions.

His limbs appeared dead, and all the blood forced out of them into the upper part of his body. His eyes seemed starting from their sockets; there was a singing in his ears, and he breathed with great difficulty.

His throat was hot and dry, and he was consumed with a raging thirst.

He was lying face downward, and having determined to throw off the stupor, he raised his hands to his head.

Instantly he was dragged backward several feet along the ground.

Horrified and bewildered, he made a frantic effort, pressed himself on his elbows and looked about him.

He was half engulfed in the throat of a monster boa constrictor!

The reptile had begun to swallow him without first crushing him with its coils, as is usually the case.

When the serpent moved, in indescribably sickening odor arose and almost stupefied the unfortunate man.

Maddened at the loathsome prospect, the Colonel gave a horrified scream of agony, and clutching frantically at the ground, struggled to release himself from the deadly embrace of the serpent's throat.

But the teeth of his destroyer were fastened in his back as in cast, and held him like a pair of hungry nippers, while the horrible suction pump below was worked with renewed energy.

The Colonel ceased his struggles, and looked about anxiously for Jose.

"What has become of him? Was he, too, being devoured, or was he already destroyed?"

While he was puzzling over these speculations, he suddenly remembered that just before consciousness left him, the Indian had disappeared in the forest, and then, like a flash, he recalled the fellow's conference with Mendoza, and he realized that he had been left to perish.

At the terrible thought, he made another effort to rise.

The movement disturbed the boa, and again it dragged him backward two or three feet, and again the constricting action from below began.

So long as he kept perfectly quiet the serpent seemed content to let matters take their course, and to remain in a semi-comatose condition.

He put down his left hand to feel the last rim of the boa constrictor's jaws.

They were three inches higher up, his body thus when he first regained consciousness.

The excitement through which he had passed had exhausted his energies, but this discovery awakened them.

He tried to form some plan of putting an end to his existence, but his brain was no longer equal to the concentration of a definite idea. He was beyond all power of action.

Once he fancied that he heard the cry of some animal or human being near by, but he was too far gone to pay much attention.

At last all seemed to be over with him. It was as though the darkness of night had gradually closed over him, the roaring noise in his ears continued for awhile and then all was silent.

He had sunk into the unconsciousness of complete exhaustion.

"I remembered no more," said the Colonel, "until I came to my senses again, and found myself lying on a luxurious bed, in a cool pleasant room."

"The first face that I saw as I opened my eyes, was that of the lady who afterward became my wife. At the time I thought her an angel from heaven, and—well, she is as near one as a mortal can be.

"I was very weak, and it was several days before I fully recovered. Then she told me the story of my rescue.

She is extremely fond of all wild pets, and was botanizing in the forest, accompanied by her maid and two trusty servants, when she suddenly beheld the head and shoulders of a man protruding from the mouth of a monster boa, whose scaly body lay in serpentine length along the ground.

Taking it for granted that I was dead, and chilled with horror, she uttered the horrified cry that I had dimly heard.

It brought to her side the servants, who were armed with sharp axes, to cut a path where necessary through the tangled undergrowth of the forest.

They boldly attacked the serpent and succeeded in chopping him completely in two just below the bulge in his body caused by my feet and legs. It was necessary, however, to slit open the severed head and neck before I could be released.

"At first they thought me dead, but were soon rejoiced at discovering a lingering spark of life."

Under Miss De Silva's directions the Colonel was taken to her father's house, and there she nursed him back to life and health.

A tender passion, such for the other, was developed during his convalescence, and when he was able to return to the logging camp, she had promised to be his wife.

He then learned from one of the Indian wood-choppers of the cowardly plot against his life.

Jose had seen the guayaba apples growing about, and when the Colonel while the latter was smoking under the tree, and had thereby, as he meant his master, Mendoza, in a terrible revenge.

Knowing the disgusting effect of the vegetable poison, the Indian had collected his companion by partaken of them, and then had left him to his horrible fate.

When he returned to camp he reported that the Colonel had been killed and devoured by an enormous serpent; but when news reached the camp that the serpent of dead man was safe in several De Silva's plantations, he and his companions ran off into the forest, deserted, and were seen no more by the Colonel, or any of the De Silva family.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

May 23 1889.

"An Old Prosperity."

On the fourth of March the Republican legislature of Kansas after voting up "every God from whom all blessings flow," passed a resolution "that we congratulate the nation upon the opening of this summer of a prosperous, industrious, and a consequent era of prosperity and good government." A few days later came the failure of the Reading iron works with liabilities of nearly $2,000,000, and throwing 2,000 men out of employment. Then the failure of the Edgemoor pottery at Camden, N. J., employing 300 hands, followed by the shutting down of the rolling mills at Reading, Reamstown, Steelton, Pa., and the Findlay, O., iron and steel company, with liabilities of over $500,000. A few more days passed and then came a lockout in the Fall River, Mass., cotton works, in which 6,000 men, women and children were thrown out of employment. Scarcely a day passes without a further reminder from somewhere that the "era of prosperity" of which the Kansas solons spoke has dawned upon the country. This is shown by the reduction of wages of mechanics and laborers and a decrease in the price of farm products all over the land. It is probably an "era of prosperity" for somebody and "speculation" is doubtless a big thing for somebody, but not which? Is it for the laborer, the mechanic, the farmer or the producer in any of the branches of manufacture or trade? Not much. Real prosperity is not recognized by the cranky kings and the gamblers who now have our government under their control. It may be an "era of prosperity" for them and it doubtless is. It is not nor can it be for the people. It is not nor can it be for those who have to pay the enormous taxes and it is not nor can it be for the millionaire manufacturers to shut down their works they would not nor dare not, and can't. Well, it is hardly probable. But what are you going to do about it? "Prosperity" in the mouth of the administration that will be in power two years from next fall is one thing and "prosperity" to the people, who are supposed to be the real source of the country is not quite the same good article. Still, that time (two years hence) at the next election, it is likely may suit us for four years longer. The workingmen who voted for Harrison and the ticket on protection to American labor in the hope of a good time, will have a right to "holler." He ought to have his confidence like a man. He asked for it, and he has got it, but we imagine that it does not look as good to his Cronies as it would. Experience is said to be a dear school, but it has doubtless been a short one to many. A Democrat who has followed the party whenever it led, without stopping to ask himself what for why, is entitled to what he got. But after all, they may learn something by it, and we hope they will. If not, we had better turn the country into a vast idiot asylum and let "protection" rule the roost until its followers starve to death hugging their idol, which is in reality the most gigantic fraud of the nineteenth century.—Charleston Mail.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 17th.—Hon. Samuel J. Randall who has been confined to his residence in this city for several weeks past, is now much better, although not yet well enough to get out of doors. He contemplates spending the summer at the seashore.

Solicitor General Jenks, of the Department of Justice, who tendered his resignation at the beginning of the present administration, has been notified of its acceptance by the President to take effect on the 15th inst. Mr. Jenks will continue in the service of the Government as counsel in the telephone cases until they are disposed of. This position was the bone of contention which brought on the recent bitter wrangle between Senators Harrison and Quay. It was privately promised by Secretary Blaine to Quay's candidate Al Johnson Hart, of Ohio, some weeks ago, but for some unknown cause the appointment has not yet been publicly announced.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger, would-be Congressman Langston and both or one Solomn Republican come in a collection and ask the President all they want to, but so far everything goes out in Virginia like goose to a Mahone man.

A big scramble is now taking place daily at the Government Printing office. Public Printer Palmer, the late Public Printer having taken charge of the office Monday, since which time he has hardly been allowed an opportunity to eat or sleep so great is the rush. He has made but few appointments yet, but one of those few Chief Inspector, was accepted by ex-Senator "Billy" Chandler, of New Hampshire, who is one of Palmer's bondsmen, and his private secretary. "Billy's" friends are of the belief that Palmer will be kicked out when the contracts for the next supplies for the office are made next month.

Chief Justice Fuller has gone to Nebraska, and from there he will proceed to South Carolina on his northern tour.

Harrison's first appointment here, James Townsend, of Indiana, to be recorder of the General Land Office has created quite a commotion in the Land Office. In the division at which Townsend is to be Chief there are 33 white ladies and every one of them is trying to get transferred to some other division in order to escape the negro chief. As one of the ladies puts it, "We naturally have to pay a certain amount of court and deference to our Chief, and it will be very disagreeable for me to treat a negro as my superior, I shall get into some other division if I can." If not I suppose I shall have to stand it, as my board and butter depends upon it."

Ohio seems does not propose getting left in the great scramble for office. Colonel Tunnel has appointed a board of pension examiners for Norfolk, and the Chief can Commissioner have received a letter asking that some examinations now to be held in Oklahoma.

It is said that the thirteen anti-Foraker Indians of Ohio republicans have got up a compromise on the Federal offices in Cincinnati, and that ex-Major Kemp, mayor will be surveyor, and Col. D. W. McClung collector. The first is a Democrat and the latter goes to the Foraker wing.

Dan Voorhees has signified here as a candidate for office that every appointee sent to the county should reside in or be designated. Unfortunately for Dan, however, Hon. W. E. Haskell, editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, who wants to go to minister to Denmark. Haskell is the man who publicly insulted Mrs. Cleveland by a scandalous editorial in the columns of his paper while she and her husband were the guests of his city. It is surprising that he could get anybody to endorse his application.

The Court of Claims has decided that the celebrated 'Trigg' swords, which have been in the custody of the Treasury department ever since the war should be turned over to Mr. Myers, the executor of the General Trigg' estate.

Ex-Congressman Ochiltree, who spends his time in New York, but for political purposes, claims a residence in Texas, says that Harrison has given him control of all the Federal patronage of Texas. It may be just as Mr. Ochiltree says, but you know Mr. Ochiltree is the champion romancer of the country.

Ex-Public Printer Benedict and brother, ex-chief clerk of the Government Printing office have been presented with handsome gold headed canes by the clerical force of that office.

A Mysterious Death.

On Wednesday of last week some fishermen discovered the body of a man lying on the bank of Greenbrier river, about three miles above Ahlerson, in Fort Spring district, this county. The body had evidently floated down during the recent rise in the river and deposited where found. The authorities of that district were notified, and a jury of inquest went down from Huntersville to investigate the matter. The body was very much decomposed, and was that of a man of mature age and was well dressed, having on a fine vest and overclothes, worth about $25 or $30. Nothing on the body was found to identify him. The only articles found were a couple of pocket knives, a money purse, (no money in it,) and a small knife. There were some initials cut in the handle of one knife easily seen with, but no name being present in the knife. This was all positively ascertained. The way evidently shows indirectly how it possibly met with its death. Whether by foul play or accidentally drowned, can only be surmised. The jury rendered their verdict accordingly.

Wheeling Gets Left.

THE WEST VIRGINIA DELEGATION OUTSHONE FROM NEW YORK TO THE COAST.

A gentleman who returned from New York, and who saw the great parade there, says the West Virginia delegation showed up in great shape. There were about 150 members of the National Guard in line from this State, being headed by Gov. E. W. Wilson, Gen. E. L. Wood and the Governor's Staff, including Col. A. A. Frankenberg of Wheeling. They came the Governor's Guard and the two companies of Lot men. The representation the children and Uncle entered all along the line.

There was no Governor in the line who received more cheers than Governor Wilson and he was one of the very few who received less, quite. While passing in front of reviewing stand of city officials was thrown to the Governor from one of the windows on this thoroughfare.

The Governor quickly took the thing and most adroitly dodged, not allowing the missile with a confidence one to whom the compliment should rightly belong, as they all paid their respects to the reviewing stand.

There are three governors' receptions during the week to be attended by the west Virginia. There is one on the West Virginia.

The Illinois house passed the bill appropriating $50,000 for a monument to the late John A. Logan.

The West Virginia soldier boys get $6,000 as their share of the $100,000 appropriated by the last Congress for distribution among the Volunteer friends of the deceased States.

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HOME NEWS

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The True Home Life.

From Good Housekeeping.

What is the central point of the home life? Is not this the question which we should each, as home-builders, ask ourselves? What are the things of all that we do, daily, weekly, or returning in their appointed time, which are only not necessary, but are harmful to the true home life? It may be that the only reason for doing certain things is because the proceeding generation has done the same things, and that, too, in very mechanical ways. A mother holds her first child while it sleeps upon her lap; it becomes accustomed to it. When she grows stronger she must lay it down to do necessary work; it frets and cries and refuses to take its naps. The mother is worn out in her efforts to do the work and quiet the cries; so she carries the child about in her arms. It is slow to walk. She becomes nervous and irritable, toward her baby, even. Her second child is cross and restless. She bears and nurses several children. All through these years the mistake pursues and wears her out. The children are not taught to depend upon themselves and to be helpful.

This mother does non-essential things and leaves the essential undone. Her mental growth stopped long ago; also for the time when the little children find that mother cannot help them in their little studies, and also for the mother who has let the knowledge of her girlhood slip from her, and has not added to it both for herself and family! What is more beautiful to see than great sons and daughters asking mother's opinion of some point which they are in doubt about, which they bring to her to have settled before they return to school? To have them hasten eagerly to tell her upon their return that their work was right!

Sometimes it is through suffering only that a woman learns that there are many things which need not be done. It is often in these times of forced quiet that she sees most clearly that real living is not a part of her home life. After her experience is gained and she has but little strength, she can then think what she should do with the strength which is still left to her.

Temporal wants and pleasures must be considered, and indeed planned for, but there are many things done in the way of cooking food and hinds some through its sickness, which should be made rarely, if at all. Sacrifices which take away rest and sleep to keep up pride in dress or some adornment, should never be made.

Let children be taught that they may have tiny chores when they can make room, and keep them in order. In a home where the work is done by the mother and daughters, this plan is pursued. She found that when her daughters were old enough to iron much ruffled child dresses they preferred plain ones.

Nothing can take the place of neatness and order. These depend much upon good management, for one can always be cleaning, yet never clean, always arranging, yet never in order. Sometimes one's own spirit is restless which is the secret cause of the lack in the divine part of a true home life.

She Thought it Time to Get to Business.

"Oh darling Ethel," said the young man, as he moved nearer to the blushing maiden, "you really do not love me as I do you, or you would not be so cold."

"I am not cold, Herbert," murmured she.

"Yes you are. Here I have loved you madly for months, and to night I have told you so, and yet you refuse to let me kiss your sweet lips only once to seal our compact."

"It would not be right, Herbert," she sighed.

"Yes, it would, my darling one. It would not harm you; it would never be told to the cold ear of the world; it would be a token I should never forget. Do you give me one, just one, my affianced bride."

"Well, Hubert," said she, as her liquid eyes beamed love to his, "if I give you this token, will you give me one to keep near my heart?"

"Anything, darling, any token you may wish!"

"Only your name, dearest; your name on a piece of paper, it is only an oddity romantic, aye perhaps a foolish, girlish idea of mine, but I want your dear name that I may carry it in my bosom, and gaze on it and kiss it when you are away. Just put your name here."

And Herbert did so only too gladly, and she placed the paper in her bosom, and when she reached her room she took it out and gazed on it. And above his name where he didn't happen to see, appeared this legend, which had been written just before he called:—"Evansville March 28, 1889. This night I promised to marry Ethel, and I hereby bind myself to do so at the time we mutually agreed on.—HUBERT MONTRAVERS."

"Yes," she muttered to herself as she sank to rest on her pillow, "I think I've got him foul. There have been too many ducks kissing and slobbering over me for the last five years, and I think it's time to take a tumble and get a sure grip on one."

His Honeymoon.

The following rather singular method of of enjoying a honeymoon may commend itself to impecunious bridegrooms if it does not to their brides. The colored female cook of a family living in Boston came upstairs one afternoon, and, twisting the corners of her apron with embrassment, said to her mistress:

"You see, missus, I thought it moughf be fair to be tellin' you dat I—dat I done got married las' week."

"Ah! and what is your name now, Hannah?"

"Mis' Williams, ma'am. You see, my husban', he am a cook, too. He am a chef in a hotel."

"A chef, eh? That's very nice. And do you expect to leave us directly?"

"Not d'reckly, mum. I'll stay fo' de present. You see, my husban', he's done gone to New York an' Washin'ton on his honeymoon, an' it'll be nigh onto six weeks befo' he comes back."

Form in your children the habit of daily reading in the bible. Buy to each of them in your own way that which Sir Matthew Hale wrote to his child: "Every morning read seriously and reverently a portion of the Holy Scriptures. It is a book full of light and wisdom, and will make you wise to eternal life."—Rev. H. Huber Newton.

A ship ruled by woman—courtship.

Mrs. Blossom: "What's that? O horrors, the hotel's afire." Mr. Blossom: "Yes come on; we've no time to lose." Mrs. Blossom: "But here I am in my night dress." Mr. Blossom: "Good enough; I'm glad you got out of your bulldress and into something decent."

As it is the manly man who wins and satisfies a good woman, so it is the womanly woman who pleases and retains the desirable man. She need not be soft or silly, or weak or nervous—she may be strong, vigorous, resolute and brave; but, whatever she is, she must be womanly in order to please.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do are ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine, it is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. Cheney & Co.

☞ Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

"'Tis said absence conquers love," quoted a husband, in writing home to his wife from whom he had been some time away, "I hope, dear it won't be so in your case." "Oh no," she replied in her next letter, "the longer you stay away the better I shall like you." He had to take it this ambiguously, as he was afraid to risk asking an explanation.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Sickness in Farmer's Families.

A paper in a Massachusetts health report gives this suggestive summary of the principal cause of sickness in families of farmers:

1. Overwork and exposure; the women being more frequently overworked.
2. Improper and improperly cooked food.
3. Damp location of dwellings.
4. Want of cleanliness about their houses, especially in reference to drains, privies, cellars and proximity to barnyard and hog pens.
5. Impure drinking-water, largely due to preceding causes.
6. Bedrooms imperfectly ventilated and on the ground floor, with the too general use of feather beds.
7. Insufficient recreation.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIME.

JOB OFFICE.

FOR THE BLOOD, Whether Mixed, Malaria, Contagious and Hereditary Diseases, use AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. It never varies. For sale by all Druggists in medicine. Get the genuine.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25c.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Others in Quality.

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Beware of Imitations.

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Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

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LAUNDRY BLUE IN THE WORLD.

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Twenty-Four Washings for Ten Cents.

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FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN T. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, May., 30, 1889. [Terms of subscription] No. 45.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, W. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. S. Beard, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / C. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STUART,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ENE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SUTTER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. S. WOMBOLD,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The dates for a month visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE STERLING CO.

THE STERLING PIANOS.

Factory of Stock, Bodies of Pianos, VIRTUE and EXCELLENCE in the degree to be found in no other Piano.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years.

STERLING ORGAN
Factories, Derby, Conn.

READY TO BE MARRIED.

I am ready to be married;
I can make a loaf of bread;
I can cook an Irish stew;
As my mother, so she said,
I can keep a room in order,
Sweep the house and make a bed;
Mother says a girl may marry
Who can make a loaf of bread.

I am ready to be married;
I can cut and make a dress;
Work the linen with the cross stitch;
Mend the hose, that's hardly less
Fine and dainty than a cobweb;
So I dare to tell him, "Yes,"
Mother says a girls may marry
Who can cut and make a dress.

I am ready to be married;
I can knit a stocking well;
I can bake and I can darn it,
And a "bargain" I can tell;
I can shop and go to market,
And I'm not a ball-room belle;
Mother says a girl may marry
Who can knit a stocking well.

I am ready to be married;
And I have a lover true,
Just the handsomest and dearest
Lad that ever came to woo.
Never maiden loved her lover
Half so dearly as I do;
Mother says a girl may marry
When she has a lover true.
—Ex.

Old Sun and Moon Dance.

BY F. E. BURTON.

"Ah, did yer momma never tell yo of that, Elsie, me darlin'? How the sun an' the moon dance togeth-er, the hot' of rain, on Easter morn-in'? Oh! oh! what a chance it is, it is! Might be she never heard of it, for there be a heap of funicint ig-norance in America waitin' to be putt in the shtove an' burnt up like a pack o' pent, an it is. Fait', an' I think the most beautiful t'ings is Irish, so an' I do I".

"But really, Maggie," and little Elsie's blue eyes were wide with wonderment, "really and truly,does the sun dance with the moon on Easter morning?"

"What would I be tellin' ye for if it wasn't so at all? They do in Ireland; just as soon as the tillerd sun comes up shinin' out av the sea, lavin cold England in the dark, bad luck to her! The moon come pappity skip across the sky an' joins hand with the sun, an' they dance a rale Irish jig together."

"That must be dreadfully funny," said Elsie gravely; then, a look of doubt lingering in her puzzled thoughts, "Did you ever see them Maggie?"

"See thim, is it? Oh, oh, run away, now, to yer momma an' shtop ax-ing me bothersome questions. Don't I tell ye it's so? What more do ye want, I dunno?"

Elsie put her little finger in her mouth and walked slowly and with abstracted gaze into the sitting room, where her mother sat sewing and her father was reading the evening paper. She sat down upon a low stool under the mantel and studied the brown and yellow figures of the carpet. In the soft light of the big lamp on the center table the brown seemed darker than it did by daylight, and the yellow was almost white. Elsie wondered vaguely whether the yellow roses would be white during the dance with the sun, for she remembered that whenever it appeared to day it was wofully pale, and would the sun turn his dazzling face aside for just one minute so that she could have a good look at him? and would the moon have fun? and would the sun's legs go right down from the great, hot circle of flame, or would there be a body like papa's or mamma's both, and this seemed more likely, would both just tilt from side to side and laugh in each other's face before they resumed their reg-ular duties?

It was strangely interesting to the eight-year-old, and in happy re-flection she forgot all about the old figures in the new carpet. The lessons clock above her head began to buzz with immense importance and then uttered a single tiny ring and went on ticking hurriedly as if in haste to reach the next hour mark, when its buzzing should pre-lude a more significant announce-ment. All well regulated clocks are subject to this vanity; they put out the cluchs of their faces, rattle away as if all their precious minutes were falling to pieces; the pendu-lum is silent, and then the announ-cion ends with a few silvery strokes more or less, after which the time-piece recovers its modest self pos-session and goes on about its useful business.

"Half past 8," said Mrs. Durant, glancing up at the clock. "Time little girls were in bed."

"Mamma," exclaimed Elsie, tak-ing a tuck in her dress with her fingers and looking hard at her feet. "mayn't I sit up all night just this once?"

"Move on us?" cried Mrs. Du-rant, laying her sewing down in her lap, "what does the child mean?"

Papa Durant looked inquiringly over the top of his paper.

"I want to see the sun and the moon dance together," replied Elsie "and I can't wake up early enough if I go to bed."

Mamma Durant was too aston-ished to speak, but papa, with an amused smile, said:

"You would have your trouble for nothing, Elsie; the sun and the moon don't indulge in such antics."

Elsie did not understand her father's words exactly, but she felt the denial and she responded:

"Maggie says they do every Eas-ter morning, when the sun comes out of the sea, and the moon hop, skips and jumps, and they take hands and dance in the sky as best in Ireland, the birth of them, and perhaps, if I just sat up all night, they'd do it for me. Please papa."

Papa laughed.

"If you sat up little one," he said, "you would not be awake in the af-ternoon to sing with the other chil-dren in the Easter festival. You wouldn't like to miss that?"

"I think I'd rather see the dance," responded Elsie.

"Maggie shouldn't put such no-tions in little girls heads," said mamma, and forthwith Elsie was bundled off to bed. Her lips pout-ed with something more than affec-tion when she kissed her father good night, and two or three long tears trickled slowly down her face; but she went to her room without a murmur, and when her head was on the pillow she looked out at the stars and wished some-thing would keep her awake. Her father had murmured her duties as to the entire truth of Maggie's sto-ry; but it would have taken much more than that to convince her, for the event was too interesting not to be believed, and she was more than willing to see herself whether it was so.

As she lay wondering about it all a thought suddenly sprung into her head. Why should she not stay awake and see the dance? Papa and mamma had not said that she must not, and that would not com-fort much when she told them at breakfast what she had done. This thought became a fixed determina-tion, and for several minutes she looked at the stars steadily with open eyes. Then she caught her self doing and she sat up in bed. Even in this attitude her head speedily drooped, and she got out and stood in front of her half open window. Across the road a street lamp made fantastic shad-ows of the trees and bushes, and set growing the significance of her vision. How ashamed she was she watched over, till it got.

"Almighty power! close your eyes!" cried Elsie, and run after her. In the moment she disappeared, but, hearing a slight noise below, Elsie went softly to and called on call-ing her yet to confess. Instead of the girl she saw the door opened and looked about. What was her surprise to see a man coming with a large parcel under at the back of the kitchen window! For a moment she looked on in wan-derment, but when the man had cut under the fastening and was carefully raising the window, she witnessed:

"That's my papa's house!"

Like a flash the man turned around and passed among the wash, his head still on the best raised win-dow.

"Halt! It's a thief," he muttered, and he let the window down and walked over to Elsie.

"What are you doing here, sweet one?" he asked in a whisper.

"I'm going to see the sun and the moon dance in the morn-ing," an-swer Elsie, "and you mustn't speak one loud or you'll wake papa and mamma, and they'll make me come in."

The stranger smiled.

"I won't disturb 'em," he said, "I wasn't going to anyway. The fact is, little one, I'm hungry, and all I was going to do in your house was to find something to—"

"Love do you know where the pantry is?" asked Elsie.

"I don't, but guess I could find it. You know, I suppose." I can't you get me a bit of bread or some-thing?

Elsie thought a moment. Some-one told her on her father's door, and a closet adjoining holden was there in the house, and as she went in the stranger muttered, "Just in time that the door was unbolted all the time."

When Elsie returned she brought a half loaf of bread and a dough-nut, a large of which she was engaged to feed. The stranger let some the bread inconsiderately, and Elsie watched him in admiration a mo-ment. Then she asked:

"I have to you live?"

"Nowhere."

This seemed to surprise to Elsie that she said nothing more. The hungry man ate more rapidly than he had ever done before in his life.

"I am much obliged to you," he whispered, "I've nothing, little one, and I never tried before to break into a house, though I've been hard enough."

"Wouldn't you like to see the sun and the moon dance?" asked Elsie, "I think they'll be in this morning, and they'll be pretty soon, won't it? They do in Ireland, every Easter morning."

"Who told you so?"

"Maggie."

"Who's she?"

"Papa's Irish girl."

"What is your papa's name?"

"Mr. William Durant."

The stranger started, and look-ing forward pursed directly into Elsie's face.

"Did that again? Where did you want to live?" he exclaimed.

"Why all over there. I live here now."

"Who is your father?"

"Elsie."

The stranger was silent a mo-ment. Then he rose, and, taking

(Continued on fourth Page.)

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 30 1889.

Fourteen lawyers have been presidents of the United States.

A Cincinnati man, in order to keep peace in the family, has married his mother-in-law.

Governesses are going to the front. Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts was a governess and so was Mrs. Levi P. Morton.

Mr. Gladstone's visit to Italy has improved his health immensely. When he returns to London he will look ten years younger.

Francis D. Duffin, of Brooklyn, a printer, bet $500 on the losing horse at the races, and then settled his grief by committing suicide.

Hon. Thornwdyke Rice, recently appointed by President Harrison United States Minister to Russia is dead.

Prince Louis de Ligne and Vicomte de Jonglez fought a duel at midnight by torch-light in a French forest. Nothing was wounded except trees.

The Democrats have secured a majority of five in the constitutional convention of Montana. The prospects for the future do not look so dark, after all, do they brethren?

Mrs. Oscar Folsom, mother of Mrs. Cleveland, was married on the 20th in Jackson, Mich., to Henry E. Perrine, of Buffalo. He is secretary of Buffalo City Cemetery Association.

Hon. John Wanamaker, distributed $100,000 among his employes last week. It was the result of his profit system adopted in his Philadelphia business house.

Hon. Jas. T. McGraw has resigned as Collector of Internal Revenue. He will be succeeded by A. B. White, editor of the State Journal, a bitter partisan paper at Parkersburg.

The Boston Journal reports that Samuel Cummings of that city while leaning against a rail in his grain mill, "began sneezing and sneezed so hard that he dislocated his shoulder."

Miss Jane Woods, a young lady who lives in Wetzel county, has completed a nine quilt containing 22,140 pieces. She commenced it when seven years old, having worked at it for fourteen years.

A Republican exchange says: "A man who is addicted to drink is not likely to get anything from Harrison." We can understand now why it was that so many of the brethren who seemed to have very prospect of success failed to get place.

A Clay county preacher has been indicted on four accounts for gambling at cards. The failure of his flock to unite promptly in the Sunday "pool" is, no doubt the cause of the minister's efforts to replenish his purse by a little game of draw.

The Kanawha did nobly on Tuesday. Cutting down a majority of 1,500 to about 150 is not so bad even if a full vote was not polled. At the same rate of increase we will be able to carry the county by about 800 majority at the next election.—Charleston Star.

The iron makers of the South are driving the Pennsylvania furnaces out of blast. The Southern mills have been selling pig iron in New York at $16.50 a ton for a year, while the Pennsylvanians have been compelled to get $18 per ton for theirs, or close their mills. The Tariff will not help Pennsylvania's bereaved. Virginia, Tennessee and Alabama are the countries from which Pennsylvania must protect herself, and she can't do that by a tariff.—Charleston Gazette.

The editor of the New York Times, Mr. C. R. Miller, in a closing lecture before the Dartmouth Alumni Tuesday on the "Art of Making a Newspaper," said among other things:

"The art of making a newspaper, like any other art, demands of him who would practice it a special skill and some information. The vulgar error that the newspaper art demand no special training, but may be taken up at a moment's notice and a generous salary by any man or woman temporarily out of work or unacquainted with any kind of work, is traceable to an obvious source. Young men are admitted to the practic of the law, they are graduated in medicine, and they are ordained or appointed ministers of the Gospel, in each case after a fixed term of study has elapsed and an ascertained degree of professional knowledge has been acquired. Of him who asks for work in a newspaper office no degree, license, or certificate is exacted. Yet no contention is that the training which fits one successfully to practice the art of making a newspaper is no less arduous, is usually rather more prolonged, and yields no smaller volume of attainment than the special studies preparatory to the practice of law, of medicine, of engineering, or architecture, or the instruction of ingenuous youth."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—"Harrison has a weak back bone," said a republican Senator, and it is constantly growing weaker. There is every indication that we are to have a repetition of the worse features in the Hayes and Arthur administrations." This language was used by a man who is generally regarded as being very friendly to the administration, and there is no doubt that he is, but he was asked by a republican friend his opinion of the President and he gave it without reserve. And the known facts in a number of cases bear the Senators statement as to a weak back bone out. For instance he wants to put his old law partner Attorney General Miller in the Supreme Court bench, but owing to a vigorous protest from the Indiana republicans, who want Judge Woods of that State appointed, he does nothing. Again: In the early days of the administration John Wanamaker selected a business man of Philadelphia to be Postmaster at that city, and Mr. Harrison lacked the nerve to make the appointment. And again: Some time ago John Sherman was promised that Ex Congressman Hart, of Ohio, should be appointed Solicitor. General Hart was telegraphed to and told to come on and get the appointment. Quay made a big row accusing Sherman of lying etc., and intimating that the administration might go to jericho, for all he cared. Once more Harrison's back bone went back on him and Hart's appointment has not yet been made out. The cases mentioned are all pat knows, doubtless there are many similar ones that the public never hears of, but these are sufficient to prove that the Senators indictment is a true one.

Oklahoma can't have a national bank. So says the Attorney General to whom the application was referred by the Treasury department.

Some absurd rumors about the sending of an English man of war to Alaskan waters to prevent the provisions of Harrison's recent proclamation, as to the seizure of all vessels found illegally taking seals, from being carried out, forcibly if necessary, have been floating around here this week but nobody seemed to take any stock in them.

Justice Miller of the Supreme Court, having failed in his purpose of getting ex Secretary of War Mr. Crary, appointed as his successor, or rather in getting a promise to that effect from Harrison, now says that he has no intention of retiring.

Washington has been the scene of some very heavy fighting among some of the big fellows in the republican party during the present week. Blows have been passed that will be remembered for years and revenged too, if the opportunity comes, and it most always causes strife among the leaders distribution of the patronage. The first skirmish was between Representative Cannon, of Illinois and Senators Cullom and Farwell of the same state. Cannon got one of his constituents appointed collector of Internal revenue without consulting either of the Senators. Cannon has the best of it so far but the Senators swear vengeance. The next engagement was a battle royal that has raged all the week. It is over the Philadelphia Federal appointments. On one side is "Cheap John" Wanamaker, Representative Harry Bingham and Boss McManes, and on the other Senator Quay alone, with all his war paint on. The fight has been carried to the White House nearly every day and poor Harrison has been compelled to act as referee much against his will. This fight is still on, with the result in doubt. Another engagement was caused by a U. S. Marshalship in New York, Senator Evarts dared to oppose the candidate of Senator Hiscock and Boss Tom Platt, and not only to oppose the other candidates but to have one of his own. The three met here this week and indulged in a few rounds. Evarts is believed to have been completely knocked out. It seems to be generally believed by the republicans that Harrison will call an extra session of Congress in October. Of course everybody knows that there is no earthly occasion for an extra session except to give the republicans two months to fight over the organization of the House and to perfect their arrangements to get at least three fourths of the contested seats.

Blaine, Windom and Proctor deny that they propose resigning, as was rumored.

Many people from Washington have gone to Alexandria to day to witness the unveiling of a hand some monument to the Confederate dead.

FOR THE BLOOD.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

Brown's Iron Bitters.

Neuralgic Germs

Brown's Iron Bitters.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

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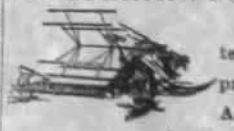
WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.



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Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

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Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 63, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. F. PATTERSON, Secty.

HOME NEWS.

—Geo. W. Siple, of Green Bank, was in town Friday last.

—Geo. Ginger, of Dunmore was in Huntersville last Saturday.

—B. A. Coulter, of Aytmoe was in town last Saturday.

—County Supt. Mathews, was in the city Monday.

—S. S. Burns, of Academy was in Huntersville Monday.

—Harry Moore, of Dunmore was in town last week.

—J. W. McNeil, of Edray, was in town on Monday.

—Rev. W. T. Price of Marlinton was in to see us Monday.

—Dr. Mathew Wallace, of Mill Pt. was in to see us Tuesday.

—Quite a little snow in several parts of the county last Saturday. Isn't that for the 25th of May?

Buggy harness and Saddles at $10 and up to $40 at A. P. Leist's Hoovertz, W. Va. 30-2m

—The County Court, Messrs. C. Heard, S. S. Hannah and Geo. Moore were in town Monday.

Go to John Wurts & Co. Frank fd, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Binders. may 9-12t

—The County Court met last Monday to count the election returns.

Sewing machines from $25 to $50; warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Hoovertz, W. Va. 30-2m.

—The school election is over and Mr. Mathews, elected Co. Superintendent.

—Gus Slaven who has been attending the Hillsboro Academy has returned.

—Miss Mary Curry, has returned fm the Hillsboro Academy where she has been an attendant.

John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be here during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Isn't it about time somebody was doing something toward getting up a big Fourth of July celebration?

Sold by the Deering Mowers and Reel Binders, the best machines in the made of John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—One Jane Smith, a negress, is wanted, for rape, committed on one Mr. Perkins, on the river near Hillsboro.

—Mrs. C. A. Dameron and family are visiting her parents Mr. J. C. Lacy, at this place. Mr. Dameron came with them but returned Monday.

—Quite an enjoyable afternoon we spent Sunday in singing at this place, led by Profs. S. S. Moore and A. J. Smith, of Edray, and M. J. Friel.

—M. G. Mathews, the only candidate for County Superintendent was elected by a handsome vote. The vote taken at Academy for a six months school was defeated by two.

—Rev. W. F. Miller, of Hillsboro preached at the Methodist Church at this place on Monday night and Tuesday. His sermons were interesting and instructive and very much appreciated by the audience.

—The residence of Bruce and Chumley at Mingo, was destroyed by fire last Sunday. The fire originated from a defective flue. The property destroyed is known as the Gatewood homestead. The loss is estimated at $2,000. No insurance. —Enterprise.

—Dr. C. L. Austin and Maj. J. C. Arbogast, of Green Bank, were in town Tuesday. The Doctor says if a person were to depend upon the United States under the present administration there would be no certainty about getting married. On Friday last he mailed a dollar to the Clerk with the request to send by return mail a marriage license, but no letter nor dollar has yet reached the clerk; so the Doctor had to come to town himself.

—The Pocahontas Musical Association held very pleasant sessions at Frost, May 23-25, under the direction of Prof. S. S. Moore, aided by a corps of Musical teachers, and organists. The attendance was large, and enthusiastic, and the interest in sacred music enhanced. Profs. Sweeker, Smith and Buckman, Capt. Gilmer, from Highland, Rev. G. P. Moore, Profs. A. C. Moore and M. A. Friel, were among the more prominent of the lecturers. Rev. O. B. Sharp, was secretary, Misses Ida Herold Nina Herold Ida Smith and Mrs. Laura Herold rendered very efficient service upon the organ, that added much to the success of the convention. Outlines of an address, to be published by request of the convention, may be looked for in our next issue.

—Geo. Martenz, a young man about 17 years old, was instantly killed yesterday, Thursday, near his home, two miles east of Beverly, by the accidental discharge of a gun in his own hands. He had his gun ready to shoot a squirrel on a tree near by, and it is supposed, that for getting that he had it cocked sat it down on the ground with sufficient force to discharge it, the ball entering his breast and passing through his body lodged just under the skin. He clasped his hands upon the wound and ran about twenty five yards, when he fell and instantly expired. A younger brother, who saw the accident, immediately informed his parents and the lifeless body was carried to the house near by. He was a quiet, industrious, well-behaved boy, and the tragedy has cast a gloom over the community.—Enterprise.

Church Notes for June

Sacramental meeting at Liberty church, 1st Sabbath of June, 11 o'clock; a. m. Preliminary services Saturday night.

Sacramental services at Martin's Bottom, 3rd Sabbath of June. Preaching services Saturday morning before, 11. a. m. The aid of Rev. D. S. Sydenstricker is expected.

All day meeting at Mary Gibson's Chapel, on Elk, on the 5th Sabbath of June. Parties will please bring their baskets and spend the day in social singing and religious exercises. W. T. P.

Split Rock Splinters.

Sunday school was organized at this place Sunday the 19 inst. with an enrollment of forty.

Mr. Gibbs who has been visiting friends in this county and Miss Cicle Taliaferro who has been the guest of Col. Gatewood the past two weeks, left for their homes Wednesday morning

Twenty three scholars enrolled at the Big Spring school.

Capt. Stofer was over on Elk a few days ago but as he was afraid of snakes he did not stay long. One morning he met two ladies who had started to gather wild flowers. They saw a very large snake and called to Capt Stofer, after he had passed to come back and help to kill it, but he pulled off his hat and ran until he reached Col. Gatewood's. There the ladies found him an hour afterwards sitting in a comfortable arm chair, he thought they killed the snake and when they went to Capt. Stofer jumped up and said: "Women that a monster snake we killed ladies."

S. L.

Western Happenings.

Wm. Cackley and Will Mc Maughlin and Misses Mollie Smith and Mary Cackley attended the Commencement exercises of the Hillsboro M. & F. Academy.

Rev. Wm. E. Miller is absent helping Rev. W. E. Hollenger with the Quarterly meeting at Dunmore.

The Quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church will be held here next Saturday and Sunday. Rev. Miller will be assisted by Pro. Kinzer, P. E.

Mrs. Minnie Wissinger, of Rockcastle, passed through town last week on her way to visit her parents on Beaver creek.

Married—the 5th of May at the residence of the bride's parent in Barr's Valley, Miss Caroline Rider to Mr. Geo. Dunbrack, of Nora county and at the same time by the same minister, Mr. David Dean to Miss Susan Rider. The young ladies were sisters and the one that Mr. Dunbrack married had never been over a mile from home in her life.

PRUNELLA

The Buckhannon papers say they have on exhibition in that town now, a portion of the skeleton of a giant, which, when living measured twenty-eight feet in height. One half of the jaw bone, extending from the point of the chin to the back, measures twenty-eight inches and weighs sixty five pounds. Three front teeth are missing, the balance, four molars, are intact and about the size of a pint cup. The tibia or shin bone, from the knee to the ankle, measures about five feet; a portion of the lower extremities however, is gone. The rib bone is about thirty three inches in length. There is also on exhibition the jaw bone and shin bone of an ordinary sized man. The explanations in the newspaper accounts with another also does the nerves, etc. This skeleton was unearthed by a Mr. Magill, in the northern part of Louisiana, in 1878, and it is estimated to have weighed when living, eight thousand pounds.

Hillsboro has a law on the subject of intoxication, the operation of which will be watched with a good deal of interest. It makes it a crime to be drunk, either in public or in private, and it punishes by fine and imprisonment.

There is, to our mind, something wholesome in this law, and we believe it will accomplish more in the way of reforming the intemperate than any legislation yet devised. It will prevent the frequency of the example, and increase accordingly, the disgrace of the crime.

Make it odious to be intoxicated—as it ought to be—and there will be fewer cases of drunkenness, and less use of intoxicating drinks.—Charleston Gazette.

While Bismark was at college he fought twenty eight duels.

A. P. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.
UNDERTAKER.
Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,
—AND GO TO—
LOURY & DOYLE'S
Where you can see a large assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER
Ready Made Clothing,
Also a nice line of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents. and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.
Call and see them, and we assure polite and careful attention will be shown you.
They are also Proprietors of
Huntersville Hotel,
Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings. Charges reasonable.
JOEL FLACK, Carrier.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the Chancery Cause of E. J. Sites vs. James P. Dinger and Wm. [illegible], on the 3rd day of April 1882 I as special Commissioner appointed by said decree shall on the

11th DAY OF JUNE 1882

proceed in front of the Court house door of this County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing about 48 acres, the property of the defendant James P. Dinger situate on the Waters of Stamping Creek, adjoining the lands of the Heirs of A. D. Dinger and others. This tract of land is fertile and productive and in a perfect state of Cultivation.

L. H. McCLINTIC,
Special Comm'r.

I John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the above Commissioner has given bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD.
prinfee fee $8.75 CLERK.

Orders of Publication.

No. 1.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the 2nd Monday in May 1882.

Chas L. Austin &c. Plaintiffs.
vs. In chy. No 1.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. Defendants.

The object of the suit is to have partition or sale of a tract of land containing 6,400 acres, known as the 5th No. 1 Tract (1) to lay on the Allegheny mountain in Pocahontas County and the proceeds thereof, after the payment of the costs herein, to be distributed among the several parties entitled thereto according to their respective rights and interests, and for general relief.

And it appearing from affidavit filed that Amos G. and Jas. Wade [illegible] Peter, John and S. M. Hartman, Mary Driscoll, Andrew Riley, Agnes and Anne Stephenson, John C. [illegible] and Rebecca his wife and Jemima Greever, residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the heirs of Susan Cline, dec'd, are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiff without effect to ascertain the residence of Lorenzo Humphries and Jane his wife, Julia Boggs formerly Arnold and Allen Stephenson, residents of the State of Missouri, and that the heirs of Susan Cline, dec'd, are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiff without effect to ascertain the residence of Lorenzo Humphries and Jane his wife, Julia Boggs formerly Arnold and Allen Stephenson, residents of the State of Missouri, and that the heirs of the said [illegible] cannot after due search be found within the limits of the said State of Missouri, and that it is necessary to prosecute their interests in this suit.

Thste. Jno. J. Beard, Clk.
L. H. McClintic, p. q.
C. F. Morris, p. q.
may 25-4 w prinfee fee $16.16

No. 3.

At rules held in the Circuit Court, Clerk's office of Pocahontas county, West Virginia on the first Monday in May, 1882.

Chas. L. Austin, &c.,
vs. In chy. No. 2.
Wm. F. Arbogast, &c.

The object of this suit is to have a sale of a tract of land containing about 1,278 acres lying on the Allegheny Mountain in Pocahontas county, and the proceeds derived among those entitled thereto according to their respective rights and interests, and dispensing from affidavit filed that Amos G. and Jas. Wade [illegible] Peter, John and S. M. Hartman, Mary Driscoll, Andrew John Riley and Anne Stephenson, John C. [illegible] and Rebecca his wife and Jemima Greever, residents of the State of West Virginia, and that the heirs of Susan Cline, dec'd, are unknown, and that due diligence has been used on the part of the plaintiff without effect to ascertain the residence of Lorenzo Humphries and Jane his wife, Julia Boggs formerly Arnold and Allen Stephenson, residents of the State of Missouri, and that the heirs of the said [illegible] cannot after due search be found within the limits of the said State of Missouri, and that it is necessary to prosecute their interests in this suit.

Thste. Jno. J. Beard, Clk.
L. H. McClintic, p. q.
C. F. Morris, p. q.
may 1-4 w prinfee fee $16.16

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 2nd Monday in May, 1882.

George [illegible] Plaintiff,
vs. In chy.
Rebecca J. Hill &c. Defendants.

The object of this suit is to revive the decree of the chancery cause of Hill's heirs vs. Hill, &c. &c. To reverse the proceeds of said decree. To account the [illegible] of which, and the [illegible] and [illegible] to the payment of the debts [illegible] decree. To subject

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
1 inch	$ 1 50	$ 2 25	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One in.	2 50	4 00	6 00	10 00
2 inches	4 00	6 00	10 00	17 00
3 inches	6 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
4 inches	10 00	15 00	20 00	35 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 50 in advance; after 6 months, $1 75; after 12 months, $2 00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

May 30 1889.

Continued from first Page.

the child by the hand, walked with her up to the slope through the orchard.

"'Twas up here you was going to see the sun dance, wasn't it?" he asked, and when they were seated together on the church steps he made many inquiries about her, learned that there was in her mind a vague memory of a brother, and that mamma had said he would surely return some time. Presently the bell in the steeple above them struck one, and the stranger tried to persuade the child to her home and bed. She persisted in her desire to see the morning dance of sun and moon, but her eyes were heavy, and before she knew it, she was fast asleep in the stranger's arms. He had taken off his coat to shelter her, and in a corner of the church portico they passed hour after hour of the slow Easter morning.

It was yet some minutes before sunrise when Mrs. Durant was startled from her sleep by a violent knocking at her chamber door.

"Mis' Durant! Mis' Durant! Hasta ye up? Elsie's gone?"

Maggie, on the way to the earliest of early masses, had glanced into Elsie's room. During the few minutes that followed, confusion and anxiety contended for possession of the household. Then Mr. Durant set out to warn the constable, and Mrs. Durant, painfully agitated at the thought of losing another child, began to search the neighborhood. She went by the road that wound about the hill to the church. As she neared the building she saw a man crouching in the portico, and she determined to ask him if he had seen Elsie. He did not see or hear her. She had come quite near when the sound of his voice made her stop stock still with a fearsome faintness about her heart.

"Wake up, Elsie," he said; "the sun is just getting up."

"Is he dancing?" inquired a small sleepy voice from a bundle in his arms. "Where is the moon?"

"Elsie! Willie! My children!" cried Mrs. Durant, running forward.

The man, a young and not bad looking fellow, albeit haggard and roughened by exposure, rose quickly to his feet.

"We're here, mother!"

And did the sun and the moon really dance that morning? The first rays of the sun fell on a deeply happy group in front of the church, and the setting moon looked on from the other side of the sky. If they did not dance then it is doubtful if they ever have done so since the first Easter.

The government appropriated $260,227,016 expenditures for 1889.

The Cattle Must Go.

It may safely be set down as a fact that Western farmers, at least those who raise cattle mainly for beef, have concluded that the horse must go. A great many dairymen are undecided because of the vehement assertion that dehorning destroys the "butter property" of bulls and the milking qualities of cows—an unproved theory as yet—but the beef grower has made up his mind. It is now simply a question as to the manner of their going—whether they are to be beat off by the use of polled bulls, or sawed off, or gouged out, or whether they will simply kill the horns as they do weeds when they begin to sprout.

The cattle raising world has been startled in the last three months by the announcement that by the simple and single application of a chemical costing 2 cents per head, the discovery of Mr. John March, of Shullsburg, Wis., the growth of horns can be entirely prevented. We are skeptical at first, but a representative of the Journal visited the farm of Mr. March and made a personal and critical examination of a number of grade short-horn calves from seven to ten months old dehorned by this method, and came away with firm conviction that the method was a complete success. Probably the most convincing proof is furnished by the skull of a seven months old calf, which our representative examined carefully, and which was semi-dehorned by this method the chemical having been applied to one side and not to the others.

It is not necessary for us to enter into any argument as to the advantages of dehorning beef cattle. We have advocated that from the beginning for all grade cattle. We have commenced taking them off even the thoroughbreds on the Journal farms, and will dehorn this year's calves with the chemical. It is folly to grow horns on cattle when for two cents per head they can be prevented, with scarcely any pain, without danger and without any possible deformity.—Western Farm Journal.

Household Notes.

Fresh milk boiled with cut sugar will soothe a cough when other things fail.

Boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm, salt or gum arabic dissolved.

A strip of flannel or a napkin wrung out of hot water and applied round the neck of a child that has croup will usually bring relief in ten minutes.

To cure toothache, pulverize about equal parts of common salt and alum. Get as much cotton as will fill the tooth, damp it, put in the mixture and place it in the tooth.

Bath a sprain with arnica diluted with water, and bandage with soft flannel moistened with the same. A sprained wrist thus treated will grow well in a few days.

A tablespoonful of common baking soda to every five gallons of lard, when cooking, will improve the lard. It should be added when the lard is nearly done, and if not carefully watched will boil over.

Old furniture that has a dull, greasy look should be rubbed with turpentine and then polished with some good polish. The improvement in its appearance will repay you for the trouble. White spots on furniture can be removed by wetting a piece of flannel with turpentine and then rubbing the spot hard. It may require several applications of the turpentine and considerable patience.

The biggest circulation ever reached by a newspaper was by the New York World the 7th of November the issue for that date being 600,000 copies. The same day the Boston Globe printed 438,000 copies.

"Three years ago I went into the Board with $35,000, and in less than two years retired."

"With an independent fortune?"

"No; until I could raise a little money to go into something else."

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and by those who have used it, it is pronounced the best and surest remedy in the world for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, griping pains, and all troubles arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Youth—Can you give me anything to do, sir?

Merchant—What is your line.

Y.—Clerk, sir.

M.—Clerk! Why, clerks are a drug in the labor market just now.

Y.—They are? Well, if that's the case I had better look for a job as a drug clerk.

Mrs. Cahokia—Alfred, I have been reading about the hot air treatment for weak lungs, and I think I should like to try it.

Mr. Cahokia (struck by a happy thought)—All right, Esmeralda. This is April. Next month is May. We'll spend the whole month right here in St. Louis.

Jinks—I called at your boarding-house to-day and saw the table nearly set for dinner, and I must say things looked very neat. I never saw a whiter table cloth in my life.

Blinks—No, she doesn't make her tea, coffee or soups strong enough to stain.

A lady in this town recently set a pot of cream in a spring near the house, so that it might keep cool. During the night a frog fell into the cream pot, and his struggle to get out actually churned the cream, so that when the lady visited the pot the next morning she found the frog sitting on a ball of butter, washing his feet in the butter milk.—Middletown Enterprise.

"John, Mr. Jackson has bought a phonograph."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. You ought to see it. It repeats everything that's told it."

"I don't see how Edison got a patent on it."

"Why not?"

"Because it's no improvement on you women."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.

as Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucus surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do are ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. Cheney & Co.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Mrs. Elite (in $5,000 a year flat)—Oh, it's perfectly terrible the way things have gone to-day. That janitor has been just as contrary and disagreeable as it is possible for a human being to be.

Miss Elite—Did you bow to him deferently this morning?

"Indeed I did. I always do. Did you?"

"Yes, ma, I bowed to him most humbly."

"Well, something is the matter. Tomorrow morning try kissing him."

CARPET SWEEPERS.

If you want something that will keep every thing as clean as a new pin, and dust from getting ever every thing in the house, buy a Carpet Sweeper of Jno. Hill, Jacox, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

PRIVATE SALE OF LAND.

I wish to sell at private sale, 125 acres of land lying within one half mile of Greenbrier River opposite to the mouth of Hunting Creek, formerly known as the Cockrell place. I will sell at a bargain. I will reserve to the County two acres in the vicinity of Lewisburg and the turnpike also that

Address, Jas. F. A. Dunn,
Hopkins, Va.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU HAVE ACHES

Or pains, use at once and rub freely and well with BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It will make you well, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Office Blanks, Blank Books, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIMES.

JOB OFFICE.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Malaria, Intermittent and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

DIRECT TO CONSUMER

Saving 25 to 40 per ct.

Middlebrook's Prolific Buy Square Dealing Rule.

Piedmont Buggy Co. Cleveland, O.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil with HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.

It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.

It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.

It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.

It is wonderful as a flesh producer.

It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

THE FAVORITE CARRIAGE CO.

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE VEHICLES FOR THE TRADE.

Write for Catalogue. CINCINNATI, OHIO, U. S. A.

Dobbins' Electric Soap

THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.

It is Strictly Pure. Unsurpassed in Quality.

READ THIS TWICE

Beware of Imitations.

Dobbins' Electric Soap.

E. S. CRAGIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

$1,000 REWARD

Acme Blacking

WILL NOT INJURE LEATHER.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WATERPROOF, SOFT, AND DURABLE.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 13, 1889. No. 47

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clerk of the Circuit Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assistant, C. O. Arbogast.
Clerk County Court, D. B. Beard, Post's
D. B. Hannah.
H. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, the Monday in June and first Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. T. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STUTES,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. MUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SUTTER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. McCONNELL,
ASSISTANT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as my Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
BEATS the World. It is the best
HARNESS DRESSING
The BEST for Men's Boots
Ladies'
Children's
ABSOLUTELY WATERPROOF
BOTTOM SOLE LEATHER NO LONGER
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

The Silver Lining.

There's never a day so sunny
But a little cloud appears;
There's never a life so happy
But has had its time of tears.
For the rain shines out the brighter
When the stormy tempest clears.

There's never a garden growing
With roses in every plot;
There's never a heart so hardened
But it has once tender spots;
We have only to prune the border
To find the fairest we got.

There's never a cup so pleasant
But has bitter with the sweet;
There's never a path so rugged
That hours not the petals of fruit;
And we have a helper promised
For the trials we may meet.

There's never a sun that rises
But we know twill set at night;
The clouds that gloom in the morning
At evening are just as bright;
And the hour that is the sweetest
Is between the dark and light.

There's never a dream that's happy
But the waking makes us sad,
There's never a dream of sorrow
But the waking makes us glad;
We shall look some day with wonder
At the sorrows we have had.

Love and a Blizzard.

The Post lay bathed in sunshine. The sweet air untainted by the foul breath of the town, blew as it never does else of the Rockies, in regular, rhythmical swells.

Although it was early April, the prairies were green, and covered with the hardy blue and crimson flowers which bloom beneath the snow. It was just the day of all others when confinement within four walls is intolerable, and the joy of mere animal existence demands expression.

On the plazza of her father's quarters Katy Dare was standing, looking at the sky, which was hidden by architectural delegacies, enthroned by the smoke of trade.

"Oh, gift of God! Oh, perfect day! Where in shall we use work, but—obey," she sang softly. "That's my cue; we must do something. Think of letting this glorious wealth of sun be without recognition. To-morrow we may be perishing with cold."

Quickly the dainty maiden ran beneath the row of prim cotton wood trees which looked more than ever like lamp-posts in their leafless state, and rapped impatiently at the door of a small, old, adobe house which stood with its many thinking windows facing the parade ground. Mrs. Bessome, wife of the Captain, who mothered every girl in the garrison, and was a perfect mine of new and delightful special projects, would know just what to do with this June day which came way last winter into April's calendar.

Seated in the pretty parlor waiting for the busy housewife, Katy Dare made a lovely picture. From the curls of her pretty head to the tip of her tiny shoe, she was simply irresistible. You could no more steadily for twenty than an orchid perfume of a violet. There were no standards in her case. She was herself and therefore to be loved. The strongest minded person self-forfeited by denying Katy her most unreasoning slave. Absolute unconditional surrender was the law of all.

The wife of the Chaplain, Mrs. McGrath, who had long since ceased to attract her self as one of gentlemen of the garrison, had been known to defend the most benighted Ritualism to Katy's pretty and lay all the blame upon the curious of her charms—those dangerous young eyes.

From the gay-haired, pomaded young officer to the colored soldier of the youngest Lieutenant, she was "queen of hearts." Bored and gay she was not her sway. From the most solemn command that there were for card parties at the officer's mess where Katy's return from boarding school; and brave indeed was that man who entered into her presence with his lips tainted with wine. Yet she was far from perfect; a most wilful, arrant little flirt never lived. Her love affairs kept the garrison in a state of breezy excitement. The number of puley was begone young men who periodically asked to be exchanged into far distant regiments was legion. It was darkly hinted that every unmarried man within a radious of one hundred miles had proposed and been rejected.

Major Dare protested that the discipline of the seventh was being ruined; the men did not half attend to their duties, and then begged Katy to forgive him for his cruelty; and at last the suffering victims of her irresistible ways found themselves to be regarded as presumptuous offenders. Still the army of martyrs grew.

At the time when our story opens a consumptive Episcopal clergyman was softly sighing at her feet, Rev. Jame Little had come to Wyoming Territory in search of health. His cousin, Captain Little, had found him quarters in the town near the Post, and introduced him to the social life of the garrison.

A wonderful change now took place in Katy Dare. Waltzes and operatic songs were banished from her music-stand, and Gregorian chants reined in their stead. Regularly she went to Caldwell, where the enthusiastic churchman had commenced to hold daily services. The surplices for the choir boys were fashioned by her dimpled hands. Demurely seated in the rough, barn room, which did duty as a chapel, she listened attentively to eloquent discourses on love and the domestic virtues, which at this time formed the theme of the rector's sermons.

The round eyed choir boys forgot their notes and nudged each other knowingly. "The parson is sweet on Miss Dare," they whispered.

The contagion spread. Red haired Bob Jackson, who was of a jealous disposition, tried to trip the Rev. James during the professional mysterious packages of strong pepper mint lozenges were placed in the seat occupied by Katy. Jimmy Brown and Tommy Timmons came to blows in the vestry room in fact, choir and rector alike were demoralized by the blue-eyed worshipper.

The commanding officer became alarmed. Could it be that his darling had passed so many splendid fellows at others to take up with the smallest one, "that one lung, ill Eastern dude?" he queried, sorrowfully.

Katy gave no sign. The chants were wailed forth nightly to a thin, quavering tenor. Embroidered embroiderers lay on the table. The Major swore fiercely as he stumbled over huge volumes of church history, and led his orderly such a life that the poor drinky, with the moans of his face, seriously thought of murdering the rector.

The interests of the lookers on grew intense. What was the thing of it? Was it another example of the law of contrasts? Would the Major commit?

Through all the commotion the principal personages of the drama moved serenely. The rector in his immaculate vestments escorted Katy to and from the services carrying a gorgeous prayer-book in his hand. Dropping meekly at his side the fair, for golden tongs pushed the merely look from her pretty head. Her face was filled now and with an expression in which respect for the office was deftly blended with admiration for the man.

Wherever Jack Reynolds, the Quartermaster of the regiment was this to play to lift the suit of his good [illegible] mustache straight. "Of course it is none of my business, but how does the little cad have such assurance? He walks around talking about his bounded rules, and he seems to like it," he groaned. Tall, athletic, with a pleasant, manly face, Jack was the most awkward, luxurious member of the Seventh.

Kate had always turned up her saucy little nose at him, and refused to believe the stories which were told of his bravery in assisting ranger. "Have a perfect bore?" she had said more than once, and Jack had friends enough to tell him the little attempt a reality. To prove to show how deeply he was wounded, he went his way, and heard except after excuse for not attending the hops and parties where he would be likely to meet the Major's daughter.

But while we have been gossiping, Katy has wasted sweetness for Mrs. Bessome's appearance in the parlor. That good lady had intended for some time giving Katy Dare a piece of her mind, but when she came within the subduing influence of that winning face she kissed her instead, and shortly entered into plans for the day's enjoyment.

"We must have a picnic to Lone Tree Scout, dear," she said.

"The very thing!" cried Katy, rapturously, and entered into a lively discussion of ways and means.

At one o'clock a gay cavalcade left the Post. The commanding officer led the way in his drag, and came the cantankerous Lloyd with [illegible] does who did not ride, and following that, a long procession of carts, buggies and home-back riders. An escort wagon, for in the rear, and rest the band.

Horses frequently swapped. The Major, the finest rider in the service, yielded the lead to no one. His fine magnificent horses were at his hands. They must. He was desperate. The unscrupulous Katy had invited Rev. James to ride, and the little man showed considerable skill in the reluctant mettle of Roxana and pawing piety, till the Major was sure to the face with suppressed profanity.

Jack Reynolds was not one of the party. His duties as Quartermaster would detain him, he said, unfortunately. Katy had openly given thanks for his absence, remarking partly that things would be more pleasant companionless. Jack had also looked quite tragically. Mounted on her fleet brown pony she flew like the wind, winning every race.

After eight miles traversing over the spring plains they reached Lone Tree. A most beautiful spot the eye could not rest upon. It is the bend of a wide lying river, all in solid luxuriance. Its lone tree is the landmark of the Red Buttes mountains, ten miles away in the horizon, and quite free of the surface, and regular as pyramid, rises from the shrub waters. In the little cabbonti patch after party must ascend around the lake, exploring its bare of the head water to the several shores. Afterward the band arranged upon the rocks began to play, a waltz, and soon every one carried the center of the dancing arena.

Just at sunset the trumpeter blew the supper call, and a bugler stood the moment upon the quarter deck of a deserted relic of the days of the lake. In the bags are placed a musical burning log was sparkling smoke. Captain Little, who

[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 13 1889.

AFTER THE FLOOD.

In the midst of a calamity, or immediately after its occurance, we are very apt to overrate the injury sustained. Ten days ago the Knapp Creek Valley seemed to be an almost total wreck, and those who sustained the greatest loss were disheartened. But no sooner had the waters subsided everybody went to work with renewed energy, till now but few traces of that awful destruction are left. True some damage was done that can never be fully repaired, and some few will feel the effects of the recent flood for years to come; still when we consider our losses along with the losses elsewhere, how insignificant they seem. We might indeed murmur and become disheartened if like our sufferers of Johnstown, Pa. our injuries could not be estimated by dollars and cents, but at the cost of human life. Within the bounds of Pocahontas County we have heard of no one who even lost a horse, much less a life. Then let us not go about with long faces because the waters carried away a few hundred rails, or destroyed a few acres of corn or wheat; these may all be replaced; but let us rather be thankful and rejoice that our lives are spared and the lives of our families and friends. Indeed our injuries are not worthy to be mentioned when we compare them with others.

Damage by the recent Floods.

EDITOR TIMES: All over the State, (except in Pocahontas County,) the County Courts have been called together to consider and adopt measures necessary to repair the damage done to public property by the recent floods. No precaution on the part of anyone could have prevented the damage we have suffered and since it has been visited on ours common with others, who have sustained much more, it will become us to stand idle until another flood in the waters shall complete what the recent flood began.

It is said that the middle pier in the bridge at Martin's Bottom is so injured, that another flood will be likely to destroy for us a bridge which cost something over $11,000 who can if repaired at once, at a comparatively small expense, it can be saved to us.

The public roads, along all the streams coming through this County are in a terrible condition, and in some places new roads will have to be made. Why should not our County Court meet at once and act in this matter? It is the duty of this Court, and the safety of the traveling public demands that this have attention at once.

The damage to the bridges across Knapps Creek is not so great as [illegible] but what money the people have in it, and, I think I know our citizens well enough to say, they will always approve of any necessary expenditure of public money for the public good.

There will necessarily be employed masons, carpenters and those who understand building roads, in this work of repair; and the County Court, as far as possible should favor the workmen of Pocahontas in contracting, that this money may stay among us, and not go to increase the circulating medium of some other County or State.

I know that an increase of the levy to make these repairs will bear heavily upon our citizens at this time, but I belive they have the pluck, and pride to do their duty in repairing any public loss to Pocahontas County, and to cry down the sycophant who undertakes to ride into public favor by denouncing the County Court for doing its duty in laying a proper levy to meet the public need.

Let us hear through your paper from all sections of the County, and if the County Court can assign any good reason for not giving prompt attention to this matter, of so much importance to our citizens, we would be glad to hear also from the gentlemen who compose the Court

Yours &c.
CITIZEN.

Academy W. Va. June 8.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 7.—"Cheap John" Wanamaker is treading on dangerous ground. He wants to abolish Sunday work in the post offices, and in order to get some foundation to work on he has sent a circular letter to the postmasters of one hundred of the largest cities asking for suggestions as to how Sunday work may be stopped etc. Of course all good men believe that the Sabbath should be observed in as general a manner as possible, but at the same time all sensible men know that a certain amount of work must be performed by somebody even on that day, and the carrying and rapid handling of the mails is a work too important to be stopped at any time, for any cause. In fact the efficiency of the Post Office department is more in need of being increased than decreased in this very matter of Sunday handling of mails and if Wanamaker isn't very careful he will raise a tempest in the business world that will be strong enough to sweep him out of the office that cost him so much money. And there is another view of the subject that should not be lost sight of. In the more than one hundred years of its existance no attempt has ever been made to have this Government officially recognize any religious denomination or sect, and the precedent would be a dangerous one to establish. Suppose for instance that Wanamaker, who is a Presbyterian, should succeed in having all work stopped in our post offices on Sundays during his administration of the post office department. So far all right, but now suppose that in the unexpected upheaval of politics he should be succeeded by a Hebrew, or a Seven day Adventist, both of which sects regard Saturday as the sabbath day, and that he should insist on having all post office work stopped on his sabbath. Then what a row we should have. Church and State both have important functions to perform in this as well as every other country, but let us keep them separate and distinct, for if history teaches anything it is the utter futility of successfully uniting the two.

Politics here this week been pushed to the wall that "one touch of nature that makes the whole world kin." Democrats and republicans have vied with each other to provide succor for the thousands of people made homeless by the great floods in Pennsylvania. Washington has shown the world that however heartless she seems to be in her dealings with political and social doings, she in reality has a great big human heart, throbbing just now in sympathetic accord with her suffering brothers and sisters of the Conemaugh Valley, upon whom such a terrible calamity has fallen. A public meeting was held to provide organized methods of collecting money and clothing; it was attended by an immense crowd and was presided over by the President who made a strong appeal for subscriptions. About $50,000 in cash has been raised besides an enormous quantity of blankets clothing disenfectants etc. Everybody seemed disposed to give something; poor people who were unable to give money gave a blanket or a cast off garment; bootblacks and news boys handed in their nickles alongside the millionaires thousand dollar checks, and the children emptied the pennies out of their little banks in order to turn them over to the Committee. For the first half of the week nothing was talked about or seemingly thought about but the awful news from Johnstown. Washington's flood had done a damage to property public and private of several millions of dollars but that was entirely forgotten in the face of the great loss of life by the Pennsylvania horror.

Already the republican acting Commissioner of the General Land office has begun to undo the good work of the democratic administration. He has given notice that he intends abolishing the Board of Review and the Division of Contests, both established under Mr. Clevelands administretion and both recognizes as being in the interests of the homesteader and against the land-grabber. But as the last named class have for many years, with the exception of from '85 to '89, controlled that offie the change can hardly be surprising.

The Civil Service Commission is busily engaged in discovering "mare's nests." It has just reported a large one in the New York custom house, and is now in Troy, N. Y. hoping to find one in the post office. Next week it is to start west on a grand tour of discovery which will embrace a dozen cities.

It is rather early to begin the naming of choices for 1892, but the following from the Atlanta Constitution is worth reproducing:

If the Democratic party fails to make Grover Cleveland its leader in the campaign of 1892, it will repeat the stupendous folly in which it set aside Mr. Tilden in 1880 for General Hancock. * * * * * Grover Cleveland is the leader under whom the Democracy can march to triumph in 1892 and he is proving himself more and more worthy of the great work to which he is consecrated—the redeeming of the government from the hands of the Democratic party, which is the party of the people.

Heavy storms of rain and hail at Hunjutla, Mexico, have caused the river to inundate that town, drowning many persons and battle, washing away many houses and destroying crops.

Married persons who have no children are seeking to adopt the children orphaned by the flood. None of these little ones will be allowed to suffer.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A heavy storm has been raging in Hong Kong, China. Immense damage has been done.

WANTED
[illegible] at dry work.
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Dunn, W. Va.

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Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 67, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge will be on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. R. BOYER, W. M.,
S. P. PAYTENSON, Sec'ty.
6-21

HOME NEWS

—Circuit Court convenes next Monday.

—Atty H. S. Hacker was down to Hillsboro last Saturday.

Go to John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12t

—C. J. Stalling of Academy, and Mrs. Eli Doyle, of Valley Center, Va., were at Huntersville Hotel last Friday.

Buggy harness and Saddles at $5, $10 and up to $40 at A. P. Leist's Racoverts, W. Va. 30-2m

—Atty C. F. Moore and Mrs. John J. Beard, were down at Hillsboro last Saturday.

John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be in a during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—The bridal tour of Dr. C. L. Austin was not so extensive as was contemplated. Being brought to a halt at McDowell by the high waters, the party had to be content with visiting that place, Monterey and Top of Alleghany.

—We were pleased to learn that our young friend Clawson McNeil, of Swago, who was a law student at Morgantown, graduates at the head of his class with distinction.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines that's made at John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va may 9-12

—Any one wishing to procure a good calf shed or sheep house would do well to attend the next County Court; no doubt the bridge at Huntersville can be bought low. And we do not doubt that the road around the mountain will be given to any one who will haul it away; some places of it are left that would answer to patch up mud holes.

Sewing machines from $25 to $50, warranted, for sale by A. P. Leist, Racoverts, W. Va. 30-2m

Farmer Brags.

A problem for some of the school boys to solve: "If it takes a letter 20 days to go from Green Bank to Huntersville a distance of 20 miles, how long will it take Andy Hagle to travel around the world at the rate he travels.

Capt. E. A. Smith, is up from the Ark.

The lumber company did not loose as much as reported at first.

M. J. Moore, brother-in-law of Capt. E. A. Smith is here from near Johnstown, Pa.

Mrs. E. A. Smith has two sisters living in Johnstown.

The road overseers have had their hands out this way, and have fixed up the roads in pretty good shape. Let others do likewise.

C. F. J. ...rs was up Sunday and gave a very interesting lecture to the Dunmore Sunday school.

Not much sign of war, so says Jake Cary and Phil Edmiston. They are both girls and all doing well.

A. E. Jackson, has returned to Hunterville.

Registered at Hotel Wakeman last week and this—J. Lowy, of Baltimore, O. Gay, the celebrated French cook, J. H. Jackson, A. H. Jackson, W. J. Pritchard, H. M. Moore, C. F. Tice, Jos Biple.

Set out your cabbage plants while the weather is wet.

C. B. Hacker, the comical auctioneer has Peanut to cry sales in Pocahontas and adjoining counties. Give him a call.

Remove to this B...
TOMHATTAN.

Huntington Items.

It is reported some fishermen near Gallipie, toiled all night and caught nothing. A party of Marlina Bottom fishermen toiled part of the night recently and caught one cat fish and sixteen dog fish. The dog fish is make up is pretty much mouth and intestines,like some greedy people in the world. One of the young fishers fell into water, he thinks ten feet deep, upon examining his boot legs however, and finding the boots not full of water, the estimate of deepness may be modified. One thing is true he has been cool as a water melon ever since on the matter of fishing.

Mrs. Florida Price the estimable wife of Calvin Price Esq. of Clover Creek, who has been quite ill is reported better. This is gratifying to a large circle of attached friends.

The casualties of the flood,at this place, while unconvenient, did not occasion very much irreparable damage.

D. H. Garber lost one raft of cherry and walnut lumber. He thinks that most of it can be identified as the sawing was done by a vertical saw.

It looks as if the question of riparian rights, will need attention in the near future. As our lawyers are wise, this word is enough.

H. K. S.

Mail Sub Contracting.

The mail route between this place and Traveler's Repose, has been sub-contracted for by John F. Wanless and C. O. W. Sharp, at about $800. How's that? a mail 60 miles a day, every day in the year except Sunday, over mountains, streams and everything else for $800.

We can't understand why men that claim to have good judgment will let a man from another State come in here and tell us what we shall work for; and take his mail routes off his hands at about half the actual cost that it will take to run them.

It looks as though some men will have a mail route if they have to pay some one to get it. Why is it? Is it an honor to carry a mail on an old poor horse over mountains, streams and through all sorts of weather and in mud and snow three feet, deep and arrive at all hours in the night? If there is any honor in it we fail to see it.

The government don't want the mails carried for nothing; it is able to for it, if you will ask it; and why will you let these infernal star route contractors come in here and shove their contracts at a starving price off on you.

It's none of our business what you work for; but it worries us to have our mails come in, at all hours in the night. It would worry the devil himself.

What we want is good service, and we don't believe any one can give good service on a route as the above for $800

School Commencement.

The second Commencement of Hillsboro Training School took place last Tuesday night June, 4th., in the Pavilion erected for the purpose in the presence of a large audience. Every foot of space was occupied and many forced to stand throughout the exercises which they did good naturally.

The appearance of the stage with the light hearted students arranged in a semicircle presented a pleasing scene. The stage settings were beautiful flowers, and the central piece a horse shoe formed of roses and mock orange enhanced the beauty of the scene presented to the vast audience. The paintings and drawings of the art pupils were handsomely arranged on the back ground and right of the stage. On the left were well executed specimens of penmanship by the writing class. Among the names of those deserving special mention for their painting and drawing are Misses Helen Clark and Mollie Peters, both of whom did excellent work as could be seen by some lovely paintings and drawings exhibited that night, and proved that they have a talented teacher at the head of this department. Miss Rose Shearer's writing class as well as her art class, show decided improvement in that line. Promptly at 8 o'clock to the strains of a beautiful march the students took their seats upon the stage. Miss G. M. Shearer, Principal, occupied a seat on the right, at the head of the class. On the left was the motto "Peace Be still" on the right "Vincit qui Patitur" and just back of the Piano, in a half circle the lovely old german word "Wilkommen" As the last strains of the overture died away Miss G. M. Shearer invoked the blessings of the Almighty God upon the students, and the audience. As it would take too much space to make special mention of each piece. We will give the order of the program which was as follows:

Note the Bright Hours only opening chorus by the whole school.

Salutatory—by Edna Clarice Shearer

Bootblack—Illustrated Recitation by Earnest Marshall, John Peters and Forrest Harper.

Trouble your Head with your own Affairs—Recitation by Miss Dallia Edgar, which was nicely prepared and well delivered.

Perseverance Polka Trio—by Misses Oneida Shearer, Maggie McNeel and Nettie Callison.

Will no Maiden Marry Me I'll Vocal Solo—by Gus Eskridge which was one of the best things of the evening, Mr. Gus acted the song to perfection as was shown by the hearty applause which followed it.

Ingenuity Essay, by Miss Annie McNeel, which was certainly an excently gotten up essay on this difficult subject, and could only have been written by one possessing this qualification. Her essay abounded in fine thoughts which were expressed in a way that secured for her, close attention.

Some Day I'll Wander Back again—Vocal Solo and Cho. by Misses Needa and Rose Shearer and Jeanie Clark.

Earnest Marshall 1st orater of the evening.

Parade March—by Misses Needa Shearer and D. Marshall.

The Battle of Bunker Hill—absaulful recitation by Miss Verdie Clark.

Golden Ringlets.

Selection of Trades—by six boys and one little girl.

Children's Glee Song—by seventeen children.

A short recess was now given while attention was called to the art collection by Miss G. M. Shearer.

Part II

"A Voice From the Waves" Vocal Solo—by Misses Fannie and Rose Shearer.

Gus Eskridge 2nd Orator of the evening subject,Our Honored Dead.

"Drifting With the Tide" Vocal Solo and Cho.—by Misses Rose, Fannie and Needa Shearer.

Miss Duffie Marshall, Historian of the Evening, Class of H. T. School

Cymbelline Galop—by Miss Nedda Shearer on the Organ and Misses Annie McNeel Della and Bessie Edgar on Pianos.

Commonplace Critics Select Reading—by Miss Vertie Marshall.

Hautrasses Vocal Duoth—by Misses Georgia and Rose Shearer.

Curiosity, Inc.—by Miss D. Marshall. Fan Drill and Wand Exercise.

Valedictory—by Jennie Clark.

Remarks, Distinction cards &c.

"Good Night" Closing Cho.— by school; so ended one of the very best of Commencements. The Fan Drill and Wand Exercise was excellent the young ladies and little girls were attired in dainty costume and the little boys with swords and were as in motion. The whole drill showed good and careful training.

There was in all about 90 movements in the two which were made in perfect time. Distinction cards were awarded to those who had not been tardy at morning worship and were received by Miss Nettie and Master John Peters, Marshall and Virgie Isetel and Ollie and Villa Marshall. Distinction cards were also awarded to those who averaged over 95 per cent. in daily recitations and examinations and were received by Misses Duffie Marshall and Jennie Clark. The music was especially good and the pieces "A Voice From the Wave" "Drifting With the Tide" "Huntressas" and "Cymbeline Galop" deserve special mention as they were beautiful pieces, in fact pieces that can hardly be surpassed. All acquitted themselves most creditably and show they have teachers at the front who know what they are about. Miss Shearer is one of the best teachers we have ever had in our midst and deserves the patronage of the public. Her training both mental and moral is certainly deserving of the highest praise. Truly conscientious teachers are hard to find,but are certainly to be appreciated when we have them. Decided improvements have been made in the Art and music departments, the past session and we certainly wish her success.

Y.

Wouldn't Act as Chamber Maid.—Widow Brown owned a lodging-house in Denver, Colorado. A year ago she became infatuated with J. J. Medley, proposed to him and married him. Medley expected to have a comfortable home and an easy life, but his wife's ardor soon cooled and she compelled him to perform all the offices as chambermaid in the hotel. Last week Medley soaked his humiliation in wisky, bought a revolver and deliberately killed his wife.

The Driver of a hearse at Wilkesbarre Pennsylvania, was startled the other day by a noise in a coffin. He opened the coffin and the supposed dead man scrambled out and asked for a drink of whisky.

When Mr. Randall says that the democratic outlook is bright, the republican organs are inclined to make fun of him. They will laugh in a different way in 1882.

Last week, severe storms prevailed throughout France. The greatest damage has been done in the departments of Seine et Marine, Aube, Yonne, Haute Saone and Ardennes, where insane places the country is almost devastated.

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va

UNDERTAKER,

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

CARDS TO TRAVELERS.

The mail hack leaves Frankford for Huntersville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, and from Huntersville for Frankford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning. Charges reasonable.

JOEL PLACE, Carrier.

Order of Publication.

E. S. Turk
vs. In Chancery.
Geo. W. McDonald

The object of this suit is to have partition made of three tracts of land containing respectively 1054 304 and 187 acres of land lying on the waters of the Big Spring Branch of Elk River in Pocahontas County, West Virginia, between the plaintiff and defendant, and by Regis and labors the defendant George W. McDonald, and all others from cutting and removing the merchantable timber for so much waste until partition thereof is made.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Geo. W. McDonald is a non resident of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that he do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit. The plaintiff has executed his bond as required by the order granting said injunction.

Teste JOHN J. BEARD C.C.
June 6 4t Printers fee $6.47

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the Chancery Cause of E. J. Moore vs. James P. Ginger and Wife, &c., dated on the 3rd day of April 1882 I as special Commissioner appointed by said decree shall on the

17th DAY OF JUNE 1882

proceed in front of the Court house door of the County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing about 25 acres, the property of the Cleveland Farmer P. Ginger situate on the waters of Shanghai Creek, adjoining the lands of the Heirs of A. B. Gilpin and others. This tract of land is fertile and productive and in a partial state of cultivation.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Special Com'r

I John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the above Commissioner has given bond as required by law.

JOHN J. BEARD,
Clk Cir. Ct.
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Call and see them, and we assure polite and careful attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 13 1889.

(Continued from first page.)

the drummer, coolly; "we found him lying near the corral, almost buried in the snow."

With a cry of utter anguish, which those who heard it never forgot, Katy Jane flung herself upon the floor.

"It's Jack!" she cried, "my Jack! I loved him all the time."

The voice he loved so well possessed the death-like stupor which was fast chilling over him. The warm, affecting lips brought back the breath of life. Slowly his eyes opened and rested upon the bonny tearful face so near his own.

"My darling," he said, "there I was, you at last!" Katy clung closer to his neck.

"All the world loves a lover," from the little square called sympathetically upon the soother who had wrung his happiness from the grasp of a "Northerner."

The suitor was delighted, but mystified. He could not understand it.

"Why, she never liked Jack, and was devoted to the rector," he said feebly.

"Just so!" replied the sagacious Mrs. Lemmons. "In dealing with a girl, Major, remember it's never Jim but Jack, and if she flirts with a parson, she is pretty sure to marry a soldier." And Katy did.

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Kansas is favorably situated in the great West. Her climate, while mild in winter seems to exact cool summers of rare beauty, stretching from the Southern line of Mexico, contrasting somewhat as she is Colorado and Dakota, and with other from Salt on the north to the Indian Ty., on the south, thus embracing one of the finest agricultural regions in the world. In addition to this there are important mineral deposits of coal and salt.

The latter is found in various portions of Southern Kan., at a depth of about 600 feet, beneath the surface of the earth.

There is a salt factory at Anthony city twelve miles south of Harper where the brine of salt is three hundred feet thick and extensive quantities are manufactured daily.

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There is not much future for a young man who has learned how to spend a fortune before he knows how to make one.

What is that which everyone wishes to have, and wish everyone wishes get rid of directly he obtains it? A good appetite.

"This is a sad and sinful world," observed Sir Boyle Roche. "We never sleep before on a man's grave until after he is dead."

Customer: "I say, waiter, this omelette hasn't been long." Waiter (over the top): "Up, sir! It came out, sir. I believe it was hen."

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IF YOUR EARS ACHE

The Central Criminal Court—Conscience.

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JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 13 1889.

(Continued from first page.)

the drummer, sadly; "we found him lying near the corral, almost buried in the snow."

With a cry of utter anguish, which those who heard it never forgot, Kitty Dare flung herself upon the floor.

"It's Jack!" she cried, "my Jack! I loved him all the time."

The voice he loved so well pierced the death-like stupor which was fast stealing over him. The warm, relaxing tide brought back the breath of life. Slowly his eyes opened and rested upon the bonny head that lay so near his own.

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I am prepared to make to the best style, solid leather, boots and shoes of all kinds. Also repairing done in neat style. Mar 16 8 m. J. C. TRUSLER.

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

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SCROFULA
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Wasting Diseases

when all other Preparations, Medicines and Physicians fail. Even Cod Liver Oil, of which it is a concentration, is useless in many cases where Scott's Emulsion is a perfect success. It combines the nutritious properties of the Cod Liver Oil, with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, and is as much superior to plain Cod Liver Oil as it is to Emulsions that are worthless. Prepared by Physicians all over the world.

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LIST OF PREMIUMS.

SEE THIS OUT AND SHOW TO FRIENDS.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 20, 1889. No. 47.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Caughlin.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk's of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, (D. W. Kirkpatrick.
(C. B. Bruce, Pres't.
Com'rs of Co. Court, (A. B. Dilworth.
(G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Slaven.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. BYRDE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.,

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HOCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. A. BYRDE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. S. B. WHITE,
Resident Dentist,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
IS A GREAT LABOR SAVER.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
RAIN AND SNOW DON'T AFFECT IT
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
MAKES A SHOE WATERPROOF,
Softens and Preserves all Kinds of Leather.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

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The practical girl, young girl,
Not afraid of the rain young girl,
A practical joker,
A daddy and foxy
A helper of self young girl.

A home in her plans young girl,
A savior will love young girl,
A kitten across,
A life calm and close,
A princess of peace young girl.

A man for her own hair young girl,
A free from there young girl,
Improvements every hour,
No wishy washyness,
A wealth of rare inner young girl.

An early retiring young girl,
An active, aspiring young girl,
A morning arises,
A daisy despiser
A progressive American girl.

An honestly courting young girl,
A never seen flirting young girl,
A quiet and pure,
A modest, demure,
A fit for a wife young girl.

A sought everywhere young girl,
A future most fair young girl,
An ever elected,
We bet seldom meet,
This queen among queens young girl.
—Mrs E. E. Woods, in N. Y. World.

Old Siegel and His Son.

BY THE MARQUIS OF LORNE.

Many years ago, while making a tour through that beautiful tract of mountain scenery in the south of Bavaria known as the Salzgammergut, I stayed for a fortnight at Berchtesgaden. I spent much of my time there in fishing for grayling and in talking to the chamois hunters, with many of whom I had made acquaintance during a previous visit. I used often to sit for hours listening to their hunting stories, and on one occasion I hunted with them.

The mountains immediately around Berchtesgaden are kept as a royal chamois preserve, and as the King was expected to arrive shortly, none but his Majesty's own jagers were allowed, during the time I was there, to disturb the chamois.

I was, however, very anxious to have at least one day's sport, and arranged with old Siegel and his son Franz, chamois hunters whom I had known for some time, and on whom I could depend, to have a "jagd" on the morrow. Siegel persuaded Gotting, a friend of his, to come with us.

We started early in the morning, and after toiling for several hours up through the dark pine woods which became more scant and scrubby the higher we went, emerged at last on the open snowfields.

We now separated; Franz and Gotting made a long detour to the left, while Siegel and I hastened on to reach some commanding position above, in case any chamois were driven up. After an hour's more climbing, we halted on the top of a precipice, which shaped in the form of a crescent, made a complete rail de sac for any chamois driven up by our friends below.

We had hardly been watching ten minutes when two chamois appeared in sight, bounding up the mountain side and coming directly toward us. When the foremost had come within range, I fired and missed, as must men would have done, firing as I did at so small an object from a height almost perpendicularly above it.

The beasts turned, and springing with wonderful speed over the sharp rocks, were soon out of sight. I fired a second shot just as they were disappearing, and think I struck one of them, but it continued to get away, and we never saw it again.

Siegel and I, somewhat crestfallen, trudged on up the mountain, keeping a sharp lookout on all sides, and talking now and then to give the others time to overtake us.

Suddenly we heard, far down below us, a shot, and then all was again silent. We were much surprised, as it is one of the first rules in this kind of hunting never, except when absolutely necessary, even to raise the voice, much less, of course, to fire a rifle, which scares the chamois completely.

We knew that Gotting and Franz, directly below us as they were, could not possibly have seen a chamois, as our shots must have driven them quite out of reach. After a minutes anxious listening, we fancied we heard shouts, and fearing we knew not what, called loudly Franz's name.

We then heard—and this time quite distinctly—the voice of Gotting saying:

"Come down! come down! It's all over! Franz has shot himself!"

Siegel and I were standing together ankle deep in the snow. I glanced into his face, and I think I shall never forget the look of misery I saw there. Before I knew what he was about, he had seized his rifle, and presented the muzzle to his head, and was feeling with his foot in a frenzied manner for the trigger.

I snatched the piece away just in time; he did not try to recover it, but throwing himself on the snow, burst into a most passionate, most eloquent torrent of praise of his son's many virtues. He told me what a good son he had always been to him, anxious to fulfil his slightest wish.

I at length succeeded in partially soothing him, and in rousing him to action. We scrambled down as fast as we could guided by Gotting's shouts.

It was a long time before we reached them; to me it seemed an age. I accused myself of being the author of all this misery, and my anxiety was heightened by the reflection that we were in reality poaching, and we should very likely, in consequence of this misfortune get into trouble on our return.

We found poor Franz lying shot through the back and in great pain among stunted "knie bols"—a plant something like our whinbush. It appeared that he had, contrary to all jager rules, carried his rifle cocked, and that in walking through the knie bols, he had stumbled and fallen, and his rifle had somehow or other exploded, causing a severe wound.

We stanched the blood as well as we could with our handkerchiefs, and then held a consultation. Gotting said he knew of a chalet some way off to which he thought we might manage to carry Franz.

I lifted him up as carefully as possible, and walked for some way over the almost impracticable ground, which, threatening to bring on agony every moment. I managed, I think, to go about two hundred yards with my burden, and then, exhausted, had to lay him down. His father tried to carry him next, but unnerved and half blinded by his tears, had also soon to give it up.

Gotting was the only one of the party who could carry Franz for any great length of time over the rough ground we were now compelled to traverse; he was a small man, but seemed to be wire and muscle.

It was, however, evident that the shot from we were obliged to go as should never even if we knew the exact direction—which, by the way, none of us did—get to the chalet before nightfall. Some other arrangement must be made.

Gotting proposed that he should stay with the wounded man, while Siegel and I should go forward and attempt to reach the chalet. Gotting was the only one of the party who had ever been there, and that was years before. He gave us directions how to find it.

We were to pass to the right or left of certain peaks to protect ourselves, and then he said we should see a large field of snow. We were to cross this, and the chalet was in a hollow about half a mile above and to the left.

Well, we started—Siegel and I—leaving all the provisions except a few sandwiches with Franz and Gotting. A weary walk brought us to the peak where, according to Gotting, we were to see the snow field. But there was nothing of the sort there; peak rose upon peak, but there was no great, level snow field stretching away at our feet, such as he had described.

We looked at each other in dismay. To add to our distress, the weather, which had hitherto been beautiful, began to get overcast. Light wreaths of mist were setting on the highest summits of the mountain, sure signs of a coming storm.

However, there was no use in going back. We should perhaps not be able to find Franz and Gotting again if, bewildered as we now were, we attempted to get back to them. Our only chance was forward.

Tired and dispirited we walked on turning around only to look at the gathering clouds which were now piling themselves dark and threatening behind us. The wind, too, began to rise. We commenced to go downward; indeed, we were too much exhausted to go any higher, or waste any more time in looking for the chalet.

The ground seemed to get more rough the lower we went, and the tremendous gusts of wind which whistled round us made the descent most dangerous. Great, spattering raindrops now began to fall, and we halted on a ledge of rock, never to move more.

The storm increased and in a short time was at its height. The rain came down in torrents, completely drenching us. The lightning with blinding flashes played all round, hissing and illuminating for an instant the awful grandeur of the scene, while the thunder pealed and crashed overhead, each crag and wall of rock echoing the sound and increasing it and hundredfold.

We had thrown our rifles away, afraid that the lightning would strike them, and stood waiting for the storm to abate. When we encamped our clothes were trembling with cold in every limb. The air, which was warm enough before, was now piercingly cold and the wind drove sleet and bits of ice against our faces with blinding force.

I went first, and for a long time neither of us spoke. Only when a particularly dangerous place was crossed I gave the warning "look to the right!" or "To the left!" as the case might be.

Siegel led the way when I was tired, and then we proceeded with greatest caution, as a false step would have been almost certain death, till we got to more level ground.

Here we again encountered thickets of knie bols. We were already congratulating ourselves on having got the worst over, when we were suddenly stopped by a precipice of wood, down which it would have been impossible for a goat to go. It was a sheer descent of at least 40 or 50 feet.

This was a dreadful disappointment. We walked along the edge in various ways, but as far as we could see the wood extended for miles. I had already thrown myself on the ground and had given up all hopes of life, when a shout from Siegel who had gone on a little way, made me once more spring to my feet.

I hastened to him. He was standing over a narrow hole in the rock almost hidden by bushes of the knie bols.

"We are saved! we are saved!" he cried. He explained to me how, when I had given up in despair, he suddenly thought that he recognized the place we were in, and had remembered, too, that if it were indeed the part of the mountain he supposed it to be, there was a circular hole in the rock forming the Wand by which the chamois hunters avoided this otherwise impassible place. He had gone on, had found the opening, and fearful of losing the spot had stayed over it and called till I came.

We slid safely down this chimney like hole, which is not much more than twenty feet in depth, and easily descending the lower part of the Wand, which is here much broken, arrived, benighted and half frozen, at 10 o'clock at night, at a woodman's hut Siegel knew of in the valley below. Here we obtained warmth and shelter.

Three of the woodmen immediately started up the mountain and returned in a few hours with poor Franz, who was very much exhausted, but no words from cold—the sling had contained to light a fire, and they had provisions—no inconsiderable item of interest.

I soon asked Siegel what he would have done if he had not found that opening. "We should," he said, "have struck our alpenstocks into the ground, and have walked round them all the night to keep off sleep, which if it conquered us would, of course, have been fatal. If we lived till day broke we should have tried to find our way back to the others."

Whether we were likely to succeed in so doing, cold, hungry and exhausted as we were, the reader may judge.

As for Franz, he completely recovered from his wound, and I have hunted many a time with him since that memorable day.—Temple's Companion.

HOW'S THIS.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

"I know that you have me," he said, sentimentally, as he held her to his vest. "I know that you love me," she repeated, "because when I lay my head against your breast your heart beats so loud that I can hear it." "That," gasped the poor fellow as the awful truth dawned upon him, "that is not my heart. That's my watering watch."

Mr. Wm. B. Green, who is in a very low condition, from [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
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Half col'n	8 00	15 00	28 00	45 00
One col'n	15 00	25 00	45 00	80 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1 50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

June 20 1889.

Jefferson Davis celebrated his eighty-first birthday at Beauvoir last Monday. He was in fine health and spirits.

Old Jubal Early's speech at Winchester will be a godsend to the republican papers. The general stuck to it that the confederate cause was right, and was particularly rough on the confederates who have deserted since the war.

Humanity.

To the man gifted with sufficient spiritual strength to enable him to look over the heads of the crowd, humanity is a curious study.

From his perch on the edge of a cloud such a man can look down in wonder and pity on the restless throng—doing and undoing, striving and suffering, sorrowing and sin-stricken. Life has given to humanity the earth and the fullness thereof, and, not satisfied with the glorious heritage as it comes from His hand, mortals are forever struggling to make such changes as will adapt its conditions nearer in accordance with their erratic imagings.

As an illustration, there are the millions of treasure expended and the thousands of lives wasted in the attempt to break the continuity of the western hemisphere and send the blue billows of the Pacific and the wild breakers of the Atlantic dashing away to meet and embrace each other among the hills of Panama. The people of the east and the people of the west have, by much labor and pains, flung a rope of steel across the ocean, and, having caught the secret of the summer lightning, they talk in strange whispers from one side to the other of the world.

To mankind collectively, humanity is tender and charitable. To the individual sinner how unpitying it is. On the field of battle he who destroys most of his fellow creatures is the greatest hero. But he that kills his neighbor in a moment of passion is pursued most unrelentingly, and above his devoted head the hand of the stranger is forever uplifted.

Ah, humanity, humanity! In its strange and unreasoning perversity the gentle voice of the living God is drowned by the smooth clamorings. The moment that the sun awakens and finds itself an idealistic point of view, begins to play some mischief in the world. Wild and willful, prone to wander, hesitant in its superstitious desires and strange appetites, excited by a thousand unexplainable longings.

"Blest, Vital Lamp Saturnithunt!" rises the thrilling appeal from the weird and withering gloom of Darkness. Centuries have risen and gone and the dust of the earth has passed through myriad transformations. Morn, having long painted the sky with hues and tints different from the stains of the angels, and ragged winter has combed the forests with snow of nature with the snows of nearly two thousand Decembers since that touching and pitiful cry was wrung from the anguished heart of a suffering God. But its terror deepens and its passion intensifies as it goes wailing and echoing down the path of the ages, and every day and every hour and every moment—every heart-throb of time—is burdened by that woful refrain: "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Some of the Great Floods of History Recounted.

From the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

It becomes interesting to note some of the great floods of history. One of the most notable was that which, according to the old Historian Camden, washed away East Godwin's land on the coast of Kent, and left only the Godwin Sands. Holland has furnished many a coast flood. At Dort, in 1446, the sea broke in through the dykes and drowned the people of seventy-two villages, in all 100,000 persons. The dykes failed in 1530 and nearly 400,000 people died. The celebrated Ripon flood in Yorkshire was in 1771, and in 1787 over 2000 persons lost their lives by the sudden torrents from the mountains of Navarra. In 1813 the overflow of the Danube drowned 3000 Turkish soldiers on a small island near Widden, and in Sinesia the floods practically ruined the French army under McDonald. The Vistula overflowed and broke its dykes in 1813 and swept away 10,000 cattle and 4000 houses.

Two famous floods in France were those of 1840 and 1846. The former was in the southwest, and upward of 1,000 houses were swept away by the Rhone. The other was in the central and south western part of France, and destroyed $30,000,000 worth of property, including numerous costly railroad viaducts.

By the bursting of the reservoir at Lorca, in Spain, twenty square leagues were devastated, and over 1,000 persons were drowned, April 14, 1802. The property damage was estimated at $7,000,000.

The giving way of the dam of the Bradfield reservoir near Sheffield, England, on March 11, 1864, let loose a flood which swept fourteen miles of valley in two hours and caused a loss of $1,000,000, besides drowning 250 persons. This is the disaster which is made to figure in Charles Reed's "Put Yourself in His Place." The area of the Bradford reservoir was seventy-eight acres, and its dam at the highest place was 95 feet high.

The Williamsburg, Mass., disaster was on May 11th, 1864. The dam of a 100-acre reservoir gave way, and $1,000,000 worth of property was ruined. One hundred and fifty persons lost their lives.

The South Fork reservoir accident of Friday night surpasses all similar casualties in every respect. This reservoir had an area of over 2,000 acres, and its waters, when freed from confinement, devastated an area of hundreds of square miles.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

The Census Bureau issues an Important Circular—Mortality Statistics.

The following is received from the Census Bureau:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE,
WASHINGTON D. C., May 1, 1889.

To The Medical Profession:

The various medical associations and the medical profession will be glad to learn that Dr. John S. Billings, Surgeon U. S. Army, has consented to take charge of the Report on the Mortality and Vital Statistics of the United States as returned by the Eleventh Census.

As the United States has no system of registration of vital statistics, such as is relied upon by other civilized nations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual movement of population, our census affords the only opportunity of obtaining near an approximate estimate of the birth and death rates of which the larger part of the country, which is entirely unprovided with any satisfactory system of State and municipal registration.

In view of this, the Census Office, during the month of May this year, will issue to the medical profession throughout the country "Physician's Registers" for the purpose of obtaining more accurate returns of deaths than it is possible for the enumerators to make. It is earnestly hoped that physicians in every part of the country will co-operate with the Census Office in this important work. The record should be kept from June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890. Nearly 26,000 of these registration books were filled up and returned to the office 1880, and nearly all of them used for statistical purposes. It is hoped that double this number will be obtained for the Eleventh Census.

Physicians not receiving Registers can obtain them by sending their names and addresses to the Census Office, and, with the Register, an official envelope which requires no stamp will be provided for their return to Washington.

If all medical and surgical practitioners throughout the country will lend their aid, the mortality and vital statistics of the Eleventh Census will be more comprehensive and complete than they have ever been. Every physician should take a personal pride in having this report as full and accurate as it is possible to make it.

It is hereby promised that all information obtained through this source shall be held strictly confidential.

ROBERT P. PORTER,
Superintendent of Census.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANTED.

500 ft. of dry rung.
Address Barnes Hill,
Jarvis, W. Va.

GOOD FLOUR.

If you pay pound, must fit the per bushel at H. H. McClintic's mill, also his Store at A. Barlow's Huntersville, and Barlow & Moore's, Edray for 8 cts. may 23.

Administrator's Notice.

All parties holding claims against David McClaughlin dec'd., are required to present the same at once to the administrator for payment, and all parties indebted to said David McClaughlin are required to come forward at once and settle up.

Respectfully,
Union Hereford,
Adm'r of David McClaughlin dec'd.
June10 4 c Dunlap Creek W. Va.

The Sponge is Mightier than the Brush.

THROW AWAY THE SHOE BRUSH

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

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C. D. LAM, formerly of
and M. O'FARRELL,
new LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
(Successors to Dodge & McClintic)
Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

All brands of

LIQUORS,

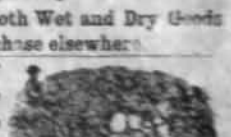
At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandize.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated



WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

I. B. MOORE
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Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR,
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having ately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

WEEKLY NOTES.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 55, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, which this Moon falls on Friday, June 30th this evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Secty.
6-23

HOME NEWS.

—We understand their will be a big parade at Dunmore this year.

—There were a good deal of business done at this term of the Court.

—We will give the full proceedings of the Circuit Court next week.

—Lists of new subscribers this week.

—Thanks to those who paid us such this week.

Go to John Wurts & Co., Frankford, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12t

—Good envelopes at THE TIMES office for 15c. per 100.

John Wurts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be on a dating June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Hon. C. P. Dorr has retired from the Webster Springs Call, and it will be conducted hereafter by Messrs D. S. Woodell and E. H. Martin. Success to the new managers.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines that's made at John Wurts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—We return thanks to the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, for invitation to the annual commencement and semi cential celebrations to be held there the 4th of July.

—The Greenbrier Independent, one of our very best weekly exchanges has passed its 24th birthday. It is welcomed to its many readers in Pocahontas, and may it long live and prosper.

—The Chancery suit of Frank Barnett vs. Wm. M. McAlister and others was at the term of the Court re-referred to special Judge J. W. Arbuckle. The case was argued at length by C. P. Dorr of this place and E. H. Knight, of Charleston for the plaintiff, and C. P. Jones and John W. Hutchinson for the defendants. A decree was entered in favor of the plaintiff for $200 and costs. There has never been a chancery case in this Court that excited more interest on the part of the people, nor one in which the line of argument was more entertaining. It is probable the case will be carried to the Court of Appeals.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

of Hightownville District will meet in Harrisonville Friday, June 23rd, 1889, for the purpose of settling with the Sheriff and attending to all other business that may be necessary.

By order of the President
JAMES W. WARWICK Jr.,
Secretary of Board.

Personal Doings.

R. P. Mayse, was in town last week.

The curling machine is in full blast at Dunmore.

There will be singing at the Cross Road school house on Sunday, 23rd, at 2 p. m. Let all attend and bring your books.

C. P. Moore and family were on a visit to Edray last week.

J. W. Moore will start for Johnstown, Pa. this week for his family.

Mrs. E. L. Smith's sister living at Johnstown, during the flood was saved.

Circuit Court Notes.

Circuit Court convened on Monday 17th; Judge A. B. Caldwell presiding.

The lawyers attending Court from a distance were, C. P. Jones and J. H. Hutchinson of Monroe; Dr. M. McAlister and Jos. W. Hutchinson of White Sulphur; Judge W. Arbuckle and Jno. W. Hall, of Lewisburg, Wm. Skeen, of Caring ton and E. H. Knight, of Charleston.

Quite a large crowd were in at Lindsome Monday.

R. F. Harlow, the proprietor of the Greenbrier Independent was among us.

We will give the proceedings next week.

Notes By the Way.

It is a matter for hartfelt thanksgiving and praise to witness the cheerful alacrity with which our people hasten to repair the effects of the recent flood.

During the whole spring season, there seemed to be unusual industry all over the county, clearing land repairing fences, and improving roadways.

Taken for everything there is no region on the face of the earth, that surpasses West Virginia, and Pocahontas may be made equal to any county in the state, for all material comforts. Patient industry is sure of its reward in a region like this.

AN INTERESTING SUNDAY SCHOOL.

There is a flourishing Sunday school, at New Hope school house on Brown's Creek, near Hunterville, under the joint management of Mr. James W. Warwick and W. T. Moore.

On a recent Sabbath afternoon the writer witnessed a scene there, not to be met with in any other Sabbath school in the world.

The first Sabbath School ever taught in West Virginia, and for that matter, anywhere west of the Alleghanies was conducted by Mrs. Mary Warwick in her old age.

Though she was so infirm, that when seated, she could not arise from her chair without assistance yet she would have her servants to place her on a horse, and she would ride four miles to a log school house located near what is now called the "Jerry Friel cabin" on Jacob Sharp's property, where she met her Sunday School. She was the only teacher, and would open her school at 8 or 9 o'clock and continue teaching until one or two in the afternoon then she would go to William Sharp's, rest awhile, take dinner and thereupon return to her home at Clover Lick.

One of her favorite scholars was little Lizzie Sharp, now known and much esteemed by many of your readers, as good old Aunt Bettie McCullough,in verging close to ninety years of age. She was at the Sunday School the afternoon referred to, and seemed interested in all that was going on. Mr. Warwick is a great, grand son, of her old Teacher, and Aunt Betsy says she sees see her old Teacher's eye in Jimmy Warwick's head. It was a touching coincidence, that two such persons, should meet in sabbath school, after seventy-five years should have passed away, and is of intense significance to the literature of Sunday school.

AN IMPRESSIVE BURIAL SCENE.

Last week the pleasing information was furnished by one of your correspondents and published, that Mrs. Florida Price, was thought to be better of her serious illness.

It now appears this was but amusement, for she died Tuesday morning, June 18th, aged 33 years. She was one of five daughters, in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Sar, near Elkwater, Randolph Co., West Va.

About four years since, she was married to J. Calvin Price, Esq., and soon after they took up their residence on Clover Creek.

Two little boys are left motherless and a wide circle of relatives and attached friends, mourn the decease of a most excellent person.

On the afternoon of Wednesday, June the 19, she was buried from the Clover Lick Chapel followed by one of the largest funeral process ions ever seen in our county, any who is. She was entered in the historic Clover Lick grave yard, close to the grave of her great grand mother Mary Warwick, mentioned in a former note.

Outside of the cities, the writer, has rarely seen a grave more beautifully furnished up. It was sodded with freshly cut turf, and adorned with arrows, and tastefully arranged garlands and wreathes of roses and evergreens.

The beautiful testimonies she bore of her confidence in the love and power of Jesus to save, are of the most consoling character.

Thinking of her, one is most touchingly reminded of these lines as beautifully appropriate

"She sleeps in the Valley so sweet,
About her the green willows wave,
We planted the rose at her feet,
To bloom and decay o'er her grave.
She sleeps in the valley so sweet,
No sound o'er disturbs her repose;
Be quiet in this calm retreat
She rests safe, secure from life's woes.

Now calmly she rested in God;
"To thy arms my Savior I come."
Come quickly, come quickly, O Lord
And welcome thy wanderer home.
She sleeps in the Valley so sweet,
Her spirit has taken its flight,
Her form is but dust neath our feet,
While she is arranged of light.

W. T. P.

The Heroine of the Flood.

If the valley of Conemaugh has its heroes it also has its heroines.

The story of one woman's sublime courage and unselfishness at a supreme moment of peril makes a bright page in the gloomy record of the Johnstown calamity.

Mrs. Ogle, the manager of the Western Union Telegraph office at Johnstown, stood by her key to the last. She was notified time and again that certain death awaited her if she did not seek safety in flight. But the brave little woman thought of the thousands of people in the valley below and stuck to her post, sending out message after message of warning.

Suddenly a deafening roar filled the air, and a black wave, mountain high, could be seen rolling down upon the doomed city.

The pale faced woman gave one look and dashed the tears from her eyes.

"This is my last message!" the key ticked out to be the operator at South Fork.

There was no time to sit another word. The mad torrent struck the building and an instant later the lifeless heroine of the flood was washed through the raging waters, onward through the rocky mountain passes, and downward to the smiling plains below.

The bravest are the tenderest, and the tenderest are the bravest.

The Fiends of the Future.

The Conemaugh valley disaster must not be viewed simply as a calamity. It is a warning.

When the boats navigate Pennsylvania avenue in Washington, and carp invade the homes of that city, we see the shadows of coming events—something even worse than the Johnstown horror.

We have more than once pointed out in these columns the probable consequences of the floods that will visit this country in future. The destruction of our forests will make the cloud burst as familiar to us as the tornado is to the dwellers on our western plains. Von Belbut, in his work on "The Influence of Forest Growth on Climate," says: "The old experience that the destruction of woods accentuates climate extremes, and more especially enhances the danger of floods, has not thus far been contradicted. May it receive calumnious confirmation in the disasters which, in the South Tyrol, for example, recur so frequently, and which it is vainly sought to prevent by artificial works."

We are energetically setting in motion the very machinery that must necessarily increase the area and the destructive power of these tremendous floods.

Warning we have had in abundance, but we take no thought of the morrow. We read of half a million lives lost in the overflow of Yellow river in China, and smile when the comforting thought occurs to us that it is on the other side of the world. We hear of the flood horror in the south of France after that region was stripped of its timber—cloud bursts which turn our paths into raging torrents and sweep away houses, cattle and human beings. But all this, we say is in France. The awful warning comes nearer and in a deadlier shape, from time to time, until we have its breathless culmination and climax at Johnstown.

The thoughtful observer who has watched these events, studied their lessons, and looked ahead to the future, can come to but one conclusion. A century hence Macaulay's New Zealander may sit here to shake his weary head over our ruins, but the scientific and progressive American of that day will have many strange chapters of history to relate. He will tell his children the story of our scores of dead cities that went down in the black night of a mighty deluge. He will describe the destruction of Washington, Cincinnati, Lomierille, St. Louis and New Orleans. In Georgia and Tennessee he will name the cities of—but this comes too near home to be calmly discussed, and predictions would not be relished by any of us.

It is enough to say that a century hence, when the intelligent American of that day takes a glance backward, he will bitterly denounce our criminal waste and neglect in the matter of forestry, and it will be a mystery in his eyes that we allowed so many warnings to pass unheeded, and rushed on to our doom.—Atlanta Constitution.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,

—AND GO TO—

LOURY & DOYLE'S

Where you can see a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

Ready Made Clothing,

Also a nice line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

Call and see them, and we assure polite and careful attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

A. B. BARNETT,
Academy, W. Va.

Is prepared to furnish at short notice upon very low terms and in reasonable prices.

OUR TRADE MARK

This well known Nursery is situated one mile south of Huntersville on Knapp Creek and Fifteen minutes walk from Huntersville for Front Load every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning. Large assortment of Evergreens.

JOEL CLARK, Agent.

Order of Publication.

R. B. Tate
vs. In Chancery.
Geo. W. McDonald

The object of this suit is to have partition made of three tracts of land containing seventy-seven (77) and one (1) acres of land lying on the waters of the Big Spring Branch of Elk River in Pocahontas County, West Virginia, between the plaintiff and defendant, and all others claiming and owning any Mineral estates under them or any portion thereof is made.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Geo. W. McDonald is a non resident of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that he do appear here within the month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit. The plaintiff has executed his bond as required by the order granting said injunction.

Testa: JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

June 6 4t. Printer's fee $8.25

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the Chancery Cause of L. A. Sites vs. James P. Gough and Wife, and bearing on the 2nd day of April, 1889, I as special commissioner appointed by said decree shall on the

7TH DAY OF JUNE 1889

proceed in front of the Court house door of this County to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for Cash, a certain tract of land containing fifty (50) acres, the property of the defendant James P. Gough, on the waters of Stamping Creek, adjoining the lands of the Heirs of L. D. Sites and others. This tract of land is fully described in a partial decree of this cause.

L. E. SITES,
Special Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, certify that the above commissioner was duly appointed as required by law.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of June, 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

June 6 4t. Printer's fee $8.75

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business attended to for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and make no charge unless patent is secured.

Letters strictly confidential. Address, C. A. SNOW & CO., Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 20 1889.

Twisted.

Two boys were at work rigging a small sailboat. It lay in an inlet on the New Jersey coast, and had been hired from them for the season by a stranger from New York.

"Come along, Bob," said of the boys. "It's all right now. We'll have time to see the ball match, if we don't start at once."

Bob had taken down some of the old ropes, and had rigged the boat with new ones. The halyards he had not yet examined.

"They're all right," urged his companion, trying them.—"strong enough to last for years."

"No; I'll put in new halyards. I promised to make a thorough job of it."

"Then you'll miss the game. I'm off."

Tom ran across the field; Bob hesitated as he looked after him. It was a sharp disappointment to miss the game. The old halyards were worn but they were still stout.

"They'll stand this summer well enough," muttered Bob.

Then with a quick decisive movement he cut them, and proceeded to put in new ropes. "I'll make the job thorough," he said.

That very morning the New York gentleman took a party of his friends out for a sail, among them several persons whose lives were especially valuable to the community, and whose death would have been a calamity. When they were a mile from the land, a fierce squall struck the boat. They steered toward the shore. The boat was carrying too much sail for such a wind.

"If your stuff gives way we are gone," said a physician in the party, in a low voice.

"It all depends on the halyards. They are new. But there's a terrific strain on them."

Every eye in the boat was upon the short knotted ropes. They strained ominously; but they bore the strain, and in a short time the boat was driven up on the beach. Bob's clear life of new rope had saved the lives of all on board.—*Youth's Companion.*

TO ENABLE HER TO SEE THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

He was a commoner tower,
And to France he did go over,
And he went there
To see that there
That's a Frenchman born was he;

And he now calls Paris, Paree,
And he visits Mary, Marie,
Marie, his mother,
Pierre, his brother,
And he daily love, cherie.

A traveling man for a certain house was put in the witness chair. "Do you solemnly swear," said the clerk, "that the evidence you shall give in the case now on hearing, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth." The witness hesitated and then said, "I've been selling goods for—and I'm for five years, but I'll do my best."

Shad Fishing.

The life of a shad fisherman is not a happy one, neither is it very remunerative. They have to make their money in a short season and they are liable to lose their fine nets, which sometimes get caught in passing vessels. The nets cost several hundred dollars each. The set consists of two rope lines, each about 1000 feet long, with small pieces of lead fastened to one line six feet apart and pieces of egg shaped wood fastened to the other line. A fine linen net with meshes three and a quarter to three and five eighths inches in size is strung on the lines, which are placed about twelve feet apart. The fishes are caught by the gills. Their head passes through the meshes, and when they try to retreat they are held prisoners by the silken twine. But if the nets are not lifted at the change of the tide they are liable to make their escape, and then there is mourning among the fishermen.

Two men operate a boat. The boats now used are thirty feet long and flat bottomed. They are cheaper than the keel boats and more stable. They are stout, and yet light and easy to handle. One man rows, and the other tends or throws the net, generally in the shape of a letter "L." When the net is cast, a line is fastened from the boat to the nearest end of the net, and away the party goes, drifting with the tide.

Sometimes the net is liable to catch on an obstruction or on the keel of a steamer or a tugboat, and then the net is damaged $50 or more. After drifting with the tide for a time the man tending the net commences to haul in. Soon there is a splash, and a nice shad is found "gilled." Perhaps this is the only one, and maybe there are ten thirty or a hundred more.

Then the boat is rowed back over the course and the same routine is gone through until the tide changes or the fishermen are thoroughly exhausted. The fishing is done in the night, and when the air is clear and the moon shines out the night presents by the hundreds of fishermen, with their white lamp lit boats, is a fine one. The fishermen have to suffer many hardships, though, on a foggy or cold night.

In the morning the fishermen carry their nets ashore and clean and mend them. They are then wound on a reel. The speculators that are to be found in every fishing town buy the shad and ship it to this city.

There is great rivalry among the fishermen to see who will catch the first shad. The lucky one receives $10 from the speculators. A fisherman generally averages $1000 for his season's labor.—N. Y. Star.

Farm and Garden Notes.

One of the essentials of soiling is a fertile soil.

Boys and girls are the best crop raised on the farm.

Every farm ought to have its experimental patch.

It is better to deburn every colt than to have one man killed.

Muriate of potash has proved to be a remedy for the white grub.

The early killed is the easily killed weed, and the weed that robs the crop least.

If you are careful to keep the furrows straight you will do faster and better plowing.

The smaller the field the more fence required and the more land taken from cultivation.

A diversity of crops distributes work, receipts and expenses more evenly through the year and through the years.

The plum curculio is injuring our apples. To prevent this set plums among the apples. Spray the apples once and the plums three times to destroy the insect.

In no other way can the farmer so radically do the work of nature to his advantage as by using tile, for under drainage both lengthens the seasons and deepens the soil.

An attractive paper.—Fly paper.

At the Theatre.—Blobson (rising excitedly): "Down with that red umbrella in the front!" Mrs. Blobson (drawing him back): "For mercy sake sit down! That ain't an umbrella; it's a new spring hat."

Mrs. Jason: "Jekiel was there ever any such person as the first killer?" Mr. Jason: "What idiotic questions you do ask. How the dickens do I know? I never met him." Mrs. Jason: "Oh I know that."

Diner out: "Waiter, how's this? I have just discovered a collar button in my soup." Waiter: "Yes, sah, you's de lucky man. We has prize soup on Monday an' Wednesdays. A handsome gift in every twentieth plate."

Mendicant: Please help a poor blind man, Kind old lady: Blind? Why bless me, there's a shilling for you. Mendicant: Thank ye, heartily, ma'am. I knowed the minute I see ye' comin' ye was a kind hearted old 'oman.

An Irishman being asked on a late trial for a certificate of his marriage, exhibited a huge scar on his head, which looked as though it might have been made with a fire shovel. The evidence was considered satisfactory.

Judge (to prisoner): "Your wife says you dragged her out of bed by the hair." Prisoner: "I didn't touch her hair, your honour. It was hanging on the back of a chair where she put it the night before." Case dismissed.

We are never weary of reading a good epitaph—one which indicates the work of a lifetime in a few short, crisp words. Here is one, for instance, which needs no explanation. It was inscribed on the tomb of a cannibal: "He loved his fellowmen."

Bagley (sternly): Amelia, let this thing stop Mr. De Twirliger. Amelia: Oh; paw, do not forbid Albert the house. Bagley: He may come every night in the week if he pleases, but he shall not bring his dog into my parlor. Last night its howlings kept me awake for an hour. Amelia: Why paw, that was Albert singing a selection from "Ernine."

Between the Acts.—"How truly rural that scene was," said a husband to his wife as the curtain descended after the first act, and then he went out to see a man. At the close of the play—it was a five act play—he again expressed his admiration for the truly rural scenery, but as he pronounced the "truly loural" his wife got him home as quickly as possible.

A gentleman who was [illegible] another praised the meat very much and inquired who was his butcher. "His name is Addison." "Addison!" echoed the guest; "pray, is he any relation to the poet?" "I can't say; but this I know, he is seldom without his steel by his side."

A GENTLEMAN having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Impaired Manhood, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple means of self-cure. To those who wish and will give him their symptoms, he will send (free by return mail) a copy of the recipe and kindly advice in his case.

Address in confidence, JAMES W. [illegible]

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

HOMAKER'S SHOP

Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best of work and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style. May 16 8 m. J. C. HOMAKER.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you ask all sorts of remedies, many good for nothing? Do you want a good one? BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

DIRECT TO CONSUMER

Saving 25 to 40 per ct.

We Mold Carpets to Fit the Floors of Every Room.

Pioneer Rubber Co.

COLUMBUS, O.

BOWADJI

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all comers I offer the opportunity of the season in

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I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB BONER,

Huntersville, W. Va.

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GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

JOB OFFICE.

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YOUR SUBSCRIPTION PAID!

CUT THIS OUT AND SHOW TO FRIENDS.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN T. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, June 27, 1889. Terms of Subscription $1.00 PER YEAR. No. 49.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. W. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Town Clerk, Huntersville, W. Va. { C. E. Beard, Town's Att'y. A. D. Hannah. H. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. BOGER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. SUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARNOLD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KER,
Atty.-at-Law,
Sweet Sp. W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. PATRICK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. A. E. McWHORTER,
Resident Dentist,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The result of his work will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. T. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WATERPROOF BOOTS
Wolff's ACME Blacking
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

Little Beer.

Gurgle, gurgle, little beer,
In your mesh and lovely sphere,
Make a thirsty mark you wet,
Drowning were I rich regret,
In your sing there's lots of cheer,
Little beer!

Gurgle, gurgle, little beer,
Flash my sense on sacred keer,
That all the liquids known,
From temperate to intemperate zone,
Standest their without a peer,
Little beer!

Gurgle, gurgle, little beer,
I do love thee. Yes, I fear
My affection no intense,
Cling around thee deep and dense,
Loved not wisely, but too dear,
Little beer!

Gurgle, gurgle, little beer,
Dream of amber bright and clear
Do you mind the days that I
Tried to drink the brewery dry?
Oft you got me on my ear,
Little beer!

Gurgle, gurgle little beer,
Ah! How many a bitter tear
Sparkles in thy shining foam—
Many a desolated home—
Many a sorrow, dark and drear,
Little beer!

Gurgle, gurgle, little beer,
You may think it rather queer,
But I feel that I must shun
You or give the pledge, once
No more whenever will I steer,
Little beer!

—M. M. Folsom, in Atlanta Constitution.

Three Marine Mysteries.

I suppose that a hundred ships come and go where one is lost, but when one reflects on the dangers to which they are exposed he must marvel that so many escape. I saw a list of thirty-six missing ships the other day, missing from American English and French ports, and the fate of each was unknown or guessed at. Say that half of them foundered in mid-ocean, five were run down in collision, five more were wrecked on capes or shoals where all hands perished, and what became of the rest? Say that three of the remainder were destroyed by fire and what fate shall we attach to the other five? From the moment a vessel leaves port to begin her voyage she is exposed to danger, and though a sailor may be ever so brave and hardy, he cannot shake off the knowledge that he lives on the verge of the grave. There are gales, and fogs, and ice floums, and fire, and hidden rocks, and powerful currents; and so I repeat that it is a marvel more sailing craft are not added to the lone some list of missing whichis recorded year by year.

In the year 1855, as the British bark Lord Oldham, of which I was second mate, was approaching the Canary Islands, and when about 100 miles distant, we were caught in the tail end of a cyclone and badly knocked about. We got out with some slight loss and a great deal of discomfort, and were busying up again to our course when a great calamity happened. Half an hour before midnight, while the bark was doing her best under a fresh breeze, a sudden and great shock was felt. Her masts went by the board, and, as I reached the deck, a minute after the shock, the hull seemed to split open from stem to stern. I had gone below to get a glass of bitters, leaving the deck only thirty seconds before the shock came. I was knocked down and confused, but it could not have been over sixty seconds before I regained the deck. It was just in time to be carried overboard. I went with a lot of raffle, from the decks, and amid the frightened cries of the men, and a quarter of an hour later, when I had lashed myself in the rigging of the mainmast, I could not get an answer to any of my calls to the rest of the crew. How it was that all were lost I never could make out. There was not be enough to have floated 400 men, and my watch certainly all were awake at the moment of the collision. The only explanation I can give is that they were somehow caught and crushed. I drifted during the rest of the night, and was picked up in the morning by a vessel bound in. By that time the wreckage had drifted apart until nothing could be found. Nothing whatever was picked up or cast up on any shore, and had I not been saved, the fate of the bark could only have been guessed at.

What did she collide with? The lookouts were on the bow, and clear and the night so clear that a ship could have been seen a mile away. The chart showed clear water for a hundred miles about, and we must have run full tilt upon some vessel which had been dismasted and blig ed in the hurricane. Hooded with timber, her decks would have been swash, and she would have been as bad as a rock to collide with. There was only one shock, and the whole bows of the bark were crushed in by it.

Three years later, while off the Banks of Brazil in a small English ship called the White Cloud, another strange thing happened. I was first mate of this ship, and about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the weather being very fine and the wind light, I had all the men on deck setting up the rigging, some of which had slackened away. A man aloft suddenly hailed the deck with the information that a large whale was bearing down on the ship bow on. We were a merchant vessel, and thought of a whale had no interest for us. We went on with our work for three or four minutes, when the man again hailed me with:

"If that fellow holds his course he will be dead on to us. He's a big fellow, and coming like an iron shrouser."

I ran forward to get a look, and the sea was so smooth that I had no difficulty in making out the whale. He was still a mile away, coming down at about steamer speed, and holding a course as straight as if somebody aboard of him was steering by compass. I was not a bit alarmed, expecting to see him show flukes every moment but the Captain came on deck and ordered the man at the wheel to break off two or three points. This brought the whale on our port bow. As I told you, I expected to see him sound every moment. It was astonishing that he had not done so long before. I could scarcely believe my eyes as he held on, and by and by we had him along side. I am telling you the truth when I say he actually rubbed us as we passed each other, and the other of him was so rank that some of the men could not sit dinner. That whale was ninety feet long if he was an inch, and he had a head on like a brick wall. So far as we could see he was carrying harpoons and had no fresh wound, but he was more gnawn and battered on it he had knocked about for a couple of hundred years. The fact of his holding his own in such a hull-headed way was stunning, and when we were clear of him we fell to congratulating ourselves over the close shave.

We were perhaps a mile apart when the whale showed second. The moment we discovered what he was doing we knew that he meant to attack. The queen had men died away until we could not hope to dodge him, and he had got quite turned when we dropped the yawl from the davits and ran her alongside to the bow. Two men were ordered to get water and provisions into her, and as the whale headed up for us we went off before the light breeze to give him all the room we could. Three or four minutes settled the question of whether he was after the ship or nothing his own canvas. He headed up for her, coming faster and faster, and when he was two rather length away there was a great white wall of water rolling before him, and his speed was from eighteen to twenty miles an hour. He struck as full on the starboard quarter, and the shock was as if two ships had collided. Planks and ribs gave way before him, and as he receded from the blow our ship settled down stern first and was under water within two minutes. Everybody was knocked down by the shock, and everybody got up to rush for the yawl. I was sucked down almost as soon as I reached my feet, and after a struggle, in which I came out first best by a close shave, I was shot to the surface amid a lot of dark spots. There were two or three men around me at first, and as I was hoisted up I caught sight of the yawl with at least two men in her. The whale was still at hand, lying very quiet, but I feared he would soon be aroused and attack us in turn, and I seized the galley door and paddled away to get out of his reach. While doing this a squall came down and hung on for twenty minutes, and when it had passed I could see nothing of boat nor whale.

That afternoon, as here before mentioned, I was picked up by the American whaler Richard Knox. She already had our yawl, which she had found bottom up, but had not seen any of the men nor met with any wreckage. I was again the only one saved, and but for my testimony the fate of the ship would have never remained a mystery. As to why the whale attacked us was made more clear after my rescue. The Knox had raised and chased him the evening before, and he had been "galled" or removed so often during the month past that he had become ugly. He came for us with the intention of sending the ship to the bottom, and he executed only too well in carrying out his purpose.

A third mystery was the case of the Jared Wilder, an American brig bound for Rio Janeiro. I was second mate of her when the ocean refuse took place. We had had weather for a good share of the voyage, but the brig was new and staunch, and was at no time in much peril. About 300 miles off Rio, while enjoying a bit of good weather, we were cooking ourself a long boat full of men, third shock of the hailed, the head had taken down her sail and was waiting for us to come up. There were men aboard of her, and they had plenty of water and provisions. The story they told was that they were a part of the crew of a large British ship which had been burned two days before. They claimed that all had got off in the boats, but that the boats had become separated in the heavy weather. They were a hard looking lot, composed of all nationalities, and when we had taken them aboard our captain was let us money satisfied with their story. One of them claimed to be second mate, and as the crew had all got off in two boats, it was a puzzle that the first mate was not in command of one. Other strange things came up, and the story of the crew did not long together, and as all hands were ordered to keep an eye on the fellows.

We got a good start of it all night and ran down to within five or six miles of the spot where the Knox had found the boats. They had been allowed to mingle freely with our crew, but had carefully abstained from a remark in relation to their ship. Their last message was unhesitatingly, and we had towed it all we could then to cast it loose or to attempt to take it aboard. I was on watch from eight to twelve and nothing suspicious occurred during the first three hours. About 12 o'clock, as I stood near the door at the wheel, I was called from the forecast with:

"Mr. Martin, will you please step forward and take a look at something we can't make out?"

I afterward settled that it was not the voice of one of my watch, but I did not heed the matter at the time. I started forward, and had reached the waist of the vessel where I was most struck me, like a clear of the deck, and before I could recover from my astonishment was flung overboard head first. It was done by instinct than any plan of my own, for I never for the least second believed. Half the brig was then sailing close land, and therefore acting as a most strike yours, I should not have mentioned it. It was a close shave, and I long to the grounds for a moment. I heard a great confusion on the brig. It was natural, of course, and I was the first victim. My idea was to get aboard again as soon as possible, and the only way was to get in into the yawl, pull her close up, and then storm the quarter. After an effort or two I pulled myself in, and just then there were oaths and cries and pistol shots from the brig, followed by a couple couple of splashes alongside, which meant that two bodies, living or dead, had gone overboard. I had hold of the painter when it was loosened from above, and I drifted rapidly astern. The fight continued for long as I was within hearing. I was out of it entirely and could only hope that our crew, who were all good men, would overcome the mutineers in the struggle.

After the brig was out of sight I got well on the boat, and followed her to the best of my judgment. It was just in the grey of morning that I was picked up by a British ship bound into Rio. It wasn't a very easy matter to get them to comprehend the capture, but it certainly was queer that even the boat she left on to this day that brig has never been heard of. But for my escape she would have been called so lost, and the mysterious pirate. As it was the mutineers transferred the pirate, and was never more to return. The insurance of that day, to book, did not provide for such emergency. The hull and cargo of every vessel was utilized in the circumstances, and by two or three years every one was quite abandoned, by the brig was never overhauled, and not of her old crew heard of. So that is that the hardened wicks a few days with all hands, but otherwise is. She probably did not take to take, and she was never heard of as a wreck. There is no such British ship in the race now, but we are not certain as they stand. They could have been long a while, but if we guess that they would be as to say as not a wreck. There is all of us, it was a close go, and we can but feel the right and of the things to which the brigs.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunters-ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

June 27 1889.

Young Men to the Fore.

One thing that is needful on the part of the Democrats in coming political campaigns in this State, is to get new material to the vanguard of its party. The old leaders have been leaders too long. They have grown jaded and degenerated in their leadership, and are thus set in the belief that they alone must have the front places and receive most of the spoils of victory. The old leaders of the party have led it to its doom. They have quarreled among themselves while the enemy has been silently undermining their enemy and yet the danger, though universally known, does not impel them to unify their harmony of action therefore can save the party. It is the case everywhere.

If cabals, jealousies and enmities become the retreats men who have been leaders too long. The Democratic party of West Virginia needs new men at its head—young men. Men who have toiled in the ranks like Trojans, caring for nothing but the triumph of the principles of the party. To put them there would inject new methods, new fire, new life into the contests, and lead very much to the purification of the party. The hacks who have worked down their party and themselves should be given the post of observers only, while the former no long in reserve should be brought to the front.

There should be organization of young men's Democratic Clubs effected all over the state, to which no one over the age of thirty five years should be admitted. Men on that age are worth more in love with principle which more zealous in the discharge of their duty, and much more solicitous to achieve success for their efforts than the men whose blood time has rendered sluggish, and content with the sharp points of life made callous to those things which are remote from self-interests. Give us the young men's Clubs. Let the boys take hold with their enthusiasm and dash, and they will put the wheels out of the mire. There is material enough in this Congressional District alone for several of the Clubs. They should be organized speedily and thoroughly, and should devote much time to the study and dissemination of the true maxims of Government which are Democratic property, and are indispensable to the success and perpetuity of a Republic. It is like [illegible] the lines for the next [illegible]. The Democracy [illegible] people's mind [illegible] more than ever in favor of tariff reform. The effects of the present tariff system are [illegible] upon the energies of the whole state daily every day. The taxes are fall if not [illegible], and of the distress which comes from an iniquitous and unjust [illegible] that robs the [illegible] of their toil and [illegible] the opportunity for labor and a [illegible] home, rather [illegible] men, would furnish contrast worth [illegible] for millions more.

There never was a grander time for the exhibition of the power of young America than at the present. The nation is in the grasp of a power more dangerous to its institutions than any enemy which ever confronted it. The power of money cannot be lightly overborne. To defeat it and save the country from despotism—to save the people their freedom—to save the birthright of the American citizen—the young men of the Republic must buckle on their armor and go forth into the fight against the foes of the Republic.

We want in this State new brains to think, new hearts to dare, and new arms to work. We want honesty of purpose in politics as in other affairs of life. We want men to fight battles for the party, and not for self. We want the Democratic party reformed, rejuvenated, and reclaimed. The young men can do it, if they will. Will they?—Charleston Gazette.

The recent address of Gen. Jubal A. Early, of Winchester, Va., has attracted considerable attention. He spoke his honest sentiments, and for this feature, if for no other he has been greatly praised. The following sentiment has been applauded universally: "As I have said on a former occasion, if ever I repudiate, disown, or apologize for the cause for which Lee fought and Jackson died, may the lightning of heaven blast me and the scorn of all good women and true men be my portion." General Early added:

"And again I say that the Confederate who has deserted since the war, for the former has gone over to the enemy at no personal risk to himself and simply from motives of gain, while the latter took his life in his hands, knowing that he would be shot if captured, and in a number of cases he was tempted to leave the service to go the assistance of his family, which he was induced to believe was starving at home."

The General closed by paying a high tribute to the ladies of Virginia and the South.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 21st.—Harrison as a jubilator bids fair to be on a par with his republican predecessors. He censured Monday evening from a three day trip down the river and to-day he has gone to Cape May to remain until next Tuesday. If he is overworked now, as he says he is, God help the country if an occasion should arise demanding some real work of its executive. If he is overworked many members of his party would like to know what the nature of the work was; he has done absolutely nothing, so far as the public knows, towards establishing a national policy of any kind and the two hours a day which he gives up to the hungry place seekers is hardly enough to trunk him down. If he is overworked it is from carrying Baby McKee" probably the hardest work he has performed since his inauguration.

Corporal Tanner has just allowed an increase of pension in Senator Manderson of Nebr. that comes along with it $1000 arrearages. It may seem a little strange that the Senator never applied for this increase of pension before but then, perhaps not. Black was not so anxious to oblige the Senator as the Corporal is.

Attorney General Miller must be mad because he has not received that appointment to the United States Supreme Court which he so confidently expected a short time ago. He has refused to give an opinion on the question referred to him by the Treasury department as to whether it would be a violation of law for the Catholic University to be located here. To bring over from Europe a corps of instructors. The solicitor of the Treasury has already given his opinion. He says it would be a violation of law. One of the most prominent lawyers of this city the same gentleman is one of the board of trustees of the University says the University will bring over instructors, and he does not believe that any court in the country will sustain the administration in construing the alien contract law so as to exclude them.

A bit of scandal has leaked out about the sudden resignation of the private secretary of Corporal Tanner. It was thought a little strange that he should prefer being a timber agent of the Interior department in the far west to being private secretary to the Commissioner of Pensions. Now that the facts are out it is thought that he was very lucky not to be kicked out of the government service entirely. The trouble with him was the same as with a good many others, he was not satisfied to confine his "mashing" propensities to his wife who would probably appreciate them, but must thrust them upon some other woman, who does not appreciate them. The story is a very short one; the private secretary came in with Tanner and at once became smitten with one of the lady clerks in the Pension office. He persecuted her with attention and wrote her many notes, the last one indecent and threatening her discharge. The lady then went to Secretary Noble, told her story and placed the notes in the Secretary's possession. That gentleman sent for Tanner and told him that Squeers—that's the "mashers" name must go. Tanner agreed readily because he wanted to give the position to his daughter just out of school, but owing to many obligations he had to stick to Squeers, therefore he persuaded Secretary Noble to appoint him a special timber agent.

"Mr. Face both ways at once" is Harrisons new name. His attitude on civil service reform earned the hyphenated cognomen. It seemed a little tough for him that the morning paper, containing the associated press interview with Commissioner Roosevelt which was telegraphed from Indianapolis, stating that the President had instructed the Commissioners to enforce the civil service law in letter and spirit should have pictured on the same page a most glaring violation of that same law by Harrison. The violation referred to was the changing of the rule, which says that no person who has been out of the classified service for more than a year can be reinstated without a regular examination, so that an exception is made in favor of veterans of the Union army, who can now be legally reinstated at any time no matter how long since they were discharged, if they have sufficient influence. The fact should be remembered that about seven out of every ten of these men that will be reinstated will cause the discharge of some who obtain the position they now fill through a Civil service examination. The Civil service law does not prevent a clerk being discharged.

HOW'S THIS

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

4 MILES REAPED

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon. also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

I. B. MOORE,
Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having ately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTSVILLE LODGE No. 106, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this Lodge will be held Friday evening next, instead of Saturday evening, as heretofore. Every member is requested to be present.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.
S. P. PATTERSON, Secy.
6-31

HOME NEWS

—Levi Gay, Esq., was in town Tuesday.

—Some of our townsmen have been catching some nice bass, lately.

—Atty. L. M. McClintic and wife are visiting his parents at Buckeye.

—A little fire has been quite comfortable in the mornings and evenings for the past few days.

Go to John Watts & Co., Frankford, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Self Binders. may 9-12t

—Good envelopes at THE TIMES office for the low 100.

—Dr. Hewlett McClintic of Mo., and Geo. McClintic of Covington, were in town last Saturday.

John Watts & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be here during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Mrs. Joe Smith, and daughter, of Mill Point, passed through town Monday on their way to Green Bank.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Binders, the best machines made. Made by John Watts & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12t

—Mr. J. B. Curry, of Mill Point, and Miss Birdie Nottingham, of Green Bank, made us a pleasant call Monday.

—The office of Attorney L. M. McClintic was broken open, and his books taken out and rifled Tuesday night.

—If you want a history of the Johnstown flood, send to C. B. Swecker Dunmore, who will furnish you a copy as soon as they are out.

—Attys. L. M. McClintic, D. A. Poling and S. F. White, have gone to Williamsport, to spend a few days fishing.

—We wish some body would bring us a mess of fish. Here we have to stay all the time, in old newspapers and dirt, so no one ever sees us, and work like a dog—a nigger, and don't get a chance to go fishin'.

—Mr. Alexander that Mr. Isaac Gay, better known as "Good Bale," of near Zelzer, and Miss Ozena, daughter of Mr. A. S. Taylor, of Williamsport will be married next Wednesday.

—Wood dealing is getting to be a common occurrence about town now, and we are afraid wood won't be [illegible] during the coming winter. Lucy say we are [illegible] when she sees Mr. Face [illegible] administration.

[illegible]

[illegible] Clark sells what he can, [illegible] when it rains and mark the [illegible] you can.

[illegible] Ely is coming and [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible].

Capt. D. [illegible] is off on Boundary.

D. B. M. Kinse is off on Scratch [illegible].

Dr. Jos. Gaga is off to Washington [illegible] with his pet bears and cub [illegible].

Joseph S. Taylor and wife are off to [illegible].

Five puppies for sale [illegible].

Mrs. John Evans is visiting Lewisburg, Va.

Mrs. Foster and Miss Kittie Lobban [illegible] last Sunday at Edray Family.

[illegible] a number of parcels of Hardware cheaper.

The engaged Court Room adjoining [illegible] [illegible], repaired. There will be [illegible] in the room [illegible] on Sunday, the 20th, at 3, p. m.

Part of the timbermen are getting out spoke timber on Greenbrier river.

Dr. Lacy, will preach at Clover Lick on Sunday 20th inst.

Mrs. Boyd Bartlett, of Mill Point, is visiting friends in this section.

Rev. Jasper Sharp and family of Hevers, W. Va., are visiting relatives in this county.

Couldn't some one give us a snake story about a foot long.

Morgan Wakeman has been on the sick list for a few days.

Successor to THE TIMES.
TOM SAWYER.

Circuit Court Proceedings.

Court convened on Monday 17th, with Judge A. S. Campbell on the bench.

CHANCERY CASES.

C. L. Austin &c. vs. Wm. P. Arbaugh &c. suit No. 1, decree of partition; No. 2 suit 3 decree of sale.

Hugh M. Carpenter's adm'x vs. Margaret M. Carpenter &c., order of reference.

Susan C. Pyles vs. Jas. Pyle's Heirs, decree confirming assignment of widows dower.

Allen D Grimes' adm'r vs. Allen D. Grimes' Heirs &c., decree confirming sale.

Geo. C. Hill's Adm'r vs. Rebecca J. Hill &c., order of reference.

Jno. W. McNeel's Adm'r vs. Jno. W. McNeel's Heirs &c., decree confirming sale.

Jno. Sharp's Adm'r vs. Jno. Sharp's Legatees, cause dismissed.

Jas. Pyles' Adm'r Jas. Pyles' Heirs &c., cause dismissed.

Frank Jarret vs. Wm. M. McAlister &c., decree entered in favor of Plaintiff.

STATE CASES.

Petty Townsend A. & B. No. 1, judgment on confession, and fined $25; No 2 carrying deadly weapons, found guilty.

Jane Allen, A. & B., not pros.

Wm. Hill, A. & B., found not guilty.

Sallie Hill, A. & B. found guilty and fined $1.00.

Adam Pulie, No. 1, unlawfully selling liquor, found not guilty.

A. J. Kartner, unlawfully selling liquor, judgment confessed.

J. D. Hamilton A. & B. judgment confessed.

W. L. Taylor, A. & B. found not guilty.

Z. T Welch, selling dead by weapons to minor, found not guilty.

J. H. Appersen, unlawfully distilling, judgment confessed.

Jno. A. Ahlerman, misdemeanor, not pros.

Suicide in Irish Corner.

On last Friday, the 14th, Dr. M. A. Gates was summoned to the scene of a tragical occurrence, by which a human soul was hurried into eternity. On that morning Mrs. Mary Mann, wife of Davis J. Mann, farmer, living in Irish Corner, Districts, about two miles south of Huntersville, hung herself in a granary, between the hours of 8 and 10 a.m.

On receipt of the intelligence Justice T. H. Ardell summoned a coroner's jury and proceeded to hold an inquest, by which the following facts were developed:

Davis J. Mann, husband of the deceased testified that he had been away from morning to a neighbor's on business. His wife had spent the night at her uncle's, about one mile from home, and returned home about 8 o'clock a. m. He returned about ten a. m., and not finding his wife about the house, began to look for her. Not seeing her, he returned to the house for some tobacco, which he always kept in a partition for same in a drawyer. On opening the drawyer he found a note which the following to the substance:

"DAVIS: I hope the Lord will bless you, for you have done all you could to get me well, but my head had got in such a fix that I was in no situation to join or suffered much. I hope you will not mourn much because, but I wanted to get away where people would not see me. I got in such a fix that I wasn't allowed to live any longer. God bless you in all your troubles. I never thought that I would ever have to take my own dear life. You done all you could."

On reading the note he hurried out to a small out-house used for a granary, where he found her lying on the floor. She had made a slip noose with a piece of cord about the size of wood twine, put it around her neck, tied the end to a rafter, and lay down. He did not touch her being satisfied she was dead, but ran to a neighbor's and gave the alarm.

Dr. Gates, the family physician, testified that she was of sound mind, but that ill health had probably destroyed her desire to live. Her death was the result of strangulation, and the character of the surroundings indicated deliberation, as she could easily have saved herself.

A neighbor woman testified that only an hour before the occurrence she overheard deceased remark that she was tired of living.

The jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to death by her own hand.

Mrs. Mann was the daughter of Mr. George W. Morgan, and was about 24 years of age. She was buried on Friday in the Morgan graveyard.—Greenbrier Messenger.

What Do they do With It.

We know what the young men graduates will do with the book learning, be the same much or little, which lies back of the diploma. They will try to get a living with it; and as their morning has been more or less practical their chances will be better or worse. The young man just from college is expected to find or make a way to apply what he has learned.

What about the young women graduates? What are they going to do with it? What can they do with it? Fewer avenues being open to them, their course of instruction should have been on lines the most practical, the most likely to fit them for usefulness to themselves and society. Little dashes of polite learning not too well learned are but a thin veneer on a very slight foundation.

The day is coming when the girls of America as well as the boys will be educated to do something that will bring them a living. As idle young woman in a family will be no better thought of than an idle young man.—Ex.

The Republic—Her Mark."

Some of the newspapers are printing a fac simile of the autograph of Abraham Lincoln's mother.

Plain Sarah Lincoln signed a document in a very simple and old fashioned way. A friendly hand traced her name, with the explanatory words, "Her mark," and a cross then made the familiar "X."

That one mark is an epitome of the history of the republic. From such crude and simple beginnings have sprung our culture and civilization. Humble Sarah Lincoln gave to the world a son who wrote his name in imperishable letters at light on one of the proudest pages of our annals.

It is the story of the republic—out of the depths to the highest place in the temple of Fame—out of the darkness and into the light.—Atlanta Constitution.

Gov. Lee has issued a requisition upon the Governor of Missouri for Robert Warwick, who was indicted in the County Court of Highland county, Va., in January, 1884, for the murder of C. D. Aleshire. Warwick made his escape from jail at the killing of Aleshire, and eluded arrest until a few days ago when he was captured in Shelby county, Ind., and lodged in jail.

Ex-senator Cameron, of Pa., is very ill.

The Prohibition Amendment is defeated in Pennsylvania by 200,000 majority.

A policeman was shot badly but not fatally, in Wheeling on the 16th, by a man whom he attempted to arrest.

It is said that a cousin of the rich Astor family in New York recently committed suicide to avoid starvation. 'Tis a sad world, after all.

Mrs. Hayes, the wife of ex-President Hayes, was stricken with apoplexy on the 21st inst., at her home in Fremont, O.

In England and France many women dress in man's clothes all the time. They claim that when they pass themselves off for men they get better wages and suffer less annoyance.

Sitting Bull gives indications of remaining a "bad Indian" for a while longer. It was no sight that he was about to check his baggage for the happy hunting grounds a few days ago, but he is now reported as recovering. The doughty chieftain may be old, but he seems to still be very tough.

A young man named Joseph Smith, on the 3d, threw a stone at the cars as they were passing Weyer's Cave Station on the Shenandoah Valley Road, at high speed. It struck the cars, and rebounding struck Smith on the head, killing him instantly.

William Jay has sailed for Europe to interview the queen. But Mr. Jay cannot get an audience with her maj. Court etiquette requires that all persons visiting the queen should wear their hair. Mr. Jay has no hair to comb, and consequently he will be compelled to play in the lowlies with the queen's grand children and have his dinner sent to him.

GRAND PICNIC,

On July the 4th, there will be a basket picnic near Dunmore. A large platform is erected for dancing. Good music will be in attendance. Refreshments on the ground and flying darkness and other amusements.

Everybody is invited.
By order of Committee.

Administrator's Notice.

All parties holding claims against [illegible] are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, properly proven, for payment, and all persons indebted to said [illegible] are required to come forward at once and settle off.

Respectfully,
DAVID WYMER,
Administrator of [illegible]
June 6-3t

A. E. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

[illegible]

[illegible]

WANTED

[illegible]

GOOD PLACE.

[illegible]

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

Fifteen Professors and Teachers.

[illegible]

PATENTS.

[illegible]

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,

—AND GO TO—

LOURY & DOYLE'S

Where you can see a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

Ready Made Clothing,

Also a new line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ladies gents and children's SHOES, and the latest styles in ladies HATS, just from New York.

Call and see them, and we assure prices and careful attention will be shown you.

They are also Proprietors of

Huntersville Hotel,

Where, if you stop, you will receive the best accommodations.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

June 27 1889.

VERY SLIGHT CLEWS.

How Tom Marshall Once Upon a Time Detected a Burglar.

"Tom" Marshall was at one time the favorite hero of the bar in Kentucky. His acumen, his wit, his magnetic power over a jury, whether he happened to be drunk or sober, gave rise to numberless anecdotes about him. One of the best known is the following:

Marshall, after a prolonged holiday, found himself in a little inland town, the center of an admiring circle of newly-made friends who were ignorant of his real position or occupation. Chief among these was a young dentist, a hard-working, frugal fellow, who by dint of strict economy had saved a few hundred dollars. He was about to be married, and bought a snug little house, and withdrew his money one day from the bank to pay for it.

The bargain was to be completed on the following day. He carried the money to his chamber, a small room back of his shop, and, locking up the roll of bills in his secretary, went to bed.

About midnight he was wakened by the flash of a dark lantern in his face. He sprang up. A man was climbing out of the open window. His back was open and rifled. He rushed upon the thief, who fired at him twice and escaped. The poor dentist, on the eve of his wedding day, was left dangerously wounded and penniless.

The country was searched for traces of the thief, but in vain. Marshall took a keen interest in the matter, questioned the policemen closely, and when they gave up in despair, asked permission to visit the dentist's rooms. After a close search, he found upon the floor a small pellet of burned paper, which he carried home. It was the wadding out the thief's pistols. When examined, it proved to be half of a receipt for water tax, signed by John Jones, town clerk.

The date was entire, but the name of the man paying his tax was torn off, excepting two letters, Pe——. Marshall at once searched the records of the town clerk, and found on the given date Peter Scott had paid his water tax. Peter was arrested, and the money was found in his possession.

Marshall soon after left the village, followed by the blessings of the grateful dentist and his bride. Long afterward they discovered that their friend was the famous eccentric lawyer of Kentucky.

Another story which lingers in the gossip about the courts in the same State is of an old lawyer named Hunt, who, in the early part of this century, was known as "the sketch-hound," so unsavory was his pursuit of a criminal. On one occasion he was employed to defend a poor colored porter in a bank, accused of robbing the vaults after the cashier was gone and the bank closed.

The circumstantial evidence was complete against the negro, but Hunt was convinced of his innocence. The thief, too, had dropped a bit of cloth in the floor, apparently the torn lining of a hat, about which Hunt's keen scent detected a faint, peculiar perfume.

"The man who wore this is a tanner," he said to a detective.

There was but one tannery within forty miles. One of the owners was a dissipated young man. He was watched and soon detected in passing some of the stolen money. Being arrested, he confessed his guilt, and Hunt's client was saved.

The old saying, "Murder will out," is true only when some intellect is acute enough to gather the proof of guilt from trifles which other men neglect.—Youth's Companion.

The World Full of Death Traps.

According to the *American Analyst*, the worst enemies of the human race are the doctors, who try to prolong our miserable existence in a world full of death traps. One medico tells you not to eat or drink too much. Another says that you must only eat what you fancy, because otherwise you will bolt your food without giving to each morsel the thirty-six masticatories which are necessary for digestion. You must wear a respirator over your mouth, a pad on your chest, and a swarth of flannel round your loins. If you live in town, you will die of fog; if you go to the country, you will be poisoned by bad drainage; if you drink water, you are tempting the typhoid fiend; milk spells scarlatina, and tea cake is sudden death. Do you shun these temptuous pleasures of the senses and take refuge in the recreations of the mind? Do you borrow a novel from the circulating library? That is to import the germs of disease into a healthy household. The volume in your hands may have been perused by a person recovering from an infectious illness!

Farm and Garden Notes.

Don't forget the dust bath.

Don't plant corn that will not grow.

Be sure and test your corn before planting.

Don't plow the land when wet or sticky.

One of the essentials of soiling is a fit soil.

Mix the dry horse manure with the wet cow manure.

Cooked rice, fed cold, is good for diarrhoea in chicks.

Don't breed a draft mare to a trotter or a thoroughbred.

Don't feed sulphur to young chicks—it produces leg weakness.

Hard-boiled eggs and cornmeal makes a good first feed for duck lings.

Don't breed to a misshapen ungainly horse, even if he has a long pedigree.

It is a mistaken idea that a hen's nest ought to do duty a year without renewing.

A gentleman who was driving up Fourth street avenue the other day came to several empty barrels in the street, and he halted and asked of a boy who sat on the curb:

"Say boy, who rolled those barrels out here?"

"I did. We are cleaning house," was the answer.

"Whose children are those out there in the street?"

"They are ours. Ma sent 'em out to get rid of them."

"Is that your dog musing such a fuss in the back yard?"

"Yes, sir. We are seeing how long he can keep it up."

"And I suppose you lugged that ladder out here?"

"Yes sir—I'm playing with it."

"Well, you seem to be doing about as you want to here!"

"Yes sir except that I can't fix that letter box all the lamp post. Haven't got a screwdriver in the log sir; have you? I just want that to be happy."

Miss He Beast—"I'll never touch another piece of gum as long as I live."

Proud Mother—"I am glad to hear you say so, my dear; but what has reformed you so suddenly?"

"Last evening Mr. Richfellow proposed to me just at the moment when my jaws got stuck, so couldn't say anything, and he went off."

Flap—"I'm in love, and the only disagreeable thing about it is that the girl is older than I."

Jack—"How old are you now?"

"I'm eighteen."

"And the lady is what?"

"Twenty two."

"Well, make your mind easy. By the time you are twenty one she'll be only twenty."

Husband (after some words with his wife)—"Well let us drop it. I don't care to say any more about. And, besides I like to talk to a sensible person when I am talking."

Wife (with a sarcastic laugh)—"You don't always do it, then."

H.—"I don't."

W.—"No I sometimes hear you talking to yourself."

Household Hints.

Wash out common oil stains in cold water.

The nicest fire to broil with is made of charcoal.

Burnt alum is the best cure for proud flesh in "man or beast."

Pickles may be greened with cabbage leaves. Never use coloring.

When dress silks become wet put it between the hands to dry quickly.

"William," said Mrs. Trembly, "hear that horrid dog? Isn't it awful?"

"Is that the same dog that kept us awake last night?"

"I think so. It sounds mighty dismal, don't it?"

"Didn't you ever hear that the howling of a dog was a sure sign of death in the family."

"No. Whose family?"

"The dog's," said Trembly in a firm voice as he slipped out of bed and reached for his revolver.

"Well, sir," said an old gentleman indignantly, "what are doing around here again. I thought the delicate hint I gave you just as you left the front door last night would give you to understand that I don't like you very well." And the speaker looked at his boot in a reminiscent way.

"It did said the young man," as a look of mingled pain and admiration came over his face. "But I though I would come and ask you—"

"Ask me what?"

"If you would like to join our football association."

FOR THE BLOOD.
Malaria, Blood, Liver and Kidney Diseases
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

A GENTLEMAN having been cured of Nervous Prostration, General Weakness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Disease, and all the evils of a train of early indiscretions and youthful follies, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the simple means employed in his case. To those who wish it he will send a copy of the prescription used, free of charge, by addressing, in perfect confidence, JAMES H. REEVES, Box 3, Station D, New York City.

SHOEMAKER IS HERE
at
Huntersville, W. Va
I am prepared to make to the best style and order, boots and shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style. May 10 4 m. J. C. TRUMBO.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physician recommended it.
All Retail dealers in Medicines sell it. 50 cents per bottle. Genuine has crossed red lines on wrapper.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.
LADIES
Desiring a tonic, or to purify the blood, should use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Sick Headache, Indigestion, Dizziness, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Complaints, and all diseases requiring a tonic. Genuine has crossed red lines on wrapper.

DEALERS TO CONSUMERS
Having a large, well assorted stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises, &c., I am prepared to sell to consumers at wholesale prices. Call and see me before buying elsewhere.
JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

MY FIRST WORD IS
Bargains!
To all comers, I offer the entire county of the season in
Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.
I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.
JACOB BONER,
Huntersville, W. Va.

IF YOU NEED
Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dodgers, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Books, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals, etc.
GO THERE AT ONCE TO THE
JOB OFFICE.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil
HYPOPHOSPHITES.
It is used and endorsed by the entire faculty of the world.
It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

$46,600
GIVEN FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS
READ AND LEARN!
STOP! THE REPORT HAS GONE WIDE THAT $3,000 WAS GIVEN IN THE PREMIUM DISTRIBUTION
NO BLANKS
EXTRA GIFTS $1,000.00 CASH. 100 WATCHES
YOUR SUBSCRIPTION (FREE)

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN S. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 4, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 50.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge W. Circuit Court, L. W. Campbell, Prosecuting Attorney, L. W. McClintic, Sheriff, M. J. McNeil, Deputy Sheriff, Clerk of Ch. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard, Assistant, C. O. Arbogast, Com'rs Co. Ct. C. A. Beard, Pres't, N. S. Hannah, G. P. Moore, Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECK,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SWITZER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. WETHERBY,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. A. F. KITTERMAN,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Sweat-Groan-Growl.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
REQUIRES NO BRUSH.

Stanley.

'Twas but a breath,—
And yet the fate good unto was sifted,
And friends unto fond grew stilted,
And life was worse than death.

One unuttered Word,
That struck us inward, poisoned blow,
Its source, whispers, hushed and low—
And yet the wide world heard.

'Twas but one whisper—one,
That mattered how its very absence,
The thing the slanderer dare not name
And yet the work was done.

A hint so slight,
And yet so mighty in its power,
A breath sent to one short hour
Like crushed beneath its blight.

Prize Winners.

We played progressive euchre
This blushing winter through,
She was a skillful player,
And I was lucky, too.

Our luck gave rise to envy,
And us together drew,
Whereof—since she was charming—
I murmured not. Would you?

So, when the playing ended,
Each night the luck my arm,
And acting as her escort,
I yielded to brave charm.

A year now we've been married,
And, much to our surprise,
Somehow we both keep thinking
We won the lucky prize.

Nine or Three.

"You refuse me, then?"

The time in which the few words were spoken was low and even, as if they were of no moment, but the face of Philip Lowry contradicted the formal composure. His eyes—large, dark eyes full of intellect and character—were fixed upon the face of his companion with an expression of pain, and his lips quivered under his heavy moustache.

Maude Ingersoll looked at him with scorn in her blazing blue eyes, her lips curled contemptuously, and her cheeks flushed with anger.

Always a beautiful woman, her usually cold expressive face was doubly fascinating when lighted with passion.

"Refuse you?" she said quickly; "Yes. You do not love me, you do not wish to marry me. You came here in obedience to the wish of my uncle, and you ask me to be your wife because he wishes you to share the wealth he left to me. I will not submit to such arbitrary wishes—to such forced wooing!"

"You mistake," was the reply; and now the voice was eager and full of passion; "I did come here because my friend—my adopted father—desired it; but my resolve was taken before I came. If I could love you, I would obey him if not, I determined never to ask for your hand. Maude, I love you. Were your uncle's wealth to be lost to you to-day, I should still plead for your hand. Or whose life shall prove my love, if you will accept it. Darling!" for he saw her blue eyes soften, "you do love me!"

Her face grew hard again, and she said haughtily:

"We have talked too long. I must decline the honor you propose."

And before he could speak again, she swept past him and went to her own room, locking the door that no one might surprise her in the violent fit of weeping she could no longer control.

Love him! How could she help but love him! With a noble face, a tall manly figure, to captivate her fancy, he combined rare powers of intellect to command admiration and a tenderness almost womanly, to win her love. She had resisted each and all, and yet they conquered her.

With her whole heart Maude Ingersoll loved Philip Lowry. But she was proud, a woman somewhat ad to admiration, and one who fully appreciated the golden lure that was added to her personal charms.

When her uncle, Stephen Ingersoll, had sent for her from the boarding school where she was educated, he had told her that the dearest wish of his heart had been to see her the wife of his adopted son. There had been a life-long friendship between Stephen Ingersoll and Philip Lowry's father, and the boy had been a precious legacy of love. He had been educated at home and abroad, and studied law as a profession, but his adopted father had left him but four thousand pounds out of his large fortune. There was, however, a sealed letter, and it contained two requests. One was that on his twenty-fifth birthday he should ask Maude to be his wife, and the other that he should go to Mr. Ingersoll's lawyer on the same day, and hear what he had to communicate.

Smarting still under Maude's repulse, yet sure that she loved him, Philip left the house that had been his boyhood's home to fulfil the desire of his benefactor before returning to the city where he had opened a law office.

Conscious that he had not been influenced by Maude's wealth in his wooing, it galled him to think of the averted cause of her rejection, and it required a long walk to work off his anger before he was sufficiently composed to present himself to Mr. Freyhold, the late Mr. Ingersoll's lawyer.

He was a fussy little man, brimming over with importance, and he shook Philip's hand, and almost pushed him into a chair in his nervous impatience to impart his tidings.

"My late client," he said, after the first interchange of greeting was over, "was, as you are aware, Mr. Lowry, a very peculiar man—a man of liens, to be sure, but—well, you may not be aware of the fact, but he was vacillating in some respects—very much as about the final disposal of his property.

"I did not know that, certainly," Philip said.

"No! Well, he made fourteen wills in this office; some left everything to you, some left all to Miss Maude, some divided the property. But the last one—the very last one—which was on no be opened until to-day, leaves Miss Maude four thousand pounds, and leaves you sole heir to all the rest. But Mr. Ingersoll, although he made so much confusion in his will, was undecided that this will would make no material difference to his niece, but simply place the money in her husband's hands. He told me that."

"Can I see the will?"

"Certainly—certainly. It is, you see, quite legal, but plainly expresses his wish."

"And if this one did not exist?"

"Why the money would still be Miss Maude's."

"I see. Mr. Ingersoll, you understood, Mr. Freyhold, wrote this will under a mistaken impression. Miss Maude is not engaged to me."

"Not engaged to you! But I thought you were to see her to-day, before you came here."

"She had a woman's privilege, and she took advantage of it. I did see her, and she rejected me."

"Then she will now her money. Bless my soul! but that is hard now, isn't it? Perhaps it she reconsiders—"

But here Mr. Freyhold checked himself, seeing the wrath upon the young man's countenance.

"I understand you, sir," Philip said coldly; "but you are quite mistaken. Miss Ingersoll would not marry me to keep her uncle's estate, even if I gave her the opportunity. But the question need not be discussed. I have but I tell you this that you may know why I refuse to accept riches that are taken from her. This will being made under a mistaken impression is not one—There!"

And so he spoke he tore the document with his strong nervous hands across and across, and threw all the fragments into the waste paper basket.

"Bless my soul!" gasped the little lawyer. "Are you aware that there is half a million of money in the estate?"

"I am quite aware of that fact," was the quiet reply; "and I wish Miss Maude every happiness its possession can give her."

But the wish, sincere as it was, did not bring to Maude Ingersoll either happiness or rest. She had not known the strength of her love till her lover had left her. The hours which she had expected his daily visits dragged heavily, and Mrs. Marsh, the companion who represented propriety in the house of the heiress, wondered inwardly at Miss Ingersoll had, after all, a bad temper. She had been cold and proud, but never snappish before; but her new lover made her irritable, and Mrs. Marsh certainly was trying in her gushes of Mr. Lowry, and openly expressed wonder at his sudden departure.

Society was dull since Philip was no longer Maude's escort; the opera had its charms when he was not beside her; her admirers all seemed silly and worthless, comparing their vapid small talk with Philip's vigorous intellect and well chosen conversation.

But two years dragged along, and the wound, self inflicted had ceased to be an ever present agony. Maude had taken up study, charity, consolation of varied kinds, and tried to believe she had quite lived down her heartache. The self deception assisted itself one morning when business called her to Mr. Freyhold's office. The fussy little man, after the errand had been executed, said regretfully:

"That is sad news from Mr. Lowry. A fine young man."

"I have heard no news of him," Maude said, her heart suddenly beginning at her side with sickening rapidity.

"No? He has been seriously injured in a railway collision. He was on his way here, and was brought on to the next train, and is at the National Hotel. There is not little hope of his recovery, and if his will is opened, his left here is gone—unopened to-day. Dear, dear! He could not do again. What he did two years ago in this office."

"What was that?" Maude asked in a low choking voice.

"He would not have told you, and he may not thank me for doing so; but he, Philip Lowry, in this office, two years ago, took into a hundred pounds the last will of Stephen Ingersoll, which left him heir to the property that is now yours."

While he has spoke Maude Ingersoll heard this news that comprehended somewhat the movements of emotion with which she had clung to her lover. It struck her like a blow—this proof of his devotion and generosity, but she talked gone still.

"Thank you for telling me," she said, and was gone, while Mr. Freyhold, listening to her carriage rolling away from his door, rubbed his hands together and said aloud:

"Bless my soul! I do believe I've made that affair all right."

Suffering still from the shock of his injuries, save from loss of blood, wrought by the use of the knife, Philip Lowry lay in his room at the National Hotel, almost hoping to die.

He had not gone home to nurse over a broken heart, but had mournfully borne his lost love, still, the pain, exerted somewhat, was not dead, and when the physician's face darkened as he said, "Some one is very anxious to see you," he thought the end was near.

"I do well to die as to live rejected and alone!" he thought drearily, as he lay back weary and faint. "How long I wonder, must I be here?"

The nurse was leaving about, the doctor had just gone, and there seemed only an endless blank before him when there came a soft rush of silk across the floor.

Very slowly it approached the bed, until, bending over him, Philip saw Maude's face.

Very low her voice sounded, scarcely above a whisper, but he heard every word as she said:

"Philip, will you forgive me? I love you! I cannot live without your love. Will you let me be your wife now, Philip?"

"But you do not know, he said feebly; "my arm—"

"I know all!" she said, her lips pressing his.

"Oh, my love, can you heal the way?"

"I cannot!" he whispered.

Mrs. Marsh will never cease to tell of her amazement at the hasty summons to attend a wedding at the National Hotel, for Maude left Philip no more. It was his wife who nursed him back to health, and there is no question of "mine or thine" in their possession of Stephen Ingersoll's wealth.

Good for a Husband.

From the Yankee Companion.

The old lady who never spoke ill of anyone and even intimated that satan himself set some good people an example of perseverance, as we have seen a minister in the witness who lived in Sussex, England, in the days when the knife was hung from the roof in an open fireplace. An English clergyman tells the story:

A man whose wife was troubled with a remarkably sour temper went over the way to a neighbor one evening and said:

"Neighbor, I should like to borrow your cream for once. I've tried all I know and I can't make her cream any."

"You can't make your wife cream?" said his neighbor. "I wish I could make mine anything else. Is you do just what I tell you, and if that won't set nothing will. You bring her in some night a jar of the sweetest milk you can get, then, as you're in at home, and see how she makes out then."

The cream of most were unusually tough brought in yesterday and churned and churned as could be worse. The man went away early to work and as soon returned to see the results of his cream visit. He was greeted with a smile on the general response. "Now, by using me in some kind of those cream of sticks, if you can find them, bring the jar in around the house as quick!"

King (to elephant)—Now let me see you jump, you big beauty!

Elephant—I can't jump at all, boss; sorry enough.

King (beating his shoulders)—You're lazy. Why I see an old cavalry horse jump, with a boy perched on one of them.

Elephant—Yes, I see an elephant jump, I don't have to jump.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office in Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 col.
One week	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three "	2 00	2 50	3 00	10 00
Six "	3 00	3 50	4 00	15 00
One month	3 50	4 00	5 00	17 00
Two "	5 00	6 00	8 00	25 00
Three "	6 00	7 00	9 00	30 00
One year	10 00	15 00	20 00	60 00

Reading notices, one square, five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance, after 3 months, $1 25; after 12 months, $1 50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

July 4, 1889.

THE FOURTH.

The time to begin to hand to-day brings the 103d of American liberty. The people of the United States, all ages and sexes, are engaged in commemorating the event in their homes by that worthy the beginning of free institutions.

But the Fourth is not what it was a century ago. Perhaps we understand better, and settle into the daily walking with more eagerness. Once we were children, but it is not with the same feeling. We only begin a liberty that is ours by gift and good fortune, but those who were then, one hundred years ago, commemorate the event, celebrated a liberty bought dearly, bought with blood and privation. Never, during battle, for the success of its arms, was it impossible for us to be the witness of the strongest anxiety to appreciate fully the blessing of freedom. It is not to be wondered at that they who fought to release our land from foreign hands should have entered with all their hearts into the celebration of that day which forever was forever banished from American soil. Proud of their victory, they commemorated the event with hearts full of gratitude to the God of battle, who rules the destinies of nations.

But what is the spirit of to-day's anniversary? It is to be feared that many who are to-day most jubilant never once reflect on the origin of the day. A picnic, or a crowd, or a fight, is to with the most desirous the occasion at which to demonstrate the fire-crackers, with little thought or care for the sacrifices or struggles of others. Let us not forget that the day passes, and take time for at least one grateful thought of our worthy ancestors who acquired us the right to rejoice without fear.

Intercommercial Cabinet.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 29th.—Including the alleged criminal case from Kanawha county, General Joshua Groff and a majority now Judge J. S. Wheeling of 120 votes in the Democratic election. In the contest before the legislature committee, representatives and contesting their alleged primary for the votes. To-day Messrs. King, Kemp, Lively, Hall and Hines were present at the session of the committee. The contest from Brooke county was considered. Fleming challenged 120 votes and Groff challenged 90 votes. Of those challenged by Fleming no votes were rejected, and of those challenged by Groff five votes were rejected, leaving a clear gain of 25 votes in Brooke county and a net gain, so far in the contest, of 15 votes for Judge Fleming. General Groff's counsel argued for the present time therefore, a contest from one hundred and ten to twenty-six votes.

After the Republicans had finished and before the votes were examined by a Democratic [illegible] who claimed to have gained votes in Grant and taken away votes from the Democratic tickets here. Messrs. Hall and Hines were present at the session of the committee. The contest committee has been entirely impartial in its work thus far. It does not have any partiality shown it has been shown to Groff, almost all of his objections being purely technical on the face of the vote.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[Pocahontas regular correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Hoke's young son will Tonga, William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, has been appointed Minister to Germany. There is nothing strange about this appointment which was known and discussed in Washington when Phelps was with the Samoan Commission, six weeks ago, except the closest attempt on the part of Blaine, Harrison and Phelps to make it appear to the public that the latter was very much surprised when tendered the appointment as minister, when as a matter of fact the thing has been fully settled and in view shortly after the Senate rejected the nomination of Kasson Dunstead to the same position. By accident I discovered the cause for this little display. Phelps wants to spend the heat of the summer in this country, and it was concluded that Uncle Sam would not object to the position had been given him unexpectedly, he could plead "surprise bestowed" as an excuse for not going to Berlin for several months. Verily the tricks of the politicians are many.

Commissioner of Pensions Tanner is supposed to be rather disinclined just the change of heart now towards a certain line of pension appeals which were recently made against the Pension office "Order No. 47," on the supposition having for its end, when in power to stand several soldiers' claimants, he relied on the Pension Bureau to secure him that he was in favor of the changes. He also told the President that when on account from his trip he proposed making a personal investigation in order to ascertain whether there was any basis for the charges.

There is to be a big discharge of the Government printing office in January. I am informed that Public Printer Palmer has increased the forces in the several departments where the work is to be done, in anticipation of the discharge.

The Indian appointments that are to come will be very different from those that came to Washington, or the Representative Indians, of that State, who in fact live here, be living when he was, spending all his subsistence. The people of the State feel that especially as for appointments, Secretary Noble has hardly been long enough in the new department enough to either be proud of or ashamed of.

The interior who is at present managing the White House is reported from Cape May. He has right and order he has gone back there. He will return here the first of the week, bringing his family. Tuesday or Wednesday he is to carry the 4th July and the interior to take. Park Street a Hotel and cottage has been placed at the disposal for the season. It is said to go to the South of July celebration at Woodstock. How many Democrats do some there may there be at the same time.

The Civil Service Commission has arranged [illegible]

[illegible] The Commissioners on [illegible] appointed and others discouraged. It only one class did not feel the [illegible] being evenly divided all through. The value of competitive will be kept up and unless the action of the Commission shall at once set the law will be strictly enforced without fear or favor. This trial, then, if persisted in, will settle the law a permanent thing or it will cause it to be repealed.

Mr. Porter, Superintendent of the Census, promises to act by a little opposition to the Civil Service Commission. He refuses to take his clerks through the Commission, and has arranged a list of questions which in eyes of applicants must answer satisfactorily before appointment. The only difference is, if I understand to the Civil Service Commission some of the clerks would be dismissed, while Porter's plan makes sure of all being equal.

Special orders have been given collectors of internal revenue to investigate fruit distillers, during the coming months.

Southern Don't be Saved

by local applications as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Eight years ago there were only forty miles west of Salina in the world with a capital of $2,700,000. Now there are 127 miles, with a capital of $10,000,000.

The Democratic State Convention of Virginia, will be held in Richmond on the 10th, at 4 o'clock when the new governor will be nominated.

The death of Hon. Simon Cameron, has removed a good man and one of the most conspicuous figures in American politics. He started in life as the printer's boy.

C. P. Huntington is building a ship yard at Newport News which he claims will be the largest establishment of the kind in the United States.

"A little common sense," says the New York World, "in connection with a thick volume of protocol," is a pity that the two cannot be harnessed into the service of courageous, straightforward international action.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

Has Professors (three) [illegible]

Fifteen Professors and Teachers,

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Tuition Free to West Virginia Students.

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CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

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4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LINE IS NOW WELL STOCKED

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

WHISKIES, WINES &C. at from $1 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

L. M. McCLINTIC & Co.

Mt. Grove, - - Va.

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $4.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercantile.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

If you need a mower or reaper you will do well to communicate with the undersigned, who is agent for the celebrated

WALTER A. WOOD MACHINES.

All inquiries as to terms etc. will receive prompt attention.

Address,

L. R. MOORE,

Sunset, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having [illegible] purchased and [illegible] repaired the HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

WATCHES NOTICE

FRANKFORD LODGE NO. 69, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.,
R. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6 21

HOME NEWS

—County Court meets next Tuesday.

—Dr. N. Wallace was in town Tuesday.

—The new mail carriers come in Monday.

—We believe it has rained every day for six weeks.

—Atty. C. F. Moore, went up to Dunmore to-day (Wednesday.)

—Levi Gay, Esq., was in our city Monday.

—Grand exhibition at THE TIMES office the 13th inst. 280.

—Deputy Sheriff L. W. Harold, of Pearl was in town Monday.

—Mr. P. M. Harper, of Sunset was in town the 1st of the month.

—Wm. H. Gross, Esq., went to Covington Monday on business.

Go to John Warth & Co., Frankford, W. Va., for Dueling Mowers and Rail Binders. may 9-12t

—Teacher's institute will be held at this place, commencing August 28th.

—Rich Hills visits a week from here to Frost and White Sulphur now.

—Some communications were crowded out this week for lack of space, but will appear next.

John Warth & Co., of Frankford, W. Va., will be in a during June Court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—Mr. Dan'l. O'Connell, of Anthony's Creek was in the city a few days this week.

—French Hull, Esq., went down to Frankford, on a business trip the first of the week.

Buy the Dueling Mowers and Rail Binders, the best machines that's made of John Warth & Co., Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—We failed to call attention last week to the advertisement of the University of West Virginia in that issue.

—Oats and corn are looking fine, grass is good, and wheat is almost ready to cut.

—The board of education met Monday, for the purpose of settling up and allowing accounts.

—H. F. McGlaughlin, Esq., went to Highland Co., on a pleasure trip last week.

—Jos. A. McNeel, Esq., of Knapp's creek was in Harrisville Monday.

—Remember THE TIMES is $1.00 in advance and $1.25 after six months and $1.50 at the end of the year.

—Mrs. Isaac McNeel, her son Emmanuel and little daughter, of Mill Point were the guests of Mrs. Jno. J. Israel, the first of the week.

—Mr. Wm. H. Cackley, wife and little son of Dunmore, were the guests of Atty. C. F. Moore Tuesday.

—Look out there! you'll step on some poor unfortunate democratic fourth class postmaster's head, they are lying promiscuously all over the country.

—If you want a Look Lever top and glass take or any square 7 feet on

H. F. McGLAUGHLIN agent Hutchinson W. Va.

—We have received the July number of the Cosmopolitan. It is chuck full of illustrated reading matter, and those who want a good magazine can do no better than to subscribe for it. Only $2.40 per year. Office pr. No. 23 street S. Y.

—Rev. W. T. Price, of Pendleton county, was in Lewisburg Tuesday on his way to Rosewood to meet his daughter, Miss Sarah, who has been attending school in Richmond, Va.—Independent.

—Messrs. A. J. Mires and J. A. Harold, of Pendleton county are in town. These gentlemen are here for the purpose of bidding on the bridge abutments to be replaced under the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place.

—Pr. Jno. F. Warwick Jr., of this place left last week to attend the semi-Centennial and Commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute. Mr. Warwick is an old student of the Institute, and we predict for him a good time at the reunion of his old class mates.

Preaching Arrangements.

Sacramental meeting at Hunters ville, the second Sabbath of July. Preparatory service, Friday night before, Saturday morning, and Saturday night.

Sacramental meeting at Dunmore the fourth Sabbath of July. Preparatory services Friday night, and Saturday night before.

The assistance of a visiting minister is expected, Bro. Frierson or Wilson. There will be no dinner on the ground, services morning and night on Sabbath.

W. T. P.

Writers Happenings

Miss Grace Clark is visiting friends and relatives at Marlinton.

Rev. D. S. Sydenstricker has been in poor health for some time. He has labored faithfully for his congregation at this place for years, without any vacation, and we all all think that he richly deserves one now and should spend it in complete rest from his duties.

Mr. H. Nathan and Misses Georgia and Rose Eleanor left Saturday morning to visit relatives at Williams river.

The following are the officers elected by the Hillsboro Division of the Sons of Temperance, for the coming quarter:

W. T. Curry Worthy Patriarch, G. W. Clark, Worthy Associate Bennett ng Scribe Miss G. M. Sheppard; Assistant Recording Scribe, Miss Nellie Clark; Financial scribe, Miss Kate Marshall, Treasurer, Mr. A. R. Sharpe Conductor, Mr. Thos. Yost Asst. Cond., Mr. Geo Ellbridge, Chaplain, Rev. Wm. R. Miller, Inside sentinel Miss R. Curry Outside sentinel, Mr. Wm. Wiley.

The wedding of Mr. Edward Hill, of Farmington, Washington Ty., to Miss Jennie C. Beard, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Beard was solemnized last Wednesday at the residence of the brides parents. The attendants were Messrs. Jos McNeel, Dick Beard, Sam McNeel and John Hill and Misses Lou Logan, Blanche Clark, Kate Beard and Pauline McNeal. The bride was attired in a handsome blue henrietta cloth, trimmed with old gold plush. Her waiters were lovely walking on Lilies. The bride received many handsome bridal presents, among which were a silver butter dish by Mr. Dick Beard, silver teaspoons by Mr. Jake Beard, table cloth and napkins by Mrs. William Beard, which browns and butter by Miss Annette Logan, toilet set by Miss Lou Logan, and many other handsome and useful presents, too numerous to mention. They were tendered a handsome reception at Mr. Geo. Hill's, father of the groom, on Wednesday evening. The happy couple will leave soon for Washington Ty., where they will make their future home. Miss Jennie was one of our prettiest young ladies, and very popular, and we are sorry to see her leave, but wish both of them all happiness.

PRUDENCE.

Order of Temperance.

Pendleton District Division, Sons of Temperance, will meet at Hillsboro, Wednesday, July 17th, 1889, 10 o'clock, a. m. All Subordinates will see that they are fully represented.

The Committee on programme, has assigned to the several delegates the following subjects upon which to prepare essays, to be read at meeting of Divisions:

What can be done—

1st. To add Interest to our Division—Geo. R. Covey.

2nd. For organizing new Divisions—E. H. Moore.

3rd. To Reconstitute Dormant and Suspended Divisions—W. S. Addamson.

4th. For organizing Bands of Hope—Miss G. M. Sheppard.

5th. For Distributing Temperance Literature—Miss L. M. Overholt.

6th. For Interchanging Fraternal Visits among the Divisions—D. A. Peck.

7th. For Visiting Public and Sunday schools and Addressing the Children—T. A. Bradley.

8th. For Collecting Funds for our Work—J. H. Welford and J. O. Hill.

9th. Relation of the Church to the Temperance cause—Rev. W. E. Miller.

10th. Responsibility of the Christian Church for the Liquor Traffic—J. C. Lowry Sr.

11. Women's Position on the Temperance Question—Mrs. J. J. Beard.

12th. Necessary for Thorough Organization—W. H. Overholt.

All members of the order are cordially invited to attend our sessions.

C. W. BERKEBILE, D. W. P.
J. C. LOURY Jr., D. S.

A False Christ.

The little town of Rockford, Ill., is the seat of a man who pretends to be Christ returned to the earth.

He has auburn hair and beard and taking advantage of a resemblance to the conventional pictures of Jesus he declares that though his body is new and does not show the wounds into which doubting Thomas thrust his fingers, his soul—treasure is the same. His life, outside of his blasphemous claim to divinity, is said to be blameless, and his calm sagacity of manner coupled with more than ordinary intelligence gives him a marvelous influence over his followers. His claim was expressed to a correspondent of the New York Examiner as follows:

"I am the Christ. I am the perfect man. I am God. I possess all of the divine attributes, and am sinless. This is my second advent on earth, and the time is not far off when I shall make such manifestations of my divinity and power as will startle the world, and bring believers to me by the thousand and save tens of thousands. I have unlimited power. I do not desire other work to engage me, for I wish now to convince the world in truth without intervention of the supernatural, but I can work them, and have done so for those who believe. (His followers testify that he works miracles.) I shall be here many years, but I am only fortress in the body a material and must perish. When it becomes corrupt in death I shall enter another body and still live on earth." (Here in the book on a statement to bring his claim upon.) "Many things in the gospel about my resurrection and my descent on earth are inaccurate, and I am now writing a new version of the New Testament that will be correct."

This all came about through the business cards. Fifteen years ago Mrs. Dora Hiles Flood, of Rockford, the wife of a Congregational minister in northern Illinois professed perfection and soon announced that she had the spirit of Christ as no other mortal ever had it. She had a considerable following in Illinois Michigan Minnesota and Missouri. Among the converts was George Jones who undertook a young unmarried Methodist minister who now claims divinity.

When Mrs. Rockman died in 1887 she promised her followers that she would rise from the dead in three days. They waited seven days with unwavering faith and then Mr. Rockman, who had never been unplugged, felt the responsibility of burying the corpse which had already become offensive.

Then Schweinfurth came forward. He claimed to have had a vision "through the windows of Dora Rockman's soul," and she had revealed to him that he was Christ, the Holy one. "My spirit passes into thee," she said to him as she left the world, "and thou transformest the whole being. He feels pure and sinless, the only son of God, spiritually begotten of me. Thou shalt bring all nations to worship thee."

The Rockmanites accepted his story, and their numbers increased. He told them that through a gradual transformation of the body he was to become Christ, physically as well as spiritually. Not long ago he had invited his followers in Chicago and told them that the transformation was complete and that he was now the Christ.

Schweinfurth's following is remarkable. Already the sect has branches in Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Louisville, Cincinnati and a number of small towns. His followers are so overcome with this infatuation that they hold their property subject to their idol, and it is stated that not less than $30,000 worth of property around Rockford and $100,000 in Chicago has been deeded to him. An old man named Spencer Weston has given Schweinfurth a magnificent farm of 800 acres, four miles south of Rockford, and there the pretender lives in princely style. He has put $25,000 worth of improvements on the place and lives in a large, elegantly furnished mansion, surrounded with beautiful lawns, drives, lakes and all the appointments of luxury. His dress is peculiar, and his clothing is stylish and elegant, and his deportment is that of a gentleman. His language is a careful imitation of Christ's, and he is said to be calm, quiet and polite, with no evidences of insanity in his actions.

His mission they will declare, and keep all new converts are expected to go and receive instructions with the personal influence of the man they worship. Some of these pilgrims Schweinfurth sends into a field of labor, others to their homes, and so adds especially to record, he counts the degree of "saints" and takes them into his household. About 4,000 live in this manner, eighty women and fifteen men—one live in the manner with their wives. The wives of whom are good conditions, and some Chicago gentlemen, whose families had been broken up by the conversion of their wives and daughters, and a female teacher of a Chicago Methodist church is investigating the matter. She was to enter the mansion, ingratiate herself in the good leader's favor, and, if possible, the poor wretch in a criminal prosecution. The women went and was conveyed, returning to Chicago a useless believer.

The pretender has taken a remarkable hold upon people of superior intelligence among them several university graduates. A former Congregational minister, who is at present of Yale and Andover, pastor of the Chicago branch, and the leading spirit in Kansas city is the daughter of a Presbyterian minister. Two members of this sect assert and hold in possession, going into homes, prayer meetings and missionary meetings where they seize their opportunity to live up and announce the second coming of Christ. In one case they had to be ejected from a meeting by force.

This marks the beginning of Mormonism which had its birth in the same region. In some respects Schweinfurth appears to be the successor of Joseph Smith, and his influence over his followers, according to accounts, is not less remarkable.

Such a spectacle in this age of schools shows that education does not relieve the world of fanaticism. This and great are in a region of schools, and counts among its adherents many persons of education and apparent intelligence. So far as charges of immoral conduct have been lodged against them, and the "angels" in Schweinfurth's "heaven," so far as the world knows, have done nothing to prove that they are liars. Above the only thing that seems to do justice to the case is the record of Paul in the 2nd chapter Night's Dream, "If any God then worship us."

HORROR UPON HORROR

A complete account of the awful Johnstown flood is now here. Sold by

J. H. McLAIN.

Everyone should read the full accounts of the awful calamity.

LOOK HERE!

Five striped Gingham 8c a yd.
No. 1 Calico 5c "
Fine Lawns 5 "
Calico Cloth 4 "
Lace Cuts 1 up

And a thousand other things equally as cheap at JACOB BO KERS.

A. R. SMITH,
Salem, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

In connection with Furniture, and Undertaking upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Probate Notice.

The following fiduciary accounts are before me for settlement:

C. L. Kittle, admr. of Florence E. Kittle, dec'd.

A. S. Richards, Exor. of Barbara A. Hinkle.

L. S. McCauley, Comr. of Assn.

WANTED.

Men of the wood
Address Thomas Mills,
Dutch, W. Va.

GOOD PLACE.

To the pr. [illegible] Send 75 cts. per bushel of T. H. McClintic's seed, who has been w. A. Buckner's Homestead, and Mr. Law & Buckner, Harper for 3 yrs. may 30.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

The road book across Pendleton for [illegible] Monroe, Summers and Greenbrier, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Returning same days. Thursday and Saturday [illegible] Orange [illegible]

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo. with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against David Mullenaux, dec'd, are notified to present the same, duly proven, to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of August, 1890, or they will be excluded from any benefit in the estate of said deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward at once and settle up.

Respectfully,
DAVID MULLENAUX, Jr.,
Admr. of David Mullenaux, dec'd.
July 4, 1889.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 75	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	5 00	6 50	10 00
¼ column	5 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
½ column	8 00	13 00	18 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	25 00	35 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 3 months, $1 25; after 6 months, $1 50

Those who will be strictly complied with.

Hunterville, W. Va.

July 4 1889.

Two Great Lawyers.

The Boston Advertiser tells the following story of the late Peleg Chandler and Ben Butler:

During one of his efforts had purchased a piece of real estate, in which a woman claimed a right to a portion of the premises. A tenant held her land to her and Butler could not get possession. The case was quite a celebrated one. Choate and Lowell and several of the distinguished lawyers of the day. You see Butler lost the best of it, and the consequence was that the opposing counsel was able to do was to [illegible] memorials from time to time, [illegible] various powers. At last the case was to come up [illegible] The defendant's lawyer [illegible] on it, and as a last resort, [illegible] came to young Chandler [illegible] appeared in the defense. Benjamin Butler's brow-beating methods [illegible] as well known as the man himself. He tried them on the young man. But he once he met his match. Those who remember the occasion will enjoy with laughter [illegible] remembrance of Chandler [illegible] composure of the cool-eyed [illegible] which he passed, one after [illegible] relentlessly upon Butler [illegible] head, and as the clang [illegible] of the present day is, fairly [illegible] floor with him. Judge, [illegible] the spectators fell into a [illegible] uproar of laughter, which no efforts were attempted to quell. At the close of his merciless [illegible] Mr. Chandler gravely, although his [illegible] did not so much as touched the case, asked for a continuance [illegible] it.

The next day the tenant of Mr. Chandler's client, an apothecary by [illegible], called upon the lawyer [illegible] should do in the right to regain [illegible]

Extraordinary Contest.

GRAFTON, W. Va., June 20th.—The [illegible] including the alleged returns from Kanawha county, General Nathan Goff had a majority over Judge A. B. Fleming of 130 votes in the 2d [illegible] election. In the contest [illegible]

Mr. Goff [illegible] got a pale and wrote:

"Mr. Butler, attorney [illegible] to-day gave the premises occupied by you, my advice is to absolutely [illegible] the land."

The next day Mr. Butler appeared with a bottle, prepared to alarm the apothecary. The latter showed how his [illegible]

"Pooh!" said Mr. Butler throwing down the paper. "If you should shoot me you would hang."

"That's not what I mean," retorted the apothecary. "The advice my counsel is to shoot you if you resist me, and I shall do it," he continued, with a look in his eye, as he produced a big [illegible]

"I——I don't believe you would be cool enough to shoot me," said Butler as he turned and left the place.

He at once called upon Mr. Chandler and effected a settlement of the long contested case, granting to the woman a share in the rents which she claimed.

A Fable For Young Wives.

Men are naturally less amiable and more intractable than women. The first point, therefore, to secure a married woman's happiness after the holidays of the honeymoon are over, is that she should study carefully the peculiarities of her husband's temper. It is in the power of a wise and good woman to make a lamb of the greatest bear that ever wore whiskers; while by foolish treatment the process may be reversed, and a generous bearded creature, with all the capabilities of a lion, may end in being a bear or a wolf. A wife must treat oh her husband's temper first as cautiously as a prudent boy does upon recently formed ice. Only when she has learned where the slippery humor of her husband will bear, and where it will break, can she perform with safety those graceful evolutions by which a devoted wife achieves greater triumphs than ever Bonaparte did by his artillery. Wise old Plutarch, descanting on this topic, very appropriately brings in the old fable of the traveler, when Boreas, with his obstreperous blasts tried to disrobe of his good great coat; but the result was quite otherwise; the more violently Boreas puffed his cheeks, the more closely the man wrapped his coat about him. But what Boreas could not achieve with all his strength, the sun did with a few slight touches of his genial beams. The man was so overcome by the softening influence that he flung both cloak and coat away. So left to woman foolishly attempt to gain from her husband in a rough way what she can surely achieve by gentleness.—Cassell's Magazine.

A Man With a Nervous Shock.

Speaking of the published story that he paid a lawyer $7,000 as a salve for a nervous shock that the lawyer had received, Chauncey M. Depew said the other day:

"It was a curious case. I received a letter from a lawyer saying he had been completely upset by a shock he received on one of our trains, owing to a sudden stoppage.

He enclosed in his letter the certificates of four reputable physicians bearing out his statement. A friend of mine, who was a neighbor of the lawyer, came to me and told me it would be a great injustice if I didn't settle the claim. 'The man is completely gone,' he said, 'stays away from his office, can't do any work, wanders around the house smoking his wife into fits, and is unfit for anything.'

"I went down and saw him. 'Where were you before you took this trip?' I asked him.

"'Summering at my country seat,' he replied.

"'Have any shock or undue excitement there?'

"'No; everything was supremely quiet.'

"'Then he told me he had brought down a basket of eggs on the train.

"'Well how about the eggs; were they broken?'

"'Oh no,' he said; they remained on the seat beside me, and not one was cracked.'

"'And yet you got a nervous shock?'

"'Yes.'

"'Well, I sent him the company's check for $7,000, as the doctors said he were sure he could never get around to recover again. You'll be surprised, though, to see how that check acted. It was evidently just the medicine he stood in need of, for he's all right now and practicing law the same as ever."

Penny—The new garters which you bought yesterday are not pretty at all.

Emma—What difference does it make? Nobody sees them.

Ah, but it may rain.

Mistaken We Make.

Labor when you are not in a fit condition to do so.

To conclude that the smallest room in the house is large enough to sleep in.

To take off proper clothing out of season because you become heated.

To think the more a person eats the healthier and stronger he will become.

To imagine that if some work or exercise is good, violent or prolonged exercise is better.

To think any nostrum or patent medicine is a specific for all the diseases the flesh is heir to.

To go to bed late at night and rise at daybreak, and imagine that every hour taken from sleep is an hour gained.

To believe that children can do as much work as grown people, and that more hours study the more they learn.

To eat as if you had only a minute to finish the meal in, or to eat without an appetite, or continue after it has been satisfied, merely to satisfy the taste.

"Now, children, said the teacher, "what do you call the meal that you eat in the morning?" "Out meal!" promptly replied a member of the class.

Little Boy—"Mamma, are you really going to marry an Italian Count?" Pretty Widow—"Yes, my pet." Little Boy (delightedly)—"O, then I can have the monkey to play with, can't I?"—Burlington Free Press.

First Bachelor—"Where shall we go this afternoon—to the museum, the circus or what?" Second Bachelor—"What sort of hats are the ladies wearing now?" First Bachelor—"Taller than ever." Second Bachelor—"Well let's go to a balloon ascension."

A stout woman in a railway train sits down on the silk hat of a fellow passenger.

"I say, madam, you really should be a little more careful how you throw yourself about," exclaimed the owner, indignantly.

"Oh, beg pardon, sir. I thought it was—my husband's."

Einstein (to his partner)—Isaacs you vas out late last night, I see. Dot must stop, Isaacs; no more drinkin' for you. You hear me, Isaacs!

Isaacs—I don't drink in peddlers hours.

Einstein—Dot makes no difference. You drink at night, and efery morning your hands trimble so you can't shave a gentleman any of dose sharp pants mineet shakin' de beards off.

The hot water cure is highly spoken of. A young man was completely cured of an affair known to a young lady by cool application of which the old man let him have.

Many Persons

are broken down from overwork or troubles other than disease, who require a tonic, but cannot take Quinine, Arsenic or Strychnine, and cannot possibly find a better remedy than

Brown's Iron Bitters.

Carmela has evidence in the possession of excluding American thieves from her territory by dangling them an asylum. The Canadian Parliament has enacted very sweeping laws, including almost every species of crime, when it is proved, that all such offenders will be delivered up to the authorities where their offences are committed. Of course it is and extraordinary, but in all future cases, after the legislation has been approved by the home government, the offender will be delivered up, on legal authority. It is thought the law will be in operation in about two months.

Nervous Force

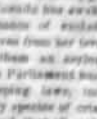
and those troubled with nervousness should use Brown's Iron Bitters.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP

Hunterville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to order all kinds of [illegible] and shoes. Boots and shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style. May 16 9 m. J. C. THOMPSON.

IF YOU NEED



Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dray Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Block Books, Tickets, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIMES.

JOB OFFICE.

If You Have

CONSUMPTION	COUGH OR COLD
BRONCHITIS	Throat Affection,
SCROFULA	Wasting of Flesh

Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Diseased, Loss of Strength, or Nervousness, you can be Relieved and Cured by

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF

PURE COD LIVER OIL

With Hypophosphites.

Prepared on Wall.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no unprincipled druggist induce you to accept a substitute.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

MY FIRST WORD IS

Bargains!

To all readers, I what the object [illegible] of the article is

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Notions, Groceries, Hardware Queensware, Tinware, Trunks, Valises &c.

I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

JACOB RONER,
Hunterville, W. Va.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

$46,600

GIVEN FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS

READ AND LEARN!

EXTRA GIFTS $1,000 IN GOLD, CASH AND 100 WATCHES

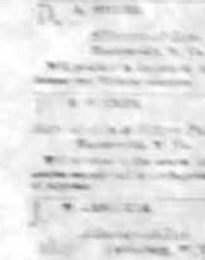
YOUR SUBSCRIPTION PAID!

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 11, 1889. No. 51.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

What a Comfort!



ACME

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 11, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 51.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff,
Cl'k of the C'ct Ct. J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. C. E. Beard, Pres't. A. P. Hannah. Ch. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Gen. Backer.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is tax term.

C. E. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

A. BYRD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

A. BYRNSIDE,
Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. BRUCE, JR.
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and adjoining counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for soldiers' and Pocahontas orphans.

[illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of [illegible] counties.

[illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

[illegible]
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

What a Comfort!

Wash Without Rubbing.
Ask your Grocer for it.
ACME Blacking

AN INCIDENT.

As down the vale at Johnstown,
The raging waters raced,
Carrying wreck and ruin
Upon their boasts red,
A mother in an attic,
With seven children dear,
Looked out in vain for succor
From death which was so near.

None came and one sweet infant
She gave unto the flood,
She saw it shortly perish
From where she helpless stood,
Another and another
Went down that ragging Styx,
Till at her darling seven
Death had devoured six.

In agony the last one
She lifted to put out,
The child with trembling accents,
Between his faith and doubt,
This question asked "Dear mother,
You've always told me how
God cares for us at all times,
Will He care for me now?"

Unto the rushing torrent
Him, too, the mother gave,
With prayers to the Almighty
This last dear one to save
Around the throne in Glory,
Are standing all the seven,
Upon the flood they floated
Streak through the Gates of Heaven.

The Story of a Picture.

BY E. E. CLAPP.

It is about 10 o'clock p. m., the hour when life in the lightest and most frivolous form is on parade in the upper part of the city's great artery of traffic—Broadway.

Madison square is brilliant with a thousand lights; the great hotels are thronged with idle groups, walk up and down the sidewalks continues the steady stream of foot passengers which will not diminish much before midnight. The crowd upon the pavements and in the hotels is frequently augmented for a few minutes by persons leaving the theatres in the vicinity during the entr'acte for an airing, refreshments or cigars.

The crowd on promenade is a motley one, composed for the most part of well dressed men and women, and from the animated tones and gestures, the gay jests and light laughter, distinguishable above the steady tramp of feet, the rattling of cab wheels and the jingling of car bells, one might think that care rested but lightly upon the shoulders of most who are here.

Among the crowd of busy talkers, thoughtless idlers and devotees of pleasure, walking at a leisurely pace and with a thoughtful air, comes a man whose genius has already made his name a household word in many lands. It is Geoffrey Vail, the artist. The handsome, scholarly face, with its delicate white complexion, its large, soft black eyes and sweeping black mustache which fringes his sensitive mouth, his graceful carriage and the plain but faultless style of his attire, stamps him easily as a man of superior type even to those who do not recognize in the lone individual the well-known figure of metropolitan life.

Above the jargon of sounds in the streets rise occasionally from a side street the tones of a piano or gan, accompanied by the voice of a person singing some Italian songs. The artist pauses for a moment to listen to the unusually pathetic ring of this voice, and as he approaches it is struck by the appearance of the singer. It is a young girl, about sixteen years of age, with a Madonna like face touched with a look of most exquisite sorrow. Is it possible that the coarse looking Italian leader can have any connection with this lovely child? It is not of this the artist thinks as he lingers, drawing close into the old man's line. It is of how ideal lovely face would look on canvas!

Suddenly the girl sees his action, rises and her eyes droop to the ground, while a color like the first blush of sunrise mantles her cheek. The artist is yet more charmed, although he diverts his gaze, still following the couple from street to street.

Finally the organ is closed up and the two performers prepare to go home. Geoffrey Vail approaches the Italian as he is about to go and touches him upon the shoulder.

"Is it your daughter?" he asks, pointing to the girl.

The man nods his head.

"I am an artist and would like to paint her picture," said Geoffrey.

The man shook his head in disapproval.

"If you will allow her to come to my studio every day for a month I will pay you liberally."

"How much?" asked the man, gruffly.

"One hundred dollars," answered the artist after a moment's reflection.

"She would earn me more than that with the organ."

"Then we will say two hundred."

The man's greed was satisfied, and he consented to the terms.

"When shall she commence?"

"To-morrow, if it suits you," said the artist.

"Very well," answered the man, and Geoffrey handed him his card.

Geoffrey turned homewards, pleased with his discovery. For a long time he had meditated painting a series of pictures representing the emotions. "Here is my "Angel of Sorrow" idealized already," he said to himself as he pursued his way through the still crowded thoroughfare home.

The pretty Italian found Geoffrey Vail in his studio awaiting her visit on the following day.

The strong light in the studio, where the curtains were purposely drawn back, revealed to the artist that he had not been deceived with regard to her appearance. The face was delicate, refined and indescribably sad.

She had evidently put on her best clothes—a dress of some soft black stuff and a shawl of the same sable hue wrapped round her head and shoulders.

"You have posed as a model before?" asken Geoffrey, noting the artistic effort of this simple costume.

"What is your name?" asked the artist.

"Consuelo."

"Consuelo," repeated the artist, "and you look inconsolable."

The girl did not understand his remark, but her large dark eyes were turned upon him wondering ly.

"Well, Consuelo, we must make the best of our time," said the artist. "Come, I will arrange you as I wish you to sit," and he placed a chair for her, arranging with some care her attitude and drapery.

"You do not feel timid, do you?" asked Geoffrey, kindly.

"Oh, no," answered the girl, looking at him with wonder again. It was inconceivable to her that she should feel timid in his presence.

The grave, gentle face of the artist had won her confidence completely. Accustomed to rough looks and sometimes blows, the child seemed in the atmosphere of this elegant studio to breathe the air of paradise.

But the look of sorrow did not leave her face; it was too deeply imprinted there.

Geoffrey was soon busy with his pencil. An artist, his soul was in his art. To him the animate beauty was only a stepping stone to the inanimate, everything lovely great or small that it might be copied on the canvas and immortalized.

Consuelo's sitting was not a long one. He thought it best not to tire her too much the first day, and at the end of the third hour rose from his easel, and thanking her dismissed her till the morrow.

"You will come again, won't you?" said Geoffrey.

The girl's look answered him.

For the first time that she could remember Consuelo went to her miserable home happy. A new vision had been opened to her. She had caught a glimpse of another world with which she seemed to feel some strange kinship.

How gladly those days glided by while the Angel of Sorrow, half real and half the creation of the artist's superb fancy, grew upon the canvas!

The last sitting came. Artist and model were to part.

Geoffrey, who had grown familiar with the child, took her hand in his own when he bade her adieu. Suddenly Consuelo burst into tears.

The artist himself felt unexpectedly and strangely moved. Even to him the parting seemed painful. Why? Blind egotist! unknown to himself he had learned to love. Only at this crisis did the truth dimly dawn upon him. But why these tears of hers? Strange infatuation! Then the child must love him also.

She had turned away to weep.

"Consuelo," he said gravely, "come here."

Consuelo came at his bidding.

"Look at me straight in the face."

"I cannot," she sobbed.

"Consuelo, why do you weep?"

The face could be doubted no longer except by the blind.

Geoffrey folded her tenderly in his arms, unresisted. The lovely head rested upon his bosom. His lips were pressed to the blushing cheek.

"Consuelo, would you like to stay here always—to be my wife?" he said rather nervously, half frightened himself.

The girl looked at him and seemed to make some sudden resolve.

Withdrawing herself from his embrace she wiped her eyes, and then without another word or look fled from the studio.

"She is frightened, but I must follow her," said the artist. How soon she had become indistinctly precious to him! He hastened to the door, but no trace of Consuelo could be seen. He paused to reflect. He did not know even her address. The Italian had already called for his money. How should he find her? What strange impulse had caused her to turn and fly so suddenly. It was inexplicable, but he must find a key to the mystery. How? Would she not return to her old avocation, accompanying the organ? If he searched the streets for a few days he would soon meet her again.

But days, weeks and months rolled by, and no trace of Consuelo or the Italian rewarded his anxious search.

So his passion died away into a vague and hopeless regret. Nothing remained of Consuelo but the blending of her beauty with his own dreams in the picture. So he devoted himself with renewed ardor to his favorite pursuits. The "Angel of Sorrow" was completed; extravagant offers were made for it, but the picture was not for sale. Money could not buy it.

It was hung in the artist's own studio—his greatest achievement—and many wondered as they gazed upon the sorrowful face whence came the inspiration for it.

Geoffrey Vail received many visitors at his studio. Wealthy patrons and personal friends brought others often to see the great artist's works, often sadly interrupting him when he wished to be alone, but always courteously received.

Five years had gone by since his belief love dream had lost its golden birth and tragic finale.

His gentle face had grown graver, and perhaps a tinge of sadness had crept in between the handsome lines; but he had little to complain of so far as success was concerned.

He is busy in his studio when some callers are announced. They are foreigners, evidently from their names. Geoffrey glances carelessly at the card, and, not recognizing the names, is about to excuse himself, but suddenly changes his mind.

His visitors are shown into the studio.

A gentleman, refined and distinguished in appearance, and a lady some year his junior. A white veil partly secludes the lady's face.

Geoffrey bows politely, and advances to meet them as they are announced. The gentleman speaking is French, apologizes for their intrusion and asks permission to look at some of the artist's work, and the lady, who has observed the artist's favorite picture, finds her companion towards it. After viewing it for some minutes and exchanging remarks of admiration in their own tongue, the gentleman, turning to Geoffrey, asks him if the picture can be purchased.

"In no consideration," replied the artist. "It is reserved at a price which even the most extravagant would never care to give."

"Which means that you do not wish to sell it," replied his visitor.

The artist bowed in acquiescence.

"And did you ever see a face which suggested such beauty?" asked his visitor, adding "Pardon me, but I have a purpose in inquiring."

"I have seen one," replied the artist, "with which this creation of mine could but feebly compare."

As he said this his eye caught the face of the lady who had removed her veil.

"Consuelo!" cried the artist, forgetting his visitors for a moment."

But they were smiling at him pleasantly.

"Pardon me," he said. "Some fancied resemblance compelled me to utter that name."

The lady approached nearer to him. "Do you not remember me, then?" she said, softly.

The artist looked puzzled and perplexed.

"Surely it is Consuelo, but, pardon me, you have changed your name," and he glanced significantly at her companion. "Ah! and you are no more the Angel of Sorrow you might now pass for the Angel of Joy."

Consuelo seemed to enjoy his perplexity. "And have not you found a true Consuelo also?" she asked laughingly.

The artist shook his head sadly.

"Papa, this is Mr. Vail," said Consuelo, turning to her companion, who offered his hand in homely way with a pleasant smile.

"You are wondering what it all means," said Consuelo, as smiling, but it is a long story, papa will tell you while I look at some pictures round the studio, and if you wish to repeat the question you asked so long ago repeat it to him."

The story was briefly told.

Consuelo had been [illegible]

[Continued on fourth page.]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 5 00	$ 7 50	$ 9 00	$ 45 00
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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

July 11, 1889.

President Harrison appointed Frederick Douglas to be minister to Hayti.

Hon. Wm. Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, has been appointed Minister to Germany.

About thirty persons were killed by a wreck on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, July 2nd.

The Johnstown Coroner's jury finds that the South Fork Dam was the cause of the disaster, and that the club owning the dam is responsible for the bad condition of that structure.

The Philadelphia Press says Wanamaker did not buy his Cabinet seat. Of course not. He was made a present of it in return for his present of $400,000 to the Republican electoral fund. Some blast people call it a purchase, however.

The Green Stamp must Go.

The specifications just issued by the Postmaster General for the guidance of bidders under the next contract for postage stamps, advertised for under date of June 7, 1889, provides for sale for two series of stamps of different sizes—one of them being the size now in use, the other about one third smaller.

If the stamps of the larger size should be determined on when the bids are in, the colors will be as follows: One cent, ultramarine blue; two cent, metallic red; three cent, vermilion; four cent, ochre green; five cent, chocolate; six cent, dark red; ten cent, light brown; fifteen cent, orange; thirty cent, black; ninety cent, carmine. If stamps of the smaller size should be preferred, the colors will be as follows: One cent, ultramarine blue; two cent, carmine; three cent, royal purple; four cent, chocolate; five cent, light brown; six cent, vermilion; ten cent, toilet green; fifteen cent, steel blue; thirty cent, black; ninety cent, orange. Under one form of bid the contractor will be allowed extra compensation for any change from the present design, and in another form of bid changes may be made at the will of the Postmaster General, without extra compensation. From the above it will be seen that the color of the two cent stamp will be changed to either carmine or metallic red. In speaking of the proposed changes, Postmaster General Wanamaker said he believed the small or oval stamp would be quite as useful and popular as the larger size now in use, and by reducing the size of the stamp a material saving would be effected, which could be profitably expended in a better and in every way more desirable color. The metallic red proposed under one form of bid was the color of the two cent stamp which immediately preceded the green two cent stamp now in use. No changes in design have been determined upon.

Our tariff bill is so high that it is toppling over, and if it and Harrison fall the English. It is rocking them, and making American wine in and possession so, badly and sad. Already the English own hundreds of thousands of acres of our land, and the distilleries and breweries of the United States are largely owned and controlled by English capitalists. Now there is a scheme on foot in London to control the American dry goods trade. A cablegram says:

"It has just leaked out here that a company or syndicate is being formed in London for the purpose of buying up the principal dry goods interests in the chief American cities. Full details are not yet obtainable, and will not be probably until the organization of the company is more nearly perfected.

From all that could be ascertained, the intention is to get control of the dry goods trade in America in a manner something similar to that in which the brewing business is being brought tributary to English capitalists. As is well known, the amount of money in England seeking investment in enterprises that promise even a small return that is reasonably sure is enormous. It could not be learned certainly whether the company will be organized on the close corporation plan or whether stock subscription books will be opened. In either event, it is reported, the amount of money put into the enterprise will be not less than £10,000,000.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Mr. Harrison and nearly every prominent member of his administration, greatly to the chagrin of the office seekers, celebrated the "Glorious Fourth," by taking a short vacation. The President and Secretaries Noble and Tracy went to Woodstock, Conn. and are not expected to return before Monday; Secretary Blaine went to Bar Harbor and the date of his return is doubtful; Secretary Proctor went to Vermont and Postmaster General Wanamaker to Philadelphia.

The republican leaders seem to have quite a share on about the coming elections in the four new states. Senators Allison, Chandler, and Colby have spent the week in consultation with the "big guns" of their party in figuring out a programme that would give them all the members of the House as well as the Senators from those states. They are to remain here until next week so as to get Senator Quay's opinion. Democrats who are well informed believe that the party is almost certain to carry Montana, and that it has a good fighting chance for one of the Dakota's.

The republicans have, it is said, decided upon an extra session of Congress to be called about November first. They wanted it October instead of November, but owing to their very slim majority in the House they concluded to take no chances, but to wait for reinforcements from the new states.

Before leaving Washington the President made a large batch of appointments, mostly diplomatic and consular. One of them Eugene Schuyler, of New York to be Consul general at Cairo, Egypt—who caused a great deal of talk, and when the Senate meets it will cause much more, and it would not be at all surprising if his nomination should be rejected. Mr. Schuler is a warm friend of Secretary Blaine by whom he was selected to be First Assistant Secretary of State in the early days of the administration, but when his name went to the Senate, then in session, it was soon apparent to the friends of the administration that it would be rejected if voted upon. As soon as Mr. Harrison was made acquainted with the state of affairs he withdrew the nomination, at the cabinet request of Schuyler who was in Europe, where he spends the greater portion of his time, but his friends studied themselves of the cable to keep him posted. The result is

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all humors, from a common Blotch or Pimple to the worst Scrofula. Sold by druggists.

Sufferers Can't be Cured by local applications as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Ad-Vice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A case of sporadic cholera has appeared in New York.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

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HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

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Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

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GEO. W. WAGNER.

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PATENTS.

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MASONIC NOTICE.

[illegible] LODGE No. [illegible] A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this Lodge will be held Friday evening, July 13th, at 7 o'clock. Full Work. Visitors cordially invited to be present. By order of the Master.

J. H. DAVIS, W. M.
S. P. PATTERSON, Secy.

7-13.

HOME NEWS.

—Miss. Whiting and Denning were in town Tuesday.

—Our subscription list is increasing.

—Jno. Driscoll, wife and child were in the city Tuesday.

—Whiting & Denning were in town Tuesday.

—S. B. Keer, of Gillespie was attending County Court Tuesday.

—J. W. Jordan of Academy called to see us Tuesday.

—J. S. Hartsell, of Addison, Va., was in town Sunday.

—S. L. Gibson, of Frost was in our town Monday.

—Wm Herold, of Frost was in town last week.

Go to John Watts & Co, Frankford, W. Va., for Deering Mowers and Rakes. may 9-12t

—G. C. Cooper was in to see us Tuesday. Read his New ad. of Remnants.

—Jno. W. Pollard, of Webster Depot, Taylor Co., was in Huntersville Tuesday.

—Wheat harvest is about over and grass cutting will soon be commenced.

—Dan'l O'Connell, wife and son Tilden were in town the first of the week.

—There were so many ladies in to see us last week that, some one tells [illegible] got excited.

John Watts & Co., at Frankford, W. Va., will be in a during June court with a lot of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9-12t

—The newly married couple, Mr. Samuel J. Day and bride, Miss Lillie Friel and Mr. William Gay made us a pleasant call last week.

Buy the Deering Mowers and Self Rakes, the best machines made made at John Watts & Co. Frankford, W. Va. may 9-12

—Mr. Geo. Dunbrack and wife, Mrs. Lizzie Kellison and Mr. W. Elliot, of Poplar Flats were in to see the members of a print shop last week.

—If you want a Lark Lever buy and grain rake or any repairs Call on

E. F. McCLAUGHLIN agent Parkersburg W. Va.

TRUNKLE.

—We return thanks to Mr. C. H. Wilson, of New Helena, Neb., for copies from that place, and also for subscription to THE TIMES.

—Married, at Hotel by Wagner, on Thursday evening, July 6th by Rev. W. H. Everly, Mr. Alex W. Summerfield to Miss Mary Alice Wise. THE TIMES wishes them a long, happy and useful life.

—On Saturday, July 15th, 1882, at the church at Clover Lick, an entertainment will be given by our Sabbath and Sunday the same, consisting of addresses, vocal and instrumental music. Dinner and other refreshments of ice cream cake and lemade will be served. The public are cordially invited to co-operate and make it a success.

—Among the many persons at trading Court were Messrs. W. H. Mitchell, E. J. Hall and S. H. Clark, of Academy; Dr. M. Wolfort, C. E. Beard and Sheriff McNutt, of Mill Point; Gen. F. Moore and Gen. Bagley, of Edray; Caleb Hedrick, Dr. Mathews, Mr. Arbogast and Gen. Boyle of Green Bank; Wm. Mitchell, of Bucktown; L. W. Harrold of Frost; Andrew McCullough Esq and Lew Gay, of Marlinton.

—A young man a graduate of Yale College, while asked by a farmer where Prof. Taylor could be found, replied: "among the quadrangle knocking the grades, make a decimal test and you will find him permeabulating his domicile or possibly jesting his countenance." The farmer stood dumbfounded only remembering the last word, "countenance," asked, what does that mean? "It is the aperture through which the concave of the dome is illuminated; if you can't comprehend that I will tell you through immensity when it will require omniscience to find you and omnipotence to put you together again." The farmer walking off replied, "that man is wormy or has lately gone crazy."—Ex.

Died.

It is sad for us to have to note the death of one of our brothers of the editorial staff, Mr. Jno. Stroughs of the Highland Recorder. We haven't learned the exact date or his death or the cause. Mr. Stroughs had just lately assumed control of the Recorder, and was giving Highland the best paper they have ever had, as says many of its readers. He was about 45 years of age a good writer and an excellent printer, and will be sorely missed by those of Highland who appreciate a good paper.

Died.

The daughter of Mr. Amos Dilley about 15 years of age living about 2 miles from this place, started to Sunday school; a short distance from her home, but Sunday morning and though delayed search has been made nothing has been heard of her since. The parents are almost distracted with grief.

LATER: As we go to press we learn she was found.

A Big Sale.

Mr. J. W. Hevener of Bucktown, sold the Utah Hevener of Green Bank 19,210 acres of land on the waters of Greenbrier river to Messrs. McCarty, Baxter and others, of Jefferson co., Va., for the sum of $30,000.

A Sale by the Way.

Eleven or twelve miles north west of Moffett's Bottom, on Locust run lives Mr. A. N. Taylor, the Dunkard resident of Pocahontas Co. Beyond him it is a day's journey to the nearest neighbor, a Mr. Hatchman, whose home is unapproachable for all conveyances ever beheaded except in winter, when the streams are freezing.

The writer on July 3rd, visited this frontier home, where he found Mr. Taylor and his good lady in the best of spirits. He is a grandson of the late Frederick Taylor from Huntersville, who was with Napoleon at Waterloo.

On a cross bean hung the Wisconsin rifle, that had brought down two hundred deer, and over the entrance was the fishing tackle that has landed countless hecatombs of specimens to mention.

Though it rained in torrents, all seemed to take it in good nature.

About two o'clock the marriage of Mr. Samuel J. Day and Miss Lillie Taylor, was solemnized, the ceremony being pronounced by Wm. T. Price. The young bride richly endowed with rare personal attraction is the pride of every afternoon made a fine appearance.

The ladies waiting upon her were Misses Maud Taylor, Cary Combs, Rosa Simmons and Lillie Friel, who were attended by the following gentlemen to the order named, Messrs. W. H. Beard, Anthony Friel, William Taylor and William Gay.

A very fine dinner was enjoyed by at least one hundred persons and the event will be long remembered as one of the most notable of social affairs occurring in that vicinity.

W. T. P.

HURRAH FOR SULLIVAN.

KILRAIN KNOCKED OUT.

The following is the official bulletin of the Western Union telegraph

SULLIVAN vs. KILRAIN

Kilrain knocked out after 12 rounds; time, 3 hours and 17 minutes. Fight took place at Richburg, Miss.

PREACHING.—Rev. M. H. Everly, will hold his fourth and last Quarterly Conference at Hunter, the 3rd Saturday and Sunday in July. Conference will convene at 2 o'clock, p. m., on Saturday. Preaching Saturday night, and Sunday morning at 11 a. m., and again at 8:30, p. m. Let there be a full representation from each appointment.

Farmers Beware.

The glorious 4th is over and we never lost a man. There was a large crowd out, considering the rainy day.

The crowd that went to Cheat Bridge to celebrate the 4th, came back all safe. They had quite a nice time playing button &c.

Auctioneer C. H. Hoecker starts today to attend the Hutton and Winchester sale at Huttonsville. This will be the largest sale ever in Randolph Co. Several parties will go from this section.

Capt. Smith has returned, and work will be commenced this week at the lumber camp.—Wilson J. Moore and family have arrived here from Johnstown, Pa. Mr. Moore was here time of the flood. He says Johnstown doesn't look like she did two months ago. He spent Friday week in Johnstown, and saw them search two bodies.

Some of our farmers have begun cutting wheat.

There will be preaching at Bethel Church on Sunday the 16th, at 2, p. m. by Rev. Jasper Sharp.

There will be singing at Cross Roads school-house, Sunday, the 16th at 2, p. m.

Two weddings last week, Mr. Clark Gum, of Highland Co., to Miss Annie J. Harris of this county and Mr. Alex Hutchinson, of Pa., to Miss Mary Alderman, of this county.

W. H. Cackley and wife are off on a business trip to Huntersville.

We understand that R. L. Jackson our mail agent will be up this week from Marlinton. Mr. Jackson was notified in Washington city by the same telegram who announced Grover Cleveland.

TOM SAWYER.

Thousands Starving.

CHICAGO, July 7.—There are more than 25,000 people in the mining district of Braidwood and Coal City who are dependent on charity. The extensive grocery to which these people are indebted is pressed by all manner which has passed yesterday. A letter belonging to one of the striking miners broke its leg and had to be shot. The horse was dragged to the side of the road and at night many of the starving families had horse flesh for supper. It was the first square meal that many of them had eaten in weeks, and they enjoyed it. The cause of all this poverty is the strikers of the officials of the Chicago Wilmington & Vermilion Coal Company. The miners were found to strike by repeated reductions in their wages, and now many families among them are starving.

How many girl graduates of the present high schools will write compositions entitled on the "Coming Man" and how few will find him like his present ways to dress!

It is thought the Louisiana sugar crop will fall 1,000 hogsheads below the average this year, owing to the recent drought.

Election for Women

It is a pity that since the right of education of women was so much talked about and the happy thought of giving women a better education also. There was no sense in the old theory that the education of women should include an entirely acquirement; but there is plain sense in the new notion that going to scholarly training constitutes a good education for women, as for men either for that matter. And nothing could be more convenient than the assumption on which the higher education of women has been thus far conducted, namely, that men and women should be trained in precisely the same way.

Education is a preparation for life, and is just as far as a woman's life differs from a man's in its circumstances she has different educational needs. Education is good in the degree in which it fits the pupil to discharge well the duties that will probably fall to his or her lot, and measured by that test the training of our boys is far from good, while that of our girls—many of them at least who receive the "higher education"—is grossly bad.

The main duty of a woman is home making, and to her skill in that the comfort, happiness and well being of all who live in her home depend. The education which does not equip her for that work in a very bad education indeed.

The principal fact of [illegible] three months they are crowded by all known beings, and the women who does not know how to prepare them properly is an more fit to be married than the man who does not know how to make them. She may never have thousands of dollars at her disposal, but she is greatly ignorant and very badly educated, nevertheless.

Cod seeking people had better [illegible] It is an exceedingly [illegible] to be in the greatest degree [illegible] the most [illegible] and the most [illegible] in our higher [illegible] and women, and the girls [illegible] to [illegible] Now, the [illegible] of food, the dignity of persons as well as [illegible] to [illegible] The [illegible] cooking which should be done by [illegible] to the needs be cooked [illegible]

A fellow [illegible] on this subject [illegible] in many homes of the well [illegible] as well as in the higher [illegible] Wonderful work, and [illegible] cooking, is [illegible] to be [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN L. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Three w'ks	1 50	2 00	3 00	10 00
Six months	3 00	4 50	10 00	17 00
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Huntersville, W. Va.

July 11, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

Took her home in Italy and shipped to New York. After many years she had been traced and returned to her parents. She had fled from Geoffrey's presence because ashamed of her humble origin and parentage, believing the mistress to be her father, and had been shocked immediately afterwards.

In Italy she had been educated, previously expecting from her father a promise that as soon as her education was completed he would bring her to New York.

Such a story could have but one sequel—a happy marriage. It was accordingly a happy one, and soon after it Geoffrey commenced the twin picture.—N. Y. Mercury.

"The Navy Of Them."

When the First Napoleon was asked why he did not make war against the Chinese, he curtly replied: "The navy of them."

The time is at hand when the bright young American who is making his choice of a profession or a line of business should give the same answer when asked why he does not join the great army of lawyers.

According to David Dudley Field, there are altogether too many lawyers in this country. In 1880 we had 50,000,000 people and 70,000 lawyers, one lawyer to each 715 people. Now, in France, the same year, 40,000,000 people had only 6,000 lawyers, or one to each 6,667 of population.

The point is made that with our disproportionate number of lawyers many members of the profession naturally drift into the practice of stirring up speculative law suits. In this respect are all the time swelling our calendar of litigation. Doubtless because, the reports become more numerous. The successful lawyer is no longer the one who is well grounded in legal principles—he is simply the pure-talking man whose infinity and physical strength enable him to hunt through hecatombs of reports to find a precedent exactly fitting the case in hand.

This is Mr. Field's view of the present status of the legal profession, and it is not encouraging. Fortunately, in this age the law is not the only attractive field for intelligent young men. The rapid strides of physical science have made it plain that it is honorable and profitable to apply brain work to agricultural and hundreds of other forms of hand-work. The progressive farmer, the skilled mechanic, the successful civil engineer or architect stand as well to-day, and have as many opportunities of rising in the world, as the most favored lawyers, and in many cases more—of a hundred their chances of making a good living are infinitely better.

Some of our ambitious young men will do well to consider this view of the situation.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Labor World.

Most of the silk mills are crowded.

Chinese boatmen make $10 and $15 per week.

The demand for molders is greater than the supply.

Locksmiths in London earn from $6 to $10 a week.

A German servant-maid receives from $30 to $70 a year.

A boot and shoe factory is to be built at Cedartown, Ga.

A party of 250 American engineers are traveling in Europe.

The Paris cabmen are a powerful body, politically and otherwise.

The prejudice against labor organizations are fast disappearing.

Strikes are almost unheard of in New Hampshire and South Carolina.

Since 1886 three attempts have been made to organize a drug clerk's union.

The bricklayers in Birmingham, England, are earning from $8 to $10 a week.

The use of Cuban hematites for steel making in the South is being agitated.

The profit sharing idea is gaining ground in some of the large cities of the West.

There are trade unions in China. A skilled workman doesn't make over $4 per month.

Paper mill building is going ahead faster than ever and there is a great rush for machinery.

The National association of Train Dispatchers has just held its annual session at Indianapolis.

During the summer the glass manufacturers will make extensive improvements in their plants.

There is but little trouble in the labor circles just at present outside of the mining and steel industries.

The Day County (Ind.) miners have asked the Governor to issue an appeal to the public for aid for them.

Drivers employed by express companies now get on an average $65 a month; truckmen about $50 a month.

There is great activity at present in the ship building yards all over England, and new workmen are constantly being taken on.

Seattle, Washington Territory, which recently visited by a disastrous fire, is giving work to all men who want it at $2 a day.

Statisticians estimate that there are over 1,000,000 women in this country who are engaged in work which is not domestic. Of this number 275 are ministers and seventy-five are lawyers.

At a delegate convention of railroad miners of Western Pennsylvania in Pittsburg a committee was appointed to draft resolutions demanding that coal operators discontinue their stores.

Pudunk (to neighbor Bjones)—"My daughter Angie will be home from the conservatory next week. She has completed her musical education."

Bjones.—"How delighted we shall be! You will have a houseful of visitors all the time, and Miss Angie's entrancing strains will hold us spellbound. Your charming daughter is a veritable prodigy."

"Bjones (ten minutes afterward, to his wife).—"Don't distribute that rat poison just now, Maria. The Pudunks howler is expected home next week. I'll go to Iowa and see if I can get a decent rate for the season. I'm bound to enjoy some rest!"

"Who was that you bowed to on the car?" she asked of her friend as they stood in a store door on Woodward avenue.

"That's Hattie——"

"How sweetly she bowed back."

"Yes, we love each other dearly. When her father died last year I was the only friend she had thought it enough to assist the carriage and tell her there were forty seats."

Farm and Garden Notes.

Toads are the gardener's friends.

Clover stubble is good chicken pasture.

The cedar bird is a great devourer of cranker worms.

Excitement reduces the milk flow.

Don't let the cows be hurried from pasture.

Insect remedies are of little avail unless applied promptly, with due persistence and care.

A beekeeper says he knows of no other single plant from which the bees gather so much pollen as from the box elder.

A quart of oilmeal and bran a day will make a marketable lamb out of a poor one in a month or two, adheres Farm Journal.

A crop of beans will ripen in time to escape the late frost if planted June 20, says W. H. Hall in American Garden; then string beans are sowed to September 15.

Unless you have some choice birds from which you wish to breed next year, dispose of all cocks as soon as the breeding season is over. They are only an expense and an annoyance.

Steer clear of leaky roofs, broken windows and drafts generally, and all other condition that generate romp unless you are studying for the veterinary profession and want lots of practice.

Feed your fowls systematically two or three times a day; scatter the feed, so they can't eat too fast or without proper exercise. Do not feed more than they will eat up clean, or they will get tired of that kind of feed.

The public taste, it is said, is being steadily educated to demand fresh butter. As a result it each year becomes more difficult to handle held summer stock. The farmer who keeps abreast with the popular taste is most likely to reap the pecuniary benefits arising therefrom.

One of the sad things connected with the hard times in Persia is the fact that many men with from 40 head to twenty-five wives have had to reduce the number to three or four.

"You wish to marry one of my daughters! The youngest will get 15,000 marks, the second 30,000 and the oldest 45,000." "You don't happen to have one still older?"

Battered traveler: "Mr. Rich man could draw his check for a million when I left. How much money has he by this time?" Citizen: "He hasn't any." "Eh? Why—Did he fail?" "No; he died."

Biggs: "I hear a policeman was killed yesterday in the discharge of his duty." Biggs: "He certainly didn't know it was loaded."

Sick Patient.—What is your attitude toward Wagner's art, professor. Professor Boldwin.—Hands over my ears.

Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have had fathers who relieved them of all responsibility.

Ottomanson.—Have a telephone, Biggs? Biggs.—No, I am not on speaking terms with the company. Their rates are too high.

The man who was blown thirty feet in the air out in a Pennsylvania town, while repairing a natural gas main, remarked that he had been thrown out at work.

A.—Can you let me have five dollars? I left all my money at home and I haven't a cent with me. B.—Sorry I can't lend you the five dollars, but here is a nickel for you. Now you can ride home and get your money.

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At Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, boots and shoes of all kinds, also repairing in neat style. May 16 3 m. J. C. TROUT.

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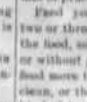

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To all comers, I offer the opportunity of the season in

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I will sell as low as could be bought in the city.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 18, 1889. No. 52.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Deputy Clerk, C. O. Arbogast.
Commissioners, J. M. Beard, Pres't.
J. S. Hannah.
J. S. Moore.
Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April and Monday in June, and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 3rd Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. J. MOORE,

Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,

Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,

Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. McNEEL,

Notary Public & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,

Attorney-at-Law,
Sewell Valley, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,

Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

L. J. SITTIMER,

Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. E. F. WEYBRIGHT,

RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County as are Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,

Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE SHOE BRUSH GONE

I won't miss it, for I have long since adopted an easier and cleaner way. A bottle of

Wolff's ACME Blacking

and a sponge to keep my shoes polished clean, save a deal of labor and their leather.

The best Harness Dressing in the world.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA

Warbe

I am weary, so weary,
Tired of the same old routine, of life.
Tired of digging for something different.
Tired of battle and din and strife.
Tired of this striving, all useless, to win
Success to make me the greatest and best;
Tired of battling temptation and sin,
Life at its worst is a wearisome test.

I am weary, most weary,
Day after day I've toiled in vain;
Tell me I hoped that this night would end wearily?
Bringing no rest for me labor adding
Others the slow night, but day a-dawn not ever.
Always they labored my toothsome
Others, not alone, but to others stinged, ed.
Pulling me with their darkness and cloak.

I am weary, so weary,
Bring me a dawn of the day of day,
Over and over I softly say.
After the night falls the morn dawneth
Darke,
After the storm shall the sun shine again.
How'ts be then strife, for brave hearts parish rarely
Fight subly, greatly the battle with care.

Ben S. Hayman.

Joe Bardette.

If you had told any one of the boys on the Chicago and Overland railroad that Engineer Joe Bardette was sentimental or soft, not one of them would have believed you—that is to say, they would have been out nothing of the kind until quite recently; when something occurred about which, gentle reader, you are supposed to know nothing until duly enlightened by the narrative.

Joe has run a locomotive over the C. & O. ever since that road was only twenty miles long. He now pulls the fastest and most important mail and passenger trains, and his name heads the list on the highest pay roll. He has always been known and recognized as a skilful mechanic, a faithful, steady and reliable servant, with nerves of steel and eyes like an eagle's; he has, from the first, attended diligently to his duties, seldom lost time on his run—and has always been respectful to his superiors, courteous to his equals and kind to his subordinates.

And yet during all these twenty years, the C. & O.'s logs "felt that Joe Bardette had never been really one of themselves, and were considerably astonished to notice that they knew very little about him.

But there was a little romance connected with Engineer Bardette and a good deal of sentiment has woven itself into his life's history.

Before Joe went to the C. & O. he was a promising young knight of the throttle in the service of a railroad company whose line ran eastward from Chicago. He was a very young man—not yet twenty-four—and with all the depth and intensity of a quiet, earnest nature he loved once more than he loved his profession—a fair, sweet girl. And when pretty Anna Redman showed a preference for, and finally married the handsome but "no'er-do-well" Dick Fowler, Joe Bardette found her act one which the less. He was bitterly and sorely disappointed himself, and to win, in a manly way generously and honestly sorry for the girl; for he could, and but thing that Dick Fowler would do to elevate instead of improve. But Joe said never a word to Anna or to Fowler or to any one else; only he resolved not to lose sight of the one woman who might even again pin supremely happy.

Too soon for Bardette's supreme sense in regard to Dick Fowler proved true. A little child, a girl, was born to Anna; but instead of awakening feelings of fatherly and husbandly pride in Fowler, the all cent of the little one seemed to start the thoughtless and dissipated young man on a headlong career to the "dogs." It almost broke Joe Bardette's heart for he had a large, tender heart under his gruff, blue blouse; and he perceived how things were going from bad to worse with Fowler; and the circumstances that he could not proffer any practical assistance to poor Anna only made it all the harder for him to bear. At last the worst came. The once beautiful and light hearted girl died, and more'n his pity, died of starvation and neglect.

Bardette did not learn the fate of his old love until she had been several days in her grave, and when he set about to discover the shameless father and his luckless babe, both had disappeared—no one knew whither. Joe looked up a shrewd private detective to whom he took two hundred dollars of his savings, which he threw into the hands of the professional sifter of many social riddles. To the detective Bardette told his story. "Find the baby," said he, "and within her father's keeping, and I will give you two hundred dollars more."

But neither money or skill were of any avail, and gradually Joe Bardette gave up the hope of adopting Anna Redman's baby girl.

Six years passed away, and on a pleasant day in August Bardette, enjoying a "lay off," strolled through the busy streets of the great Western metropolis. As he sauntered along he came upon the entrance to the central police station and prompted by mere curiosity, entered the court room. The court was at that moment considering the deposition of a little waif, brought in from one of Chicago's bustling highways by a local police officer. The tiny wanderer was a flaxen-haired girl with large blue eyes and chubby hands—without hat or shoes and with but one ragged and soiled garment about the little body; as dirty and as neglected—yet wonderously fair and beautiful!

The child was, perhaps, seven years old, or less, and she said that her name was Annie—that was all she knew. But Joe Bardette knew more; he knew, beyond a peradventure, that she was the child of his old love the child of Dick Fowler's dead wife.

"Your honor," said Joe, late in hand, addressing the court.

"What is it?" asked his honor, who, besides being a judge of first points of criminal law was an expert judge of human nature and rightly passed a verdict of honest and square upon Joe Bardette.

"I should like to adopt this child, if possible," said the engineer; and half an hour later, Bardette's references proving highly satisfactory to the court, he walked out of the police station leading by the hand Anna Redman's little girl.

The division headquarters of that portion of the Chicago & Overland road, over which Joe Bardette steered his locomotive were at Streeterville, a small but busy railway town, and thither the engineer took his young ward.

Everybody said that Joe Bardette was crazy; but nowhere in the body contained in audibly express his opinion on that matter to Joe himself. "The boys" and the neighbors thought a good deal and talked a good deal among themselves, while the womenfolks were agreed that Joe was making a fool of himself over a little stray waif, young as who might be—and, the Lord only knew who or what she might be!

Whether Joe suspected the opinions, expressed and unexpressed, of his various neighbors, certain it was that he took much comfort in little Anna; and certain it is, too, that the child dearly loved Joe, or Dad, as she called him. With Bardette nothing was too good for the child, not even indiscretion. On five days he frequently took the little girl into his cab, showing her every detail of the workings of his iron steed and explaining the way and the wherefore of each part just as though she had been apprenticed. Indeed, Bardette insisted that she was, and to his chief he declared (when Anna was not ten years old) that his "fireman" knew more about locomotives than half the firemen on the Chicago & Overland, and as much as some of the engineers!

Nine years had passed since Joe's memorable visit to the Chicago police court, and "Bardette's girl" was fast passing from girlhood to womanhood, but she was still the engineer's baby and Joe was still Dad to her.

There was a strike in progress on the Chicago & Overland, though it did not directly involve the employes. Among other classes of the employes there existed much bitterness of feeling toward the company and excitement ran high in Streeterville.

Joe Bardette, who honestly believed the strikers in this particular instance, as in the wrong, showed them scant sympathy and opposed with the brotherhood (as they by the company and his locomotive. This made the strikers exceedingly angry and, as a consequence, Anna was constantly fearful of some harm befalling Joe, or the dearly loved engineer—both.

One night when Bardette had pulled mail train number four out of Streeterville, Anna, in a strange but natural manner, begged permission to accompany him.

"Why, no dear little girl," said Joe, that can hardly be. You must stay at home and have breakfast ready when—"

But the girl entreated with so much pertinacity, though she could give no good or logical reason for her wish. At last Bardette yielded, and when Number Four pulled out of Streeterville there was a girl, wrapped in a big shawl, hidden like a needle in Joe's coat in the cab. She had herself done so that Joe's enemies might not report her for carrying a passenger on his engine, and she crouched in her hiding place while Joe with his hand on the lever and his eyes and thoughts ahead, pushed the throttle home. Number Four thundered through the misty darkness of a November night over the rattling seam of many tracks, switches, switches and sidings of the great Streeterville yard.

They had got about one mile from the depot, and were still speeding very rapidly through the yard filled with idle cars, when Bardette missed his fireman who had gone to the tender to throw down some coal. Still keeping his hand on the lever, Joe peered through the mists to current task, as he did so, was rudely dragged from the locomotive by strong arms, wielded by two of the desperate and revengeful strikers.

In another moment Anna, who was with no aid, had grasped the situation. She understood, perfectly, that the brothers of the men who had kidnapped Bardette and his fireman was to allow Number Four to proceed on its way—unguided and unfireman—to rush with increasing speed to certain destruction. But the girl was equal, and more than equal, to the occasion. She was brighter now than her self smart as a whip and as flexible and frequently accurate. She knew as much about a locomotive as many of the engineers on the Chicago & Overland. And now saw an opportunity to save Joe's reputation, as well as his life and his locomotive—pay the impostors and—to save the old locomotive and along with it to frustrate the designs of the prejudiced strikers.

How startled it not even the girl herself could tell after the exciting time was past. The next thing she remembered to see after the struggle without a cry, and she did not. The train swept the ghostly gulf and on the cab guiding the train through all the dangers, both above and below. She passed about how the darkness, she watched the signal gangs, and soon shrieked and rang the furnace like an old time fireman. It was hard work and the hours were of well nigh interminable length; but the end came, and mail train No. 4 rolled into Chicago on time.

Today the boys hardly call Joe Bardette "mister," and they are willing to admit that Joe might do worse than let the girl who did so bravely on that eventful night, Joseph one of the Chicago & Overland employes jealous of the fact that upon the pay roll of the C. & O. engineers appears, each recurring month, the name of Anna Dardette.

Cable Not Built of Wire Rope.

Nearly four centuries ago Columbus, the adventurer, in the interest of Isabel of Cuba, sent letters people with rolled leaves between their lips. Above their heads were the clouds of smoke. These leaves were woven, and in their were the astronomical secrets of science. These people were kind, courteous, gentle and loving.

The citizens of Cuba to-day boast of the world and are one of the climates the purest known, with facts—the leaves that tossed in the wind of love who once bore the breathless, happy days in which they grew.

These leaves make friends and memories with them the voice of peace. They bring grass, cigarettes to the world. They are the companions of the lonely, the friends of the imprisoned, of the exiled, of workers in mines, of toilers of factories, of sailors on the lonely seas; they are the giants of strength and calm to the timid and tempest; solace of those who recite with thought and dream the daughter of the wind.

They tell of hope and love. They support the wrinkled brows of care—drive hope and wretchedness—banish from our the mind, tell us the knock was not out years. Within their weight were and were some person, gracious and beauty, could see, feel, when removed by his dark, softly shed where the tortures of the brain and heart to sleep the restless moments of care and grief.

There leaves are the friends of the living, and their leaves, the solace, rest from sorrows of change or future.

Cuba is the cradle of the use.—S. G. Ingersoll, in Cuba.

A Confederate monument in Richmond, Va., will be unveiled on August 30.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

July 18, 1889.

NEWS FOR WORKING MEN.

"There are more laboring men in Pennsylvania to-day without regular employment than at any time within the last ten years."

The above remark from a gentleman living in Pennsylvania, who has been for a short time in Pocahontas County looking after large investments here, is noted for consideration.

The Overshadowing Issue.

The Chicago Tribune, the Philadelphia Press, and in fact all the republican papers of the north, appear to have an idea that the questions of "high tariff, low tariff, or no tariff," are disturbing the harmony of the south, and splitting the democratic party into four or five small pieces.

With this imaginary state of affairs on their minds, the organs are going about indulging in the most gleeful anticipations of the day when the solid south will be broken into fragments, and several states easily at home in the bosom of the republican party.

Such fantasies as this is worthy of attention, if only for the amusement it affords those who thoroughly understand the situation. The republican organs get their cue from those democratic newspapers which, by reason of their ignorance and perversity, have been engaged in a futile effort to make the tariff the test of democracy.

But the organs ought to perceive that there is no longer any serious attempt on the part of any respectable democratic journal to read either democrats out of the party. Brother Watterson is no longer the clusterpeppery vengeful kicker that he was, and the silver is gradually drowning on all democrats, of what ever shade of opinion, that the democratic party is a bigger thing than any single question can be mentioned. So far as the south is concerned, the people (as the Richmond Dispatch observes) are in no condition to disturb themselves over high tariff, low tariff or no tariff. They are confronted by an issue vastly more important and more pressing than any branch of the tariff question. That issue is the negro problem, and it will continue to remain the one issue, so far as the south is concerned, as long as the republican party remains the party of sectionalism and fanaticism.

The northern people, it may be observed, deal with this negro problem as they please when it affects their own interests. Thus Chicago will not allow negroes to act as the trustees of its public schools, and there are white people in Ohio—and republicans at that—who are willing to violate a state law rather than allow negro children to attend the white schools.

But when it comes to the south, the northern people seem to be of the opinion that the negro problem should be settled from the outside—and it is this disposition that will keep the south solid in the face of all other issues.—Atlanta Constitution.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON July, 13.—Political sensations and very warm weather do not usually go together in Washington, but this week is an exception, for although the thermometer has been dancing around in the nineties all the week we have had a real genuine sensation. At first it was given out that Secretary Noble had peremptorily removed Pension Commissioner Tanner on account of the way in which he had been running the Pension Office. It was stated that Tanner had resigned because the Secretary had reprimanded him and Assistant Secretary Bussey. Both of these reports turned out to have been wrong. Mr. Tanner has neither been removed, nor has he resigned. But one or the other may yet occur, as the relations between the Secretary and the Commissioner are decidedly strained. The day after Tanner's return from his western trip he received a summons from Secretary Noble to come at once to his private office. Arrived there he found Assistant Secretary Bussey, who has charge of the appeals from the pension office and who is in sympathy with the Commissioners ideas, and Secretary Noble. An animated discussion was at once begun with Tanner and Bussey on one side, and Noble on the other. It is said that the Secretary gave them both to understand in the plainest sort of language, that they were subordinates of his. And right here is, I understand, the root of the whole trouble. The Secretary has no serious objection to anything that Tanner has done, but he objects to Tanners way of doing them. He wants the facts impressed on the mind of the public that the pension bureau is a part of the department of the Interior, and that he (Noble) is at the head of that department.

Mr. Harrison has gone to join his family at Deer Park. It is given out at the White House that he will spend very little time here for the rest of the warm weather, not over two days a week at the outside. This taken to mean that very few Presidential appointments will be made between now and September.

Public Printer Palmer has taken his cue from the President and is going very slow in making new appointments. He has just made the most important in his gift chief clerk, and the members of his party do not like it, although the gentleman appointed is a republican. Mr. Collins the lucky man, entered the office as an apprentice, served his time and was afterwards detailed for clerical work. He has been for several years head book keeper and was not an applicant for the chief clerkship.

Mr. Harrison has positively refused to give office seekers the names of parties that make charges against them. He says to do so would be to frighten other people and prevent their telling him of bad things they might know about future applicants.

Secretary Blaine will be represented at the State department until September by his son, Walker, who returned from Bar Harbor this week. I understand that Mr. Harrison will visit Mr. Blaine at Bar Harbor as soon as he can find time to map out his first message to Congress.

A new division has been established in the department of Agriculture and Wm. Hill, a Minnesota editor has been put in charge of it. Mr. Hill's duties will be to condense and simplify the reports and bulletins issued by the department, so that they may be understood by those not familiar with technical and scientific terms.

Senator Quay's friend, Tom Cooper has captured the Collectorship of the port of Philadelphia.

Secretary Windom has prohibited the use of the steam plate printing presses in the Bureau of Engraving and printing on a thirty-day notice, during which time the owners of them to accept the royalty named by Congress—One cent per thousand impressions. They received $1.00 per thousand previous to July.

Washington is to have another attraction added to the many it already possesses. The historic old line of battle ship "Constitution" is to be brought from Portsmouth New Hampshire, where she now is, to the Washington Navy Yard, when she will be used as a receiving ship. The Constitution has a proud history.

The department of the Interior announces that no more appointments will be made in the Census bureau until September.

Discharges of minor officials in the departments here are quite frequent just now.

The Civil Service Commissioners was in New York City nearly all this week.

Secretary Rusk denies that Gen. Felix Agnus of the Baltimore American gave him a blooded horse, as was published.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering with. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The prize fight about which all the ruffians of two continents and a very large minority of educated gentlemen have been thinking and talking for the last month came off, and to day Sullivan is the undisputed champion of the world.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Mrs. ex President John Tyler died in Richmond, Va., on the evening of the 10th.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

—If you want a Lock Loom boy and grain rake or any repairs Call on

H. P. McCLAUGHLIN agent Huntersville W. Va.

Order of Publication.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

OUR LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES STARKER

C. D. LAW, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, late of Richmond, Va., have opened a

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic,)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having ately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

Only First-Class Literary Institution in the State.

Fifteen Professors and Teachers.

Preparatory Department.

Classical Course.

Scientific Course.

Civil and Mining Engineering Course. Law School.

Tuition Free to West Virginia Students.

Board in Law School. Tuition in Law School, $24.00. Total expenses for one year, $140.00 to $200.00, including clothing and board. Eight Weeks Summer Normal Session, opens 1st Monday in June. Students admitted by Diploma, by school boards, and examination.

Persons are admitted to Collegiate Department.

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Morgantown, W. Va.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise as to patentability free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.,

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MASONIC NOTICE.

A HUNTERSVILLE LODGE No. 85, A. F. & A. M.—The usual regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, which is the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. R. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PAYNE, Sec'y.

6-31

HOME NEWS

—Correspondents please write regularly.

—Go to Jacob Boner's for all kinds of fruit jars, cheap.

—Thanks to Mr. C. B. Mathews for more papers from Neb.

—Patronize your home paper and keep posted on local news.

—Hugh Dever, Esq., was in town yesterday.

—E. C. Alderson, of Alderson was in Huntersville last week.

—This is the 7th annual birthday of THE TIMES.

—Read the letter this week from Cheyenne, Wyo. Ty.

—We will begin the financial statement of the County next week.

—Sullivan will Kilrain if he fights him again.

—Deputy Sheriff L. W. Herold, was in town, Monday.

—Wm. H. Grose went to Covington Monday. We don't know whether he went to the show or not.

—Reports from all over the State show that crops generally, are good.

—Freddie Beard, who has been in the Levels for some time came up Sunday, accompanied by Joe McNeel Esq., of that place.

—Married, Mr. Jas. R. Webb to Miss Lillie F. Jackson, by Rev. M. M. Everly at the M. P. Parsonage on Brooks creek.

—Atty. H. S. Barlow and family started Tuesday morning for an extended visit to their parents in Lewisburg and near Lynchburg.

—We want a correspondent at Green Bank and at Edray and will give in consideration THE TIMES as long as you correspond, and furnish stationary and stamps.

—Jos. W. Johnson, Jos. B. Wilson, J. H. Linden, G. W. Lucas, J. G. Kaylendall, of Baltimore were in Huntersville, since our last issue.

—We understand by several different parties, that we have sold THE TIMES office, but we don't believe it, as we have never offered it for sale, and don't expect to offer for sale.

—Mrs. M. C. Early, who has been visiting her parents at this place for some time past, started for her home in Union this morning (Wednesday) accompanied by her brother *R. C. Lecky Jr.*

—The big strike that was about to take place in the Carnegie Iron works at Pittsburg, has subsided; the men agreeing to have their wages cut to 20 instead of 25 per cent.

—*Johnstown* S. C. was visited by a cloud burst last week in which a few persons lost their lives and much damage to property was done. *Johnstown seems to be an ill-fated name.*

—The Rev. Wm. T. Price held his protracted meeting at this place commencing last Saturday morning and continued until Tuesday night, during which time he preached several excellent sermons to a large and appreciative audience.

—*Chas. Brake of Mingo Flats, was arrested and brought before Justice Grose at this place last Saturday charged with having fifty-six a flock of sheep across the bridge to avoid the toll, and was bound over in the sum of $100 to appear here at the October term of the court to answer indictment.*

—Messrs. Jos. Dilford and Decatur Kinports, with their families, were in town Tuesday.

County Court Notes.

Levi Day, late sheriff, made a full settlement with the Court.

It was ordered that the Hornside and Locust creek road be opened.

That the Slack's mountain road be established.

J. W. Bolten, tendered his resignation of the County Infirmary, and was accepted.

That the poor farm be advertised for rent.

That the citizens of the county be allowed to take the Marlinton bride and road, on which Jas. Gibson is toll collector, by the year.

That the new piece of road near Lockridge ford be let in contract.

That Geo. W. Wagner, expend, not exceeding $75.00, in repairing the road from M. D. McClaughlin's to the top of the Alleghany mountain.

A rule was awarded against Jas. Gibson, returnable at the next term of the Court to show cause why he did not comply with his contract in making the road around the mountain above M. D. McClaugh lin's.

That John E. Campbell, Pub. of POCAHONTAS TIMES be awarded the contract for the county printing for the year of $45.00 per year, from July, 1889.

That an additional span of 90 feet be put to the bridge across Knapp's creek, at Huntersville, and the same to be advertised for contract.

A rule was awarded against M. J. McNeel, sheriff, returnable at the next term of the Court to show cause why he or his deputy did not attend the sessions of the Court.

A rule awarded at a former term of the court against W. H. Cackley late sheriff of the county to show cause why he should not be proceeded against for failure to settle with the Court as enlarged and returnable at the next term of the Court.

Sale by the Way.

July 16 1889, it was the writer's pleasant duty to visit another portion of our great county, where he had never been.

It was on the head waters of Stony creek, where Mr. Cumbo resides.

A happy party of fifty or more persons had assembled to witness the nuptials of two worthy young people Mr. John L. McNeill and Miss Lizella Forrest Snyder.

An interesting feature was the presence of a number of sunburned stalwart young men from the neighboring harvest fields, in their work day dress.

About 3 p. m. the marriage vows were pronounced by Wm. T. Price.

Miss Cora Cumbo, and Annie Carter were in waiting as Brides maids, attended by Messrs Lee Carter and Silas Barlow.

The young people presented a fine appearance on the floor.

A very excellent dinner was served, and it was greatly enjoyed by the numerous and orderly guests.

Mr. Cumbo deserves, grateful recognition for the pleasure afford ed by the happy occasion, on the part of all present.

W. T. P.

There is no backshoes about the newspaper tactics out west. They believe in "calling a spade a spade" out there, judging from the following which is said to have appeared in a Salem, Oregon, paper recently: "If John Jones, who twenty years ago deserted his wife and babe, will return, said babe will lick the stuffin' out of him."

Robert Bonner, of New York, has been refused his offer of $65,000 for the three year old Hattie Axtell, which broke the record Tuesday at Minneapolis.

Letter from Wyoming.

EDITOR TIMES: I have seen several inquiries from friends in Pocahontas, relative to the character of this country and its inhabitants. If you will grant me space in your columns for a few lines, intended as an answer to all, I promise to be as brief as my limited knowledge of newspaper correspondence will permit. To give in detail, a description of Wyoming its advantages and disadvantages, is one letter, would not only be asking too much space, but would worry your readers. I will therefore, as a preliminary letter, simply give you a brief sketch of Cheyenne, in which place I have been living for the past two months, and which, from its rapid advancement after its first settlement in 1867, has gained the title of "The Magic City of the Plains." It is the capital of Wyoming, and the county seat of Laramie County. Its geographical position is at the very gateway of the Territory, being located about forty miles from the western line of Nebraska, and about twelve miles north of Colorado, with an altitude of six thousand feet. It is the commercial center of Wyoming, and headquarters of the great cattle ranges of the West; being always noted for the wealth and enterprise of its citizens. The city is on the line of the Union Pacific, the junction of the Denver Pacific, Cheyenne and Northern and the present terminus of the Cheyenne and Burlington Railways. The Union Pacific has recently completed one of the handsomest union depots in the West, at a cost of over $100,000; being 226 feet long by 55 feet wide, and constructed of rough stone with an imposing tower 128 feet high.

The Cheyenne and Burlington own a depot built of brick and stone, at a cost of $30,000. The general shops of the Union Pacific have recently been located at Cheyenne, involving the expenditure of several millions of dollars and the employment of fifteen hundred men.

The City has an extensive system of water works; the latest, and most approved sewerage system, which extends over seven miles of streets; fire department and fire alarm system; telephone exchange; and incandescent electric lighted streets and buildings, besides gas for general use, has fine business blocks; elegant private residences; eleven churches; four banks; three daily, and four weekly newspapers; a capitol building, to cost when completed, $500,000; three public school buildings, valued at $100,000, and another authorized to be built at a cost of $17,000, a convent school; a territorial asylum for the deaf, dumb and blind; a county hospital, and various municipal buildings. Fort Russell, three miles west of Cheyenne, has recently been enlarged by an expenditure of over $500,000, and is now a permanent military post, the largest, and most important in the department of the Platte, Gen'l Carlin is located about midway between the City and Fort Russell, and is the Government supply depot for various military stations in this department.

All streets within the city limits have a uniform width of eighty feet and people who are accustomed to the dilapidated condition of plank side walks, rise with delight the miles of smooth stone dragging and cement sidewalks that line almost every street of the city. The beauty of the streets and avenues, is greatly enhanced by the bright green turf on either side of the walks, and, together with the long straight lines of trees, forms an agreeable feature of the City's broad steps. No large expenditure will ever be required here for pavements for nature has provided roads equal to the smooth gravel walks of our park. The number of pretty lawns and broad, smooth boulevards and avenues, and the cool, clipped lawns afford every facility for observance, and together with the cool, fresh air in summer, and the absence of the mosquito and other little plagues, make Cheyenne a desirable summer resort. But with its many attractions, I must not fail to note some of its disadvantages and unattractive elements. Under this heading will come the high cost of living, the cost and trouble of irrigation, high taxes, and the strong wind that blows almost incessantly; sometimes compelling small fragments of stone to rise and pelt their victims in such a manner, that one might imagine himself among the arrows of the Indians. Every state in the Union and many foreign nations are represented among the inhabitants of the City, which aggregate about 10,000; but the principal portion are from the Middle, Western and New England states, which, from their culture, refinement and sociability, indicate a high degree of civilization. At another time, I may dwell longer upon the social qualities of the people. The beginning of artillery at Fort Russell in honor of our national independence, has called me to a halt, and I am admonished that my letter has already grown too long. If not trying your patience too much, I may in the future, communicate such thoughts as may suggest themselves relative to other subjects of interest in this country.

Very Respectfully,
EULA J. TEAGUE.

Cheyenne July 4 1889.

SUICIDE FOR A LOST HEIRE.—Washington, July 7.—About three o'clock this morning a southern bound fast freight train was dashing rapidly under the wooden archway leading to the long bridge over the Potomac River when the engineer was startled by the sight of a young man throwing himself before the engine, which in a moment struck him and crushed his life out. The train was stopped immediately and the body picked up and turned over to the police, who, by means of papers in the dead man's pockets, identified him as Artie Shirley.

Shirley, who is about twenty-four years of age, was employed up to about a month ago in Richmond, Va., as a tile layer and was engaged to be married to a young lady of that city. She died about a month ago, after a sudden illness, and Shirely gave up his employment and came to Washington. He has been despondent and allowed his grief to take entire possession of him.—Staunton Spectator.

Sullivan and Kilrain

The prize fight between John L. Sullivan, of Boston, and John Kilrain, of Baltimore, which has had a world wide advertisement, for the championship of the world, came off 100 miles from New Orleans on the eighth. The ring was pitched on a private estate called Richburg. The fight commenced at 10 o'clock and lasted until 1—three hours and 12 minutes. Sullivan showed himself the better man throughout the engagement; indeed, had Kilrain stood up lonly, the fight would not have lasted half hour. As it was, there were 75 rounds fought, in the last of which Kilrain's man threw up the sponge and gave up the fight. Kilrain was knocked down square 28 times—Sullivan not once. Sullivan proved himself the better man as a wrestler, a boxer, as a batterian, and for endurance. In fact, it was no match at all. The fight was estimated for $20,000 and the championship of the world. Large amounts of money changed hands. Reuben of the men were seriously injured, both were bruised considerably—Kilrain the worst of, with a broken nose.

Jem Smith, the Champion, of England has challenged John L.

Go to John Watts & Co., Frankfort, W. Va., for sterling Knives and Ball Nippers. may 9 '89

John Watts & Co., of Frankfort, W. Va., will be in Dailey June Court with Plan of Mowers. Don't buy until you see them. may 9 '89

FOR SUMMONS
For Master's Lien Notice
Pocahontas Circuit Court
All Summons issued by me, under Creditor and Lien suits in my office, will be served free of charge.
Buy the Sterling Mowers and Rake. For best machines don't make of John Watts & Co. Frankfort, W. Va. may 9 '89

A. M. BALTER,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish, and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Vitometry Notice.

The following Vitometry accounts are before me for settlement.
C. L. Austin, Atty. of Pocahontas M. Agency, Dec'd.
A. S. Hannah, Exec'r of Stephen A. Dunn.
L. M. McClintic, Com'r of Accts.

WANTED.
work of any sort.
Address Beaver Hill, Jarvis, W. Va.

GOOD PLOUGH.
At the per. ground, owned by the per. located on H. H. McElwee's mill, also his Rural on A. Barlow's Huntersville, and Barlow & Moore's, Edray for 1 year.

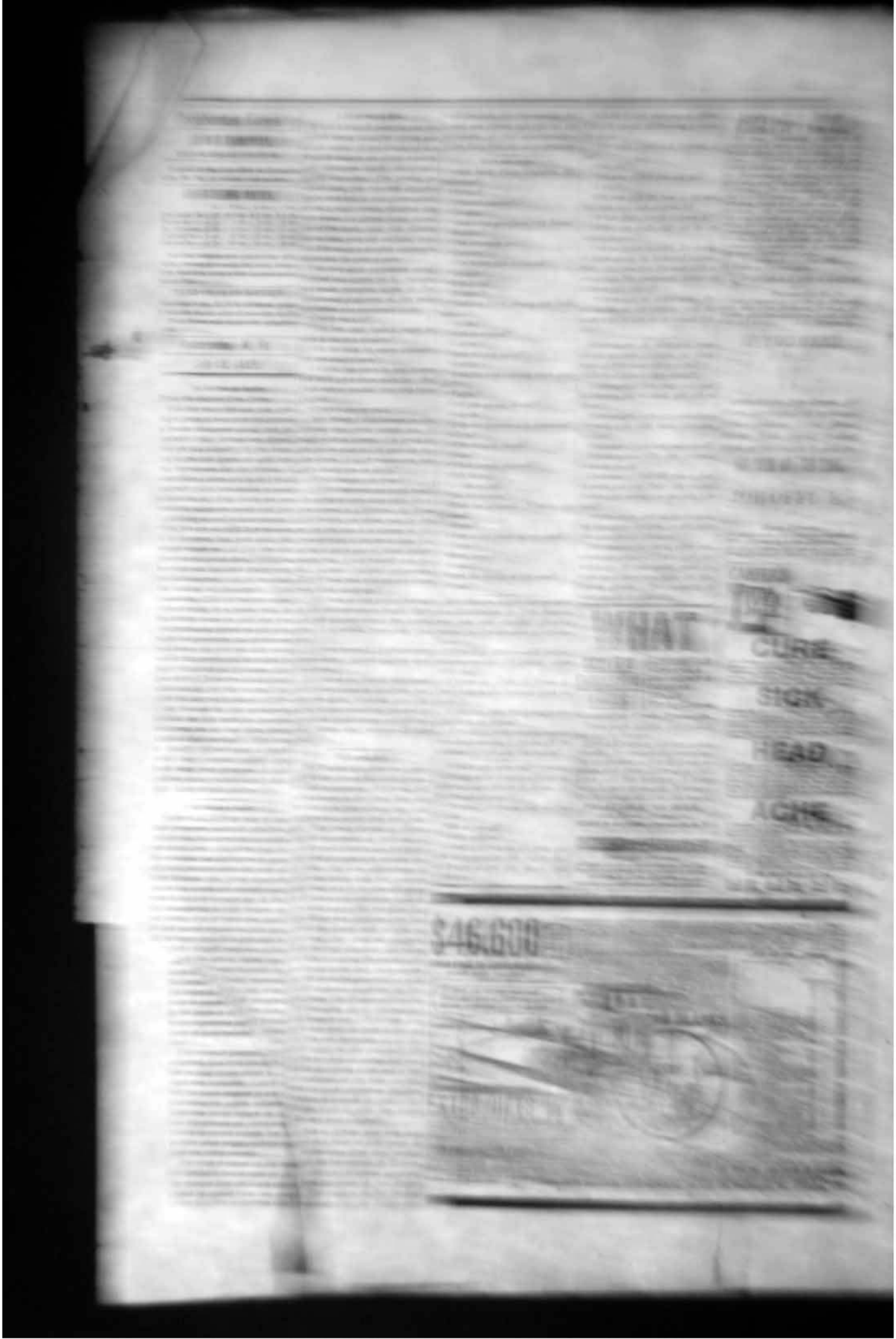
NOTICE.
I will not hereafter sell mill stuff on credit, and all who owe me will please come forward and settle their accounts at once and save further trouble.
Frost 75 50 per 100 for mill cuts. Terms per ton.
Geo. H. McClintic, Edray.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
I will run a hack from Huntersville to Big Draft Mountain and make connections with hack running to Lewisburg. The hack will leave Huntersville daily at 8 a. m. Those wishing to travel, or have goods, baggage or express packages, will please call on
July 9th '89 E. T. TOMLIN.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE, CHAIRS AND FINEST TRIMMINGS

to the county go to
C. H. DEVERE & SON,
UNDERTAKERS, UNDERTAKERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Dunmore, W. Va.

Administrator's Notice.
[illegible] Circuit Court [illegible] Pocahontas Circuit Court, [illegible] Administrator of David Bottenberg, dec'd, Plaintiff, vs. Francis Bush, &c. Defendants.
[illegible] Bottenberg, dec'd, [illegible] Bottenberg, dec'd, [illegible] Bottenberg, dec'd, [



POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, July 25, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 1

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Caughlin
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, H. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. S. Beard.
Assessor, C. C. Arbogast.
County Ct. Clk, (G. W. Beard, Pres't. / G. S. Hannah. / G. P. Morris.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July 9 here term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. MCCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STUTES,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SITTLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. MEYERSTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA

ALONE.

I miss you my darling, my darling,
The darkest hour is on the heath;
And still is the air of the household,
And hushed is the voice of its mirth;
The rain patters fast on the terrace,
The wind past the lattice moans,
The moonlight chimes out from the mist-clad sky
And I am alone.

I want you, my darling, my darling!
I am tired with care and with fret;
I would rest in silence beside you,
And all but your presence forget;
In the hour of the happiness given
To those who through trusting have known,
To the softness of love in fruition-tired,
But I am alone.

I call you, my darling, my darling!
My cries echoes back on the heart;
I stretch my arms to you in longing,
And, lo! they fall empty apart;
I whisper the sweet words you taught me,
The words that we only have known,
Till the blank of the dumb air is bitter,
For I am alone.

I need you, my darling, my darling!
With the yearning my very heart aches
The load that divides us weighs harder;
I shrink from the pit that it makes.
Old sorrows rise up to haunt me;
Old doubts make my spirit their own.
Oh come through the darkness and save me,
For I am alone.

—Robert J. Burdette.

Highland Nora.

A rosy, chuckled lass, with great gray eyes and white dimpled arms, was gayly singing, as she whisked the chairs clatter:

Hear what Highland Nora said:
"The Earlie's son I will not wed."

"Do you mean that, Nora?"

A young man thrust his head and shoulders in at an open window, resting his elbows on the low, old-fash ioned sill.

"Do you mean it, Nora?" he repeated. Nora started in well-feigned surprise, and the rich blood dyed cheek and brow.

"Of course, I do," said she pesperately, adding, "just as did that other Nora."

But the hint was entirely thrown away, for the young man only answered:

"Did she? I never read the poem. But I have been thinking, Nora—"

"Indeed! Is it such a strange thing for the young squire to think?" the girl interrupted saucily.

"Don't laugh at me, my darling," said he, and looking the indignant flash of the gray eyes. "You have said the same thing a great many times before, but somehow I always thought you did ask mean it, and that you did love me, in spite of all. Now, Nora, I ask you for the last time, will you marry me?"

Nora did not answer; she was busy taking the butter out of the churn. As she placed it on the table she turned, facing him.

"I beg your pardon—what did you say? I was busy."

The young man bit his lips with vexation, but repeated his question.

Placing her hands behind her, assuming an attitude of deference, Nora sang:

Hear what Highland Nora said:
"The Earlie's son I will not wed,
Should all the race of sirians die,
And none be left but he and I,
For all the gold, for all the gear,
For all the lands both far and near,
That ever yarbo lost or won,
I would not wed the Earlie's son!"

"But I mean it, Nora," he pleaded.

"And I, too—just as did that other Nora."

Guy Earlie turned his face away and closed his lips tightly a moment.

"Very well; I will never ask you again," said he, coldly.

The girl today failed from Nora's eyes, but she turned away that he might not notice it, and said quietly:

"Ah, that will be something new! I really don't see what you will find to talk of however."

Guy remained silent a short time then he spoke in an entirely different tone—one that made the girl stare in astonishment, so masterful it was.

"Nora! I shall take you boating this afternoon."

She hesitated.

"If I did think of gathering moss; but I'll go," she added graciously, as she thought of his words, "I will never ask you again."

"Thank you."

"Did he mean it?" the girl wondered as she watched him out of sight. "The game! Why doesn't he read the poem and see what the other Nora meant?"

Meanwhile, Guy was saying:

"I know Nora loves me, she only wants to torment me. Never mind, my lady! I'll change the manner of my siege, and be commander-in-chief a while; you have occupied that position quite long enough." Then an unusual smile broke from his lips. "How surprised she looked at my commanding tone! I expected her to refuse me."

After dinner, Nora donned her prettiest dress, a dainty gray, with ribbons the color of the sweet Spring. Tying on her wide bonnet, but she thought: I'll take my sister-in-law for form, there are such lovely ones on the island. There," giving a parting nod to the face in the mirror, "you'll make him ask you again, my dear, this very afternoon," she said, and seeing at her own conceit, tripped away.

She was purposely late.

"It won't do for me to think I am too anxious to go," she had said.

To her surprise Guy was not there, anxiously pacing the sands and wondering at her delay.

"Where can he be?" she wondered. "I never knew him to be late before."

She waited nearly half an hour, expecting the young man every moment, then she grew angry.

"How bold I brought my bonnet! I'll go into the woods and pretend that I never came here at all."

Saying this, she turned to enter the forest, but hearing the tramp of horses drew back, hidden by the bushes. To her surprise they stopped quite near where she was hidden; she could see the animals, but not their riders. Suddenly a woman's voice said:

"Guy you are very fond of lasting?"

"Of course, Elsie; I should not have spoken of it otherwise," said the rich tones Nora knew so well.

Forcing the leaves she looked through them eagerly. Yes, it was Guy! But the lovely creature by his side—who was she?

Nora thought her the most beautiful woman she had ever seen. But she was speaking again. The girl moved forward a few steps in her eagerness to listen.

"How pretty the Hudson is today! One here rarely it does—as if there were so much things to heartache and disappointments."

Guy took the tiny hand that was laid on his arm.

"We will be happy too, Elsie," he said.

As they passed the latter heard and started homewards. Every few was pale and set.

"How dare he?" she cried. "How the coward! Insulting, while he was with me! And—he must have known he long ago, to insult me, and said they would yet be happy. He has only been trifling with me," she thought miserably, as she walked slowly homeward.

When she reached the gate she heard the sound of strange voices in the house and saw the sparkle of carriage wheels. Before she could slip around to the back door a young man ran down the steps holding out both hands.

"This is cousin Nora, I am sure," said he, smiling eagerly.

Nora brightened instantly.

"You are my cousin, Laurence Norton, are you not?"

"Have you recognized me, after not a cousin's privilege," he said; and stooping kissed her on the cheek.

The sound of laughter caused her to turn her head just in time to see Guy Earlie pause, as if thunderstruck by astonishment, then turn with a mad stride away.

This little episode was not observed by Cousin Laurence, who was in the best of spirits all the evening; Nora was not so gay.

"What will Guy think of me?" she pondered. "But I am glad he saw it. And I do hope, after what I heard this afternoon, that he will never, never wed "Highland Nora!" Cousin Laurie," said she, later in the evening, "don't tell anyone you see my wonds while you are here; I need a curiosity to amuse people for in my rambles, and maybe, I want revenge on somebody."

Of course Laurence was delighted to act as his cousin's accomplice, and immediately she was seldom seen without him. When they chanced to meet Guy, Nora looked proudest, but she thought, I was afraid he would misunderstand, so I am visiting. She learned from the servants pretty that a lady and gentleman were visiting at the Hall, distant relatives, the servant said, and that the lady was very wealthy. Guy herself Nora had not spoken to since that morning in the rain.

In a few weeks an invitation came for Nora and her guest to attend a grand ball at the house of the young Earlie of the Isle. The guest, when he got the note shook with laughter, and wrote the reply to the opposite side above the words had been chosen at random, the pages grew was quickly sorted together, and all viewed the flowers and messages in silent dismay.

When Nora and Laurence walked up and the carriage, both had gone to the spring a short distance away, and Nora waited Laurence, all on their account. He seemed pained her extremely, but he had some extremely interesting to say, he was sure his cousin loved.

"Were gathering weeds, or be a present which with you, Nora," he remarked, presently.

"Oh, I don't care if I never see a fern; I had the want to have real strength," Nora said quickly.

"I thought we were invited as guests; he must not?"

"Have you I have been?" she exclaimed. "Oh we have! Let us go back."

They turned to retrace their steps, and were met by Guy with cold and his stranger. Guy introduced her to Nora as Miss Beaton. Nora bowed coldly, but the lady held out her hand.

"You remind me of one whom I love dearly, Miss Earlie, and I will be glad to be her friend."

Nora was not in tears of this kind, she might have been mistaken, supposed it to be a game by.

But when her cousin was gone

Amid, Nora was greatly surprised at the glad light that flashed into his eyes, when Miss Beaton's pleasantries changed to fervent protest. They drank hands, and Laurence turned to his cousin, saying quickly: "We have got before." Then of Going Miss Beaton too was, which she accepted, they walked away, leaving Guy and Nora together.

They stood looking at each other in puzzled silence; then, as the true state of the situation struck Nora, she burst into a merry laugh, in which Guy joined.

The laugh aroused to action their embarrassment.

"Nora, may I walk back to the landing place with you?" asked Guy.

"If seems that you must," she said, laughing. "It is a matter of necessity, and duties. I wonder where they are before?"

"To excuse them they have given us the opportunity I have been praying for so long!"

"Lord!" said Nora, interrupting, eager to apologize for not giving landing card after once. I changed my mind, and went for home instead.

Guy looked at her in unbounded

"Did you see me?"

Nora flushed, but said smiling:

"Did you find me at the landing place?"

"No," said Guy, honestly. "For I was not there. When I received home, after leaving your home that morning, I found that Cousin Laurence had called. He wished very much to take a ride all afternoon, and I felt in duty bound to accompany him. I took my horse home with me so that no one knowing he would be home to ask me, but was sure you at home. Since then I have sought an opportunity to apologize to you."

A grand load seemed lifted from Nora's heart.

"Has it your secret?"

"No, only cousin," said Guy, "Your secret is safe."

"You mean Cousin Laurie? Yes, he is handsome."

Guy ignored Laurie's fault, and taking Nora's hand continued:

"What a brick, brilliant that I have been! I took with you from Nora, and I dream."

"Jealous would only thought, but we know you who he has to manage."

She walked off rapidly.

"Nora," said Guy, as he overtook her, "you dream, then, that I have been trifling with your person?"

She gave no reply, but continued walking on a high speed. Guy seemed to have forgotten their errand to the carriage people. Guy were when Laurence called his name with both hands.

Guy dropped the box, which he had taken to charge and took some trembling hands in one of his, placing the other around the waist. Then he bent down with his head close to her ear, and whispered:

"Nora, will you be my wife?"

Nora did not look at the questioner, but looked confusedly.

"You may, yes," said Guy, looking up with the sun's rays. "Nora, you have not answered me. Will you be my wife?"

"Yes, yes," said Nora, hiding her face in his coat. "I will, I will."

Then she told him of the interview with Laurence and Miss Beaton.

"Oh, my darling," said Guy, "I am so glad you have told me. I will give you a

(Continued on last page.)

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
Sp. column	5 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
Half col'm	8 00	13 00	20 00	30 00
One col'm	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

July 28, 1889.

Who Is Harrison?

Who is Harrison? He is the son of his father and the grandson of his grandfather, with no just claims to executive ability, or even the possession of ordinary common sense. Judging his record by his acts during the brief period in which he has occupied—but not filled—the executive chair, this is a high compliment for which he should be thankful.

* * * * *

From the beginning of the campaign until its close the republicans were, as usual, prolific of promises never intended to be fulfilled, by which the gullible citizens who followed the false banner were entrapped, and are now afforded ample time in which to atone for their folly.—Barnum once said that the American people were never happy except when humbugged. But for the grotesqueness of the idea we would remark that we should be led to deny the happiest nation on the globe if being humbugged meant anything.

But we are not happy, and there is no reason why we should be so long as trusts, combinations in business, the oppression of the laborer the shutting down of mills and factories, and the "rich, rent and hungry republican officials run riot in the land." What honest tradesman has been benefitted by Harrison's election? What honest tradesman has experienced increased prosperity? Not one! Then, who has?

We answer, that the promises of the President, backed by the platform upon which he was elected, have been flagrantly, persistently, studiously and unblushingly violated, whereby nepotism has become the common rule, and under which Glorious stench is where angels fear to tread. It would seem that we are treading in the footsteps of old Rome, whose government was once sold to an Emperor who happened to have more ready cash than any other bidder, and the time is at hand when we should cry out, in the language of an English author, that "we are governed by a set of drivellers, whose folly takes all the dignity from distress, and renders even calamity ridiculous."

What is the remedy for this usurpation, oppression of the poor, combinations and trusts, which oppress the workingman, and while the fat, lazy fingers amongst them wear the chains which bind them, and increase the bank accounts of the favored few?

There can be but one sensible response to this question, and that is, the return of the democratic party to power on a sound democratic platform. Before the expiration of Harrison's term it is possible that the "Judas" strike before high Heaven," now so unblushingly played by his henchmen, will be understood and appreciated by the people—who would always be right except for the unjust prosperity to follow false gods.—Lynchburg Advance.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July, 18.—Senator Quay dropped into Washington very quietly this week and said that his only business here was to engage a house for his family. Of course this blinded nobody. That he was on a political errand of great importance is generally believed. He has had a long conference with Gen. Harrison and has been almost constantly with Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson, who was his lieutenant during the late campaign. He and Clarkson, representing the republican national committee have been trying to hatch up some scheme to carry Virginia for the republicans this fall, and democrats in that state will have to keep their eyes wide open to hold their own.

The medical division of the Pension office is to be entirely reorganized. It is thought that all the democrats in the division will follow the three or four discharged this week.

Hon. W. B. Richie, of Ohio, who is closely connected in a business way with Calvin S. Brice, was in town this week. He thinks the democrats will elect the governor and legislature in Ohio this fall, but that they will have to work hard to do it. But the most important statement made by Mr. Richie was the following: "I can say to you without the least qualification that Mr. Brice is not and will not be a candidate for the Senate. There are many reasons why he could not afford such a responsibility, and in making calculations on the Ohio Senatorship you will save much time and worry by leaving Mr. Brice out altogether."

In view of Mr. Richie's relations with Mr. Brice such a positive statement has caused a general rearrangement of the Ohio democratic slate.

Considerable talk has been created here by a speech made by a negro at a meeting of the Ohio republican association a night or two ago. He expressed himself as being very much displeased with Harrison's "southern policy" (something that doesn't exist as far as I can see) and other things. He also registered a strong protest against the slowness of removing democrats and like the famous Mr. Flanagan of Texas he wanted to know "what are here for?" if not to get the offices. "But he capped the climax in conclusion by saying to the government employes present "don't be afraid of any civil service nonsense but send in your contribution to the president of the association and he will forward it to the republican state committee of Ohio to be put where it will do the most good." This negro is an applicant for office.

It is said that Gov. Forster of Ohio is in active training for the republican Presidential contention in '92. That's about as soon as he will get to it.

I have heard whispers of a pitch-fork duel between Senators Black burn and Chandler, owing to recent newspaper publications about the alleged pulling of Chandlers cat by Blackburn last winter. It is said that a friend of the Kentucky Senator is now here for the purpose of finding out whether Senator Chandler would accept a challenge. The general impression is that he would not.

Secretary Noble when asked as to the probable result of the attempts being made by the Cherokee Cattle Company to prevent the opening of the Cherokee strip to settlement said that he did not care to discuss the matter further than to say that the Government would recognize no competitors for these or any other lands in which it had an interest, and that the rights of the U. S. would be asserted and maintained.

Mr. Morgan, the new Commissioner of Indian Affairs seems to be a believer in real civil service reform, even if he did appoint his wife a special agent. He has sent the following circular letter to Indian agents concerning the conditions of appointments. "Appointments will be made with the distinct understanding that the parties named are thoroughly competent to fill the positions for which they are nominated and that they will be zealous and faithful in the performance of their duties; that their tenure of office is permanent so long as they remain competent and efficient, and that the Indian office reserves the right to remove for cause only." Properly lived up to, that letter would make all the civil service law necessary.

The sensation caused by the reported resignation of Secretary Blaine was very short lived.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering with pain. It relieves the little sufferer at once. It produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The completion of the West Virginia Central railroad extention is to Randolph county is another step in West Virginia's phenomenal business progress. The Mountain State is developing its resources. More miles of railroad are being built now, and will be built during the present year, than in any preceding twelve months in its history. West Virginia has become a progressive State. It is a growing State, and a Democratic State. More than this, it is improved and enriched by Democratic capital. The leading stockholder of the West Virginia Central railroad is a distinguished Democrat. The projector of the Monongahela Valley railroad, the Weston and Brownton C. H. railroad, and the Ripley and Wall Creek Valley railroad, is another distinguished Democrat. Let the demagogues remember this. —Register.

Deafness Can't Be Cured

by local applications as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

—If you want a Look Letter Sax and grain rules or any reports Call on H. F. SCHLATHAUER agent Huntersville W. Va.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the first Monday in July, 1889.

Frank B. Wilson ..... Plaintiff,
vs.
Henry A. Yeager, Joseph W. Wiley and Charles A. Lightner ..... Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to obtain the estate of the defendant Henry A. Yeager, and subject the same to the payment of a debt due from said Yeager to the plaintiff. Upon it appearing by affidavit filed in this cause that the said defendant Henry A. Yeager is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he do appear within one month after due publication of this order and answer the bill of complaint filed in this cause, or the allegations thereof will be taken as confessed and a decree entered accordingly. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Pocahontas Times, a newspaper published in this county, and that a copy hereof be posted at the front door of the court house of this county on or before the first day of the next rules to be held therein.

Teste: JOHN J. BRIDGE, Clk.

SCOTT & McCLINTIC, p. q.

JUDITH M. Plaintiff's Att'ys.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is an well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. D. LAY, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

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DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

Fifteen Professors and Teachers.

PATENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

MONTGOMERYVILLE LODGE NO. 87, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening pre-ceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DAVIS, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6-71

HOME NEWS

—Awful warm isn't it?

—Do you think it will rain this afternoon?

—The farmers are busy cutting their grass.

—Read the new ad's this week, they may interest you.

—Go to Jacob Bauer's for all kinds of fruit jars cheap

—Six hundred visitors are reported at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

—John Hamilton, Esq., who has been attending school at Concord, has returned home.

—Geo. W. Wagner Esq., went down to Rosecrerte the first of this week on business.

—Mr. I. B. Moore, and family of Knapp's creek, were visiting Mrs. Moore's parents Mr. Wm. Curry of this place last week.

—Dr. Patterson has the wood work of his new house about completed, and it is now being painted.

—Attorney C. F. Moore and Harry Beard, Esq., went up to Dunmore Saturday and returned Sunday.

—Messrs. W. C. Hull & Son have bought out and assumed control of the store of A. Shinaberry at Edray.

—This is the 7th volume and 1st number of THE TIMES, and it starts out on its new year with bright prospects and happy anticipations.

—Attorney L. M. McClintic went to Wilson's river Tuesday, where he expects to meet a party of gentlemen from Charleston, to spend a few days fishing.

PREACHING.—Rt. Rev. Geo. W. Peterkin will preach at Clover Lick on Sunday, 13th of Aug., at 11 o'clock a. m. and at Huntersville at night.

—Rice Moore, Esq., of Dunmore came down Saturday and returned Sunday evening. There must be some attractions in Huntersville for Mr. Moore.

—Rev. D. S. Sydenstricker will preach at Mary Gibson Chapel, on Elk, the second Sabbath of August at 11 o'clock a. m., Edray 3:30 p. m., Marlin's Bottom at night.

—Messrs. C. A. Brown, of E. and H. College Va., F. J. Brown of Bluefield, W. Va., and Rev. H. A. Brown, of Crab Bottom, Va., were in town Tuesday. We acknowledge a pleasant call from the former.

—Harper McGlaughlin Esq., and family, accompanied by Miss Eliza Arbogast, of Green Bank passed through town Tuesday on their way to the home of the former, in Bath county.

PREACHING.—Rev. D. G. Hetrick, President of the W. Va. Conference, M. P. Church, will preach at Swago, the 3rd Sunday in August at 11 o'clock a. m. and at 2 o'clock p. m.

Rev. M. M. Keely, will hold his basket meeting at Fairview the 3rd Sunday in August instead of the third, so as not to interfere with the Presidential meeting at Swago.

A Great Burst

The greatest disaster which ever befell Little Kanawha valley came during the night of the 15th in the shape of a terrific cloudburst which completely flooded the county, destroying many lives, carrying off thousands of dollars in property and ruining the crops for many miles.

—Chas. Hogsett, Esq., of Mill Point was in town Tuesday.

—We can't help but feel flattered, from the number of new subscribers, and compliments we are daily receiving.

Edray Items.

Married, at Fairview church on Tuesday 16th July, 1889, by Geo. P. Moore, James M. Johnson to Hannah E. Sharp.

At same time and place by same minister, L. M. Waugh to Ella I. Bonnevil.

Serenade at Mr. A. W. Sharp's on the night of the 16th July 1889, by about forty five hunters.

Mr. W. C. Hull is negotiating for the purchase of Mr. A. J. Shinnaberry's store at this place.

Wheat is good and corn is promising around here.

James Gibsonhas not begun work yet on his road. The specifications being beyond his original contract and unless modified by the Com'rs it is doubtful if he begins at all.

The bridge at Huntersville seems to be a necessary sinking fund for the County. Xs.

Green Bank Items.

There is not much of interest going on in our vicinity.

Haying seems to be the order of the day.

Mr. Elliot has finished the addition to the parsonage at this place, which adds very much to its appearance, as well as comfort. We are glad that our pastor, who has labored so faithfully for the erection is the first to enjoy its comforts.

Misses Tokie and Lillie Hull, of Knapp's creek are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Mr. Robt. Bilston, and family of Highland, spent a few days with his brother at this place last week.

Miss Sallie Patterson, of Glade Hill, is spending a fortnight with her uncle at this place.

The young men of this vicinity have organized a base ball club. We think it has been a success thus far in mashing noses and such casualities.

The Messrs Brown, former Props. of the Hillsboro Academy, spent last night in our village, as the guests of Rev. W. H. Ballengee.

Strange what attraction Mr. E. M. Carry finds at Green Bank recently. Xs.

Dunmore Doings.

Hot and still heating.

Auctioneer Swecker has returned from the Winchester and Hutton sale at Huttonsville.

Huttonsville is on a boom.

Mr. Cauley, who has charge of the club house on Cheat Mt., is a nice and accommodating gentleman and has things fixed up in apie pie order. He has raised 700 young chickens for his guests this fall.

Our farmers are busy putting up hay and stacking grain. Our hay crop is very heavy.

Henry Sheets has moved his saw mill to Mrs. Isaac Moore's, near Dunmore.

William Gaffont has gone for a saw mill, and will set it on his farm on Stillington's creek.

The frame of the new church was raised here to-day.

Mr. Robt McGlaughlin is putting up a new kitchen and dining room.

Col. Jno. Driscol and Porter Kinyon are with their families paid us a visit.

Uncle John, Aunt Jane and Miss Sallie Hiner, from Highland paid us a visit last week.

The Lumbermen are busy at work repairing the railroad.

There will be a big meeting at Baxter church on Sunday the 11th, and singing at Cross Road school house at 7 p. m.

We are glad to see Mr. Wm. Pritchard back from the Springs, greatly improved in health.

Mrs. Allie Plumer is no better at this writing.

TOM SAWYER.

The Remains of a Man.

GILLESPIE, July 18.—Some time ago mention was made in THE TIMES of the finding by Rev. Turner, of the remains of a man on the headwaters of Greenbrier River.

On last Monday, Granvill Keller and myself, accompanied by young Turner went to view these remains, and to see what could be seen on the premises.

We found part of the remains, and part of the clothing. The skull bone, the hip bones, the thigh bones, the leg bones, and the feet bones which were in the shoes found.

The hat was wool and of a light color, the coat was wool of a sack pattern, dark color and had been well made, the vest was cotton and of a light color.

None of the bones were broken, but by them lay two pieces of a singular stick. The stick had been broken in two parts, and had been done seemingly at the time when the man died, the wood was early, and the stick surely was part of a billiard Cue. Whether or not it was not used by hands to kill the man with I suppose ever remain a mistery no request was held, and the remains were decently buried.

Respectfully,
AMOS S. GILLISPIE.

The Cherokees of the Indian territory have just built a $200,000 seminary for girls. And yet people say that the Indians cannot be civilized.

A Confederate Home has been incorporated in Missouri. It will shelter confederate veterians, their wives, widows and orphans.

We hear that General Mahone is training for the gubernational match in Petersburg, and expects when he gets down to his fighting weight to turn the scales at sixty-three pounds. He spares two hours every day, one hour in the morning and one at night, at a dummy which consists of a demijohn of Bourbon lining up by a string.—Alex. Gazette.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of Hugh M. Carpenter deceased:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, commissioner at his office in the said county on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court this 9th day of July 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
Printers fee $6.75

july 25-61

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George C. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Geo. C. Hill, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George C. Hill for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner at his office in the said County on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 9th day of July 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
Printers fee $6.75

july 25-61

Notice to Contractors.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by the County of Pocahontas County for the purpose will receive sealed bids until noon, Wednesday, August 14th, 1889, for the construction of one span of road about 80 rods near the bridge's ford, on the Warm Spring and Huntersville road, according to the following specifications:

The road to be 16 feet wide all through except at the top of hill where it should be 12 feet wide for 80 feet, and road to be 18 inces higher on outside, sloping to the bank, well drained with water-ways, culverts and side ditches, and to be so done as to pass in the bottom with a gradual slope and graveled where the ground is soft or marshy or liable to become so by a constant flow of water. Contractors will give bids for dirt and stone work separately. Said Road to be completed by Dec. 15th, 1889, and the work to be paid for out of the levy for 1890. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Also Bridge.

JAMES H. DEVER, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice No. 7.

Charles L. Austin &c. vs. Wm. F. Arbogast &c. } In Cir. Ct. No. 7

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall as Commissioner of said Court proceed at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 15th day of August 1889 to take, state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 1,525 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land, within five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom due.

3rd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land, within the last five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

4th. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the Plaintiffs in this cause to be taxed on the cost in this suit.

5th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $9.62.

july 25-61

Commissioner's Notice No 3.

Charles L. Austin &c. vs. Wm. F. Arbogast &c. } In Chy. No. 3.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in the above cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall, as Commissioner of said Court proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 23rd day of August 1889 to take state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 1,525 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land, within five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the plaintiffs in this cause, to be taxed on the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by the Commissioner or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $9.62.

july 25-61

Commissioner's Notice.

George C. Hill &c. vs. Rebecca J. Hill & others. } In Chancery.

Notice is hereby given all parties that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above cause on the 15th day of June, 1889, I shall as Commissioner of said Court, proceed at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 6th day of September, 1889, take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. A settlement of the accounts of R. W. Hill as administrator c. t. a. of George Hill, dec'd.

2nd. An account showing the debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd, showing their several amounts priorities and to whom payable.

3rd. A general description of all the lands of which George C. Hill, dec'd, died seized, with a statement of their several value and annual rental value.

4th. A statement of the personal estate and value of the same of which George C. Hill died possessed, which of the same are or may be needful and proper to be applied to the payment of debts, and which of the same may be sold without the consent of Rebecca J. Hill, dec'd.

5th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $9.62.

July 25-61

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioners of the County Court of Pocahontas County will receive sealed bids until 12 m. on the 14th day of August 1889, for the following repairs to the bridge over Knapp's creek at Huntersville: A post to be sunk directly in the middle of the bridge, and to be 8 feet in the ground, and to project up to the distance of 12 feet from the top of the ground, which post is to be squared with a broad axe on every side, and on said broadside to be 12 inches wide at bottom and 8 inches wide at top, and to be 12 feet long. Also to put in the top of said post, directly over the middle of the bridge, a piece of timber 12 feet long and 12 inches square, with a mortise in each end 4 inches wide and 6 inches long, and to be so framed that the ends of the timber will be 6 inches from the top of said post, and to be so framed that the ends of the timber will be 6 inches from the top of said post, and to be so framed that the ends of the timber will be 6 inches from the top of said post

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTSVILLE LODGE NO. 68, A. F. & A. M. The stated meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DAVIS, W. M.
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6-71

HOME NEWS

—Awful warm isn't it?

—Do you think it will rain this afternoon?

—The farmers are busy cutting their grass.

—Read the new ad's this week, they may interest you.

—Go to Jacob Bauer's for all kinds of fruit jars cheap.

—Six hundred visitors are reported, at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

—John Hamilton, Esq., who has been attending school at Concord, has returned home.

—Gen. W. Wagner Esq., went down to Salem on the first of this week on business.

—Mr. I. B. Moore, and family of Kenny's creek, were visiting Wm. Knott's parents Mr. Wm. Curry of this place last week.

—Dr. Patterson has the wood work of his new house about completed, and it is now being painted.

—Attorney C. P. Moore and Hon. Isaac Swan, Esq., went up to Dunmore Saturday and returned Monday.

—Messrs. N. C. Hall & Son have bought out and assumed control of the store of A. Shumate & Co. at this city.

—The June 7th volume and 5th number of The Dublin, and is always out on the date and with bright prospects and very entertaining.

—Licensed L. C. Mr. Dale went to St. Clair's near Frankford, where he expects to wed a piece of property from Charleston, as stated below.

Preaching.—Rt. Rev. Gen. W. Pendleton will preach at Union Lick on Sunday, 12th of Aug., at 11 o'clock, M. and at Huntersville at night.

—Wm. Moore, Esq., of Greenbrier came down Saturday and returned Sunday morning. There must be some attraction in Huntersville for Mr. Moore.

—Rev. D. S. Householder will preach at Mary Glenn Chapel, on 12th, the second Sabbath of August at 11 o'clock A. M. Rev. Kelly, P. Mattie's Lemon at night.

—Messrs. C. A. Bowers, of Randolph College, Va., F. S. Emery of Bradford, W. Va., and Jno. H. A. Spates, of Cole District, Va., were in town Tuesday. We acknowledge a pleasant call from the former.

—Judge Hall, Squire Ray, and family, accompanied by Miss Mary Arrington, of Green Bank passed through here Tuesday on their way to the home of the former, in Calhoun county.

Preaching.—Rev. D. C. Hutchison, President of the W. Va. Conference, M. E. Church, will preach at Knapp's on 3rd Sunday in July and at 11 o'clock A. M. 3rd at 8 o'clock P. M.

Rev. W. H. Reddy will hold Sabbath meeting at Frankford the 2nd Sunday in August instead of the 3rd, as set in circular, 4-10 the Presbyterial meeting at Knapp's.

—Chas. Hogsett, Esq., of Mill Point was in town Tuesday.

—We can't help but feel flattered, from the number of new subscribers, and compliments we get daily, mailing.

Town Items.

Married, at Patrick church on Tuesday 18th July, 1899, by Geo. P. Moore, James M. Johnson to Hannah E. Sharp.

At same time and place by same minister, L. M. Waugh to Ella L. Bussard.

Seconds at St. A. W. Sharp's on the night of the 18th July 1899, by about forty five hunters.

Mr. W. C. Hall is negotiating for the purchase of Mr. A. J. Shumate's store at this place.

Wheat is good and corn is growing around here.

James Gilmerdan not began work yet on his road. The specifications being beyond his original contract and extra modified by the Court's it is doubtful if he begins at all.

The bridge at Huntersville seems to be a necessary making land for the County. Ex.

Green Bank Items.

There is not much of interest going on in our vicinity.

Haying seems to be the order of the day.

Mr. Elliot has finished the addition to the parsonage at this place, which adds very much to its appearance, as well as comfort. We are glad that our pastor, who has labored so faithfully for the ones time is the finishing touches.

Misses Vera and Lillie Hall, of Kenny's creek are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Mr. Bell, Edelen, and family of Highland, spent a few days with his mother in this place last week.

Miss Belle Pitchford, of Glade Hill, is opening a boarding with her uncle in this place.

The young men of this county have organized a base ball club. We think it has been a success and for its meeting many and such enthusiasm.

The Green Bank Sunday School of the Methodist Episcopal church, spent last night in our village, as the guests of Rev. W. H. Sullivan.

Meetings were conducted Rev. E. S. Curry both at Green Bank on ...day.

Summers Items.

Hot and still raining.

Lumberman Cowden has completed their Winchester and Western mill in Hollidaysville.

Hollidaysville is on a boom.

Mr. Cowley, who has charge of the club house on Cheat Mt., is a nice and accommodating gentleman and has taken hold up in spite of rather the last record the young fellows for his greater ice cold.

Our farmers are busy putting up hay and working grain. Hay will come in very heavy.

Henry Shively has moved his new mill to Mr. Isaac Rogers, near Greenville.

Mr. Dixon Hudson has plan for a new mill, and will put it on his farm on Buckingham's creek.

The frame of the new church was raised last week.

Mr. Rose Hollidaysville is putting up a new kitchen and dining room.

Mr. Jim Bennett and Porter Kee gave the town brothers paid us a call.

Corn fair, hay fine and Mr. Andy Hiner, Rose Hollidaysville gave us a call last week.

The Lumbermen are busy at work repairing the railroad.

There will be a big meeting at Rogers church on Sunday the 6th, and singing at Union Hall school house on 7th.

We are glad to see Mr. Wm. Pritchard back from the Spanish, greatly improved in health.

Mrs. Mrs. Phebe is on the sick list.

THE RAMBLER.

The Murder of a Man

GILLIAM, July 18.—Some time ago mention was made in THE TIMES of the finding by Hon. Tom Vance, of the remains of a man on the headwaters of Greenbrier River.

On last Monday, Granvill Keller and wife, accompanied by young Turner went to view these remains, and to see what could be seen on the premises.

We found part of the remains, and part of the clothing. The skull bone, the big bones, the thigh bones, the leg bones, and the foot bones which were in the shoes found.

The hat was mud and of a light color, the coat was mud of a rough pattern, dark color and had been well made, the vest was cotton and of a light color.

None of the bones were broken, but by them lay two pieces of a vest pocket knife. The knife had been broken in two parts, and had been done seemingly at the time when the man died, the steel was rusty, and the knife surely was part of a pocket One. Whether or not it was the case by hands to kill the man with I suppose time reveals a secret to unravel was hard, and the secrets were decently buried.

Respectfully,
ARCH E. GILLIAM.

The Choirboys of the Indian territory have just built a $200,000 penitentiary for girls. And yet people say that the Indians cannot be civilized.

A Confederate flower has been discovered in Missouri. It will shelter confederate veterans, their wives, widows and orphans.

We have had General Robbins at work for the gubernatorial ticket at Pocahontas, and expect when we gets down to the lightning weight to nail the order to their door posts. He spoke two hours to-day, two hour in the morning and one at night at Dunlap which consists of a blacksmith of Dunlap living up to it, strong. Ex.

Notice to Contractors.

Commissioner's Notice No. 2

Commissioner's Notice No 3.

UNDERTAKER.

...s Times.

...ahonte. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 Yr.
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Huntersville, W. Va.

July 28, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

the details of her story some day; a brief outline will suffice now, as I am more deeply interested in my own," squeezing the soft hand. "Elsie went on a visit to an aunt in an adjoining State, and while there was secretly married to a poor, but worthy man. The next week she returned home, and had hardly entered the house when her father announced that he had selected a husband for her. Finding refusals useless, Elsie at last disclosed her secret. He was simply furious, and shut her in her own room till he could bring her here. He says the ceremony was illegal, and declares that Elsie must remain here until she forgets Will Norton."

At the last words Nora sprang to her feet.

"Guy, Cousin Laurie is Elsie's husband! His name is William Laurence Norton, but I always call him Laurie. And he isn't poor now; his mother's brother died last week, leaving him half a million."

"You will let me row you home, Nora?"

"And Elsie?"

"She will prefer going with her husband, of course. Uncle Ned's objection to him is removed now that he is rich." After a pause, "Do you know, sweet, after Elsie had confided her love story to me I returned the compliment. And she, God bless her! referred me to Scott's poems. Did you mean it, darling? Say you did not. Let me hear you say it, do!"

"Of course, I meant it—just as that other Nora did," said saucy Nora. "Don't you remember, Guy? "but Nora's heart is lost and won, Elsie's wedded to the Earlie's son!"

A Chinese Collection.

The highest ambition of a Chinaman is to have a nice coffin and a fine funeral.

When a Chinaman expects a present and it does not come he sends one of lesser value.

Men wear long petticoats and carry fans, while women wear short jackets and and carry canes. Goods are drawn by horses, carriages by mules.

The Chinese lack appreciation of the stage. As soon as a Celestial enters on the stage he is deprived of citizenship and his children after him for four generations.

When a Chinaman desires a visitor to stop with him he does not ask him to do so, but when he does not wish him to stay he puts the question: "Won't you stay and dine with me, please?" The visitor will then know he is not wanted.

If a Chinaman desires the death of an enemy he goes and hangs himself upon that enemy's door. It is considered a nice way to kill, not only that particular enemy, but members of his entire family will be in jeopardy of losing their lives.

In China one can always borrow money on the strength of having a son, but nobody would advance him a cent if he had a dozen daughters. The former is responsible for the debts of his father for three generations. The latter is only responsible for the debts of her own husband.

Old men play ball and fly kites, while children fold their arms and look on. Old women, instead of the young, are the idols of society. Love making is only three days before marriage. It is not only considered the safest way to get ahead of a rival, but the surest way to get a wife without losing much time.

When a Chinaman meets another he shakes and squeezes his own hands and covers his head. If great friends had not seen each other for a long time they would rub shoulders until they got tired. Instead of asking each other's health, they would say: "How is your stomach?" or "Have you eaten your rice?" "How old are you?" "How much did you pay for your swaddle?"

A rich man's servant gets no salary, yet many are the applicants; while big salaries are paid to the servants of common people, but few applicants. The perquisites of the former often more than triple the salary of the latter, which is the sole reason of these differences. To encourage honesty and sincerity, confidential clerks and salesmen in all branches of industry receive an annual net percentage of the firm's business, besides their regular salary.

The four highest ranks of mandarin in China are entitled to a red silk umbrella with three flounces—the smaller nobility may have only two. Gentleman-commoners of the two highest ranks have a red state umbrella surmounted by a gourd-shaped knob of block-tin. The two next degrees have the knob of wood only, though painted red. Then comes the fifth rank, whose umbrel is must be of blue cloth with a red painted wooden knob at the top, and only two flounces. The Governor General of a province is heralded two great red silk umbrellas.

Wise Words.

Be honest and then be generous.

Mockery never degrades the just

Let none wish for unearned gold.

Whose credit is suspected is not safe to be trusted.

A brave man never frets about his place in the world.

Something is wrong when a man is afraid of himself.

Honesty is better capital than a sharper's cunning.

Leave your business unduly and your business will leave you.

It would be a shame if your mind should falter and give in before your body.

No longer talk at all about the kind of man that a good man ought to be, but be such.

We ought not to judge of men's merits by their qualification, but by the use they make of them.

Usually speaking the worst-bred person in company is a young traveler just returned from abroad.

There is a transcendant power in simple. We enforce others unconsciously, when we walk uprightly.

There are many that despise half the world; but if there be any that despise the whole of it it is because the other half despises them.

Women famed for their valor, their skill in politics or their learning, leave the duties of their sex in order to invade the privileges of men.

Charles Dudley Warner is now lecturing on "The treatment of the Criminal Classes." He thinks they should be sent to prison instead of elected to offices. He was always quiet.

Minister (making out record of baptisms and in doubt about the date)—"Let me see, this is the 23rd, isn't it?" Interested Mamma—"No sir, it is only the fifth and two of those are dead."

"For forty long years have my good old wife and I traveled hand in hand adown life's thorney road," said old Deacon Gush at an apple paring party the other evening, "and in all those years not one single harsh, nasty unkind word has passed our lips when speaking to each other. Isn't that so mother?"

"Mother" had quietly fallen asleep on the sofa by Mr Gush's side, and as he laid his hand caressingly on her shoulder, she gave a little snort of defiance and said, sharply:

"Get up yourself and build the fire, Sam Gush. I built it last and I'll see you in Gehenna before I'll build it this morning, you—oh!—oh! I—I—I why, where am I guessed I dropped off to sleep."

"And I guess you'd better have stayed asleep, Lizy Gush!" hissed Samuel into her ear as the crowd around the sofa made a rush for doors and dark corners where giggling and tittering could be indulged in freely.

Insulted Montanian (to tenderfoot newspaper correspondent)—Lookee here young man, you want to be a little more keerful how you write things that ain't so to them newspapers back East. This is a high toned town, by Jinks, and the boys wont stand it!

Terrified tenderfoot—Why, I—I—what have I written?

"Why, you wrote to a Chicago paper that we lynched fourteen men here last month and it's a lie."

"I—I—thought it was true, or I—I—"

Well, it wasn't. We didn't lynch but twelve and only put the other one on a rail and peppered him a little with buckshot. Stick to facts young man that's all we ask of you."

"Sir," said the defeated highwayman, as he slowly picked himself up and gathered himself together, "that was done very scientifically. May I ask of which class of pugilists you are the champion?"

"Of none," replied the victor. "I am simply a plain man who won't let himself be thrashed."

"Let me clasp your hand," returned the other. "In this age of champions, it's at your kind are so scarce that it is rather pleasant than otherwise to be licked by one of them."

Editor—What compensation do you expect for your poem?

Poet—Regular rates.

Editor—All right, thanks.

Mamma—Howard, are you going to take parte in the tree planting at school on Arbor Day? Howard (emphatically)—No, I hain't; there's 'nuff switches growin' round our school now.

Some persons turn down the corner of a leaf of a book in order to find the place. Others turn down the street of a city for the same purpose.

A lady at the centennial inquired and that a distinguished guest was like a lord. It is to be hoped that he did not take a pack of every mouthful.

"What is an orphan?" asked a lady teacher. None of the children seemed to know. "Well, I am an orphan," said the teacher, as being not too plain a clew. A hand popped up and the owner explained: "An orphan is a woman that wants to get married and can't."

She had done something naughty and her mother had sent her off to bed a little earlier than usual and told her that she would punish her for it in the morning. The child knelt down to say her prayers and she put in the interpolation:

"Please, God, don't you take mamma up to Heaven—not for all together, but just for to-morrow."

A gentleman of this town had a very bright but droll little boy. The other day the little fellow feigned sleep. His father came in and shook him gently. He remained immobile and silent. He shook him harder and would have waked a sleeping person. No movement, no noise. The boy thought he was getting natural. The father threw a drop of water in his face. Not a wince. He emptied a pitcher. Not a twitch. He threw him on a bed. The boy slept on. Seeing his words or asked him why he said nothing when his father shook him.

"Yes I was asleep," he answered.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 1 1889. No. 2

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge W. Olbrick Gooch, A. N. Campbell, Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic, Sheriff, M. J. McNeel, Deputy Sheriff, C.V.S. (C.H. & Co. Clerks, J. J. Beard, Assessor, C. O. Arbogast, C. S. Beard, Pub'k, Commr's, C. S. S. Hannah, H. P. Moore, Co. Surveyor, Chas. Marlow.

THE COURTS.

County Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, and 3rd Monday in October.

Circuit Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Only 2 terms.

C. T. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

I. S. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

D. A. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKEN,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

J. W. LEWIS,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. OTTEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

D. T. A. McNEILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as ever Spring and Fall. His clients here will make well. Agents in Time Times.

D. A. T. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

The Sponge is Mightier than the Brush.

WHY USE THE OLD WAY

WHEN YOU CAN HAVE THE ACME Blacking

Financial Statement,

For the Year 1889.

FOR JAIL AND COURT HOUSE BOOKS.

A. L. Brown, Jail, sec't. Rep.	
Wells	$32 75
Sundry Persons Hides	1 50
Dudley, Petty Warrant	25 50
W. J. McNeel, Atten'd of Petty Tolowood	4 50
Henry Gross and son, plank	
Snow C. H. bill	13 10
Lantz & Dye's & picket fence C. H. bill	13 14
J. H. Pifer, wood for Jail and C. H.	13 75
S. L. Brown, several Constables, Sexton, jailer, receiving and boarding prisoners	7 10
Same Grand Jurors	7 00

FOR CLERK'S OFFICE & COURT PURPOSES.

Amos Silver, sandbills	12 81
Kirk Snyder, page Cir. Ct.	3 00
A. H. Sharp, jury chairs	3 00
J. S. Pifer, wood for Cir's office	14 00
J. W. Milligan, drawing jurors	4 00
J. J. Beard, stationery &c	12 81
J. D. Cockrell, pick, Sessions' statement	13 25
Kirk Snyder, page Cir. Ct.	3 00
R. C. Shrader, drawing jurors	4 00
J. S. Gay, bell, printing blanks	6 37
C. F. Moore, sundries, debt book	12 00
C. F. Moore, sundries of P. J. Pocahontas examining Cir's office	3 00
Lantz Bullock, removing Cir's office	3 00
H. S. Bucken, paper	12 50

SCALES & BOAT PURCHASE.

H. S. Bucken, brokers ghee	2 50
John T. Sharp, road cleric	2 00
W. S. Smith, labor	2 00
J. S. Barnett, same	2 25
Wm. M. Hill, same	1 75
C. H. S. Gum, same	1 00
W. A. Smith, same	2 00
J. L. Hudson, plank for road	13 00
John W. Lindsay, road cleric	2 00
J. D. Gibson, same (2d)	2 00
Same	1 00
Austin M. Stevenson, same	1 00
Geo. Cochran, same	1 00
J. H. Lee White, same	2 00
J. H. Gilfford, same	12 81
George Gibson, plank for road	13 00
C. C. Hill, road cleric	1 00
Allen Cochran, same	1 00
Thos. D. Burns, same	1 00
M. Brown Triplett, same	1 00
J. F. Wagoner, same	1 00
J. L. Hannah, same	1 00
G. H. Arbogast, same	1 00
J. D. McNeel, same	1 00
Chas. W. McNeel, same	1 00
J. W. Hill, same	1 00
John J. Kellison, plank for road	1 12
A. C. L. Hammond road cleric (2d)	1 00
Same (3d)	1 00
Same (4th)	1 00
A. T. Wagoner, use of team 3 days on road	3 00
J. F. Vandevander, same 1 day	1 00
J. L. Moore, road cleric	1 00
J. D. Hannah, same	1 00
J. D. Hannah, same	1 00
Joseph H. Lantz, same	1 00
J. H. McNeel, same	1 00
John L. Cleek, same	1 00
Wm. Hannah, same	1 00
J. J. Gibson, same	1 00
Jas. McClure, same	1 00
W. H. McClure, plank for bridge	1 00
J. C. Cackenhead, road cleric	1 00
John A. Clarkson, use of team on road	1 50
J. H. Gibson, use of team on road	1 00
Conrad Hiller, road cleric	1 00
Jas. W. Hiller, same	1 00
J. H. Pifer, cleric for road	1 00
J. H. Pifer, use road cleric	1 00
Marion Hiller, same	1 00
Wm. H. Gibson, same	1 00
Hannah & McClintic, plank for bridge	1 00
J. C. Hiller, same	1 00
Same	1 00
Same	1 00
Same	1 00
J. F. Vandevander, same	1 00
J. C. Hannah, same	1 00
J. H. Gibson, same	1 00
J. D. Hannah, same	1 00
Same	1 00
Same	1 00

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Qr. column	5 00	8 00	12 00	15 00
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Huntersville, W. Va.

August 1, 1889.

The Army of Unemployed.

The senior editor of the St. Louis Christian Advocate has written an interesting little pamphlet entitled "The Unemployed."

We do not endorse everything that the writer says about the causes of the enforced idleness of many of our poor people, but a few of his statements of fact are worth reproducing. The editor of the Advocate says that thirty or forty years ago every laborer was a real or prospective land-owner. Charles Dickens at that time visited this country, and wrote from Boston: "There is not a man in this town not in the state who has not a blazing fire and meat every day for his dinner; nor would a fluming sword in the air attract more attention than a beggar in the street." Of course this language was too strong, but it gives a good idea of the general prosperity of that day. Two or three years after the date of that letter the Advocate writer traveled leisurely through the western, middle and eastern states and saw no professional beggars, with the exception of a few in New York.

But such is not the case now. Our wealth is three times greater than it was thirty or forty years ago, but the number of the poor is five times what it then was. Our wealth has increased threefold and our poor fivefold.

This way of putting it makes the outlook gloomy indeed. Naturally, the gap between the rich and the poor is increasing, and with oppression and greed we find bitterness and strife and the possibility of a class conflict.

Our Christian Advocate contemporary believes that the hope of the country rests with the farmers. Wise legislation that will improve the condition of the farmers and make them prosperous and independent will be our best safeguard in the future. To that end he gives his readers the following advice: "Be American citizens, study the federal constitution and the constitutions of your respective states that you may well understand the principles upon which your government is founded, then select wise, true and reliable men to legislate, to administer and execute just and proper laws. With such men you will always have a good government, and with such government you will soon have the strongest and aggressive combinations, trusts and monopolies beneficially regulated by statutory laws, so they will operate not to the hazards of a few only, but to the benefit of all classes. You may then have peace, and with the blessings of the Almighty have prosperity!"

All this is rather general in its scope, but it is aimed with at the right time. One thing is certain: we must give the great army of unemployed something to do or in it is arousing and dismaying hints will give us something to do in a very unpleasant line. This is a matter for all good citizens as well as statesmen to think about.—Atlanta Constitution.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON July. 26.—The Pension Bureau is enjoying a sensation of the biggest kind. Certain new papers have been making charges of more or less importance against almost every branch of that office ever since Commissioner Tanner took charge. And now the action of Secretary Noble in appointing a committee to investigate the revising of all pensions during the past twelve months, and the charges of favoritism in making the applications of a prominent pension attorney of this city special, has opened the eyes of a good many people to the fact that there must be some basis for these charges. The committee investigating holds daily sittings in the Pension office. The sessions are secret but enough has leaked out to make it certain that they have discovered a very loose way of doing business in the matter of re-rating pensions; it has been learned to a certainty that many clerks in the office have been largely benefitted by getting their pensions re-rated, some of them getting an increase of as much as $10, a month. It is believed that many discharges will follow the investigation unless the thing is hushed up which is not at all probable now. If this committee should make a white washing report there will be a Congressional investigation as soon as Congress meets that will shake up the real condition of things. Commissioner Tanner is said to have received several letters from Governor Foraker of Ohio urging him not to change his liberal policy toward the veterans, at least not during the gubernatorial campaign. From what can be learned of the attitude almost every pensioner employed in the Pension bureau has had his pension re-rated and increased during the last twelve months. It is said that it was the amount of money spent by certain Pension office officials that first aroused the suspicion of a wide awake newspaper man as to where it came from.

Barth the colored democrat, who was dismissed from the Sixth Auditors office bids fair to become a National issue. He says he will appeal his case to the civil service commission and demand reinstatement on the ground that he was dismissed on account of his politics. He is cataloging in a great waste of time, and does not seem to realize that the civil service law was passed for the special purpose of being violated.

The alleged combination of Southern republican Representatives, who were to vote for Brown of North Carolina for Speaker of the House until he was elected by the administration had agreed to give them the patronage they claim is already going to pieces. Representative Ewart, of North Carolina, having announced his intention of voting for McKinley for Speaker, and to the credit of his whitewash for Burroughs's re-election.

The Chief of the Secret Service of the Treasury Department is a very important position in many ways than one, and considerable talk has followed the rumors which existed of the opposition of Grand Master Workman Powderly and other labor leaders to the appointment of Thomas Furlong, a St. Louis railroad detective, to the position. Furlong's principal backer is Benjamin Harrison son of the President and it is generally believed, now that the labor opposition is removed that he will get the place. The labor people opposed his because of his work during the Western railroad strikes. Why they withdrew their opposition is a conundrum that is too much for mid-summer weather.

Senator Barbour of Virginia who is also chairman of the democratic state committee has been interviewed on the political situation in that State. He says "Virginia is naturally democratic. It is too early to outline the issue on which the battle will be fought, but I presume Mahone will make the high protective tariff his rallying cry. I do not know how much of a figure Langston, the negro would be Congressman will cut. He hates Mahone enough to give him trouble if he can, but he may be tangled off with a good office by the administration before the campaign opens. The campaign will excite national interest because the Republican National Committee proposes to aid their party with money and speakers. I cannot name the democratic nominee, but, whoever he is he will be the next Governor of Virginia."

Senator Hampton has just returned from an extensive Canadian tour. He says the people there are very serious in considering the annexation question, and he thinks a large majority are opposed to it at the present time.

The Connellsville Coke men will go off on a strike August 1st.

The Yellow river in China has again overflowed, bearing death to thousands.

Imprisonment for debt is still the law in Maine. The barbarians still hold the fort in Maine.

A recent fire at Lu Chow, China destroyed over 87,000 dwellings and 1,200 lives were lost.

The Republicans of Va. may nominate Mahone for Governor, "but they can't elect him you know."

The wealth of Frederick Douglass, United States minister to Hayti, is estimated at $100,000.

A detective has used Winchester for $500 for services rendered in hunting up stolen goods.

An American lady of Tennessee is under sentence of death in China for preaching Christianity.

The marriage of the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of the Prince of Wales, to the Earl of Fife took place on the 28th.

Under Cleveland's administration sugar that would cost $1.00 you have to pay $1.50 for it now. It is protected.

A man has been arrested in London who says that he is the man who killed the White Chapel victims. But it is thought that he is insane.

A man in Atlanta, Ga., has just laughed himself to death. Probably he was contemplating the efforts of the Southern governors to arrest the price fallers.

Some one has recently published a book entitled, "People I Have Smelled With." There must be a good deal of the give away about this. The friends of the author will not think to buy it for their wives to read.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES STARKER

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, successor to the late firm of

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY

PATENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 93, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. BOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Secty.
6-21

HOME NEWS

—Tickets are scarce this week.

—Berries seem to be very plentiful around here.

—What has become of our Academy correspondent.

—W. S. Yager of Baltimore was in town Sunday.

—In this issue will be found the financial statement.

—Several lumbermen are at Hotel by Wagner, waiting for work to commence.

—Capt D. A. Stofer, who has been on Elk for a short while has returned.

—Letters can be sent through the mails and the postage collected from the party to whom addressed.

—Rev. D. A. Penick and wife of Karr's Creek, Va., passed through town last week.

—Mr. Dan'l O'Donnell, and family are in town. Mr. O'Connell will commence cutting timber above town soon.

—We've had a good deal of rain in the last few days, and its better half to the farmers about getting up their grass.

—Three negroes escaped from the Covington, Va., jail last week by running out the door over the jailor.

—Mr. Jacob Beard, of Pocahontas county, was in town Monday to see his brother off to Washington Territory.—Independent.

—The Rev. A. A. P. Neal preached last night (Wednesday) and will also preach to-night in the Methodist church.

—B. P. Bloom, formerly of Dunmore walks the streets of Parsons Tucker Co., W. Va., with a broad grin. It's a boy.

—We are under obligations to Mr. Henry Yeager, of Cheyenne, Wyoming Ty., for papers from that place.

—If you want a Lock Lever hay and grain rake or any repairs

Call on
R. P. McCLINTIC HILLS, agent
Huntersville W. Va.

—We learn from the Alleghany Sentinel that it is reported that the Warm, Hot and Healing Springs have been sold to the C. & O. R. R. Co.

—The memorial sermon of Mrs. Catherine E. Campbell will be preached the second Sabbath of August in Huntersville, by the Rev. M. D. Dunlap, or in his absence by the Pastor.

—A negro by the name of John Carter was jumped on by Lewis Long last week, for the shooting of a constable in Summers county, who attempted to arrest him.

—Capt Jesse Peters, of Pocahontas county, jumped in two cherry trees Sunday night by last accounting. There was 11,000 lost to the lot. This makes the Captain's state of trip and 60th rattle he has either hung up for.—Monongalia Mercury.

Notice to Friends.

It has been stimulated of late since I had the misfortune to have one of my little girls lost for a short while that I had mistreated her that caused her to leave home, which is a base falsehood. Furthermore my child will testify to the same. I also sincerely thank the kind people who aided me in finding my child.

Respectfully,
ANNA MILLER.

Institute Notice.

The Institute for Pocahontas Co., will convene in Huntersville, August 29th, beginning at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Teachers will be required to attend and put in full time. No excuse taken for non attendance except those given by law.

Teachers holding four years certificates will be required to attend the Institute and pass an examination on Pedology.

M. G. MATHEWS,
Co. Supt.

Notice.

EDRAY, July 29th, 1889.

MR. EDITOR: Charges having been made against me which affected me as a Minister of the Gospel, and which I have no doubt many of my friends, both white and colored believed—a church meeting was held, to investigate the matter, at which meeting it was from that I was wholly innocent of the charges made.

Permit me through the columns of your valuable paper, to state publicly that the Church, at Edray, of which I am pastor here declared me innocent. Respectfully,

REV. I. M. BOONE.

LADY CORRESPONDENT,

wanted by a young man of 26 years; good looking, weigh 150lbs 5 feet 8 inches high; worth some money and of a good family and would like a young lady correspondent from 18 to 25.

Address P. O. Box 18,
Dilley's Mill, W. Va.

Dunmore Items.

Mr. S. L. Jackson, with his accomplished lady, of Rencoverte, is visiting friends and relatives at this place, and will go to Huttonsville this week.

W. H. Cackley is off on a business trip in Rencoverte.

Rev. W. T. Price's meeting was largely attended at Dunmore.

Farmers are busy putting up hay and grass.

Our hay crop is over an average; the wheat crop will make 80 per cent.; oats 90; and corn 80 or 90.

Singing Bee Sunday in August at Pine Grove school house, at 3 p. m.

TOM SAWYER.

Cross Bank Items.

Several persons from our neighborhood attended sacramental meeting at Dunmore yesterday, and reported a very pleasant time.

We have a flourishing Sunday School at this place. Tim Barney, Grough's long descended Arabian at last and as it is a thing of beauty should be a joy forever.

Dr. S. P. Patterson, of Huntersville was called to Cross Bank last week to see Miss Sallie Patterson, who has been seriously ill of her sister's for some time, but we are glad to say, is somewhat better at this writing.

Mr. Harris the artist has moved his gallery to our place, and is now ready for business.

The Rev. A. A. P. Neale, will preach at this place on Tuesday the 30th, at 3 p. m.

DEMOSTHENES.

Dent Bergen & Co., have become the purchasers of 100,000 shares of the common stock of the C. & O. Railroad Company of W. P. Brownlow, for $2.50 per.

The biggest sea turtle on record was caught off Cape Cod recently. He was 10 feet long, 5 feet wide, and weighed 1,000 pounds, and some of the people who saw him had not been drinking, either.

The Milwaukee newspapers does puts the pathetic touch of reproach to his words when he writes: "Ruffianly tugs and barrows from a hackster, and then the whole crowd asks: a chorus who is that one over money, with only himself to care for.

Many Persons

have written down their account of wonderful cures effected by **Brown's Iron Bitters**

during the last fifteen months the Government has paid $23,873,190 in premiums on the purchase of $151,415,150 of Government bonds. Those bonds come high, but we must have them to assist to get rid of some of the surplus revenue unnecessarily extracted from the pockets of the people.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

The Charleston News and Courier says: "All well read people know that it is the negro that has turned the tide of immigration from the south ever since the tide of immigration began to flow; indeed, that it is the black man that has kept our green hills and fertile valleys from being crowded with people anxious to leave the fey north for on more congenial clime."

The Richmond Dispatch adds the following indorsement: "There can be no other reason. The negro is a good laborer for some reasons; but he is not of the kind that white men will mingle with. Would that the negroes could be equally distributed over all the states and territories. Look at the new states and see what Virginia would have been to-day if she had had few or no negroes since 1850."

Neuralgic Persons

and those troubled with nervousness vanishing Pain, such as overcome will be relieved by taking **Brown's Iron Bitters.** Exercise has really much and aroused red tone to stomach.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George C. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to settle the real estate of the said Geo. C. Hill, he the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George C. Hill for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner at his office in the said county, on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 29th day of July, 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
Prinaville Inn $6.50

july 25-6t

Notice to Contractors,

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by the County of Pocahontas County for the purpose will receive sealed bids until noon, Wednesday, August 14th, 1889, for the construction of a new piece of road called St. Bernard's Lockridge's Run, on the W. Va. Central and Huntersville road, according to the following specifications:

The road to be 18 feet wide at it should average at the top of hill where road is to be 16 feet wide for 60 feet, averaging to be 12 feet higher on each side, of the back wall ditched, with water ways, culverts and side ditches with a width to be 4 feet in the bottom. The grubbed stone and covered where to be placed in such manner as Commissioners instruct by a contract form of which Contractors will sign with the date when work is completed. Said Road to be completed by Nov. 15th, 1889. Said work to be paid for out of the levy of 1889. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

ALEX RAMSEY,
N. A. H. DILLEY, Commissioners.
7-28

Order of Publication.

At a court held in the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas, at the court house thereof, on the 21st day of July, 1889.

Henry H. Whiting, Plaintiff,
vs.
Henry A. Yeager, Joseph W. Riley and Robert A. Lockridge, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to assert the lien of a judgment rendered by the circuit court of Pocahontas county, in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant Henry A. Yeager, and to subject the land of the said Henry A. Yeager to the payment of the debt due the plaintiff by the said Henry A. Yeager, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendants Joseph W. Riley and Robert A. Lockridge are not residents of this state, but are residents of the state of West Virginia, it is ordered that they appear within the time of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

A Copy—Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
CAMPBELL & MCCLINTIC, p. q.
Fee $5.00 Publication fee $4.00

Commissioner's Notice.

George C. Hill's Adm'r
vs.
Rebecca J. Hill & others

Notice is hereby given all parties that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above cause on the 29th day of June, 1889, I shall on the 9th day of September, 1889, at my office in the town of Huntersville, Va., on which day all accounts which are required to be settled by said decree.

And in accordance of the provisions of said decree I will on said day proceed to hear the evidence of the parties and their counsel touching the debts against the estate of said decedent, and to report the following matters of account:

1st. A statement of the account of R. P. Hill as administrator, &c. of George C. Hill, dec'd.

2nd. The several claims against said estate and the amounts and to whom payable.

3rd. A general description of all the tracts of which George C. Hill died seized, with a statement of their improvements and annual value.

4th. A statement of the several liens and their priorities, with the amount due on each of the same, and to whom payable.

5th. Such other matters as may be required by any party to the cause or as may be necessary to the equitable settlement of the estate.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
July 25-6t Pocahontas Inn $6.50

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioners of the County Court of Pocahontas County will receive sealed bids until noon, on Wednesday, August 14th, 1889, for the construction of a new bridge across Knapp's Creek, on the road leading from Huntersville to Marlinton, at the point where the old bridge now stands, according to the following specifications:

Said bridge to be 16 feet wide in the clear, and to be constructed of the best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, and to be completed by the 15th day of November, 1889. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

ALEX RAMSEY,
N. A. H. DILLEY, Commissioners.
7-28

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want work done in Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

WANTED:
[illegible]

GOOD PLACE.
[illegible]

SCHOOLS WANTED
[illegible]

NOTICE.
[illegible]

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
[illegible]

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE, CHAIRS AND FINEST CHAIRS

go to
C. B. RYDER,
UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER,
Dunmore, W. Va.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
[illegible]

Bank of Pocahontas.
[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	4 00	7 00	10 00
Qr. column	3 00	6 00	10 00	17 00
Half col'n	6 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

August 1, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

tunity to speak was lost forever, I said "good by," and went home, inwardly raging at my own stupidity.

"But perhaps it is better so," I thought at last; "she would remember me as a friend, love me as such, which as a rejected lover, she could never do."

Then I thought of all her kindness during the long years of our intimate friendship; might it not be possible that underneath all this sisterly regard there might lie the germs of a deeper love? And could I not awaken it to life by long and careful wooing? I would be so patient if there was only one spark of hope that she would ever love me. I would, like Jacob of old, serve seven years, oh, so willingly, could I but win her. Was I not a steward, after all, to yield my own chance of success to another, by not putting my fate to the test?

Under the influence of this feeling I dashed off an urgent, impulsive letter. All the love I could never speak, found expression now.

"Can you not, dearest Millie," I concluded, "find down deep in your heart, underneath all this sisterly regard you have given me, one spark of something dearer, sweeter than a sister's love? Will you not give me just one word of hope that, in time, you may learn to love me better than a brother or friend?"

I sent the letter by a sure messenger, and waited impatiently for a reply. Now it was done, and I had risked all on one throw of the dice. I felt all the gambler's unrest. My blood was alternately at fever heat or ice cold. The moments seemed hours. Hopes and fears alternately held sway, until I could scarcely endure the suspense. At last the answer came. Hurrying to my room, I tore open the envelope. There in Millie's handwriting, I had learned to love so well, were the words: "Dear Friend," a cold hand seemed to clutch my heart as I read: "Your letter was a great surprise to me. I have always regarded you as a friend, and as such, you will ever have my highest esteem, but my love has long been given to another. Forgive me if I give you pain by this avowal, and I pray God may bless and keep you, in the danger into which you are going. Sincerely your friend, Mildred Graves."

The letter fell from my hands, my head dropped upon the table before me. The worst had come! All the hope and fears, the sweet dreams of a lifetime were over. Carl had won her, and I had lost all that made life endurable.

The memory of every hour of sweet companionship—every gracious smile she had ever given me—every kindly word came back with redoubled sweetness, now that she was lost to me forever. Through all the years of youth and manhood she had been interwoven with every hope and plan; it seemed like giving up life itself to lose her. But

good citizens as well as ...men to think about.—Atlanta ...titution.

...AMMINGTON LETTER.

[...ence regular correspondent.]

...NGTON July. 30.—The ...n Bureau is enjoying a sea... of the biggest kind. Cer... newspapers have been making ...s of more or less importance ...st almost every branch of that ...ever since Commissioner Tan... ...ak charge. And now the se... of Secretary Noble to appoint ... committee to investigate the ...ing of all pensions during the ...welve months, and the charges ...rtion in making the appoint... of a prominent pension at... of this city special, has open... eyes of a good many people ...t fact that there must be some ... for these charges. The com... investigating holds daily sit... in the Pension office. The ...ons are secret but enough has ...ed out to make it certain that ... have discovered a very loose ... of doing business in the mat... of re rating pensions; it has ... learned to a certainty that ... clerks in the office have been ...ly benefitted by getting their ...ions re rated, some of them ...ing an increase of as much as ... a month. It is believed that ... discharges will follow the in... ...igation unless the thing is hush... up which is not at all probable ... If this committee should ... a white washing report there ... be a Congressional investiga... as soon as Congress meets ... will show up the real condi... of things. Commissioner Tan... is said to have received several ...s from Governor Forsker of ... urging him not to change his ... policy toward the veterans, ...

...ers hurled their forces against us and were met by the fiercest resistance of our men. Charge succeeded charge, volley returned volley, reckless followed repulse; backward and forward surged the huge volumes of men; broken, rallying, retreating, advancing; cheering for victory one moment, and beaten back by the foe the next.

The dead, the wounded, the dying lay in heaps. The wheels of the guns could not be moved until the windrows of dead were removed. There were few wounded, nearly all were killed outright. Carefully we removed those few and bore them to the hospital tent in the rear. I was directing my men in the work, when suddenly from among the piles of dead, a face was upturned, a face I knew only too well. Carl Maxim and I had met at last.

He was horribly mangled and I saw could only live a few moments unless the flow of blood was checked. For an instant the thought flashed across my brain, "If he died Millie would be free!" But I crushed back the traitorous thought, and hastily improvising tourniquets I stopped the bleeding arteries as best I could, and, with the help of one of my men, bore him to the hospital tent.

He opened his eyes as we laid him down. One glance and I knew I was recognized. He raised his head faintly, and tried to reach his breast pocket.

"A package—my pocket!" he gasped.

I slipped my hand into an inside breast pocket and drew forth a small package, carefully enclosed.

"Mildred," he said, with great effort, looking at me wistfully, and evidently trying to say more. His lips moved for a moment but no sound came from them; then the jaws relaxed, an ashen pallor spread over his face, and with a few short gasps he was dead.

I placed the package in my breast pocket, and just at that moment the call sounded to re form in line of battle, and we were hurried away to another part of the field. In half an hour we were again in the thickest of the fight.

At the first charge a ball passed through my leg, and the battle of Parry's Bluff was over for me, and it was also, it proved, for after several weeks in the hospital I was discharged from the service and returned home.

All this time I had carefully kept the package Carl had given me. I had a morbid desire to give it to Mildred in person, and waited my return home, which I knew from my friends must soon come.

One day after my return I lay on the large, old fashioned lounge in the living room of my father's house when Mildred came to me. Worn and wasted with suffering, with the hope gone, I was scarcely more than the wreck of my former self.

She had changed almost as much as I; all the girlish freshness and bloom had faded, and the grave, quiet manner seemed more befitting a woman of fifty than a girl of twenty three; yet to me she seemed dearer and sweeter than ever.

"I am so glad to see you home once more!" she said, as she grasped my out stretched hand.

There were tears in her eyes, and her voice trembled.

"How good it seemed to look into your face, to hear the sound of her voice, and feel the pressure of her hand once more!

Could she—could she care for me, now Carl was dead! I found myself so eager, even now, for her love, that I would be only too thankful to get even a small part she had given him.

But Carl's letter must be delivered first, though it might be the means of separating us still more widely.

After a few mutual inquiries and replies I drew the package from my pocket.

"I found Carl on the battle field of Parry's Bluff, and he gave me this for you as he was dying," I said, holding it out to her, and immediately turning away my head that I might not see her emotion.

"For me!" she said in tones of surprise. "I don't understand."

"It probably explains itself," I said wondering why she should think it strange that Carl should send a dying message to her.

I heard the rustle of paper as she undid the package, and in another instant with a strange cry she dropped on her knees beside the lounge.

"O Philip, Philip! what does it mean?" she said, her face as white as the letter she held out to me with trembling hands.

I took it, and the first line brought me to a sitting position with an astonishment great as her own. I read in her handwriting the words:

"DEAR PHIL: There is no need that you should teach me to "love you. I learned that lesson long ago. You have been dearest of all in the world to me since our childhood days. Come to me at sight this evening and you will find, Your own love, MILLIE."

Faint and giddy with the surging tide of emotions that swept over me, I caught both her hands in mine.

"You wrote that, Millie, wrote it to me?" I said, scarcely believing such good news true.

"I wrote it in answer to your letter the day you went away; and you never came—I heard nothing from you until I knew you were gone the next day. I could not understand it."

"But I received an answer," I said in bewilderment; "you wrote you had never thought of me except as a friend—that you loved another.

"Oh, no, no! I wrote that to Carl in answer to one I received from him at almost the same time as yours. And I must have enclosed them in the wrong envelopes. O Philip, to think of all these years of sorrow to us both, for such a stupid mistake! How can you ever forgive me?"

"There is nothing to forgive, if you only love me now," I said eagerly.

"I never loved any one else, I never could, you seemed a part of my life, and I've been so wretched, so very wretched! It's like heaven itself to have you back once more!"

"Oh, thank God! thank God!" was all I could say as I caught her in my arms. Oh the delirious joy of the moment, after all those years of sorrow, to know she loved me, could heaven hold any rapture in equal this?

All the wretchedness of the past seemed to vanish as a dream, in the glad joy of the present. Then, suddenly there came a reaction of feeling. What was I now? Broken in health, crippled, helpless! What woman would take such a wreck of manhood as I?

"O Millie, darling?" I said, despairingly, "I've loved you, God only knows how well, but, I'm only a wreck at best; I cannot ask you to marry me now."

"You need not ask me at all," she said archly, between smiles and tears. "I shall take you anyway. O Phil, you cannot think I love you less for this? So long as there is enough of the body left to hold the heart of my dear old Philip you'll be just the same to me. No, not the same, but a hundred fold dearer for all you have suffered. You will be strong and well soon, dear, and your lost leg is an honor, not a blemish."

Was not this the acme of all earthly joy? Shall I shame my manhood when I say the tears were running down my face, as I caught the dear girl to my heart, and thanked God for such a treasure.

After my emotions had calmed down somewhat, we examined the package more closely, and found a letter from Carl telling him he had received the note in answer to his letter, that he had rightly conjectured that in his agitation, Millie had misdirected the envelopes, that his must have been a rejection and had been sent me. In the chagrin and disappointment that I had been preferred to him, he had kept the note, hoping that the one sent me might have no name in it, and thinking I had been rejected I would leave without an explanation. Then followed an account of thoughtbraidings of conscience, the strivings of his better nature, until he had written this explanation to give me, in case of our meeting or of his death.

"I have been a coward and a villian," he wrote in conclusion, "not to have returned the note long ago. I cannot hope for your forgiveness."

But in the supreme happiness of our union we could find no room in our hearts for enmity toward the dead, even though he had wronged us so bitterly.

LADIES
Finding a want, or difficulty that need befalling you should write
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is prescribed by many Physicians, Indorsed, and Recommended by all Leading Men.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil
HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

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The most wonderful collection of practical and valuable everyday facts for the people ever published in any globe. Carried of country-loving and women selling for every one owning it. Thousands of beautiful, helpful engravings, showing just how to do everything. No competition. Nothing like it in the universe. Where you select that which is of true value, make any sum. All unanimously declaring [illegible] and looking for [illegible] thoroughly first-class, and up to the [illegible] time prices, should write for descriptions and terms on the most remarkable achievement in book-making since the world began.
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LIST OF PRIZES.

PUT THIS OUT AND SHOW TO FRIENDS.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 8 1889. No. 3.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caskie.
Prosecuting Attorney, G. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, W. J. Wood.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clerk of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
County Court, C. E. Beard, Pres't; A. B. Reynolds; Jo. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, [illegible] Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July and 5th to fifty days.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas, and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. E. Eye,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. A. BRUEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. N. REYNOLDS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. A. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

BE WISE!
Wolff's ACME Blacking
NEVER SET HARD AND STIFF,
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

A DREAM OF THE PAST.

Last night I took my baby's child
His evening prayer repeat,
While her gentle mouth lisped softly,
"Now I lay me down to sleep,"
And in the twilight listening there
There never seemed to be
Kneeling beside my mother's chair,
My head upon her knee.

I felt her fingers gently rest
Upon my curling head,
And as she spoke a kiss was pressed
When my good night was said.

But all too soon the spell was broke,
The vision passed away,
A voice called out I awoke,
But bright shone the way.

Long years have passed since mother died
And all trouble came,
Not one lifting the chasm wide
Through which my life has flown.

The cheek she kissed has lost its bloom,
The curly head is gray,
But that sweet dream dispels the gloom
And lights my weary way.

The Three Passengers.

A STORY OF THE SEA.

I entered the service of the United Company when only fourteen years of age. The United Company was an organization of English and Chinese capitalists at Shanghai which exported teas and other commodities. It had at one time eleven vessels, eight of which were small schooners and brigs, which were employed in visiting ports along the coast and various islands in the China Sea and Pacific Ocean. It is of my first trip I am going to tell you about.

I had run away to sea on a vessel bound from Liverpool to Shanghai and had left her on arrival. I found that the Captain of the Silver Crown, one of the company's traders, was an old friend of my father's and so it came about that I took service under him with the rating of cabin boy. The Crown was a fine new two-and-all schooner, carrying a crew of eight men, all told. She had a native cook, but all the others were foreigners. The Captain, mate, and myself were English, two of the men Americans, and the other two were Swedes. While I ruled as cabin boy, I had to assist in sailing the vessel, and was a sort of clerk to the Captain. The schooner carried a dozen muskets, a lot of boarding pikes, and half a dozen cutlasses as an armament, but everything was lashed up and stored away, if not forgotten. Captain Wharton had been in the service for six years, and had never met with any trouble.

When we got away it was with orders for the Philippine Islands, among which the company had many resident agents who collected products. Our course was to the southeast, to pass between Formosa and the Loo Choo Islands, and we had made the run thus far without incident, when one day about noon a junk-rigged native craft, which doubtless came from some port in Formosa, intercepted us to the eastward of that island. We were about thirty miles off shore she hailed us. She claimed to be short of water, owing to an accident, but this, as we afterward came to know, was only an excuse. When she found that we were bound to the Philippines she had three passengers to transfer. They were three natives of Formosa, who were going down there on some errand, and would pay liberally for the passage by the schooner. They claimed to have contracted with the junk for the round trip, but she had sprung a leak and must return to port.

I am only giving you the gist of what was agreed to at last. We lay to for a couple of hours, and I heard only a part of what was said. It did not seem to strike Captain Wharton or Mate Williams as queer or suspicious, and after haggling over terms for a while the three natives were transferred to our decks and the vessels separated. Then I had time to look the strangers over, and I was not long in concluding that I did not wish for an intimate acquaintance. They were a tough looking trio, and the cook had scarcely set eyes on them before he declared that we had made a great mistake in taking them aboard. We had no accommodations for them all, and as the schooner was in ballast they had agreed to occupy the hold. This wasn't such a bad place with the hatches off, and they looked like fellows used to roughing it ashore and afloat.

I took an early opportunity of communicating my suspicions to the Captain but he laughed at me in a good natured way. I tried the mate, but he saw nothing to arouse distrust. It was singular, however, that every man of the crew outside of the two officers was satisfied that there was something wrong with the trio. While their excuse was reasonable enough, the looks and actions of the men were suspicious, and it was plain to all that they were sailors. They let us all severely alone except the Captain and the cook, and I called it to mind afterward that while one interested the former the other two were occupied with the latter. I could "chin" a bit and the cook could speak a little English, and so we managed to understand each other pretty well. Three days after the men came aboard "Slop-Slip," as we called the cook, assured me with very serious face that the strangers were evil minded men, who had planned to capture the schooner. They had asked him to join them, and he had refused. I posted off to the Captain with the news, and he greeted it with contempt.

"If you and the cook have nothing better to do, I'll put you to rubbing the rust off the anchor chain," he gruffly replied.

The mate also laughed at me, but when I went quietly among the men every one of them was ready to believe. Each one had noticed something to arouse his suspicions, but in the absence of orders we could do nothing but wait for what might turn up.

We were getting well down toward the northernmost island of the group, when something happened which should have opened the Captain's eyes. The leader of the three borrowed the glasses and went up to the starboard of the mainmast and took a long look around. We saw the sailor in his every move, and he had not been down an hour when a native craft came creeping up from the south, bows on to us. She had a free wind, while we had been beating down all the forenoon. We were at this time forty or fifty miles to the northward of the group, with a beautiful afternoon and a smooth sea. Half an hour after the native craft had been sighted, one of the natives and the Captain retired to the cabin. Five minutes later the native showed his head above the deck and called to the mate, who had just come on watch. He disappeared down the companionway, and at the same time I entered the forecastle to look for something wanted. I was down there about five minutes. I heard no parties for me on deck, but when I reappeared I was struck dumb by the spectacle. One of the natives was at the wheel, and was bringing the schooner into the wind to lie to. The decapitated bodies of the two Americans and the cook were lying amidships, while the two Swedes were at the foremast companion. Not a shout had been raised nor a cry uttered. The work had been done with terrible rapidity and in silence.

As I reached the deck one of the natives came forward with a bloody cutlass in his hand and called me "good boy," and said I should not be hurt. He left me sitting on the windlass so scared and weak that I could not stand, and then assisted his companions to lower the sails. When this had been accomplished they called to the Swedes to come down. The poor fellows began crying and lamenting, and refused to descend. The natives picked up the bodies from the deck and tossed them overboard, and then descended to the cabin and brought up the bodies of Captain and mate and served them the same way. Both had been killed by the one native who entered them. Aswn. About the time the last body was flung over the rail the native craft drew alongside. She had thirty men on board, all of whom seemed to know our three passengers and their plans. There was great rejoicing over the capture of the schooner, and for a quarter of an hour no one paid me any attention. Then there was a hot discussion, a part of the gang wanting actions for my life, but the result was that I was conducted to the cook's galley and given to understand that I was to do the cooking. Although our cook was a Chinese they did not spare him. What saved me was my youth, or they might have planned to cut my throat after I had served their turn.

When my life had been settled the Swedes were again ordered down. One of them shrieked, begging and pleading, but he was cut down the moment he had touched the deck. The other refused to come down, and half a dozen natives ran up the foremast shrouds with knives in their hands. Before they could reach him the sailor made his way to the mainmast. His fall was greeted with applause, but others ascended, and there was no longer any hope for him. The poor fellow made the best defense possible, but they cut and hacked him until he lost his hold and fell to the deck. His body was thrown overboard, deck and cabin cleaned of blood stain, and about sundown the schooner, with twenty-five men, was headed for the Philippines. The rest of the gang, numbering seven or eight, followed with the native craft. I boiled a large quantity of meat and got the best supper possible, and was glad to find that no one gave me any attention.

We had a brisk wind all night and during the next forenoon, and at about 2 o'clock we reached an anchorage on the east side of the main island and within a quarter of a mile of the beach. The native craft passed to and entered the mouth of a river. From what I could gather she was going to bring out men and cannon to the schooner. A boat was made through the schooner for gun carriages, and the discovery of the small arms seemed to put the natives in good humor. There was about $1,000 in gold aboard in the cabin, and this was counted out and divided, pro rata, as it came other subsidiary matter as we lay at anchor. Then I was ordered to draw a pottel of wine from a cask in a part of the cabin, and, mindful that the cook might have known of the presence of the wine there, but I did not. I had never tasted the glass. There was a vile pell, bubbling about the gunnels in the galley, and this I filled and carried to the main hatch, with several glasses, and everybody proceeded at once to help himself. Now that we were at anchor all discipline had ceased, and one was as good as another. They were growing all over the schooner, and particularly at home.

The wine must have tickled their palates mightily, for a second pottel was soon demanded. It was while I was drawing it that I noticed the barrel had no bung in it, and I wondered why the wine had not soured. I returned to the galley as soon as I had filled the second order, and the bell at least there was a great deal of loud talk and laughter. All of a sudden while I was reflecting on the situation, and perhaps crying a bit in my sorrow and anxiety, it struck me that things were wonderfully quiet. I looked out of the galley to see half a dozen figures lying on the deck, and later on, when I had summoned courage to walk the length of the schooner, I found every man aboard apparently asleep. Their breathing was labored, but I supposed this was the result of the much drink. The night had come down dark and gusty, with the wind directly off shore, but as the sleepers continued in the quiet most strange ideas came to me. I was tempted to take one of their knives and begin killing but finished my nerve. The next was at the cards and I planned to lower it and let the heavy carry me out to sea. I held to this idea for a few minutes, and then accumulated it for a other. I would take whore and hide in the forest. I had to abandon that scheme as well, for I was at a glance that the tide was running out strong. I was wondering if I should not find a fire in the forecastle as cooks alike. I discovered that the coast was close at, that had her light anchor out and had been tugging heavily under the tide and gust. The chain had grounded off against some sharp edged rock or the pin had slipped from a shackle. It was probably the latter case, as I heard a splash as at the end of the chain falling from the bows here. She drove off shore first and then, as she began to swing about, I stepped softly back to the wheel, put it over to get her off, and then ran to unbind the two bartenders on deck and the boys in the cabin. I am not boasting of my nerve in stepping over the sleepers to do this work, or of my ingenuity in getting the men. I was working like one in a dream and could hardly have described myself.

What occurred between the time I put out the lights and daylight next morning, I never can clearly remember. The schooner took care of herself for my effort of mine, and I think I went into the galley and slept behind the chests. At least I reached out of that contrary upon which I was beginning to respond to a call. I appeared I was called to prepare breakfast for the natives, but I was so unused that, of the galley that I saw a large cask, open to a quarter of a mile away, which one of her boats, with five men in it, was alongside the schooner. I must have looked and acted like a maniac, for as a couple of natives over the rail one of their crew let a heavily stocking and growled me.

(Continued on fourth page.)

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

Huntersville, W. Va.

August 8, 1889.

John L. Sullivan has been arrested and taken to Miss.

R. B. Seig, and P. H. Matheny have bought the Highland Recorder. May they have success.

Rev. Father Curley, director of the Georgetown University died in Washington, July 24th.

The county court of Summers has reconsidered its previous decision and issued five room licenses.

The Wedding presents at the marriage of Princes Louise and the Earl of Fife are valued at $1,000,000.

Japan covers an area of 157,000 square miles; not quite as large as California. It has a population of 38,000,000.

Wheeling has a sensation over the stealing of over $30,000 from the bank of Wheeling by its "individual account," book keeper.

President Harrison will have to appoint another postmaster at Sweetwater, Wyoming. The late P. M. was hanged the other day for stealing cattle.

Electricity from a broken wire killed another mule in the streets of St. Louis the other day; and yet the New York experts fear electricity won't "remove" their murderers to a certainty.

Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson beats the record. He has removed 7,000 more postmasters in the same space of time than did Mr. Vilas.—Valley Virginian.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are suffering both. It relieves the little sufferer at once; produces natural, quiet sleep, and the mother rests also. It "regulates the bowels." It is very pleasant to take. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The contract for building the new Insane Asylum at Spencer, Roane county W. Va., was awarded to an Anthens, Ohio, contractor, for the sum of $35,000.

The Connellsville coke strike is not a success. The majority of the workers seem to think it better to work for on a dollar a day than to starve for the chance of getting a dollar and a quarter.

The widow of John C. Little, a drummer of Pittsburg, who lost his life in the flood at Johnstown, has sued the South Fork Fishing Club for $50,000 damages.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

It is thought that Governor Fitz Lee will accept the Superintendency of the Virginia Military Institute after the close of his term of office. This is one of the finest institutions of learning in America. The math ematical course is said to be equal to West Point.

Here is a poem from the Cleveland Plaindealer that deals with the live questions of the hour:

Is marriage a failure?
Do detectives detect?
Does prohibition prohibit?
Does protection protect?

How is shorter credited to Ben Harrison's candidacy is very apparent indeed.

Presidential candidates begun, Democrats howling sire to run, And so to Fergie and won By having every son of a gun.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON August, 2.—Mr. Harrison will probably wish the Virginian republicans in a— much warmer climate than Washington, if they don't stop worrying him. He had scarcely shaken the dust accumulated on his trip from Deer Park to Washington yesterday out of his clothes before he was pounced upon by three different crowds of Virginia republicans each demanding the appointment of a different man to be Postmaster at Richmond. Mahone of course, has a man, then Gov. Brady and John S. Wise, the whilom anti Mahone crowd have a candidate and the third would be postmaster is backed by State Senator Waddell, who hopes to get his name in as a compromise. Doubtless the President wishes some of the harmony which is claimed to exist among the "old Dominion" republicans could be brought to bear on this postoffice.

The Commission investigating the re-rating of pensions have determined to make a preliminary report to Secretary Noble next week. This is taken to mean that the investigation has not to the opinion of the investigators—so far sustained any of the charges made, and that the preliminary report is made to give the Secretary of the Interior a good excuse for ordering the investigations stopped. If it should turn out that way there is certain to be a Congressional investigation of the whole business.

"We have put our foot in it now," said a Naval officer referring to the seizure of the Canadian Sealing vessel "Black Diamond" by the U. S. Revenue cutter "Rush" for the alleged illegal taking of seals in Behring sea, "we tried the same trick three years ago, but when the British government demanded the release of the vessels, Secretary Bayard had to accede to it, or rather he thought it right to do so. The laws have not been changed since the seizure referred to, but this administration seems to put a different construction on them. It is to be hoped that it will now have the necessary courage to refuse to surrender the seized vessel.

Considerable commotion has been created in naval circles by the report that the plan of the battle ship "Texas," now under construction at the Norfolk navy yard is so defective that she would not float if finished on the present lines. The officials of the navy department are all mum on the subject, but from other sources it is learned that several experts are now at work on the plan trying to discover whether, it is possible to modify them sufficiently to save the vessel. A court martial may come of it.

Gov. Wilson of West Virginia, was here this week. He says the contest now going on before the legislative committee for the Governorship is bound to result in Fleming's favor, and that as soon as the committee is ready to report he will call a special session of the legislature to receive it.

Representative Campbell of Ohio who will, it is thought here, be the democratic candidate for governor of that State is here. He thinks that, if nominated he will have a good fighting chance to carry the State.

Mr. Harrison will leave here Tuesday morning for Bar Harbor where he goes to visit Secretary Blaine. He will go to New York by railroad and from there to Boston, where he will remain all day Wednesday, by steamer. He will be met at Boston by Walker Blaine who left here yesterday to arrange the programme in that city. He expects to remain at Bar Harbor about ten days.

Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt and Ex Postmaster General Frank Hatton, now editor of the Washington Post, seem almost ready to indulge in a quarrel on account of the hard knocks Hatton is giving the Civil service law. Roosevelt speaks of Frank Hatton, as a "Spoilsman" in a newspaper interview, and Hatton comes back at him by charging in an editorial in his paper that Roosevelt has received, aside from his salary, more money from the Government during the past three months than he (Hatton) did during his entire connection with the public service. And now everybody is asking everybody else what Hatton meant.

Quite a row has been raised among the members of the labor union by the removal of E. W. Oyster, one of the foremen at the Government Printing office. He was once a republican, but worked hard for Cleveland.

Postmaster Paul of Milwaukee, who was so severely criticised in the recent report of the Civil Service Commission has forwarded his resignation.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

LADY CORRESPONDENT,

wanted by a young man of 26 years; good looking, weigh 150lbs 5 feet 8 inches high; worth some money and of a good family and would like a young lady correspondent from 16 to 25.

Address P. O. Box 16,
Dilley's Mill, W. Va.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP

at

Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make in the best style and order, Boots and Shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style.

May 16 8 m. J. C. THOMPSON.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Heirs of Reuben Barnard, dec'd; The Heirs of James W. Sales, dec'd, Henry D. Davis and John F. and W. S. Grimes, sons of Samuel Grimes, dec'd, Do ist wilfong, Greeting:

We command you that you appear before F. J. Snyder, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County at his office in the town of Huntersville, in said County on the 9th day of September, 1889, and show cause, if any you, or either of you can, why certain lands shall not be sold for the benefit of the school fund, which are mentioned in a petition filed in said Court by the Commissioner of School Land for said County, which was referred to said Commissioner Snyder for report thereon by decree of said Court made on the 18th day of June, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clk of said Court, at the court-house of said County, the 9th day of August, 1889, in the 27th year of the State.

John J. Beard, Clk

aug 8 4t Printers fee $7.00

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, West Virginia on the first Monday in August, 1889.

Augusta National Bank of Staunton, Va., and M. J. McNeel, Sheriff of Pocahontas county and as such adm'r of M. Munse, dec'd

vs

Samuel C. Tardy, R. D. Urquhart and Samuel C. Tardy, Jr., late merchants and partners doing business under the firm name and style of Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy; Wm. M. McAllister and Charles P. Jones, Trustee.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to enforce a payment of the sum of $1,311 due to the plaintiffs by the defendants Tardy Urquhart & Tardy, by two certain negotiable notes, and the lien of the same, with interest on $1,048.80 thereof from February 15, 1888, and on $262.20 the residue thereof from March 16, 1888 and the costs of this suit; and to attach the interest of the defendants Sam'l C. Tardy & Sam'l C. Tardy, Jr. in a tract of land containing 9,191 acres, lying in the County of Pocahontas, sufficient to satisfy the same.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the said Defendants, Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, are non residents of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Teste,

John J. Beard, Clk

Jones & McClintic, p. q.

aug 1 4t [illegible] fee $11.34 1 m.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LOGAN IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. D. L.S.M., formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accomamodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

Notice to Contractors.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by the County of Pocahontas to supply the poor for the year ending with said court, Wednesday, August 14th, 1889, for the construction of a new piece of road about 90 rods between Levi Bridger's land, on the Warm Spring and Huntersville road, according to the following specifications.

The road to be 16 feet wide all through except at the top of hill, where it should be 18 feet wide for 50 feet, said road to be 12 inches higher on outside, sloping to the bank, well drained, with water courses and side ditches where necessary to be 4 feet in the bottom with a gradual slope and graveled where the ground is soft or muddy, or liable to become so by a constant flow of water. Contractors will give bond for their said above work separately. Said Road to be completed by Nov. 15th, 1889, and the work to be paid for out of the levy for the year. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Amos Hamrick,
James H. Dotts,
Commissioners.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the first Monday in July, 1889.

[illegible] Williams, Plaintiff,

vs

[illegible] Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

Henry A. Yeager, Joseph [illegible] and Charles A. Sutton, Commissioners [illegible]

vs

[illegible] Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to subject the estate of the late Joseph Henry [illegible] to the payment of the debt of the plaintiff, and others of the creditors of said deceased, and to have a settlement of the affairs of said deceased, and to have the [illegible] of the said Joseph Henry [illegible] sold for the payment of his debts, and

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 97, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. TAYPERSON, Sec'ty.
6-21

HOME NEWS.

—Still it rains.

—J. B. Rider, Esq., of Frost was in town the first of the week.

—Andrew Herold, Esq., of Frost was in town Monday.

—Mildred Herold, of Frost was in the city Monday.

—S. L. Gibson, of Frost was in Hunterseville Friday last.

—David Walhall, of Richmond, was in our city over Sunday.

—Constable J. H. Buzzard, is confined to his home by sickness.

—W. W. Buchman, Esq., of Mill Point, called to see us Tuesday.

—Cornelius Perry, Esq., is quite ill at his home on Beaver Creek with diphtheria.

—L. B. and G. D. Letcher, of Lexington Va., were in town last Friday.

—Wm. McAllister, of Gauley Bridge was in town the 1st of the week.

—The horse will leave many hay unfounded in his bin,no matter how hungry.

—From the amount of rain we are having, there will be a lot of musty hay this year.

—For the finest line of Coats and Dusters shown in the county, go to Smith & McElwee, Dunmore.

—S. G. Hoge, of Montgomery Va., was calling on our merchs. to the first of the week.

—J. F. and L. B. Tyrd, of New Hampden, Va., was in our town Sunday night.

—Several persons from our town attended meeting near Edray Sunday.

—P. B. Price, Esq., of Marlinton, made us a pleasant call Monday, and renewed his subscription to THE VIEW.

—Rev. A. A. P. Neal, preached a couple of very interesting sermons in the Methodist church last week.

DIED.—On Sunday the 4th inst., at Clifton Forge, Alleghany county, Va., Mrs. Margaret M. Gay, wife of Sam'l C. Gay, of this county. She leaves three children.

Grist Mark Items

To rain for twenty four hours.

George Oliver and W. A. Gladwell were just returned from a business trip to Hunterville.

Miss Mamie Arbogast of Texas is visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Mrs. Birdie Ballenger is off on a visit to Bath Co. Va.

Mrs. S. F. Patterson, of Glade Hill, has been in our village the past week nursing her sick daughter at Mr. J. W. Patterson's.

A little boy son of Mr. Thomas Beverage when driven home from town in a buggy was bitten twice by a rattle snake one day last week. Dr. Mcnish was sent for, and he is said to be recovering.

X.

Beaver Lick Items

It broke all the rain.

The farmers will loose all their oats and hay if it don't soon stop raining.

Miss Maggie Ramsey, of Arbuckle's creek is visiting her sister in this vicinity.

John Kellison, is able to be out after several days illness.

Virgie Quesenberry is visiting Mrs. Ryan's this week.

Mrs. B. court Triggs has been quite ill for a few days, but is better now.

Whiting & Deaning, the lumber jobbers are busy at work. They have built 15 miles of slide and are now ready to commence sliding the white pine logs. They intend to do a rushing business this season.

ELK.

Grass Hopper Items.

NOTIFICATION.

Messrs. George McClintic, L. M. McClintic, Joseph Ruffner and Wesley Mollahan are camping on Williams's river at the mouth of Tea creek, and enjoying fine sport among the finny tribe, taking the last Thursday and Friday, a "tug ontton," now and then. Its no harm to flat mountain goats you know away back the c out of civilization and the world, even if the P. Ad'v's is along.

HORSE KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

On Friday night the 2nd inst. during a thunder storm at this place, a horse belonging to Mr. Rankin Ponge, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. "Old Doc," (this was the horse's name) was standing by an oak tree about one hundred and fifty yards from Mr. Ponge's house,—the tree was marked slightly by the descending current and from appearances the horse received the entire charge of electric fluid. Two other horses and one mule were in the same lot at the time, but luckily were not near enough the tree to be hurt, though one had a shoe torn off about 50 feet from the tree.

A large and attentive congregation were well entertained by two excellent sermons by Rev. A. A. P. Neal, at Mt. Pleasant, on yesterday the 4th inst., dinner on the ground about; about 400 people were present. Collection over $10.00.

Xs.

Dunmore Doings.

It rains, the sun shines and the farmers make hay.

Peter Gum, and Riley Rodgers, of Highland Co., were here last week looking for sheep.

We have some hooping cough in our neighborhood.

Several wagons returned from Staunton Monday, and report bad roads, and they say the wheat is growing in the shock in the Valley of Va.

There seems to be quite a good crop of whortle berries and rattle snakes.

Quite a lot of building is going on. Jas. Riley is building a large house and also Geo. Cooper. Mack Yeager and Phil Edmiston will build soon.

The church at Dunmore is under good head way.

J. Frank Little, has been painting for E. A. Smith, G. D. Oliver, Jacob Hughs, Geo. Kerr and others.

Dr. Williams has been in this vicinity on professional business for a week or two.

C. E. Pritchard is here on a visit.

Mrs. I. M. Cackley, has returned from Randolph Co.

Mrs. Henry Fleener, and Miss Sallie Patterson, we are glad to say, are improving.

There will be singing at Cross Road school house, Sunday the 11 at 2, o'clock, p. m. Profs. C. C. Arbogast, C. B. Swecker, Porter Bayburn, J. F. Little and N. S. Nottingham. Let all attend.

TOM SAWYER.

Hillsboro Happenings

Prof. R. C. Loveridge, and wife of New Haven, Conn., are visiting relatives in the Levels.

Rev. D. A. Penick, and wife of Rockbridge, Va., are visiting friends and relatives at this place. Mr. Penick has preached two excellent sermons since his arrival and will preach again next Sunday evening in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. H. I. Holt, is attending Webster Springs for his health.

Prof. Loudon, is at this place, called here by the illness of his brother George.

Mrs. Elias Thrasher and children of Maryland are visiting relatives at this place.

Prof. C. A. Brown, and brother of Virginia, spent a few days visiting friends and his former pupils at this place a few days ago.

Miss G. M. Shearer has returned from a trip to Edray and vicinity in behalf of her school.

There are several very serious cases of Flux in our midst, and they are spreading rapidly.

Misses Blanch Clark and Mary Beard have returned from a visit to Greenbrier county.

Dr. Hales and family of Virginia will arrive at this place this week. Dr. Hales will locate here.

Messrs Woodfield and Hindgardner are putting up Mr. H. Nathens store on the corner of Main Street, on the property which he bought of Mr. M. G. Hathews.

Mrs. Reid is visiting her daughter Mrs. T. A. Via.

Rev. A. A. P. Neale, will preach in the Methodist church Wednesday Thursday and Friday night and assist Rev. Wm. R. Miller, in his basket meeting at Marvin Chapel Sunday.

PRUDELLA.

Another murder goes on record, this time at Alleghany Station. Two colored men, named Dick Winston and —— Ramsey, both railroad hands, got into an altercation on Sunday evening concerning Winston's wife, whom Winston accused Ramsey of trying to poison. During the quarrel Ramsey drew a pistol and shot Winston in the right side. Ramsey escaped, and Winston will die.—Roncverte Messenger.

Killed at Fort Spring.

On last Saturday night about nine o'clock, Mr. Andrew Surgeon, railroad employe at the Fort Spring depot, was instantly killed by the second section of No. 31. He was walking on the track, when the train overtook him, carrying the mail from the postoffice to the depot, as usual, and, strange to say, although the engine whistled and the trainmen shouted, he never left the track until struck by the engine and his brains dashed out. The supposition is that he thought he was on the side track, and therefore paid no attention to the signals. Mr. Surgeon was 60 years of age, and had been connected with the railroad at Fort Spring ever since a depot has been established there.—Roncverte News.

Another Dec.

A charter has been issued to the Gauley & Eastern Railway Company, organized for the purpose of constructing and operating a railroad from the mouth of Gauley river to Huntersville, Pocahontas Co. The principal office to be kept in this city and the charter to exsist in perpetuity. The capital stock is $2,000, and shares are $100 each, of which B. W. Kelley, of New York holds sixteen; and L. D. Kelley, of New York, and E. W. Knight, H. H. Smith, and Geo. S. Gauch, of this city, hold one each. This road, when constructed, will run through one of the finest coal and timber regions of the state.—Charleston Gazette.

Must be some mistake about the Capital Stock. Certainly a railroad could not be built 30 miles or more with a Capital stock of $2,000.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George C. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to reject the real estate of the said Geo. C. Hill, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George C. Hill for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner at his office in the said County, on or before the 4th day of September, 1899.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 20th day of July, 1899.

JOHN J. BEARD, C. C.
Printers fee $5.40

july 20-4t

Commis ioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c. :
vs. : In Cir. No. 8.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. :

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 17th day of June, 1899, I shall proceed to the discharge of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 17th day of August 1899 to take, state and report the following accounts.

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 600 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land within the last five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the Plaintiff in this cause to be taxed on the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $4.65.

Commissioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c. :
vs. : In Chy. No. 8.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c. :

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in the above cause on the 17th day of June, 1899, I shall, as Commissioner of said Court proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 25rd day of August 1899 to take state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 1,200 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land, within five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the plaintiffs in this cause, to be taxed on the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $4.65

Commissioner's Notice.

George C. Hill's Adm'r :
vs. : In Chancery.
Rebecca J. Hill & others :

Notice is hereby given all parties that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above cause on the 19th day of June, 1899, I shall as Commissioner of said Court, proceed at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. A settlement of the accounts of R. F. Hill as administrator c. t. a. of George Hill, dec'd.

2nd. An account showing the debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd, showing their several severalty priorities and to whom payable.

3rd. A general description of all the lands of which George C. Hill, dec'd died seized, with a statement of their respective value and annual rental value.

4th. A statement of the personal estate and value of all the personal estate of which George C. Hill dec'd possessed which at the date of report is remaining applicable to the payment of debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd.

5th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $5.80

july 20-4t

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioner of the County Court of Pocahontas County will receive Sealed bids until 12, m., August 15th, 1899, for the following repairs to the bridge over Knapp's Creek near Huntersville. A pier to be constructed as follows. To be of rock stone up to the clearance of 10 feet from the top of the ground, well laid in cement on solid foundation stone well broken. The abutments to be of rock work as hereto and 10 feet in top, 8 feet wide at bottom and 8 feet high. All cement to be of the best quality. Any additional height of pier work shall be taken work laid in lime and sand. One span of 80 feet timber to be put through. Same to be framed to lay on pier and abutments. Timber to be hewed square, upon which 4 stringers 14 inches square to be laid on top of pier, upon which a floor of 2 inch oak plank 10 feet long shall be laid transverse to the stringers and to be spiked down with 4 spikes to each plank. The contractor shall furnish all material necessary for the satisfactory performance of this contract. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.

July 11-4t

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stone Monuments or Mantels, or anything in Marble or Granite, etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOKUS, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A. B. BOOTH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

GOOD PLACE.

In the pr ssent, until Th ne per hundred at H. M. McClintic's mill, near the head of A. Barlow's Huntersville, and Barlow & Moore's, Edray. See b ills. may 26.

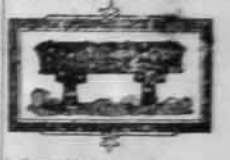
NOTICE.

I will not hereafter sell mill stuff on credit, and all who owe me will please come forward and settle their accounts at once and save further trouble.

Floor $2.50 per 100 lbs and corn 75c per bu.

GEO. H. MCCLINTIC,
Edray.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE, CHAIRS AND FINEST TURNED



in the county, go to

C. B. SWECKER,
UNDERTAKER, UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER.
Dunmore, W. Va.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business attended to for Moderate Fees.

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C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of Hugh M. Carpenter deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to reject the real estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner at his office in the said County on or before the 4th day of September, 1899.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court this 20th day of July 1899.

JOHN J. BEARD, C. C.
Printers fee $5.40

july 20-4t

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of the County of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia, on the first Monday of July, 1899.

E. B. Tuck, ... Plaintiff,
vs.
Geo. W. McDonald, John A. McDonald, Rebecca A. McDonald, Geo. C. McDonald and E. B. McDonald, ... Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of the above suit is to have a division of the land and to have a decree of this Court for and in the name of said plaintiff and the Defendants, and said each of them to hold, to which the defendants and others have, claiming or owning any interest in said land, to which the plaintiff is entitled, and to have a decree for the same, and for general relief.

And it appearing by affidavit filed in the Clerk's office of this Court that the defendants, Geo. W. McDonald, John A. McDonald, Rebecca A. McDonald, Geo. C. McDonald and E. B. McDonald, are not residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after due publication hereof, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing and decree ex parte.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Pocahontas Times, a newspaper published in this county, and that a copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of this county on the first day of the next term thereof.

A Copy. Teste:

JOHN J. BEARD, C. C.
Printers fee $5.75

July 11-4t

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	4 00	10 00
Six inches	3 00	4 00	6 00	15 00
Half col'n	6 00	10 00	15 00	30 00
One col'n	10 00	15 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance, after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

August 8, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

"You idiot, can't you get your mouth open?"

There were twenty-five men lying on the decks and in the cabin sound asleep. No! Dead! Every one of them dead and cold, and I the only living thing about. It took some time to explain matters and get at all the particulars, but with what I could tell them and what they could see it finally became plain to all. That barrel of wine had been dosed with some deadly drug. The cook must have done it previous to the attack, or the lung had been left out by another, and some poisonous reptile had crept in to die. No one could tell for certain, but the drinkers were all dead, and all had died in sleep. The ship was English, and the schooner was over thirty miles off the land. One of H. M. men-of-war, assisted by a civil functionary, attempted an investigation, but nothing came of it. Our crew had been slaughtered and the schooner captured, but she had recaptured herself and brought all twenty-five corpses. Not a living man could ever be found among the islands who would acknowledge that he had ever seen the schooner, much less participated in her capture.

Not long after the war a circus came to Montgomery. It was the first circus that had been there in a long time and attracted an immense crowd, especially of the negroes. The most interesting feature of the entertainment was the balloon ascension. The negroes had never seen anything of that kind, and regarded the spectacle of a man sailing up into the clouds very much as they would have looked upon Elijah going up in a chariot of fire. The balloon sailed away eight or ten miles and came down in a field where some negroes were plowing. Terrified at the spectacle of a chariot coming down from heaven they verily believed that the last great day had come, and remembered all their shortcomings, fled away in terror at the approach of the awful judge. One grey-headed and rheumatic old negro was unable to get away. He could follow the plough but could not run, and the chariot came down on him with terrible swiftness. At that awful moment his whole life rushed upon him. He thought of all the petty sins he had committed, and the ghosts of a hundred chickens seemed to rise up in judgment against him. But in that desperate emergency his mind did not desert him, and remembering that politeness always counted with his earthly master he quickly decided to grant the Lord of heaven and earth in becoming style. As the astronaut touched the earth and began to entangle himself from the meshes about his ear the old darkey, with an air of profound obedience, removed the wool hat from his shiny pate, bowed low and said with pleasant suavity:

"Morning, Mars Jesus, how you lef' yous pa?"

A Lost Letter

The following was received by a young man of this vicinity, which so happened to get a hold of, and we think it is good enough to print.

March 13 1888 S—— Pocahontas co W Va

Mr.——

Dear friend Hake my pen in hand to let you knoW that iam well truly hope when theese few lines come to hand it will find you enjoying the same blesing Mr. —— ithought i Would Write you a few lines theard you Was here and enquired about me and i Was sorroW i Wasent here i Would liked to see you dont you let any body seethis if you please i dont think you Will have any objections to this note

Mr—— you Come doWn soaturday i Will be at home ithink ahead of you i dont knoW Whith er you think any thing of me or not ithink you are the prettiest gentle man lever saw you be sure and come doWn soaturday i Want to see you awful bad i Will look for you bosure and come if you dont come saturday you come doWn next saturday be sure and come doWn this soturday i dont knoW what i Would gived to be here soturday When you Was here Please dont let any body see this if you get this to day you, Write me soote down and send it doWn soaturday morning and let me know Whither you are Coming doW, soaturday eving or not be sure and Come for i Want to see you i Want you to Write and let me knoW When you are coming down if you dont come asaturday but i Want you to be sure and come down soaturday will have to close for this time hoping to hear from you soon your ever being friend —— to my Dear friend Mr —— Write soon come down soatmday be sure and come i Will look for you i Want to see you knoW want you to come When the golden sants sitting and of others you are thinking Would you kindly think of me

Remember me When this you see
Who often thinks of you
i have been thinking about Writing to you ever since the party at Mr ——

be sure and come soaturday dont let any body see this hope you dont have any ob jections to this note know i Want you to be sure and come doeWn soaturday

good by

Prompt Payment of Small Bills.

A wealthy banker in one of our large subscriptions to charities, and his kindly habits of private benevolence, was called on one evening, and asked to go to help a man who had attempted suicide. They found the man in a wretched house in an alley not far from the bakers dwelling. The front room was a cobbler's shop; behind it, on a miserable bed in the kitchen, lay the poor shoemaker, with a gaping gash in his throat, while his wife and children were gathered about him.

"We have been without food for days," said the woman, when he returned. "It is not my husband's fault. He is a hard-working, sober man. To-day, he went for the last time to collect a debt due him by a rich family, but the gentleman was not at home. My husband was weak from fasting, and seeing us starving drove him mad. So it ended that way," turning to the fainting, motionless figure on the bed.

The banker having warmed and fed the family, burned home, opened his desk, and took out a file of little bills. All his debts were promptly met, but he was apt to be careless about the accounts of milk, bread etc., because they were so petty. He found that there was a bill of Richard Goodlow's for repairing shoes, $10. Michael Goodlow was the suicide. It was the banker's unpaid debt which had brought the people to the verge of the grave, and driven this man to desperation, while at the very time the banker had given away three times as much in charity.—The Record of Christian Work.

A printer once made this mistake, "Mr. and Mrs —— respectfully request your presents at the marriage of their daughter."

"You printed a story about an Irishman who was threatened by a priest with being turned into a rat unless he quit drinking and beating his wife," said a friend who gathers up anecdotes of that sort. "Let me tell you one. It isn't new, but I have never seen it printed."

I squared myself and he proceeded:

"Patrick Maginnis went to confession and among other sins, confessed to the good father that he had stolen Mrs. Mulcahy's pig, the loss of which had been a great blosm to the poor woman.

"'Stole Mrs. Mulcahy's pig did ye? That's very bad, Patrick—very bad. Don't you know Pat, that to steal a pig is a hayniousasin, and to steal Mrs. Mulcahy's pig is worse? What will ye say on the day of judgment when Mrs. Mulcahy confronts you before the Lord an' charges ye with stealin' her pig—what'll ye say?'

"Pat looked rather glum at this onslaught but at this point he perked up and said:

"'Sure, yer riverince, Mrs. Mulcahy won't be there.'

"'Indade; and why not, Pat Maginnis? Mrs. Mulcahy will be there an' the pig'll be there, an' when yer asked why ye stole the widdy's pig what'll ye say, I'm wantin to know?'

"'Will Mrs. Mulcahy be there?' asked Pat, a great idea illuminating his face.

"'She will,' said the good father severely.

"'And will the pig be there?'

"'Certainly.'

"'Then, begorra,' said Pat, triumphantly, 'I'll say: "Mrs. Mulcahy, there's your pig."'

The Preacher's Snake Story.

Rev. C. W. Parker a respectable preacher, of Bremen, Ga., is authority for the following tale:

Dr. I S. Cluney used to practice medicine in Carrollton. He now keeps a hotel in Bremen. He went to Carrollton the other day in his buggy, and while there traded an old dubt for a good horse, and started out for Cremen in his buggy, leading his new horse.

When he was nearing the little Tallapoosa river bridge at Kingsberry's mill, he suddenly heard a roaring noise among the trees, which he instantly supposed to be a storm. Looking up the hill he saw the forest in commotion, and the trees falling and bending toward him, and in the midst a huge body which proved to be a snake. The doctor put whip to his horse and was quickly on the bridge. Feeling the buggy jerk, he looked back and saw the snake swallow the horse he was leading and plunge into the river as the snake poked his head out on the other bank of the stream, his tail was still up on the side of the hill, his body reached clear across the river.

The horse having on new shoes kicked through the stomache of the snake, and the snake stopped, and the stream was dammed, and the water rose and floated the snake to a level with the bridge. The doctor jumped out of his buggy, took out a big knife, and cutting the hole larger where the horse's feet were sticking out of the snake's body, the horse bounced out and mounted the bridge. The doctor assured him to his buggy and drove on, but by this time the water had backed up till the horse had to swim to low ground, but made their escape.—Ex.

Lieutenant Habenichts (who never errs by only)—Ah, my, Miss Goldford, how many could be made happy by this little hand.

Miss Goldford (an heiress)—Many! I thought only one could be made happy by my hand.

Not if you give me your hand, Miss Goldford.

(He was thinking of his summer resolutions.)

A Stranger who was making loud inquiries at the City hall yesterday for the Mayor was duly asked by an officer to state his errand.

"I want to make a complaint against the way I was used at the postoffice," he replied.

"But the Mayor has nothing to do with the postoffice."

"He hasn't?"

"No, sir. Uncle Sam runs that."

"Well, I've had my satchel stolen, and I want to see him about that."

"It's no use, sir. You should go to the police."

"Hasn't the Mayor anything to do with it?"

"Not a thing."

"But they put me off a street car up here. I want to see him about that."

"He couldn't help you any."

"Say! You don't mean to tell me that your Mayor hasn't got any power, do you?"

"Not in such cases."

"Hump! Just sits right in his office, eh? Just smokes cigars and looks big and become the City hall, eh? Say! What's the use? If a feller can't boss the whole roost, what's the use of holding office? Say! I'm sorry for him. Give him my love and tell him he has my sympathy."

"Good many flies in here," he said to a shoemaker on Champlain street as he sat down to have a lift put on the heel of his shoe.

"Yes."

"Never tried to drive 'em out 'did you?"

"No."

"Don't want to keep 'em on the outside, I suppose?"

"No."

"Wouldn't put up a screen door then if any one should give you one?"

"No."

"You must be the house-fly's friend."

"My frendt, I vhas sooch a man dot I like exferypody to get along all right. If you pitch on some flies he vhas mad; if you git him a shanee maype he goes pr himself and does vhell and vhas your frendt."

When two women are bosom friends or deadly enemies, you may always ask, "Where is the man."

Woman live and die by their passions, but not themselves.

The love of certain women is deadly; but most men become accustomed to it, as they do to slow poison.

Some men take women as they do champagne; but others indulge in them as they do in absinthe.

The lives of women can be divided into three epochs: They dream of love; they experience it, and they regret it.

Woman's virtue is like her beauty. One cannot define its beginning nor its end.

"Laura," said the young lady's mother, sol nakedly, "it seems to me that you had the gas turned rather low last evening

"It was solely for economy, mamma," answered the maiden.

"There is no use trying to beat the gas company, my daughter. I have noticed that the shutting off of the gas is always followed by a corresponding increase of pressure."

"Well, that lessens the waste doesn't it, mamma, dear," replied the artless girl. And her fond parent could find no more to say.

Foreman—You might as well look for another job, Jerry.

What for?" What I done?

"Your trowelful of mortar struck the owner of the building down on the first floor."

"Let him keep out of the way. If the fall strikes 12 when I've got a trowel of mortar I don't care where it drops."

Reports of the girl who recently eloped with her coachman: I was driven to it.

Dickens used to tell a story of meeting with a clergyman in a railway train, who took forth to read to his fellow passengers over an long over the novelists private failings. "Dickens is an Atheist, sir, as I happen to know; he is also a gambler, and I regret to say, drunkard, and so on. "Dear me, how sad. Have you ever seen him drunk," asked Dickens. "Well, not exactly drunk; no—but certainly overtaken by liquor." Have you ever seen him sober?" "Well, that is too much to say. Oh, yes, I have seen him sober." "Often?" "Yes often." "No, sir, only once. You see him now for the first time." (Curtain.)

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Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 15 1889. Terms of Subscription, $1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 4.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell, Huntersville.
Prosecuting Attorney, E. M. McClintic, Marlinton.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel, Marlinton.
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard, Marlinton.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast, Marlinton.
County Court, C. B. Beard, Pres't, A. B. Hannah, H. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter, Marlinton.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and about 1st Tuesday in July. July to levy taxes.

C. P. WOOD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. [illegible],
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. [illegible],
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

W. A. BROOKE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Special attention given to Claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. [illegible],
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in The Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. H. REYNOLDS,
ASSISTANT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as per Specified Bill. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WORK'S A. M. E. Blacking

BLACK CLOUD'S SON.

A GOVERNMENT RIDER'S STORY

There will never be another Indian outbreak serious enough to call for the action of a full regiment of soldiers in suppressing it. The extermination of the buffalo was the death blow to the hostile Indian. Added to that, the building of the railroad lines flooded the West with emigrating miners, hunters and tourists, and the Indian found himself hedged in by circumstances. The red man is no longer a warrior. He is down, and down pretty low, and it is the beginning of the end. He is doomed to follow the buffalo, and his total extinction will be regretted only by the few philanthropists who argued for him as a theory, and never came in physical contact.

No human being ever came nearer being a fiend than an Apache Indian. The Pawnees, Blackfeet and Cheyennes were wicked enough but the Apache had traits of his own—a fiendishness which other tribes might imitate but could not equal. He was born crafty and cruel. He never had the slightest feeling of mercy or pity from the cradle to the grave. He was never so much amused as when assisting to torture some living thing. He was never so gratified as when planning to take life.

A year previous to the time General Custer was ordered West to begin a vigorous campaign against the Indians, the Apaches were in their glory, and they boasted that they could defeat any force of soldiers sent against them. I was scouting and mail carrying in Texas for the Government, and after many close shaves was finally captured by the red imps. It is of that incident I am going to write.

A month before my capture I was out on a scout on the Rio Pecos River, our party numbering eighteen men. We were well mounted and moving quickly from point to point. One day at noon we went into camp in a grove of cotton woods, and before I had unsaddled the Lieutenant in command informed me that he had lost his revolver from his holster during the last mile of our ride, and asked me to ride back in search. Instead of riding I returned on foot, and had the luck to find the weapon only about a quarter of a mile away. I then cut across an elbow to reach the grove, and when within ninety yards I was suddenly startled by the sight of a Comanche pony in a dry gulch, and at the same instant discovered his owner crouched behind a boulder with his back to me and his face to the grove. I had him under my rifle before he could turn his head. Indeed, my finger was on the trigger when I saw that he was a boy. He had a rifle in his hands, but I called out to him to lay it down or I would fire, and after a moments hesitation he obeyed. Then, as I kept him covered at a distance of only seven or eight feet, I called to the men in the grove, and several of them came hurrying down to reinforce me.

I had captured a son of Black Cloud, Chief of one of the Apache bands, and the boy was named after his father. He was only fourteen years old, and his presence there exemplified the ruling traits of Apache character. Three hours before he had discovered our party while out hunting with a party of his own. They dared not make an open attack, but the young Chief had sent his people away and then cut across the country to the grove, planning that we would halt there. Single handed and alone he was going to pick off the Lieutenant, and then make his escape to boast of it. We had splendid horses and were all old campaigners, and the boy would not have had one chance in ten to get away. He must have realized it, and yet he was willing to run the risks. He was greatly chagrined and cast down by his capture. We had finished our scout and were on our way back to Fort McKarett, and we determined to carry him in prisoner. When he was informed of this he earnestly begged me to kill him, saying that he could never hold up his head among his people again. Had he been wounded and rendered helpless it would not have been so bad; but to be taken as he was would forever disgrace him. We bound him fast to his pony, secured the animal against a break for liberty, and set out for the fort.

The boy was sullen and defiant for a time, refusing to answer any question, but after a while, when I had told him that he would not be harmed, and that his capture under the circumstances redounded to his credit, he thawed out a little. Three hours after his capture we got sight of a single Indian a mile away to our right on a knoll, and as we halted young Black Cloud informed me that it was one of his tribe, who wanted to have a talk with us. Signals were exchanged between the two, and the stranger soon came galloping in. He was one of the hunting party, and had been dodging us for twenty miles to find out if the boy had been captured. He was a fine looking fellow, and as he halted in our midst, and saw the ignoble situation of the boy his first thought was to fight for him. I called his attention to the fact that any move of his would result in the death of them both, and then explained how the youth was captured. Knowing the conceit of the tribe I spread it on very thick, allowing that it required our whole force to make the capture, and it was not accomplished then without a hard fight. This falsehood made the boy my friend for life, while it put the other in better humor. I offered that young Black Cloud would be taken to the fort and held prisoner until exchanged for some white captive, and gave my word that he would be well treated meanwhile. He sent a message to his father to the effect that he was not afraid, and hoped to be at liberty in a few days, and two hours later we had him safely lodged in the guard house at the fort. His capture was looked upon as a good thing, for we knew that his tribe would gladly exchange two or three white prisoners for him.

Two weeks after the capture of young Black Cloud I was called in to the Colonel's office one evening, and asked if I thought it possible to get through to Fort Concho with despatches. The country was then in the possession of the hostiles. The Paris warriors had come down out of New Mexico to make common cause against the whites, and the Kiowas, Comanches, Chickasaws, Seminoles, and Shawnees were all out in the country to the north and east. The Apaches had not stirred in a state of siege, being seen every day within five miles of the post, and the chances of making a sixty mile ride across the plains lying between the two forts without running against a party of hostiles was not one in fifty. At such perilous times a Government rider is not commanded to go. He is asked certain questions, however, in a manner which decides him to make the attempt. I left the post at 9 o'clock at night of an August evening perfectly satisfied that I should be dead or a prisoner before midnight. I had a bronco of tireless gait, a rifle and revolver, and I carried only five or six pounds extra weight. Before setting out I went in to see young Black Cloud and say good by. I had spent much of my time in his company, and we had become pretty good friends. When I told him of my journey he took from his neck a buckskin string, to which was attached the tooth of a grizzly bear, and handed it to me with the remark:

"You cannot get through. You will be captured or killed. If not shot down, show this to my people. They will know who it belongs to. They may trade you for me, and I shall thus get back to my tribe."

A thunder storm was coming up as I took my departure. Instead of holding due north, on the direct route, I rode to the east for five miles and then held away for Concho direct. The storm now broke, and for a full hour I rode ahead at a steady gallop, one moment in darkness so black that I could not see the ears of my horse, and the next in a blaze of light so brilliant that it blinded me. By the time the storm had passed I was a good fifteen miles from the fort, and as I had seen nothing to alarm me I began to hope that I would get through all right. It was between 10 and 11 o'clock, and I had pulled my broncho down to a walk for the first time, when he suddenly uttered a snort of alarm and started off with wild jumps. Three or four rifles cracked, and as the reports reached me the horse fell in a heap and flung me far over his head. I was momentarily stunned by the fall, and before I had made a move to get up I was seized by at least three Indians, who were not a minute in binding my hands and feet. When I got a clear head once more it was to realize that the Apaches had me a secure prisoner, and that, there were six or seven warriors about me. The moon came up in a clear sky a little later, and then I made out that I had run directly into a contemporary camp. The shots fired after me had brought down my horse, and he lay groaning and floundering a few yards away.

The Indians knew that I was a white man, but they didn't know who they had got hold of until morning came. During the interval I lay on the wet ground guarded by two of the warriors, and almost immediately after my capture two men were sent off in different directions with news of it. A party of twelve Apaches arrived just before daylight and ten more at sunrise, and among the latter I recognized Black Cloud, father of the boy. One of the men had received me as "The white man who lies," as the Government riders were called, and as being in the party who captured the Chief's son. No one ever saw such a mad lot of redskins inflicted in since. They wanted to torture me, and yet they realized that through me the boy could obtain his liberty. The Chief at first declared that he had disowned his son, and that he might rot in confinement before he would exchange a white prisoner for him. When I called his attention to the charm young Black Cloud had given me the old man pretended to believe that it was a sign the boy was dead, and he ordered my comrade *to torture. I was placed in a sitting position, my feet cut off, and the devils were about to cut their knives on my feet when the old man changed his mind and restrained them. The sight of me before them was the same as a pail of fresh blood placed before ravenous wolves, and I expected to be killed or tomahawked every moment for the first half hour. When they had cooled down a little Black Cloud demanded the particulars of his boy's capture. I now feel he felt degraded over the event, and was ready to disown the youth, and I made out a strong defence for the little chap to save my own scalp.*

It was finally decided to spare my life for a few days, and I was conducted to a camp in the foothills between the two forts. Here a council was held, and I had a close shave of it. While Black Cloud wanted his son back, some of his advisers contended that he should wait until securing some closer prisoner. They insisted on making me out a very important personage, and it was well known that I had killed or wounded several of the tribe in different scrimmages. Another thing that bothered them was how to make the exchange and not get taken. Treacherous and deceitful to the last degree themselves, they would not credit the whites with having any honor. It was argued, too, that the commander of the fort would exchange the boy for a private soldier or any sort of prisoner, and that I had done them too much damage to be set at liberty. There were three days in which my fate was undecided, and during the last day a stake was driven and fagots collected for a fire to torture me. I had no voice in the council, being bound and under guard, but it was at length decided to make the exchange. So cautious and fearful were the Indians that it took a week to effect what might have been done in a day. I wrote a note to the commandant explaining the situation. This was carried in by a squaw, who was permitted to see and converse with young Black Cloud. He replied that he would exchange. The Apaches then wanted the boy turned loose before they released me, but this I would not hear to, knowing they would murder me. It was finally arranged that he was to be escorted a mile outside the fort and turned loose on his horse. I was to be taken to within a mile of the fort, and turned loose on foot. The parties were to occupy embankments half a mile apart, and the hour was to be 9 o'clock in the morning. This plan was carried out. Twenty soldiers came out with the boy, and about the same number of Apaches escorted me. The treachery of the copper-faced fiends was soon manifested. They had posted five warriors in a dry run to shoot me down as I made for the fort. The boy doubtless suspected some such move, for as soon as released he came galloping straight for me, and after a "how how" and a hand shake he insisted that I walk beside his pony until we reached the gate of the fort. When I was safe he waved his hand and rode away to be received with yells and cheers and it was then we saw the treacherous rascals creeping out to the cover where they had been stationed. A year later, after a fight in which over forty of the bravest Apache warriors had gone to grief, I found young Black Cloud among the dead, having been hit four times. He had a Winchester and a revolver from which every cartridge had been fired.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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First class American work is not only the best of its kind in the world, but the output for a given plant is much greater. It is not the machines or the methods alone that accomplish this last, but the social status of the workman also. This is an inexplicable position to foreigners, who do not accord work ingmen any social standing whatever, but it is a mighty fact here. American workmen do more work because they are more intelligent, and are a part of all they undertake; they have more at stake. They care little about the quality of their beer, but very much about the houses they live in and the clothing they wear. Their great solicitude accrues that their children shall be well brought up and have all the advantages that a free country can give them. This is why the arts flourish here, and why American engineers and American machinists are leading the world.—The Engineer.

And this, also, is why American industry and American workmen should not be taxed to death, but allowed a fair chance at the markets of the world, which are now in the clutches of nations which could not compete with America on an equal footing.

But the hands of the American workmen are fettered. A high tariff wall compels American industry to prey upon itself, by keeping its products out of foreign markets, thus overstocking the home market the result, consequently, being depression reduction of wages, strikes, lockouts and all the ills that afflict American labor.

Give the American workman but half a chance, and he will beat the world.—Register.

Among the most foolish things in the world are the efforts made by railroad companies to prevent the public from getting the news in cases of accidents, wrecks, and the like. If they could succeed in suppressing the facts in such cases entirely their object might be understood, but when the only result is to delay the information for a day or so, while all sorts of wild rumors are flying about in the meantime, it would take somebody smarter than the proverbial Philadelphia lawyer to explain what the railroad companies gain by it.—Ex.

According to a correspondent of the New York Evening Post, 3,000,000 bushels of peanuts are consumed in this country every year. They come chiefly from Virginia and North Carolina, although Tennessee also produces a small crop.

Statistics compiled by the Board of Inquiry, have ascertained that over six thousand people were killed in the Conemaugh Valley during the great lake burst.

On the 2nd inst. Lewis H. Short (col.) was killed near Beaverette by falling off a freight train. He was beating his way from Hinton to Charlottsville Va.

New Yorkers are talking of building a tower 1,200 feet high.

The immigration during July was 3,874 less than in July, 1888. Every month this year has shown a good deal decline in European arrivals.

Living in Quarters.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering from pain. It is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

During a quarrel between Fred Ewing, white, and Jerome Crawford, colored, of Glenville, W. Va., the former stabbed the latter in the arm, inflicting severe injuries. Crawford's body was found on the roadside afterward with his head crushed in. Ewing is under arrest charged with the crime.

Congressman Wm. L. Wilson, of West Virginia, now in England, writes to a friend in Washington that he has attended a session of the House of Commons, and was not particularly impressed either by the speeches he heard or by the appearance of the hall, which, he says, is not as large as that of the United States House of Representatives.

"Brick" Pomery, the widely known author and editor, at 234 Broadway, New York, will, on receipt of 25 cents, send as directed, a sample copy of one of his interesting books entitled, *Ourselves and our Neighbors*: also a copy of his very independent and original monthly magazine, *Advance Thought*. And you will read every line each contains.

Internal revenue statistics show that in the fiscal year 1887-8 tax was collected on 1,853,723,000 cigarettes. In the year 1888-9 the number increased to 2,159,515,860—an increase of 288,788,260. Two cases of boy insanity are reported from New York city, within a week, resulting from excessive cigarette smoking. One made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide. Both were sent to an asylum.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON August, 9.—Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson's friends have never forgotten his aspirations to be Secretary of the Interior in the present cabinet. The story that is just now interesting everybody in Washington is believed to have originated with the above-mentioned friends of Mr. Clarkson. It tells in elaborate details that Mr. Harrison having become convinced that it would never do to appoint Attorney General Miller to the vacant justiceship of the Supreme Court, and his being a New York man having settled Secretary Tracy's chances, had decided to appoint Secretary Noble to the vacancy. That would make a vacancy in the cabinet, which the story goes on to say, the President has not yet decided whether he will fill with Postmaster General Wanamaker and make Mr. Clarkson Postmaster General or appoint Mr. Clarkson secretary of the Interior. A very pretty story and one that will have the intended effect of reminding President Harrison that Mr. Clarkson expects to go in the cabinet if a vacancy occurs. Secretary Noble denies that he is to be appointed to the Supreme Court. He ought to know it about as soon as anybody else.

No bills will be paid the telegraph companies for carrying government messages until it is decided at what rate they shall be paid for. The Postmaster General insists that one mill per word is enough. This the telegraph people deny.

The Treasury department receives by mail from the commander of the revenue cutter "Bush" full particulars of the seizure of the Canadian sealing vessel "Black Diamond" in Behrings sea, but declines to make it public until it is seen by Secretary Windom, who is at present out out of town.

Next Winter, it is probable that about 11,000,000 acres of land in the great Sioux Indian reservation in Southern Dakota will be thrown open to settlement. It only requires that Congress shall approve the agreement, which Ex-Gov. Foster, chairman of the Commission, telegraphed the Interior department Wednesday had been made with the Indians. Under this agreement the Indians will receive $1.25 per acre for all the land sold during the first three years, 75 cents per acre for all that remains unsold after. The Commission, which was composed of Ex-Gov. Foster, of Ohio, Gen. Crook, U. S. A., and Hon. Wm. Warner, of Missouri, have been about a month in getting the requisite number of Indians—two thirds of the males over eighteen years old—to sign the agreement. The Indians refused to sign a similar agreement last year.

Representative Allen, of Miss., is in town. Speaking of the next House he said: "The republican programme will presumably be the revision of the rules and an attempt to seat republican contestants. I am not a democratic leader, but I believe that "the crimes they have taught us we should practice". If the republicans are allowed their way they will quickly produce a working majority. But remember how they postponed election cases in the last Congress. The Felton—Sullivan contest, for instance they would not allow to be considered at all. I, for one have no fear of the extra session. The burden of its mistakes will be on republican shoulders."

It has been decided that when the Civil Service Commission certify three names for appointment and one of them is a discharged soldier or sailor he must be selected by the appointing power for the place.

The employes of the Government Printing Office are working night and day to get the great mass of testimony in the contested election cases in print before Congress meets. There is an unusual number of such cases and a vast mass of evidence in each case. One of the cases just completed makes a book of nearly 500 pages.

Only one member of the administration is at present in Washington. Secretary Noble is the man. He is carrying the responsibility of the whole machine but it does not seem to worry him much, if any.

President Harrison glad the heart of many waiting and hungry brethren by making a large number of appointments before leaving for Bar Harbor. Still the number disappointed was much the greatest.

Attorney General Miller has gone to Indianapolis, where he will remain until joined by the President on the 23rd, inst. at the laying of the corner stone of the soldiers monument, after which they will return to Washington together.

A stick of dynamite was fed up to a threshing machine in Ind. the other day. The machine was blown to pieces, three men were torn to atoms and two teams killed.

There is more worth in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to a teaspoonful. It act directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

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GEO. W. WAGNER.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George C. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to settle the real estate of the said Geo. C. Hill, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George C. Hill to me at Sidnorville, W. Va., Commissioner of the Court in the said County, on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 9th day of July, 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.

By JOHN E. CAMPBELL, D. C.

July 25-6t. Printers fee $6.50

LADY CORRESPONDENT.

wanted by a young man of 26 years, good looking, weigh 130lbs 5 feet 8 inches high worth some money and of a good family and would like a young lady correspondent from 18 to 25.

Address P. O. Box 16, Dilley's Mill, W. Va.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the first Monday in July, 1889.

Cyrus E. Wilfong ..... Plaintiff,

vs.

Henry A. Yeager, Joseph W. Wing and Charles A. Lightner ..... Defendants

IN CHANCERY

The object of this suit is to attach the estate of the defendant Henry A. Yeager, and to have the same to pay the amount of a debt due from said Yeager to the plaintiff, Cyrus E. Wilfong, as will be fully detail the bill filed in the cause on the 1st day of October, 1888, for $200.00, payable one day after date of the bond, subject to a credit of $45.00 as of the 20th day of July, 1887, and $100.00, payable one day after date of the bond, subject to a credit of $45.00 as of the 20th day of July, 1887, and appearing by affidavit to be due from said Yeager to a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within the time prescribed by law and answer the bill of the plaintiff, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing as against him.

Teste:

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

SUTHERLAND & McCLINTIC, p. q.

July 18-6.

Printers fee $4.00.

Masonic Notice.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 55, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DAVIS, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Secty.

6-31

HOME NEWS.

—Butter 8 cents.

—W. O. McClaskie, of Baltimore was in town last week.

—T. L. and J. C. Reynolds were in town last Saturday.

—Capt. J. G. Lakin, of Dunmore was in town last Saturday.

—R. C. Jenkins was in Huntersville last week.

—Dr. Richard Williams, has been in town for several days.

—Moffett Cutlip, of Academy, called to see us last Friday.

—John Driscol, was in town last Saturday.

—Geo. W. Wagner is up at Green Bank, fixing to raft some timber.

—Atty. C. F. Moore, was up at Frost Monday.

—Attorney L. M. McClintic, has returned from William's river.

—Bishop Peterkin will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday night.

—Chas. Bruce, of Mingo Flats passed through town Tuesday with a drove of sheep.

—Mr. Jake Beard and Miss Blanch Clark, of Academy, were the guests of Mr. Wm. Carey Saturday night and Sunday.

—Harry W. Campbell, Esq., of Academy, came up home last Saturday and returned Sunday.

—Miss Dodie Sharp, who has been with her sister Mrs. Greenbill in Academy for some time has returned home.

—Rev. M. S. Billingsly, of Monroe Co., made us a pleasant call Tuesday. He was on his way home, from visiting his son in Randolph Co.

—Miss Lou W. Hevener, daughter of Mr. Uriah Hevener of Green Bank, W. Va., spent Tuesday night in Monterey, on her way to visit her sister in Pulaski county.—Recorder.

—A. S. Williams, of Va., who built the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place now at three years ago is here now for the purpose of bidding on the additional span.

Institute Notice.

The Institute for Pocahontas Co., will convene in Huntersville, August 26th, beginning at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Teachers will be required to attend and put in full time. No excuse taken for non-attendance except those given by law.

Teachers having four years certificates will be required to attend the Institute and pass an examination on Physiology.

M. G. MATHEWS,
Co. Supt.

Buffaloe Items.

Messrs. Kellner and West Beverage have started out with their steam thresher. Last week they threshed crops for G. M. Kee, Esq., Capt. Agnew, and the Prices.

Capt. Agnew had 136 bushels of first class wheat, from nine acres. Kee's wheat nearly as nice. Prices had 65 bushels from four acres, and good quality. The steam thresher is a great advance upon the old horse power contrivances.

Messrs Fitzer, Gardner and Collins have moved off eight or ten cars during the considerable amounting to nearly one hundred and fifty thousand feet of sawed lumber, staves, spiral rib &c.

H. K. S.

Preaching Arrangements.

Sacramental meeting (D. V.) at Mt. Vernon Church the fourth sabbath of August. All day meeting with refreshments, on the ground. Preaching Friday night before at Dever's School House. Saturday night at Frost, as preliminary services.

On the night of the second sabbath of September there will be preaching (D. V.) at Edray Chapel. The subject will be the Johnstown disaster.

W. T. P.

Big Saving Notes.

The farmers in this vicinity are making hay very slowly owing to wet weather.

Miss Mamie Gatewood is home from Frederick Female Seminary after an absence of ten months.

The school here is progressing finely under the management of Miss Clark.

Born, on the morning the 5th, to B. F. Hamilton and wife a ten pound boy.

MOODY.

Dunmore Doings.

Fine hay weather and farmers are making use of it.

S. L. Jackson and wife have returned to Ronceverte.

Col. Jno. Driscol was up last week.

Capt. J. C. Kinports is with us.

Misses Mary Price, Birdie and Col. E. C. Ferguson, of Huttonsville are here on a visit.

Mrs. Flenner and Miss Sallie Patterson are improving.

Bishop Peterkin will preach at Clover Lick Sunday the 18th.

O. W. Rockman contemplates opening a tan yard near Green Bank soon.

Boyd Bartlett is finishing the plastering of Mr. Pritchard's house.

We have a man here that spent one night in the wreckage at Johnstown.

TOM SAWYER.

Green Bank Items.

News is scarce this week.

Miss Sallie Patterson who has been sick at this place was carried to her home at Glade Hill on her bed on Sunday last. Her severe illness has enlisted much sympathy from her many friends in this vicinity.

Dr. C. L. Austin was called to see Forrest Warwick, who we learn is quite ill.

Mr. F. Little has undertaken an extensive job of painting on Mr. Geo. W. Kerr's new house and barn.

Miss Lou Hevener is off on a visit to her sister Mrs. Summerson in Pulaski Va., and other places of interest.

Mr. Davis, the artist has been quite indisposed for the last few days.

PAULINA.

Sunset Locals.

Three days dry weather this week and the farmers have made good use of them putting up hay and oats. The hay crop is good.

Z. S. Gonlet the late purchaser of the W. L. Hershl farm is preparing to sow a large crop of wheat. More of our farmers should do likewise.

Mrs. P. M. Harper, accompanied by Mrs. Birdie Ballenger are visiting Mrs. R. M. Pritchard at Healing Springs Va.

J. C. Harper, is back from a trip to Healing Springs.

Mr. H. M. Lockridge, is attending Warm Springs for his health.

Rev. W. H. Ballenger will preach at Sunset school house on Sunday the 18 at 8 o'clock p. m., whilst on his way to Monroe where he will attend Monroe Camp Meeting and visit his father.

Success to THE TIMES.

FOLEY.

The Brushy Ridge Camp meeting will convene next Thursday, the 15th instant.

A Little Sermon.

There is a great deal of talk to this day and time of culture. We hear of literary societies that exist to dispense views that are more or less rapid, we hear of schools of philosophy; we hear of the growth and accumulation, so to speak, of that free and easy doctrine which the Plankettis of the north call Christian science; and we hear of a thousand and one movements that restless and uneasy people are pushing forward under the cloak of culture and moral development.

It is a very easy matter to talk about culture and progress. We see a great deal about it in current books and read a great deal about it in newspapers, especially in newspapers printed in the neighborhood of Boston. But, after all, what is culture, and what are its benefits? It is easier to ask the question than it is to answer it, and this is because the average opinion of culture amounts to confusion.

To the person who is familiar with the best in literature—and this familiarity is cheaply and quickly bought—there is nothing to be had sought after than culture. The man who reads his Bible understandingly and appreciatively, and who makes a study of the wonderful body of literature that it contains, is more highly cultured than he who has read a hundred books in a dozen different languages.

Character is the essence of culture, and the books that form character and enable the mind to understand that information is not wisdom and that knowledge is not necessarily the result of what we are pleased to call education. What is best in life is to be found in the best of books—and this suggestion need not necessarily be construed into a sermon. St. Paul was a preacher, it is true, but he was a literary man also, and he had qualities which were not transmitted to the modern evangelists. So with Job and Isaiah, and so with the beloved prophet who was bold enough to ease his troubled soul in the pages of Ecclesiastes.

The only culture in life or in literature that is worth considering grows out of earnestness and simplicity.—Atlanta Constitution.

Statistics show that during the past year, there were 2,184 murders in the United States, against 87 legal executions and 144 lynchings.

HILLSBORO TRAINING SCHOOL.

The third annual session of the Hillsboro Training School for young ladies and children will begin September 4 1889.

Miss G. M. SHEARER,
Principal.

SUCCESSOR & SCRIVENER BISCUIT
of
Huntersville, W. Va

I am prepared to make in the best style and order, Books and Blanks of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style. May 10 6 m. J. C. YEAGER.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Heirs of Reuben Hannah dec'd
The Heirs of James Hannah dec'd, Henry D. Davis and John T. and W. S. Grimm, sons of Samuel Grimm, dec'd.
Do ye willfully, Greeting:

We command you that you appear before F. J. Beard, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County at his office in the town of Huntersville, in said County on the 9th day of September 1889, and there show cause, if any you or either of you can, why certain lands shall not be sold for the benefit of the school fund, which are mentioned in a petition filed in said Court by the Commissioner of School Land for said County, which was referred to said Commissioner Beard for report thereon by decree of said Court made on the 15th day of June, 1889.

Witness John J. Beard, Clk. of our said Court, at the Court House of said County, the 9th day of August, 1889, in the 113th year of the State.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

Aug 8-4t Printers fee $7.50

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, West Virginia, on the first Monday in August, 1889.

Augusta National Bank, of Staunton, Va., and M. J. McNeel, Sheriff of Pocahontas county and as such exec'r of M. Minter, dec'd.

vs.

Samuel C. Tardy, E. D. Urquhart and Samuel C Tardy Jr. late merchants and partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy; Wm. M. McAllister and Charles P. Jones, Trustee.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to enforce a payment of the sum of $6,351 due to the plaintiffs by the defendants. Tardy Urquhart & Tardy, by two protested negotiable notes, and the costs of protest with interest on $1,919.55 thereof, from February 24, 1886, and one $1,388.78, the residue thereof from March 22, 1886, and the costs of this suit; and to attach the interest of the defendants, Sam'l C. Tardy & Sam'l C. Tardy, Jr. in a tract of land containing 7,197 acres, lying in the County of Pocahontas, sufficient to satisfy the same.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the said Defendants, Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, are non-residents of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
JOHAN & MCALLISTER, p. q.
aug 8-4t Printers fee $11.50

Commissioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c.
vs. In Chy. No. 8.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above entitled cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 17th day of August 1889 to take, state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing what liens have been paid upon said tract of land within the last two years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

2nd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the Plaintiffs in this cause to be taxed as the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required by the specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
July 25-4t Printers fee $8.00.

Commissioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c.
vs. In Chy. No. 8.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in the above cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall, as Commissioner of said Court proceed to my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 23rd day of August 1889 to take, state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing what are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 1,303 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what liens have been paid upon said tract of land within five years before the institution of this suit by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the plaintiffs in this cause, to be taxed as the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by the specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
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If you want good Grave Marble and granite Monuments etc., that you can do no better than to buy from

G. A. COOPER, agent.
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A. B. SWETT,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

GOOD FLOUR.

We the undersigned, would say that we have handled at H. D. McCarty's mill, some fine flour at A. Barlow's Huntersville, and Barlow & Moore's, Edray for 6 mos. ending Mar. 30.

NOTICE.

I will not hereafter sell mill stuff on credit, and all who owe me will please come forward and settle their accounts at once and save further trouble.

From $5.50 per 100 the mill costs Nicks per lbs.

GEO. H. MCCLINTIC,
Edray.

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Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Hugh W. Carpenter deceased:

In pursuance of a Decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending in chancery wherein Hugh M. Carpenter is the plaintiff and Hugh M. Carpenter, in the pretended of his widow, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, for adjustment to F. J. Beard, Commissioner, at his office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on or before the next county on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Given, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court this 9th day of June 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
July 25-4t Printers fee $5.70

Commissioner's Notice.

George C. Hill's Adm'r
vs. In Chancery.
Rebecca J. Hill & others.

Notice is hereby given all parties that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above cause on the 15th day of June, 1889, I shall as Commissioner of said Court proceed to my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 9th day of September, 1889, at which time and place I will receive, state, and report the following accounts:

1st. A settlement of the accounts of R. W. Hill as administrator C. T. C. of George Hill, dec'd.

2nd. An account showing the debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd, showing their several amounts priorities and to whom payable.

3rd. A general description of all the lands of which George C. Hill died seized, with a statement of their respective value and separate owners' value.

4th. A statement of the personal estate and value of all the personal property of which George C. Hill died possessed which at the time of report is remaining applicable to the payment of debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd.

5th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
July 25-3t Printers fee $7.50

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN T. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

August 16, 1883.

THE FRONT GATE LIAR.

How Father Raised His Chamber Window and This is What Came to Him Through the Darkness Air.

"Pretty night, ain't it, Tilly?"

"Yes, pretty enough; good night, Hank."

"What's yer rush?"

"Did my 'rush' if I 'wore you."

"Why, we ain't been standing here but a few minutes."

"Ough, Hank Sparks, what a big story teller you are. We've been here over an hour."

"Well, what if we have?"

"Well, that's long enough, that's what. We'd ought to be 'shamed of ourselves anyhow."

"What for?"

"For being so silly."

"I reckon we ain't the only silly folks in the world time."

"That makes no difference. Good night."

"Say, wait a minute, Tilly."

"Pshaw! Yes s'pose I'm going to stand here all night!"

"Nobody wants you to say here all night, but I don't see why you snatch yourself away like this."

"I'll be calling me first thing I know."

"Let 'im call; it won't hurt him."

"It might hurt you if he took a notion to come out or to set old Brute loose."

"Pooh! Who's afraid?"

"You'd better be. Good night."

"Wait a minute."

"I shan't stay out here another minute."

"Yes you will."

"I won't. Let go my hands."

"I don't have to."

"You mean thing, you! I—I—if you dare to kiss me again, Hank Sparks!"

"No, I don't, eh? There!"

"Hank Sparks!"

"I see'd another."

"For a notion to call for pa. I will if you kiss me again, sir!"

"You're the worst case I ever saw. Shame on you!"

"Fools! I pity a fellow who ain't got enough to kiss his girl when he can."

"I'd be ashamed if I was you, sir. Good night."

"Good night, Tilly."

"Good night."

"Good night. Don't forget that we're going to the singing school Friday night."

"Yes, we will and maybe we won't."

"You'd better look out or I'll kiss you again."

"Yes, you daren't! Good night."

"Bye-bye."

"Howdy."

A man never knows what he can do until he tries, and then, after word, he is often very sorry that he found out.

Scottish gentleman at the house of a friend: "Is your mistress in?" Mary: "She is sir." Gentleman: "Is she engaged?" Mary: "Faith, she's more than that—she's married."

A man doesn't feel at least inflated when blown up by his wife.

Strange.—Husband: "I dreamt I died and went to heaven. Strange, Wife: "Yes strange indeed."

Miss Lovelorn: "Did you mean that as a snub at me? Oldbeau: "No, my dear; it was a twinge of the rheumatism."

What is the difference between a summer dress and an extracted tooth?—One is less thin and other is tooth out.

Two heads are better than one. The two-headed freak in the dime museum earns a larger salary than the one headed professor.

Bride: "George, dear, when we reach town let us try to avoid leaving the impression that we are newly married." "All right, Maud; you can lug this valise."

Madam: "Do up my hair, Felice, while I am down at breakfast." Felice: "Yes, madam; which colour?" Madam: "The black, please; I am going to a funeral."

A garrulous fop, who had annoyed by his frivolous remarks his partner in the ballroom, asked whether she had ever had her ears pierced. "No, but I have had them bored."

Stout Lady: "Sir, I beg that you will desist from following me, or I shall call a constable." Perspiring Stranger: "Pray don't say so. It's the only bit of a shade in the whole park. I'd do as much for you, but my shadow isn't worth mentioning."

Adorer (nervously): "Isn't that your father's step on the stairs?" Sweet Girl: "Yes, but don't mind that; it's only a scare. He won't come down. He always stamps around that way when I sit up with young men after eleven o'clock."

An attorney at law, who wished to show his smartness by quizzing a wild farmer, began by asking him if there were many girls in his neighborhood.

"Yes," replied the old man; "there's a dreadful sight of 'em—so many that there ain't half enough respectable husbands for 'em all, and so some of 'em are beginning to take us with lawyers!"

The attorney did not follow up the subject.

"Well, Master Jackson," said the minister, walking homeward after service with an industrious labourer, who was a constant attendant "Sunday must be a very blessed day of rest for you, who work so hard all the week. And you make good use of the day, for you are to be always seen at church." "Ah, sir," replied Jackson, "it is, indeed a blessed day, I works hard enough all the week, and then I comes to church o' Sundays, and sets me down, and lays my legs up and thinks o' nothin'."

The Weight of Individuals.

The average weight of a boy at birth is seven and that of a girl a little more than six pounds. While they attain the full development of man or womanhood they should weigh twenty times as much as they did at birth. This would make a man's average weight 140 and a woman about 120. The height of a male at birth is 1 ft. 7 in., and that of a female 1 ft. 6 in. Fully grown a man's height should be about three and a half times greater than at birth, or 5 ft. 8 in., while a woman should be 5 ft. 2 in. The weight of individuals who are fully developed and well formed, however, varies within extremes, which are nearly as one to two, while the height varies within limits which at most are as 1 to 1.54. Taking 200 lbs. as the maximum of male weight and 85 as the minimum, the mean would have the average of 142½ lbs. Placing the maximum weight of women at 160 lbs. and the minimum at 70 lbs., and we get an average of 121½ lbs.

"I suppose you find this to be a hard, hard world, do you not?" she said, as she gave the tramp a loaf of stale bread. "Yes'm," answered the tramp, trying to make a dent in the loaf with his knife; "but we frequently strike things that are harder."

In the Sun

A knowledge of feline traits once enabled Charles James Fox to win a wager from the then Prince of Wales, while the two were saunteering along a fashionable street in London.

It was a hot summer's day and Fox offered to bet that he would see more cats than His Royal Highness during their promenade, although the Prince might choose on which side of the street he would walk.

It turned out that Fox had seen thirteen cats and the Prince none. "Your Royal Highness," said Fox, answering the Prince's request for an explanation, "choose of course, the shady side of the street as being most agreeable. I know that the sunny side would be left for me, and that cats prefer the sunshine."—Youth's Companion.

New List of Don'ts.

Don't drink black or green tea. Paint it red.

Don't wear high heels, and yet do not walk altogether on your uppers.

Don't eat a large, juicy steak at a boarding house.

Don't wear your bathing suit to a sleighing party.

Don't permit a boy to eat more than fifteen times a day if you can help it.

Don't eat on an empty stomach unless you feel hungry.

Don't read in street cars of jolting stages. Get the conductor to read to you.

Don't eat chicken salad if boiled veal does not agree with you.

Don't lose your head in case of violent bleeding at the nose. You might need it in your business.

Don't eat cucumbers or stale meats. Send them to the preacher.

Don't eat shad in a hurry.

Don't drink liquor in large quantities when suffering with delirium tremens.

Don't jump from the window when suffering with alcoholism under the impression that there are snakes in the room. These serpents are more imaginative than real.

Don't sit with your back to a night draft.

The Steubenville Herald tells of a surgeon around there that is about.

Attorney General Miller has gone to Indianapolis, where he will remain until joined by the President on the 22nd, inst. at the laying of the corner stone of the soldiers monument, after which time he will return to Washington again.

A stick of dynamite was fed to a threshing machine in Ind. other day. The machine was blown to pieces, three men were torn to atoms and two teams killed.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to 20 drops. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

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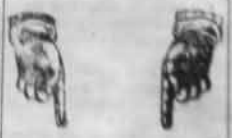

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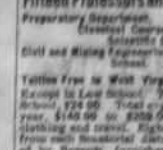

Neuralgic Persons

Brown's Iron Bitters.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
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Almost as Palatable as Milk.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 15 1889. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 4.

Officer Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, T. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff,
Clerk of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Board.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { D. B. Hannah, Pres't. / E. E. Hannah. / O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

T. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

A. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HOCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ADE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. H. S. REYNOLDS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff & Acme Blacking
Wolff & Acme Blacking

BLACK CLOUD'S SON.

A GOVERNMENT RIDER'S STORY

There will never be another Indian outbreak serious enough to call for the action of a full regiment of soldiers in suppressing it. The extermination of the buffalo was the death blow to the hostile Indian. Added to that, the building of the railroad lines flooded the West with emigrants, miners, hunters and tourist, and the Indian found himself hedged in by circumstances. The red man is no longer a warrior. He is down, and down pretty low, and it is the beginning of the end. He is doomed to follow the buffalo, and his total extinction will be regretted only by the few philanthropists who argued for him as a theory, and never came in physical contact.

No human being ever came nearer being a friend than an Apache Indian. The Pawnees, Blackfeet and Cheyennes were wicked enough but the Apache had traits of his own—a fiendishness which other tribes might imitate but could not equal. He was born crafty and cruel. He never had the slightest feeling of mercy or pity from the cradle to the grave. He was never so much amused as when assisting to torture some living thing. He was never so satisfied as when planning to take life.

A year previous to the time General Custer was ordered West to begin a vigorous campaign against the Indians, the Apaches were in their glory, and they boasted that they could defeat any force of soldiers sent against them. I was scouting and mail-carrying in Texas for the Government, and after many close shaves was finally captured by the redskins. It is of that incident I am going to write.

A month before my capture I was out on a scout on the Rio Pecos River, our party numbering eight men. We were well mounted and moving quickly from point to point. One day at noon we went into camp in a grove of cotton woods, and before I had unsaddled the Lieutenant in command informed me that he had lost his revolver from its holster during the last mile of our ride, and asked me to ride back in search. Instead of riding I returned on foot, and had the luck to find the weapon only about a quarter of a mile away. I then cut across an elbow to reach the grove, and when within stone's throw came suddenly upon an Indian pony in a dry gulch, and at the same instant discovered his owner crouched behind a boulder with his back to me and his face to the grove. I had him under my rifle before he could turn his head. Indeed, my finger was on the trigger when I saw that he was a boy. He had a rifle in his hands, but I called out to him to lay it down or I would fire, and after a moments hesitation he obeyed. Then, as I kept him covered at a distance of only seven or eight feet, I called to the men in the grove, and several of them came hurrying down to reinforce me.

I had captured a son of Black Cloud, Chief of one of the Apache bands, and the boy was named after his father. He was only fourteen years old, and his presence there exemplified the ruling traits of Apache character. Three hours before, he had discovered our party while out hunting with a party of his own. They dared not make an open attack, but the young Chief had sent his people away and then cut across the country to the grove, planning that we would halt there. Single handed and alone he was going to pick off the Lieutenant and then make his escape to boast of it. We had splendid horses and were all old campaigners, and the boy would not have had one chance in ten to get away. He must have realized it, and yet he was willing to run the risks. He was greatly chagrined and cast down by his capture. We had finished our scout and were on our way back to Fort McKavett, and we determined to carry him in prisoner. When he was informed of this he earnestly begged me to kill him, saying that he could never hold up his head among his people again. Had he been wounded and rendered helpless it would not have been so bad; but to be taken as he was would forever disgrace him. We bound him fast to his pony, secured the animal against a break for liberty, and set out for the fort.

The boy was sullen and defiant for a time, refusing to answer any question, but after a while, when I had told him that he would not be harmed, and that his capture under the circumstances redounded to his credit, he thawed out a little. Three hours after his capture we got sight of a single Indian a mile away to our right on a knoll, and as we halted young Black Cloud informed me that it was one of his tribe, who wanted to have a talk with us. Signals were exchanged between the two, and the stranger soon came galloping in. He was one of the hunting party, and had been dodging us for twenty miles to find out if the boy had been captured. He was a fine looking fellow, and as he halted in our midst, and saw the ignoble situation of the boy his first thought was to fight for him. I called his attention to the fact that any move of his would result in the death of them both, and then explained how the youth was captured. Knowing the consent of the tribe I spread it on very thick, alleging that it required our whole force to make the capture, and it was not accomplished then without a hard fight. This falsehood made the boy my friend for life, while it put the other in better humor. I stated that young Black Cloud would be taken to the fort and held prisoner until exchanged for some white captive, and gave my word that he would be well treated meanwhile. He sent a message to his father to the effect that he was not afraid, and hoped to be at liberty in a few days, and two hours later we had him safely lodged in the guard house at the fort. His capture was looked upon as a good thing, for we knew that his tribe would gladly exchange two or three white prisoners for him.

Two weeks after the capture of young Black Cloud I was called in to the Colonel's office one evening, and asked if I thought it possible to get through to Fort Concho with despatches. The country was then in the possession of the hostiles. The Penas warriors had come down out of New Mexico to make common cause against the whites, and the Kiowas, Cheyennes, Chickasaws, Seminoles, and Shawnees were all out in the country to the north and east. The Apaches had us almost in a state of siege, being seen every day within five miles of the post, and the chances of making a sixty-mile ride across the plains lying between the two forts without running against a party of hostiles was not one in fifty. At such points our times a Government rider is not commanded to go. He is asked certain questions, however, in a manner which decides him to make the attempt. I left the post at 9 o'clock at night of an August evening perfectly satisfied that I should be dead or a prisoner before mid-night. I had a bronco of tireless gait, a rifle and revolver, and I carried only five or six pounds extra weight. Before setting out I went in to see young Black Cloud and say good by. I had spent much of my time in his company, and we had become pretty good friends. When I told him of my journey he took from his neck a buckskin string, to which was attached the tooth of a grizzly bear, and handed it to me with the remark:

"You cannot get through. You will be captured or killed. If not shot down, show this to my people. They will know who it belongs to. They may trade you for me, and I shall thus get back to my tribe."

A thunder storm was coming up as I took my departure. Instead of holding due north, on the direct route, I rode to the east for five miles and then held away for Concho direct. The storm now broke, and for a full hour I rode ahead at a steady gallop, one moment in darkness so black that I could not see the ears of my horse, and the next in a blaze of light so brilliant that it blinded me. By the time the storm had passed I was a good fifteen miles from the fort, and as I had seen nothing to alarm me I began to hope that I would get through all right. It was between 10 and 11 o'clock, and I had pulled my broncho down to a walk for the first time, when he suddenly winced, snorted with alarm and started off with wild jumps. Three or four rifles cracked, and as the reports reached me the horse fell in a heap and flung me far over his head. I was momentarily stunned by the fall, and before I had made a move to get up I was seized by at least three Indians, who were not a minute in binding my hands and feet. When I got a clear head once more it was to realize that the Apaches had me a secure prisoner, and that there were six or seven warriors about me. The moon came up in a clear sky a little latter, and then I made out that I had run already into a contemporary camp. The shots fired after me had brought down my horse, and he lay groaning and floundering a few yards away.

The Indians knew that I was a white man, but they didn't know who they had got hold of until morning came. During the festival I lay on the wet ground guarded by two of the warriors, and almost immediately after my capture two men were sent off in different directions with news of it. A party of twelve Apaches arrived just before daylight and ten more at sunrise, and among the latter I recognized Black Cloud, father of the boy. One of the men had recognized me as "The white man who harries," as the Government riders were called, and as being in the party who captured the Chief's son. No one ever saw such a vast lot of rejoicing before or since. They wanted to torture me, and yet they realized that through me the boy could obtain his liberty. The Chief at first declared that he had disowned his son, and that he might rot in confinement before he would exchange a white prisoner for him. When I called his attention to the fact that young Black Cloud had given me the old man pretended to believe that it was a sign the boy was dead, and he ordered my immediate torture. I was jerked to a sitting position, my boots cut off, and the devils were about to cut their knives on my feet when the old man changed his mind and countermanded them. The sight of one before them was the same as a pail of fresh blood placed before ravenous wolves, and I expected to be killed or tomahawked every moment for the first half hour. When they had cooled down a little Black Cloud demanded the particulars of the boy's capture. I saw that he felt degraded over the event, and was ready to discuss the point, and I made out a strong defense for the little chap to save my own scalp.

It was finally decided to spare my life for a few days, and I was conducted to a camp in the foothills between the two forts. Here a council was held, and I had a close shave of it. While Black Cloud wanted his son back, some of his warriors contended that he should wait until securing some cheaper prisoner. They insisted on making me out a very important personage, and it was well known that I had killed or wounded several of the tribe in different skirmishes. Another thing that bothered them was how to make the exchange and not get fooled. Treacherous and deceitful in the last degree themselves, they would not credit the whites with having any honor. It was argued, too, that the commander of the fort would exchange the boy for a private soldier or any sort of prisoner, and that I had done them too much damage to be set at liberty. There were three days in which my fate was undecided, and during the last day a stake was driven and fagots collected for a fire to torture me. I had no voice in the council, long bound and under guard, but it was at length decided to make the exchange. So cautious and fearful were the Indians that it took a week to effect what might have been done in a day. I wrote a note to the commandant explaining the situation. This was carried in by a squaw, who was permitted to see and converse with young Black Cloud. He replied that he would exchange. The Apaches then wanted the boy turned loose before they released me, but this I would not hear to, knowing they would murder me. It was finally arranged that he was to be escorted a mile outside the fort and turned loose on his horse. I was to be taken to within a mile of the fort, and turned loose on foot. The parties were to occupy entrances half a mile apart, and the hour was to be 9 o'clock in the morning. This plan was carried out. Twenty soldiers came out with the boy, and about the same number of Apaches escorted me. The treachery of the copper-faced fiends was soon apparent. They had posted five warriors in a dry run to shoot me down as I made for the fort. The boy doubtless suspected some such move, for as soon as released he came galloping straight for me, and after a "how how" and a hand shake he insisted that I walk beside his pony until we reached the gate of the fort. When I was safe he waved his hand and rode away to be received with yells and cheers, and it was then we saw the bunch of brush concealing one of the ambushers. A year later, after a fight in which our force of the Second Apache warriors had gone to earth, I found young Black Cloud among the dead, having been hit four times. He had a Winchester and a revolver both of which were empty and had been fired.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Published at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Half col'm	5 00	10 00	20 00	30 00
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Huntersville, W. Va.

August 15, 1889.

Give American Labor a Chance.

First-class American work is not only the best of its kind in the world, but the output for a given plant is much greater. It is not the machines or the methods alone that accomplish this last, but the social status of the workman also. This is an incontestable position to foreigners, who do not accord work-ingmen any social standing whatever, but it is a mighty fact here. American workmen do more work because they are more intelligent, and are a part of all they understand. Then, they have more at stake. They care little about the the quality of their beer, but very much about the homes they live in and the clothing they wear. Their great solicitude anxiety is that their children shall be well brought up and have all the advantages that a free country can give them. This is why the arts flourish here, and why American engineers and American machinists are leading the world.—The Engineer.

And this, also, is why American industry and American workmen should not be taxed to death, but allowed a fair chance at the market of the world, which are now in the clutches of nations which could not compete with America on an equal footing.

But the hands of the American workman are fettered. A high tariff will compel American industry to prey upon itself, by keeping its products out of foreign markets, thus overstocking the home market the result, consequently, being depression reduction of wages, strikes, lockouts and all the ills that affect American labor.

Give the American workman but half a chance, and he will beat the world.—Register.

Among the most foolish things in the world are the efforts made by railroad companies to prevent the public from getting the news in cases of accidents, wrecks, and the like. If they could succeed in suppressing the facts in each case entirely their object might be understood, but when the only result is to delay the information for a day or so, while all sorts of wild rumors are flying about in the meantime, it would take somebody smarter than the proverbial Philidelphia lawyer to explain what the railroad companies gain by it.—Ex.

According to a correspondent of the New York Evening Post, 2,500,000 bushels of peanuts are consumed in this country every year. They come chiefly from Virginia and North Carolina, although Tennessee also produces a small crop.

Statistics compiled by the Board of Inquiry, have ascertained that over six thousand people were killed in the Conemaugh Valley during the great lake burst.

On the 2nd inst. Lewis B. Short (colored) was killed near Rosecrants by being run off a freight train. He was leaving his way from Hinton to Charlottesville Va.

New Yorkers are talking of building a tower 1,000 feet high.

The immigration during July was 5,871 less than in July, 1888. Every month this year has shown a great net decline in European arrivals.

During a quarrel between Pratt Ewing, white, and Jerome Crawford, colored, of Glenville, W. Va., the former stabbed the latter in the arm, inflicting severe injuries. Crawford's body was found on the roadside afterward with his head crushed in. Ewing is under arrest charged with the crime.

Congressman Wm. L. Wilson, of West Virginia, now in England, writes to a friend in Washington that he has attended a session of the House of Commons, and was not particularly impressed either by the speeches he heard or by the appearance of the hall, which, he says, is not as large as that of the United States House of Representatives.

"Brick" Pomery, the widely known author and editor, at 234 Broadway, New York, will, on receipt of 25 cents, send as directed, a sample copy of one of his interesting books entitled, *Ourselves and our Neighbors*: also a copy of his very independent and original monthly magazine, *Advance Thought*. And you will read every line each contains.

Internal revenue statistics show that in the fiscal year 1887-8 tax was collected on 1,853,736,000 cigarettes. In the year 1888-9 the number increased to 2,159,515,860—an increase of 288,785,260. Two cases of boy insanity are reported from New York city, within a week, resulting from excessive cigarette smoking. One made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide. Both were sent to an asylum.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON August, 9.—Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson's friends have never forgotten his aspirations to be Secretary of the Interior in the present cabinet. The story that is just now interesting everybody in Washington is believed to have originated with the afore-mentioned friends of Mr. Clarkson. It tells in elaborate details that Mr. Harrison having become convinced that it would never do to appoint Attorney General Miller to the vacant justiceship of the Supreme Court, and his being a New York man having settled Secretary Tracy's chances, had decided to appoint Secretary Noble to the vacancy. That would make a vacancy in the cabinet, which the story goes on to say, the President has not yet decided whether he will fill with Postmaster General Wanamaker and make Mr. Clarkson Postmaster General or appoint Mr. Clarkson Secretary of the Interior. A very pretty story and one that will have the intended effect of reminding President Harrison that Mr. Clarkson expects to go in the cabinet if a vacancy occurs. Secretary Noble denies that he is to be appointed to the Supreme Court. He ought to know it about as soon as anybody else.

No title will be paid the telegraph companies for carrying government messages until it is decided at what rate they shall be paid for. The Postmaster General insists that one mill per word is enough. This the telegraph people deny.

The Treasury department received by mail from the commander of the revenue cutter "Rush" full particulars of the seizure of the Canadian sealing vessel "Black Diamond" in Behrings sea, but declines to make it public until it is seen by Secretary Windom, who is at present out of town.

Next Winter, it is probable that about 11,000,000 acres of land in the great Sioux Indian reservation in Southern Dakota will be thrown open to settlement. It only requires that Congress shall approve the agreement, which Ex-Gov. Foster, chairman of the Commission, telegraphed the Interior department Wednesday had been made with the Indians. Under this agreement the Indians will receive $1.25 per acre for all the land sold during the first three years, 75 cents per acre for all that remains unsold after. The Commission, which was composed of Ex-Gov. Foster, of Ohio, Gen. Crook, U. S. A., and Hon. Wm. Warner, of Missouri, have been about a month in getting the requisite number of Indians—two thirds of the males over eighteen years old—to sign the agreement. The Indians refused to sign a similar agreement last year.

Representative Allen, of Miss., is in town. Speaking of the next House he said: "The republican programme will presumably be the revision of the rules and an attempt to seat republican contestants. I am not a democratic leader, but I believe that "the crimes they have taught us we should practice". If the republicans are allowed their way they will quickly produce a working majority. But remember how they poisoned election cases in the last Congress. The Felton—Sullivan contest, for instance they would not allow to be considered at all. I, for one have no fear of the extra session. The burden of its mistakes will be on republican shoulders."

It has been decided that when the Civil Service Commission certify three names for appointment and one of them is a discharged soldier or sailor he must be selected by the appointing power for the place.

The employes of the Government Printing Office are working night and day to get the great mass of testimony in the contested election cases in print before Congress meets. There is an unusual number of such cases and a vast mass of evidence in each case. One of the cases just completed makes a book of nearly 500 pages.

Only one member of the administration is at present in Washington. Secretary Noble is the man. He is carrying the responsibility of the whole machine but it does not seem to worry him much, if any.

President Harrison glad the heart of many waiting and hungry brethren by making a large number of appointments before leaving for Bar Harbor. Still the number disappointed was much the greatest.

Attorney General Miller has gone to Indianapolis, where he will remain untill joined by the President on the 22nd, inst. at the laying of the corner stone of the soldiers monument, after which they will return to Washington togeth-er.

A stick of dynamite was fed in to a threshing machine in Ind. the other day. The machine was blown to pieces, three men were torn to atoms and two teams killed.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to a teaspoonful. It act directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

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Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George G. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Geo. G. Hill to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George G. Hill for adjudication to E. M. Beard, Commissioner at his office in the said County, on or before the 4th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 4th day of July, 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

July 25-4t. Pocahontas Times $6.75

LADY CORRESPONDENT.

wanted by a young man of 22 years; good looking, weigh 150 lbs 5 feet 7 inches high, worth some money and of a good family and would like a young lady correspondent from 16 to 25.

Address P. O. Box 16, Dilley's Mill, W. Va.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, on the first Monday in July, 1889.

Cyrena H. Wilfong ..... Plaintiff,

vs.

Henry A. Yeager, Joseph W. King and Charles A. Lightner ..... Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to attach the estate of the defendant Henry A. Yeager, and subject the same to the payment of a debt due from said Yeager to the plaintiff. It appearing by affidavit filed in the clerk's office of this Court, that the said Yeager is a non-resident of this State, and it appearing by affidavit filed that there is a balance of $100 and upwards due from said Yeager to plaintiff, and that he resides in Rockingham county, Virginia, and that he cannot have personal service of process in this suit, and that the last publication of the order and of which a copy is required to publish his notice in this suit

Teste: JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

BUTLER & McCLINTIC, p. q.

July 11-4t. Pocahontas Times $4.50

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 60, A. F. & A. M.—The first regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.
4-31.

HOME NEWS.

—Butter is scarce.

—W. O. McClarkin, of Baltimore was in town last week.

—T. L. and J. C. Reynolds were in town last Saturday.

—Capt. J. C. Lakin, of Dunmore was in town last Saturday.

—B. C. Jenkins was in Huntersville last week.

—Dr. Richard Williams, has been in town for several days.

—Moffett Cunlip, of Academy, called to see us last Friday.

—John Driscol, was in town last Saturday.

—Geo. W. Wagner is up at Green Bank, fixing to raft some timber.

—Atty. C. F. Moore, was up at Frost Monday.

—Attorney L. M. McClintic, has returned from William's river.

—Bishop Peterkin will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday night.

—Chas. Bruce, of Mingo Flats passed through town Tuesday with a drove of sheep.

—Mr. Jake Beard and Miss Elsiewk Clark, of Academy, were the guests of Mr. Wm. Curry Saturday night and Sunday.

—Harry W. Campbell, Esq., of Academy, came up home last Saturday and returned Sunday.

—Miss Dosia Sharp, who has been with her sister Mrs. Overholt in Academy for some time has returned home.

—Rev. M. H. Bittinger, of Monroe Co., made us a pleasant call Tuesday. He was on his way home, from visiting his son in Randolph Co.

—Miss Lou W. Hevener, daughter of Mr. Uriah Hevener of Greenbank, W. Va., spent Tuesday night in Monterey, on her way to visit her sister in Pulaski county.—Recorder.

—A. S. Williams, of Va., who built the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place two or three years ago is here now for the purpose of bidding on the additional span.

Institute Notice.

The Institute for Pocahontas Co., will convene in Huntersville, August 26th, beginning at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Teacher's will be required to attend and put in full time. No excuse taken for non-attendance except those given by law.

Teachers holding four years certificates will be required to attend the Institute and pass an examination on Physiology.

M. G. MARKWOOD,
Co. Supt.

Sutlington Items.

Messrs. Kellison and Wyatt Bertrange have started out with their steam thresher. Last week they threshed crops for G. M. Kee, Esq., Capt. Appersan, and the Friels.

Capt. Appersan had 126 bushels of first-class wheat, from nine acres. Kee's wheat nearly as nice. Friels had 65 bushels from four acres, and good quality. The steam thresher is a great advance upon the old horse power contrivances.

Messrs Vinnet, Hartless and Calhoun have moved all right at last note during the recent tide amounting to nearly one hundred and fifty thousand feet of sawed lumber, dressy, without ads &c.

H. E. B.

Preaching Appointments.

Sacramental meeting (D. V.) at Mt. Vernon Church the fourth sabbath of August. All day meeting with refreshments, on the ground. Preaching Friday night before at Dever's School House, Saturday night at Frost, as preliminary services.

On the night of the second sabbath of September there will be preaching (D. V.) at Edray Church. The subject will be the Johnstown disaster.

W. T. P.

Big Spring Notes.

The farmers in this vicinity are making hay very slowly owing to wet weather.

Miss Mamie Gatewood is home from Frederick Female Seminary after an absence of ten months.

The school here is progressing finely under the management of Miss Clark.

Born, on the morning the 5th, to B. F. Hamilton and wife a ten pound boy.

MOODY.

Deerers Doings.

Fine hay weather and farmers are making use of it.

S. L. Jackson and wife have returned to Rocneverts.

Col. Jno. Driscol was up last week.

Capt. J. C. Kinports is with us.

Misses Mary Price, Birdie and Col. E. C. Ferguson, of Huttonsville are here on a visit.

Mrs. Flenner and Miss Sallie Patterson are improving.

Bishop Peterkin will preach at Clover Lick Sunday the 18th.

O. W. Ruckman contemplates opening a tan yard near Green Bank soon.

Boyd Bartlett is finishing the plastering of Mr. Pritchard's house.

We have a man here that spent one night in the wreckage at Johnstown.

TOM SAWYER.

Green Bank Items.

News is scarce this week.

Miss Sallie Patterson who has been sick at this place was carried to her home at Glade Hill on her bed on Sunday last. Her severe illness has enlisted much sympathy from her many friends in this vicinity.

Dr. C. L. Austin was called to see Forrest Warwick, who we learn is quite ill.

Mr. F. Little has undertaken an extension job of painting on Mr. Gen. W. Kerr's new house and barn.

Miss Lou Hevener is off on a visit to her sister Mrs. Summerson in Pulaski Va., and other places of interest.

Mr. Davis, the artist has been quite indisposed for the last few days.

PAULINE.

Sunset Locals.

Three days dry weather this week and the farmers have made good use of them putting up hay and oats. The hay crop is good.

Z. B. Goulet the late purchaser of the W. L. Herold farm is preparing to sow a large crop of wheat. More of our farmers should do likewise.

Mrs. P. M. Harper, accompanied by Mrs. Birdie Bailengee are visiting Mrs. R. H. Pritchard at Healing Springs Va.

J. G. Harper, is back from a trip to Healing Springs.

Mr. H. M. Lockridge, is attending Warm Springs for his health.

Rev. W. H. Ballengee, will preach at Sunset school house on Sunday the 18 at 8 o'clock p. m., whilst on his way to Monroe where he will attend Monroe Camp Meeting and visit his father.

Success to THE TIMES.

FOLEY.

The Brushy Ridge Camp meeting will convene next Thursday, the 15th instant.

A Little Sermon.

There is a great deal of talk in this day and time of culture. We hear of literary societies that meet to dispense views that are more or less rapid, we hear of schools of philosophy; we hear of the growth and accumulation, so to speak, of that free and easy doctrine which the Pluckettis of the north call Christian science; and we hear of a thousand and one movements that restless and unsasy people are pushing forward under the cloak of culture and moral development.

It is a very easy matter to talk about culture and progress. We see a great deal about it in current books and read a great deal about it in newspapers, especially in newspapers printed in the neighborhood of Boston. But, after all, what is culture, and what are its benefits? It is easier to ask the question than it is to answer it, and this is because the average opinion of culture amounts to confusion.

To the person who is familiar with the best in literature—and this familiarity is cheaply and quickly bought—there is nothing to be less sought after than culture. The man who reads his Bible understandingly and appreciatively, and who makes a study of the wonderful body of literature that it contains, is more highly cultured than he who has read a hundred books in a dozen different languages.

Character is the essence of culture, and the books that form character and enable the mind to understand that information is not wisdom and that knowledge is not necessarily the result of what we are pleased to call education. What is best in life is to be found in the best of books—and this suggestion need not necessarily be construed into a sermon. St. Paul was a preacher, it is true, but he was a literary man also, and he had qualities which were not transmitted to the modern evangelists. So with Job and Isaiah, and so with the beloved prophet who was bold enough to ease his troubled soul in the pages of Ecclesiastes.

The only culture in life or in literature that is worth considering grows out of earnestness and simplicity.—Atlanta Constitution.

Statistics show that during the past year, there were 2,184 murders in the United States, against 87 legal executions and 144 lynchings.

HILLSBORO TRAINING SCHOOL.

The third annual session of the Hillsboro Training School for young ladies and children will begin September 4 1889.

MISS G. M. SHEARER,
Principal.

NOTICE.

The undersigned commissioners appointed at the July term of the County Court of Pocahontas, to rent the Infirmary or Poor farm in said county, will receive sealed bids until the 16th of September next, 10 o'clock, a. m. at which time the said bids will be opened. We reserve the right to reject any or all bids. The bids can be placed in the hands of either of the Com'rs. The time of renting will begin the 1st day of April, 1890 and expire April 1st 1893, subject to be annuled at any time for good cause appearing to the Court. The way for bidding is what amount the renter is willing to pay annually for the farm and the amount he will charge annually to receive and keep each Pauper in comfortable clothes and feed and take care of them.

The farming of the land must be done after the manner of the leading farmers in this country. The renter to have privilege of cultivating in crop as often each year if there is that much farming land to use for that purpose. The renter to furnish Chaves and Thomp's seed to sow the land to crops down in grass, also to return the farm at the expiration of the rent with the fences in a good repair as when he received it, except as to new rails. The builder logs and straw made on the place to be fed in the barn on the place, and the manure applied where most needed on the farming land. The superintendence to be under a committee appointed by the County Court. The renter will be required to give bond with approved security in the sum of $600 for the faithful performance of the above contract.

H. H. CLARK,
LEWIS BEARD,
ISAAC MCNEIL,
Com'rs.

7-4

SPECIMEN AD. HERE'S ROOM

at
Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the best style and order, boots and shoes of all kinds, also repairing done in neat style May 18 '89. J. C. THOMPSON.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Heirs of Reuben Barnett, dec'd The Heirs of James Watson dec'd, Heirs of D. Davis and John T. and T. S. Grimes, sons of Samuel Grimes, dec'd. Do it willing, Greeting

We command you that you appear before F. J. Snyder, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County at his office in the town of Huntersville, in said County on the 9th day of September, 1889, and there come, if any, you, or either of you can, why certain lands shall not be sold for the benefit of the school fund, which are mentioned in a petition filed in said Court by the Commissioner of School Land for said County, which was referred to said Commissioner Snyder for report thereon by decree of said Court made on the 10th day of June, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clk. of our said Court, at the Court house, of said County, the 9th day of August, 1889, in the 97th year of the State.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
aug 8-4t Printers fee $7.50

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, State of Virginia on the first Monday in August, 1889.

Augusta National Bank, of Staunton, Va., and M. J. McNeil, Sheriff of Pocahontas county and ex such adm'r of M. Maston, dec'd.

vs.

Samuel C. Tardy, K. D. Urquhart and Samuel C Tardy Jr., late merchants and partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy; Wm. M. McAllister and Charles F. Jones, Trustee.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to enforce a payment of the sum of $2,561 due to the plaintiffs by the defendants. Tardy Urquhart & Tardy, by two protested negotiable notes, and the costs of protest; with interest on $1,019.05 thereof, from February 24, 1886, and one $1,502.75, the residue thereof from March 23, 1886, and the costs of this suit: and to attach the interest of the defendants, Sam'l C. Tardy & Sam'l C. Tardy, Jr. in a tract of land containing 2,197 acres, lying in the County of Pocahontas, sufficient to satisfy the same.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the said Defendants, Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, are non-residents of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
JORDAN & MCALLISTER, p. q.
aug. 8-4t Printers fee $11.94

Commissioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c.,
vs. In Chy. No. 2.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 17th day of August 1889 to take, state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 692 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land within the last five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the Plaintiffs in this cause to be taxed on the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or requested to be specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
july 25-4t Printers fee $9.65.

Commissioner's Notice.

Charles L. Austin &c.
vs. In Chy. No. 2.
Wm. F. Arbogast &c.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 17th day of June, 1889, I shall, as Commissioner of said Court proceed at my office in Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the third day of August 1889 to take, state and report the following accounts:

1st. An account showing who are entitled to share in the fund arising from the sale of 1,000 acres of land decreed to be sold in this cause, and the amount thereof.

2nd. An account showing what taxes have been paid upon said tract of land, within five years before the institution of this suit, by whom paid and to whom now due.

3rd. An account showing what will be a reasonable fee to the Attorney for the plaintiffs in this cause, to be taxed on the fund in this suit.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required to specially stated by any party in interest.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
july 25-4t Printers fee $9.65.

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Edray.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of Hugh M. Carpenter deceased:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, to me Commissioner in Chancery of said Court, at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on or before the 9th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court this 9th day of July 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
july 25-4t Printers fee $6.70

Commissioner's Notice.

George C. Hill's Adm'r
vs. In Chancery.
Rebecca J. Hill & others.

Notice is hereby given, all parties that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered in the above cause on the 29th day of June, 1889, I shall as Commissioner of said Court, proceed at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 6th day of September, 1889, being a court and report the following matters of account.

1st. A settlement of the accounts of R. W. Hill as administrator, c. t. a. of George Hill, dec'd.

2nd. An account showing the debts against the estate of George C. Hill, dec'd, showing their several amounts priorities and to whom payable.

3rd. A general description of all the lands of which George C. Hill, dec'd, died seized, with a statement of their fair, reasonable values and annual rental value.

4th. A statement of the personal estate and value of all the personal estate of which George C. Hill died possessed, which of the same remain undisposed of, and the value of the same.

5th. All other matters deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
July 25-4t Printers fee $8.50

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

August 15, 1889.

THE TRAIN: HATE AJAR.

Her Pet—I Just Six Chunker Winters and This is What Came to Him Through the Summer Air.

"Party night, ain't it, Tilly?"

"Yes, party enough; good night, Hank."

"What's yer rush?"

"I'd say 'rush' if I were you."

"Why, we ain't been standing here but a few minutes."

"O-o-o-h, Hank Sparks, what a big story teller you are. We've been here over an hour."

"Well, what if we have?"

"Well, that's long enough, that's what. We'd ought to be 'shamed of ourselves anyhow."

"What for?"

"For being so silly."

"I reckon we ain't the only silly folks in the world then."

"That makes no difference. Good night."

"No, wait a minute, Tilly."

"What for? You s'pose I'm going to stand here all night?"

"Nobody wants you to say, here all night, but I don't see why you snatch yourself away like this."

"I'll be calling me first thing I know."

"Let 'im call; it won't hurt him."

"It might hurt you if he took a notion to come out or to set old Bose loose."

"Pooh! Who's afraid?"

"I'd'd better be. Good night."

"Wait a minute."

"I shan't stay out here another minute."

"Yes you will."

"I shan't. Let go my hands."

"I don't have to."

"You mean thing, you! I—I—If you dare to kiss me again, Hank Sparks—"

"Oh, I daren't, eh? There!"

"Hank Sparks!"

"There's another."

"I've a notion to call for pa. I will if you kiss me again, sir!"

"You're the worst case I ever saw. Shame on you!"

"Pooh! I pity a fellow who ain't got enough to kiss his girl when he can."

"I'd be ashamed if I was you, sir. Good night."

"Good night, Tilly."

"Good night."

"Good night. Don't forgit that we're going to the singing school Friday night."

"Maybe we will and maybe we won't."

"You'd better look out or I'll kiss you again."

"Yes, you daren't! Good night."

"Bye-bye."

"Goodby."

A man never knows what he can do until he tries, and then, after it is all over, he is often very sorry that he found out.

Gentleman (calling at the house of a friend): "Is your mistress in?" Mary: "She is sir." Gentleman: "Is she single?" Mary: "Faith, she's more than that—she's married."

A man doesn't feel at home half as much when thrown up by his wife.

Stranger—Husband: "I dreamt I died and went to heaven. Strange." Wife: "You strange indeed."

Miss Lovelorn: "Did you mean that as a smile at me?" Oldbeau: "No, my dear; it was a twinge of the rheumatism."

What is the difference between a summer dress and an extracted tooth?—One is too thin and other is took out.

Two heads are better than one. The two headed freak in the dime museum earns a larger salary than the one-headed professor.

Bride: "George, dear, when we reach town let us try to avoid leaving the impression that we are newly married." "All right, Maud; you can log this value."

Madam: "Do up my hair, Felice, while I am down at breakfast." Felice: "Yes, madam; which colour?" Madam: "The black, please; I am going to a funeral."

A garrulous fop, who had annoyed by his frivolous remarks his part in the ballroom, asked whether she had ever had her her ears pierced. "No, but I have had them bored."

Stout Lady: "Sir, I beg that you will desist from following me, or I shall call a constable." Perspiring Stranger: "Pray don't say so. It's the only bit of a shade in the whole park. I'd do as much for you, but my shadow isn't worth mentioning."

Adorer (nervously): "Isn't that your father's step on the stairs?" Sweet Girl: "Yes, but don't mind that; it's only a scare. He won't come down. He always stamps around that way when I sit up with young men after eleven o'clock."

An attorney at law, who wished to show his smartness by quizzing an old farmer, began by asking him if there were many girls in his neighborhood.

"Yes," replied the old man; "there's a dreadful sight of 'em—so many that there ain't half enough respectable husbands for 'em all, and so some of em are beginning to take to with lawyers!"

The attorney did not follow up the subject.

"Well, Master Jackson," said the minister, walking homeward after service with an industrious labourer, who was a constant attendant "Sunday must be a very blessed day of rest for you, who work so hard all the week. And you make good use of the day, for you are to be always seen at church." "Ay, sir," replied Jackson, "it is, indeed, a blessed day, I works hard enough all the week, and then I comes to church o' Sundays, and sets me down, and lays my legs up and thinks o' nothin."

The Weight of Individuals.

The average weight of a boy at birth is seven and that of a girl a little more than six pounds. When they attain the full development of man or womanhood they should weigh twenty times as much as they did at birth. This would make a man's average weight 140 and a woman about 125. The height of a male at birth is 1 ft. 7 in., and that of a female 1 ft. 6 in. Fully grown a man's height should be about three and a half times greater than at birth, or 5 ft. 9 in., while a woman should be 5 ft. 6 in. The weight of individuals who are fully developed and well formed, however, varies within extremes, which are nearly as one to two, while their height varies within limits which at most are as 1 to 1.35. Taking 300 lbs. as the maximum of man's weight and 85 as the minimum, we would have the average of 140 lbs. Placing the maximum weight of women at 180 lbs. and the minimum at 70 lbs., and we get an average of 125 lbs.

"I suppose you find this to be a hard, hard world, do you not?" she said, as she gave the tramp a loaf of stale bread. "Yarge," answered the tramp, trying to make a dent in the loaf with his knife; "but we frequently strike things that are harder."

In the Sun.

A knowledge of feline traits once enabled Charles James Fox to win a wager from the then Prince of Wales, while the two were sauntering along a fashionable street in London.

It was a hot summer's day and Fox offered to bet that he would see more cats than His Royal Highness during their promenade, although the Prince might choose on which side of the street he would walk.

It turned out that Fox had seen thirteen cats and the Prince none.

"Your Royal Highness," said Fox, answering the Prince's request for an explanation, "choose of course, the shady side of the street as being most agreeable. I know that the sunny side would be left for me, and that cats prefer the sunshine."—Youth's Companion.

New List of Don'ts.

Don't drink black or green tea. Paint it red.

Don't wear high heels, and yet do not walk altogether on your uppers.

Don't eat a large, juicy steak at a boarding house.

Don't wear your bathing suit to a sleighing party.

Don't permit a boy to eat more than fifteen times a day if you can help it.

Don't eat on an empty stomach unless you feel hungry.

Don't read in street cars of jolting stages. Get the conductor to read to you.

Don't eat chicken salad if bob veal does not agree with you.

Don't lose your head in case of violent bleeding at the nose. You might need it in your business.

Don't eat cucumbers or stale meats. Send them to the preacher.

Don't eat shad in a hurry.

Don't drink liquor in large quantities when suffering with delirium tremens.

Don't jump from the window when suffering with alcoholism under the impression that there are snakes in the room. These serpents are more imaginative than real.

Don't sit with your back to a sight-draft.

The Steubenville Herald tells of a curious superstition that is observed in Jefferson county, Ohio on "turnip planting day." "The turnips, says the Herald, are sown before daylight by the head of the family walking backward through the field, clad in nothing but his shirt, and he must not speak to anyone before daylight comes. This may seem very foolish, but we will venture to say that four-fifths of the turnips in Jefferson county were sown yesterday, and that at least twenty farmers observed the walking backward shirt-tail arrangement."

It is indeed a curious custom, but there are objections in one instance of it; that requiring the head of the family to walk backward with nothing on but his shirt. Suppose, for instance, the head of the family happens to be a woman, does the requirement hold good?—Intelligencer, July 30.

Matt. Kramer, of Putnam county, W. Va., is over six feet high and weighs 350 pounds. He is claimed to be the strongest man in the world. A short time since he cut out a huge pedestal, weighing 2,500 pounds, held it above his head for several seconds, and then tossed it to the ground. His friends say he can thrash the "boiled beans" out of the Boston blugger.

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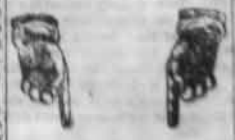

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, August 22, 1889. No. 5.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Dunphrill.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (C. B. Beard, Pres't. / S. B. Hannah. / O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Dan. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. MCCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and all in the Supreme court of Appeals.

I. W. MCNEEL,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Special attention given to claims for pensions in Pocahontas county.

W. L. BEIRNE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SUTTLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Hunterseille, W. Va.

D. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County at any Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

KISS HER AND TELL HER SO.

You've a neat little wife at home John,
As sweet as you'd wish to see;
As faithful and gentle hearted,
As fond as wife can be.
A sensible, home-loving woman,
Not caring for fuss and show;
Who's dearer to you than life, John,
Then kiss her and tell her so.

Your business is promptly served, John,
As likes to your breakfast and tea;
Your wardrobe is always in order,
With buttons where buttons should be
Her house is a cosy home spot, John,
A heaven of rest below;
You think she's rare little treasure,
Then kiss her and tell her so.

She's a good wife and true to you John,
Let fortune be foul or fair;
Of whatever comes to you, John,
She cheerfully bears her share;
You feel she's a brave, true helper,
And perhaps for more than you know
You'll lighten her end of the load, John,
Just kiss her and tell her so.

There's a cross road somewhere in life John,
Where's hand on a guiding stone
Will signal one "over the river,"
And the other must go on alone.
Should she reach the last milestone first John
'Twill be comfort amid your woe
To know that while loving her here, John,
You kissed her and told her so.

—Lillie Shenton, in Conklin's Dakotian.

The Basket Seller.

"Well, I declare!" said Mrs. Gibson, slowly and emphatically. "What will happen next? There was the eclipse a Wednesday night and the earthquake shock a week ago, and Jane Ann Shorey's runaway match with Phil Packington last night; and I swan to gracious if here don't come along Emma Ellis, ridin' on top of a load o' willer ware, just like all the world and the rest was a man!"

"Don't you want to buy a clothes basket, Mrs. Gibson?" called out Emma Ellis's clear soprano voice, as the sturdy sorrel pony came to a pause in front of the painted garden fence, where the young quinces were just beginning to assume shape and form among the downy, green leaves.

"A clothes basket?" repeated Mrs. Gibson. "That's just exactly what I do want. Got any good substantial ones, with bars of wood across the bottom to strengthen 'em?"

By way of answer, Emma Ellis swung down a solid-looking willow receptacle, springing after it herself, and a lively discussion ensued.

"Goin' into the peddlin' business eh?" said Mrs. Gibson.

"Well, I thought I'd see how I liked it," Emma answered, with a cheery, good humored laugh. "Do you like this basket? I've got some capital easy rockers for the old grandmother here, and a dolls cradle that will exactly suit the baby; and as for work baskets—"

And she made a triumphant motion of her hand that expressed marvels.

"Well, I'd like 'em all," said good Mr. Gibson, "but I don't feel able to buy nothin' but the basket this morning. Bein'm commission eh?"

"Re—cent and out. Let me see; you want two dollars and nineteen cents change, do you?"

And Miss Ellis opened her flat leather pocketbook and counted out the money in true business like fashion.

"Well—I—never!" repeated Mrs. Gibson, staring after the cloud of dust that followed the load of willow ware in its progress down the street.

"Why, what is the matter?" said Charley Borden, who had just stopped at the gate to see if he could borrow Farmer Gibson's mowing machine for the morning.

"It's Emma Ellis," said Mrs. Gibson, "drivin' a load o' willer ware, and sellin' baskets and hampers and things."

"Nonsense!" cried Borden.

"I jest bought this 'ere clothes basket of her!" declared Mrs. Gibson. "I tell ye what, Charley Borden, she's been disappointed in the deestrick school, and the squire he must have gone plumb up agin a snag in the marble mantel business, and as sure as you live Emma's got to earn her own livin," with all them genteel ways and piano lessons and crayon pictors, o' hern. My! what a come-down it is for that family! I don't see how Emma can be so chirk about it. Where's that Borden fellow?" she cried, staring about her. "Gracious me, if he ain't cut across the meadow! I guess most likely he's seen Gibson there."

And Mrs. Gibson tied on a green checked sun-bonnet and ran down the street to Mrs. Dalrymple to tell the news.

"Serves 'em right!" said Mrs. Dalrymple. "A family o' regular goin' upstarts! I never did take no stock in Emma Ellis."

"Your son Oliver did though," chuckled Mrs. Gibson, with a meaning glance.

"That ain't neither here nor there," said Mrs. Dalrymple, sharply. "Oliver ain't goin' to squander on no girl the money that his father laid up, unless she's a real savin', hard workin' creetur, as will know how to take care of it."

"There she is now!" said Mrs. Gibson. "Stoppin' here!"

"No-o-o!" hawked Mrs. Dalrymple, opening the window a mere crack. "We don't want nothin." No, I say!"

Emma Ellis smiled to herself as she drove on, stopping next at the Borden farmstead, where, strange as it may appear, Borden himself had already arrived, by means of the short cut across the Gibson meadows.

"Oh, is it you, Mr. Borden?" she asked, carelessly. "Won't you ask your sister if she requires anything in my way this morning?"

"But, Miss Ellis, what does this mean?" exclaimed the amazed young farmer.

"It means—willow ware," Emma answered, composedly.

"Has anything happened?"

"Things are always happening," said Emma, resting across the head for a moment any pretty market basket, "I think she will like this, Mr. Borden."

"I'll buy it for her," said Charley, resolutely.

"And a scrap basket, shaped like a little barrel, don't you see," persisted Emma, "for your own room! It's cheap—only a dollar."

"I'll buy that, too," said Charley Borden. "And the hamper and the pair of little baskets for Kate's boys to go blackberrying with, and—"

"Oh, stop, stop," merrily cried Emma. "You mustn't buy all my stock in trade, or I shall have nothing left for anybody else."

"Oh, but I really want that big rocker for the front porch," protested Mr. Borden. "That's a present to—"

"The big rocker, then," said Emma, half laughing; "and beyond that, absolutely nothing more."

"But you'll promise me one thing?"

"It depends very much upon what it is."

"If you have anything left unsold at the end of your trip, you'll give me a chance?" said Charlie imploringly. "Wicker goods always come handy, you know."

Emma only laughed and touched up the old horse.

"I make no promise," said she.

That day, on the high seat among the baskets and rockers, the washtubs and clothes horses, to Emma Ellis it was quite a new experience. The chaffering at shady farmhouse doors with busy housewives, the counting of change, the discussion of quality and the persistent standing up against the general disposition to beat down prices and haggle for odd cents, the various views of human life which she now obtained for the first time from her aerial perch, the odd sensation of being "in trade," the consciousness that she was looked upon with pity by some of her friends and scorn by others—it was altogether a strange conglomeration of feelings.

Toward the close of the day's work, as she was returning home with her wagon load considerably depleted, and her purse somewhat better furnished than it had been, she chanced to come face to face with handsome Oliver Dalrymple, trotting along on the Morgan mare, which once had been the pride of the elder Dalrymple's heart. She looked him full in the face. He seemed absorbed in the knot on the end of his whip-lash, and never even looked her way.

"So!" she said to herself; "was the wind that way?" Mr. Dalrymple does not seem to approve of this new enterprise of mine. Well, I'm sorry, but I can't help it. Charley Borden, now, views things in an entirely different way."

And she smiled a little as she saw, leaning anxiously over the gate beyond, the stalwart figure of the young farmer.

"Miss Ellis!" he uttered pleadingly.

"I'm sure you can't want to buy any more willow ware," said Emma, checking her horse. "There isn't be room for it in the house."

"No; but won't you let me put this horse in the stable, or drive it home for you, while you come into tea? Alice will be delighted to see you. And you must be tired!" urged he.

Emma thought a moment, and as she reflected how refreshing a cup of hot tea would be, Alice Borden put her curly head out of the window.

"Do come, Emma!" she cried. "We'll have waffles and maple syrup and broiled chickens; and I've got ever so many things to tell you."

And Emma capitulated.

But as Charley Borden helped her down from her high seat, he stood a minute holding both her hands in his.

"Emma," said he, "I know I've no business to speak so abruptly, but I can't help it. I don't know why you are doing this thing, but if it is to earn money, let me earn it for you, Emma—give me the right to do it. I'm only a farmer, but I've got a nice place here, and I can keep you like a lady. And I love you, Emma! I've loved you well and truly this many and many a day. Now I'm not going to tease and bother you about this. Take time to make up your mind. I'll drive the old horse home, and then I'll take you back myself in the nice buggy when you and Alice have had a good visit. And you can give me an answer when you please, and not before."

Emma broke from him and ran into the house, thinking yet not displeased.

Alice met her at the door.

"Where is Charley?" said she. "Oh, going to take your load of willow ware home? Now, Emma, tell me what this really means. Have you lost all your property?"

"No."

"Are you going into trade?"

"No."

"You won't answer me?"

"No."

"Then," laughed Alice Borden, "I'll ask you no more questions. Hereafter I'm as deaf as an oyster. Now come in and help me dish up the chickens and waffles."

It was past eight o'clock that night when Charley Borden took Emma Ellis home to her old home, where the squire was reading over his evening paper.

"Well," said he, peering her over the edge of his spectacles, with a waggish twinkle in his clear blue eyes, "how did the thing work?"

"First rate, papa," said Emma. "I sold twenty dollars worth of it in a few cents. And I've brought here was one of my best customers."

"Then," said the squire, with a sigh of comic resignation, "I've lost my wager. Tare an' 'ounds, my girl wanted me to buy the stock of willow ware, with the horse and wagon, to set old Miss Barnett up in business—and I told her no woman would succeed in such an enterprise, let alone those being so willing to undertake the sort of work. But Emma stuck to it that it could be done, and I was silly enough to wager the whole outfit that it couldn't. Miss Dorcas Borden said she would prove it successfully—and I didn't think she had pluck enough; but, by jingo, she has! Yes, yes, Emma, you've beat the squire and fair."

"And Miss Barnett is to have the outfit of willow ware?" asked Emma, joyfully clapping her hands, "and the horse and wagon. Oh, Mr. Borden, you won't think what a nice old woman she is, nor how anxious she is to earn a livelihood in the open air like that! And now you know," with the archest and most bewitching of glances, "how it came to pass that I was peddling willow baskets across the country. Wouldn't you have done it, if you had been in?"

Young Dalrymple was in despair when he learned of Charley Borden's engagement to the penniless girl—yes, and the richest girl in the country.

"But who was to suppose," said he, that she would take such an unreasonable whim into her head?"

And Mrs. Gibson always declared that she never had a clothes basket wear like the one the weight of Squire Ellis' daughter!

The editor of West comet, Texas is in, tagged and canny, and the screen screws down to what he says:

We love to live to and not to owe. Being as a quality's worth of cows, pigs, hens, peace, plenty and potatoes and potatoes and the best paper for thirteen weeks. We will accept butter, beans, eggs, chickens or any hatchet, and may other digestible ingredients or cents. We can anything except collish and grindstones.

Mr. De Groot—Everything I've got in the world is yours, Alice, if you'll only say the word.

Little Dewey (from outside)—"There's one thing you won't get on from your young man because he's been fast and away."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

Huntersville, W. Va.

August 22, 1889.

Five men are to be executed August 23rd in New York city.

A shock of earthquake was felt in the Adirondack mountains in N. Y. on the 10 inst.

The Democrats of Virginia have, undoubtedly nominated their strongest candidate for Governor, Capt. W. F. McKinney. Mahoneism backed by the present administration will bring out the full democratic vote, and Democratic victory is an assured fact.

Four Distinguished Brothers.

The shooting in California last week of Judge Terry after slapping of the face a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, serves to remind us that Justice Field is one of four brothers, each of whom is a distinguished man. David Dudley Field the eldest, is best known as the author of the New York State Penal Code; Henry M. is the editor of the the Evangelist; and Cyrus W. will go down to history as the man who laid the first Atlantic cable. Their varied achievements it would manifestly be impossible to recount in such a short space as this. They each obtained success, honor, and wealth, though we can safely say that neither has enshrined himself in the hearts of his countrymen.

The North and the Negro.

Something has already been said in these columns about the refusal of all the barbers in Auburn, New York, to shave a respectable colored preacher.

Ankona gave a thousand majority for Harrison, and the people there doubtless think it a very good thing to force the negro into social equality down south, but they will have none of it themselves. The preacher in question offered a dollar for a shave, but he had a black skin, and that was enough for the barbers of this republican city.

This is nothing new. The north has always been prejudiced against the negro, unless he was at a distance. Sometimes this prejudice has found expression in acts of violence. In 1681 a negro woman was burned at the stake in Massachusetts, and in 1755 another shared the same fate. In 1741 fourteen negroes suspected of being engaged in a plot to burn the city of New York were publicly burned alive. The panic spread, and before it was over two more negroes were burned at Hackensack, New Jersey. In 1836 a negro was burned at St. Louis for killing a white man, and when the next grand jury met the judge said in his charge that it was a case not of numerable and ascertainable malefactors, but of congregated thousands, seized by a fierce rage, unorganized and almost elec. tronic."

These instances are mentioned by the New York Evening Post, a journal which has on its staff Wendell Phillips Garrison, a son of William Lloyd Garrison, the great abolitionist agitator. The Post, therefore, is pretty good authority.

Is it likely that a people who hated negroes by wholesale a few generations ago are now entirely devoid of the same feeling of race hostility? It may slumber, but it is by no means dead, and occasionally it flames out. When the north forces the negro to all of his proper spheres in the south she is simply making use of an old enemy to annoy another old enemy. There is all there is to it.—Atlanta Constitution.

The big Boston Blugger, John L. gets one year in the County jail in Miss. Fitzpatrick is sentenced to pay a fine of $500. Kilrain's class to remark when told of Sullivan's Sentence "H—ll."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON August, 16.—Representative Tom Reed, of Maine, will be the next Speaker of the House, of Representatives, at least that is what I have just been told by a prominent republican who is usually well posted on the inside news of his party. He says that the coolness which has existed between Blaine and Reed for several years has been all fixed up and that Blaine's influence will be thrown for him. This he says, was brought about by Quay, Clarkson and other leaders in the party, who have decided that Reed is the only one of the candidates for the speakership whose partisanship is strong enough to make him decide in favor of his party on every contested occasion, and owing to the narrow majority they will have in the House only such a man will fill the bill. Therefore it has been decided that the caucus should nominate Reed.

Congressman "Sunset" Cox is in this city whiling the time away telling miraculous stories of what he saw during his recent visit to the northwest.

It is now stated that the report of the Commission engaged in investigating the Pension office will be ready about September 1. It is also said that this report will determine whether Commissioner Tanner will continue in office or not.

It is remarkable how quick foreigners "catch on" to the American way of doing things. The French cook who was recently discharged from the White House, and who for several days had the papers full of an intended suit to be brought against the President for breach of contract, now says that she never had any idea of bringing any such suit, but as she said her husband are about to open a boarding house in this city she thought it would be a good idea to get some free advertising in the newspapers. She believed it would pay. Smart woman.

Another Washington girl has married a full blooded Indian. The girl went to Versailles N. Y., the other day, and the next thing her parents heard was that she had been married to Nathaniel Patterson, a Seneca Indian, who is a farmer near that place. There no accounting for taste.

The relic crank is abroad in the land. The latest freak of one who lives in this city is to exhibit the scaffold upon which John Brown was hung. He says he will use the money received to build a monument to the memory of Brown. If everybody was of the same mind as your correspondent it would take him a life time to get enough to buy a pine board.

The Indian bureau has sent a circular to applicants for teacher's position in the Indians schools, informing them that no person will be appointed who has not the ability to stand the examination required to secure a similar position in the best schools for white children. If this bureau lives up to the circulars it has of late been sending out the scandals in the Indian service are likely to be fewer.

Contested Congressional election cases come rather high, but it seems we are bound to have them. One ten thousand pages of testimony have been printed relating to those of the last House. It's dollars to little apples that we would not have one tenth of the contests, if the contestant had to find the bills himself. The present methods offer a premium to the contestant.

The Postmaster General has decided that the telegraph companies must accept the old rate of one cent per word for Government messages pending a settlement of the dispute. The telegraph people have not yet been heard from.

It has been decided by the Treasury department that the four new states can have no part of the $500,000 appropriated by the last Congress for establishing experimental agricultural stations in the different states.

The democratic state ticket just nominated at Richmond is enthusiastically received by Virginia democrats here. They say it removes the last vestige of doubt as to the result of the campaign.

The Inter state commerce commission wants to know all about the organizations of railway employes for insurance and other purposes, and has sent a circular letter to railroad managers asking for information.

President Harrison has returned from Bar Harbor looking well. He leaves for Indianapolis next week to take part in the reunion of his old regiment and in the laying of the corner stone of the soldiers monument. It will be his first visit home since he has been President and he will probably remain there several days.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take, soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Two thousand hogses were flooded in Lincoln, Neb., on the 14th inst in which a few drowning were reported and immense damage was done to property;

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of George C. Hill, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Geo. C. Hill, to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said George C. Hill for adjudication to L. M. McClintic Commissioner at his office in the said county, on or before the 6th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 6th day of July, 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

July 25-4t. Printers fee $6.50

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM
ONLY
$20

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
No. 8, 10th St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CATARRH

FITS Falling Sickness CAN BE CURED.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEAR 4

OUR LIQUOR IS PURE WHITE WHISKY

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

L. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
(Successors to Pudge & Mc Clintic.)
Mt. Grove, - - Va.,
DEALERS IN
All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.
Also a full line of general Mercandise.
Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER

W. S. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.
WM. E. ROLLINS, San Ana, Cuba; Key West, Florida; Staunton, Va.

TYREE & & ROLLINS

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Standard Table Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va.

SHOEMAKER'S SHOP
at
Huntersville, W. Va.

GOOD WORK

NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 65, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting at this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.
6 31

HOME NEWS

—Mr. Geo. P. Moore, of Edray was in town last Thursday.

—E. H. Moore, of Academy, was in town Monday.

—Don't forget that Teacher's Institute will begin Monday.

—P. H. Woodward, of Staunton, Va., was in Huntersville last week.

—Jno. T. Dilon, of Ronceverte was in town last week.

—Earnest Moore, Esq., was in our city Tuesday.

—Look for Tyree & Rollins new ad this week, of Charleston.

—The farmers are about done cutting grass.

—Prof. Young and daughter, of Lewisburg were in Huntersville last Thursday.

—David Buckman, of Mill Gap, Highland Co., Va., was in town last Sunday.

—Thomas Courtney, of Edray called to see us last Thursday and subscribed for THE TIMES.

—Geo. Gibson, of Marlinton was in town last Thursday and renewed subscription.

—Rev. Thomas Cotton desires to meet the Huntersville Bible society on Wednesday night the 28 inst.

—R. A. Fisher's hid was the lowest on building the new piece of road near Lockridge's ford.

—Mrs. Jas. T. Lockridge, of Knapp's Creek, and Mrs. L. W. Kerrill, of Frost were the guests of Mr. Wm. E. Grose Sunday night.

—The funeral sermon of Mrs. Mina Irvine, was preached in the Mt. Vernon Church near Frost on Aug. 6th by Rev. W. H. Ballengee.

—Please remember that obituary notices of over five lines are charged at the rate of 2½ cts. per line.

—Attorney Gen. W. McClintic, of Charleston, was visiting his brother L. M. McClintic at this place last Monday.

—W. E. Tyree, of the firm of Tyree & Rollins, of Charleston made us a pleasant and profitable call last Thursday.

—Mrs. C. F. Moore, and Harry Beard, Esq., went to Staunton Tuesday morning and will return about Friday.

—Bishop Geo. W. Peterkin, of Parkersburg, preached a very excellent sermon in the Methodist church Sunday night to a large and appreciative audience.

—J. A. Wilfong, of Rockingham Co., Va., was awarded the contract for building the additional span to the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place.

—We hope that all the teachers who attend the Institute next week, who are not already subscribers of THE TIMES, will call and give us their names and their dollar.

—Huntersville Division, No. 28 S. of T., will meet at the usual time next Saturday evening. The presence and assistance of Dr. C. W. Eskridge is expected.

—Mrs. J. C. Thrasher, and children of Ingleside, Md., are the guests of Mrs. J. J. Beard. Joe McKee of Academy brought them up last Saturday and returned Sunday.

—A. M. McClintic, and wife and Miss Ella Clark, of Bottetourt Co., Va., were the guests of Attorney L. M. McClintic, a few hours last Saturday, while on their way to Rep. D. McKinley's Buckeye

—[illegible] heat! What a blessing it would be to be dead! We'll gladly pay any price named, to have the lungs stopped, across the street, for just fifteen minutes!

—DIED.—On Thursday Aug., 13, near Greenbrier Bridge in Greenbrier Co., Miss Clara Shumate daughter of Judge W. H. Shumate aged about 18 years. Miss Clara was a native of this place, and the sorrowing parents have the sympathy of our vicinity.

—Dan'l O'Connell, has purchased the farm of Wm. T. Perry, about two miles from this place, for, we understand, $2,500. We understand Mr. Perry contemplates going west. So we gain a good citizen by the purchase and lose a good one by the sale.

—We had the pleasure of attending the basket meeting at Buckeye last Sunday where we witnessed the largest crowd we have ever seen at a like occasion, and we feel our imaginations to our hearts content on the feminine beauty of that far surrounding vicinity. And let us not omit, that our inner man was fed intemperately by the hospitality of those kind people.

Thanks.

MR. EDITOR: Allow us through the medium of your paper, to return our heart-felt thanks, to the people of this section, for their many deeds of great kindness, and their warm and tender sympathy in our time of affliction.

J. F. PATTERSON and family.
Glade Hill Aug. 10.

Institute Notice 1889

The Institute for Pocahontas Co., will convene in Huntersville, August 26th, beginning at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Teachers will be required to attend and put in full time. No excuse taken for non-attendance except those given by law.

Teachers holding four years certificates will be required to attend the Institute and pass an examination on Physiology.

M. G. MATHEWS,

Edray Items

W. C. Hull & Son, are holding forth at A. J. Shinnaberry's old stand. His family are residents of our town.

Wallace Irvine was kicked by a mule, last Saturday in the stomach, and is in a critical condition. He was riding behind the mule on a buggy rake, raking hay. The mule needed kicking, and Wallace kicked it, and the mule retaliated by kicking back.

Black berries are just beginning to ripen, and will be in fine case in 6 or 8 days for gathering. XX.

Dunmore Doings

Jno. A. Taylor and Miss Ottie Cackley are off on a visit to Huntersville.

Mrs. Fletcher is here on a visit.

Mrs. Chas. Cook, of Edray was up last week.

Mr. Pitcher of Pa., is registered at Hotel Waksmun.

Most of our farmers are about done making hay, and are now ready to thresh.

Rev. Benj. Wilfong preached on Sunday last at the McGlaughlin school house and will preach the 3rd Sunday of Sept. at Hester church, at 10, a. m.

Capt. J. C. Lakin has returned from Sutton.

TOM SAWYER.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

Mr. Editor: As you have no correspondent in this neighborhood, I have concluded to give you a few items.

The farmers are busily engaged in making hay, cutting oats &c.

Col. Friend has made several purchases of timber in this vicinity and we long the woodmen's ax will be heard.

Miss Mattie Shaw and brother Goldie of Dubois, Va. are visiting in this vicinity.

B. M. Yeager has just completed a comfortable dwelling.

Mrs. Alice Flenner is improving slowly.

The Messrs Dewing are building a large splash dam in cheat river and will work a large force of hands next winter in the lumber business.

O. C. CARDINAL.

Hillsboro Happenings

Prof. Young and daughter Miss Rosie of Lewisburg are visiting friends in the Levels and also in behalf of the Lewisburg Female Seminary.

Prof. R. C. Loveridge and wife accompanied by Mr. Rice Clark left yesterday for their home at New Haven Conn. Mr. Clark will attend College at that place.

Dr. Hales, from Va. is now in our town for the purpose of locating and will be joined by his family in a fortnight.

Prof. Landes, of Fishersville came to see his brother George, while sick recently and was himself stricken with fever about two weeks ago and is still very ill. His wife arrived at this place last Monday night.

Mrs. John R. Marshall and four children left last Sunday for a two weeks visit to friends and relatives at Sangerville Va., her former home.

Rev. D. A. Penick and wife have returned to their home in Rockbridge Va.

The families of Messrs. Geo. Curry, John Bolton, John R. Marshall, Geo. Byrd, and several of the people in and near town attended the Presidential meeting at Swago last Sunday.

Dr. Jas. Larue of this place and Mrs. Rachel Wallace of Mill Point are on the sick list at the time of this writing.

Mr. A. R. Smith and his assistant Mr. Harry Campbell are building a large and commodius school house for Miss G. M. Shearer Prin. of the H. T. School.

The new church on Hill's Creek will be ready for dedication soon.

Rev. Wm. E. Miller is absent attending the Brushy Ridge Camp meeting.

PRUSELLA.

Green Bank Items.

Mr. and Mrs. Scales and daughter of Mill Point are visiting relatives in our neighborhood.

Mr. O. W. Rackman, of Monterey was in town Friday.

Mrs. Lou Sheets and daughter and Miss Mitta Woodell are off on a trip to Cheat Bridge.

Rev. Ballengee, left Saturday for Healing Springs, where he will join his wife and go on to Monroe camp meeting.

DIED.—At her home at Glade Hill, on Saturday the 17th inst., at 5 o'clock, Miss Sallie, eldest daughter of J. F. Patterson. The large crowd that listened to her funeral discourse and followed her remains to their last resting place, shows the high esteem placed on her by the people of this community. Truly "Death hews a shining mark." Her sorrowing friends have our deepest sympathy, and the full assurances that she has gone to rest.

PAULINA.

The Lynching—A Verdict.

The Coroner's jury, which has been in session all told seven days investigating the hanging of John Carter, colored, on the 22nd of last month, adjourned yesterday, after agreeing to the following verdict:

"The jury, upon their oath, find say that the said John Carter came to his death from hanging on the morning of the 22nd of July, 1889, before daylight, and that he was taken from the jail of Greenbrier county about 4 o'clock that morning by a mob of ten or twelve men and hung on a tree about one mile from Lewisburg, near the road leading from Lewisburg to Rennettsville in Greenbrier county, by the said mob that took him from said jail, and that Chas. E. White, Thomas Patterson, Harry Bowers, James Pinson, and one Glass of Hinton, Summers county, W. Va., whose christian name is unknown to the jury, and six or seven other men whose names are also to the jury unknown, composed the said mob and unlawfully and feloniously hung the said John Carter as aforesaid until he was dead." [Signed by the jury.]—Independent, Aug. 15th.

Ex-Judge David S. Terry slapped Justice Stephen J. Field's face in a railroad restaurant at Lathrop, Cal., and was shot dead by Deputy United States Marshall Hagle. Sarah Althea Hill Terry was with her husband, though not in the room when the shooting took place.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 to a teaspoonful. It act directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
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The gubernational contest will soon be brought to a close. The Legislative committee will probably complete its laborers by September 1st, and the extra session of the legislature will begin as soon thereafter as possible.

HILLSBORO TRAINING SCHOOL.

The third annual session of the Hillsboro Training School for young ladies and children will begin September 4 1889.

MISS G. M. SHEARER,
Principal.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Heirs of Reuben Runyard, dec'd: The Heirs of James Watkins, dec'd. Stanley D. Davis and John T. and w. S. Grimes, sons of Samuel Grimes, dec'd., Da id Wilfong, Greeting:

We command you that you appear before F. J. Snyder, a Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County at his office in the town of Huntersville, in said County on the 9th day of September, 1889, and show cause, if any you, or either of you, can, why certain lands shall not be sold for the benefit of the school fund, which are mentioned in a petition filed in said Court by the Commissioner of School Land for said County, which was referred to said Commissioner to take and report thereon by decree of said Court made on the 19th day of June, 1889.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clk. of our said Court, at the Court House of said County, the 9th day of August, 1889, in the 13th year of the State.

John J. Beard, Clk.
aug 8-4t Printers fee $5.00

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, West Virginia, in on the first Monday in August, 1889.

Augusta National Bank, of Staunton, Va., and M. J. S. Noel, Sheriff of Pocahontas county and as such sales't of S. Masten, dec'd.

vs.

Samuel C. Tardy, E. D. Urquhart and Samuel C. Tardy, Jr. late merchants and partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy Wm. B. McAllister and Charles P. Jones, Trustees.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to enforce a payment of the sum of $5,000 and interest thereon to the plaintiffs by the defendants Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, in two promissory negotiable notes, and the liens of a deed of trust executed by said Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, to said Wm. B. McAllister and Charles P. Jones, Trustees.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the said defendants Tardy, Urquhart & Tardy, are non residents of the State of West Virginia it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in the suit.

Teste,

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
ROGER B. MCALISTER, p. q.
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W. Va.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of Hugh M. Carpenter deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending in chancery wherein Hugh M. Carpenter is the plaintiff and you are required to appear and file your claims against the estate of the said Hugh M. Carpenter, for adjustment, before L. A. McClintic, commissioner of the Court in the said county on or before the 2nd day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court this 29th day of July 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
Printers fee $6.75

July 31-4t.

NOTICE.

The undersigned commissioners, appointed at the July term of the County Court of Pocahontas, to view the Dunberry or Cass farm in said county, will receive notice until the 15th of September next, 9 o'clock, a. m. at which time the said lots will be opened. We reserve the right to reject any or all bids. The lots may be viewed in the fields or either of the corners. The time of meeting will begin the 1st day of August, 1889 and expire [illegible] and the lots subject to be surveyed as may seem to good cause appearing to the court. The way the dividing is what appears to the reader is willing to pay a premium for the farm and the amount he will charge annually to receive said land each Decmber to reimburse father and heirs care of them.

The farming of the land will be done after the manner of the leading farmers in this country. The commissioners have privilege of exchanging or sale of some such tract if there is that which farming land to suit the purpose. The object in having the land so cared for is good order so when the land is to be given after the death of the said widow the fences will be in good repair and the land in a good state of cultivation. The commissioners will be under no obligation to give bond with approved security to the use of [illegible] to the said [illegible] and the others entitled.

A. B. [illegible]
J. [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

August 22, 1889.

The American Boy.

J. T. Trowbridge, in an article in the North American Review, both criticises and praises the American boy—criticises his irreverence and disobedience, praises his conscientiousness and generosity when these qualities are appealed to in a way to bring them out. To illustrate he tells too clever stories which he says are true. The first illustrates disobedience and disrespect, and shows how American parents are apt to encourage them. 'It is Sunday evening,' said a western farmer to smoking his pipe on the back porch, while young Josh, his namesake and heir, is playing with the dog in the yard. Old Josh takes the pipe out of his mouth and remarks that it is time for young Josh to go for the cows.

The junior makes no reply, but keeps on teaching Cæsar to give his paw. Then the senior repeats his observation, to which he manages to give a little more of the tone of a command.

'I tell ye, Josh, ye must go for the cows.'

'I do' wanter,' grumbles young Josh.

'Quit yer foolin' an' go along!' says old Josh.

'I shan't,' snarls back the junior.

'I tell you to go, exclaims the elder.

'I tell you I won't,' mutters the boy.

'Wal, never mind,' says the father; 'mebby they'll come home.'"

The other story gives a more agreeable picture. It must be said however, that this boy was only six years old. What he would do-relegate can only be surmised. 'He had a cake,' says Mr. Trowbridge, 'a portion of which his cousin in Maine coveted. She accordingly reminded him, as she was fond of doing when she had a point to gain, of what the little were about doing to others as we would be done by. 'Now you know Willie, if I had the cake you would want half of it.' Willie hesitated a moment between inclination and a conviction of duty, and then said heroically: 'I should want all of it.' With tears in his eyes but resolutely shaking down his grief, he handed over to her the entire cake, which she refused all complacently nibbling.'

Wealthy Women is Plain Attire.

Some of the richest women are the most extravagant in their choice of in the case, for example with old Mrs. W. H. Vanderbilt, who does not spend above $1,000 a year, and the late Mrs. Gould not so much. Jerry Cooke, who will inherit $15,000,000 or $20,000,000 and already has income of $40,000 a year, spends about $2,500 in dress. The late Mrs. A. T. Stewart was a fortune to the dressmakers, who put away $5,000 or $10,000 a year as her share. When she died and an inventory of her effects was taken her great store of dresses

of a house on 5th avenue was found to be overrun with the most marvelous amount of clothes, laces, furs, laces and jewels, most of them very youthful in appearance, though she was over seventy years of age. Mrs. Astor dresses with a solemn, handsome expensiveness at the cost of $4,000 to $5,000 a year, and all of the younger Vanderbilt women spend a great deal of money on their clothes. Mrs. George Gould, who was Edith Kingdom, the actress, and who has been the quietest and most careful woman since her marriage, spends money like water when it comes to a question of clothes, and must put a good $10,000 a year in the hands of the dressmakers. Her dressmaker, by the way, is a woman who had a good deal of social position, but who, when financial misfortunes came, followed the example English women of rank have set of late years, and went into the milliner's business.

You Ought to Know.

That incivility does not pass for social superiority, even among the blind.

That nowadays you can tell a "gentleman" just as soon as he looms in sight.

That when men have to pay cash for a "syndication" they are worth watching.

That a fog in a thunder storm does not look as silly as the average "chappie."

That half the carriages seen in the park are either hired or not yet paid for.

That fashionable mourning now-a-days does not always last as long as the crape.

That juries do not appear to be as much in sympathy with women as they were.

That genteel people are disgusted to hear the slang so many "society girls" use.

That the propensity of a crotchman is not lessened when his wages are overdue.

That education is better than fine clothes, abundant money, and lumdry ancestors.

That there is a strong prejudice growing against the "shamefully married people."

That there are no feuds quite so mean as those in which "young ladies" are engaged.

That mothers ambitions for their daughters often forget the G. W. hatchet story.

That the labor of attending to other people's affairs is always voluntarily performed.

That the standard of business honor in Wall street isn't as high as the Eiffel tower.

That the superfluously athletic clergyman does not command the respect due his cloth.

That it is as much as a woman's good name is worth, to belong to the "fast set" of to-day.

That too many rich men believe that they can take their money with them when they die.

That it is no wonder that the wives of some "society men" prefer the society of a pet dog.

That we need more rigid laws governing funerals of those who die of contagious diseases.

If "brevity is the soul of wit," dwarfs should be the funniest of men.

The best reasons.—Bilkley—What's the matter, dear boy? Why don't you sit down? Oakley—Can't, you know. Got on a standing collar.

Talk of the scarcity of bachelors! exclaimed Miss Longnote, throwing down the paper in vexation. I rather think the real trouble is the scarcity of single gentlemen.

Dude—Why is it that every phase has such a stupid face? Is he obliged to look stupid? Chorus—Certainly. If I had your face my salary would be doubled at once.

An Unsafe Fair.

"Oh, Mr. Blank, you're the very man I'm looking for. You must take at least ten chances in the drawing for the fancy quilt. It's only twenty-five cents a chance, and——"

"Oh, Mr. Blank, you must give me fifteen cents and then guess how many beans there are in this jar, and if you guess——"

"There, Mr. Blank, isn't that a lovely bouquet in your buttonhole? A dollar, please."

"Aha, I've found you at last, Mr. Blank! We're going an afghan to the prettiest young lady here, and you must put in at least twenty-five cents for Miss Brassy. It's only ten cents a vote, and——"

"Ah, Mr. Blank, I just know you want this smoking cap and jacket. They're only twenty-nine dollars, and——"

"Now, Mr. Blank, you're not go going by my table without buying something! Here's the very pen wiper you desire, and it's only a dollar. There it is all done up nicely for you. What's this—a five dollar bill? Aon, you foolish man! We never give any change at this table. Ha, ha, ha!"

"Oh, but you must buy this right case, Mr. Blank, I won't let you say no. Here it is. There! I've slipped it in your overcoat pocket. Four dollars, please."

"Oh, you bad, naughty man to try to go by my table when I've the very pair of slippers you've been longing for all these years. You're ever and ever so wicked! Wait until I do the slippers up in this lovely tissue paper, and——"

"Oh, Mr. Blank, have you seen Rhoera at the well, and the gypsy fortune-teller? Come, and I'll take you to them, and——"

"Stop, stop, Mr. Blank, not a step further until you've paid your quarter for a chance in the grabbag!"

"Why, Mr. Blank, I'm so glad I ran across you. I want you to take six of the liveliest old ladies down stairs and get them oysters and ice cream. Oh, you shan't say no, I just won't let you!"

When Blank finally escapes by sneaking down cellar and out through the furnace room he walks three miles to his boarding place, because he hasn't a car fare left out of the fifty dollars he left home with.

He Knew the Signs.

When Mr. Spooner went home the other evening the door open perfectly flew open while he was fumbling in his pocket for his latch key, and Mrs. Spooner had her arms around his neck and had given him a kiss on either cheek; then she said sheerily:

"Let me help you off with your overcoat dear. There, I'll hang it up, dear. You'll find your slippers by your chair and I'll put your shoes away. Did you have a good day down town, dear? You look tired. Poor, dear, old boy! There never was a woman who had a dearer husband than my dear, old George, anyhow! sit right down, dear. There, there, darling, I'll get the evening paper for you. You just sit still and rest while I tell you about what a naughty little wife I've been to-day, for, oh, George, I got me the loveliest bonnet for only $19 and—and—you won't mind, will you, dear? I know you won't. That's a darling! It's so lovely! I'll run right up and get it and show it to you before tea!"

"Humph!" growled George, the wretch he was, "I knew there was something of that sort coming. I know the signs!"

Make way here, gentlemen, said the ubiquitous policeman, clubbing the crowd right and left. We've got to have more room. There's an Englishman coming with a pair of pea trousers on.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, September 12, 1889. No. 7.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, H. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Brexhil.
Clk. of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
County Court, (C. E. Beard, Pres't, R. D. Hannah, H. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Mondays in April, 3rd Monday in June and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Monday in January, March, October and 2nd Tuesday in July—July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE.
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. K. WEYMOUTH.
RESIDENT DENTIST.
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

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Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

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ABSOLUTELY WATERPROOF
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A DREAM IN DOGDAYS.

The following was written and read before the Teachers' Institute last week by Miss Lula M. Barnes of Green Bank, W. Va.

Not very long since, as I sat by a raging, fire surrounded by friends, where merry birds sing;
My thoughts were of pleasure, of pleasure and mirth,
Of session of delight, in this land of my birth.

Do you wonder, dear friends, as thus I sat mute,
Musings flew away to our dear Institute;

Well, wonder is not, it is all very true,
If not I will endeavor to make known to you.

I thought of this hour, and wondered if I
Should shine as a spark in the glittering sky;
But when I considered how small I'd appear,
I shrank from the thought with something like fear.

'Twas the spring of my feet seemed calling to me,
To note its small strength, yet it sped to the sea.
This set me to thinking, that, however small,
My help might be needed to roll the great ball.

An infallible teacher, I then, wished to be,
That such a one's rules, my own rules should be;
While thus I sat thinking, to dreaming I fell,
And how long continued, I really can't tell.

A lady approached me, and calling my name,
Said, "Follow me, I am a lady of fame."
"What's your name, and your mission, dear lady, tell me?"
But for once, she was silent, or tried so hard to be.

Though, I found out her name, it matters not how,
It was rather ill fame, it was "Tattler," I vow.
At length in her mission, by querying I
Was going to a teacher's favorite to visit.

This was an occasion that suited my plans,
To meet with the wise, who would lend helping hands;
So with her I started, these dear ones to meet,
But some questions must ask 'ere I know who to greet.

First, I asked her if she would be one I could trust,
To instruct me; but "Oh!" she replied, with disgust,
"Dear me, he is lazy and puffed up with pride,
And the poorest of children I think he'd decide,
And I've told that he teacher alone for the dunce,
But am quietly reading the Pocahontas Times.
The board says he's careless, and I've understood
He seldom, if ever, fills the stove up with wood,
The school house is cold, and from Elkwater to Dick,
Four dozen, I am told, were sorry specks."

I then wished to know, what she knew about B.,
If 'twould be worth my while this person to see.
"Nay, he tells not advice, when the children go out,
Nor knits them, good morning, the lazy old lout,
At play time the children don't play on the green,
But scuffle and sweat and do everything mean,
And when they are quarreling he chides with a grin,
But for fear of much trouble he 'quick-ly goes in.'"

When next I appealed to her knowledge for skill,
Twas of a dear lady of whom I thought well,
But she quickly made answer "Miss ——'s discipline is wise,
Keeps very good order, seems knowledge to prize,
But one thing's extreme, both ways dear," said she,
"She makes them write essays, or even edited they'll be,
How this is for work for children to do,
She ought to know better, now, say what think you?"

Of course I said nothing about her just then,
But spoke of another the last among ten,
"Well, she is a lady, she's timid and severe,
She could not subdue large boys like a steer,
Besides she's so young, should be play ing with help,
And the first thing we know, she'll be courting no doubt."

"Now there's Mr. W., from Highland, he's got a teacher of excellent name.
Would I quest with success if I pattern of his ways?"
To this she made answer, and seemed much amused,
"He reads not the scriptures, though laws of our State
Are very decided, and should have their weight
He holds to no church, so all of them tell,
Is thoughtless and foppish and cuts quite a swell."

"Well there's Mr. Pious, Oh, how does he please?
For he reads the scriptures and prays on his knees.
But here she made answer and went to a fit.
"Don't mention his name, he's an old hypocrite!"

"Well tell me my faults, you have told all the rest,
What are the failings of which I'm possessed?"
To this she made answer, "How I see your friend,
Will speak of your faults as you may intend,
They say you're as poor as the poorest church mouse,
The cottage you live in is scarce called a house,
Your rules are quite faulty, and almost your knowledge,
But the greatest objection you're ever been to college."

As thus she was talking, I found that her game,
Was just to give teachers an excellent name.
So I said I'll return, I was a deputation,
Would seek for instruction, our Superintendent,
I knew he was fair'those, could help me along,
But again she continued her detestable song,
"His business to visit the schools seems to be,
But he doesn't do it, or so they tell me."

My mind was perplexed, seeing trouble in store,
Resolving to hear lazy, "Tattler," no more.
I left her behind, made a hasty retreat,
And hoped that a wiser one now I might meet,
So far had I traveled when sad, tearful eyed
Behold a dear object just kneeling by the skies,
With love in her heart and wisdom in head,
"I will ever assist you with counsel," she said,
"Don't listen to all that is said of you here,
On the River of Life your own vessel steer,
Love the land of your birth while now in your youth,
Love God and his creatures, love virtue and truth,
Your pupils instruct, while they seem inclined,
But punish the same if rebellious you find,
Your heart must be touched with the fingers of love,
Your aim in this life to lead others above,
Vent not the ill name your comforters may bring,
But trust the result to our Heavenly King."

Such was the instruction she tendered to me,
While I wondered much, what her dear name could be.
I asked for her name, when lo! in the skies
She vanished, and straightway I opened my eyes.
As homeward I went toward the sun's setting rays,
I resolved I would profit by the lesson of the day.

JUSTLY PUNISHED.

BY THOMAS BURKE.

James Monroe and Mary Murdock were engaged to be married. They had known each other for years and their parents were fast friends and near neighbors it seemed the most natural thing in the world that they should wed. They were the children of farmers and from school days up had attended the country merry makings together. No "hooking" or "parish bee" or "mite society" was complete unless James and Mary were there.

James Monroe was a tall, blue eyed young man of five and twenty, with light hair and a light moustache, which latter all the girls voted, "just too cute for anything." As a truthful chronicler, we must add he was quite conceited and rather inclined to dilt.

Mary Murdock was a brunette, a charming little black eyed miss who, though generally light hearted, was not laughing, had most from early childhood that it was hardly safe to trespass too far upon her good nature. Her age was twenty.

One evening in July there was an ice cream festival in Payne's Wood's near the village of Farmsville and also near the homes of the two betrothed lovers, and, of course, they were in attendance. It was a merry gathering. Besides ice cream cake, candy, peanuts and lemonade were offered for sale, all for the benefit of the church.

The merry making was at its height when a sudden hush fell on the assemblage and all eyes were directed on a gentleman and lady who were slowly making their way towards the head dispenser of ice cream. The gentleman was bowing right and left, and smiling with great urbanity, thereby displaying a white and glistening set of false teeth to much advantage. Evidently he was on the best of terms with himself, and as a natural consequence with all the world. Why shouldn't Josiah Horton, J. P., the wealthiest man in the neighborhood be on good terms with himself.

But it was the young lady who attracted the lion's share of attention. She was, perhaps, twenty-five years of age, very tall, with dark blue eyes, and hair demoniacal auburn by her friends, and red by her enemies, of which last it may be said she had her full complement. Her form was simply perfection. When I add that she was rich in her own right, and the prospective heiress to another large fortune, I have perhaps said enough to convince the reader that her name was [illegible] very eligible young [illegible]. Her name was Bessie Burton, and she was on a visit to her uncle, Squire Burton. She had been at Saratoga, she had tired of Newport, the White Mountains, and Ben Harbor and therefore in a sudden freak had left the latter place for Burtonsville, stirring there just in time for the lawn festival.

After gazing with some degree of interest on this, to her, unusual and amusing scene, she seated herself at a small table to partake of the cream and cake her uncle had provided.

She had just daintily raised the spoon to her lips when a blunder-ing man deposited a glass of lemonade on her lap and left possession upon the grass at her side.

It was James Monroe who had been drafted in as a waiter for a short period and who had accidentally stumbled over a chair standing in the shadow of a tree.

Of course Miss Burton was angry, not that her splendid satin dress was irretrievably ruined, but at the awkwardness of the whole affair. To have a young man fling a glass of lemonade on her dress and then fall on his face if seeking for pardon at her hand, and that too, before a whole green full of laughing strangers was very worth trying to the proud and pampered heiress.

James rose to his feet with a scowling face and commenced thanking his apologies. At first she greeted all his explanations with a curt "It is of no consequence, sir," and a supercilious elevation of the eyebrows, when suddenly it occurred to her that as the young man was of fair appearance he might possibly be the means of relieving her of her ennui.

As not she resolved to commence a flirtation with him then and there, and in what he had to say, and how explained how the whole thing happened, and he seemed his sincerity and repentance shining

the cattle with awful eyes at her disclosed dress, she held out her white bejeweled hand with great frankness and smiled on him most sweetly.

James, though highly delighted, was somewhat taken aback at this sudden change of front, but as he, as has already been said, was rather inclined to flirt himself, and was flattered at her apparent interest in him, he made no audible comments on her changed behavior.

Taking a seat at the table he entered into an animated conversation with her, in the course of which she artlessly gave him to understand that she was very sad and very unhappy, and that she desired above all things a friend who would sooth her when sad, rejoice with her when merry, and be true to her till death.

Miss Burton looked tenderly at James as she uttered the above sentiment and softly sighed. What wonder the young man's heart beat violently, and his brain was in a whirl? Was not he beholding, so to speak, with the beautiful and aristocratic heiress of whom the whole countryside stood in awe, whose praises had been so loudly and persistently sung by her uncle, the doughty squire.

The good people of Farmsville and vicinity being early risers were necessarily early retirers; consequently the festival came to an abrupt end of a far earlier hour than Miss Burton's accustomed bedtime.

How short the evening has seemed Mr. Monroe," she said, as she gave him her hand at parting, "and I have you to thank for it. Will you not call on me to-morrow afternoon or evening? Something tells me we are to be the best of friends. Will you come?"

"I shall be delighted to do so," said James. Squire Burton coming up at that moment, the young man reluctantly left the heiress and proceeded to seek out his deserted and till then forgotten betrothed. He found her seated near the entrance to the grounds, chatting with her an old lady whom she had prevailed upon to remain with her until her servant boys made his appearance. She was very quiet, and as they passed near the huge lantern at the gateway looking from the scene at the festivity, James noticed that she was decidedly pale and that there was an ominous glitter in her jet black eyes.

The evening was a wonderful one. The stars shone brightly, the moon was at the full, and a cool breeze musically rustled the leaves, and turned the hearts of the newly lovers as they silently wended their way toward the house of Mary which was near by. At last James broke the silence which the party:

"How have you enjoyed yourself this evening, Mary?"

"Very well," was the reply, "it would be superfluous for me to repeat that question, for I saw you were enjoying yourself immensely. You deserted your friend Miss Burton a very unbecoming proportion."

"I did," replied James, "she gave me a very cordial invitation to call on her to-morrow afternoon or evening."

"Do you intend doing so?" asked Mary, in a scarcely audible voice.

"I do," was the curt reply.

"Then," said the young girl, "you must never call on me again. We will henceforth be as strangers. there is your ring." And, before the astonished lover could recover his wits she hastily shut the door on

(Continued on the 4th page.)

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN C. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	8 00	12 00
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One col'n	15 00	30 00	50 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

September, 12, 1889.

Pennsylvania, Taylor Co., gets the State Reform School.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind colic, and is the best remedy known for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

On September 1st the residence of Mr. A. G. Williams, near Job's Knob, this county, was burned, together with most of its contents. The family were all absent except his daughter, Miss Jennie, who did all she could to extinguish the flames and save the household effects. The fire was caused by a defective flue. Mr. Williams' loss is about $3,000 and no insurance.—Greenbrier Independent.

THE crime record in West Virginia during the month of August was an appalling one. No fewer than ten murders, and many lesser offenses were committed, and only in a few instances have the criminals been apprehended. West Virginia's good name will suffer if this rising tide of criminality is not soon checked. If the authorities are too remiss to perform their duties properly, an aroused public sentiment should compel them to do justice. West Virginia is not a lawless State; its citizens are not lawbreakers, and a few criminal should not be allowed to bring discredit upon the law abiding.—Register.

The Young German Emperor.

There is some discussion in the prints as to the character of the German emperor. In the late Mr. Thorod he kins's evening magazine we have a comparatively full discussion of the matter.

Mr. Fentleey Bigelow went to school with the young man—by difference or by means of money—and he thinks that the young emperor is one of the finest affairs on the top side of the ground.

It must be supposed that there is some mistake here. A young man doesn't love his mother and who has no respect for the memory of his father is not much of a person in any walk of life. As a peasant he would be accounted a brute, and as a king he must be somewhat worse.

There is no more mysterious of fair in history than the fact that the German people, who are intelligent, and who are full of the fire and vigor of progress, should submit to be ruled over by a person who hates his mother and despises the memory of his father. It is only less mysterious that the German people should permit any person to rule over them in any shape or form with a power that does not proceed from the people themselves.

But this sort of discuss will cure itself in Germany as it has in America and other enlightened nations. A Bismarck would be intoxicated in this country about two minutes and a half, and then he would go back to his beer, his dog and his family.

It is a great thing for America that there can be no monarchs and no courtiers here. We are living in a great time, and to this extent we are a great people. Show us an American in public life who insults his mother and flouts the memory of his father and we'll show you the deadest duck that ever quacked.—Atlanta Constitutions.

Bridge Removal.

ACADEMY W. VA. Sept. 7th.—ED. TIMES:

It is reported here, that our County Commissioners have at last concluded to take a step in the right direction, in regard to the bridge across Knapp's Creek, and to this end, advertise for bidders to move the bridge, from its present worthless location, to one on the line between Messrs Wm. Carry and Wm. Gross.

To all our citizens, who have been Knapp's Creek when it was high, the last location mentioned seems the proper one; and in fact I have always been surprised that any other was ever selected. At this point the banks on both sides of the creek are high and the channel deep enough to raise the presumption that the bridge will not eventually span the bed of a dry creek, which was never the case where the bridge now stands. A good crossing can also be secured over Brown's Creek by running across the upper edge of the McGlaughlin place. As to the road on this side it is said that my old friend, Mr. Curry, will never consent for the road to cross his land, but "brethren I am persuaded better things" of Mr. Curry. We believe him to be a man of progressive ideas, and beim full of "the milk of human kindness"—a man whose gratitude will ever be ready to acknowledge his obligations to his fellow citizens of Pocahontas. Mr. Editor Mr. Curry was the clerk of this county years ago, when I was a young man. The people delighted to honor him then, and I know he will only be too happy to give us a road across the bottom if our County Court deem it right. I don't like to hear our old citizens slandered by intimations as above. Another thing, (and a member of the County Court mentioned that), this move would change the road running into Huntersville. Why, what of that my friend? Is the interest of all the people of the county, to come up for consideration before, or after the private interest of one or two citizens? Is this County the province of one or two or does it belong to us all? Does our County Court try to serve all the people, or only a select few? It seems to me, when we elect our Commissioners we elect them to look after the interests of Pocahontas County, and I am glad to say, I believe they have done their best with the lights before them, notwithstanding the howl frequently raised against them. Come fellow citizens, one and all and let us try to uphold the law and support the agents commissioned by us to see to our interests. If they sometimes err, in our judgment, don't let us curse them. We elected them to use their judgments, not ours and perhaps we would look at this matter differently, were we in their stead. Now Mr. Editor, if you have no objections, I will stop the airhole until another time.

Yours,
A. CITIZEN.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Gubernatorial Contest is nearing an end and Judge Fleming is Governor of W. Va.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON Sept. 6.—Tanner will have to go. That this conclusion has been reached by Secretary Noble is the impression of nine out of every ten people one meets here no matter what their politics may be. It is said that Noble was disposed to look over Tanners official acts but his steadal talking was the straw which broke the camels back; as one of Noble's friends puts it "Tanner seems to think that instead of being a subordinate of the Secretary of the Interior he is that officials superior officer." That Tanner will go is extremely probable, but I should not hesitate to wager a big red apple that his resignation will not be asked for until after the Ohio election. Mr. Benjamin Harrison got his political education in Indiana, and is fully aware of the danger there is in attempting to swap horses while crossing a stream.

Senator Barbour, who called a conference of democratic leaders in Virginia this week, says everything is in excellent condition in that State and all the indications point to a big democratic majority.

Langston, the negro who is a contestant for a seat in Congress from the Fourth Virginia district announces that he will support Mahone, provided that Mahone, the Virginian state republican committee and the administration will support him (Langston) in his contest for a seat in the House. To appreciate the coolness of this announcement it must be remembered that Langston ran for Congress on an independent ticket, the regular republican nominee having been named by Mahone. A democrat was elected and Langston is contesting the seat on the ground that the Mahone people state votes cast for him. No matter what Mahone and the rest may promise it is very safe to say that Langston will not occupy that seat in the next Congress.

This administration has developed quite a faculty for disposing of Mr. "Nigger" in a manner that is pleasing to the white republicans. It has just designated Lieutenant Alexander, the only negro officer in the Army, as military attache of the American legation at Hati. Fred Douglass is the minister.

Washington will be designated as the place for holding the American Exposition of 1892 by more than a two thirds vote of Congress. Remember this prediction.

Owing to heavy bond purchases and pension payments the Treasury department for August shows an increase of $6,000,000 in the Public debt.

Ex-congressman Thomas, of Illinois, having declined ex-congressman Little, of Ohio, has been appointed to represent the Government on the Venezuela claims commission. The ex's have no right to complain of the administration.

Ex-representative and ex-senator Norwood, of Georgia, is visiting Washington. He was asked what he thought the administration would effect by its tariff reasons in the south. His answer was: "Ninety nine out of every one hundred of the intelligent people of the South are tariff reformers. The republicans can do nothing with our people on the tariff question." He was next asked what he thought would be the effect of Congress passing a law to regulate Federal elections. His reply was: "They may pass them laws but they will be a dead letter. It is too late to interfere with the affairs of the South in that way. Our people will not regard any legislation intended to place the negro over them. And the sentiment in the North is against it. As a voter the negro is a failure. Some republicans accuse us of repressing the negro vote, because they are not cast. The fact is merely that the great mass of the negroes not knowing the use of the ballot have got tired now that the novelty is worn off and they do not want to vote, they stay at home."

President Harrison spent an hour in Washington Wednesday afternoon and is expected here again to night.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D.
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.
Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

OUR LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. D. LAW, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, formerly of Huntersville, have opened a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
(Successors to Fudge & McClintic.)
Mt. Grove, - - - Va.,
DEALERS IN
All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.
Also a full line of general Merchandise.
Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE, Bath co., Va. WM. E. ROLLINS, late Asst. Cashier Nat. Exch. Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Standard Bells Chewing Tobacco.
ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
NO. 234 FRONT STREET.
Charleston, - - West Va

S. [illegible] & SON, Huntersville, W. Va. GOOD FLOUR.

LODGE NOTES

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 65 A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening (or) coming each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. F. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6.31

HOME NEWS

—Clerk J. J. Beard, was down at Academy, the first of this week.

—Geo. Linches, of Academy, called to see us Monday.

—Several communications were crowded out this week, but will appear next.

—Jno. A. McNeel, little daughter Mary and son Paul, of Knapp's creek, were in our office Tuesday.

—The music boy will soon close his sing and horn and start for the place of all places, the school house.

—Miss Maggie Slaven, of Green Bank, was visiting relatives in Huntersville a day or two last week.

—We failed to mention last week, that Rev. J. G. Thrasher, of Md., was in our town Sept. 1st and preached a very excellent sermon in the Methodist church.

—We notice in some of our exchanges, wit would be a good idea to have our side walks sprinkled during the big show &c." We would rather have ours drained now, than sprinkled.

—J. H. Doyle, and wife and J. C. Lowry, Jr., started last Friday for Baltimore, where they will spend a few days in buying their fall and winter goods and also "take in" the exhibition.

—Attorney C. F. Moore and wife, started for Green Bank, Tuesday morning to attend the wedding of Mrs. Birtie Barlow to Mr. Wm. Gladwell, also Hon. Moore, Esq., of Hillsboro came down to escort Miss Lucy Barlow to the same place.

—Now is the time to repair our sidewalks. Fall and winter is approaching, and the first thing we know, we'll have to wade through mud and water a half a foot deep to get our mails, or to get to church. It won't cost much to have our walks repaired, and now is the time to do it. Here we are, now ready to head the subscription list with a quarter. How's that for a start? Who next?

—The turnpike between Marlinton and the top of Allegheny mountain is in a fearful condition. It can hardly be gotten over safely, even with an ox cart. Teams that have been in the habit of wagoning over this road to Millboro Depot are now going to Edmonsville, a distance of 10 miles further. This matter should be looked after at once, and the road put in, at least, a passable condition.

Hillsboro Happenings.

Prof. Landon is improving slowly.

Mr. Henry Sharpes, wife and sister, of Virginia, and Jake McClure, of Edray, were the guests of the Misses Slaven last Saturday night.

Rev. J. C. Thrasher, wife and children accompanied by Miss Pauline McNeel will leave for their home at Ingleside Md. to-morrow.

Mr. A. A. Williams has arrived at this place and taken charge of the art gallery of A. A. Williams and Sons.

Mr. Fred Wallace left for Hampden Sidney college, a few days ago.

Miss Jessie Renick, left this morning for Alderson, to attend the Cottage Home School, taught by Miss Converse.

The Misses Sharpes, commenced the third term of the Hillsboro Training School Sept 4th, with an enrollment of sixteen scholars.

Mr. H. Nathan rented his house to Levy last Friday to Mr. John R. Marshall, for the period of six months.

Dr. Hales has rented Mrs. Cyrus McNeels property in town and has gone to Virginia for his family.

A handsome reception was given to Mr. Will Holt and bride, at the residence of his sister Mrs. W. W. Wysong, last Thursday. They were accompanied to this place by their attendants, Misses Lizzie and Lou Ligon and Mary Beatty, and Messrs Pendk Watkins, Jake Hill, Pearl Marshall, and also by Rev. H. H. Bittinger and Miss Belle Price, Mr. Ligon Marshall and Miss Spaulding, and by one usher, Mr. H. K. Burns. The guests in all numbered over one hundred, and certainly were nicely entertained. The table decorations were a perfect marvel of art and loaded with every conceivable dainty that could please the eye or tempt the palate. The young couple certainly deserve to be congratulated on their good luck, as they were pronounced one of the handsomest couples in the county. The bride was attired in white surah silk, trimmed with white silk lace and bridal wreath, and the groom wore the conventional black. Every thing passed off nicely with nothing to mar the happiness, except the departure of Mrs. J. W. Holt, the grooms mother, who was called home the day before, by the illness of her daughter Mrs. Sallie Wilkinson, and every one left with many wishes for the future happiness of the young couple.

Sep. 9. PRUSELLA.

Brilliant Wedding.

In the Presbyterian church at Mingo Flats on the 4th inst, E. I Holt, of Hillsboro and Miss Lucia Marshall, of Mingo Flats, the lovely and accomplished daughter of Capt. J. W. Marshall, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, by Rev. J. B. Bittinger. The ceremony was beautiful and impressive, and the church was crowded to its utmost capacity.

The church being darkened, was brilliantly illuminated, whichly played to the best advantage, the beautiful floral decoration. Over the aisle through which the bride and her attendants entered, was a large arch of evergreens; in the top of which was placed a beautiful M. made of exquisite white flowers. While the ceremony was being performed the handsome couple stood under an immense floral horse shoe suspended from the dome by white ribbons.

At the close of the ceremony, the bridal pair, led by the maid of honor, who strewed their path with flowers, and followed by the attendants passed down the opposite aisle under a corresponding arch in which was placed a beautiful H. The bride who looks lovely at all times, never appeared more beautiful than when robed in her exquisite bridal gown of white satin and elegant lace which was made entrain. She wore a veil and orange blossoms, and suspended from her left side by loops of white ribbons was an exquisite fan. She carried a lovely bouquet of white flowers. The groom appeared in full dress.

The bride's maids and groom's men were as follows:

Miss Ligon, Clover Lick, with Mr. Pearck Wallace, Mill Point; Miss Gatewood, Big Spring, Mr. James Reynolds, Roanoke Va; Miss Lou Ligon, Mr. Jake Hill Clover Lick, and Miss Beatty, Mr. Platt Marshall, Mingo Flats; Miss Minnie Stones, Maid of honor, Mingo Flats. Miss —— Ligon, wore blue China silk and moire ribbon and carried a bouquet of white dahlias; Miss Gatewood, cream India silk and pearls, bouquet of coral honeysuckle and ferns; Miss Lou Ligon, Pink India silk and illusion, bouquet of hydrangia; Miss Beatty pink surah silk and lace, bouquet of sweet peas and ferns. The brides maids wore their hair tastefully arranged each with a choice ornament to correspond with her dress. Miss Minnie Moore was idle groom, and carried a box of beautiful flowers. After having received the congratulations of their many friends, the bridal party accompanied by the Minister and wife started to Hillsboro, the grooms home, where a large reception was given.

The bride was the recipient of many elegant presents. Among which was a handsome gold watch and, fob present from the groom.

J. J.

Wyatt-Hull.

Wednesday, the fourth of September, was a red letter day with your correspondent. At eleven in the morning, the nuptials of Zane Moore and Miss Ida B. Herold were simultaneously celebrated at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Herold near Frost.

The vows were pronounced by Wm. T. Price, in the presence of many friends and relatives.

While the wedding march, was being elegantly rendered by Mrs. Lizzie Lockridge, the bridal party appeared in the parlor. Misses Annie Moore, Minnie Dever and Myrtle Hannah were bridesmaids, attended by Messrs. Letcher Herold, Millard Herold and Pounts Moore, in the order named.

Festoons of evergreens, floral decorations, and Chinese lanterns rendered the scene of weird beauty. The bride's attire consisted of white sorrents, silk covered with lace. The attending ladies were tastefully attired, either in cream colored cashmere, or in henrietta cloth of snowy whiteness. A varied and bountiful repast, was much enjoyed by seventy-five or eighty persons, served by polite and attentive waiters.

On the afternoon of the same day, Mr. Loring Kerr and Miss Laura F. Orndorf, were happily married at the home of the bride's widowed mother, in the vicinity of Green Bank.

The marriage ceremony was performed at five o'clock, by Wm. T. Price, which was witnessed by a large attendance of invited friends. Misses Otey Riley, Ollie Sutton, Maggie Gum and Cora Woodell, attended the bride, escorted by Messrs. Mack Kerr, Joseph Kerr, Henry Woodell and French Sutton, in the order indicated.

The bride and her lady friends in their pure white attire, presented a very engaging scene, as they appeared with their escorts upon the floor.

More than a hundred happy guests shared the feast of good things so gratifuely provided.

For genuine and innocent social enjoyment, nothing can easily excel marriage scenes like those witnessed of the first Wednesday of September, 1889.

W. T. P.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of THE TIMES will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure.

Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WHITE PINE LUMBER.

Having several orders for white pine lumber I have concluded if I got orders sufficient to justify it, saw up a few cars of choice pine timber I own a short distance east of Huntersville. Any one desiring lumber within 100 miles will please notify me at once. Large bills will be sold to responsible parties upon a credit of six months.

Respectfully,
H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

LADIES

Having a stock of millinery and wishing to close it out, I will sell at cost for cash or trade for country produce. Call and see my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

MRS. M. A. HOLT.

FOR BOARD.

During the next [illegible] School at Hillsboro Male and Female Acad[illegible] may apply to

E. H. ROGERS.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HANKLA, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 23rd 1889,

and will continue NINE months.

TUITION from $1.50 to $3.00 per month.

BOARD $8.00 to $10.00

Contingent fee to provide fuel etc. 15 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Parents should consider the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.,
D. S. HANKLA.

SHEEP! SHEEP!

Public Sale of Personal Property.

I will proceed to sell at public auction on Thursday September 26th to the highest bidder the following personal property.

100 head of sheep, one yoke of oxen, 2 milch cows, and hay and grain and farming utensils.

Wm. T. PERRY.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Of Valuable Lands.

Pursuant to a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas County, [illegible] rendered at the June term, 1889, in the cause of J. H. Arbogast, Adm'r. vs. J. H. Arbogast's Heirs &c.,

I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the premises, near Traverse's Repose, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5TH, 1889,

all the lands yet belonging to the Estate of Jacob H. Arbogast, dec'd, comprised of part of a tract of 45 acres, part of a tract of 128 acres and part of a tract of 80 acres, all adjoining each other, and containing in the aggregate about 125 acres, lying in the forks of Greenbrier River on the N. & F. Turnpike. About 65 acres of these lands are in cultivation with a good dwelling and other buildings and orchard &c. The balance affords a good outlet for young stock, especially sheep, and has some good blue[illegible] Spruce and Oak timber upon it.

TERMS:

One-third of the purchase money cash in hand, the balance in equal payments, credit, one, two and three years, from that day. The purchaser to execute bonds with good personal security for the deferred payments, a lien will be reserved until a future order of the Court.

E. V. YEAGER, Spec'l Com'r.

Sept. 12-4t. Pocahontas Co. Va.

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioner of the County Court, of Pocahontas county, will receive Sealed Bids, until 12 m. on the 5th day of October, 1889, at the Commissioner's office in Huntersville, for building a bridge across Knapp's creek near Huntersville at or near the upper end of the Ducky ford, said abutments to be of rail cribs, filled with stone, and the foundations to be put in with good judgment, and to be at least 3 feet above high water mark, and the substantial height of the work to be in cribs work will not be taken. Abutments to be 32 feet long or sufficient to reach to high bank on each side, and 14 feet in height from the bottom and 1 foot at top. All material to be of the best quality, and ensure the bridge from the abutments shall be completed on the 1st day of December, 1889. The contract to be given to some responsible party for the faithful performance of his contract.

The court reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

L. H. MCLAUGHLIN, Com'r.

List of Taxpayers

before the undersigned for settlement:

Jacob H. Gillespie, who I set due, will do it.

ALVIS H. WARWICK, JR.,
This 12 day of Sept. 1889.

HILLSBORO TRAINING SCHOOL

The third annual session of the Hillsboro Training school for young ladies and children will begin on September 4 1889.

MISS G. M. SHARPES,
Principal.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want brick stone Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

O. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A. H. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

In connection with Furniture and Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

NOTICE.

I will not hereafter sell [illegible] credit, and all who owe me will please come forward and settle their accounts at once and save further trouble.

Flour $5.50 per 196 lbs and corn 70cts per bu.

GEO. K. MCCLAUGHERTY,
Edray.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE, CHAIRS AND FINEST TRIMMED

In the county, go to

C. B. SWINGEN,
AUCTIONEER, UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER.

Dunmore, W. Va.

PATENTS.

Canada, and Trade Marks procured, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

E. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[illegible]

To the creditors of Hugh H. [illegible] deceased:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending on the [illegible] day of [illegible] 1889, wherein [illegible] was plaintiff and [illegible] was defendant, for the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Hugh H. [illegible], deceased, to the undersigned, a Special Commissioner appointed by said decree, at his office in the said county, on or before the 5th day of September, 1889.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court this 29th day of July 1889.

JOHN J. BEARD, C. P. C.

July 29-3t. [illegible] Com'r.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the [illegible] Court Clerk's office, at Pocahontas County C. H., on the 2nd day of September, 1889.

George A. Kinnamond, Special commissioner in the Chancery cause of

Benson vs. Benson &c.

vs.

A. G. Benson &c.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to subject to the payment of the debts of Andrew Benson deceased, to the claims of Pocahontas county, and the heirs of Andrew Benson, to convey a tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, situated in the county of Pocahontas on the head waters of Knapp's creek, bounded by lands of [illegible] Wooddell, Jr., and others, and conveyed to the said Andrew Benson by deed from [illegible] and wife, dated [illegible] 1868, and recorded in the clerk's office of Pocahontas county in Deed Book [illegible] page [illegible] and to sell said land, and

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant A. G. Benson is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he appear here within the first [illegible] after the date of the publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in the suit.

Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, C. P. C.

Sept. 5-4t. By [illegible] D. C.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Huntersville, W. Va.

September, 12, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

If You Have

CONSUMPTION | COUGH OR COLD
BRONCHITIS | Throat Affection
SCROFULA | Wasting of Flesh

SCOTT'S EMULSION

PURE COD LIVER OIL

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

Cough Medicine

CONSUMPTION

CATARRH

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

AND IF YOU NEED

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES"

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VI[illegible] [illegible] Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, September 19, 1889. [illegible] No. 9

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Campbell,
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic,
Sheriff, R. J. McNeel,
Deputy Sheriff, I. W. Sydnor,
Clerk Circuit Court, P. J. Stuart,
Assessor, C. D. Arbogast,
Commissioners, C. P. Beard, Pres't,
S. E. Hannah,
G. P. Moore,
Clerk Surveyor, Geo. Beckie.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 1st Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

L. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. [illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Monroe and Summers counties. Special attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. [illegible]
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

[illegible]
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

I. W. SYDNOR,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County semi-annually in Spring and Fall. The exact time of each visit will appear in the TIMES.

S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
IS A GREAT LABOR SAVER.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
RAIN AND SNOW DON'T AFFECT IT
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
MAKES A SHOE WATERPROOF.
BUFFALO AND TROUBADOUR BY SUPER OF LONDON.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

THE PATRIOT FUGITIVE.

A TALE OF THE REVOLUTION.

Comely Mistress Sally Saydam sat on a low bench beneath the apple-tree in her back yard, shelling peas. Delicate petals from the fragrant blossoms overhead dropped upon her; the bluebird perched upon the hollow stump hard by sang to her a song of spring and sunshine; the fresh morning breeze that made ripples all across the golden surface of Flushing Bay to mark its progress, came to lift rare lovely the soft, brown curls on her temples. Before her, on an upturned pail, rested a gaunt old man, with white hair, and long, bony fingers that were interlocked over his knobby knee.

"Indeed," spoke Mistress Saydam continuing her conversation, "it is hard that Abner should be so long away from his home and in peril of his life, but he would be no true American did he lag at his wife's apron string when his country has need of him. And, of a truth, instead of repining I should rejoice daily that he is still alive and at liberty. I think I would rather hear that he had fallen on the field than that he was a prisoner in the cruel hands of the British——"

"Is that Jersey prison ship, Verily, it is wonderous that men endure to live in that hell upon earth if the half that is told of it be true."

"The half of its horrors hath not been told," exclaimed a suppressed but distinct voice from the clump of lilac bushes behind Mrs. Saydam. The good dame gave a little jump and an exclamation alarm, while the gaunt man sprang to his feet. Peering in the direction of the voice, they saw under the bushes, close to the ground, the haggard, yellow face of a man with great wild eyes and tangled hair and beard.

"Who are you, and what want you here?" demanded Mistress Saydam, stoutly.

"Robert Jameson, a fugitive from the Jersey prison ship am I, and one in need of all that man may lend to live."

"Come forth, man; come forth You shall need no longer here," responded the old man earnestly, going toward him.

"Back—back! Keep your distance, man! There is death in my garments—the poison of the prison fever. Stand aloof; but I pray you lay some food where I may get it without coming nigh you."

While he spoke Mistress Saydam reflected, and when he had ceased, quickly took the ordering of affairs in her hands. Giving to the old man—who was none other than the patriot-parson Egbert Ellis—a suit of her soldier-husband's clothing, she instructed him to use that the fugitive, after casting away his infested garments, bathed in the creek at the foot of the garden, and then put on the clean raiment, by which time she would have a good breakfast ready for him.

When Jameson's hunger had been appeased, he told his story:

"I was taken prisoner through the running down of the boat I was in on the Hudson, and was put aboard the prisonship three months ago. The night before last I sprang overboard, being willing rather to die than live longer there; but coming ashore a little below the ship mill, I managed to make my way into the country, and swam then, hiding when I could and running when I dared. I have had ships for eating nothing most one. How assiduously I listened to your speech to learn if ye were friends or foes!

"Is life on the prisonship indeed so terrible as men say?" asked Mrs. Saydam.

"Only the dead have learned all its horrors, but the living there know enough to madden them. Twelve hundred men are crowded in a space that would not suffice for the healthful keeping of one-fourth so many. They are scantily fed upon tainted meat and vermin-infested bread, so that violent and fatal disorders are rife among them. The dreaded fever hath broken out, and so rages that at times as many as two hundred die of it in a night. Through sheer malignity the British officers refuse water even to those parched with the fever, and find sport in seeing their burning thirst drive them mad. Often in the inky darkness of the lower gun-deck, where they are confined at night, the startling cry is heard: 'Look to yourselves! One here hath gone mad and he hath a knife.' And the madmen, knowing not what he does, slashes right and left with his weapon, until in self-defense they must kill him—and all that in the dark. And that such amuses the British officers.

"Lord let death seize upon them, and let them go down quick into hell," ejaculated the pastor, in fervent quotation of the psalmist.

"Amen!" responded Jameson between his clinched teeth, continuing his narrative. "It is a common sport with them to cast apples among the prisoners to set them fighting. The wretched men, whose wounds are weakened by their sufferings, seem maddened, at sight of the tempting fruit, and will beat and tear each other, with claws and teeth, like starving carnivora, beside to get possession of it—whereat the British officers laugh heartily and enjoy themselves mightily."

"Lord, let burning coals fall upon them; let them be cast into the fire, into deep pits, that they rise not up again," broke forth the parson.

"Men are shot down like dogs by the sentries, who act under orders, serious thereby being found to the slightest breach of discipline."

"Woe unto the wicked! It shall be ill with him, for the reward of his hands shall be given him."

"Again and again a cartel hath come for an exchange of prisoners, and those upon whom Death's hand is already laid have been sorted out to send away, while those with more life in them were put back with the dead jibe: 'You have not been here long enough; you are too well to exchange.'"

"Lord, how long shall the wicked triumph?"

Mistress Saydam's cheeks were very pale, and her eyes blazed with indignation. Each of the excited person's scripture quotations were expressive of her sentiments, but she did not open her lips until he uttered, as a prayer:

"Lord, rout them out of the land of the living; pity them not, nor spare, nor have mercy, but destroy them utterly."

Then she earnestly exclaimed "Amen!"

All that day Robert Jameson hid in hiding among the bushes back of Mistress Saydam's house, seeing, sleeping and rapidly regaining his strength, while she watched over his safety and fed him.

Parson Ellis went away. Before taking his departure, he told the fugitive:

"I am over here on a mission, which it may be God's will that I shall lay down my life in, should the chance be, it is so great that I act could stand in the boat that is moored in the bay near the mouth of this creek. If I come off alive, I shall easily find another boat, one you had better take, and soon as the moon hath set to night, sail for New London, where you will be safe. Go not ashore, for to be overhauled on the road and recaptured."

"I will never be taken alive," answered Robert, firmly.

"You are a brave man, and I no doubt your talent, but 'we are all in the hand of God. If you reach New London safely, give the boat in charge of Ebenezer Holden whom you will easily find. And now, farewell."

Robert feared to remain in the house, lest he might be surprised by a party of the British dragoons, who as he was informed, were cordially scouring the island. Near nightfall Mistress Saydam came rushing down to him from the upper window where she had long been sitting, watching that she might note the approach of an enemy far off.

"The dragoons are coming!" she cried to him.

A dozen of them were coming down the road at no very springing trot, with Captain Tilghman at their head. Of course the fugitive imagined that they were in pursuit of him, but they were not. He was supposed to have been drowned and eaten by the sharks, numbers of which savage creatures were attracted in the vicinity of the prison ship by the prey that was either tossed to them or that voluntarily leaped overboard. The dragoons had quite another object than his capture to their coming. But he thought only of flight.

He ran swiftly down the brook crowding below the line of rank grass that overgrew the banks, until he reached the bay, where he plunged on and disappeared. He was sighted by the time, but the early rising moon gave so clear a light that he did not dare to attempt reaching the parson's boat, though it was only four or five rods from where he took to the water. A couple of the dragoons rode leisurely down to the bay, and there sat upon their horses, chatting. They were discussing the catching of spies who were supposed to land there from the Connecticut or New York shore. Presently Captain Tilman, with four more men, joined all them. They had stopped to search for rebels in Mistress Saydam's house. The captain had a plan.

"It is useless," he said, "for us to attempt the capture, upon the water, of these Yankee spies, who have eyes like hawks by day and owls by night, and could see us long before we could see them. We must let them land. As I have charged might then say of you at night, I will command myself to the best and watch for them. You will hide in yonder clump of woods. When they land I will signal to you, by imitating the plover's cry, which was to dash in full upon them—once for this was, twice for the second at the same moment will more than suffice to cut off their retreat."

So it was arranged. One of the dragoons waded out to the parson's little sail boat and drew her in so that the Captain could step aboard, by dint of much pushing and shoving. Then the dragoons rode into the woods, and the Captain lay down in the boat to watch and wait for events. Events were rapidly approaching for the fugitive's consolation.

A big, bulging bunch of sedge grass floated out from near the shore toward the boat, drifted up [illegible] presenting it closer and closer. At length it seemed to lodge against the boat. The Captain did not suspect it. He was looking in the opposite direction. Suddenly a head rose out of the water behind him—the head of Robert Jameson—close by the bunch of floating grass. The next moment a long arm reached over the low side of the boat, and a powerful hand gripped the Captain's throat—gripped it with such ferocious energy that it cut off his breath, made the world turn black before him, and seemed to paralyze him. Before he could utter a movement of self-defense, or a shout, a man rolled into the boat upon him, and seizing one of his big soldier pistols that he had had beside him, dealt such a blow upon his temple that he was stunned and lay as still as if dead.

When the Captain recovered his senses he found himself bound hand and foot with the anchor rope. His captor had stepped the mast. The little sail was hoisting full with a favoring southeast breeze, and the shore was far behind. The next morning he was turned over to the military authorities at New London as a prisoner; and understanding that fortune of war may be dreaded, he at least had the consolation of knowing that in the hands of Americans he would suffer from no such fiendish inhumanity as was practised under the English flag aboard the Jersey prison ship.

Robert Jameson was exchanged as quite a hero in New London, where he promptly re-entered the service, and fought recently until the end of the war.

Taming the Terrapin.

There had been some hard words between Julius and Moses Isaacs, as near as I could make out, says a writer in the New York Evening Sun. Moses was blacking my boots on the verandah when Julius came around from the kitchen and began:

"Look hush, boy; I'm dam got my eye half on you, an' do best thing you know I'll pound you to squash."

"Shut! Does you know who you is cavorsin' wid?" demanded Moses. "Does' you talk to me dat way, black man."

"Who's black man?"

"You is."

"You was a liar sah!"

"Who was you?"

"Look out, boy! A feller dun called me hish was some said de nearest had to bury him."

"Ah! you look out for me, black man; I'm mighty hard to wake up, but when I gits aroused I whip person all de way dere."

"Shut! I just want to say to you dat de last fight I was in it took eight men to hold me. Does' you get me much, boy—does' you do it."

"Hum! I does put my hand on your shoulder."

"Ah! I does put my hand on yours."

"Now what yo' gwine to do?"

"Now what you gwine to do?"

"Shut?"

"Shut?"

And after some [illegible] to debate for a moment [illegible] and shook away and went [illegible] to return the "shot." It [illegible] previously and every [illegible] results.

Miss Flimsy—Well, Frederic, what reason has this Lent to recommend it? Mr. Flimsy—It don't run that way [illegible] Old Flimsy—Quite true, my dear. But you mustn't forget that I will probably have to support him.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN T. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Huntersville, W. Va.

September, 19, 1889.

"Jack the Ripper" adds one more to the list of the White Chapel victims.

Congressman "Sunset" Cox died at his home in New York, on the 10th inst.

The Charleston Star has been sold, to the Kanawha Publishing Co., and will hereafter be run in republican principles.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering with pain, whether arising from teething, or from any other cause. It relieves the little sufferer, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy known for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The sale of lots at Iron Gate, Rockbridge county, Thursday last, aggregated from $75,000 to $80,000 some of the lots bringing $25 per foot above the company's price.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

Three million five hundred thousand pounds of sugar, that the Sugar Trust had in store for a rise, was burned in New York on the 7th.

$100 REWARD. $100.

The readers of This Times will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing the work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure.

Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Prosperous South.

The South is better off, as respects material wealth, than for many years past. Its social, intellectual, moral and political condition has improved, it is believed, at an almost equal rate. The white population, not been affected by immigration, is American still to the backbone, and it is animated by sentiments of devotion to constitutional which render the South the conservative element of the Union. Its growth in wealth, in culture, in population and political influence is, therefore, in the interest of free institutions, to be desired by the whole country.—Baltimore Sun.

John L. Sullivan for Congress.

New York, September 7.—John L. Sullivan in a letter in the Evening Sun announces that he is a candidate for congress from the Boston, Mass., district when the next fall elections are held. He will run he says as a Democrat. In the course of his letter he says: "Any man who doubts my popularity with the American people has only got to travel about with me to get rid of the notion. Some may misconstrue my occupation in life. They don't know what they are talking about. My business is and always has been open since I came before the public to encourage physical culture. A man who can quit a crowd in Madison square garden as I have done, can make his pass when felt in Congress, or anywhere else on earth."

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 11.—General Tanner is gone. The Pension office will know him no more, at least not as its chief. He will of course continue to draw his pension. The long struggle between the "Corporal" and Secretary Noble reached its culminating point this week, when the Secretary suspended Tanner from office, pending the result of the investigation now going on. Tanner refused to consider himself suspended unless the order came direct from the President. That brought the whole matter before President Harrison, who was compelled to delay his intended departure for Deer Park in order to hear the parties to this dispute. Exactly what was said when Tanner and Noble met in the Presidents private office, where they had been summoned will probably never be known, as the only witnesses were President Harrison and Marshall Randell. But it is understood that Secretary Noble told President Harrison that the investigation now going on in the Pension office had convinced him that Tanner was both inefficient and indiscreet, and that he had suspended him from office until the investigation was closed when he expected the result would be ample to demand his summary dismissal. Tanner claimed to be innocent of either wrong doing or indiscretness. Exactly what the President did, has not yet been made public, but Tanner's resignation is known to be in the hands of the President. Secretary Noble is known to have been bitterly opposed to allowing Tanner to resign; he thinks he should be dismissed, and only wants to wait until he gets the official report of the investigating commission, in order to show the public that the dismissal is deserved. Assistant Commissioner Smith, is acting Commissioner of Pensions, and Tanner has not been to the office since Tuesday, when he shook hands with one of the employees, and told him that he (Tanner) never expected to come into the building again.

General Rosecrans, the democratic ex-cram who has been Register of the Treasury since the early days of Mr. Cleveland's administration, was removed by rumor this week to make a place for Tanner. As usual, rumor lied. Gen. Rosecrans has not been removed, and I have it from high republican authority that he will not be disturbed during Harrison's administration. My informant gave two reasons why: Many G. A. R. men had asked for his retention and, he is Chauncey Depews relative by marriage.

Think it of my countrymen the rolls of the Pension office contained on the last day of June 489,729 pensioners and is still increasing. The figures are from an official statement just issued.

Secretary Proctor is laying the wires to succeed Senator Ruprill, of Vermont, whose term expires in 1891, and Senator Edmunds is doing all he can to assist him.

Representative Norwood of Georgia, has a level head. He says: "I think the worlds fair of 1892 will be held in Washington. It is the proper place for it—the only place where it could have a national character. The celebration must be national, must be the celebration of the whole people—every man woman and child—and must be held at its National capital. The Southern Congressmen are all for Washington."

Ex-Senator Riddleberger of Virginia has enlisted to the democratic party. He will stump Virginia in opposition to Mahone.

President Harrison has settled a long struggle by making the rest of the Federal appointments for New York City.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

or you suffer from any kidney trouble, you will find relief in

BROWN'S Iron Bitters.

The Baldwin Hatchet Fair at Staunton, Va. opens Oct. 1st and continues 4 days.

Ellison Hatfield has been arrested by a Kentucky court to be hung on the 3rd of December for the murder of one of the McCoys in January, 1888, and Wall Hatfield Alexander Mosser and Doc and Sam Marlow have been sent to the Kentucky penitentiary for life, for participation in the Hatfield McCoy feud.

PHILADELPHIA SINGER
WARRANTED 5 YEARS.

LOW ARM. $20 HIGH ARM. $28

HANDSOME. DURABLE.

FIFTEEN DAYS' TRIAL
IN YOUR OWN HOUSE BEFORE YOU PAY ONE CENT.

High Arm Machine has self-setting needle, self-threading shuttle, a regulator on the light-running, can be started or stopped by the slightest touch, is a reversible feed, four drop leaves, and is furnished with a full set of attachments, in a walnut finished case. Don't pay agents $75 to $100 for one of these machines. Remember we guarantee our machine equal to any high-priced machine on the market. Address

The G. A. WOOD CO.,
47 N. 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sick Headache

Is a complaint from which many suffer ; and few are entirely free. Its cause is indigestion and a sluggish liver, the cure for which is readily found in the use of Ayer's Pills.

"I have found that for sick headache, caused by a disordered condition of the stomach, Ayer's Pills are the most reliable remedy."—Samuel G. Brackett, Washington, Mass.

"After the use of Ayer's Pills for many years, in my practice and family, I am justified in saying that they are an excellent cathartic and liver medicine—correcting all the disorders made by them."—W. A. Woodall, M. D., V. P. Austin & T. & P. Railway Co., Reiner, Texas.

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered stomach and liver. I suffered for over three years from headache, indigestion, and constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time. By using three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and no other, I was entirely cured."—Philip Lockwood, Topeka, Kansas.

"I was troubled for years with indigestion, constipation, and headache. A few boxes of Ayer's Pills, used in small daily doses, restored me to health. They are prompt and effective."—W. H. Street, Mondville, Pa.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

WHITE PINE LUMBER.

Having several orders for white pine lumber I have concluded if I get orders sufficient to justify to saw up a few piece of choice pine timber I will at a short distance east of Huntersville. Any one desiring lumber within six months will please notify me at once. Large bills will be sold to responsible parties upon a credit of six months.

Respectfully,
H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

Lands in Pocahontas County.

In pursuance of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered at the June term, 1888, in the chancery cause of

C. L. Austin &c.,
vs.
W. F. Arbogast &c.,

I will on

MONDAY THE 21ST DAY OF OCTOBER,

next, offer for sale at public auction in front of the Court house of Pocahontas county, two tracts of land, one of 455 acres and the other of 1,000 acres. These tracts of land are situate on the Allegheny mountain, and are known as lots No. 9 and 10, in the big survey and are valuable for the timber thereon.

TERMS:

Cash in hand to pay the costs of the two suits and the costs of sale and for the balance, the purchaser will be required to execute bonds with good security payable in one, two and three months, bearing interest from day of sale until the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

L. H. HUNTER,
Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, do certify that L. H. Hunter, who has acted as the bond required by said decree.

J. J. BEARD, C. P. C.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

YOUR LIQUOR IS PURE WHEN PURCHASED

C. D. LAM, formerly of W. Augusta, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a

NEW LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
(Successors to Fudge & Mc[illegible])
Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.

[illegible] ROLLINS, Late [illegible] Hotel, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Stonewall Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 224 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va.

S[illegible] HOTEL, Huntersville, W. Va.

GOOD FLOUR.

MASONIC NOTICE.

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE, NO. 81, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

8-31

HOME NEWS.

—The threshing machine is in operation in this vicinity now.

—Mrs. Jno. Beard, of Academy, is visiting her son at this place J. J. Beard, Esq.

—N. J. Brown, at Mill Point, passed through town last Saturday with a drove of fine cattle for market.

—Maj. C. P. Moore, is attending Court at Beverly, Randolph Co., this week.

—J. H. Doyle and wife and J. O. Lowry Jr., have returned from Baltimore.

—Hugh Adams, of Rockbridge Baths, Va., passed through town Tuesday, on his way to Elk.

PREACHING.—Rev. B. M. Wheeler, of Tennessee, Va., will preach in the Methodist Church, at this place next Sunday, the 22nd, at 11 o'clock A. M.

—Well, Sarah, what have you been doing to make you look so young. Oh, nothing much, only been using Hall's Hair Renewer to restore the color of my hair.

—A. Barlow had something over 400 bushels of wheat threshed on his farm at this place last week and we understand will have about the same counted on his farm a mile from town.

—The use of calomel for derangements of the liver has caused many a fine constitution. Those who, for similar troubles, have tried AYER'S Pills testify to their efficacy in thoroughly remedying the malady, without injury to the system.

FUNERAL.—We are authorized to announce that Mrs. David McGaughlin's funeral will be preached by the Rev. Bollenger on Sept. 29th, at the church on Back Alleghany at 11 o'clock a. m.

—It is astonishing how rapidly the feeble and debilitated gain strength and vigor when taking AYER'S Sarsaparilla. For what are called "broken down constitutions," nothing else has proved so effective as this powerful but perfectly safe medicine.

—We have received Vol. 1 first and second numbers of the *National Democrat*, published at Washington, D. C. It is a weekly paper devoted to the interests and principles of the Democratic party. It is a contribution that has been much needed at our national capital, and should meet the hearty, influential support of the entire Democratic party.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. H. Waysmith will be at Mingo Flats, October 1st, and remain 3 days.

Edray Dec. 8th, 4 days.

Mill Point, Oct. 15th, 4 days.

Huntersville Oct. 19th, 4 days.

Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine with very little pain. Call early and make your engagements as his time is limited to the above dates.

See TERMS for other reasonable rates.

The Gold Ratio.

The Committee have at last completed the count of the vote cast last November for Governor, and adjourned to meet, in the near future, at the call of the Chairman, for the purpose of writing out the report. Exactly how the count now stands we do not know, but Judge Fleming, we think, has a majority of between 200 and 300.

Local Items.

A funeral sermon in memory of Mrs. Margaret Jackson late wife of James H. Jackson Esq., will be preached on Elk at Mary's Chapel on first Sunday the 6th of October next by G. P. Moore.

J. C. Gay, received serious injuries last Tuesday in being thrown down and run over by his team running away. He is improving at this writing.

Mrs. W. C. Shearer and Miss Mamie McClure are off on a visit to relatives in Appomattox Co., Va.

Mr. H. Shearer and wife who have been visiting relatives in this section left for their home this morning.

Threshing is about done around here. Wheat yielded fine, Oats very light.

Sept. 1885. X. X.

Green Bank Items.

Mr. J. L. Jones, of Highland spent some time calling on patrons and former pupils of other days on his return from the Institute.

Mr. McCoy from the Levels has engaged our school for the coming session.

Guy Slaven of Huntersville is visiting friends and relatives in our neighborhood.

Mr. Townsend and wife and Miss Henry of Winchester, who were attending the marriage and reception of Mr. D. L. Kerr returned Saturday.

Mr. C. O. Arbogast and wife after sojourning a few weeks in our neighborhood returned to Winchester last week.

Sept. 1885. PAULINA.

Summers Swings.

Auctioneer Sweeker has returned from an auctioneering trip in Randolph county, and will return and commence on the 16th inst., one of the biggest auction sales ever in Beverly.

Invincible is booming on the W. Va. Central railroad.

Hon. M. Kerr is putting the Christ M. road in first class order.

Elkins Randolph Co., will be the nearest place for us to haul our goods from; being about 25 miles nearer than Sycamore.

Col. B. F. Jackson, of Rockingham Co., Va., is here on a visit.

Mrs. Jno. A. Nail is visiting in Randolph Co.

Miss Cora Jones summoned the Damsons school the 9th.

Miss Ettie Lobin is off on a trip to Edray.

Miss Annie Wilkinson will leave tomorrow for Warren Co., Va.

Dan'l O'Connell has opened up his timber camp on Glade Hill.

Attorney C. P. Moore and wife passed through Frost today.

A good many persons are attending the big sale at Sycamore.

Sept. 11 A TRAVELER.

Rockbridge Happenings.

Both Burns and Brother Will left last week for a visit to relatives in Bath Co.

Miss Kate McIntyre is visiting relatives and friends in Greenbrier Co.

Miss Sallie Hamilton, of Sunset, is visiting Mrs. Enoch Moore.

The Marriage of Mr. Isbington and Miss Maggie Beard will take place in the Presbyterian church to-morrow morning.

Beverly Waugh and wife returned this morning from Lewisburg where Mr. Waugh has been for treatment by the vacuum specialist, of Hedgesville. Mr. Waugh is very much improved in health.

Mrs. Jasper Payne was called to Columbia Saturday by the illness of her mother.

The Dilatory Hymn of the sons of Temperance of W. Va., will give a free entertainment in the Methodist church Friday night. The public are cordially invited.

Mrs. D. B. Sydenstricker and son Lacy are visiting friends and relatives at Frankford.

Mrs. B. W. Hill and children are visiting her mother Mrs. Watts of Hicksville.

Died on last Thursday, Blanche, child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hall, of Locust.

Home Happiness.

One of the most beautiful weddings of the season was that of Mrs. Hattie Barlow to Mr. William Gladwell, which occurred on the morning of the 11th of Sept. at the home of the bride's father, Major Arbogast, near Green Bank.

As the hour of 7 drew nigh the conventional march was played till the party had arranged itself in the parlor. The beautiful Methodist ceremony was most impressively rendered by the Rev. Mr. Bollenger.

The attendants were:

Miss Lucy Barlow with Mr. Rice Moore; Miss Mattie Brenner, Mr. Early Arbogast; Miss Flora Moore, Mr. John Brenner; Miss Ollie Cackley, Mr. Harry Moore; Miss Minnie Bradshaw, Mr. Snowden Moorman; Miss Lena Barnes, Mr. Wilson; Miss Monte Arbogast, Mr. McMully; Miss Minnie Patterson, Mr. Howard Arbogast.

The bride was most becomingly attired in a beautiful of Dorce's gray with embroidery of white daisies and wore a corsage bouquet of La France roses. The maids were directoires of the same soft shade, Dorce gray.

The many pretty and valuable presents of which the bride was the recipient betokened the high esteem in which she was held. After a most delightful breakfast the bridal party started for McDowell, the home of the groom, and the guests took leave of their genial host and hostess, and started to their respective homes, feeling as if it were good for them to have been there.

CORRESPONDENT.

DIED.—Claude Turner, son of Prof. T. M. Turner, at the residence of his father in Lewisburg, Thurs day Sept. 3d, in the 12th year of his age.

DIED.—Fanny Cleveland, infant daughter of J. H. and Eva Gaudy, near Green Bank Sept. 6, 1885, after a brief illness, aged 11 months, lacking one day. A sweet precious body, newly allowed to appear on earth, then was taken to them, forever in the "Garden of Paradise." Close up dear sorrowing parents, daughters and sisters, you can not, would not call her back, but you can all "go to her." A more affecting scene was never witnessed by the writer, than was that of the family, all standing around the little quiet sleeper looking into "quiet eyes" left they all not agree.

W. H. S.

Hillsboro.

Again the cloud of gloom and death overshadows us. About 4 o'clock on Saturday Evening, Aug. 22, 1885 passed from earth to the heavenly world, Miss Sallie M. Yeakley, daughter of P. J. and Sarah M. Patterson, near Glade Hill, this county in great pains.

Sister Sallie was converted to God at the early age of 12 years, under the ministry of Rev. D. S. Hericks, and joined the M. E. Church, South, to which she lived a Christian life.

It is certainly true in this case, that death bore a shining mark, while was the idol of the home, and she was known and loved by a large circle of friends, both young and old.

She has for some years been afflicted, which lasted for several weeks, with a Christian patience, saying the will of the Lord be done. The resignation to her heavenly Father's will was perfectly manifested in her death. While it is sad to give up one so young, we rejoice, hoping and praying, we believe, that we shall meet her in heaven. Sister Sallie, even in her dying hour, bid her friends to meet her in heaven. Sister Sallie, even in her dying hour, bid her friends to meet her in heaven. Sister Sallie, even in her dying hour, bid her friends to meet her in heaven.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	5 00	10 00
Quarter column	3 00	4 50	10 00	15 00
Half column	5 00	7 50	15 00	25 00
One column	10 00	15 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.50; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

September, 19, 1889.

Relics of the Johnstown Disaster.

With very few exceptions, all the New York "boys" of the press who did duty at Johnstown brought back relics of the eventful trip. Among a collection which I had passed to me, was a gruesome type of the Madonna. The flood had evidently torn the picture from the frame, but the two was not severed of the head. The relic was pasted upon a large white sheet of cardboard, and the whole pious no frontal that the rugged and torn edges were visible. Among the mementoes was a marble which had been taken from the little hand of a dead child which the reporter had stumbled over the first night he spent in the village. A book in something sweetpea, but was brought with more sad recollections, is the silver half dollar wrapped in a piece of brown paper, upon which was written the following sentence: "Three and a half pounds of brown sugar, one pound of starch; yeast cake." The handwriting was that of a woman, and the coin and paper were tightly clinched in the hand of a twelve year-old girl, whose body was found half buried in the sand.

"Were you ever engaged in a train robbery?" asked the prosecuting attorney looking at him keenly.

"I was never polluted by train robbing," answered the witness, solemnly.

"That is not the question," said the lawyer. "I will ask you again. Were you ever a train robber?"

"Judge," said the witness, turning imploringly to the dignitary on the bench, "must I answer that question?"

"You must," answered the judge. "And remember you are under oath."

The witness turned pale and his knees knocked together.

"I suppose it's got to come out. I said [illegible] Tennessee on the cars for a while year when I was a young fellow," faltered the miserable man.

"Harry," exclaimed the blushing Laura, "the declaration is so sudden that I—that—that I hardly know what to say. I was unprepared for it. It unnerves me."

"I was afraid it might," said the young druggist, rising with alacrity from his knees, "and I brought along a bottle of my nerve-and-nerve analysis. The preparation, darling," he added, soothingly, as he took a bottle from his pocket, quickly extracted the cork, and poured a quantity of the medicine into a spoon he had also brought along, "will allay any nervous excitement, quiet the nerves, aid digestion, and restore lost appetite. I sell it at 50 cents a bottle. This is the dose for an adult. Take it, dearest."

Bob Sharpe—Have you heard the latest news, Miss Chester?

Miss Chester—Yes, indeed. I just heard the literary club strike twelve.

Jimmy Pumbley (stopping in front of the new neighbor and gazing intently at her)—Ain't I a brave boy, Mrs. Spunks?

Mrs. Spunks—Why?

Jimmy—Cause mamma said you were a perfect fright, but you don't scare me a bit."

She—O, George, I think sea is too much for anything. She said last night if I ever married she would give the piano to my little sister.

He—Did she? To the way, dear, I'm ready to marry you at any time now. The last obstacle has been removed.

Miss Pique—I'll institute a breach of promise suit against you and show the letters you have written mine.

Mr. Jilt—Well, I have no reason to feel mortified over any part of them, save the address on the envelopes.

In a police Court—Prisoner, you've been brought before me three times within a year, and that's three times too often."

Well, your honor, my case is a hard one and no mistake. When I work at my profession I'm arrested for stealing. If I don't work then I get took up for loafing.

He—And you are sure that I am the first and only man who ever kissed you?

She—Of course, I am sure. You do not doubt my word, do you?

He—Of course I do not doubt you, my darling. I love you too madly, too devotedly for that. But why, O why did you recoil for me from the very instant I ventured to put my arm around you if you had never been there before?

Little Bright—Uncle John, I hadn't oughta say you got pretty well cooked last night. Did it turn very hard?"

Uncle John (with a sickly smile)—I don't exactly remember, boy, but I know I was dry enough early in the evening."

Two Paris waiters are reading a notice. "Lost, a black poodle. One hundred francs reward." One of them says to the other:

"You must take the one you stole yesterday."

"But it is white."

"You must say that it has turned white through grief."

Colonel Kaw (of Kansas)—It's gettin' so that women, even the friend of ours, is fast becoming his interest young. Here some one of a gun of a wimmin has disappeared and that childish of hers is a better incentive for smoke than when he.

Colonel Kent (of Kentucky)—What of it?

Colonel Kaw (of Kansas)—What of it? Why, man alive, you'd know what of it if you lived in a State where you have to get your whisky on a prescription!

Anxious Mother—"My dear, I'm afraid George is getting into bad company. He is out very late nearly every night."

Observing Father—"Oh, he's all right. He goes to see some girl or other. Shouldn't wonder if he'd commence on engagement soon."

"He hasn't said a word about any young lady!"

"No, but he's keeping company with one all the same. His right wrist is full of gin scratches."

Bonus Broker (to Farmer)—Let's this Mr. Brownstone, of Hogback Corners? Farmer—"That's me." Bonus Broker—"My name is Jim Sharper, son of old man Sharper, the banker in your town." Farmer—"Your looks don't show it a bit, by gosh, Jim. I'm glad to see you! I dropped into 40 all cousins to-day, and you've got to help me get back to the theatre, or I'll have to walk."

Mrs. Gold—Does your boy take after you or his father? Mrs. Gold—He takes after his father. You never can tell about a child, can you?

At a college examination—"And now, sir, let us see whether you know more about physical science than about the other subjects you have studied. What are the properties of heat?"

"Heat has all the properties of to cause expansion."

"Correct give me an illustration."

"Oh, that's easy enough. In summer, the sun, being hotter, causes the days to lengthen, sir."

Mrs. Abet—If you should make a thousand dollars unexpectedly, Tom, would you give me that dia mond pendant I've been looking at so long?

Mr. Abet—Why, yes, dear.

Mrs. Abet—Very well, I'll order it to-morrow. I stopped wanting that ivory finished piano to-day just a thousand was just the price of it."

Hotel call boy—Madam, you must hurry if you would save your life. The hotel is all on fire. This is the third time I have warned you.

Lady guest—Well, tell the foreman to keep the flames under control until I take out my curl papers and fix my hair. I just know there's a great crowd of some sharp there, and some of them are newspaper reporters.

Catarrh

Is a blood disease. Until we possess it expelled from the system, there can be no cure for the loathsome and dangerous malady. Therefore, the only effective treatment is a thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the best of all blood purifiers. The sooner you begin the better. Delay is dangerous.

"I was troubled with catarrh for over two years. I tried various remedies, and was treated by a number of physicians, but received no benefit until I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A few bottles of this medicine cured me of this loathsome complaint, and my general health, as well."—Jesse W. Boggs, McIntosh's Mills, N. C.

"When Ayer's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me for catarrh, I was in almost a hopeless condition, with pains in my head, and had such distressing nausea that I could retain scarcely anything in my stomach. I was also much discouraged from a blood spavin on my left shoulder. Having tried so many remedies, with little benefit, I had but little confidence that anything would cure me. I purchased one bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, to my surprise, was greatly benefited by it. I continued its use for a few weeks, and my spavin was badly discharged. I was also dischar

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, September 26, 1889. No. 10.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, H. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, C. W. Beard.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. E. Beard, Pres't. S. B. Hannah. O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 2nd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ICE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. I. N. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WATERPROOF BOOTS
Wolff's ACME Blacking
WOLFF & RANDOLPH,

THE DRESSMAKER.

"Yes, I'm up early," said Mrs. Ford, leaning over the side paling to talk to her next neighbor. "I'm going to have a dressmaker to-day to start my henrietta cloth. She lives in town"—Mrs. Ford's charming home was a little out—"and my brother Jim has gone for her with the dog cart. Stowe is her name; I haven't even seen her. I sent Rob's nurse girl to engage her."

"Stowe! There, now, I guess you've done it!" said Mrs. Sayles, raising her inquisitive little optnerved nose, with brisk enjoyment to Mrs. Ford's tall blonde prettiness. "It isn't best to have her if there's a young man in the house. They all fall in love with her so they say. She's pretty, you know, in that showy sort of way—red hair and pink cheeks—and I guess she knows it. Mrs. Ritter had her a while back, and Paul Ritter was crazy after her; and they say she flirted with him awfully, and then threw him over. I presume she thought she could do better. He isn't so well off as your brother Jim, for instance," said Mrs. Sayles, shrewdly smiling.

"But Jim," said Mrs. Ford, serenely—"Jim never falls in love. He never has time, do you know? I think it's because he's so superior to all girls. Oh, yes, of course, I should feel dreadfully! I feel that Jim is on my responsibility while he's with me, and I should be broken-hearted. But there isn't the least danger with Jim."

The dog-cart was rolling in the drive, and Mrs. Ford went across the smooth lawn, with six-year old Rob at her heels.

Jim—tall and blonde, and handsome like his sister—was driving slowly to the horse-block. He was turned quarterly toward the dressmaker, and his gaily-enthusiastic tones were audible to Mrs. Ford.

He did not appear to know when he had reached the block; he talked absurdedly on. Mrs. Ford was thankful that Mrs. Sayles was out of hearing.

"Jim!" she said.

And Jim jumped out, lifted the dressmaker down, presented her to his sister, walked with her up to the porch steps and pulled forth a chair. He was brisk and smiling.

Mrs. Ford sighed with relief that the boy window hid them from Mrs. Sayles.

"We're a nice view from here, don't you think, Miss Stowe?" said Jim eagerly. "Those woods over there, with the break where the sky—"

"I have everything ready for you, I think, Miss Stowe," said Mrs. Ford, distinctly, and took Miss Stowe indoors.

She intended sewing in the dining room—it was large and cool and light; but it was on that account that Jim was wont to lounge there. The upstairs hall would do. There was a window at the back.

She took Miss Stowe up stairs.

"It's rather warm," she apologized, "but it will be cooler later."

It would not be cooler before five o'clock, but Miss Ford congratulated herself warmly. For Miss Stowe was pretty, with a lithe form in a fine gown, and hair not cut by dearly-bought scissors, and cheeks not out of early gloss and softly tinted, and bright eyes.

"It is very comfortable," she said cheerfully. "I will take your measure. Shall you like a basque?"

And Mrs. Ford forgot Jim in professional ploughings.

But at the end of fifteen minutes there was a startled pause and a rush up stairs.

"Why, I've been looking for you everywhere!" said Jim, in injured tones, lifting Rob from his shoulders to the top stair.

He sat down in the window seat. Miss Stowe sat near the window.

"Is there anything you want, Jim?" said his sister, with severe eyes upon him.

But it was doubtful whether Jim heard. He was springing after the speed Miss Stowe had dropped.

"I want to show you that old coat I told you about, Miss Stowe!" he declared. "See—1710. Oh, stop that snipping and look at it!"

But Miss Stowe, smiling and faintly flushing, looked at it over her snipping.

"Who drove into the yard?" Mrs. Ford demanded, cutting a gore at a wrong angle with nervous hands.

"Oh, Jeff Loury! I must tell you about Jeff, Miss Stowe. He's been wearing a beard for two years, and he went down town the other day without it, and the fellows didn't know him. He's—"

"I thought you were going driving with him?" Mrs. Ford interposed.

"Oh, it's too warm!" Jim responded, as blandly as though rotting down shady roads were indeed warmer than the upstairs hall.

His sister watched him wrathfully. Jim, talking to a young lady, with smiling gusts and fascinated gaze, and foregoing a drive and "a morning paper and his cigar for this alone!

He had stayed in his room for three hours to escape the Kenney girls, and came nigh to dying the evening Miss Markham had called. The Kenney girls did not have red lips and shining eyes to be sure, and if Jim had told them stories, they could never have listened so gratefully as did Miss Stowe. But was she the girl for Jim? Mercy, sakes, no!

It did not serve to calm Mrs. Ford that Mrs. Sayles should come over, and, after inquiring of the girl, bustle up stairs.

Her sharp gaze fixed itself on Jim, lounging in the window, his handsome head bent toward the dressmaker and his honest blue eyes unflinchingly upon her.

"You dressmaking, too?" cried Mrs. Sayles, with a triumphant glance at Mrs. Ford. "You don't mean that you're staying away from the ball game—you?"

"Oh, I don't care for it this month!" said Jim, unthinkingly—Jim who had breathlessly watched a game last week from the grassy side of the grand stand, with the thermometer at ninety-eight.

Mrs. Sayles laughed deligtedly.

"Yes, I will have a point in the back, Miss Stowe," said Mrs. Ford with cold ignoring of Mrs. Sayles and her rejoicing.

But she was in a disquieting mental turmoil. Mrs. Sayles' small, keen eyes suspect parents when puzzled and made complete and certain what she had tried not to believe.

He was in love with her. And with Jim, who was ardent and unblemished, it was likely—it was certain to be serious. And who was she? Mrs. Ford did not know—probably nobody did.

She stared at her leadings with unseeing eyes.

Jim, with his good looks and clean record and family histories to back either of the family, with a motive even in each—the force on their kind head in their courses seemed to present before her eyes—and a dressmaker whom they didn't even know!

Why should she not? What would her father and mother say to it—and Jim's mother? It would never have happened if Jim hadn't been visiting her.

She was in a whirl of helplessness and fear. She could not tell the right from the wrong side of the cloth.

And where was Rob? His nurse was setting the dinner table, but his mother had meant to oversee him, but she hadn't. He might be over playing with those rough little Bell boys, for all she knew.

"Well, I just can see," said Mrs. Sayles, airily. "I won't stay since you're all so busy."

And Mrs. Ford knew, as she ran down stairs, that the Dwyers and the Bidwells at least would know the state of affairs within half an hour.

"You are basting those darts too high, Miss Stowe," said Mrs. Ford, sharply.

And Miss Stowe, who was basting the darts exactly right, flushed and raised wondering eyes.

"And I never have my collars so high—" Mrs. Ford stopped. "What is that?" she cried, hurriedly.

It was a sound of feet on the porch; fast and shrill young voices and note in a terrified little voice that Mrs. Ford knew.

"It's Rob!" she cried, flying down stairs.

It was Rob in the arms of the Baldwin gardener, and the three small Baldwins were close behind and all talking together, rather unjoyingly than otherwise.

"He fell out of the hammock," "—was swinging him, you know, awful high—" And you ought to hear how he bellowed." "And I guess he's broke his leg; he must have awful hard."

Mrs. Ford gathered her boy into her arms.

"Go home you little wretches!" she sobbed, hysterically. "Oh, my baby! And I didn't watch him—I didn't know where he was! Is the leg broken?" she demanded, wildly, of Miss Stowe, who had come down with Jim and stood beside her.

"I'll ask," said Miss Stowe.

It did not seem odd to Mrs. Ford that she said it, and she was not astonished when the pretty dressmaker took both little hot arms and laid him on a sofa.

She watched her dazedly, wringing her hands. Miss Stowe rolled down the small black stockings and looked over them.

"There isn't anything broken," she said, reassuringly; "but the right leg is dislocated at the knee. The easiest is to set the bone, and I think, Mrs. Ford, if you will let me, I can do it."

The color was gone from her cheeks; but she held Rob's hands firmly.

"Let you," cried Mrs. Ford, "why, if you can?"

"It will hurt," said the dressmaker; "but only a second."

And she gave a sudden, quick, strong jerk to Rob's leg; and there was a dreadful yell and Rob, while the little boy doubled on his mother's arm.

"I never did it before," she said. "But I've seen it done, and I think I did it right. The doctor will know."

Mrs. Ford went up stairs to bed, later. Jim was crouched there, watching Miss Stowe make bandages.

"How could you do it?" Mrs. Ford cried, when she was recalled. "The doctor says you did it right, and he couldn't have done it better, and Rob will only have to keep still a little to get well. Oh, I am so thankful, my dear girl! Where did you learn it?"

"My Grandfather Gorham was a doctor," said Miss Stowe, quietly pronouncing; "and I used to drive about with him, and I saw him set dislocated limbs two or three times. It is simple enough—just a jerk. I was sure I could do it; but it made me faint."

"Gorham?" said Mrs. Ford, forgetting fabrications. "My grandfather was a Gorham. I wonder if it's the same family? What was his name?"

"Andrew," said the dressmaker. "And my grandfather had a cousin Andrew," cried Mrs. Ford, "—"

"Fairfield, said Miss Stowe, softly.

"Yes, Fairfield," said Mrs. Ford, eagerly; and the lines in the centre of the room of cross, still visible to her mental gaze, assumed a weak and vacillated aspect. "Why we're cousins!"

"We're cousins," said Jim, and shook Miss Stowe's hand with an unfortunate disproportionate to the degree of kinship.

* * * * *

"Yes, she is a pretty girl," said Mrs. Ford, standing Rob about the lawn a week after the accident, in his dismantled baby carriage, and pausing to talk to Mrs. Sayles over the fence. "She's lovely and so sweet tempered and bright! And you were right about Jim, too. He is in love with her already—dreadfully! I'm told me so. And of course she likes him. How can she help it? And they're to be married. She never encouraged Paul Ritter at all, do you know? She disliked him from the first. I asked her. And do you know that her mother was a Gorham, too, and we're distantly connected! We've the history of family for two hundred years back, and so we know where we are. We were so glad to discover it."

"Indeed!" said Mrs. Sayles, in tones exclusively to herself, but not apprehensive.

The Crisis at Hand.

All at once came the tragedy. To the left of the English and on our right, the band of the battalion of reinforcers reared with a fearful clamor. Around on the ridge, and bottoms and running to the assistance of the spurred and cousins, the reinforcers were between them and the English a thicker green. It was the sunless coast of Chinese. It was a frightful wrought. There was the curtain, unlocked for, grazing, behind their very heads! And two Indians deep between the banks. The second took position on the first, and the third perched in the second. The horses reared, fell backward, struggled with their feet in the air, bringing up and overturning their riders. There was no pause to retreat; the whole column was but a proposition, the necessities gathered to crush the English, crushed the French. The pillars across still stayed till it was filled, bridges, horses, rolled in together pell mell, mingling each other, spiking themselves on their guns; and when the guns was full of living men, the last rode on over them and passed on. Almost a third of Dupleix' brigade plunged into this abyss.—World of Adventure.

In the remote years the world began not. But and despite the past. In Chicago it snows, Creek, and then lots of people fail to get to be on it. Talk about security pays and stocks homemade. I am very lay them all on the clock. All for all, human nature is pretty much the same whether you find it.—Atlanta Constitution.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Huntersville, W. Va.

September, 26, 1889.

Little Nuggets.

From the Omaha, Nebr., Bee.]

The village of Winchester, W. Va. has been much stirred up over the the announcement of the marriage of Miss Nannie Pettiford, an belle. During a visit to Missouri last summer she won the affections of G. A. Goodman, of Hamilton. After her return home she kept up a correspondence with him, and their affection for each other soon grew into love and from love into an engagement. Invitations for their marriage in Winchester were issued and one of them was sent to Thomas Jackson, of Clare county, who was also one of Miss Pettiford's suitors. On receiving the announcement he at once sought an interview with Miss Pettiford, and between sobs and tears, told her he loved her, and that her marriage to another would kill him. This softened her heart, and she then and there consented to cancel the engagement with the Missourian. She wrote him that she had changed her mind and that she loved another. Goodman, on receiving the notice, took the first train, arriving at Winchester more than a week ago. He, too, sought an interview with Miss Pettiford, and she promised to be his partner. Thinking he had everything his own way, Goodman went to his hotel, but Jackson called and made another more affecting appeal, and her mind was again changed. This was kept up for a week, first one and then the other being the victor. Bets were sold on the result, and nothing else was talked of in Winchester. On Sunday evening Goodman had an engagement to call, and, getting tired of the fickleness of the woman, concluded to take with him a minister and a license and settle the matter beyond recall. Imagine his chagrin to find that Jackson had called half an hour before, armed with a license and minister, and when Goodman arrived he found that Jackson had won the prize.

The Latest Status a Century Hence.

In the last number of Science, Quartermaster General Montgomery C. Meigs presents some startling figures as to the increase in the population of the United States during the next hundred years.

Basing his calculations upon our our past increase, Gen. Meigs concludes that 35.3 per cent will be the rate of increase for every decade from now till 1990, and then the inhabitants of the United States will be 1,260,562,248, or five sixths as many as the present population of the world. In 1920, he gives us 150,000,000 and in 1950 he puts the population at 381,000,000. Between 1960 and 1990 he figures a gain of 922,000,000. Gen. Meigs expresses the utmost confidence that nations will have no cognizance that in 1990 the United States will be fully able to support not only this vast population, which will average 400 to the square mile, but even twice the number.

All this is sufficient to take away one's breath, yet who can say it will not all come to pass, and that a hundred years hence the United States will not be the home of a consolidated nation of the English speaking people of the world—the most intelligent, most industrious, richest, most powerful, the grandest nation on earth, not excepting all the remainder of the world?

It is a lofty idea, gentlemen that General Meigs paints of the future of the United States, but our history, progress and growth has been so remarkable in our short past that no one can afford to laugh at Gen. Meigs' picture.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[Pocahontas regular correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Position office muddle still continues to the republicans with worry and the democrats with amusement. The trouble seems to have been to find a representative G. A. R. man for the position of Commissioner who was willing to reverse the methods of Tanner in the conduct of the office. Ex Representative Warner of Missouri to whom the position was first offered, was rather inclined to accept, but after spending a night with President Harrison at Deer Park, and finding out what was expected of him, he declined and it was given out that he could not afford to give up his private business. The real reason was that he would not agree to conduct the office on any other method than that adopted by Tanner. Then the position was tendered to G. B. Merrill, of Massachusetts, and it is understood that he has accepted it with all the conditions imposed by President Harrison. Gen. Merrill is an ex commander in chief of the G. A. R. but he is very conservative on the pension question and has always voted with the minority of that organization in opposing the proposed service pension. The present acting Commissioner of Pensions, acting it is supposed under orders from President Harrison, has revoked the orders of Tanner allowing all pensioners receiving less than $4 per month to be examined upon application for a re-rating, and the sum making the examination of a single private sufficient to prove original disability. The administration has taken the back track on the pension question. In the mean time Tanner is waiting to receive the appointment of Recorder of Deeds for this District, which his friends claim was promised to him if he would resign, while anti-reform here (respective of party) are up in arms against his getting this position which President Harrison has promised them should not be given to any one not a citizen of the District of Columbia. President Harrison's position is far from a bed of roses.

The white clerks in the navy pay division of the Fourth Auditors office are in a bad humor because Secretary Windom has appointed a negro chief of that division. Those who remain under him deserve no sympathy.

Tanner's friends are starting a movement to drive Secretary Noble out of the cabinet. They want ex Representative Goff of West Virginia, to succeed him. But Mr. Clarkson's friends will probably have something to say about that.

The Civil Service Commission has written a letter to the postmaster at Minneapolis assuring him he could ring the law in making appointments in his office.

Representative Catchings, of Mississippi, thinks that the only legislation of importance which will be passed at the coming session of Congress will be the repeal of the tobacco tax, and that can only be passed with the assistance of democratic votes.

Secretary Tracy is getting on very dangerous ground. He is considering the advisability of building the two 5,000 ton cruisers provided for by the last Congress in Government navy yards. Mr. Tracy means well, but if he escapes the political strikers he will do well. It does not require a very long memory to remember what attempting to build vessels in Government Navy Yards a few years ago cost the people. Better stick to the contract system.

Representative Bynum, of Indiana, expects a very lively session of Congress. He says: "We have a lot to worry the republicans about and we will be very apt to make it interesting for them."

Hunters and Senators are getting quite plentiful around Washington. They complain that the session of Congress which begins in December will be a long one; one long no man is at present in a position to even make an intelligent guess, and they come early to make preparation for it. The absence of decided opinion on both sides as to what will or will not be done is very marked.

Judge Groff, of Nebraska, is the new Commissioner of the General land office. His appointment was a great disappointment to a number of aspiring gentlemen.

Senator Sherman still lingers here, and there are people who say that Foraker would prefer his staying here. He fears the assistance of the senator more than his absence and has not yet asked him to take any part in the Ohio campaign. Somebody must have been whispering something in the governor's ear.

A Great Result of the "Protective" Tariff.—One of the severest cyclones ever experienced visited a portion of the West the other day, but no property was destroyed. Eastern men held such heavy mortgages on all the farms in the neighborhood that the cyclone couldn't budge 'em.—Norristown Herald.

A "Northern settler" in Virginia writes as follows to the Philadelphia North American: "I am a Republican from away back to 1856, but no inducement could make me or my two sons vote Mahone's ticket. Of the 10,000 or 12,000 Northern men who have come here since 1865 not 500 will vote his ticket."

A Butler factory in Connecticut has suspended. A change of fashion is sometimes a serious matter. In this instance three hundred girls are thrown out of employment. "Ah Othello, we do not want to see the little fashion recited."

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of THE TIMES will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WHITE PINE LUMBER.

Having secured orders for white pine lumber I have concluded if I get orders sufficient to justify to ask up a few cars of shaky pine lumber I took a short industry east of Huntersville. Any one desiring lumber within any reasonable will please notify me at once. Large bids will be sold to responsible parties upon a credit of six months.

Respectfully,
H. H. LOCKRIDGE.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Lands in Pocahontas County.

In pursuance of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the June term, 1888, in the chancery cause of

C. L. [illegible] &c.,
vs.
H. F. [illegible] &c.,

I will on

MONDAY THE 21ST DAY OF OCTOBER,

next, offer for sale at public auction in front of the Court House of Pocahontas county, the tract of land on which the said H. F. [illegible] now resides, on the Greenbrier river, and are known as Nos. 1 and 16 in the list survey and are valuable for the timber thereon.

TERMS

Cash in hand to pay the costs of the two suits and the costs of sale and for the balance, the purchaser will be required to execute bonds, with good security, payable to me, and bearing interest from day of sale, and the legal title to be retained as security until

L. H. [illegible],
Commissioner.

I, John A. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, do certify that L. H. [illegible] has given bond as required by said decree in the penalty of [illegible] dollars.

J. A. BEARD, Clerk.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me.
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.
The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

OUR LIGHT IS FOUR MILES STRONG

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee entire satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,
Successors to Fudge & McClintic,
Mt. Grove, - - Va.

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.
HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE, Late of Greenbrier, Va.
WM. L. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Treasurer Va. Valley Road, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Three Oak Cigar and Staunton Brain Cleaning Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 224 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va.

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 85, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Secty.
6-31

HOME NEWS.

—Plenty of rain this week.

—A big frost last Sunday morning.

—J. H. Doyle Esq., has the mumps this week.

—Sheriff M. J. McNeel was in to see us last week.

—Thanks to Mrs. A. P. McClaugherty, for some nice peaches.

—Circuit Court will convene in Monroe Co., on Monday October 7th.

—Hermit Miller, Esq., of Mt. Grove, Va., was in our office last Saturday.

—We return thanks to Mitchell Beard, Esq., for a very fine sweet potato, which weighed 3 lbs.

—John E. Campbell, the Ed. of this paper is suffering with a right severe attack of rheumatism.

—Adj. C. F. Moore has returned from Beverly. He bought twelve horses at the sale at that place last week.

—Rev. E. M. Whaley, preached in the Methodist church last Sunday at 11 o'clock, a. m. and Rev. Wm. Custer, preached at 2:30 p. m.

—The man who is in the habit of going to church to get up and leave after the sermon has commenced had better stay away if thats all he goes for.

—J. H. McClintic, of Warm Springs, Va.; C. G. McCorkle and wife and Mrs. Mary Wilson, of Rockbridge Co., Va., were guests at Hotel by Wagner, last Friday.

—The following persons were registered at Huntersville Hotel last week and this: Attorney Wm. M. McAlister and wife, of Warm Springs, Va.; A. F. and R. F. Wickline, of the G. V. Woolen Mills; A. W. Ludington, of Ronceverte and R. C. Hill, of Academy.

—Tuesday afternoon both Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Lockridge came near being drowned in Knapp's Creek. They were attempting to cross the stream in a buggy near the residence of Dr. Lockridge when the current caught the buggy and carried them down the stream some distance, where they succeeded in getting ashore. Their escape was very narrow.

A Sad Death.

Tuesday afternoon, at about, 1 o'clock, Sowlin Barkley, son of James Barkly, Sr., was drowned while attempting to cross Knapp's Creek in a boat. It seems that Randolph Harris (col.) had come to Mr. Barkleys mill just above Hunterville and, as the water had gained considerably while there, he asked Sowlin [illegible] James to [illegible] across the Creek in the boat. The last back Mr. Harris [illegible] on their return but [illegible] the boat and fearing they [illegible] over the mill dam [illegible] below them, the boys [illegible] into the water, hoping [illegible] reach the bank. The strong current, however, rapidly carried them down over the dam, where with great difficulty James succeeded in getting out, but Sowlin was carried down the stream and lost.

At the time of going to press no trace had been found of his body. His death is a great shock to the family and community.

LATER.—*The body has been found.*

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. H. Weymouth will be at Mingo Flats, October 1st, and remain 3 days.

Edray, Oct. 4th, 4 days.
Mill Point, Oct. 15th 3 days.
Huntersville, Oct. 19th, 4 days.

Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine with very little pain. Call early and make your engagements as his time is limited to the above dates.

See Terms for other appointments.

Hillsboro Happenings

Mr. Beverly Waugh lies in a critical condition at his home from the cancer on his face.

The 8th term of the Hillsboro M. & F. Academy, commenced this morning with Mr. Hankla of Va. as Principal and Miss Kate Gaither of Smithville Va. as assistant. Misses Guy Slaven and Freddie Beard of Huntersville were enrolled as pupils.

Messrs. Wm. H. Overholt and Charlie Cullison left this morning for Ronceverte to look after their lumber at that place.

A heavy frost greeted us Sunday morning and caught some fine corn not cut.

Mrs. S. E. Wickline, of Va., is visiting friends and relatives in the Levels and at Jacox.

Misses Fannie Williams and Mary Pickering of Falling Spring are visiting friends in the Levels.

The entertainment given by the Temperance Lodge last Friday night was a success and consisted of select reading by Misses Verdie Clark, Katie Marshall, Belle Eskridge. The Quarterly Review, a Temperance paper edited by Mr. E. H. Moore and Jennie R. Clark assistant editor, was read by Jennie Clark and followed by a dialogue. Wine is a mocking by Messrs Harry Campbell, Gus Eskridge and Will Wysong and Misses Belle Eskridge, Katie Marshall and Verdie Clark. This was a good dialogue and was well prepared. The music was furnished by Mr. E. H. Moore, and Misses Lillie Overholt, Mary L. McNeel, and Rose Moore. Owing to a little misunderstanding a speech by Rev. Wm. E. Miller and one by the Worthy Patriarch was left off the program. The stage was handsomely decorated with Hydrangea and roses.

Sept. 22nd PHILOMELA.

Beavers Doings.

Quite a lucky day.

Died, at his home, near Green Bank, on Sunday 22nd inst., Frederick Phillips. I suppose he was at the time of his death, the oldest man in the county. He leaves a number of sons and daughters, friends and relatives to mourn his loss. Peace be unto his ashes.

Prof. Geo. E. Bowcher, of Highland is out on a visit. He sold the Mt. Lawrence Boom & Mfg. Co., one of the finest horses in the county.

Capt. E. A. Smith, lost a very fine horse this week.

Nathan Wallace lost his cow by a tree falling on her.

We still have lots of hanging [illegible]

Mrs. H. S. Moore, is not so well at this writing.

Mrs. Pitcher, of Pa., is registered at Hotel Wakeman for the winter.

R. M. Pritchard, and wife, of Hot Springs, Va., were here on a visit last week.

The threshing machine is in our neighborhood hulling up for the season.

The Misses Ligon, of Clover Lick spent Saturday and Sunday with the Misses Sipe.

Profs. O. W. Buckman and the Bowcher brothers, Prof. C. B. Bowcher with the singing on Sunday last at Green Bank. The singing was largely attended. Singing every two weeks.

There will be a singing class organized at Baxter church on Sunday the 29, at 3 p. m. by Prof. C. B. Bowcher. Miss Cora James and others. Come and bring your singing books.

Auctioneer C. B. Bowcher has returned from the largest sale of personal property ever had in Randolph Co. and he says fine stock brought fine prices. Attorney C. F. Moore and R. B. Kerr, made the sale here, and they both have some fine stock.

R. B. Kerr has done some excellent work on the Staunton and Parkersburg turnpike.

Bowcher had a little chase across Mount Nebo by a panther. They both squalled some, but we believe Bowcher out squalled the panther. (Bowcher should keep that panther indicted for "crying" without license.—Editor.)

Give us the news from all parts of the County.

Success to THE TIMES.

A. TRAVELER.

A Card of Thanks.

I desire to express my heartfelt gratitude to my friends of Hillsboro and vicinity for their unremitting kindness to me during my late illness there.

W. H. LARDEN.

Staunton Va.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Miriam Beard, on the 18th inst., at her home near Lewisburg, Greenbrier Co., aged 81 years.

Wm. D. Gibson, at his home on the 17th, 2 miles South of Monterey, Highland Co., Va., aged 65 years.

Examination.

I will hold my second examination at Hillsboro October 7th 8th and 9th, beginning at 9 o'clock a. m.

M. G. MATHEWS.
Co. Superintendent.

Green Bank Items.

Mr. H. H. Slaven and wife and Mr. Willis Gibson of Meadow Dale Highland Co. Va. who were visiting friends in this county for a few days returned Monday last.

Mr. Samuel Cooper has gone to Baltimore to visit his family, who reside in that city, and will remain about one month.

Mr. Frederick Phillips, who lived about seven miles above here, died on last Sunday morning at a very advanced age.

Mrs. Dr. Monroe has been quite unwell for some days, but, we are glad to learn, is now convalescent.

Sunday morning witnessed the first frost of the season in this community and it was a big one.

PALATKA.

Two Pendleton county farmers, named Rhodes and Anderson, were struck by lightning on Tuesday night of last week. Anderson was killed, while Rhodes injuries are considered fatal. The men were standing under a shed, which they had gone to be out of the storm, and after being struck the building took fire and was consumed. Rhodes was badly burned before he could escape. Anderson's body was consumed in the building.

JOHN GORDON, of the employ of the Lake George Paper and Pulp Company, at Turnbridge, New York, fell asleep near the machinery. Two other workmen, it seems in a joke planned to wake him. They tied a rope about his feet and threw it over a shaft making 150 revolutions a minute. They quickly cut the rope in time and Gordon was killed, the body being terribly mutilated. One of the perpetrators of the joke lost his reason from the shock.

The Atlanta Constitution says: It causes no surprise that there is more excitement in the South between the whites and blacks than has been known in twenty years.

Remember Parsons

Brown's Iron Bitters

Mrs. Rose Ray Hamilton, gave two years to the U. V. pensioners for an afternoon consult at her house.

FOR THE BLOOD,
LIVER, KIDNEYS AND STOMACH
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

There have been several large failures in the coal trade, most of them, if not all, occurring where they were least expected. This result is considered remarkable, in view of the fact that prices have been maintained at the old stand ard. It is gratifying becoming evident that the tariff is not the cause of the ills of trade, and that while it may protect the wool grower and the wool dealer, it affords no protection to the poor consumer.—Fur Trade Review.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Of Valuable Lands.

Pursuant to, and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va., rendered at the June term, 1893, in the cause of

J. H. Arbogast, Adm'r.
vs.
J. H. Arbogast's Heirs &c.,

I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the premises, near Travellers Repose, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28TH, 1893,

all the lands not belonging to the Estate of Jacob H. Arbogast dec'd, composed of part of a tract of 1,153 acres, part of a tract of 522 acres and part of a tract of 700 acres, all originally each either adjoining or embracing in the aforesaid 2375 acres, lying in the forks of Greenbrier River on the N. & W. Turnpike. About 50 acres of White Sulphur are on said lands, with a good dwelling and out buildings and orchard &c. On said premises is a good saw mill, and also a good blacksmith shop and tool house. Also a good Blacksmith shop and tool house upon R. R.

TERMS:

25 per cent of the purchase money cash in hand, the balance in equal payments, falling due in 6, 12 and 18 months, bonds of said purchaser to bear interest from day of sale, with approved personal security, and the title will be reserved until the purchase money is fully paid. Deed to be made to purchaser at the cost of the purchaser.

R. A. YEAGER, Special Com'r.
Sept. 15-3t.

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioner of Pocahontas County, will receive sealed bids at his office in Marlinton, W. Va., on the 7th day of October, 1893, for the erection of a bridge across Knapp's Creek near the upper end of the town of Marlinton, to be built according to plans and specifications now on file in the office of the County Court of said county. Said bridge will be a truss bridge with wooden floor, and will be [illegible] feet long and [illegible] feet wide, and will be built of [illegible] timber. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

L. M. McLAUGHLIN, Com'r.

Order of Publication.

In the matter of the estate of [illegible] deceased.

In CHANCERY.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HANKLA, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 23rd 1893,

and will continue FIVE months.

TUITION from $ 3.50 to $5.00 per month.

BOARD $8.00 to $10.00.

Candidates for teachers [illegible] 15 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Parents should remember the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.

D. S. HANKLA.

FOR BOARD.

During the next annual School at Hillsboro Male and Female Academy may apply to

E. H. MOORE.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want best Staunton Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COUPER, Agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A. H. HALLER,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

FOR THE BEST WORKMANSHIP, NEATNESS AND PROMPT DELIVERY

PATENTS

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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"But you can't do it you know," said the agent.

"Why not?"

"We've got you on a year's lease."

"Well, I have reasons for abandoning the case."

"What reasons?"

"This basement room is damp. The glue in the desks got so moist they fell to pieces. The books are all moldy,and I've got rheumatism from it. I'd ought to sue you for damages."

The agent looked rather nonplussed at something about "being sorry, more, of course, if such must," and went to see Mr. Stubbs.

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"What's your complaint?" growled the agent "Dampness here, too I suppose?"

"No, sir, just the reverse. Why, sir, the sun has blistered the floor till it's all out of plumb, my new desk is all scorched, and I've got no fuzz left, with the dry rot in this place."

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"And Stubbs?"

"He was dry—very dry. Basement saloon right down. Kept sober for a month from necessity, reformed, and saved a fortune in drinks in two weeks!"

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She can move in a continuous whirl of the slightest trouble, stemming on it, and no man can do that.

She of three can talk at once and get along first rate, and no man can do that.

She can safely stick fifty pins in her dress while he is getting a collar button under his thumb nail.

She is cool as a cucumber in a dance light dresses and skirts, while a man will sweat and fume and growl in one loose shirt.

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And were we not brought up in the belief that this line—

They left the plowshare in the mold,
Unfinished every furrow,

was inspired especially by his case?

And here we, all of us, ever since our childhood been familiar with pictures representing him plowing, clad in a frock as long as a nightgown, which no farmer could wear at any kind of work without imminent and unescapable peril of being tripped up at every step he took—to say nothing of turning a furrow, when he would be indeed fortunate if he did not find himself under the plowshare!

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"My brethren," said his wife, "if I remember rightly, you have often said that you disliked to see a woman constantly getting herself in to print."

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"About two years ago, after suffering for nearly two years from rheumatism, being laid up with very severe attacks, and having tried various remedies, including different kinds of medicine, I was by an acquaintance in a Chicago street told a story that had been relieved of this distressing complaint after using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was induced to make a trial of this medicine, and took in all about six bottles, and was pleased to state that it has entirely relieved me of my rheumatism. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. D. Young, 1103 and 1105 41st Ave., New York.

"Some ago I was taken ill with rheumatism. The disease, being complicated with other troubles, kept me confined to the house six months. I tried one of the medicines very much lauded, but with no appetite, and my weight reduced 30 pounds, I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla and began to improve at once, gaining in strength and soon recovering my usual health. I cheerfully add my name to the roster of the well-known witnesses."—Mrs. L. A. Brown, Nashua, N. H.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1, six bottles $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

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It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
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It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best

Cough Medicine.

If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses will cure you soon. But if you neglect this very disease of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

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CATARRH

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"Mr Smithers," said his wife, "if I remember rightly, you have often said that you disliked to see a woman constantly getting herself in to print."

"I do," he replied, "and that is why I am so glad that the United States of America, the English speaking world—the land of individual liberty, the grand old country weighing all things in the balance and finding them wanting—is not governed by a woman."

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"One year ago I was taken ill with inflammatory rheumatism, being confined to my house six months. I was not of the sufferers very much, didn't relief, with no appetite, and my system disordered in every way. I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla and began to improve at once, gaining in strength and soon recovering my usual health. I cannot say too much in praise of this wonderful medicine."—Mrs. T. A. Scott, Nashua, N. H.

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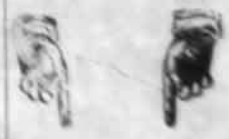

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"If they do anything wrong, to take their mothers into their confidence, and, above all, never to lie about anything they have done.

Rheumatism,

Being due to the presence of uric acid in the blood, is most effectually cured by the use of **Ayer's Sarsaparilla.** As soon as you get Ayer's into action, and take it till the poisonous acid is thoroughly expelled from the system. We challenge attention to this [illegible]

"About two years ago, after suffering for nearly four years from rheumatism, being able to walk only with great discomfort, and having tried various remedies, to [illegible] purely medical relief, I saw by an advertisement in a Chicago paper that a man had been relieved of this distressing trouble, after long suffering, by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was inclined to make a trial of this medicine, and used it faithfully for eight months, and am pleased to state that it has effected a complete cure. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. E. Irving Jones, 10 Wall Street, New York.

"One year ago I was taken ill with rheumatism. Nevertheless, being unwilling to give up work, I persevered in my duties, and, with no appetite and my system disordered in every way, I endeavored to keep up. I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and began to improve at once, and, before I had taken [illegible] such was the result, I considered myself entirely well. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. L. A. Black, Newton, N. H.

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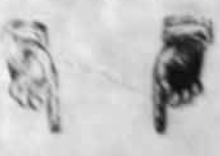

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, October, 3 1889. No. 11.

CASTORIA

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court—D. E. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney—L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff—W. T. McFarr.
Deputy Sheriff—C. W. Smith.
Clerk of Circuit Court—J. P. Beard.
Assessor—G. O. Arbogast.
Commissioners—S. Kincaid, Peter Cackley, S. B. Hannah.
County Surveyor—J. P. Moore.
Deputy Surveyor—Geo. Baxter.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April and May; in June and first Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. C. MOORE.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKEY,
Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. F. [illegible],
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

W. I. [illegible]
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. J. A. WILMOUTH,
Surgeon Dentist,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. E. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Sweat-Groan-Growl.

Wolff's ACME Blacking
REQUIRES NO BRUSH.

Flush Out.

A cold autumn moon was shining down on the uneven surface of the wild mountain plateau the spurs of the little settlement above the yellow dots of lights here and there. To-night the barracks—mere rude wooden enclosures they were usually constructed of a child's card house—were in restless commotion, for the men were to break camp on the morrow.

Six months they had been stationed at Omaya. When first the struggling settlement sprang up around the mountain mine, whose hidden treasures had attracted the adventurous, there had been trouble with the wandering Indians who haunted the slopes higher up—as much the fault of the whites as of the red men, it is but just to say.

But the United States protects its own, and a body of men were stationed at once at Omaya, until the settlement was strong enough figuratively speaking, to stand on its own feet. And now the emergency was over, and the soldiers had been ordered to a military post a hundred miles or so to the northwest.

Old Joe Jernigan sat smoking the pipe of the board plantation in front of the General Supply Store.

All the evening it had been full of customers, but now, as the hands of the wooden clock neared the 8's, the last one had at last left, and Joe was at liberty to come out to his cabin chair and smoke his pipe and stare at the moon, while Captain Jenny Jenny sat on the counter barrel inside and talked with Joe.

Lily was Jernigan's niece and housekeeper, and in addition to this the very apple of his eye—a tall, dark-eyed, handsome girl, with a perfect complexion, and hair full of lustre and abundance.

Captain Jenny Jenny called Lily "Miss Lily" in the presence of her uncle, but in the absence of the latter she was accustomed to address her as "Lily," and to show it once she was overheard that any of them were not treating her with due respect.

Lily was adding up the books for the day. Old Joe was no scholar, and knew nothing of bookkeeping by double entry. "The gal knows enough for us both," he was wont to say, with a certain pride, as he looked toward the wooden ruled desk where she stood above the various items of sale and barter with an eagle's quill pen, dipped in ink made of gutenberry juice. And Captain Jenny was bidding her good by.

"she'll miss him, likely, will Lily?" said Joe to himself, still staring steadfastly up at the moon. "He's been a deal o' company for her. It ain't as if she could bring herself to associate with every fellow of the Omaya Mines, for Lily always was particular. But then a hundred miles or so don't count for much out here, and if he asks permission to come and see her once in a while I shan't say no. My poor little Tiger Lily! I thought her out here because there didn't seem no place to leave her in the State of Vermont, and she's been rare and well off to me, there's no denyin' that. But it's a lonesome place for a gal to come to, yes, it is. And the Captain's a fine fellow, but he ain't no handsomer for a man than Lily is for a gal. So far's I can see, I shall be the only man who will be a loser by the bargain. Eh! Is that you, Hosiah Dorsey? Set down a spell. No, we ain't shut up for the night yet; the post fog's been gone (again) minutes and more."

"Dorsey, eh?" said Hosiah Dorsey, the young fireman of the force now employed in establishing telegraphic communications between Omaya and Center City. "Well, it's no great matter. To-morrow will do very well. Nice night, Jernigan, isn't it?"

"Yes."

The old man smoked on.

"The military division is getting ready to move to-morrow."

"So I'm told."

"The captain's inside, isn't he, talking to Lily?"

Jernigan nodded without removing his pipe from his mouth.

Dorsey half rose, then sat down again.

"Well," said he, "I guess I won't disturb them."

Jernigan answered only by a sort of sly chuckle.

"A nice man, that young Le may?"

Once more old Joe nodded.

"They'll get more civilized quarters, I've heard, at Morton's Pass," observed Dorsey, leaning back against the cedar post that formed one of the columns of the rude portico. "Jenny's wife is to meet him there."

"Jenny's which?"

"His wife. "From Sacramento City. Didn't you know he was married to old General Parvisser's daughter? A runaway match, two years ago. Quite a romantic story!"

"No, said Joe Jernigan, "I never heard it."

Dorsey talked a little longer, but old Joe paid no sort of attention to his words. He did not even know when the young fireman went away.

"Jenny's wife!" he kept repeating to himself—"Jenny's wife! What will Lily say—poor Lily!—when she knows it? By gum! I've a mind to pitch the fellow down in to the gulley when he comes out! What business has a married man lurking around here, talking nonsense to the girls? But he'll find it won't pay to fool with my Tiger Lily! No, that it won't!"

Captain Jenny went away presently, with a smile on his handsome sad face.

The old man glared at him as he departed, with red, savage eyes, like those of a wounded bull who faces the matador.

The moment he had vanished he burst the mattress checkers, jerking up and made for the office. A road to which would be seen in between the wagon-house quarters of a mile below.

In his hand he grasped his open jack knife; his heart beat like a muffled drum.

"My Tiger Lily!" he kept moaning to himself, "my own little one! That's but one way to deal with the scoundrel who comes here to make a football of her heart. No, by God! in all the United States or out of it, there's but one way to deal with him, and hope to escape alive!"

He stood there waiting, but it was not over that way.

"I'm bothered for news," Jernigan muttered, "the sun takes the trail round the hills. No matter! I'll hear it all from Lily. He's to be in the place twelve hours longer. Ding it, here's my knife open yet! I'll have it out at Morton's Pass, or I'll know the reason why!"

He paused abruptly—still standing his breath quick and fast—as the window opened and Captain Jenny's handsome face appeared in the old cabin chair.

Inside the store he could hear Lily's light steps moving around as she locked the cash drawer and put the ledger and day book away.

As she did so, she hummed a snatch of some tune. The sound went to old Joe's heart.

Poor child! how innocently happy she was!

In a minute or so she came out into the clear white moonshine.

"Well, Uncle Joe!" she said gaily.

"Well, my lass?"

The words were almost like a groan.

She sat down beside him, leaning her head against his arm.

He stroked down the tender, gleaming hair with a fresh strength of longing tenderness in his heart.

Her cheeks were unconsciously red, her dark eyes sparkled beneath their long lashes.

"How shall I tell her?" thought the old man. "My pet lamb, that I wouldn't hurt for a king's ransom! I never was one to pick and choose my words, like a preacher or a law yer. But she'd ought to know—yes, she'd ought to know!"

"Uncle Joe?" said Lily, after a moment or two of silence.

"Yes, my girl?"

"There—there's something I want to tell you."

"Is there, Lily?"

His heart sank within him. What is coming now?

"You won't be vexed, Uncle Joe?" she said, nestling her head close against his arm.

"I—vexed with you, my girl? That ain't up and down likely, is it? But I've done wrong, Lily—I've I've done wrong, Lily—I've I've forgot that a great rough man like me ain't the sort to look after a tender chick like you. I should've watched closer, Lily—that's what I should have done."

"What should you say, uncle," whispered Lily, "if—if I was to get married and leave you?"

"To—get married, Lily?"

"Haven't you suspected it a little, of late?"

"Yes, I have," said he, "but, oh, Lily, is your heart very much in this?"

"Uncle!"

"Has he asked you to marry him, Lily?"

"Yes, uncle."

"Then"—the old man threw his clay pipe down upon the ground, where it broke into a score of fragments, and muttered a deep execration under his breath—"he's a villain, that's all."

"Uncle!" cried out the girl.

"And a damned dread one at that!" said the excited old man. "Lily! Lily! he has a wife already at Morton's Pass! He's going to her now."

Lily had lifted her head and looked at him with a face as pale as death. Then she fell back in a swoon.

"Has uncle, he can't going to Morton's Pass."

"Yes, he needs scream. And I wish he'd fallen dead before he ever came to Omaya with his specious ways and his jingling spurs, and his false, handsome face!"

"Uncle!" asked Lily, "whom are you talking about?"

"About Captain Lenny, to be sure."

"But what has Captain Lenny to do with it?"

"Everything, don't he?"

Lily knit her pretty brows in a puzzled fashion.

"Nothing at all, uncle, except that he's been an excellent friend to Reuben, and we've both given up much indeed to him. Only think, uncle, he's got the contract for Reuben to be chief chemical engineer at Earth Harbor, in the new works there, and discover you can guess no more."

"Reuben?" cried out Joe Jernigan.

"Yes, to be sure—Reuben Dorsey. We've been engaged a long time now. Do you see, you dear, darling, stupid old uncle, that you never suspected this?"

"Never!" said Uncle Joe, smoothing his knee with his fist. "But look here, Tiger Lily, do you love him?"

"Yes, I do, Joe."

"And he loves you?"

"Of course he does."

"Then," said the old man, "I haven't a word of objection. I shall be awful lonesome without you, but as long as you're both happy, why, it's all right."

"And as he kissed her forehead, she thought she felt the touch of a teardrop on her brow.

"But it can't be possible," said Tiger Lily, to herself, "because when ever heard of Uncle Joe shedding a tear."

But Tiger Lily did not know that this tear was not one of grief, but rather of thankfulness that there was no blackguardism on the hands.

THERE is not a man, woman or child living, who will ever date a letter or document without using the figure 9, if the date of the document is made complete. Why not? Because the 9 has come to stay many years. It is now on the right—1889. Next year it will move a step to the left—1890, and there ten years and then take another step to the left—1900, and there will remain until you are done dating letters.

"Hey, doctor," he remarked, stepping into the office, "what do you suppose is the matter with me?"

"I will see your symptoms," asked the M. D.

"Well, I have a great tendency to sit still, and lay my wife wants around the house. Again, he wants, I don't seem to feel like getting up and looking like fire."

"You have a bad attack of laziness," said the doctor, "particular of a true trouble. You must be very careful."

"Pills it ain't laziness?"

"Of course not."

"By George, then, I hope it will last."

Young Simpkins (waiting for Miss Goodall to come down, to Johnson)—"Ever since that nasty very pointy flowers in the boy window, Johnny."

Johnson (who is always around)—"Now your talking, waiter. Miss Mae Bumbler, yesterday, that she'd like to sold you in the valley."

Simpkins (delighted)—"Ah, how clever! What sort of a flower did she propose to sell you?"

"A monkey plant."

When Miss Goodall comes home to receive her caller, Johnny is always trying to hack the call's ball to the floor.

Aunt Kezia (severely)—"Do you're going to try the experiment of refreshing young couple after marriage. Is he worth whitening?"

Kate (carefully)—"Well, he's worth a million."

Sam Johnson happened to get a visit to the county jail a few days ago, and who should he see inside of the bars but Gabe Bumpkins.

"How in the world Gabe, did you get in there?" asked Johnson.

"I don't hardly see how myself," said he, how I got in here. I got in here to get out of here and I'm what I wants to get out when."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

October 3, 1888.

The Democratic Idea.

The difference between the Democratic and Republican parties on the question of taxation is not a difference between 47 and 49 per cent., which is a mere matter of detail, but a question between a prohibitory tariff on one side and free trade on the other, which is a more academic discussion, of no interest to practical men. But it is a difference that lies at the very root of all government, a question upon which it depends whether our Government shall be of the people, for the people, and by the people, or a Government of all the people by a very few of the people, for an exclusively limited class of the people. The Republican party says that taxes are blessings, and the more the people of a nation are taxed individually, the more prosperous the nation is as a whole. The Democratic party declares that taxes are burdens, and the less we have of them the better, and that the idea of enriching the whole community by taking property in minute quantities from a great many people and giving it in a few people in enormous amounts, sixty million dollars in one man's pocket, is not an unanswerable evidence of his prosperity, but the nation would be better off if each one of 60,000,000 people lost a dollar in his pocket, although it is true that the 940,000,000 would not make much show when divided up. Undoubtedly it makes money circulate to take it out of one pocket and put it into the other, but that doesn't make the whole country any greater. And as it makes it necessary to take it from one man to give it to another, but the person does not know the man it is taken from.—Richmond Democrat.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—President Harrison returned to the White House to-day for the season, and once more the inmates and employees of the House, towards whom all office-seekers would first turn their way. He will not lack for company or occupation for some time. It is stated semi-officially that the first question to be decided will be the appointment of a Commissioner of Pensions. Senator Sherman is trying to get the place for his Representative friends of his State. It is said that he told President Harrison that the removal of Tanner was causing him among the Republicans in Ohio and others knew was appointed the successor would seriously carry the State. To-day Mr. Sherman told President Harrison that, in hopes of getting the Penn appointed, but among those who know Mr. Sherman best it is not believed that he will deal any more over the defeat of Foraker in Ohio.

The civil question is going to be a troublesome one for this administration. The people want this operation to that those who are and have not place the work, and the same remain the like to retain the places they now hold. Many of the Democrats who are in office are not active workers, and the Republicans who are out are. The latter class is clamoring for the places of the former, and the President is in a quandary as to what he will do. He has declared that he will not remove any Democrat who has not been active against the Republican party, but he has also declared that he will not appoint any Democrat to office. The result is that the Democrats who are in office are not active workers, and the Republicans who are out are. The latter class is clamoring for the places of the former, and the President is in a quandary as to what he will do. He has declared that he will not remove any Democrat who has not been active against the Republican party, but he has also declared that he will not appoint any Democrat to office.

The same remark the like is entertained among those who might to know that Frank Burton, editor of the Washington Post, speaks through that paper on many important public matters. In the administration. It is certain that he refused to print in his paper signed communications from republicans criticising President Harrison for removing Tanner, and that the editorial columns of the Post have for that subject severely alone. Looking at the thing from this standpoint Burton's attack on the civil service law, which has just broken out again in a most violent form is most significant.

Senator Quay who was here one day this week is understood to have expressed a very uncomplimentary opinion of the administration which he did so much to bring into office.

"Blue," is the word in the Pension office these days. The only talking around the building is done by the attorneys who find it almost impossible to do any business there on account of the tangle in which everything is in. The new Commissioner has a herculean task before him, one that I would not undertake were the salary four times what it is.

Everything is in readiness for the meeting next week of the Three Americas Congress, which will really be only the precursor of the great American Exposition to be held in Washington in 1892.

This administration is very careful in some things. For instance, it will find Douglass minister to Hayti from Washington to Fortress Monroe as a Government vessel for that the Dumont over whom would refuse to furnish him and his white wife with first-class accommodations, and that Fred would have a big row in consequence thereof. That's what I call diplomacy, but it was rather expensive all the same.

The great coalition of Knight Templars in assemble here early in October will find Washington at its prettiest, and they will be so delighted that every man of them will become an earnest advocate of this city as the proper place for the World's Exposition of 1892.

More than one democratic member of Congress has expressed to your correspondent the opinion that the republicans will make no serious attempt to pass a tariff bill at the coming session of Congress. They are afraid of the subject. They know from past experience that it is loaded.

Tanner's letter to private Dalzell printed here this week has proved a veritable bombshell in the administrative camp. Its morality is a matter about, but most people believe it to be genuine.

Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt says it will be very much for a republican to introduce a bill in Congress for the repeal of the civil service law, or to attack that law. If the democratic several members of the House made up their minds to repeal the law, preparing to "go" to the polls. But as Mr. Roosevelt draws a salary of $7,000 a year, besides liberal traveling expenses, under that law, it may be considered by many people that he is prejudiced.

Dr. Kimball, Director of the Mint, and Col. Bertram, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, have both resigned to take effect October 15. They were appointees of the Cleveland administration, and their places were wanted by republicans.

The Navy department has decided to build the two 5,000 ton armored cruisers Navy Yards. You keep your weather eye on the cards they go to, and then all is in best politics.

At the recent grand prize grant of at the Paris exhibition of 1889, four were awarded to citizens of the United States.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS.

The editors of THE TIMES will be pleased to have their friends in all parts of Pocahontas county send us items of news, and we will publish them. Mail us a card, call at the office and see how it is done, or bring in the items. Don't be afraid, we will publish them.

WHITE PINE COMING.

Having several orders for white pine lumber I have concluded if I can obtain sufficient to justify to that up to the time of closing pine timber I can, a short distance east of Huntersville. Any one wanting lumber within six months will please notify me at once. Large bills will be sent to responsible parties upon a credit of six months.

Respectfully,
H. M. McCLINTIC.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Lands in Pocahontas County.

By virtue of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered at the June term, 1888, in the chancery cause of

C. L. Smith &c.,
vs.
C. P. Arbogast &c.,

I will on

MONDAY THE 22ND DAY OF OCTOBER,

next, offer for sale at public auction, at Door of the court house of Pocahontas county, two tracts of land, one of which is on the other of Little Spice Thomas tracts of land are situate on the Greenbrier mountain, and are known as total No. 6 and 10, in the big survey and are valuable for the timber thereon.

TERMS:

Cash in hand to pay the costs of the two suits and the costs of said sale on the day of sale, the purchaser will be required to execute bonds with good security payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest from day of sale and the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

L. H. MARSHALL,
Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, do certify that L. H. Marshall, who has given bond and acted as Special Commissioner in the above cause.

J. J. BEARD, Clk.

Sept. 19-4t. Publication's fee, $6 00.

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for Infants and Children.

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MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 69, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. B. BOYLES, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.
6-31

HOME NEWS

—County Court met last Tuesday.

—J. Gibson, of Ill. was in our town Monday.

—A good many drummers in our city last week.

—J. W. Bolton, of Academy was in town last week.

—Sheriff M. S. McNeel, of Mill Point was in the city Tuesday.

—J. C. Arbogast, of Green Bank was in town the first of the week.

—W. H. Cackley, of Dunmore was in Huntersville, the first of the week.

—Jno. Byrd, wife and child, of Academy were in Huntersville last Saturday.

—How's this? Kirke Snyder not yet 14 years old got out this issue of THE TIMES.

—The Editor of this paper has been confined to his bed with the rheumatism for several days past.

—N. J. Brown, Esq., passed through town to-day (Wednesday) returning from the Eastern Cities.

—Edward Barkley, who has been working near Washington City since last spring, has returned home.

—R. K. Sharp and brother Wm. of Academy who were visiting friends in Bath Co., Va., passed through Huntersville on their return Last Saturday.

Farmers' Big Items.

The farmers are busy seeding their ground.

The threshing machine is in this vicinity finishing up the remainder of the crops. The crops are turning out well in this section of the county.

The Mt. Lebanon Boom & M'f'g Co. are busily engaged. They have about forty hands employed and have put in the river, this winter, about one million feet of logs.

Our school is progressing finely under the management of Mr. Floyd E. Stalnaker, of Randolph Co.

Miss Lena McGlaughlin will leave here soon, to teach a school near Huntersville.

Wishing THE TIMES success, I remain yours,

BILLY.

SHEEP SHEEP!

Public Sale of Personal Property.

I Will offer at Public Sale to the highest Bidder on Thursday the 31st, day of October 1889, at the Poor Farm the following property:

Thirty head of Ewe sheep, 11 2 year old Steers, 10 yearlings, 3 Cows, 3 Calves, 6 stacks of Hay, 200 bushels of Wheat, 100 bushels of Oats, 100 bushels of Corn, 1 spring wagon, 1 Horse and other country articles. Terms of sale: All sums over $5.00, a credit of 6 months will be given, the purchaser giving bond and good security.

J. W. BOLTON.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. B. Weymouth will be at Mingo Flats, October 1st, and remain 3 days.

Edrai Oct. 8th, 4 days.
Mill Point Oct. 15th 3 days.
Huntersville Oct. 18th, 4 days.

Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine with very little pain. Call early and make your engagements as his time is limited by the above dates.

See TIMES for other appointments.

Scholastic Happenings.

Mr. Hearne and Mr. James Harper are enrolled as pupils of the H. M. & F. Academy.

Miss Lena Hill has commenced her school at Droop, Miss Dollie Marshall at River View, Miss Alice Clark at Beaver Creek, and Miss Verdie Clark left last week to teach on Elk.

Messrs. Rabe and Will Burns returned Saturday from a visit to their home in Bath Co.

Misses Mary Beard, of River View, and Annie McNeel of this place entered as pupils of the H. T. School this morning, also Norval and Lee Clark entered the evening class of the same school. This is one of the best schools our town affords.

The Hillsboro Division of Sons of Temperance elected the following officers for the next quarter at their meeting last Saturday night. Worthy Patriarch, A. R. Smith; Worthy Associate, Miss G. M. Shearer; Recording Scribe, E. H. Moore; Asst. Rec. Scribe, Harry Campbell; Financial scribe, James H. Wetford; Treasurer, Wm. Wyatt; Conductor, Thos. Via; Assist. Cond., Gus Eskridge; Inside Sentinel, G. F. Crummett.

Quite a crowd of boys attended singing at Marvin Chapel Sunday evening and as they were returning four were riding rather fast and Mr. Guy Slaven's horse fell with him, bruising and mashing him badly. Mr. Slaven was carried to Mr. Isaac McNeel's where after an hour or two he regained consciousness. No bones were broken, and he is better this morning.

The Jamaica Ginger question is agitating our town at present.

Mrs. Sheets, of Rockingham Co., Va., is the guest of Mrs. Wm. H. Overbolt.

Died, At his home near Hillsboro last Friday of cancer, Mr. S. H. Waugh. Mr. Waugh was converted and joined the M. E. Church in 1841, and was 67 years old at the time of his death. Mr. Waugh was a faithful earnest christian and departed this life with bright prospects of Heaven. We extend our sympathies to his bereaved widow and two children. May they remember a tie is binding them to that other world which was not, a short time ago. There is a hand that will beckon, a gentle voice that will be calling in softest tones "I am waiting for thee." May it brighten their dark days, and may they realize as he stems the tides of spotless white, the host which stand waiting about the pearly gates of glory, burst into song as of that morning of old, when the morning stars sang jubilee and the heavenly wings met beneath his released spirit and wafted it within, and may their hearts softly echo "All is Well."

Hopewell. PRUSILLA.

Some one went to the house of Mrs. Catherine Brown, an old widow lady eighty years old, living in Knox county, S. C. There was no one at the house but Mrs. Brown and her servant, Dottie Johnson, an old colored woman. The man rapped at the door and asked to be admitted inside. He was told to go away, as company could be entertained as there was no man at the house. He, however, broke down the door and shot the colored woman, and then with pistol in hand went into Mrs. Brown's room and demanded her money, threatening to kill her if she refused. When told there was no money in the house the burglar jumped upon the helpless woman and terribly beat her with a pistol.

Chris. Medlin, Mrs. Brown's nephew, is in jail charged with the crime.

The young city of Roanoke Va., which is not yet ten years old is talking about holding an industrial exposition next year.

A Democratic Confession.

N. Y. Times.

The most evidence that the final declaration of the result of the State election in West Virginia was in accordance with the facts and the law is the way which General Goff, the Republican candidate for Governor, has submitted after the loud and belligerent declarations of last night. He has been busying himself with the dispensing of patronage in his State while waiting for the "good things" which the Administration is supposed to have in store for him personally. In fact, he has been allowed to have his way to such an extent in disposing of offices in West Virginia that "Steve" Elkins is dissatisfied. Goff himself did not fall outside the breastworks while leading an attack which carried them for the President; but he is a pushing person who expects, all the same, to be provided for, and the only difficulty seems to be to find something big enough to meet his expectations. If Partner Miller should go on the Supreme Bench, he thinks the place of Attorney General would about fit his case, and perhaps that is what he is waiting for.

DEATHS

Prof. Edward H. Henry, at his fathers residence in Covington, Va., on Saturday night, the 21st inst., aged about 24 years.

Ira Jarrett, in Alderson Monroe Co., on the 21st inst., aged about 50 years.

Dr. G. McDonald, of Union Monroe county on the 22nd.

The body of an unknown white man about twenty-five years of age, was found in Oakwood Cemetery, Richmond Va., on Sunday with a gunshot ball in his head and the weapon in his hand. A note was found in his pocket saying that he was of sound mind and that he had $30 in his pocket to pay the funeral expenses. The money was found on his person.

The late Mrs. Eliza Gregory, of Portsmouth, Va., left in her will $10,000 to establish a Catholic school for boys in that city, and Rev. Father Brady has qualified as trustee of the fund.

Three men have been convicted in Union county, N. C., for robbing trains on the Central railroad and sentenced to the penitentiary—two for ten years and one for eight.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer from pain, cures wind colic, and by giving rest to the child, natural sleep to the mother, is the best medicine known and is used by nurses and mothers in all parts of the United States. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Ninety-nine per cent of ambition to try, and one per cent of talent, is all that is necessary to success in whatever we undertake.

Some of the belle in Hall's Journal, that wonderful preparation for restoring the color and thickening the hair, grow plentifully in New England.

Queen Victoria has a remarkably fine head of hair, for a lady of her age; but her son, the Prince of Wales is quite bald. Had he used Ayer's Hair Vigor earlier in life, his head might, to-day, have been as well covered as that of his royal mother. It's not too late yet.

Many young children become prematurely repulsive with sore eyes, sore ears, and scald head. Such affections may be speedily removed by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young and old alike experience the wonderful benefits of this medicine.

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Of Valuable Lands.

Pursuant to, and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va., rendered at the June term, 1889, in the cause of

J. H. Arbogast, Adm'r,
vs.
A. H. Arbogast's Heirs &c.

I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the premises near Traveller's Repose, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5TH, 1889,

all the lands yet belonging to the Estate of Jacob H. Arbogast, dec'd, composed of part of a tract of 83 acres, part of a tract of 192 acres and part of a tract of 108 acres, all adjoining each other, and containing in the aggregate about 377 acres, lying in the forks of Greenbrier River on the S. B. V. Turnpike. About 80 acres of these lands are in cultivation, with a good dwelling and other buildings and orchard &c. The balance affords a good outlet for young stock, especially sheep, and has some good Hemlock, Spruce and Oak timber upon it

TERMS:

10 per cent. of the purchase money cash in hand, the balance in equal payments, falling due in 2, 12 and 24 months, from day of sale, with interest from that day. The purchaser to execute bonds with good security for the deferred payments, a lien will be retained until a future order of the Court.

B. F. YEAGER, Spec'l Com'r.
Sept. 12-4t. Printer's fee $10 56.

BRIDGE LETTING.

The undersigned Commissioner of the County Court, of Pocahontas County will receive Sealed Bids, until 12 m., Oct. 1st, 1889, for the following work. The construction of two Abutments on Knapp's Creek near Huntersville at or near the upper end of the "Derby Wall," said abutments to be of cut stone, well laid in Cement on solid foundation. Joints well broken to a distance of 2 feet above high water mark, and the additional height of stone work to be rubble work well laid in lime and sand. Abutments to be 23 feet long at bottom and 19 feet at top, 8 feet wide at bottom and 3 feet at top. All cement to be of the best quality, and remove the bridge from its present location and place the same on the aforesaid abutments. The Contractor to give bond with approved security, for the faithful performance of his contract.

The Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.

List of Fiduciaries

before the undersigned for settlement.

Annie S. Gillespie, adm'x of Jas. Gillespie, dec'd.

Wm. H. Cackley, late Sheriff and as such adm'r of John Cackley, dec'd.

Jno. J. McClintic, adm'r of Rebecca McClintic, dec'd.

Jas. A. McClintic adm'r of Lawrence D. McClintic, dec'd.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r of Acc'ts for Pocahontas county.
sept 19-3t.

NOTICE.

At a County Court held for the county of Pocahontas at the Court house thereof,

ON THE 15th DAY OF JULY 1889

It is ordered that in Medical connection, to the poor, that no claims, hereafter be allowed, unless the "Resolution fixing monthly said pauper shall be presented," and it is further ordered that this order will allow physicians to the first week in a month without an order from the overseers of the poor, but will not allow for further visits unless the overseer of the District will certify that such other visits were necessary, all the rules established by this court.

Test: JOHN J. BRAKE, Cl'k.

DYSPEPSIA.

The under-lying cause is in the LIVER,

and you may keep on wasting energy, by that well-meaning, but ineffectual, Pill,

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Start the Liver to work long enough, and all other troubles soon disappear.

But the Liver you get the Genuine, with our Z Stamp in front of Wrapper.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY,

D. S. HANKLA, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 23rd 1889,

and will continue FIVE months.

TUITION from $1.50 to $3.00 per month.
BOARD $8.00 to $10.00
Contingent fee to provide fuel etc. 15 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Parents should consider the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.,
D. S. HANKLA.

FOR BOARD.

During the next term of School at Hillsboro Male and Female Academy apply to

E. H. MOORE.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want local stones Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

C. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A. R. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

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Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

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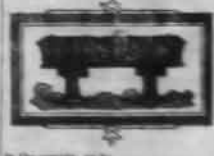

In the county, go to

C. H. SPOTTSWOOD,
UNDERTAKER, UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER,
Dunmore, W. Va.

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Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Order of publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County W. Va., on the 6th Monday in September, 1889.

George A. Simmons, Special receiver in the Chancery cause of

vs.

A. C. Beard &c.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to subject to judicial sale a tract of land situated in Pocahontas county, W. Va., on the South fork of Williams River, containing by estimation 400 acres, more or less, and bounded by the lands of Wm. Beard, Jno. Beard, Jno. Hannah, Jno. Hannah's heirs, Jno. Beard's heirs, Jno. Beard, Jr., and others, and to collect a judgment rendered by the Circuit Court of said county in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant, A. C. Beard, on the 3rd day of May, 1886 with interest and costs.

And it appearing by affidavit that the defendant A. C. Beard is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he appear here within two months after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit.

Teste:
JOHN J. BRAKE, Cl'k.
By [illegible] D. C.

Sept. 5-6t.
Printer's fee $10.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.
One Inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 4 00
Three In.	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
Six "	5 00	8 00	12 00	15 00
Half col.	8 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
One col.	15 00	25 00	40 00	60 00

Reading notices six cents a line. Marriages, Resolutions of respect, Obituaries, and Tributes of Thanks will be charged for at the rate of ten cents a line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, one year, $1.00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

October 3, 1889.

Curious Facts.

Melons were found originally in Asia.

The Mormons found Nauvoo, Ill., in 1840.

Sage is a native of the South of Europe.

An Atlanta (Ga.) store is built entirely of paper.

In France a seventh son is given a commission to collect a museum.

There is only one lawyer in Millville, N. J., a city of over 10,000 inhabitants.

It is an ancient belief that a change in the body of a man occurs every seventh year.

Mr. C. W. Oliffe walked five miles on the surface of the water near Boston recently.

There are 45,000,000 postal cards manufactured annually, and their use is increasing daily.

The New York Custom House has an efficient clerk, William O. Fitzgerland, who is a deaf mute.

The present English national debt may be said to have commenced in the reign of William III., 1688.

Ship building was begun at Salem, Mass., about 1640. So began the ship building industry in this country.

It is said that the number of derelicts recorded each month in the North Atlantic ocean varies from twenty five to forty five.

About a week's association with a threshing machine will pith a farmer's voice fully an octave higher, as all boys folks know.

A Jefferson City (Mo.) man manages to make a living by following up picnic parties and gathering up the empty bottles which they leave.

Yeasts from the squeeze bolter around the Philadelphia electric light poles to float on the fried legs that tumble to them sizzling hot.

The Minie rifle was invented at Vincennes, France, about 1855, by M. Minie, who from a common soldier raised himself to a high rank.

A Pennsylvania boy found a bird's nest that contained eggs of four different colors—white, pink blue and green. All were the same size.

A Chicago detective has just had his pocket picked of $6000, which he had drawn from a building association to make a payment on a house.

A goat at Dallas, Texas, which came upon a rattlesnake, walked back a few yards, and taking a running start, made a long jump, alighting with his legs immobed, and cut off the snake in pieces.

Spiders have been known to come out of their webs and crawl down the sides of the well at the sound of music, seemingly enchanted by the sounds, but hurrying back to their hiding place as soon as the music ceased.

The latest development of the riot machine is a brass frame inclosing the city directory, which permits the citizens to be counted only when a cent has been inserted in the slot. It is hailed as a blessing by druggist and others whose illustrations are in constant demand to the public.

It is believed by the Mormons that at the Judgement day polygamy will be required to furnish with souls all repenting ladies of famous beings which they have sinned. Failing in this ordeal, they will lose their presumptuous imitation of the work of the Creator.

One method of keeping the railroad track about oil sand near the Caspian Sea is to wash the road bed with sea water. In other places it is protected with an armor of clay. Palisades are erected sometimes to stop drifting. Another method employed is the cultivation of hardy plants, such as are used for the same purpose on the Danish coast.

Tramp—"Your barn was burned about two months ago, ma'am."

Farmer's Wife—"Yes."

Tramp—"Well, a chunk of mine set it on fire that you might get the insurance money, and he asked me to call around and see if you'd got it yet, and see if you'd give him a few dollars of it."

Farmer's Wife—"You'll not get a cent of the insurance here."

Tramp—"Very well, ma'am, but you mustn't feel hurt if my friend never sets any more of your buildings on fire."

Mistah Johnsing, I fink yo' suffering wid affection on de heart. Yo' heartbeats is terrible irregular." "Dat's all right, doctor; but, sah, yo' has yo' air right 'gin my watch, an' it hain't varied a minit in de las' free months, sah! Wut all respect to yo', I guess I'll go ter some older practitioner, sah."

Happy Father—"Joe, old boy, give me suitable names for my twin babies."

Joe—"Are they boys or girls?"

"Girls."

"How will Kate and Duplicate do?"

Aspiring Author—"Wasn't there anything in the letters I sent you that you could use?"

Practical Editor—"Yes; the stamps you inclosed for their return we used, but there was nothing else available."

Small Bob (on the sidewalk)—"Ma, Ma! look out of the window!"

Ma (putting her head out of the window)—"What is it?"

Bob (pointing to his playmate)—"Mike didn't believe you were so cross-eyed."

Fond Mamma—"What are you drawing on your slate, pet?"

Little Nell—"I was tryin' to draw my dolly; but I done I'll tell it a clothes pin."

Merritt—"Is it true that Mrs. Henpeck rules her husband with a rod of iron?"

Miss Fopp—"I guess so. I saw her last night closing him with the poker."

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or suffering that most lacking
Blood Tonic
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is prescribed by Indies' Nurses, Midwives, Clergymen, Mothers, and Physicians. Get Brown's Iron Bitters.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Rheumatism.

Behind you in the presence of evil and is the blood, is your chronically used by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Its root and its virtues are extracted, and take it for the poisons and it thoroughly expelled from the system. We challenge attention to the following:

"Almost two years ago, after enduring the severest pain I ever felt, my right arm, being unable to wash, dress, or feed myself, and having tried various remedies, including mineral springs, without relief, I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken a single bottle I felt relief coming, and by the time I had used three bottles I was entirely cured. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. Ellen Hodge, 139 West 126th st., New York.

"Some years ago I was taken ill with inflammatory rheumatism, being confined to my house and subsequently to my bed. I was under the care of the most eminent physicians, but got no relief. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken a half bottle I felt decidedly better, and by the time I had used three bottles I was entirely cured. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. Ellen Hodge, 139 West 126th st., New York.

"For over one year I was taken ill with rheumatism, being confined to my house and subsequently to my bed. I was under the care of the most eminent physicians, but got no relief. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken a half bottle I felt decidedly better, and by the time I had used three bottles I was entirely cured. I have since had no return of the disease."—Mrs. Ellen Hodge, 139 West 126th st., New York.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM
ONLY
$20

OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
208 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CATARRH
SNUFFLES and KATARRH
The Dodd Chemical Co., 3200 Fairmount Av., Phila., Pa.

FITS or Falling Sickness CAN be CURED.
UPPER ARCH DENTIST, Cor. 9th and Green Sts., Phila. and Country, and Age strictly.
Address: THE MILL CHEMICAL CO., 1004 Fairmount Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Yonkers man was killed in a prize fight in St. Louis Mo., on the 14th inst.

PHILADELPHIA SINGER
WARRANTED 5 YEARS.
LOW ARM, $20 HIGH ARM, $28

FIFTEEN DAYS' TRIAL
IN YOUR OWN HOUSE BEFORE YOU PAY ONE CENT.
The C. A. Wood Co.
47 S. 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WHAT
SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES
CONSUMPTION SCROFULA BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS Wasting Diseases
Wonderful Flesh Producer.
Many have gained one pound per day by its use.
Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It combines the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by physicians all over the world.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Manufacturing, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine.
If you have a Cough, Throat Disease or Sore Lungs, a few doses are all you need. Even if you neglect this very common of colds, the slight Cough that becomes a serious trouble, and several bottles will be required.
CONSUMPTION

CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm Gives Relief at Once. A Cure Certain. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Agreeable to use. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROS., Owego, N.Y.

Agents Wanted | Sells Rapidly | Splendidly New Book
The most wonderful collection of practical real value and every one on the people ever published in the globe. A marvel of money saving and money earning. Every one wants it. Thousands of beautiful helpful engravings showing just how to do everything. No competition, nothing like it in the universe. Where you see it you want it. Where you want it you get it. Sells where all other books fail. Agents clearing $75 a week. All expensively cloaking profitable employment. And looking for something wonderfully like clear of us extraordinarily help others, should write at once, and learn all about the most remarkable achievement in book making since the world began.
SCANNELL & Co., Box 3488, St. Louis or Philadelphia.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES,

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It contains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which no city paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It furnishes matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its columns and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

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If not paid within 6 months	1 25
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Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dog Envelopes, Tags, Receipts, Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Pamphlets, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, October, 10 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 12.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, T. M. McChesney.
Sheriff, M. J. McNutt.
Deputy Sheriff, T. W. Hinkle.
Clk. of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, D. C. Hodges.
[illegible] R. Beard, Pres't.
[illegible] Bradley.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 2nd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July to levy term.

C. F. BOOKE.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. N. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARNOLD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Travelville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. LEE,
Atty.-at-Law.
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. S. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

What a Comfort!

He Don't Hot-foot He Buck-&-Wing LASTS LONGER, LOOKS BRIGHTER, and makes the Shoes WEAR BETTER.
Wolff's ACME Blacking
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

OLD ROCK.

On the eve of their bridal day Jessie Dixon and John Marcus had their first quarrel. It was not a very severe one, but it proved that such a thing could be between them and was not pleasant. Besides, it was a terrible time for such a thing. It began by Jessie asking John what he was going to do with Rock, a big thick dog he was very fond of.

"Do with him?" said John. "Why just what I always have—feed him, I suppose."

"You don't mean to keep him, do you?" said Jessie. "You'll sell him."

"Sell Rock!" cried John. "Why, it would seem like selling your baby or your grandfather. He's been my friend for years—slept under my bed, followed me to work, shared my lunch. Why, I had him when I was a poor, motherless boy and used to kick us out together. Many's the time, when he'd been drinking, and we'd cuddle up together for warmth in some area. Now I'm comfortable, I shan't kick Rock out. No, indeed, I couldn't."

"I hate dogs," said Jessie.

"Well, you've got to learn to love Old Rock," said John, laughing. "Love me, love my dog, and in this case you've got to, you see."

"I've got to?" cried Jessie, indignantly. "Ordering me like that already, when I refused Sam Williams for your sake, as well you know, John."

"Well," said John, "I always supposed that was because you liked me best, but out of self-sacrifice."

"At least," said Jessie, "he didn't keep a dog of that sort, and he was on his knees to me almost. Oh, dear! I don't think you care about me, John. I read a novel the other day, and in it the young man roasted a favorite falcon for his lady love's dinner, and never minded that at all, he was so devoted to her."

"If I was to roast Old Rock, he'd be too much dinner for a regiment," said John, "and I'll bet you wouldn't take a bite of him. Do you want me to show my affection for you by carrying him to the sausage makers and having him put up into bologna for winter use?"

This was not gallant, and naturally Jessie was displeased, as one may presume. They were not fashionable people. She was an honest, pretty, little factory girl. He a young plumber. But they have been very much in love with each other. This was a dash of cold water to both. They felt the impertinency of a squabble at this time and parted with a kiss, as usual; but the thought rankled in each mind.

Jessie thought of it as she made ready for her wedding, and as her friends looked at her new things. She had a pretty floor not for off, ready furnished for her, and things were all very nice, in a plain way. But what happiness could she expect if he was so ready about a little thing? And then to have ugly, black Rock, with his muddy feet, his way of sneezing about and showing his tongue in gapes, always lying about. It was not a pleasant thought for the day before a wedding.

Meanwhile, the day wore on; the guests came. The bride was dressed. The minister arrived with his old wife. Everybody had come but the bridegroom and his best man.

The bridesmaids left the room and whispered in the little passage. The clock hands pointed to the hour for the ceremony. John had not come. Jessie tried to sit still to smile, to laugh and talk but she kept saying to herself: "What keeps him? Could he really have been angry? Could it be possible that he meant to break with her in this dreadful manner just about Old Rock?" She listened—the bell rang. Had he come? No! It was only the best man, alone. He reported that he had waited for John, and that he had not been home to supper. His wedding suit was spread on his bed, but there was no sign of John.

"I didn't know but he might be here," said the young man, looking about. But John was not there.

In her own room the bride wept and women came and went trying to comfort her. They lingered late. Eleven, twelve, one o'clock saw the minister still sitting in the great chair in the parlor, ready to marry John if he came, but though the bride's friends flew about the city and inquired everywhere, there was no news of the missing bridegroom.

That he had left her in wrath was Jessie's explanation of the matter; and it was she who at last declared that people had better go home, for that she would not marry John if he came on his bended knees to ask pardon.

Meanwhile the missing bridegroom had gone to work as usual, expecting, as it was Saturday, to get off earlier than usual, and had been pleased that he finished his work at four o'clock; but coming in eager to ask leave to go home, he found all in a commotion. A gas pipe had burst in a public building, where there was danger of leaving it unrepaired very long, and only one other man was in the place—Sam Williams, his old rival.

"You too must go," said the proprietor, waving his hands about. "I know it is hard, John; but Sam can bring the furnace and tools in, and you can get straight home. You have time, and you shall be paid for overwork, both of you, and I'll send a present to the bride on Monday. This is a necessary job, or I'd let you off."

John did not grumble, though he felt irritated. He hurried off as fast as he could, followed by Williams. The men did not like each other, and Williams was still jealous.

They spoke very little. Old Rock followed at John's heels and crouched outside the building, when he was locked out, as usual.

The men's work took them down into the cellar, and into some great vaults there. They worked without any more talk than was necessary, and at last the job was done.

Williams had tested the leak at his part of the work and was about to call to John, whose light shone at the other end of the dark cellar, when suddenly the light went out. There was a crash, a cry. Williams did not know what had happened, but judged that a great beam that had been lifted out of place had fallen. He waited; there was silence. And now having the opportunity, the demoniac spirit of revenge asserted itself. He would not have planned to kill his rival, but he thought with joy that some had accident had happened to him. He thought, too, that it was not his work, and that he was not called upon to alter it. If John was dead Jessie would be free again. Then he said to himself with Satan's sophistry:

"How do I know anything has happened? John has gone home, banging the door after him. That's all. A fine way to go off and have a fellow," he said aloud; and gathered up the furnace and bag of tools and went his way looking all the doors locked him, and leaving the keys with the person who had charge of them, saying that his mate had gone off without a good-bye, leaving him alone in the cellar.

"Queer I never saw him," said the old man; but Sam did not reply. He took a night train out of town to spend Sunday at his mother's in the country and be out of the way of questions.

And this is how John did not come to his own wedding. He lay in the cellar hardly conscious, unable to lift the beam from his leg, and in a sort of dream, thinking of his Jessie and sobbing to hear Old Rock's voice somewhere.

The poor girl arose wretched, and quite sure that John had jilted her. She never thought of any accident. As she sat at her late breakfast, trying not to show her grief and shame, and wondering how she should go home and face the girls, something pushed at the door.

The mother opened it, and the dog she hated so, Old Rock himself, walked in. He looked forlorn and hungry, his coat covered with mud, his eyes red, his appearance miserably hideous, his manners, too, had altered for the worse, for instead of galloping playfully about, striving to lick Jessie's face and wagging his tail, as usual, he sat down on his hind legs and began at once to deliver a series of those piteous howls with which his species are supposed by the serpents-fons to celebrate the departure of an immortal soul from this vale of tears.

At this, a sudden revulsion took place in Jessie's feelings, and with a wild scream she uttered her conviction that John was dead, and that the dog knew it.

In this the family coincided to an individual. Then the dog began to pull at Jessie's flounces.

"We have had our doubts, we have had our doubts," groaned the father. "John's not a man to jilt a girl that way, quarrel or no quarrel."

"And the dog just says it plain as words," sobbed the mother. "When my grandfather was drowned his dog came home just like that. Oh, poor John! You'll never see him no more, child, never no more!"

Meanwhile, the dog pulled and howled harder than ever.

"Silence, there," cried the old grandmother, from the cozy corner, where she was breaking her bread into a bowl of coffee. "Mebbee the parted spirit came along with the dog. The creatur is going to lead you to the body. Stop your cryin', an' go. Follow him. He knows better than you, for John's along of him. Go."

With her blood curdling in her veins, Jessie obeyed. She tied on her hat, and buttoned herself into a sacque, and went down the stairs and out into the street, with the sabbath stillness upon them. It was not easy to keep pace with Old Rock along the pavements, but she did so, and at last stopped with him before a great, empty looking public building. Here the dog howled at a grating, and began to howl again.

It was more than Jessie could stand. She burst into bitter tears and was obliged to sit down on the sidewalk and hide her face in her hands.

"Is he down there, Rock?" she sobbed. And Rock said: "Yes"

with the queer, baby lisp.

Then Jessie went to work to policeman, kindly disposed; an old man with a bunch of keys; nearly left a disclosure of the fact that plasterers were down cellar late Saturday afternoon, but at last to a door near into the cellar, where Old Rock, in a state of delight past all bounds, led to the spot where John Ley, with a broken leg and fractured arm, but conscious and not fatally injured; and when she was sure of this, Jessie took Old Rock's head in both her hands, and kissed it fondly over and over again.

"You told me I'd have to love him, and it's come true; and he's brought us together, and as long as he lives he shall be as dear to me as he is to you. There, now!"

It was some time before they were married, but there was no more quarreling; and Jessie and John are a very happy couple. It is reported of Old Rock that the first time he met Sam Williams he bit him; and that, Jessie declares, is a proof that Rock knew all about John's being in the cellar, though he swears he did not.

Last evening two youths, each about 14, met in the street, when the following dialogue took place:

"I say, Bill, gut my knife."

"No, I ain't."

"Pon your word?"

"Pon me word."

"You your soul?"

"Pon me soul."

"Hope you may die if you have!"

"Hope I may die if I have?"

"You ain't got my knife?"

"I ain't got your knife."

The quarrel seemed to be inconclusive, but was on the point of giving it up in despair when a bright idea occurred to him, and he returned to attack with:

"Pon your honor?"

"Oh," said the other, "now you touch me honor; take your darned old knife," and he handed the article over.

"Well done, Bill," said his chum, "I allus knowed you was a honorable chap."

A burglar who had been arrested while in the act of breaking into a bank pleaded guilty to the charge when arraigned in Court, but claimed extenuating circumstances.

"What possible excuse can you present to mitigate this offense?" asked the Court.

"My lord, had I succeeded in getting my hands on the cash it would have removed temptation from the path of the maddest."

"He said the Judge, after mature reflection. "I see the point, which is well taken. I'll let you off on about three years."

Moral—If you can steal a bank's horse it may save his bacon. Don't going to State prison.

McCorkle—"And so you're engaged, McNichol. Do tell us all about it!"

McNichol—"Yes, it's ago this June. You see, Isabella and I were out on the branch."

McCorkle—"Yes."

McNichol—"And the mosquitoes were very thick—"

McCorkle—"Yes."

McNichol—"And I wanted to get to."

McCorkle—"Yes."

McNichol—"And Isabella for some reason wanted to stay out."

McCorkle—"Yes."

McNichol—"That's all. It was proposed to be eaten by mosquitoes, so I proposed."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Qr. column	5 00	8 00	10 00	15 00
Half col'n	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

October 10, 1889.

Next year the modest, retiring North Pole is to be the object of another search, involving expense and possible loss of life. Dr. Nansen, a Norwegian, is going for it this time.

Mrs. Philip H. Sheridan and her children are living at the cottage in Nonquitt, Mass., to which the General died. Mrs Sheridan has entirely recovered her health and strength.

John I. Blair, the New Jersey railroad magnate, who confesses to a fortune of $40,000,000, earned his first dollar by walking to Easton and back, a distance of twenty five miles, to sell a lot of rabbit skins.

A process has been invented by means of which photographs can be printed almost as fast as newspapers, and without dependence on sun or light. They are said to be of the first quality. That of course would make photographs much cheaper.

There is a woman in Milwaukee who is the mother of nine children. Not one of them were named until it was twelve years old. They were simply called by their nicknames and their numbers, "One," "Two," etc. As each one became twelve years old he chose his own name and was baptized.

Johnstown, Pa., which was devastated by flood some months ago is forging ahead, and will soon have in operation a number of large industries, employing 5,000 or 6,000 workmen, and pay out between $100,000 and $200,000 each week in wages. The steel works of the Carnegies are being rebuilt and enlarged, costly residences are being rebuilt and business houses are being completed and plans matured for a much more extensive city than it was before the waters swept it away.

A Monument to Columbus, erected by a Frenchman, and the only one in America, has remained in obscurity in Baltimore for more than a hundred years. It is now likely to come into prominent notice. New York will probably get up a magnificent Exposition in honor of the discovery of America; but well it is, perhaps, that the considerate Frenchman did not leave the monument enterprise to that city.

Why is it.

The editor of the Cattettsburg Democrat, Captain Thomas H. Marcum, late of the Union Army, has asked the question, "Why is it?" and comments as follows:

"Why is it that most of the ex-Confederates are stout and well preserved men for their age, while most of the ex-Union soldiers are broken down from their service and are on the pension rolls or trying to get there. It is a fact that none will dispute that the Confederate army was not as well fed nor clothed as Union soldiers were; that they were physically more exposed than were the Union troops, yet most all of the ex-Union soldiers claim to be suffering from injuries and disease from their service, while the Confeds are robust and look as though they would be able for several years' good service in the field were it required of them. However, there are many who believe that the ex-Union soldier would be stouter and more robust and personsons in the various avocations of life if there were no pensions attachment to alleged disability incurred while in the service. It seems to be some trying on a man's constitution to be loyal to the Government than it was to be a Rebel. Some how there is something about the matter that needs explanation."

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON Oct., 4.—The Cabinet meeting held to-day was a little strong Pension affairs raised a small cyclone, and before that had passed away the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court brought about a hurricane. At least two members are bitterly opposed to the appointment of Attorney General Miller, which President Harrison seems determined upon. It must have been a rather embarrassing position for Mr. Miller, who was present.

President Harrison is still wrestling with the problem of trying to find a man for Pension Commissioner who can satisfy the applicants for pensions without creating a financial deficiency. The thing is impossible, but of course its none of our business, if the administration wants to wear itself out in that way let it go ahead. The latest man named as likely to have an opportunity of declining to accept Corporal Tanner's shoes is Ex-Gov. Hartranft, of Pennsylvania. Two men stand ready to occupy the position, Brown, of Ohio, and Campbell, of Kansas, but their readiness makes President Harrison shy of them.

Mr. Blaine is at last President, not of the United States, but of the Three America's Congress. He was elected to the position Wednesday when the Congress met and organized. Ex-Senator Henderson of Missouri was elected President protempore. Mr. Blaine's speech of welcome to the members of the Congress was a model of its kind, and is highly praised here by members of both parties. Immediately after adjourning to November 18, the Congress called on the President with whom the members took lunch. Thursday morning they left on a special train for a tour of the North East and West. They are certain to be impressed by what they will see and will return to Washington prepared to discuss more intelligently the matters brought before them. It is thought at the State department that the Congress will sit about three months.

Democrats here express considerable disappointment over the result of the elections in the new states. They had been led to expect something different. Secretary Tracy's difficulty in getting a Naval officer to command the Kearsarge, which started from New York Tuesday for Hayti with Fred Douglass, our minister to that country as a passenger, has been the subject of a great deal of joking around Washington this week. As soon as it was known that the commanders cabin had to be given up to Fred, nobody who knows the personal habits of that individual blamed the Naval officers for getting out of the dilemma in any way possible. Secretary Tracy got very mad, but all the same I'll bet a big red apple Tracy would not entertain Douglass five or six days at his private residence for a years salary. Douglass is a very brainy man, but he is a negro for all that, and no white man who respects himself will care to be closely associated with him in a social way. I am inclined to believe with the Kentuckian that "there's as much in the blood of people as of horses."

Ex Representative Harris, of Virginia, who has just made a trip through that state, says the democrats will have a walk over, and that Mahone will never again be heard from politically. I have it on good authority that several members of the administration have given up all hope of Mahone's election.

Senator's Hampton, of South Carolina, and Harris, of Tennessee are very wide apart in their ideas of a correct solution of the race problem. Senator Hampton has for a long time advocated the purchase of land in Mexico, or of an island, and the colonization there on of the negroes of the Southern states. Senator Harris being asked what he thought of such a scheme replied: "I do not consider it practical at all. The negro doesn't want to be colonized, and if the devil only had those who are trying to make practical capital out of him there would be no trouble to speak about." Senator Harris is one of the large number who believe that the business of Congress has grown to such dimensions that continuous sessions ought to be held.

Representative Breckenridge, of Arkansas, thinks all the republicans talk about the Rules of the House is intended to work the courage of the weakened republicans up to the point of seating all eighteen of the republican contestants.

Charges have been filed at the department of state against Reed Lewis, of Pennsylvania, consul agent at Morocco. He is accused of having attempted to extort a large sum of money from a vice consul as the price of his retention in office. Mr. Reed is one of President Harrisons appointments.

The Knight Templars are beginning to arrive for the Conclave. They will remain here ten days.

HOW'S THIS.

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

Lands in Pocahontas County.

In pursuance of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered at the June term, 1889, in the chancery cause of

C. L. Austin &c.,
vs.
W. F. Arbogast &c.,

I will on

MONDAY THE 21ST DAY OF OCTOBER,

next, offer for sale at public auction in front of the court house of Pocahontas county, two tracts of land, one of 851 acres and the other of 1,339 acres. Those tracts of land are situate on the Alleghany mountain, and are known as John No. 9 and 10, in the big survey, and are valuable for the timber thereon.

TERMS:

Cash in hand to pay the costs of the two suits and the costs of sale and for the bailiff; the purchasers will be required to execute bonds with good security payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest from day of sale and the legal title to be reserved as ultimate security.

L. H. STEPHENSON,
Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, do certify that L. H. Stephenson, Com'r has given the bond as required by said decree.

J. J. BEARD, Clk.

Sept. 19-4t. Printer's fee $6.50

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LAND IS NOW MILES NEARER

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. OFFENHEIL, formerly of Midland, Va., have opened a new

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

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At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

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Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

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HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.
Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, late of Scottsville, Va.

MR. S. ROLLINS, late Asst. Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

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DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

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SUCCESSOR TO SHOUP & KERR'S SHOP, Huntersville, W. Va.

I am prepared to make to the most stylish and latest fashion of all kinds, and remaining true to my style. Apr 11 3 m.

A. C. PRITCHARD.

GOOD NEWS.

If you are tired, send it to the new hatter of H. B. McClung's and you will find a full line of A. Backus's Boots and Shoes, A. Backus & Sons' Hats, Caps, Gloves, &c.

MASONIC NOTICE

HUNTSVILLE LODGE NO. 85, A. F. & A. M.—The time of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, unless the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Secty.

6-31

HOME NEWS

—H. Nathan, of Hillsboro, was up on business this week.

—Jacob Bonar, Esq., went to Staunton and returned this week.

—We've been having some right cold weather the last week or two.

—E. I. Holt, of Hillsboro, made a flying trip to Huntersville Tuesday.

—Dr. Matt Wallace, of Mill Point, was in our Burg to-day (Wednesday).

—Quinn Marion, Esq., Cashier of the Monongahela Bank, was in town Tuesday.

—Harry Campbell, of Academy, came up home Saturday and returned Sunday.

—The free school at this place began last Monday, with Harry Patterson as teacher.

—Editor John E. Campbell is still confined to his room though somewhat improved.

—Next Monday a week Circuit Court begins. Don't forget to call to see us while in town.

—H. P. McClaughlin, Esq., has returned from Clarksburg, where he was invited to attend Judge Jackson's Court as witness.

—Misses Mamie Taylor, of Williams's river and Etta Friel, of near this place made this office quite a pleasant call last Tuesday.

—As this lady was so frightened by a snake that her glossy black hair turned white as snow. It was soon returned to its original color by Hall's Hair Renewer.

—D. A. Fisher and son Olga are still at work on the house of John W. Warwick, Esq., on Stony Creek. Mr. Fisher was home a few days ago and says he expects to begin work on the new road near the Lockridge ford next week.

—Professor Gauthier, of Paris, states that certain vital processes of the body develop putrefying substances, in the tissues, which, if not speedily eliminated, produce disease. Ayer's Sarsaparilla effects the removal of these substances, and thereby preserves health.

—Mrs. Dr. Wm. P. Rucker, of Lewisburg, W. Va., Mrs. Bettie B. Ward and Mr. Sam'l B. Scott of Lynchburg Va., have been the guests of their relatives Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Rucker of this place for the past week. Mrs. Rucker and Mrs. Ward left to-day (Wednesday), for their respective homes. Mr. Scott will remain with us having began the study of law in the office of H. S. Rucker.

—When you need a good, safe laxative, ask your druggist for a box of Ayer's Pills, and you will find that they give perfect satisfaction. For indigestion, torpid liver, and sick headache there is nothing superior. Leading physicians recommend them.

—A Tennessee editor gives this account of the troubles under which he labors: "How is it that our readers here, twelve miles from a railroad, twenty-five miles from a river, millions of miles from heaven and about two miles from the devil, and only two hundred yards from a whisky shop, expect us to get out a newsy, lively and interesting paper.

Grass Rock Items.

Mr. J. B. Bradshaw, of McDowell, spent Wednesday in town, and will start for Baltimore this week to lay in his stock of fall and winter goods.

Miss Ella Rexrode, of Green Hill, is spending some time visiting her uncle at this place.

The Ladies of Grass Rock and vicinity will hold an Ice Cream Supper Saturday, the 12th of Oct. They will endeavor to make it enjoyable and hope to have a liberal patronage. It will be for the benefit of the M. E. Church South at this place.

Married, Near Perry, Mo., Sep. 12th, Wm. T. Curry, formerly of Green Bank, to Miss Nora Richards, of Woodland, Cal. We extend to Willie, hearty congratulations.

PAULINA.

Treasurer's Bogous Locals.

Dr. Snyder was recently called to the bed side of Mrs. Henry Plenner. We are happy to say she is convalescent.

Miss Anette Ligon and her brother made us a short visit last week.

Mr. Plenner has not found nor heard of the horse that was stolen a week ago.

Mrs. Martha Cook left here the 3rd, accompanied by Mr. W. J. Yeager. She has been visiting her sister Mrs. Betsy Yeager, who has been ill for some time and left her not much improved.

Rev. Wm. H. Ballenger has closed a very successful protracted meeting. Twenty conversions, of which seventeen joined the M. E. Church South.

S. P. Ward and Miss Lucy Quick made a flying trip to this vicinity.

Miss Ella Pritchard is visiting Miss Gertrude Yeager.

Boys get your sleighs ready, we have had snow and still look for more.

Died, little Bertie Bliss, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barner, Sunday evening at 6 o'clock, aged 7 years and 5 months. The bereaved family have the sympathy of the entire neighborhood.

E. G. W.

To All Whom It May Concern.

I expect to be in Huntersville on the first day of October Circuit, Court, and all who are indebted to me on subscription, job work, or advertising, as former owner of THE TIMES, are requested to pay the amounts to my former agents at their respective places, or to Attorney L. M. McClintic, on or before that date. All accounts not paid on or before that date will be put out for immediate collection. This is positively the *last* notice.

Respectfully,
JAS. B. CANFIELD.

SHEEP SHEEP!

Public Sale of Personal Property.

I Will offer at Public Sale to the highest Bidder on Thursday the 31st, day of October 1889, at the Poor Farm the following property.

Thirty head of fine ewes, 11 2 year old Steers, 10 yearlings, 3 Cows, 3 Calves, 8 stacks of Hay, 200 bushels of Wheat, 100 bushels of Corn, 100 bushels of Oats, 1 spring wagon, 1 Horse and other sundry articles. Terms of sale: All sums over $5.00, a credit of 8 months will be given, the purchaser giving bond and good security.

J. W. BOLTON.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. H. Weymouth will be at Mingo Flats, October 1st, and remain 3 days.

Edray, Oct. 4th, 4 days.
Mill Point, Oct. 15th 3 days.
Huntersville, Oct. 18th, 4 days.

Teeth extracted by the use of Cocaine with very little pain. Call early and make your engagements as his time is limited to the above dates.

See TIMES for other appointments.

Joaquin Miller is writing a life of Christ. The daughter whom he has abandoned is living in poverty at Denver.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction at the store House of H. Nathan, at Academy, Pocahontas Co., W. Va., on

THURSDAY THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER 1889

Continuing from day to day, the following property, levied upon by me, to satisfy executions in my hands for collection, against said H. Nathan, in favor of Ellis McClure, D. N. Stalling, Boykin Carnute & Co., (tobacco Tobacco, Co., Greer & Laing, Simon Barrs & Co., and Parsons & Emmins, to-wit, the stock of goods of said H. Nathan consisting of Dry Goods, Hardware Queensware, Glassware, Nails, Shoes, Hats and all other articles in said store Machine oil, about 2,000 feet of lumber partly dressed, Tin Roofing &c.

Terms of Sale, Cash. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock a. m.

J. M. CUTLIP,
Constable Pocahontas Co.

A Horrible Double Murder.

On the 4th inst., Felix Kamp, living near Charleston, went to his house, and having missed some articles he went to a cabin about a quarter of a mile away, where his daughter Mary aged 20 and his son aged 18 lived and accused the girl of having stolen some "flat irons" from his house. The old man became violently angry and when the daughter denied taking the irons he drew a two edged dirk from his belt and assaulted her. He stabbed the girl several times, once in the stomach and once the abdomen. The boy who was eating his supper with his sister jumped and grabbed his father in order to prevent the murder of his sister, when the enraged father plunged the knife into his son's abdomen, letting out his bowels and cutting them in several places. They both died the next morning. The father is in jail.

The Edray District Institute will meet at Edray school house Oct. 19. Teachers and patrons from all parts of the County are cordially invited.

PROGRAMME.

Address to teachers—Rev. Geo. P. Moore; Primary teaching—Miss E. N. Warwick; Select Reading—Miss Lillie Friel; Penmanship—J. B. White; Arithmetic the decimal—J. M. Sydenstricker; Orthography—L. J. Dysard; Grammar the verb—Taylor McNeel; Select reading—Miss Maggie Engle; History Federal constitution—C. N. McNeil; Manners in school—Miss E. J. Buckley; Grammar analysis—Miss Carrie Thomas; Physiology—J. A. McClaughlin; School government—Miss Bella Clark.

Closing remarks by Rev. Mr. Morgan.

M. G. MATHEWS, Pres.

It Will Indeed.

Kansas City Times.]

The Republican party has upset the faithful business system of Mr. Cleveland's administration. It has swung into its old habit of robbing the Treasury for class bribery. It has committed the financial crime of making a deficit in the Treasury accounts, something which the present generation regarded as impossible with our enormous revenue. Expose these blunders and crimes before 10,000 people and the widening wave of indignation will sweep the rubber party out of any semblance of ascendency it may have in that region.

Old Judge Jere Black was once asked to join the Republican party and said he: "You Republicans are a fine lot of fellows for all the purposes of this world—for power and plunder and good fellowship it is the best party that could be created. If I was quite sure that there is no future state of rewards and punishments I would join you instantly. Nothing but the fear of hell deters me."

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Of Valuable Lands.

Pursuant to, and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va., rendered at the Rule term, 1889, in the cause of

J. H. Arbogast, Adm'r,
vs.
J. H. Arbogast's Heirs &c.,

I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the premises, near Travelers Repose, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5TH, 1889,

all the lands set belonging to the Estate of Jacob H. Arbogast, dec'd., composed of part of a tract of 45 acres, part of a tract of 193 acres and part of a tract of 109 acres, all adjoining each other, and containing in the aggregate about 270 acres, lying in the forks of Greenbrier River on the S. & P. Turnpike. About 65 acres of these lands are in cultivation, with a good dwelling and other buildings and orchard &c. The balance affords a good outlet for young stock, especially sheep, and has some good Hemlock, Spruce and Oak timber upon it.

TERMS:

10 per cent of the purchase money cash in hand, the balance in equal payments, falling due in 6, 18 and 24 months, from day of sale, with interest from that day. The purchaser to execute bonds with good security for the deferred payments, a lien will be retained until a future order of the Court.

B. M. YEAGER, Spec'l Com'r.
Sept. 19-4t. Printer's fee $10 50.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little cherub awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to take. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness, receive from one to two doses of Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

List of Fiduciaries

before the undersigned for settlement:

Agnes S. Gillespie, adm'r of Jas. Campbell, dec'd.

Wm. H. Cackley, late Sheriff and as such adm'r of Julia Cooper, dec'd.

Jas. A. McClellan, Adm'r of Rebecca McClellan, dec'd.

Jas. A. McClellan adm'r of Lawrence D. McClellan, dec'd.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r of Acc'ts for Pocahontas county.
sept 12-3t.

NOTICE.

At a County Court held for the county of Pocahontas at the court house thereof

ON THE 15th D. Y OF JULY 1889

It is ordered that the Medical societies in the town that no claims hereafter be allowed, unless the physician living entered said paupers, shall be employed and it is further ordered that this court will allow physicians all the time each town or paupers, without an order from the overseer of the Poor; but will not allow for further visits unless the overseers of the District will certify that such other visits are necessary.

On the rates established by this court.

J. CARR TODD,
Clerk.

JOHN J. BEARD, C.P.C.

Indigestion

Is not only a distressing complaint, of itself, but, by causing the blood to become depraved and the system enfeebled, is the parent of innumerable maladies. That Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best cure for indigestion, even when complicated with Liver Complaint, is proved by the following statement from Mr. Joseph Lake, of Rockport Centre, Mich.:

"I have complained and taken medicine for like a hundred and cured nearly all the time. I have been troubled with dyspepsia, which has rendered life a burden, and have tried almost everything that was recommended, but found no relief. Nothing that I took seemed to do me permanent good until I commenced the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has produced a wonderful change. Before commencing to take the Sarsaparilla I could eat but little food, and that would distress me terribly. My appetite began to improve, and with it came the ability to digest all the food taken, my strength returned, and I soon felt like a new person. I have not since suffered from dyspepsia, and my health has given me a new lease of life."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Worth $5 a bottle.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HANKLA, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 2nd 1889,

and will continue NINE months.

TUITION from $1 00 to $3 00 per month.

BOARD $6 00 to $10 00

Contingent fee to provide fuel etc. 15 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Patrons should consider the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.,
D. S. HANKLA.

FOR BOARD.

During the next Annual School at Hillsboro Male and Female Acad. any apply to

E. H. MOORE.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stones Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COITER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE CHAIRS AND FINEST TURNED

in the county, go to

C. B. SWADLEY,
AUCTIONEER, UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER.

Dunmore, W. Va.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County W. Va., on the first Monday in September, 1889.

George A. Rosenwald, Special receiver in the Chancery cause of

Bonner vs. Bonner &c.,
vs.
A. G. Bonner.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to subject to the judicial sale a tract of land situated some of land belonging to the defendant A. G. Bonner situated in the county of Pocahontas and State of West Virginia, in Middle Mountain, containing by estimation one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, purchased by the said A. G. Bonner of the heirs of Jacob Bonner, deceased, by deed bearing date the 1st day of May, 1888 and recorded in the clerk's office of said county, to which deed reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said land, and to subject the same to the payment of the purchase money due thereon, with interest thereon from the day of sale, and the costs of this cause and the same is necessary to protect his interest in the said.

Teste,
JOHN J. BEARD, C.P.C.
Printer's fee $5 00.

Sept. 5-4t.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered in the Postoffice at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 col.
One Inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three In.	2 00	3 00	4 00	10 00
Six columns	3 00	4 00	10 00	15 00
Half col'm	5 00	10 00	20 00	30 00
One col'm	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, 10c a line each insertion, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

October 10, 1889.

Tramp—"Thanken kindly, mum. I'll no hope gettin sich a fine supper to-day, mum. My luckin likes it!"

Housekeeper—"As you've had a good supper, I think you might chop some wood."

"Yes, mum; but you know the old adage: 'After dinner rest a while; after supper walk a mile.' I'll walk the mile first, mum."

"Have the rats been down to-day?" "No. What?" "A lady down there says Bridget Cruz would get mad about, and go on entire strike." "I get nerve. Who was she?" "A Mrs. Hostetter. Is the little woman that owns the dandy road and hold to my be hers it mean."

"That was a brave act of yours in stopping the runaway horse, young man. Have a handkerchief for her, will you?"

"That's a good deal of money for me."

"Gracious, Miss, you a mile across my lot. I believe in paying like what it is worth."

Mrs. Hostetter—"I say to it, my dear, that you will never set me foot inside of the room where a gentleman talks?"

Cora—"Because, ma, the law wants a window in the wall and a couch in it."

Poet—"I have a few verses here, sir, which I should——"

Editor—"Certainly. Will you kindly drop them into the waste basket yourself? I am busy just at present."

DYSPEPSIA.

The underlying causes to be the LIVER.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Start the Liver to working, when all other troubles soon disappear.

For that you get the Genuine, see Z on wrapper.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Constipation,

Ayer's Pills,

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES

PHILADELPHIA SINGER
WARRANTED 5 YEARS.

$20 $28

HANDSOME DURABLE

FIFTEEN DAYS' TRIAL

WOMEN

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC

Jack Homeboke who is worth high going to Chicago, calculating to—"You don't be afraid. Just trust yourself to me, and let me support you."

Miss Chicago—"It's rather an unfair advantage to take in the water; but you may ask Pa."

"And pray why didn't you put new buttons on my shirt?" asked a Bohemian of his wife-to-be. "Why, sir, because it's usual, was thinkin, yed to other people, sir—not on the buttons."—Judge.

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM
$20

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS

If You Have
CONSUMPTION | BRONCHITIS | SCROFULA | COUGHS COLDS Throat Affection Wasting of Tissue

SCOTT'S EMULSION
PURE COD LIVER OIL

Cough Medicine.

CATARRH

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS
CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE

BEST COUGH MEDICINE
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

AND IF YOU NEED

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Hunterville, West Virginia, Thursday, October, 17 1889. No. 13.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. W. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, E. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNutt.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Sewell.
Clk. of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. S. Board.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
County Court, (C. E. Board, Pres't. S. B. Hannah. (G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

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County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

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J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ELK.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. I. S. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DOWN IN THE DELL.

"I will bring you a lovely cluster of wild roses, papa."

"Very well, Fannie; don't hurry back, for I think you linger too constantly beside my chair, and I want you to take a long ramble. I will read, dear."

And Andrew Mahr drew one of the papers that lay on a table near him on his knee, and unfolded it. Fannie bent and kissed his worn, rather face; and then, with the soft refrain of an old song on her lips, ran lightly down the path, and left him there in the shadow of the great tree before his door, with that ever-growing wistfulness in his eyes as they followed her, and that terrible, gnawing pain in his heart of which she was the centre.

"My only one—my one ewe lamb!" he murmured; "and have guided and guarded her for sixteen years, kept her life free of shadow or trial. And now—now when I know that my days are numbered, I can find in this whole wide world no single heart on which she can lean in that dreadful hour when she knows that I am no longer with her. If I might leave her wealth—gold will buy kindness; but she will be alone, poor, helpless—my tenderly cherished child!"

The cough that came so often and shook him so terribly stopped his murmured words, and when he drew down the handkerchief which he had lifted to his lips, it was stained with blood.

"My child!" he moaned—"my child! and she does not know my danger. How can I tell her?"

For she did not know that a shadow dark and dismal was upon him. He was weak; but that was all she knew. When the summer was over and autumn came, he had told her that he would be well and strong once more, and she believed him.

When the are all to all to such other, and there are none to whisper the warning, one of them never dreams of an hour when he or she will live in a world where shall know the sister no more forever.

And so it was with the mother-less girl who filled her soul song as she went through the sunlight, she had but her father in all the vastness of the earth, and she did not dream that he was dying. So days a time, in the rest of which some invisible hue fastened itself to drain the slowly ebb away.

She went through the small garden of the Manse—for they were poor and their saved money—and out at a little gate and along the quiet sweetly roadway. It was such a still, secluded spot to which Albert Mahr had taken his wife, when eight in that fierce tempest of grief which had swept over his soul as the clods fell on his dead wife's coffin.

There was no need for her to keep the hand hot over her weary face—no one was there would see or she hung it on her arm and stepped lightly onward, stopping now and then to gather a wild rose, or fern, and touch and caress as only a child can) hand flowers that presently it fed for hands.

She let the most of it fall and presently into a grave dell beside it, where ferns grew thick and green.

"I will take some home," she said aloud, "papa will like them."

And she knew some mother's fragile, white a few moss mats to start timely pale and breathless.

It sounded like a smothered cry of pain," she whispered. "What shall I do?"

But as the moan roamed her again, this time sounding very clearly, the warm young heart in her bosom answered her question and sent her forward toward the sound.

Down in the deep, green heart of the dell she saw a man's form lying prostrate among a few loose stones and broken branches; and fearing nothing but loosing all her soft, sweet bloom in sudden pity, she hastened to the side of the fallen man.

"What is it?" she asked, falteringly. "You are in pain, are you not?"

But there was no answer; the moans had ceased. She bent lower, lower, then knelt and turned the form, until now hidden from her sight.

It was clear cut, handsome young—a face which she had seen many a time and oft flit by her simple home in the early morning or the twilight hours—the face of one who was looked up to for his wealth and position, his pride and his nobility. But as she looked on it now she saw only a blue line of pain about the well cut lips, and a white, ceaseless rigidity upon the whole handsome face.

"What shall I do?" she cried out, trembling so that the head slid from her hold and lay once more on the earth.

She looked about her. Yes, there was a small stream near—she ran to it, dipped in her handkerchief, and hastening back, bathed the white, set face.

Then a fear stole over her that he was dead—dead! and actual terror made her gray eyes fill with tears and sobs burst from her.

"Oh, please speak to me?" she cried imploringly—"Pray to speak! I am so—so frightened."

And suddenly the color rushed into the face before her, the lids flew up, and a pair of human brown eyes met hers.

Would she ever forget the sense of relief, of joy, of gladness, that came as she knelt there and saw life flash back into Albert Mahr's face? Would he ever forget the strange reverence he found in those beautiful, gray eyes, on those tremulous, red lips, in the soft, shy, tenderly fair face that radiated of he looked upon it?

"How I alarmed you?" he asked, lifting himself on his elbow, as she drew away. "I had a fall here, and my ankle is sprained. That is all, I think, but the pain was terrible. I felt myself growing faint with it, and called."

"Yes," she said, trying to check her tears; "I heard you, and when I reached here I thought you dead."

She shivered as she said the last word, and he smiled a little.

"Poor child! he said, gently; "you are terribly shaken, and I am so sorry to have been the cause of it. Now, what is to be done with me? I cannot walk, for it was the sickening to sound that gave me such agony."

He sat up and made a try how to he moved the injured foot.

He had removed the boot before Fannie's arrival, and she could see that the foot was swelling rapidly.

"If you would let me help you," she said, shyly "perhaps you could get to my home and papa would know what to do for you. It is not far—only beyond sight there."

"Perhaps," he said, dubiously, looking at the slight figure, with the ghost of a smile in his eyes, "I will try not to tax your strength too greatly; but if I might lean a little on your shoulder—my foot is perfectly useless, and the ankle burns like fire."

So, after a few moments of hesitation and many a keen pang to Gilyon Heron which he bore in silence, but with whitening lips, the two reached Fannie's home, and considerably startled Mr. Mahr, who saw them advance hatingly toward him.

In half an hour the young man—until then a stranger to them, but to be a stranger no more forever to Albert Mahr and his fair daughter—was lying comfortably on a sofa in the tiny parlor, his foot swathed in ice dages, which Fannie kept in ice moist and cool, awaiting the surgeon which had been sent for last half wishing that he might remain where he was, ministered to by those small, white hands—looked on so sympathetically by those tender eyes—and spoken to so kindly by that gentle old man, whose face he was and shadowy in the fading day that it made his heart ache to look upon it.

Perhaps it was the shadow that loomed her unconscious brow—for he stroke pain and loss which he so clearly foresaw for her, and which he saw she neither dreamed of nor feared—that first awakened a tenderness for her in Gilyon Heron's breast.

So it so it may, when he was borne toward his home, the memory of a girl's sweet face went with him and made his half unconscious of his pain.

And during the week that followed, while he was unable to use his foot in any way, that sweet face seemed to hover near him always, and the longing to see it again grew with every passing hour.

When at last he could wear a slipper, he allowed his hanging to send him to her pretty, simple home; and he found such a charm there that he went again and again day after day, even after his ankle had grown strong and well.

And Mr. Mahr, praising daily the a friend for his child in the time God, in sending Gilyon Heron, had sent her all for which his maiden lips supplicated, until the evening in the gloaming, when the two were sat alone in the little parlor, and Gilyon told him of the love which had grown in his heart for Fannie and asked him for permission to woo her for his wife.

The old man bowed his white head, and a thanksgiving to heaven lay audibly on his lips; then he put out his hand and clasped Gilyon's weakly but warmly.

"Good bless you?" he said with a falter in his voice. "I am getting feeble here, and it was so hard to leave her all alone! Now—now I shall not fear for her future, for you are all a man should be, and she loves he you, I know. We two whole hearts, make her love you as her mother loved me in my youth, and I shall close my eyes, knowing that she will nurture for her husband, but be kindly cherished with her head to rest, your love, about her."

And so it was. She was a happy wife when the shirk of autumn crack her, and Gilyon's heart was her shield against it.

Jones—"I saw Hopkins yesterday. He is doing first rate and has a new watch and chain."

Brown—"He must have gotten down to steady work."

"Yes, he has. He's in the pawnbroker's."

His Life for His Brothers.

The following story is preserved in the Bellevue Library at Cyclone:

The tower door of St. Leonard's Church, Bridgeworth, Kent-co., was left open, and two young boys standing in, were tempted to ascend by into the upper part and wrestle from beam to beam.

All at once a plot gave way. The beam on which they were standing became displaced. The elder had just time to grasp it when falling, while the younger, slipping over the body, caught hold of the lower one's legs.

In this fearful position the poor lads hung, crying vainly for help for no one was near. At length the boy clinging to the beam became exhausted. He could no longer support the double weight. He called out to the lad below that they were both done for.

"Could you save yourself if I were to leave you?" replied the little, the lad.

"I think I could," answered the elder.

"Then good-bye, and God bless you!" cried the little fellow, loosing his hold.

Another second and he was dashed to pieces on the stone floor below, his companion clambering to a place of safety.

He Got a Loss.

The other evening a citizen who stood at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues was asked by a stranger for a nickel to pay car fare to Michigan avenue.

"I am both able to walk," was the reply.

"So I see; but I'm in a great hurry."

"It strikes me so pretty clearly for a tramp to beg money to ride on when his legs are all right."

"My dear man this is an exceptional case. I was up last evening into the city and met a citizen who gained my fathers confidence. He didn't have any trouble with him just then was prevented to give me fifty cents. If I would meet him at the corner of Fifteenth street at 9 o'clock.

It is now 8:30. I won't make it on foot. If I don't get a nickle I can't go up for that half. Please look at the case with a humane eye and favor me with the loan."

The man frowned and he put on the frown and of the two, as he saw gave three seventeen feet ahead of the car platform.

Mrs. Chitwood (softly)—"What my dear Mrs. Burrows, what is the matter? You look distressed."

Mrs. Burrows (bursting into tears)—"Oh, the awfullest thing has happened! You remember Mr. Scruggs, who used to board here at a week, and was such a comfort to me?"

Mrs. C.—"Yes. You said he had unusually nice meals left, and would hardly eat a thing. Didn't you say never to keep them a kitchen."

Mrs. B.—"That's the man. Oh, he's a villain! He came back yesterday, and I let him have board at only $3 a week, and now I find he's got a new suit of false teeth, and eats like a hogan."

Superintendent of the Electric Railways, to applicant for a position—"What is your name?"

Applicant—"Wood, sir."

"You want to be electrocuted, now, do you?"

"No, sir."

"Can't take you, sir."

"Why not?"

"Electric currents say that Wood is a poor conductor."

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, October, 17 1889. No. 13.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

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Sheriff, W. J. McNutt.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Sheriff.
Clerk of Co. & Ch. Courts, J. D. Sheriff.
Assessor, C. C. Arbogast.
County Court, (C. E. Hansel, Pres't. S. B. Hannah. (G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Chas. Baxter.

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Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. R. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact day's of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

I won't miss it, for I have long since adopted an easier and cleanlier way. A bottle of **Wolff's ACME Blacking** and a sponge to keep my shoes washed clean, save a deal of labor and shoe leather.

Sold by first-class dealers everywhere.

The best Harness Dressing in the world.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

DOWN IN THE DELL.

"I will bring you a lovely cluster of wild roses, papa."

"Very well, Fannie; don't hurry back, for I think you linger too much beside my chair, and I want you to take a long ramble. I will read, dear."

And Andrew Mahr drew one of the papers that lay on a table near him on his knee, and unfolded it. Fannie bent and kissed his worn, tender face; and then, with the soft refrain of an old song on her lips, ran lightly down the path, and left him there in the shadow of the great tree before his door, with that ever-growing wistfulness in his eyes as they followed her, and that terrible, gnawing pain in his heart of which she was the centre.

"My only one—my one ewe lamb!" he murmured; "and have guided and guarded her for sixteen years, kept her life free of shadow or trial. And now—now when I know that my days are numbered, I can find in this whole wide world no single heart on which she can lean in that dreadful hour when she knows that I am no longer with her. If I might leave her wealth—gold will buy kindness; but she will be alone, poor, helpless—my tenderly cherished child!"

The cough that came so often and shook him so terribly stopped his murmured words, and when he drew down the handkerchief which he had lifted to his lips, it was stained with blood.

"My child!" he moaned—"my child! and she does not know her danger. How can I tell her?"

For he did not know that a shadow dark and dismal was upon him. He was weak; but that was all she knew. When the summer was over and autumn came, he had told her that he would be well and strong once more, and she believed him.

When two are all to all to each other, and there are none to whisper the warning, one of them never dreams of an hour when he or she will live in a world which shall know the other no more forever.

And so it was with the motherless girl who trifled her soft song as she went through the sunlight. She had but her father in all the vastness of the earth, and she did not dream that he was dying, as does a tree, to the root of which some parasite has fastened itself to drain the stately life unseen.

She went through the small garden of the Mahrs—for they were poor and their acres many—and out at a little gate and along the quiet country roadway. It was such a still, secluded spot to which Albert Mahr had taken his much petted child in that fierce tempest of grief which had swept over his soul as the clods fell on his dead wife's coffin.

There was no need for her to keep the broad hat over her sunny hair—no curious eyes would see—so she hung it on her arm and tripped lightly onward, stopping now and then to gather a wayside rose, or lily, and fresh and sweet as any of the cool hued flowers that presently filled her hands.

She left the road at last and penetrated into a green dell beside it, where ferns grew thick and green.

"I will take some home," she said aloud, "papa will like them."

And she bent over some feathery fronds, when a low moan made her start erect, pale and breathless.

"It sounded like a smothered cry of pain!" she whispered. "What shall I do?"

But as the moan resound her again, this time sounding very clearly, the warm young heart in her bosom answered her question and sent her footward toward the sound.

Down in the deep, green heart of the dell she saw a man's form lying prostrate among a few loose stones and broken branches; and tearing nothing but loosing all her soft, sweet bloom in sudden pity, she hastened to the side of the fallen man.

"What is it?" she asked, falteringly. "You are in pain, are you not?"

But there was no answer; the moans had ceased. She bent lower, lower, then knelt and turned the form, until now hidden from her sight.

It was clear cut, handsome young face which she had seen many a time and oft flit by her simple home in the early morning or the twilight hours—the face of one who was looked up to for his wealth and position, his pride and his nobility. But as she looked on it now she saw only a blue line of pain about the well cut lips, and a white, senseless rigidity upon the whole handsome face.

"What shall I do?" she cried out, trembling so that the head slid from her hold and lay once more on the earth.

She looked about her. Yes, there was a small stream near. She ran to it, dipped in her handkerchief, and hastening back, bathed the white, set face.

Then a fear stole over her that he was dead—dead! and actual terror made her gray eyes fill with tears and sobs burst from her.

"Oh, please speak to me!" she cried imploringly—"try to speak! I am so—so frightened."

And suddenly the color rushed into the face below her, the lids flew up, and a pair of bonnie brown eyes met hers.

Would she ever forget the sense of relief, of joy, of gladness, that came as she knelt there and saw life flush back into Glynn Herne's face! Would he ever forget the strange sweetness he found in those tearful, gray eyes, on those tremulous, red lips, in the soft, shy, trouble! face that colored as he looked upon it!

"Have I alarmed you?" he asked, lifting himself on his elbow, as she drew away. "I had a fall here, and my ankle is sprained. That is all, I think, but the pain was terrible. I felt myself gauing faint with it, and called."

"Yes," she said, trying to check her sobs; "I heard you, and when I reached here I thought you dead."

She shivered as she said the last word and he smiled a little.

"Poor child!" he said, gently; "you are terribly shaken, and I am so sorry to have been the cause of it. Now, what is to be done with me? I cannot walk, for it was the slightest to stand (and gave me such agony."

He sat up, and made a wry face as he moved the injured foot.

He had removed the boot before Fannie's arrival, and she could see that the foot was swelling rapidly.

"If you would let me help you," she said, shyly "perhaps you could get to my house and papa would know what to do for you. It is not far—only beyond sight there."

"Perhaps," he said, dubiously, looking at the slight figure, with the ghost of a smile in his eyes. "I will try not to tax your strength too greatly; but if I might lean a little on your shoulder—my foot is perfectly useless, and the ankle burns like fire."

So, after a few moments of hesitation and many a keen pang to Glynn Herne, which he bore in silence, but with whitening lips, the two reached Fannie's home, and considerably startled Mr. Mahr, who saw them advance haltingly toward him.

In half an hour the young man—until then a stranger to them, but to be a stranger no more forever to Albert Mahr and his fair daughter—was lying comfortably on a sofa in the tiny parlor, his foot swathed in lin dages, which Fannie kept moist and cool, awaiting the surgeon which had been sent for but half wishing that he might remain where he was, ministered to by those small, white hands—looked on so sympathetically by those tender eyes—and spoken to so kindly by that gentle old man, whose face was so wan and shadowy in the fading day that it made his heart ache to look upon it.

Perhaps it was the shadow that touched her unconscious brow—the terrible pain and loss which he so clearly foresaw for her, and which he saw she neither dreamed of nor feared—that first awakened a tenderness for her in Glynn Herne's breast.

Be it as it may, when he was borne toward his home, the memory of a girl's sweet face went with him and made him half unconscious of his pain.

And during the week that followed, while he was unable to use his foot in any way, that sweet face seemed to hover near him always, and the longing to see it again grew with every passing hour.

When at last he could wear a slipper, he allowed his longing to send him to her pretty, simple home; and he found such a charm there that he went again and again day after day, even after his ankle had grown strong and well.

And Mr. Mahr, praying daily for a friend for his child in the time when she would so sorely need one, did not perceive the the fact that God, in sending Glynn Herne, had sent her all for which his tender lips supplicated, until the evening in the gloaming, when the two were sat alone in the little parlor, and Glynn told him of the love which had grown in his heart for Fannie and asked him for permission to woo her for his wife.

The old man bowed his white head, and a thanksgiving to heaven lay softly on his lips; then he put out his hand and clasped Glynn's weakly but warmly.

"Good bless you!" he said with a falter in his voice. "I am losing from her, and it was so hard to leave her all alone! Now—now I shall not fear for her future, for you are all a man should be, and she cares for you, I know. Win her whole heart, make her love you as her mother loved me in my youth, and I shall close my eyes knowing that she will sorrow for me indeed, but be firmly anchored with her hand in yours, your love about her."

And so it was. She was a happy wife when the shaft of sorrow struck her, and Glynn's heart was her shield against it.

Jones—"I saw Hinkins yester day. He is doing first rate and has a new watch and chain."

Brown—"He must have gotten down to steady work."

"Yes, he has. He's to the penitentiary."

His Life for His Brother.

The following story is preserved in the Bodleian Library at Oxford:

The tower door of St. Leonard's Church, Bridgenorth, Shropshire, was left open, and two young boys wandering in, were tempted to mount up into the upper part and overlook from beam to beam.

All at once a plank gave way. The beam on which they were standing became displaced. The elder had just time to grasp it when falling, while the younger, clinging over his body, caught hold of his comrade's legs.

In this fearful position the poor lads hung, crying vainly for help for no one was near. At length the boy clinging to the beam became exhausted. He could no longer support the double weight. He called out to the lad below that they were both done for.

"Could you save yourself if I were to loose you?" replied the little lad.

"I think I could," returned the elder.

"Then good-bye, and God bless you!" cried the little fellow, losing his hold.

Another second and he was dashed to pieces on the stone floor below, his companion clambering to a place of safety.

He Got a Loss.

The other evening a citizen who stood at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues was asked by a stranger for a nickel to pay car fare up Michigan avenue.

"You look able to walk," was the reply.

"So I am; but I'm in a great hurry."

"It strikes me as pretty cheeky for a tramp to beg money to ride on when his legs are all right."

"My dear man this is an exceptional case. I was up that avenue to-day and met a citizen who pitied my forlorn condition. He didn't have any boodle with him just then but promised to give me fifty cents if I would meet him at the corner of Fifteenth street at 8 o'clock.

It is now 8:30. I can't make it on foot. If I don't get a nickle I am gone up for that half. Please look at the case with a business eye and favor me with the loan."

He was favored and he got on the front end of the car, so as to get there seventeen feet ahead of the rear platform.

Mrs. Chilchot (caller)—"Why, my dear Mrs. Starvem what is the matter? You look distressed."

Mrs. Starvem (boarding-house lady)—"Oh, the awfulest thing has happened! You remember Mr. Griggs, who used to board here at $6 a week, and was such a comfort to me?"

Mrs. C.—"Yes. You said he had scarcely any teeth left, and could barely eat a thing. Didn't cost any more to keep than a kitten."

Mrs. S.—"That's the one. Oh, he's a villain! He came back yesterday, and I let him have board at only $4 a week, and now I find he's got a new set of false teeth, and eats like a hoss."

Superintendent of an Electric Railway, to applicant for a position.—"What is your name?"

Applicant—"Wood, sir."

"You want to be appointed conductor?"

"Yes, sir."

"Can't take you, sir."

"Why not?"

"Electric experts say that Wood is a poor conductor."

Pocahontas Times

JOHN T. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1w	2w	4w	1y.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 75	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
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Half col's	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
One col's	15 00	25 00	35 00	50 00

Marriage notices, and subscribing five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

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One copy, 1 yr., $2.00 in advance, after 6 months, $2.25, after 12 months, $2.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

October 17, 1889.

Thomas Dunn, murdered Geo. Moore, on the 12th, at Rawlsburg by shooting him in the head.

Charles Adkins, a notorious Raleigh county, W. Va., cattle thief, has been arrested and jailed.

The Wheeling, W. Va., business men have subscribed $12,000 to make a thorough test for natural gas in that vicinity.

Mr. Disney's $10,000 suit-case for the world's fair is grand, gloomy and peculiar in its unrelieved loneliness.

Learned philosopher in Hartford has announced the discovery that the dust of the streets is mud dried and pulverized.

Jack the Ripper sees so little of detectives that he probably would not know one of these solitude officials if he were to meet him.

The famous Tabernacle, of which Dr. Talmage is pastor was destroyed by fire in N. Y., on the 13. Loss about $150,000, insurance $125,000.

William Young, of Putnam county, W. Va., was at the bottom of a forty foot well cleaning it out, when a heavy oak box dropped on his head. He will recover.

Harry B. Seymour, of Wheeling, W. Va., who was indicted for stealing $27,500 from the Bank of Wheeling, has skipped his bail bond of $4,000.

In a single blast at the Sawyer mines in Montgomery county, Md., five tons of rock were thrown out, which will average $3,000 per ton. Particles of stone were held together by threads of gold.

William Craig is one of the most remarkable men in Pulaski county, Va. He is 85 years old, the father of twenty-one children, the youngest being twenty nine years of age. His wife is eighty four, and his oldest son sixty five. He works on the farm every day, and says he feels as young as he did forty years ago.

The Spreckelsburg and Durham Railroad are experimenting with the Roman invention. This consists of the track and ties being covered with dirt, only the top of the rail being exposed. The spikes are not driven down tightly, but give the rail three-eighths of an inch play. This allows the rail to crawl somewhat in front of the train, giving a smooth riding road. The experiment was a success.

The Conviction of Tom O'Connor, Jr., at Meridian, Texas, in a murder case, is somewhat remarkable. O'Connor killed a man named John Lee eighteen years ago. He escaped and went to New Orleans. He heard of his father's death, and instructed an attorney to bring suit for $50,000 his share of the estate. The filing of the suit led to his arrest. The court sentenced him to ninety nine years imprisonment.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From the regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The first Harrison has not passed a pleasant week, politically speaking. First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson intended home a pilgrimage to make to Mahone's home, at President Harrison's request, and brought back bad news. That was a terrible disappointment to Mahone had made the President believe that he was certain to carry Virginia. Then came the news that Indianapolis his old home, had gone democratic, and to add to the discomfiture caused by this news, several private telegrams gave the information that the Ex Union soldiers were responsible for it, and that they intended it as a rebuke for the removal of Tree er. The same news has created a stampede among the Ohio republicans here. They recognize the fact that if anything like the same anti-disaffection is shown in the soldier vote in that state as was exhibited at Indianapolis their chances of carrying the state are gone glimmering into the limbo of might have been.

The only member of the administration that is not disappointed at Mahones waning prospects in Virginia is Mr. Blaine. He has never liked Mahone, and has never taken any trouble to conceal his dislike.

Much excitement was created among democrats here early in the week by the publication of a telegram stating that Hon. Samuel J. Randall would never again be able to occupy his seat in the House. Later news allayed it. A telegram direct from Mr. Randall stated that his health was much better than for several years, and that he would be in Washington in the course of a few weeks prepared to take an active part in the proceedings of the House. Samuel Randalls valuable services will be constantly needed by the minority this winter.

Some amusement has been created here by the fact that ex Senator Kelley went all the way to China to fire a broadside into Harrison manner of distributing the offices in the South, through the medium of a new-paper interview. Kelley got very badly left, and the grapes are consequently very, very sour.

The Knights Templar and their friends in attendance upon the twenty fourth triennial conclave of the order here had entire possession of Washington this week. They have paraded 25,000 strong have been reviewed and received at a special reception by the President; have been wined, dined and feted by hospitable Washingtonians; have made pilgrimages to and held special services at the grave of their deceased brother, G. Washington Esq., and have to a man eye, and to a woman too, expressed themselves in favor of Washington as the place for holding the Worlds Exposition in 1892.

S. G. Brack, of Missouri, who was defeated in the first Congressional district of that state at the last election by Representative Hatch, has been appointed chief of the bureau of statistics of the Treasury department.

The silver senators jubilant over the appointment of Edward O. Leach, of the District of Columbia, to be Director of the Mint. They expect that the new official will so construe the law as to compel the Government to purchase and coin the full amount of silver bullion authorized by law—$4,000,000 per month. A curious thing about his indorsers, which were principally from the Pacific coast, was that both New York Senators were among them. He has been connected with the mint bureau since its organization in 1873.

Secretary Noble is not popular [illegible]

Examination.

I will hold my last examination at Green Bank, on Saturday Oct'b 26, beginning at eight o'clock, A M.

M. G. MATHEWS.

Oct., Sept.

The teachers of Green Bank District are requested to meet me the 26, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a District Institute and a reading circle.

M. G. MATHEWS.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering from teething. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little one awakens "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

HOW'S THIS

Hundred One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by using Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, per bottle, 75 cents.

Sold by all Druggists.

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and those troubled with horrendous running from ears or overwork, will be relieved by taking Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

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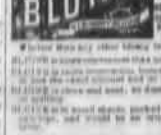

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Twenty-Four Washings for Ten Cents.

BLUINE MFG. CO., West Acton, Mass.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LIQUOR IS FROM MILES DISTANT

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WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

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DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE. MR. J. C. ROLLINS

TYREE & ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 224 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, West Va

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE POCAHONTAS TIMES

LODGE NOTICE

HUNTERSVILLE LODGE NO. 85, A. F. & A. M.—The date of regular meeting of this Lodge is on the Friday evening preceding each Full Moon, which, the Moon falls on Friday, then on that evening.

J. H. DOYLE, W. M.,
S. P. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

6-19

HOME NEWS

—"No unlucky days here soon."

And now we change our ways,
We've got to put our Journal on
And search for forty days.

—THE TIMES is one day late this week on account of the illness of our typesetter, and being unable to get one in time.

—Mrs J. J. Bunch, is quite ill.

—A little snow the first of the week.

—See change in Dr. J. H. Waugh's notice.

—We understand Mrs. M. Wallace, of Mill Point is very ill.

—Everybody seems to court next week and come to us to see us and the town you know.

—Wm. B. Cackley, of Tennessee passed through town last Saturday, on his way to Monroeville.

—Mr. McElwee of the firm of Smith & McElwee, of Pitt street was in Pittsburgh on last Saturday.

—C. E. Starling and family, of Millsboro, were at the Huntersville Hotel one night this week.

The thief who stole G. Flower's horse near Travelers' Repose was lodged in jail at this place last week.

—The Hunterville Public have been so busy electioneering that the entertainment of their guests has suffered by it.

—"A Short Lodge" is promised with four Servant McElwee Boy, at Greenville, of the Rev. of Odd-ness of Nothingness.

—Jas. L. Campbell is still unable to attend to the publication of the TIMES, his brother Harry came home a few days ago to help him.

—The next session of the Pocahontas County Normal Association will be held on 23d, 24th, 25th and 26th. All parents are requested to attend.

—The funeral services of Isaac Fiber, will be preached Oct. 27 in the Baptist church school house, by Rev. Jesse Elliott, of Augusta Co., Va.

—Charlie is to the Good, Democrat our state Democrat to our old State, in the person of a fine boy, born to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Snyder, on the 12th.

—Rev. G. F. Hamish, of Pitts., held a quarterly meeting on Top of Allegheny, from last Saturday to Sept. to last Friday in Oct., resulting in the conversion of 20 souls.

—Judge J. A. Guthrie, of Charleston, is expected to hold the approaching term of the Circuit Court for Pocahontas County. Judge Campbell not being able to attend.

—Subscribers to the TIMES are notified. It's nothing free to receive them. Cut Hell's Half Dollar and receive the TIMES three months for half the regular price. Don't forget this.

—Rev. Asbury H. McCoy, for merly in charge of the Fredericksburg Charge in this section of the County, has been to the neighborhood for some days visiting his friends.

—Mr. Fury, who carries the mail from Mountain Grove to Huntersville, is now 72 years old but is still quite active and vigorous and can ball the young men. The contract last week he started to the top of a large tree by the roadside and from there he [illegible]

—When the hair shows signs of fading, bring it back to its Auburn Hair Vigor. This preparation strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

—CHARLIE is to the Mast. To run for the barbarous and delight Planet is possible until the poison is thoroughly eradicated from the system. For this purpose, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best and most economical medicine. Price $1. Six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

Green Bank Items.

Mr. John Hevener and sister Miss Mattie, started to Monterey, Saturday, to spend their sister Mrs. Lee, who has been on an extended visit to relatives in Va.

The Ladies succeeded with their festival on the 12th, beyond their expectations, notwithstanding the rains which no doubt prevented several persons from attending. A handsome sum was realized. The Oakville sacchrine was highly appreciated. Fine music was rendered by Miss Emery of Dog Hill, which added very much to the interest of the occasion, which, all three was, indeed it was a very enjoyable one.

Married, on the 9th inst. by Eld. W. H. Dallenger, Mr. Joel Moore to Angusta Co. to Miss Annie E. Bell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs Isaac Bell, Pocahontas.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

The horse which was stolen from G. Flower has been recovered as also the thief.

Miss Ella Pritchard has returned to her home in Tennessee, after a short visit in this vicinity.

Miss Lena Dunbar has left for Dr. Lipscomb's where she expects to spend a few weeks.

Miss Jessie Clark, of Academy will commence school at this place Jan. 4.

J. Fleming, of Dunmore, is visiting his parents friends.

We have a very successful party preserving here Wednesday and Thursday nights.

C. M. Keller's years old, appeared on our streets Sept. 12th.

T. L. C. W.

Travelers' Rest Items.

Dr. Lucas, the recently retired to the borders of Pocahontas, but we are glad to see he is there to stay.

Mr. Ervin and family, of Huntersville were visiting relatives in this vicinity, on last occasion home.

Rudy Lee, Jr., and family are visiting in Va.

Rev. Gallaugher will commence a protracted meeting at Bethel church Tuesday night Oct. 15th.

Sale Joe McCord is running Mr. Ervin. Hot outlook.

Floyd S. Gladwell, has returned from a trip to the top of Allegheny.

Fred. Gwynn, the millionaire merchant of Marlinton was complimenting Mr. Gladwell's home.

Success to THE TIMES, as it comes out to fill its field and good cause, and we believe it deserves a more complete success than it has.

OBSERVER.

Summers Items.

A little snow.

Jim Hess is on the sick list.

C. M. Bradley, has been visiting Mr. Hess a week or two with a couple of days at Huntersville on the case of the State.

Mr. Bradley is also a case bill Esq.

[illegible]

Mr. Ross and wife, of Harrison [illegible]

Alex. Eagle, of Highland and Jas. Taylor, of Rockingham, are visiting their brother Enoch, R. Taylor.

Mr. Kincaid has a fine horse at Dunmore, Monday.

Singing at Sugar Grove this Sabbath.

Jessie Patterson has returned from the Webster Springs, much improved in health, but brought a pair of women back with him.

This is given the time for the grandjury to take up for Aleshire singer because of the the Unit roads, and parties who cut the Red Light &c.

Dunmore is to have a new organ in her church now.

Miss. Mary leaves the commencement school at Cross road.

S. McElwee is off for Brownsville G. H. Bingham, the packmaster of Elgin, O., is here.

Jno. A. Kerr is off on a visit to Winston, to see his betty.

If nothing happens, Beecher will be in Huntersville next week.

Enoch R. Gibson, of this place received his pension last week, and back pay amounting to $1,200.

TOM SAWYER.

To All Whom it May Concern.

I expect to be in Huntersville on the first day of October Circuit Court, and will there receive from me as subscription, job work, or advertising, as former owner of THE TIMES, are requested to pay the amounts to my former agents at their respective places, or to Attorney L. M. McClintic, as before that date. All accounts not paid on or before that date will be put out for immediate collection. This is positively the last notice.

Respectfully,
JAS. D. CAMPBELL.

SHEEP SHEEP!

Public Sale of Personal Property.

I will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder on Thursday the 22nd, day of October 1891, at the Post Office the following property:

Three head of Ear Mules, 12 head of sheep, 2 spring of [illegible] one buggy, 1 spring wagon, 1 Horse and other necessary articles. Terms of sale: All sums over $5.00, a credit of 6 months will be given, the purchaser giving note and good security.

J. W. BROWN.

An Editor's Accusation.

From the New York Mail.

"A man had another experience" the old editor continued "Oh he has the same trouble, in every Land Office of the country, after I had got out Bills and regular work on the Colonial Gazette, a weekly and daily typical sort of Frankfort south, through which I was trudging I became aware, unexpectedly, that some one was close to the shadow at my heels. I was suddenly enveloped by some rough looking characters, one of whom brought his fists close up to mine, and said in a low voice, 'Old boy money, money!' I replied, while shaking us out in a somewhat, 'Money! I'm glad, while shaking us out in a somewhat, 'Money! I've got it, somewhere, I'll find some of it presently,' and I replied some of it in the pocket of my trousers, then took to my heels!' added the old man, 'I quarter ahead of the [illegible] quarter you both a regular, quarter take a [illegible] and get away from me, that's all. I had one of the [illegible] here by my self, and [illegible] by you and all your [illegible] The men were astounded, and the money, and [illegible] and [illegible] you, and encouraged along the street. I suppose that if I had not been as I did, I could have [illegible] some and [illegible] up, as it happened, I never [illegible] from that time, and am waiting for [illegible] [illegible]

The Protest of Lincoln.

Mr. W. H. H. Miller, of Indiana, [illegible] a protest, and sent a [illegible] to us, has been called away [illegible] Senate, but nobody has read, called him a fool.

The school for Mr. Miller [illegible] in Indiana on "The Problem of Education," and some of the ideas [illegible] to be considered by every thoughtful citizen.

The present system of education, the lecturer thinks, tells about of what it should be. It is a great mistake to suppose that it allows a to be kept between the senses of a child, and discipline by the reader. It is not the education to stuff a child's mind with the [illegible] of text books. The work of what is taught in our schools [illegible] that pupil away from a useful life. The child is to be [illegible] that useful [illegible] of employment and [illegible] him, and this is more practical [illegible] to take that to be a [illegible] book, a [illegible] of education [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
Three in.	3 00	5 00	8 00	10 00
Qr. column	5 00	8 00	10 00	15 00
Half col'n	8 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	30 00	40 00	75 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

October 17, 1889.

Nurse (to fashionable mother): "The baby is very restless, ma'am. I can't do anything with her."

Fashionable Mother: "She's teething, I suppose!"

Nurse—Yes'm. I think if you was to take her in your arms a little while, it might soothe her."

Fashionable Mother—"I Impossible. I haven't the time to spare. I am just making ready to attend a meeting of the society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Give baby some paregoric."

Yellowly—"Why, Brownly, how bad you look this morning. Did you sleep any last night?"

Brownly—"Not a wink."

Y.—"Anybody sick?"

B.—"I am."

Y.—"What's the matter?"

B.—"Well, you see, my wife has been in the habit of going through my pockets at night, and I thought that was good for the gander was bad for the goose, so after she fell [illegible] last night I arose and set out [illegible] through her pocket."

Y.—"Get anything?"

B.—"No. Searched the dress over and over, spent the whole night at it, but couldn't find the pocket."

Mary Parvel (at head of stairs)—"Clara! It's time for you to go to bed."

Clara (in the parlor)—"Why, pa, Mr. Greene is here!"

"Oh! I beg pardon. I thought it was Mr. Brown, and I haven't any patience with Mr. Brown. He always blows you with such loud smacks that it wakes me up. Stay as long as you please, Mr. Greene. You are always welcome."

Mr. Greene—"I'm—thank you, but I was just getting ready to go, and I—I promised my sister I'd be back early. Good night!"

Editor (sweetly, to office boy)—"See here, boy! If you let another of your 'ads' leave this week, I'll knock every bone in your body and leave you in a heap. Mind you, sir. So long haired persons cannot enter this office hereafter."

Office boy, meekly—"Yes, sir."

Editor, three hours later—"Who was that beautiful young lady who turned to look at me and then went away again?"

Office boy—"That was the new bookkeeper, daughter Miss Lovelylot, and she wanted to subscribe. But I had to follow your orders, sir."

I have just perfected a machine feature. Mr. Wife: Yes that's it. Why don't you invent a machine to help me with my work instead of inventing something to do the work for the men so that they can just stand and drink (and [illegible]) Thats just what I have done. I've invented a contrivance that will save two-thirds of your time. Wife: Is that so? You are a dear darling of a husband after all! What is it you have invented for me? Invention: A talking machine.

Mrs. Nuwash—I don't see why you can't be more careful. You might save a good deal out of your income if you'd try.

Mr. Nuwash—Hold! Look at Lighthead. He saved up $2,000 and went to a horse race yesterday, bet on the wrong horse, and lost every cent of it. Now he's dead—killed himself. I was there with him and lost all I had, too, but it wasn't enough to bother about.

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM ONLY $20 HIGH ARM

OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Head, Handy Drawer, Latest Improvements, Highest Finish, Perfect Stitch, Most Worthy of Confidence.
Terms are total. Delivered in your house, free of freight charges. Try only at Manufacturers. Agents' Commercial Considerations. Send Name Mentioning this paper. Address for Circulars and Testimonials,
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
809 & 811 Sth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CATARRH
We have a remedy that will CURE CATARRH, BRONCHITIS and ASTHMA. Your luck is as strong that we will send specimen of what it Does and full particulars, absolutely free.
The Hall Chemical Co., 3560 Fairmount St., Phila., Pa.

FITS or Falling Sickness
CAN be CURED.
We will SEND FREE by mail a large TRIAL BOTTLE of our INFALLIBLE REMEDY to any sufferer who will send their Express and Post Office address. DR. SCHEFFER & LUDLOW, 1 Gold Post Office Block, New York City, and Age papers.
Address, THE HALL CHEMICAL CO., 560 Fairmount Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Wife—"The 29th of February we shall celebrate our silver wedding. Don't you think we ought to kill the fat pig and have a feast?"

Husband—"Kill the fat pig! I don't see how the accountants animal is to blame for what happened twenty five years ago."

"Young man," said the long haired passenger to the occupant of the seat ahead," do you know that I have never spent a dollar for liquor in my whole life?" Really, "responded the young man, turning half way round with a look of great interest in his face. How do you work it?"

Sycophantic post office clerk—"No, sir, I can't cash your money order unless you can prove your identity."

Stranger, after searching his pockets in vain for letters etc.—"Oh, here is my photograph, won't that convince you?"

Clerk examining it closely—"Well, yes! there seems to be no doubt about that. How much is your money for, sir?"

Brown—"It is a very strange thing about that suicide last night."

No apparent motive can be found."

Mrs. Brown—"Was the poor man married?"

"Didn't I just tell you there was no apparent motive?"

American editor, in a town which was just been swept by fire and flood—"Is anything saved from the wreck?"

Foreman—"I have dug out a few hundreds of type some lead blocking and a bundle of wrapping paper."

"Good! Tell the newsboys we will have an extra out in half an hour."

Mrs. Brownup—"Yes I like this flat very much but, fortunately, we have only taken it by the month because we will have to move out."

Colley—"Why, what is the matter?"

"Some very dear friends of ours have taken a flat in this same building, and you know it's perfectly horrid to have friends so close."

Little boy—"Our cook has gone away and I'm awful glad. Ma mamma will have to make the cake and making's cake is always heavy."

Guest—"Well, I declare! Do you prefer heavy cake?"

"Yes'm. You get more chewin' in one piece."

MONEY REFUNDED
TRADE MARK

OLIVE TYSON
NO CURE NO PAY
OLIVE TYSON, in the greatest love to womankind, Positively cures all forms of female weakness, such as Painful Menstruation, Irregularities, Prolapsus, Ulceration and Falling Womb, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Dizziness and Nervous Prostration, Hot Flashes, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Blues, Fainting Spells, Nervousness, Hysteria, Backache, Kidney Complaints, Dragging Down Sensations, Pains in the Head, Nervous Prostration or Neuralgia, Bearing Down Pains, Flatulency, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Impoverished Blood, Loss of Appetite, Wakefulness, Dragging Pains in the Lumbar Region, Pimples on the Face, Disagreeable Perspiration, Uterine Troubles, Gleet, Whites, Ulceration of the Womb, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs and Spine, Tired Feeling, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints of either sex, Nervous Debility, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, Mental Depression, Hysterics

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN L. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, November, 14 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 17.

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Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Burdell.
Clk of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Co. Court, (C. E. Beard, Pres't. (R. D. Hannah. (H. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Bucher.

FOR COURTS.

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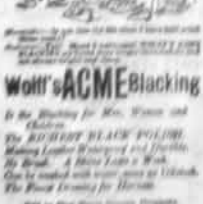
Northern Dentist,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.



Wolff's ACME Blacking

Is the Blacking for Men, Women and Children.
The BRIGHTEST BLACK POLISH.
Making Leather Waterproof and Durable. No Brush. A Shine Lasts a Week. Can be washed with water soon as Blacked. The Finest Dressing for Harness.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

MARCHHARE'S WILL.

If there hadn't been a touch of—well, to put it mildly—a touch of eccentricity about old John Marchhare, he would have hardly made such a will.

Several years before the vessel to which he was returning from the West Indies went down at sea with near all on board John Marchhare was picked up by one of the boats, clinging to a little girl—a mere child—whose life he had saved, while her relatives and all who knew her were among the lost.

From the little stranger thus thrown upon his care he did not turn away. She was too young to give any account of her parents or family; and all subsequent efforts to discover her kindred or whence she came proved fruitless. John Marchhare adopted her and took her to his home and heart.

Having neither wife nor child, he felt free to do as he would with his handsome fortune; and it pleased him that it should go to his adopted daughter—"provided," so ran his will "that if my said adopted daughter should marry during the lifetime of brother, Edward Marchhare, whom I hereby constitute her guardian, without the approval of my said brother, then the foregoing sequence and devises shall become void, and my whole estate shall go to my said brother."

This was the eccentric will; but, we have already said John Marchhare was no romantic man. It is easy to see that it was left to Alice Marchhare, as she was called, the threefold chance of accepting a husband of her guardian's selection, of remaining single during his lifetime, or of forfeiting her fortune. That it was thus made the interest of Edward Marchhare to oppose any match that might be offered to Alice was a point that probably did not occur to the testator, or, most likely still, he knew his brother better than to suspect that mere self motives would ever sway him in fulfilling a trust committed to his consideration.

Alice had barely reached womanhood, when her benefactor died; but when it was known how John Marchhare's will read and the power it gave his brother, suitors swarmed around about the young lady and her guardian, and it is hard to tell to which they were the most obsequious.

George Preston had not waited for the publication of John Marchhare's will as the signal for rallying in line with Alice, as several others had done, in spite of her beauty. The truth is, he had been in that state so far back as he could remember. And Alice, we may as well let the reader know, had always liked George.

But when George Preston asked Mr. Edward Marchhare's permission to tender his hand to Alice, the old gentleman shook his head.

"Have you a home to offer her?" he asked, "or means to support her?" he added, before George, in his confusion, could find an answer.

"Perhaps," he continued, giving the young man no time to recover himself—"perhaps you think Alice's fortune sufficient for both. But, whether she shall have one or not—"

"Is a question I have never stopped to ask," broke in George, indignantly.

"Whether she shall have a fortune or not," said Mr. Marchhare, disregarding the interruption, "depends on her not marrying in opposition to my wishes; and I shall certainly never wish to see her meddled to a man willing to be dependent for a living on the bounty of his wife."

"You mark mistake me," cried George, with flushed face, "if you rank me in that class. I have strength and energy"—

"But as yet they are untried," said Alice's guardian, without waiting for him to finish. "I am willing to put you to the test, however. Return in three years the possessor of $5,000 saved from your own earnings, and if Alice then consents to hear your offer I shall not oppose it."

George's face brightened. A much severer ordeal would not have daunted him. And when he took leave of Alice though there was no formal plighting of troth between them, he had no misgiving lest the end of three years should not find her faithfully waiting his return.

* * * * * * *

The allotted time had nearly gone by before George, after many struggles and hardships, had succeeded in laying up the sum which entitled him to appear and claim of Marchhare the fulfillment of his promise.

At a railway station, the last stopping place on his journey home he ate into the refreshment room for supper. He had not half finished the scanty repast when the bell, and the summons of the porters, caused a general commotion and rush for the train. George caught up his overcoat, and followed the rest.

On reaching his destination he was about to draw on his overcoat preparatory to seating the carriage, when on the first floor he discovered that the garment he had brought from the supper room was not his own. It was similar in color and material, but the attempt to put it on at once revealed the difference. He was thunderstruck—all the discovery. In a secret pocket of his own coat was the banknotes which had cost him three years of untiring toil, and which represented so many precious hopes.

He wildly ran among the disappearing passengers, looking sharply at every man he met, as though expecting to find upon him the object of his search. But all in vain; it was nowhere to be seen.

With a vague purpose of interviewing everywhere, and straggling in all directions, he was hurrying rapidly along, when whom should he meet but Mr. Marchhare!

George's first greeting was to blurt out his loss.

"I am very sorry," said the old gentleman gravely, "but you know my condition and with respect to their fulfillment, it leaves you as just where you started."

"Give me but another chance!" cried George. "I can earn double as much in the same time. I will work night and day to do it!"

"Your time is up to-day," said Mr. Marchhare, "and I have promised my old friend, Wells, in the event of your failure, that his son Lawrence may pay his addresses to Alice to-morrow. The young man, though well enough in something of a fop, and I doubt if Alice will listen to his suit. Ah, here he comes! Shall I introduce you?"

"Stoop thief! stoop thief!" shouted a flashy look youth, rushing forward and seizing George by the collar.

"What do you mean?" exclaimed George, doubling aside the hand so rudely laid upon him.

"What's the matter, Lawrence?" asked Mr. Marchhare, astonished at the proceeding.

"Mistake! mistake enough, I should say! Why, that the fellow stole my coat! There it is now on his arm."

"Come, come!" interposed Mr. Marchhare; "mistakes will happen sometimes."

"Mistake!" sneered Lawrence Wells. "A very likely mistake, seeing mine's twice the best sweat, and his is more than a year behind fashion. I'm almost ashamed to be seen in it; I am, upon my sweat. But I'll have satisfaction. I'll call the police!

After a quick glance at the young man's apparel, George flung aside the coat on his arm, and, placing a hand on each of the dandy's shoulders, got him out of the car he had on, in a manner more expeditious than gentle. Hastily examining the secret pocket, George found his money safe; and Lawrence Wells was convinced, under all the circumstances, that there had, indeed, been a mistake. Mr. Marchhare took him aside, and explained that his call on Alice must be postponed for the present. We need scarcely add that it never took place.

Franklin's Words of Wisdom.

If you would have your business done, go if not, send.

What maintains one vice would bring up two children.

If you would know the value of money, try to borrow some.

Not to oppose wickedness is to help it. Evil men prove more open.

Want of care does more harm than want of knowledge.

The eye of the master will do more work than both his hands.

By diligence and patience the mouse eats her cable in two.

Now I have a sheep and a cow, everybody bids me good morrow.

Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn in no other.

Industry need not wish, and he that lives upon hope will die fasting.

For age and want save while you may no morning sun shines all the day.

Lying rides upon debt's back, for it is hard for any one to lie down upright.

Work while it is called today, for you know not how you may be hindered tomorrow.

Lying—I wonder if Ernest has had any trouble since he moved out West, there? He was continually getting in a fight last when he lived here.

Short—Yes, he has had some trouble. He's in a right bad way, so I am told.

Long—Indeed?

Short—Yes; he's dead and buried.

Discharged Employee—Have you any desire to say to me?

Employer—Not the least.

Employee—Then why do you discharge me?

Employer—For that very reason.

"Darling, when we are married will you stay at home every night?"

"Yes, Ethel."

"And I can have a box at the opera?"

"Yes, sweetheart."

"And I can go to all the fashionable balls?"

"Yes, beloved."

"I shall be so happy!"

Don't be too severe on the man who cooks his wife in public. Perhaps that is the only time he dares to do so.

CANDIDATE BOWSER.

"Well what do you think?" quoth Mr. Bowser, as he looked up at us across the supper table one evening.

"You—you haven't been and bought another horse, Mr. Bowser?"

Horse! Can't you think of anything but horses? I suppose you threw that horse up to me to your dying day?"

"I'm so glad you have decided not to buy another! Is it some new fabrique, or a new fire-escape, or whatever dog to eat on log?"

He turned pale and refused to say another word for two weeks. Then he went half himself to say, and he [illegible] observed:

"I suppose you will feel proud of the title Hon. Abl. Bowser."

"What do you mean?"

"Just what I say. You are soon to be known as Hon. Abl. Bowser."

"Are you going to run for office?"

"I am. It was all settled this afternoon. I am going to be nominated for alderman of this ward."

"Mr. Bowser, is it possible that you are going to be there lead you into any such foolishness? I thought you had a more level head than that, in spite of your mistakes."

"My mistakes!" he shouted. "I never made one to my life, except when I married you! Level head! I'd like to see someone who carries a more level head than I do!"

"And so you are going to be alderman?"

"If I live."

"But what for?"

"Everyone is in the work of the people. My country calls. The committee have nominated me, and considered that I was not only the best man for the office, but the only one who stood any show against the veteran opposition. It is a sacrifice on my part, but the time pointed most sacrifice."

"I'm sorry!"

"You sorry! For what? Because I have been selected above all others? Because honors have been thrust upon me? Mrs. Bowser, you have never appreciated the man you married, and you probably never will."

"Well, I don't say any more. I think it is a pity my job to get mixed up out of you, and I know what a grasp will be running here after you. It's your own affair, however. Don't blame me if you get left."

"There you go! Always opposed to me! I can plainly see, who some more votes are going. If I had a wife like some I know of, I'd have been Governor of the State long ago. I'm going to run, however, and when I'm elected you'll probably be just mean enough to say you brought it about."

I didn't say any more. An hour later he left the house with a swagger, prepared for victory, and I was disappointed. He was beaten by a majority of eight votes the next day, and I opened the door to find a disgruntled fellow with his hat on, the man who voted.

"Is Bowser at home?"

"No, sir."

"Does any party walk, dang it? Leave any money for me?"

"No, sir."

"He didn't, eh? Every specimen of a vacillator he is! Expects me to do all the legwork for nothing, does he?"

"Who are you, sir?"

"Who am I? he repeated as he clenched his fist a trifle nearer my left eye his shoulder. "Do you [illegible]

Continued on fourth page.

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The Finest Dressing for Harness.

Sold by Shoe Stores Grocers, Druggists, and Saddlery generally.

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"Have you a home to offer her?" he asked, "or means to support her?" he added, before George, in his confusion, could find an answer.

"Perhaps," he continued, giving the young man no time to recover himself—"perhaps you think Alice's fortune sufficient for both. Now, whether she shall have one or not"——

"Is a question I have never stopped to ask," broke in George, indignantly.

"Whether she shall have a fortune or not," said Mr. Marchbare, disregarding the interruption, "depends on her not marrying in opposition to my wishes; and I shall certainly never wish to see her wedded to a man willing to be dependent for a living on the beauty of his wife."

"You much mistake me," cried George, with flashing face, "if you rank me in that class. I have strength and energy"——

"Just so; yet they are untried," said Alice's guardian, without waiting for him to finish. "I am willing to put you to the test, however. Return in three years the pecuniary of $5,000 saved from your own earnings, and if Alice then consents to hear your offer I shall not oppose it."

George's face brightened. A much severer ordeal would not have daunted him. And when he took leave of Alice though there was no formal plighting of troth between them, he had no misgiving lest the end of three years should not find her faithfully awaiting his return.

* * * * * * *

The allotted time had nearly gone by before George, after many struggles and hardships, had succeeded in laying up the sum which entitled him to appear and claim of Marchbare the fulfillment of his promise.

At a railway station the last stopping place on his journey home he went into the refreshment room for supper. He had not half finished the scanty repast when the bell, and the summons of the porters, caused a general commotion and rush for the train. George caught up his overcoat, and followed the rest.

On reaching his destination he was about to draw on his overcoat preparatory to leaving the carriage, when for the first time he discovered that the garment he had brought from the supper room was not his own. It was similar in color and material, but the attempt to put it on at once revealed the difference. He was thunderstruck at the discovery. In a secret pocket of his own coat was the banknotes which had cost him three years of anxious toil, and which represented so many precious hopes.

He wildly ran among the dispering passengers, looking sharply at every man he met, as though expecting to find upon him the object of his search. But all in vain; it was nowhere to be seen.

With a vague purpose of advertising everywhere, and telegraphing in all directions, he was hurrying rapidly along, when whom should he meet but Mr. Marchbare!

George's first greeting was to blurt out his loss.

"I am very sorry," said the old gentleman, gravely, "that you have lay conditions; and with respect to their fulfillment, it seems you are just where you started."

"Give me but another chance" cried George. "I can earn double as much in the same time. I will work night and day to do it!"

"Your time is up to-day," said Mr. Marchbare; "and I have promised my old friend, Wells, in the event of your failure, that his son Lawrence may pay his addresses to Alice to marry. The young man, though well enough in something of a fop, and I doubt if Alice will listen to his suit. Ah, here he comes! Shall I introduce you?"

"Stop, thief! stop, thief!" shouted a flashy look youth, rushing forward and seizing George by the collar.

"What do you mean?" exclaimed George, dashing aside the hand so rudely laid upon him.

"What's the matter, Lawrence?" asked Mr. Marchbare, astonished at the proceeding.

"Matter! matter enough, I should say! Why, that the fellow stands my cousin! There it is now on his arm."

"Come, come!" interposed Mr. Marchbare; "mistakes will happen sometimes."

"Mistake!" sneered Lawrence Wells. "A very likely mistake, seeing mine's twice the best coat, and his is more than a year behind fashion. I'm almost ashamed to be seen in it, I am, upon my word. But I'll have satisfaction. I'll call the police!"

After a quick glance at the young man's apparel, George flung aside the coat on his arm, and, placing a hand on each of the dandy's shoulders, got him out of the car he had on, in a manner more expeditious than gentle. Hastily examining the secret pocket, George found his money safe; and Lawrence Wells was convinced, under all the circumstances, that there had, indeed, been a mistake. Mr. Marchbare took him aside, and explained that his call on Alice must be postponed for the present. We need scarcely add that it never took place.

Franklin's Words of Wisdom.

If you would have your business done, go; if not, send.

What maintains one eye would bring up two children.

If you would know the value of money, try to borrow some.

Set to sweep workmen to to leave them your purse open.

Want of care does more harm than want of knowledge.

The eye of the master will do more work than both his hands.

By diligence preserveranee the mouse eats the cable in two.

Now I have a sheep and a cow, everybody bids me good morrow.

Experience keepers a dear school, but fools will learn in no other.

Industry need not wish, and he that lives upon hope will die fasting.

For age and want save while you may no morning sun shines all day.

Lying rides upon debt's back; it is hard for any saggy leg to stand upright.

Work to-day, for you know not how you may be hindered to-morrow.

Long—I wonder if Brown has had any trouble since he moved out West, Short. He was continually getting in a tight box when he lived here.

Short—Yes, he has had some trouble. He's in a tight box now, so I am told.

Long—Indeed?

Short—Yes; his dead and buried.

Discharged Employee—Have you any doubts of my honesty?

Employer—Not the least.

Employee—Then why do you discharge me?

Employer—For that very reason.

"Darling, when we are married will you stay at home every night?"

"Yes, Ethel."

"And I can have a box at the opera?"

"Yes, sweetheart."

"And I can go to all the fashionable balls?"

"Yes, beloved."

"I shall be so happy!"

Don't be too severe on the man who scolds his wife in public. Perhaps that is the only time he dares to do so.

CANDIDATE BOWSER.

"Well what do you think?" quoth Mr. Bowser, as he looked up at me across the supper table one evening.

"You—you haven't been and bought another horse, Mr. Bowser?"

Horse! Can't you think of anything but horse? I suppose you'll throw that horse up to me to your dying day?"

"I'm so glad you have decided not to buy another! Is it some new fashion, or a new kind of bonnet, or another dog to run us up?"

He turned pale and refused to say another word for two hours. Then he [illegible] "I am going to be nominated, and am [illegible]."

"I suppose you will feel proud of the title Hon. Mr. Bowser."

"What do you mean?"

"Just what I say. You are soon to be known as Hon. Mr. Bowser."

"Are you going to run for office?"

"I am. It was all settled this afternoon. I am going to be nominated for Alderman of the ward."

"Mr. Bowser, is it possible that you are going to let them lead you into any such foolishness? I thought you had a more level head than that, in spite of your mistakes."

"My mistakes!" he shouted. "I never made one in my life, except when I married you! Level head! I'd like to see someone who carries a more level head than I do!"

"And so you are going to be alderman?"

"If I live."

"But what for?"

"Because it is the wish of the people. My country calls. The committee have canvassed the ward and concluded that I was not only the best man for the office, but the only one who stood any show against the vicious opposition. It is a sacrifice on my part, but the true patriot must sacrifice."

"I'm so sorry."

"So sorry! For what? Because I have been selected above all others? Because honors have been thrust upon me? Mrs. Bowser, you have never appreciated the man you married, and you probably never will."

"Well, I shan't say any more. I think it is a mean job to get mean up out of you, and I know what a gang will be running here after you. It's your own affair, however. Don't blame me if you get left."

"There you go! Always opposed to me! I can plainly see why some men never get along. If I had a wife like some I know of I'd have been Governor of the State long ago. I'm going to run, however, and after the election you'll probably be just mean enough to say you brought it about."

I didn't say any more. So many as he left the house next morning I prepared for business, and I was much disappointed. He was hardly out of sight before the bell rang, and I opened the door to find a dirty-looking fellow with his hat on his ear who asked:

"Is Bowser at home?"

"No, sir."

"Goes out pretty early, doesn't he? Leaves any money for me?"

"No, sir."

"He didn't, eh? Pretty specimen of a candidate he is! Expects me to do all the figuring for nothing, does he?"

"Who are you, sir?"

"Who are I?" he repeated as he shoved his hat a little more over one eye over his shoulder. "Who the

[Continued on fourth page.]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
1 inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
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3 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	15 00
1/4 col.	8 00	12 00	20 00	50 00
1/2 col.	15 00	25 00	35 00	80 00

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Huntersville, W. Va.

November 14, 1889.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY

EVERYTHING DEMOCRATIC.

A GRAND WALKOVER FOR THE DEMOCRATS.

The South is Faithful to the Democracy of Jefferson and Jackson.

VIRGINIA.

Langston gives McKinney a majority of over 47,000. The House stands 75 Democrats, 14 Republicans; doubtful, one. The Senate stands: Democrats, 29; Republicans 9, and one doubtful. This is the smallest representation the Republicans have had in the Legislature in the history of the State.

OHIO.

Campbell's plurality in Ohio is over 18,000 and the Legislature will be Democratic by nine on joint ballot.

IOWA.

Boies, Democrat, elected Governor of Iowa by 7,000 votes. The legislature has eight Republican majority.

NEW YORK.

New York is Democratic by over 35,000.

NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey elected her Democratic Governor by over 10,000.

The Democrats make large gains all over the country.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The President has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, November 28th, as a day of national thanksgiving. He says: "A highly favored people, mindful of their dependence on the bounty of Divine Providence, should seek fitting occasion to testify gratitude and invoke praise to Him who is author of their many blessings. It behooves us, then, to look back with thankful hearts over the past year, and bless God for His infinite mercy in continuing to our land during peace, to our people freedom from pestilence and famine, to our husbandmen abundant harvests and to them that labor a recompense of their toil."

He recommends that the day "be set apart as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, and that the people of our country, ceasing from the cares and labors of their working day, shall assemble in their respective places of worship and give thanks to God, who has prospered us on our way and made our paths the paths of peace; by enabling Him to join the day to our present and future good making it truly one of thanksgiving for such a united home as for the nation at large."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the following described tracts or lots of land, in the county of Pocahontas, which are delinquent for the non-payment of taxes for the years 1887 and 1888, will be offered for sale by the undersigned sheriff, at public auction at the front door of the Court House of said county, between the hours of ten in the morning and four in the afternoon on the 16 day of December, 1889, that being the second Tuesday in the month. Each tract or lot, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, will be sold for so much cash, as is sufficient to satisfy the amount due thereon, as set forth in the following table:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES	QUANTITY OF LAND.	LOCAL DESCRIPTION.	Taxes for 1887	Taxes for 1888
EDRAY DISTRICT.	Acres.			
Armstrong, B. F.	514	Swago.	$1.07	$1.39
Arbogast, Benj. (Va.)	356	W. B. & W. R. T.Cr	4.93	5.18
Same	293	W. B.	3.60	3.82
Same	63	Tea Cr. & Elk	1.11	1.36
Barnard, L. E.	94	W. Clover Cr.	1.47	1.79
Brown, Dan'l Sr. (col)	100	Brushy Lick.	1.75	1.98
Burgess, David M.	112½	W. Swago.	5.41	6.66
Same	150	Same	1.27	1.51
Camuns, Geo. H.	270	Dry Branch	4.39	4.64
Chavons, Jarrett	100	Brushy Lick.	1.10	1.35
Carter, Lloyd L.	104	Laurel Cr.	2.49	2.74
Clayton R. J.	140	Swago Knob	1.05	1.30
Deer, C. P.	4,533½	Gauley River.	21.12	21.37
Fried, Israel	210	Gr. River	2.14	2.39
Friel, John	100	W. G. River.	2.80	3.05
Gay, Martha	11	Sulphur Spr.	1.05	1.30
Hover, Wm. H.	1,320	W. & C. River.	6.16	6.41
Same	28,500	Laurel Cr. Wm. H.	123.44	123.69
Same	[illegible]	Wm. River	12.34	12.59
Same	2,400	Same	10.61	10.86
Same	1,656	Same	7.52	7.78
Hepler, Sam'l M.	11	Dry Branch	1.57	1.82
Hogsett, Josia T.	60	Old Field Fork	2.55	2.81
Havey, W. H.	2,050	Hanley River	9.28	9.53
Same	2,450	Same	23.97	24.22
Same	2,450	Same	11.02	11.27
Same	2,216	Same	10.04	10.29
Same	575	Same	2.95	3.20
Same	450	W. Elk	2.29	2.54
Jackson, Wm	100	S. Fork	5.15	5.40
McDonald, Geo. W.	364	Thorny Flat.	16.83	17.08
Same	1,633	Big Spring	88.56	88.81
Same	567	Same	2.28	2.53
Moore, I. R.	14	N. Elk Rv.	.58	.83
Scott, Mary A. (Va.)	683	Wm. River.	9.10	9.35
Smiley, Wm	1,000	W. Elk	10.09	10.34
Skiles, Jesse B.	1	Marlins Bottom.	7.22	7.47
Ware, Letetia	80	Poage Place.	1.60	1.85
Williams, Sarah E.	914	Brushy Lick.	1.04	1.29
Whitemore, John H'rs	359	Big Spring &c.	27.42	27.67
Warwick, J. W. & Hull's H'rs.	361	Turner Creek	4.31	4.56
Same	20	W. Greenbrier.	.66	.91
Same	266	Same	3.76	4.01
LITTLE LEVELS DIST.				
Bagley, Mary J.	89	Bruffy's Cr.	2.05	2.30
Barkley, Valentine Est.	206	S. & W. G. Run.	2.58	2.83
Dean, J. P.	87	Mill Run.	1.02	1.27
Gardner, J. A.	58	G. River	1.93	21.18
Hubbard, H. B.	320	L. & L. Run	14.79	15.04
Hulsbard, Thos. & Jas. Bidwell	6,877	Pt. of 32,000.	94.23	94.48
Layton, Absolm	295	Droop Mtn.	15.83	16.08
McNeal, Rachel C. & Jas. Beard	58	Droop Mtn.	98	1.23
McClure, Rachel	50	W. S. Creek.	3.91	4.16
Piles, John	420	Mill Run.	1.94	2.19
Same	236	Steven Ridge.	3.62	3.87
Smith, Thos. Est.	350	P. Flats.	8.01	8.26
GREEN BANK DISTRICT.				
Bowers, Geo. W	400	Lot No. 26 S. Land	1.83	2.08
Same	20	" " 27 " "	.55	.80
Same	400	" " 31 " "	1.02	1.83
Bird, Peter H.	120	Alt Mtn.	1.28	1.53
Bright, John	40	Station Ridge	1.28	1.53
Chestnut, Wm. & John's Heirs	30	Alt Mtn.	2.56	2.81
Chestnut, Wm. Jun. & Jas.	507	Same	3.96	4.21
Campbell, J. H's H'rs	60	W. G. River.	1.24	1.49
Cronch, H'rs & G. D. Camden	1,900	Hd. G. Run	10.50	10.75
Divers, John Est.	245	Alt Mtn.	1.97	2.12
Erwin, Edward Est.	50	Same	1.10	1.35
Kimble, Jacob & Ault	140	Hd. G. River	1.70	1.95
Merriamphin, Dan'l Est.	45	Deer Creek	1.68	1.93
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est.	2,368	Alt Mtn.	15.53	15.78
Slator, Mary A.	391	Brush Run	5.68	5.93
Smith, Henry E.	2,000	Forks G. River	51.88	52.13
Widney, Michael	537	W. Alleghany.	9.17	9.42
HUNTERSVILLE DIST.				
Beard, Joseph, R. C.	3,400	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
McNeel & Wm. Skeen.				
Bozzard, J. M., Sampson & Joe Moore	1,700	Alle. Mtn	4.79	5.14
Craig, Gen. Est.	24	Adj. Huntersville.	6.53	6.78
Courtney, Geo. W.	111	Buckley Mtn	1.13	1.38
Grimes, David's Est.	277	Thorny Cr	1.52	1.77
Same	100	Same	.85	1.10
Gammons, Thos. Est.		Ball Alley.	1.11	1.36
Gammon, Jas. Est.	4	B. Alley, H'untersville	72	.97
Holcomb, Jas.	48	E. Cochran's Ork.	1.86	2.11
Judy, Samuel	554	Adj. F. Burns.	1.90	2.15
Kelley, John Sr. Est.	219	W. Knapp's Cr	6.01	6.32
McNeel, Rachel & Jas. Beard	2,400	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
Matheny, Daniel	58	Alleghany Mtn	68	.93
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est. and R. Bozzard, Est.	603	Alleghany Mtn	2.46	2.71
Shafer, D. F. G.	15	Buckley Mtn	.50	.75
Townsend, W. T.	100	E. G. River	2.50	2.75
Young, Chas	100	Marlins Mtn.	.85	1.10

Recapitulation—State tax, $278.32; County tax, 301.44; District tax, $604.20. Total, $1184.03.

Any of the aforesaid tracts or lots may be redeemed by the payment to the undersigned Sheriff, before sale, of the amount due thereon. Given under my hand this 4th day of November, 1889.

M. J. McNEEL, S. P. C.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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FOR LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, formerly of Millboro,

have

LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic.)

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DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. R. TYREE, Late of Pocahontas, Va.

WM. C. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Cashier 1st. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE + & + ROLLINS &c.

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DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Cob Cigar and Staunton Gold Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

HOME NEWS.

—M. G. Mathews, Co. Supt., was in to see us last Friday.

—Hon. Moore, Esq., of Dunmore is in town.

—Dr. M. Wallace, of Mill Point, was in our burg Tuesday.

—The roads are in a very bad condition.

—It rains promptly every other day, and very frequently between times.

—I. B. Moore, Esq., passed through our city Tuesday, with some nice cattle.

—Samuel J. Tyler, we understand started Tuesday to Dakota for his wife and child.

—Mr. Geo. W. Beverage, of Travelers Repose was in to see us last Friday.

—Knapp's creek got high, and the mails failed to get in Saturday night.

—Mr. Hugh Adams, of Rockbridge Baths, Va., passed through town Tuesday with a drove of fine cattle.

—Dr. McClintic and wife, of Edray, passed through town Tuesday, on their way home from their bridal tour.

—Our Republican friends are a little down in the mouth over the results of last Tuesday's elections. We know how you feel, we've been there.

—For restoring the color, thickening the growth, and beautifying the hair, and for preventing baldness Hall's Hair Renewer is unsurpassed.

—H. P. McCloughlin, Esq., was at Elkins, Randolph Co., last week and reports that Elkins is now quite a large and growing rapidly.

—There's no Grover Cleveland next President of the United States, and Jno. E. Campbell, of O. Vice President.

—We have enough of wood to do us until Xmas and smoking tobacco to do us as nearly that long and a subscriber that promised to pay his subscription in buckwheat, so we can feel pretty easy for awhile.

—The republicans say this is an "off year." They are mistaken it is a year of Harrison's administration, and if it keeps on at the same rate, for the next three years, '92 will be a year of wiping the republicans "off" the face of the earth.

—The combination of ingredients found in Ayer's Pills retrieve their tonic and curative as well as cathartic. For this reason they are the best medicine for people of the five habit, as they restore the natural action of the bowels, without debilitating.

—There is no more fruitful source of disease than vitiated blood. It invades every organ and function of the body, and if not immediately corrected by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, sooner or later leads to fatal results. Be warned in time.

NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS.—With this issue of THE TIMES the year expires, with the majority of our subscribers, and those who receive a statement of their account by letter, are expected to respond promptly, and our large, mailing lists such as, Academy, Mill Point, Edray, Dunmore, and Green Bank you will find a statement with the Post Master to whom you are accustomed to pay promptly, and any subscriber of his place who may be unable will call at our office and settle.

This is the first time for a year that we have asked you for money, but now we must all be in all that is necessary, as we very much dislike to see the columns of a newspaper filled with dues, instead of something more wholesome to read.

—Harry W. Campbell, the boss of Academy for two or three years past, has gone to Elkins, Randolph Co., to work at the carpenter trade.

—Messrs. Wm. T. Perry and family and W. P. Shiplett, last family who sold their farm on Beaver Creek sometime ago to Mr. D. O'Connell, started Tuesday for Texas, where they will make their future home. These excellent people will be greatly missed by our entire community, and we sincerely wish them health and prosperity in their new homes.

Green Bank Items.

On last Saturday morning, Messrs. W. E. Gregg and Jno. F. Woodbell met a heavy loss, and came very near losing their lives. They had come over from the west side of Greenbriver river, on the day before to Hevener's mill, with a wagon and three horse team, loaded with grain. On their return in attempting to cross Deer creek, which had been very much swollen by the heavy rain the night before, they had their wagon and team carried down the stream, and only saved their lives by clinging to to foot bridge below the ford as they passed under. The lead horse was rescued and the other two were drowned, and their grain, besides a quantity of goods they had purchased at the stores, were almost a total loss.

Mrs. Dan Ralston and children, Mr. Hook and Miss Lizzie Cook, all of Highland, are visiting Mr. J. B. Ralston of this place.

Mr. Jno. B. Curry, Sr., who has been suffering very much from an attack of erysipelas for the past week, is somewhat improved at this writing.

Miss Grazie Hull, has been quite ill with diphtheria for several days, and is not much improved.

Rev. W. B. Ballenger, will go to Sunset this week to hold a protracted meeting.

Died, Nov. 2nd, near Green Bank, Adam Richard, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Arbogast, aged about three years. The bereaved parents have our sympathies in this sad dispensation.

PAULINA.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

Miss Monte Arbogast, who has been visiting relatives and friends at this place for several months left for her home in Texas last week.

Mr. Rock Yeager, is off to Cheat Bridge, on a hunting expedition.

Mrs. Chas. Pritchard, and son of Red Creek, Tucker Co., are now at her father's M. P. Yeager, of this place.

Mr. C. M. Kellar, while hunting Tuesday succeeded in killing a bear and a fawn.

Mr. Brown Yeager is off on a business trip to Cheat Bridge.

The cook at the lumber camp has left and his place will be filled by George D. Hamblen and wife and J. D. Wilmoth and wife, the coming winter.

Will Arbogast and wife of Green Bank are visiting at C. M. Keller's.

Mrs. Sarah Arbogast, is visiting her daughter Mrs. Chris Arbogast, of Green Bank.

Last sunday night while Rev. Geo. Hannah and P. D. Arbogast were holding a meeting at Pine Grove school house, the floor which was densely packed with people suddenly gave way, none injured, and Mr. A. losing his presence of mind proceeded forthwith to demolish a window. No one was injured and quiet was soon restored. The last time was seen of Mr. A. he was wandering around the school house wondering what to would do.

J. G. H.

The Savannah News tells of a runaway in Waycross, Ga., who has become a grand master of the age of 40. She married when only 13, and has daughter old in wife.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Presidential Retiens introduced a conversation in White House customs this week that is deeply regretted by conservative people, who believe that the dignity of the Presidential office should be increased instead of lessened. To such people it was a positive shock to find that the President had had himself interviewed by a newspaper on the election returns, in order to try and counteract the dampening effect they had upon his party associates, and also to furnish them with a gun to explain the crushing defeat away. If President Harrison really believes as he says he does, that the result of the elections held last Tuesday was not intended as a verdict upon his administration, then he has not the sense that he has generally been credited with by even his opponents. A curious coincidence to the same paper is an interview with Mr. Halford, the President's private Secretary, which in sentiment is precisely the same as that with President Harrison. These interviews are regarded here, even by republicans, as a very weak and undignified attempt to fool the country. Republicans of prominence openly admit that the result of the election is a stinging rebuke to the administration and its methods. Old soldiers quietly chuckle and whisper "I told you so" to one another.

Battle in Court.

Lexington Va., November 8.—At Brownsburg, Rockbridge county, Virginia, to-day, Dr. P. J. Walker, a prominent physician, was arrested on complaint of Henry Miller, a wealthy citizen, whom Walker had threatened for insulting his wife. In court both men drew their revolvers and a battle ensued. Miller was killed. Walker was fatally wounded, and Mrs. Walker, who was in court as a witness was killed. Dan and Wm. Miller, sons of the deceased, were shot and seriously wounded. Others, whose names were not learned, were hurt. A sheriff and posse have gone to the scene.

HOW'S THIS.

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Petersburg, Va., had a $30,000 fire last week, in which a policeman was killed by a falling wall.

D. Williamson, of Indianapolis, purchased a curly walnut log from a Logan county, W. Va., man for $1,000.

A desperate fight occurred with pistol and knife between two prominent men, of Key, in the Louisville penitentiary in which one was killed and the other dangerously wounded. Col. Wm. Caudle was the slayer and Col. A. M. Swope his victim.

NOTICE.—The District Division of Temperance will meet at Hillsboro, Saturday, Nov. 19, 1892, at 11 o'clock, A. M. All members of the Order, in good standing are duly invited to attend. Brothers are especially requested to be on hand.

Night session at 7 o'clock to which the Public are invited.

C. M. CRAMPTON, D. W. P.
J. E. LOVE, D. D. S.

IT IS A CRUEL DEATH

A Deputy Sheriff Tells How it Feels to Be Hanged.

From the New York Star.

James E. Morgan, sheriff of Brunswick county, S. Dak., is a native of this city, but has been in the west over thirty years. He is here on a visit, on Staten island, and in Rude New York has undergone a mighty change since he left it in 1861 to go to the front.

"I find," said the sheriff to me the other night, "that the question whether a man should be hanged or executed electrically has been settled. I am glad to find that electricity has carried the day, for I assure you that death by hanging is intensely painful."

"Why, sheriff," I said, "is it possible that you were hanged?"

"Quite so, and it was no joke. When the war closed I went west to seek my fortune, and had a pretty hard time before I found anything even resembling it.

"One hard winter two others and myself went into Wyoming on a prospecting expedition, and had to maintain ourselves chiefly by hunting. Antelope was very scarce just then, and we suffered considerably by hunger.

"One morning we separated, the better to scour the country, agreeing to meet on a distant hill at noon. My companions were hardly out of sight when I shot a steer, and was in the act of cutting it up when three fierce looking cowboys swooped down upon me.

"I am, as you see, swarthy, and they took me for a Mexican. As they also, were dirty looking, I made the same mistake, and saluted them in the little Spanish I had picked up.

"I happened that a tall cottonwood was conveniently close, and, without saying a word, one of them threw his lariat around my neck tossed the other end of the rope over a stout limb; his two companions pulled upon it, and I was in the twinkle of an eye going through all the agonies of hanging. The pain was frightful. There was a tremendous rushing through my ears, the sky and everything else turned blood red, pins and needles seemed to be sticking in every part of my body, and at the same time the back of my head felt as if it were being sandbagged at the rate of forty strokes a second. How long it lasted I couldn't tell. To me it seemed hours.

"When I regained consciousness, one of my friends was paring with a key down my throat and the other was rubbing my chest with the same liquid.

"It appears that my comrades had returned in time to cut me down before life had fled, but just then I wished they had let me be. The process of resuscitation was, if possible, still more agonizing than the hanging; but as the man condemned by law does not suffer in that regard, there is no use in dwelling upon it."

"But why did they hang you?"

"They were driving a herd of cattle to Idaho, and it was one of their steers I had shot. When my friends arrived and explained, the cowboys cut me down, and when I was ready to receive them they were profuse in their apologies.

"That is how I know that hanging is one of the most cruel deaths to which one can put a man."

Rossville, Va., has two miles of street railway in operation at present, and eight more miles will be added in a few months.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HANKLA, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 23rd 1889,

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TUITION from $1 50 to $5 00 per month.

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Respt.,

D. S. HANKLA.

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Academy, W. Va.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1 00 in advance; after 6 months, $1 25; after 12 months, $1 50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 14, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

party as carries this ward in his vest pocket, I am, and it all Bowser don't cum down liberally he gets left. Tell him to come and see me."

Nine times that forenoon I answered the bell to find a ward heeler or some other sort of political parasite on the door-steps. One of them even went so far as to ask me to pledge Mr. Bowser to vote for him to run one of the City Hall elevators. There were three others waiting for him when he got home to dinner, and I saw him give them money. He came in excited a d jubilant, and when I told him what had occurred he replied:

"Let the dear people come! They know that I am the man to do all I can for them if I am elected, and elected I shall be as sure as the sun rises on that day. What do you think? I was talking with a prominent man belonging to the opposition and he said it would be no use for his party to put up a man against me. Bowser stock is way up, hey?"

For a week I lived in a state of miserable agitation. Every hour in the day a ward-heeler rang the bell, and when he wasn't ringing, it was some man who wanted a sewer or other contract. Every evening the house was full of politicians laying plans and guzzling down my currant wine, and on three nights Mr. Bowser had to "go the rounds" of the ward and "see the boys." On the last night I had to help him up stairs, and the tears rolled down his cheeks as he whimpered:

"Sleep, Mrs. Bowser, it just breaks my heart to see how my people love me. They cry f'r me, and—I cry f'r them'l."

This went on for a week, and then the caucus was held to nominate. Mr. Bowser said he would go through by acclamation, but as the boys would expect some sort of speech, not to say a keg of beer, afterwards, he would have to be on hand. As soon as nominated there would be no more heelers ringing after him, and a nomination meant election by a large majority. I didn't see much, but I felt pretty sure how it would come out.

"Along about 9 o'clock he came home. He was cussing. He also breathed hard and looked white.

"What on earth is the matter now?" I asked as he banged into the hall.

"O—gone!" he gasped

"How gone?"

"Gone up."

"Mr. Bowser tell me what has happened. You act as if you had met a ghost and lost your senses."

"I—I didn't get the nom—nomination!" he whispered, his knees quaking so that he had to sit down on a chair.

"Why didn't you?"

"Because they concluded that Mr Binks was the more popular and the stronger man."

"What! That cross-eyed loafer who was arrested one day last week for whipping his wife?"

"Y—yes."

We looked at each other for a long time without speaking. Then I said:

"I thought the dear people loved you, Mr. Bowser.

"Yes."

"You were to be selected above all others and honors were thrust upon you."

"Yes."

"Your country called upon you to down the vicious opposition. You were the patriot who was ready to sacrifice himself."

"Yes."

"How much has this experience cost you?"

"Four hundred!"

"Well, you have made a fool of yourself, and I hope it will be a lesson to you. You'd better go to bed."

"I—I guess I will."

At midnight he woke up, sat up in bed, and exclaimed:

"Look here, old lady, I hope you feel better, having accomplished your villainous object?"

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that you defeated me in the caucus. Everybody knows you, and this opportunity for revenge could not be passover. Mrs. Bowser, you have gone a step too far! To-morrow I shall consult a lawyer about divorce proceedings."

"Go to sleep."

"Yes, I'll go to sleep, but don't imagine I shall forget or overlook your base, duplicity. I have borne and borne, but this is the end!

Next morning, however, he made no reference to the matter, and as some of his party made him believe that he had been withdrawn in the interests of harmony, he came home one day to observe:

"I hear that my name is being mentioned for Mayor, but I shan't take the nomination. I prefer to be a plain, humble citizen."

MISSION DOLORES:—"What is your mission here, sir?" asked the old man, with a frown.

"I am on three missions, sir," replied the poor young man, who was also a humorist.

"Well, what are they?" inquired the old man impatiently.

"Per mission to marry your daughter, ad mission to your family circle, and sub mission to the regulations to your household."

"Sir!" grunted the old man, who was something of a joker himself. "I have one little mission to offer before I conclude any arrangements with you."

"Name it," cried the poor young man eagerly. "I will only be too glad to perform it."

"Dis mission!" shrieked the old man with a loud, discordant laugh, and the poor young man fell dead at his feet.

"There's Blank over there—let's go and speak to him," he said to his friend as they were waiting at the Third street depot for a train.

"I'd rather not."

"Anything between you?"

"Well, yes. In fact, we have been rather cold for the last six months."

"Indeed! But I didn't know that. Some business transactions, I suppose?"

"Partly. I got the start of him in buying some property at a bargain, and to spite me he went out to Denver, hunted up my divorced wife and married her and brought her back here."

"Is it possible?"

"And he even rented the house next door to me, and she walks past forty times a day with her pug dog. Blank is a pretty good fellow, but he doesn't know when to stop. He ought to have stopped out west after marrying her."

Guard—Now, miss, jump in, please; train going on.

Child—But I can't go before I have kissed mamma.

"Jump in, miss. I'll see to that."

"What induced a married woman of your standing," said the newspaper man, "to leave such a charming family and elope?"

"Because," sobbed the wretched creature, "I had never had a compliment in my life, and I knew if I did something atrocious all the papers would say that I was handsome and attractive."

CONSUMPTION,

in its first stages, can be successfully checked by the prompt use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Even in the later periods of this disease, the cough is speedily relieved by this medicine.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral with the best effect in my practice. This wonderful preparation has saved my life. I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and given up by my physician. One bottle and a half of the Pectoral cured me."—A. J. Evans, M. D., Middleton, Tennessee.

"Several years ago I was severely ill. The doctors said I was in consumption, and that they could do nothing for me, but advised me, as a last resort, to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking this medicine two or three months I was cured, and my health remains good to the present day."—James Burchard, Darien, Conn.

"Several years ago, on a passage home from California, by water, I contracted a severe cold that fell much on my lungs. I was confined to my state-room, and a physician on board considered my case dangerous. Expected to have a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, I used it freely, and my lungs were soon restored to a healthy condition. Since then I have invariably recommended this preparation."—J. B. Chandler, Pomfret, Va.

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PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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CONSUMPTION SCROFULA BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.

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SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, November, 21 1889 Terms of Subscription $1.50 PER YEAR. No. 13.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNutt.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Arnold.
Clerk of Ct. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Commissioners, { C. E. Beard. / S. B. Hannah. / O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. I. B. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

This is not the exact text to their every day talk, but it tells EXACTLY what they should do to get rid of all pain and suffering.

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A magnificent Rose Black Polish, which lasts on Boots a week, and will not soil or stain the finest linen.

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OUR LOVE STORY.

"We had been so happy!" I kept saying to myself—"We had been so happy!" And now it was all over—everything was over for me. He would take what he had chosen instead; but I—

I burst into tears as I sat on the rock by the spring where we had met so often—where I was waiting for him now—but I never faltered in saying to myself: "We must part. He is neither true to me nor to heaven—we must part."

And what was he? Only the village doctor—Benjamin Rue. And what was I? Only a little school teacher. Our united incomes were far less than anything that the wise men of society papers declare it "possible to marry on," but we had no fear. He was winning his way, and we loved each other; and, as I began by saying, we had been very happy.

But there had come to Johnstown where we lived, a lady of wealth, who gathered about her a certain little clique of somewhat stylish people. They were openly indifferent in opinion; all that I had been brought up to believe right and good they mocked at. All this would have been nothing to me in my school-house or in my own little room. I might never had done more than notice the handsome dresses of the ladies when they walked out or rode with their attendant cavaliers, and never have asked what their opinions were, but that soon after their arrival Mrs. Norland was taken ill and sent for Dr. Rue. Ben was handsome, well read, full of bright fancies, and ready to enjoy himself at any time.

He relieved the baby of the pain she suffered, and became the family doctor at once. It was a step toward success. Naturally, he did not turn a cold shoulder to his patrons when they offered him social invitations.

From the first he was fascinated by the freedom from restraint in thought and action that prevailed in the house. No doubt I was straitlaced, but what he thought delightful I thought wrong. It seemed to me, from what he said, that Mrs. Norland was a very immoral woman. Certainly she had no religion whatever. When I saw Ben gradually breaking all I so clung to, when he refused to go to church with me, and began to beg me not to go, when he said, openly, that when we were married I must give all that up; when, at last, he began to deny the existence of a Deity, and say, as they did at the Norland's, that man had no soul that all ended here, and that to be happy while we lived should be our only object, my heart sank within me. I loved him so dearly that I was quite willing to marry him if he would let me go in my own way. I believed that my influence and perhaps my prayers might win him back to heaven.

A young man with good principles would surely do what was right at last, but when he began to talk of forbidding me to listen to the good words I heard in church, or even to kneel in prayer at home, I felt that I should be wrong to promise to obey him, and that there could be no hope for a home divided against itself.

I shall not tell you what parties for and I belonged to—that does not matter. All Christians worship God and try to follow Jesus and still differing (but be right, not of love for me, give me my own way. I [illegible] hardly have broken with him—such is the weakness of woman's heart—but that fate reached me that made me feel that he was not true to me.

It was hard for a girl to speak of such a thing as the beginning of her lover's heart by a wicked married woman; but I had no one to speak for me, and with my first words we quarreled. He called me an old fashioned little Pharisee, and said that my husband would be a slave if I had my way—a slave to superstitions of all sorts; that he was a man, and knew what was right and best; that I need not think that he should never look at a pretty face or take a glass of wine with a friend.

At the moment he was flushed with what he had been drinking at the Norlands'. He said more than he meant, no doubt, but it spurred me on to do what I had resolved to do and at last I said:

"Benjamin Rue, just here where we now sit I promised to marry you; here I take back that promise. We should only make each other wretched for life."

All he answered was:

"No doubt you are right."

And then I took my ring from my finger and gave it to him. He turned away, and I heard his feet amongst the rustling autumn leaves long after I could see him.

And it was all over—all over! And then indeed I wept and wished that I could die just there where I had been so happy.

Time passed, and I grew used to it. As for Ben, he got on well. Fashionable people called him in. In fact, he was the fashionable doctor of the place, and had an office in the handsomest portion of the town. For my part, I kept my school, and mingled with the motherly old widow who had been kind to me when I first came to the place a stranger.

My happiest day was the Sabbath, which I spent in church, teaching my little ones and attending all the services; and then I tried to think only of heaven and its joys, and to do what good I could. But I cannot say I was ever more than quietly cheerful—the brightness had gone out of my life.

It is natural for young people to look forward to something and to enjoy their fires, and I think that God meant that every girl should have a lover and every woman a husband and children of her own, and that we should all be grateful for the good things he has given us and take our own share.

I might have had lovers—I might have married—but, with all his faults, I could not care for any one as I did for Benjamin Rue; and a wretched thing indeed would our real life be without true tenderness. I was on my way to be a spinster.

As for Ben, one day there was a great scandal in the town. He had had a quarrel with Mr. Norland about his wife. More than a quarrel—blows had been struck, shots fired. The woman's character was now entirely gone; their house was broken up.

Mr. Norland sought a divorce and gained it. Respectable people dropped a doctor who had such evil intimacy, and one day I heard that he had left Johnstown.

"Better for him," I thought, "the quiet life he would have led with me—better even from a worldly point of view." And still I believed what he had sought to prove—that he had only been free and had sinned, not criminal.

And again time passed on with but my own events of importance coming into my life, and I expected to live and die in Johnstown a school marm—spinster—Johnstown, of which the rest of the world knew nothing to speak of.

You all know how sadly it became known one wild day. I shall never forget that day for many reasons.

I had just given my scholars their summer holiday and had my time to myself, and I had been all through the pain to see a poor, sick woman who was quite destitute. The good widow with whom I lived was away, she had gone to another State to visit a married daughter, and the house was lonely. I had heard that Dr. Rue was in the place—that he had come down to—on about some lots of ground, almost worthless when he bought them, but lately become valuable—and at every step I half feared, half hoped to meet him. The stillness of my holiday left me time to think of myself, and I was very sorrowful.

As I passed the church door it stood open, and an impulse led me enter.

An old woman was dusting the cushions, polishing the pew doors, and setting books in order in the racks, and I went forward to the front of the church and sat down before a painted window I loved to look at. Jesus, the Shepherd, with the lamb on his arms, smiled on me as though between earth and heaven.

I began to feel a strange peace steal into me—a promise of happiness. My heart went forth to my old love, and for all the pain he had given me I forgave him. I hoped that he was having a better life and thinking better thoughts.

I remember saying to my self that as I should like to feel on the day of death—having all men and have my last moments of the entire life, whatever they might prove to be.

I think that I had fallen asleep listening to the wind and the beat of the rain upon the roof, worn out daily I was aroused by some one and rose. People were coming in to the church, crying out in terror. The water was already making a pond of the place, and those who sought safety had climbed to the pulpit or mounted up to the gallery.

As I stood dazed and trembling an arm seized me about the waist. "The dam is down!" shouted a voice in my ear. I was hurried away up beyond the gallery into the bell tower. The crowd followed us and now we saw the water coming down toward us like a great black wall. Such a night was never seen!

I turned to look into the face of the man who had helped me to the bell. I had no doubt as to who he was even before I looked, but when I saw benjamin Rue I felt happy and had no fear. Death was to him me; but he had sought me, having to save me, and in his arms I should die.

"God have mercy on our souls," said I.

He answered:

"Amen!"

He helped me to a little window, head above the belfry, and there we clung together. It was the highest point we could reach. The waters were at knee.

"Forgive me," he said to me with—"Forgive me, Agnes; I have suffered, broken hearted—and I never was so wicked as they made me out. I flirted with Mrs. Norland, I admired her, but I did not wrong her husband, he died when he knew that he believed it. He wished to marry another woman. I have letter all along; I came back to tell you so and win you again if I could. I am a better man."

All I could do was to answer him with a kiss, for at that moment the black water struck the church.

Then I was floating, floating—beaten this way and then that; but his arms were always about me. Some broken plank gave us support. I never moved, but I prayed without ceasing; I prayed to be swept with him or to die with him, as was God's will.

And others prayed—prayed earnestly for I—better people—and yet were drowned. Let us remember always that my prayer was better than theirs seems to dwell in my heart, for indeed it is not there; but I am humbly thankful that God saw fit to let me live a little longer and that at last, and upon dry land, we knew that they were given us in which to live together.

It was sad and terrible indeed to stand hand in hand and look upon what seemed almost the destruction of the world. We shall never forget it or be so glad as if we had not seen it, but we were the world to each other after all.

I am Ben's wife to-day, and I believe him to be a good man. As for me, may I know my own bodies one will be worse on any of the I may discover.—Mary Kyle Dallas.

Society Rowdini.—"Does you think that Jack cares for me?"

Old Singer.—"I'm sure of it. He never followed your every movement last night."

(Alarmed.)—"Gracious! Do you really think he was all I was at the supper?"

Mrs. Youngwife (three months after marriage).—"Charlie, dear, do me dance you some time, will you?"

Mr. Youngwife.—"No, my darling, I can't tow a row with a broken, you might put your little fingers."

* * * * *

Mrs. Youngwife (three years after marriage).—"Charlie, let me dance you will you?"

Mr. Youngwife.—"No, old woman, you'll be sure to cut my throat, let alone spoiling the room. Take the carving knife and go practice on the butter."

ONE CENT

Will buy a postal card, on which send your address and get a sample copy of the

WEEKLY
CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH

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Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, in the Youths' Companion:

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The POCAHONTAS TIMES has made arrangements with the publishers of the Weekly Chronicle Telegraph by which we will send the two papers to any address in the United States or Canada, postage prepaid, one year for the sum of $1.50.

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Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 21, 1889.

Jordan Is a Hard Road to Travel.

It is a well, Jordan is a hard road to travel, and what with the tariff tiger and the pension elephant, it will be simply a mercy of God if the administration gets out of the jungles alive. In six months there will be discord worse confounded. In 12, the surplus will be gone, and the Treasury will be shinaying around to raise the money necessary to defray the expenses of the Government. So, with the vote of Tuesday behind it, and hell itself before, the Republican outlook is about as reassuring as that which faced the gentleman in the fable, who found himself between the devil and the deep, blue sea.

All things augur well for the Democracy. In the first place, we are right; right on the great questions of the day. In the second place, we have had it out among ourselves, and are a unit in head and heart. And, finally, God has raised us at least three new leaders one in New Jersey, one in Ohio and one in Iowa, so that we are no longer limited to a single State, or individual, for a national standard bearer in 1892, but may pick and choose from a good field, selecting him, who, as events shall disclose, is fittest to lead and surest to win.

Let the dead past bury its dead. Turn to the glorious future. The Democratic sun is in the ascendant. Be that sun at once our guide and brilliance as it rises in the Heavens, a sure harbinger of Democratic triumph in 1892.—Henry Watterson in the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Lincoln on Corporations.

"Yes, we may congratulate ourselves that this cruel war is nearly to a close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure blood. The best blood of the flower of the American youth has been freely offered upon our country's altar that the nation might live. It has been indeed, a trying hour for the Republic, but I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of our country. As a result of the war, corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working on the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the Republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless."

The largest family in Wetzel County, W. Va., consists of eighteen persons—father, mother eight sons and eight daughters.

Miss Mary Clymer, recently wedded to Ex-Secretary Spyers, is thirty-nine years old. Her distinguished husband was sixty-one years of age last month.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the following described tracts or lots of land, in the county of Pocahontas, which are delinquent for the non-payment of taxes for the years 1887 and 1888, will be offered for sale by the undersigned sheriff, at public auction at the front door of the Court House of said county, between the hours of ten in the morning and four in the afternoon on the 10 day of December, 1889, that being the second Tuesday in the month. Each tract or lot, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, will be sold for so much cash, as is sufficient to satisfy the amount due thereon, as set forth in the following table:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES	QUANTITY OF LAND.	LOCAL DESCRIPTION.	Total amount of taxes and penalties charged against each tract.	Total amount of taxes and penalties charged against each tract.
EDRAY DISTRICT.	Acres.			
Armstrong, B. F.	51¼	Swago.	$1.07	$1.32
Arbogast, Benj. (Va.)	356	W. R. & W. E. T.Co	4.93	5.10
Same	203	W. R.	3.40	3.85
Same	63	Tea Cr. & Elk	1.11	1.36
Barrett, L. E.	94	W. Clover Cr.	1.47	1.72
Brown, Dan'l Sr. (col)	100	Brushy Lick	1.73	1.98
Burgess, David M.	112½	W. Swago.	6.41	6.66
Same	150	Same	1.27	1.52
Camern, Geo. H.	279	Dry Branch	4.39	4.64
Chavons, Jarrett	100	Brushy Lick	1.10	1.35
Carter, Lloyd L.	104	Laurel Cr	2.49	2.74
Clayter R. J.	140	Swago Knob	1.65	1.90
Dorr, C. P.	4,333½	Gauly River.	21.12	21.37
Friel, Israel	210	Gr. River	2.14	2.39
Friel, John	100	W. G. River	2.80	3.05
Gay, Martha J.	11	Sulphur Spr.	1.65	1.90
Hevey, Wm. H.	1,320	W. & G. River.	6.16	6.41
Same	28,500	Laurel Cr. Wm. R.	123.44	123.69
Same	2,760	Wm. River	12.34	12.59
Same	2,462	Same	10.61	10.86
Same	1,636	Same	7.52	7.78
Hepler, Sam'l M.	11	Dry Branch	1.57	1.82
Hogsett, Josia T.	60	Old Field Fork	2.35	2.61
Hevey, W. H.	2,050	Gauley River	9.28	9.53
Same	2,450	Same	23.97	24.22
Same	2,450	Same	11.02	11.27
Same	2,216	Same	10.04	10.29
Same	575	Same	2.95	3.20
Same	450	W. Elk	2.29	2.54
Jackson, Wm	100	S. Fork	5.15	5.40
McDonald, Geo. W.	304	Thorny Flat.	16.83	17.08
Same	1,633	Big Spring	88.36	88.61
Same	167	Same	2.28	2.53
Moore, I. D.	14	N. Elk Rv.	.56	.81
Scott, Mary A. (Va.)	651	Wm. River.	9.10	9.35
Smiley, Wm	1,000	W. Elk	10.69	10.94
Skiles, Jones R.	1	Marlins Bottom.	7.22	7.47
Ware, Letetia	80	Foggs Place.	1.60	1.85
Wilkinson, Sarah E.	314	Brushy Lick.	1.04	1.29
Whitmore, John H'rs	330	Big Spring &c.	27.42	27.67
Warwick, J. W. & Hall's H'rs.	87	Clover Creek	4.31	4.56
Same	28	W. Greenbrier.	.66	.91
Same	295	Same	3.76	4.01
LITTLE LEVELS DIST.				
Bradley, Mary J.	89	Bradly's Cr.	2.05	2.30
Cackley, Valentine Est.	256	S. & W. G. Run	2.58	2.83
Dean, J. P.	87	Mill Run.	1.02	1.27
Gardner, J. A.	38	G. River	1.93	23.18
Hubbard, H. B.	320	L. & L. Run	14.79	15.04
Hubbard, Thos. & Jas. Bidwell	6,817	Pt. of 32,000.	94.23	94.48
Layton, Absolm	205	Droop Mtn.	15.83	16.08
McNeal, Rachel C. & Jas. Beard	78	Droop Mtn.	.98	1.23
McClure, Rachel	50	W. S. Creek.	3.91	4.16
Piles, John	420	Mill Run.	1.94	2.19
Same	230	Steven Ridge.	5.67	5.92
Smith, Thos. Est	500	P. Flats.	8.81	9.06
GREEN BANK DISTRICT.				
Bowers, Geo. W	460	Lot No. 26 S. Land	1.83	2.08
Same	20	" " 27 " "	.55	.80
Same	460	" " 31 " "	1.62	1.87
Bird, Peter H.	120	All Mtn.	1.28	1.53
Bright, John	40	Station Ridge	1.38	1.63
Chestnut, Wm. & John's Heirs	30	All Mtn.	3.56	3.81
Chestnut, Wm. Jno. & Jas.	307	Same	3.06	4.31
Campbell, J. H's H'rs	60	W. G. River.	1.24	1.49
Crouch, H'rs & G. D. Camden	1,500	Hd. G. Run	16.76	16.76
Cecets, John Est.	245	All Mtn.	1.07	1.32
Erwin, Edward Est.	50	Same	1.10	1.35
Kimble, Jason & Ault	140	Hd. G. River	1.76	1.91
McClaughlin, Dan'l Est.	45	Deer Creek	1.68	1.93
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est.	1,308	All Mtn.	15.55	15.75
Slator, Mary A.	401	Brush Run	3.68	3.93
Smith, Henry E.	2,000	Forks G. River	31.88	32.13
Whiting, Michael	337	W. Alleghany	9.17	9.42
HUNTERSVILLE DIST.				
Beard, Joseph, H. C.				
McNeel & Wm. Skeen,	2,400	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
Buzzard, J. M., Sampson & Jos Moore	1,700	Alle. Mtn	4.70	5.11
Craig, Geo. Est.	75	Adj. Huntersville.	6.53	6.68
Courtney, Geo. W	171	Buckley Mtn	1.41	1.66
Gilmore, David's Est.	277	Thorny Cr	1.53	1.71
Same	100	Same	.85	1.10
Gammons, Thos. Est.		Ball Alley.	1.41	1.66
Gammons, Jas. Est.		B. Alley, H'untsville	.72	.97
Holcomb, Jas.	48	E. Confrin's Crk	1.86	2.11
Judy, Samuel	53	Adj. P. Burg	1.90	2.15
Kelley, John Sr. Est.	219	W. Knapp's Cr	6.07	6.32
McNeel, Rachel & Jos. Beard	3,400	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
Mathews, Daniel	38	Alleghany Mtn	.66	.91
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est. and R. Shepard, Est.	808	Alleghany Mtn	7.43	7.70
Shafer, H. P. G	15	Buckley Mtn	.50	.75
Townsend, W. T.	100	E. G. River	1.00	1.25
Young, Chas	130	Marlins Mtn	.85	1.10

Recapitulation—State tax, $378.93; County tax, $61.44; District tax, $264.20. Total, $704.02.

Any of the aforesaid tracts of lots may be redeemed by the payment to the undersigned sheriff, before sale, of the amount due thereon. Given under my hand this 4th day of November, 1889.

M. J. McNEEL, S. P. C.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES STARTED

C. D. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va. and M. O'FARRELL, have established a new LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE At the foot of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAIN on the Weary Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGAARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic,)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROP'RIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE. WM. S. ROLLINS.

TYREE & ROLLINS,

DRUGS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Standard Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 244 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

HOME NEWS.

—Night cold.

—Snow, snow and still it snows.

—Some cows leave Jerico Green last week.

—For nice job printing, call at THE TIMES office.

—The roads are in a dreadful condition, from the recent rains.

—Next Thursday 28th, is thanksgiving.

—We would like to have a bush el of small white beans.

—Send us the news from your post office.

—Several wagons passed through town this week for the depot.

—E. H. Moore, of Academy was in town last Saturday.

—Several drummers in town the past week.

—S. L. Gibson, Esq., of Frost passed through town to-day (Wednesday) with some fine cattle.

—Messrs. N. Stulting and J. M Cutlip of Academy spent Monday night in our city.

—Fix up the sidewalks, and keep out of mud a half a foot deep this winter.

—Fifty-six indictments were made at the last term of the Circuit Court in Greenbrier Co., for violating the liquor law.

—We are indebted to our excellent merchants Mr. A. Barlow and Mess. Lowry & Doyle for business favors lately.

—There is comfort for the man with a prematurely gray beard in Buckingham's Dye, because it never fails to color an even brown or black as may be desired.

—J. C. Lowry, Jr., went down to Academy last Saturday and returned Monday, accompanied by Miss Lucy Dewick, who will visit friends and relatives in our city for a short time.

—We are under many obligations to our young friend Doris Dilley Esq., for some of the nicest apples we have ever had the pleasure of sticking a tooth into.

—The marriage license market has been quite dull for some time. Now we don't know what the cause of this is, but we, with all seriousness, would advise our young men to get married and—and—subscribe for THE TIMES.

—The Lady Godiva must have had exceptionally long hair since it completely concealed her lovely person. Since Ayer's Hair Vigor came into use such examples are not so rare as formerly. It not only promotes the growth of the hair, but gives it a rich, silken texture.

—We will furnish to all new subscribers and old ones who pay up and a year in advance the *National Democrat*, a purely Democratic 7 column 8 page paper, published at Washington, D. C., and THE TIMES for $1.75. The National Democrat alone would cost you $1.50.

—Boils, carbuncles, and other skin eruptions indicate that the system is endeavoring to reject poisonous acids, and that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is imperatively needed. It is the most reliable of all blood medicines. Ask your druggist for it, and take no other.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

As we go to press, we learn of the death of Randolph Harris, (col.) a few hours ago, about two miles from this place. The particulars, as we learn, are, that one Tilson Carter, (col.) was cutting down a tree, when Randolph came along and stopped below the tree to talk. And Tilson told him to get out of the way, that it was ready to fall, but before he could get away the tree fell and struck him, killing him instantly.

Spanish postage stamps bear the picture of the baby King.

Meeting.

A meeting of very marked religious interest held by Rev. R. C. Morgan at the Edray Church for nearly three weeks past has just closed, and resulted in the conversion of about thirty persons, among them, several young men. Very large congregations attended and the behavior of all was exceptionally good.

X.

Green Rock Items.

Died, Nov. 8th, 1889, Minnie Lee, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Loginner, of diptheria, aged nearly five years.

There are no new cases of diphtheria and it is hoped that this much dreaded disease has died out in this community.

Messrs. McKee, B. S. Gum and his son Wm. are at home on a visit from Randolph Co., where they have been working during the past summer and fall.

PAULINA.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

Mrs. Charlie Burner is quite ill at the time of this writing.

Messrs. Granville, Caswell, Keller and Jacob Arbogast, killed four deer while out hunting one day last week.

Miss Lena Burner who has been at Dr. Ligon's for some time past, returned to her home at this place last Sunday.

Col. Driscoll and Mr Swecker of Dunmore, made a flying trip to this place last week.

Maj. Arbogast and wife of Green Bank, spent last Saturday and Sunday, visiting Mrs. A's sick sister, Mrs. Burner.

Mrs. Sarah Gum and Mrs. Maupin of Green Bank, who have been visiting friends in this neighborhood for a week or two, returned home last Saturday.

Mr. O. W. S. Gum is off on a trip to Elkins.

Mr. Jim Stone is thinking of purchasing finger rings by the gross so as to be able to supply all the girls he waits on.

The new school house out at Mr. Lafayette Burner's, has been completed and is now ready for use.

The Ministers who have been holding the meeting at Pine Grove school house are still having good success. Up to this time there has been twenty-seven conversions and there is still ten penitents.

I. G. W.

Supreme Court.

State vs. Gilmore, from Berkeley county; opinion by Snyder; judgment reversed and case dismissed. In this case the Court holds that that portion of sec. 1 chap. 32, code of 1887, which provides that no person without a State license therefor shall keep in his possession, for another, spirituous liquors" &c., is unconstitutional and void.

Deafness Can't Be Cured.

by local application; as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

In sawing a spruce log at the Brunette mill, Victoria, B. C., the saw struck an iron bullet one and three quarter inches in diameter. It was shot from a cutteria used by the Spaniards 100 years ago, and it was fully eighteen inches from the surface.

San Francisco, with a population of about 400,000, has only 130 churches, with a seating capacity of 40,000 and an average attendance of 25,000.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Senator Blackburn is one of the most popular, if not the most popular man, in public life, with the "boys." A little incident that occurred here this week shows how he obtains it, and how he keeps that popularity. He has a friend here who is in the toils of the law. An application was to be made in his favor to one of the local courts and "Joe" Blackburn, as nine people out of every ten here call the junior Senator from Kentucky, was asked to join several other lawyers in this move on behalf of the prisoner. He readily consented, but at the last minute it was discovered that Senator Blackburn was not a member of the local bar. Did he allow that to freeze him out of the case? Not a bit of it. He had himself admitted to the bar and took his place with the prisoner's other counsels and now the prisoner is out on bail.

This has been a great week for our Catholic fellow citizens. First they celebrated their centennial in Baltimore. Then on Wednesday they dedicated their big University here. The dedication ceremonies were attended by the President, Vice President, the entire cabinet, several justices of the Supreme Court and quite a number of Senators and Representatives. At the banquet which followed the ceremonies Secretary Blaine responded to the toast "Our Country and our President," in a manner that has won the commendation of everybody.

The Three America's Congress is back in Washington but owing to the fatigue of its members, regular sittings will not begin until next week. The delegates are enthusiastic over what they saw during their forty days trip around the country.

Mr. Wanamaker does not like the name of "Ananias" which Senator Hampton stinging letter has hung to his coat tail for the rest of his life.

In view of the fact that Vice President Morton's big apartment house in this city has become a bois fair to become a National house, your correspondent deems it only fair to say that there is no bar room, as such a place is commonly known, in the building, but, in one end of the cafe there are a number of tables at which you can sit and be served with all the liquor you care to pay for.

Senator Sherman has returned from Ohio in the best of humors. He finds it impossible to hide his elation over Foraker's defeat. Here's what he said to a newspaper man: "We are defeated as everybody knows, but the republican party has been defeated in Ohio before with the result of doing it good." Could anything be plainer than that? As soon as Mr. Sherman arrived here he went to the White House, presumably to congratulate Mr. Harrison on the summary removal of what looked at one time like a dangerous rival of his in 1892. Doubtless President Harrison chuckled as he thought that the Ohio election removed the rivals instead of one as Mr. Sherman thinks. For just as certain as Sherman helped to remove Foraker in 1889 will Foraker help to "down" Sherman in 1892. It isn't often that your correspondent indulges in making predictions, but this paragraph is to be fully appreciated should he put away until the Summer of 1892.

President Harrison's message is complete. It will not be printed before its delivery to Congress, as has been the custom for many years past. Fearing that it may be prematurely published President Harrison has decided that only two or three type writer copies of it shall be made for the press associations, and they are to be locked in the White House and not given out until it is known that the reading of it has been begun in the Chamber.

It begins to look as if there would be no fight over the speakership. The only candidate that does not appear to be afraid of "big Tom Reed" as the Representative from Maine is generally called here, is Representative Connon. He tried to get the other candidates to join him in a combination against Reed, but they all decline. Things may grow more exciting as the number of members to look for seats, but unless the opposition shall make a great deal more showing than it has so far done, the big Maine man is as good as elected speaker.

One of Washington's most prominent printers has been discharged from the Government printing office because while on the street on the night of the recent election, he gave a cheer over the bulletined announcement that Ohio had gone democratic.

If democrats here are correctly informed the next democratic Senator from Ohio will be either John R. McLean or Calvin S. Brice.

Moving a Bridge.

The Norwich Bulletin says recently the Pennsylvania railroad wanted a big iron bridge, 258 feet long and weighing 25,000 tons, moved from its place over Mill Creek, near Lancaster, to a new site forty-five feet away. Master Carpenter Beard took the job. He had 100 men to help him. He made his preparations leisurely, and, when the last train had passed over the bridge, with his hundred men and his trestles, rollers, jacks and cranes he set to work. In just fifty-eight minutes from the time the work began the bridge was in its new place and a freight train of coal was soon to pass over it. Now the contractor couldn't have done that in the same time if they had had 10,000 men. What we know about work and progress and how to work it is worth more to the world than all the lost arts of all past ages combined.

The United States is credited with 10,317 papers of all sorts, 1,404 of them being dailies.

A Chinaman is about to enter the law department of Michigan University.

Secretary Blaine has moved into the old Seward house in Washington.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Large fortunes sometimes have queer beginnings. The Carlinn (Mo.) News says that one of the wealthiest firms in that state began in Sarcoxie on $3,000, which a claim of the partners got in a breach of promise suit for damages against a rich man.

The Fall of Foraker.

Great Foraker, and can it be
You are a fallen leader?
Henceforth you'll not be "Mary B
But "Enoch in Canaday."
Good Scott, Great Dane, grim everything,
How sore the legs of him take wing!
Now drop a nickel in the slot
And get a grave in a hurry-up lot.

Are you the boss who spat for
And brandished out specimen gore?
Two used your tail, reducing
Unto
And thrilled the path to glory
Start season (cold) a (laughter)
A little weather's spent through
Then he elected governor
(This you were there to wag your jaw.)

Great Heroes! No, it won't set be
Rise, upward oh, no child!
Sully your trousers from the seats,
Let loose your wet drawers and
March, Enoch Brown, on the list
Who'll root you in your fame
Over one could "nobel prize" be too
Then wave a flag and you show you

N. Y. World.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HASKELL, A. M. Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 22nd 1890,

and will continue NINE months.

TUITION from $4.50 to $5.00 per month.

BOARD $8.00 to $10.00

Contingent fee to provide fuel etc. 15 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Parents should consider the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.,

D. S. HASKELL.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of J. S. Hannah dec'd.

At the request of C. F. Moore and L. M. McClung, Administrator of J. S. Hannah, dec'd, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said J. S. Hannah dec'd, for adjustment to me at my office in Hillsboro on or before the 15th day of January 1890.

Witness, James C. Warwick Jr., Commissioner of accounts of ——— county this the 22d day of November, 1889.

JAMES W. WARWICK, JR.,
Com'r of accts of P. C.

Nov. 14-6t. Printer's fee $3.75.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want local stones Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

A CARD.

To those sufferers and fellow-men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Nervous Decay, Lost Manhood, Debility, etc., we will send a recipe, containing the prescription used by us various Longfellow physician, that was treated by suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be cheerfully sent to the unfortunate. Send name, Address, The Science Co., 186 Washington St. C. Cincinnati, O.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, County, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

EXPANDED METAL

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch,	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Three in.,	2 00	3 00	4 00	10 00
Six inches,	3 00	5 00	6 00	15 00
Half col'n,	6 00	10 00	12 00	25 00
One col'n,	10 00	15 00	20 00	40 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 21, 1889.

"How We Got Here."

A Virginian was showing a companion of Northern men over a battle field, when one of these said:

"I was murdered all on account of which ancestor here. I had charge of wagon over there near Fort Nelson. One Sunday, while there was no firing going on and we were all loafing about, I saw a man come over that hill by the cemetery and down across the slope toward the rear of the Confederate lines. His unaccountable and severe manner instantly attracted me. I determined to see how close I could come to him, and we all chuckled at the idea of saving the life out of him. I took good aim and headed a shot about six feet from him. The ought to have seen him. He was the most demoralized sharp you ever saw. How he did run, and how we laughed to see him!"

"So you are the man who fired that shot, are you?" said the Virginian.

"Yes; do you know anything about it?"

"Well, yes, I think I do," was the reply; "I was the fellow you shot at. I was a tall walking with some

Old Doctor—How are you coming on with your first case?

Young Doctor—Well, I haven't got the invalid out of his bed yet.

"Get out of his bed yet! Great Esculapius! Why, man, you ought to have had him in his grave by Sunday!"

Song for my father, who was in the south. I didn't suppose there was a Yankee left enough to speak enough to shoot a rooster or our little fellow carrying pail to his father. But you don't exaggerate the state. I didn't give another job in a year."

Mistress—"I wonder you haven't got sense enough to know how long to let the eggs stay in the water. Did they never have any soft-boiled eggs for breakfast where you served before you came here?"

New servant—"No, indeed. The lady where I served before I came here was so kind-hearted that she never allowed me to boil an egg."

"Are you going to deny that charge you made against me in yesterday's paper?" he thundered at the editor.

"No, sir!" stammered back the editor.

"That's right!" he said quietly. "If there is one thing I admire it is a man who sticks to the truth."

"I'd like to ask you, sir," said the young man, in beginning to court "Bright 1—ought I—marry your daughter?"

"Enough," replied her father. "I'll see might——"

"Thanks, sir."

"I'll see might I expected it might be one of the most unpleasant incidents that ever happened in this country."

"Here's a notice for $5, 100," said a young to one of the compositors. "Don't never go to that house on the hill yonder."

"Why not?"

"Cause whenever they've got pie they haven't any cheese, and when they've got cheese they haven't any pie. I wouldn't eat at no such place as that."

Wilkins—"What have you got your coat all turned up in, Yabsley? You surely are not collecting from the mill this warm evening?"

Yabsley—"I'm going to see my best girl, and I've got on a necktie she bought for me the other day at a dry goods store."

Will—"I don't feel like myself at all this morning."

Bill—"What's the matter?"

Will—"Oh, I am all out of sorts."

Bill—"Well, your case isn't half as bad as mine—I'm all out of myself.

Little Freddy (aged six)—"Mamma's the nicest boy in the whole world, papa's the nicest man and sister Ethel is the nicest girl."

Mr. Yorkboy (who is carving cold fowl)—"What am I, Freddy?"

Little Freddy—"You're unlucky."

"See here, do you want to talk me entirely?" he shouted as he flung a pair of trousers on the tailor's table. "Those pants are too much or too long."

"Nonsense. They are the best fitting trousers I have ever cut."

"That may all be true," he said, "but I couldn't possibly sit that way comfortably in front if I were seen with them on."

Landlord—"Well, sir, how did you sleep last night?"

Guest—"Oh, first rate, until along in time for the trains to take me up."

Landlord—"Then you do not consider the trains which go through the night here in the morning, sir. It would have kept me very busy, no doubt."

Judge—"Prisoner seems to be a good man which Mr. Gladstone said his wife always."

Counsel—"What is it?"

"Where he speaks for his wife and tells what she thinks he ought to do."

"Yes, that's a good idea. My wife died I believe it, she—she loved the last part of it."

Young Man (somewhat agitated)—"I have called, Mr. Brown, to ask permission to pay my addresses to your daughter, Miss Ruth."

Banker Brown—"My daughter Ruth, Mr. Fellowcraft? Why, she is engaged to Mr. Swellington."

Young Man (still agitated, but reflecting that all is not yet lost)—"Did you think I said Miss Ruth, Mr. Brown? I said Miss Gwendolen. The—er—conduct of the same positively caused me to misunderstand me."

Lawyer—"I tell you, Darby, I will never marry a man who doesn't love me."

Darby—"And I will never love a man who doesn't marry me."

Physician—"You must have made some big blunder in choosing my name. It won't you at all now."

Watchmaker (taking the order)—"I will put it in good order. A practice's shadows are easily repaired."

"There goes a man whom I should say before under some particular trouble."

"You are right, my boy. He is a man whom all is before knows more himself."

Gentleman (to three ragamuffins)—"Where being are a public prison."

Waiter—"All is me in general. Cap; but that chap with the heavy moustache eating soup over there will be through with his soup."

Editor—"You want to run right down into the press room and get caught in a belt. It will be an easy death compared with the one you will have otherwise."

Proofreader—"Why, what's up?"

Editor—"What's up? Why, in this account of the Comet's fall, in the description of Miss Trimmer's dress, the copy the gave us read dressed with a yoke of pale sapphire, so thunderous and I cannot see why—I'll write up a good account of your death."

Indigestion

Is not unless distressing symptoms of dyspepsia, but in saying the least it lessens happiness and the system unfitted, to the extent of unfavorable condition. That Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best cure for indigestion, even when complicated with liver complaint, is proved by the strong testimony from Mrs. Joseph Lake, of Hockley Center, Wash. Co.:

"After suffering and experimenting for years, I finally got relief from using my remedy. For more than eighteen months I was troubled with indigestion, and was unable to eat any food without suffering. I was also afflicted with a severe pain in the region of the heart, which would frequently cause me to faint. My husband urged me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I did, and after a few days' use found great relief. I continued the use of this medicine, which restored my health completely. Being convinced that I owe my life to Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I feel it my duty to recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease of the blood, stomach, or liver."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
Scott's Emulsion
OF
Cod Liver Oil
AND
HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.

It is far superior to all other so-called Cod Liver Oil.

It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.

It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate on standing.

It is wonderful as a flesh producer.

It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

CATARRH

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

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HEAD

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

FAVORITE SINGER!

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OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS

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FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It contains news, politics, and matter for the advancement of our county, which no one paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It contains notices of sermons in the Methodist, Presbyterian and Northern. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its columns and Headlines are fit for all ages.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year in advance $1.50
If not paid within 6 months 1.75
And at the end of the year 2.00

AND IF YOU NEED

GET THEM AT THE TIMES

JOB OFFICE.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, Va., W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	½ pg.
1 insertion	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 3 00
3 months	3 00	4 00	5 00	10 00
6 months	5 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
1 year	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Legal notices	10 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
Sheriff's sales	10 00	15 00	20 00	30 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion; and five cents a line for each additional line.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 27, 1889.

Jordan Is a Hard Road to Travel.

It's word, Jordan is a hard road to travel, and what with the tariff tiger and the pension elephant, it will be simply a mercy of God if the administration gets out of the jungles alive. In six months there will be fifteen votes contounded. In 12, the former will be gone, and the Treasury will be scrimping around to raise the money necessary to defray the expenses of the Government. So, with the vote of Tuesday tested it, and left itself before, the Republican outlook is about as reassuring as that which beset the gentleman in the fable, who found himself between the devil and the deep, blue sea.

All things augur well for the Democracy. In the first place, we are right—right on the great questions of the day. In the second place, we have had it out among ourselves, and are a unit in head and heart. And, finally, God has raised up at least three leaders one in New Jersey, one in Ohio and one in Iowa, so that we are no longer figured as a single State, or solid third, for a national standard-bearer in 1892, but may pick and choose from a good field, selecting him, who, as events shall dictate, is fitted to lead and carry to win.

Let the fatal goal-bury its dead. Turn to the glorious future. The Democratic sun is in the ascendant. He that can at once our public and settlement at it does in the Hoosier, a sure harbinger of Democratic triumph in 1892.—Henry Watterson in the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Lincoln on Corporations.

"Yes, we may congratulate and believe that this great war is near to a close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure blood. The best blood of the flower of the American people has been freely offered upon our country's altar that the nation might live. It has been indeed, a trying hour for the Republic, but I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of our country. As a result of the war, corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working on the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the Republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless."

The largest family in Wetzel County, W. Va., consists of eight-teen persons—father, mother eight sons and eight daughters.

Miss Mary Clemer, recently notified to Ex-Secretary Bayard, is thirty-nine years old. Her distinguished husband was sixty-one years of age last month.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the following described tracts or lots of land, in the county of Pocahontas, which are delinquent for the non-payment of taxes for the years 1887 and 1888, will be offered for sale by the undersigned sheriff, at public auction at the front door of the Court House of said county, between the hours of ten in the morning and four in the afternoon on the 10 day of December, 1889, that being the second Tuesday in the month. Each tract or lot, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, will be sold for so much cash as is sufficient to satisfy the amount due thereon, as set forth in the following table:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES	QUANTITY OF LAND.	LOCAL DESCRIPTION.	Total amt. of taxes, int. and cost of publication due and unpaid December 1st, 1889.	Total amt. of taxes, int. and cost of publication due and unpaid for 1888 only.
EDRAY DISTRICT.	Acres.			
Armstrong, B. P.	314	Bridge	$1.97	$1.32
Arbogast, Benj. (Va.)	384	W. R. & W. E. T.Co	4.93	3.18
Same	283	W. R	3.69	3.45
Same	63	Tea Cr. & Elk	1.11	1.36
Buckard, L. R.	94	W. Cluver Cr.	1.47	1.72
Brown, Don't Kr. (col)	100	Brushy Lick	1.73	1.98
Bungess, David M.	1124	W. Bungs.	8.41	6.60
Same	150	Same	1.27	1.52
Cassers, Rev. R.	220	Dry Branch	4.39	4.64
Clayton, Jarrett	100	Brushy Lick	1.10	1.35
Carter, Lloyd L.	104	Laurel Cr.	2.36	2.74
Clayton R. J.	140	Savage Knob	1.05	1.30
Doer, C. F.	4.53½	Gauly River	21.12	21.37
Fyrd, Israel	710	Gr. River	2.74	2.29
Fred, John	100	W. G. River	2.80	3.05
Gay, Martha J.	11	Sulphur Spr.	1.05	1.30
Hevey, Wm. H.	1,720	W. & G. Rivers	6.16	6.41
Same	28,360	Laurel Cr. Wm. R	123.44	123.69
Same	3,700	Wm. River	12.34	12.59
Same	2,460	Same	10.61	10.86
Same	1,656	Same	7.32	7.78
Hepler, Scott M.	11	Dry Branch	1.37	1.62
Hagsett, Josie T.	90	Old Field Fork	2.35	2.61
Hevey, W. H.	2,985	Danley River	9.28	9.53
Same	2,450	Same	23.97	24.22
Same	2,450	Same	11.02	11.27
Same	2,216	Same	10.04	10.29
Same	675	Same	2.95	3.20
Same	450	W. Elk	2.29	2.54
Jackson, Wm	100	S. Fork	5.15	5.40
McDowell, Geo. W.	264	Thorny Flat	16.83	17.08
Same	1,633	Big Spring	68.36	80.61
Same	167	Same	2.28	2.53
Kinzer, I. E.	54	N. Elk Riv	58	.83
Smith, Mary A. (Va.)	863	Wm. River	5.10	9.35
Smiley, Wm	1,000	E. Elk	15.00	10.34
Wiles, James B.	50	Marlins Bottom	5.22	7.47
Ware, Lemuel	80	Forge Place	1.60	1.85
Williams, Sarah E.	214	Brushy Lick	1.01	1.26
Whitescarver, John H'rs	335	Big spring &c.	27.42	27.87
Warwick, J. W. & Hall's H'rs		Beaver Creek	4.31	4.56
Same		W. Glenwhite	.46	.71
Same	286	Same	3.76	4.01
LITTLE LEVELS DIST.				
Bradley, Mary J.	50	Bradly's Cr.	2.05	2.30
Cackley, Valentine Est.	250	S. E. W. C. Run	2.38	2.63
Dean, J. P.	87	Mill Run	1.04	1.29
Gardner, J. A.	50	G. River	1.83	21.78
Hobaugh, H. H.	200	L. & L. Run	14.79	15.04
Hollandsworth, Thos. & Jno. Bidwell	8,677	Pt. of Rocks	94.25	94.48
Lantz, Amelia	200	Stamp Mtn.	15.85	16.08
McNeel, Rachel C. & Jas. Beard	58	Deane Mtn.	.95	1.20
McClure, Rachel	50	W. F. Creek	3.91	4.16
Pifer, John	439	Mill Run	1.94	2.19
Same	50	Stamps Ridge	1.62	3.87
Smith, Thos. Est.	350	P. Plats	8.01	8.26
GREEN BANK DISTRICT.				
Bowers, Geo. W	160	Lot No. 50 S. Land	1.85	2.10
Same	50	" " " "	.55	.80
Same	100	" " " "	1.02	1.27
Beal, Peter H.	130	Alt Mtn.	1.28	1.53
Bright, John	40	Station Ridge	1.78	1.03
Chestnut, Wm. & John's Heirs	50	Alt Mtn.	3.56	3.81
Chestnut, Wm. Jno. & Jas.	397	Same	3.96	4.21
Campbell, J. M's H'rs	60	W. G. River	1.24	1.49
Cowan, H'rs & R. B. Camden	1,500	Hill G. Run	10.50	10.75
Lacock, John Est.	245	Alt Mtn.	1.97	2.22
Erwin, Edward Est.	50	Same	1.10	1.35
Kimble, Isaac & Ash	146	Hill G. River	1.70	1.95
McClaugherty, Dan'l Est.	45	Deer Creek	1.69	1.94
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est.	2,304	Alt Mtn.	13.58	13.78
Slaton, Mary A.	101	Bench Run	5.68	5.93
Smith, Henry E.	1,000	Forks G. River	31.89	32.14
Wilfong, Michael	231	W. Alleghany	9.17	9.42
HUNTERSVILLE DIST.				
Beard, Joseph, B. C.				
McNeel & Wm. Skeen,	1,400	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
Bosworth, J. M., Simpson				
& Jos Moore	1,750	Alls. Mtn	4.79	5.14
Craig, Geo. Est.	21	Adj. Huntersville.	6.31	6.56
Courtney, Geo. W.	111	Buckley Mtn	1.13	1.38
Gruver, David's Est.	217	Thorny Cr.	1.83	2.13
Same	100	Same	.85	1.10
Gammons, Thos. Est.		Ball Alley	1.11	1.36
Gammon, Jos. Est.		S. Alley, H'bt'gville	.71	.97
Holcomb, Jno.	18	E. Fodderwhack Cr.	1.80	2.11
Judy, Samuel	334	Adj. F. Bore	1.00	2.15
Kelley, John Sr. Est.	219	W. Knapp's Cr	6.07	6.32
McNeel, Rachel & Jos. Beard	1,408	Buckley Mtn	8.31	8.56
Mathany, Daniel	40	Alleghany Mtn	.98	.83
Sharp, Jno. Sr. Est. and R. Sinnard, Est.	808	Alleghany Mtn	2.43	2.70
Shafer, H. P. O.	18	Buckley Mtn	.90	.75
Townsend, W. T.	100	E. G. River	1.50	2.75
Young, Thos.	180	Hollies Mtn.	.93	1.30

Recapitulation—State tax, $418.39; County tax, 301.44; District tax, $164.39. Total, $1124.09.

Any of the aforesaid tracts or lots may be redeemed by the payment to the undersigned Sheriff, before sale, of the amount due thereon. Given under my hand this 4th day of November, 1889.

H. J. McNEEL, S. P. C.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication." The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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THE LIQUOR IS FOUR MILES NEARER

C. H. LAM, formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, successor to

NEW LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAIN on the West Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

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(Successors to Pudge & [illegible])

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

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DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Clear Cigar and Stanwix Fine Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 214 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, West Va

HOME NEWS.

—Right cold.

—Snow, once and still it snows.

—Some one's horse fretting Green last week.

—For nice job printing, call at THE TIMES office.

—The roads are in a dreadful condition, from the recent rains.

—Next Thursday 28th, is thanksgiving.

—We would like to have a bushel of small white beans.

—Send us the news from your post office.

—Several wagons passed through town this week for the depot.

—E. H. Mogue, of Academy was in town last Saturday.

—Several drummers in town the past week.

—S. L. Gibson, Esq., of Frost passed through town to-day (Wednesday) with some fine cattle.

—Messrs. N. Sydney and J. M. Cuttip of Academy spent Monday night in our city.

—Fix up the sidewalks and keep out of mud a half a foot deep this winter.

—Fifty-six indictments were made at the last term of the Circuit Court in Greenbrier Co., for violating the liquor law.

—We are indebted to our excellent accountant Mr. A. Barlow and Mess. Lowry & Doyle for business favors lately.

—There is comfort for the man with a premature gray beard in Buckingham's Dye, because it never fails to color an even brown or black as may be desired.

—J. C. Lowry, Jr., went down to Academy last Saturday and returned Monday, accompanied by Miss Lucy Brooks, who will visit friends and relatives in our city for a short time.

—We are under many obligations to our young friend Lorin Dilley Esq., for some of the nicest apples we have ever had the pleasure of sticking a knife into.

—The average horses market has been quite dull for some time. Now we don't know what the cause of this is, but we, with all serious, would advise our young men to get married and—and—subscribe for THE TIMES.

—The Lady Godiva must have had exceptionally long hair since it completely enveloped her lovely person. Since Ayer's Hair Vigor came into use such examples are not so rare as formerly. It not only promotes the growth of the hair, but gives it a rich, silken texture.

—We will furnish to all new subscribers and old ones who pay up and a year in advance the National Democrat, a purely Democratic 7 column 8 page paper, published at Washington, D. C., and THE TIMES for $1.75. The National Democrat alone would cost you $1.50.

—Boils, carbuncles, and other skin eruptions indicate that the system is endeavoring to reject poisonous acids, and that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is imperatively needed. It is the most reliable of all blood medicines. Ask your druggist for it, and take no other.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

As we go to press, we learn of the death of Randolph Harris, (col.) a few hours ago, about two miles from this place. The particulars, as we learn, are, that one Titus Carter, (col.) was cutting down a tree, when Randolph came along and stopped below the tree to talk. and Titus told him to get out of the way, that it was ready to fall, but before he could get away the tree fell and struck him, killing him instantly.

Spanish postage stamps bear the picture of the baby King.

Meeting.

A meeting of very marked religious interest held by Rev. S. G. Morgan at the Pilot Church for nearly three weeks past has just closed, and resulted in the conversion of about thirty persons, among them, several young men. Very large congregations attended and the behavior of all was exceptional. It good. Xs.

Green Bank Items.

Died, Nov. 5th, 1890, Minnie Lee, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Lightner, of diptheria, aged nearly five years.

There are no new cases of diphtheria and it is hoped that this much dreaded disease has died out in this community.

Messrs. McKee, B. S. Gum and his son Wm. are at home on a visit from Randolph Co., where they have been working during the past summer and fall.

PAULINE.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

Mrs. Charlie Barner is quite ill at the time of this writing.

Messrs. Granville, Caswell, Kellar and Jacob Arbogast, killed four deer while out hunting one day last week.

Miss Lena Barner who has been at Dr. Ligon's for some time past, returned to her home at this place last Sunday.

Col. Driscoll and Mr Swecker of Dunmore, made a flying trip to this place last week.

Maj. Arbogast and wife of Green Bank, spent last Saturday and Sunday, visiting Mrs. A's sick sister, Mrs. Barner.

Mrs. Sarah Gum and Mrs. Knapp of Green Bank, who have been visiting friends in this neighborhood for a week or two, returned home last Saturday.

Mr. D. W. S. Gum is off on a trip to Elkins.

Mr. Jim Stone is thinking of purchasing finger rings by the gross so as to be able to supply all the girls he waits on.

The new school house out at Mr. Lafayette Barners, has been completed and is now ready for use.

The Ministers who have been holding the meeting at Pine Grove school house are still having good success. Up to this time there has been twenty-seven conversions and there is still ten penitents.

I. G. W.

Supreme Court.

State vs. Gibson, from Harrison county; opinion by Snyder; judgment reversed and case dismissed. In this case the Court holds that that portion of sec. 1 chap. 33, code of 1887, which provides that no person without a State license therefor shall keep in his possession, for another, spirituous liquors" &c., is unconstitutional and void.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local application; as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENAY & CO., Toledo, O.

In sawing a spruce log at the Brunette mill, Victoria, B. C., the saw struck an iron bullet one and three quarter inches in diameter. It was shot from a culverin used by the Spaniards 100 years ago, and it was fully eighteen inches from the surface.

San Francisco, with a population of about 400,000, has only 130 churches, with a seating capacity of 40,000 and an average attendance of 25,000.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Senator Blackburn is one of the most popular, if not the most popular man, in public life, with the "boys." A little incident that occurred here this week shows how he obtains it. If how he keeps that popularity. He was a friend here who is in the toils of the law. An application was to be made in his favor to one of the local courts and "Joe" Blackburn, as some people out at every ten here call the junior Senator from Kentucky, was asked to join several other lawyers in this move on behalf of the prisoner. He readily consented, but at the last minute it was discovered that Senator Blackburn was not a member of the local bar. Did he allow that to freeze him out of the case? Not a bit of it. He had himself admitted to the bar and took his place with the prisoner's other counsels and now the prisoner is out on bail.

This has been a great week for our Catholic fellow citizens. First they celebrated their centennial in Baltimore. Then on Wednesday they dedicated their big University here. The dedication ceremonies were attended by the President, Vice President, the entire cabinet, several justices of the Supreme Court and quite a number of Senators and Representatives. At the banquet which followed the ceremonies Secretary Blaine is spoiled to the toast "Our Country and our President," in a manner that has won the commendation of everybody.

The Three American Congress is back in Washington but owing to the fatigue of its members, regular sittings will not begin until next week. The delegates are enthusiastic over what they saw during their forty days trip around the country.

Mr. Wanamaker does not like the name of "Ananias" which Senator Hampton stinging letter has hung to his coat tail for the rest of his life.

In view of the fact that Vice President Morton's big apartment house in this city has become or bids fair to become a National issue, your correspondent deems it only fair to say that there is no bar room, as such a place is commonly known, in the building, but, in one end of the cafe there are a number of tables at which you can sit and be served with all the liquor you care to pay for.

Senator Sherman has returned from Ohio in the best of humors. He finds it impossible to hide his elation over Foraker's defeat. Here's what he said to a newspaper man: "We are defeated as everybody knows, but the republican party has been defeated in Ohio before with the result of doing it good." Could anything be plainer than that? As soon as Mr. Sherman arrived here he went to the White House, presumably to congratulate Mr. Harrison on the summary removal of what looked at one time like a dangerous rival of his in 1892. Doubtless President Harrison chuckled as he thought that the Ohio election removed the rivals instead of one as Mr. Sherman thinks. For just as certain as Sherman helped to remove Foraker in 1889 will Foraker help to "down" Sherman in 1892. It isn't often that your correspondent indulges in making predictions, but this paragraph to be fully appreciated should be put away until the Summer of 1892.

President Harrison's message is complete. It will not be printed before its delivery to Congress, as has been the custom for many years past. Fearing that it may be prematurely published President Harrison has decided that only two or three type-writer copies of it shall be made for the press agents and that one is to be kept in the White House and not given out until it is known that the wires up at the time which is the time for the message to be delivered.

It begins to look as if there would be no fight over the speakership. The only candidate that does not appear to be afraid of "Big Tom Reed" of the Representatives from Maine is generally called here, in Representative Cannon. He tried to get the other candidates to join him in a combination against Reed, but they all decline. Things may grow more exciting as the number of members in town increases, but unless the opposition shall make a great deal more display than it has so far done, the big Maine man is as good as elected speaker.

One of Washington's most prominent private has been discharged from the Government printing office because while on the street on the night of the recent election, he gave a cheer over the bulletined announcement that Ohio had gone democratic.

If democrats here are correctly informed the next democratic Senator from Ohio will be either John R. McLean or Calvin S. Brice.

Money a Bridge.

The Scotch Bulletin says recently the Pennsylvania railroad wanted a big iron bridge, 258 feet long and weighing 25,000 tons, moved from its place over Mill Creek, near Lancaster, to new site forty-five feet away. Master Carpenter Beard took the job. He had 100 men to help on. He used his preparations leisurely, and, when the last train had passed over the bridge, with its hundred men and his trestles, rollers, jacks and screws he set to work. In just 805 eight minutes from the time the work began the bridge was in its new place and a freight train of such size as to require two locomotives was passing over it. Now the contents couldn't have done that in the same time if they had had 10,000 men. What we know about men and means and how to work it is worth more to the world than all the best arts of all past ages combined.

The United States is credited with 10,310 papers of all sorts, 1,604 of them being dailies.

A Cincinnati is about to enter the law department of Michigan University.

Secretary Blaine has moved into the old Seward house in Washington.

Large fortunes sometimes have queer beginnings. The Gardiner (Me.) News says that one of the wealthiest fellow to that state began business on $3,000, which a sister of the partners got in a breach of promise suit for damages against a rich man.

To The Fall of Foraker.

Great Foraker, and can it be
You are a buried Buckeye?
Heretofore you'd not to "Joey B"
But "Reed's the Unbroke."
Good News, Great Ohio, good every thing.
How sorry the logos of woe take wing!

Now drop a nickel in the slot
And get a grave in a hurry we bet.

Are you the boss who spat the
And breathed out speeches gory
Twanged loud your fol, fol-lowing
Are you the path to glory;
Said money could a Campbell go
A little sunday-school debauch
Then be elected governor
While you were there to wag your jaw?

Great Heavens! No, it must not be.
Mrs. Cleveland, oh, no child!
Bully your friends from sea to sea,
Let them keep work doing wild
March, Knock Boomie, on the run
Who'd cast you in your dirty
Give our good cyclist pal the bun,
Then wave a flag and say Ohio's O. K.—N. Y. World.

HILLSBORO MALE & FEMALE ACADEMY.

D. S. HASKELL, A. M., Principal.

The next annual session of this school will begin

SEPTEMBER 22nd 1890,

and will continue NINE months.

TUITION from $1.50 to $3.00 per month

BOARD $8.00 to $10.00

Contingent fee to pay for fuel etc. 25 cents per month.

Thorough instruction guaranteed, and the principal will exercise especial care over all pupils. Parents should consider the advantages of this school before sending their sons and daughters elsewhere.

Respt.,

D. S. HASKELL.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of J. B. Hannah dec'd.

At the request of C. F. Moore and L. M. McCloskie, Administrator of J. B. Hannah, dec'd, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said J. B. Hannah, dec'd, duly authenticated to me at my office in Hillsboro on or before the 15th day of January 1891.

Witness James F. Warwick Jr., Commissioner of accounts of Pocahontas County this the 25th day of November, 1890.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.,
Com'r of accts of P. C.

Nov. 26-6t. Printer's fee $3.75.

Staunton Marble Works.

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W. Va.

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

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To weak nervous and debilitated men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Early Decay, Lost Manhood, Varicocele, etc., we will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for self-cure, FREE of charge. This great remedy was discovered by an eminent London physician, whose life work was devoted to suffering humanity. Address, the Science of the world's sympathy, and will be cheerfully sent by the subscriber. Send now. Address, The Acme Medical Co., Washington, D. C. Sole agents for America.

Oct. 22-1y.

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Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

November 21, 1889.

How We Did Not.

A Virginian was showing a company of Northern newspaper men a battle field, where one of them said:

"I am reminded of an incident which occurred here. I had charge of a gun over there near Fort Scott. One Sunday, while there was no firing going on and we were all loafing about, I saw a man come over that hill by the cemetery and down across this slope toward the rear of the Confederate lines. His comfortable and serene manner interested me. I determined to see how close I could come to him, and we all chuckled at the idea of scaring the life out of him. I took good aim and landed a shot about six feet from him. You ought to have seen him. He was the most demoralized chap you ever saw. How he did run, and how we laughed to see him!"

"So you are the man who fired that shot, are you?" said the Virginian.

"Yes; do you know anything about it?"

"Well, yes, I think I do," was the reply; "I was the fellow you shot at. I was a kid coming with some

Old Doctor—How are you coming on with your first case?

Young Doctor—Well, I haven't got the invalid out of his bed yet.

"Not out of his bed yet! Great Esculapius! Why, man, you ought to have had him in his grave by this time."

thing for my father, who was in the works. I didn't suppose there was a Yankee left enough to move enough to shoot a cannon at one little fellow carrying grub to his father. But you don't exaggerate the scare. I didn't grow another inch in a year."

Mistress—"It seems you haven't got sense enough to know how long to let the eggs stay in the water. Did they never have any soft-boiled eggs for breakfast where you served before you came here?"

New Servant—"No, indeed. The lady where I served before I came here was so kind hearted that she never allowed me to boil an egg."

"Are you going to deny that charge you made against me in yesterday's paper?" he thundered at the editor.

"No, sir!" thundered back the editor.

"That's right," he said quietly, "if there is one thing I admire it is a man who sticks by his convictions."

"I'd like to ask you, sir," said the young man, in hesitating tones "might I—might I—marry your daughter?"

"Hough," replied her father. "Last night——"

"I know, sir."

"You might, I repeat, but it would be one of the most unfortunate occurrences that ever happened in this country!"

"Here's a pointer for ye, Bill," said a tramp to one of his companions. "Don't never go to Cincinnati on the hill yander."

"Why not?"

"'Cause whenever they've got ye they haven't any choice, and when they've got choice they hasn't any ye. I wouldn't set at no such game as that."

Wickwire—"What kind of a cook you got your aunt all buttoned up for, Yabsley? You surely are not suffering from the cold this warm evening?"

Yabsley—"I'm going to see my best girl, and I've got on a necktie she bought for me the other day at a dry goods store."

Will—"I don't feel like myself at all, this morning."

Bill—"What's the matter?"

Will—"Oh, I am all out of sorts."

Bill—"Well, your case isn't half so bad as mine—I'm all out of money.

Little Freddy (aged six)—"Mamma's the nicest lady in the whole world, papa's the nicest man and sister Ethel is the nic-est girl."

Mr. Stickney (who is courting sister Ethel)—"What am I, Fred-dy?"

Little Freddy—"You're nobody."

"See here, do you want to ruin me entirely?" he shouted as he flung a pair of trouser's on the tailor's table. "Those pants are two inch es too long."

"Nonsense. They are the best fitting trousers I have ever cut."

"That may all be true," he said, "but I couldn't maintain my literary reputation an hour if I were seen with them on."

Landlord—Well, sir, how did you sleep last night?"

Guest—"Oh, first rate, until along to-ward morning the trains woke me up."

Landlord—"There are no trains through here in the morning, sir. It must have been our new hash machine."

Dolly—"That seems to be a good rule which Mr. Gladstone and his wife observe."

Cumso—"What is it?"

"When he loses his wife soft nuts when she insists he submits."

"Yes, that's a good rule. My wife and I follow it, too—at least the last part of it."

Young Man (somewhat agitated)—"I have called, Mr. Means, to ask permission to pay my addresses to your daughter, Miss Ruth."

Banker Means—"My daughter Ruth, Mr. Peduncle? Why, she is engaged to Mr. Sweckhammer."

Young Man (still agitated, but reflecting that all is not yet lost)—"Did you think I said Miss Ruth, Mr. Means? I said Miss Gwendolen. The—er—similarity of the names probably caused you to misunderstand me."

Laura—"I tell you, Emily, I will never marry a man who doesn't love me!"

Emily—"And I will never love a man who doesn't marry me."

Physician—"You must have made some big blunder in cleaning my watch. It won't run at all now."

Watchmaker (taking the watch)—"I will put it in good order. A jeweler's blunders are easily repaired."

"There goes a man whom I should say labors under some peculiar trouble."

"You are right, my boy. He is a man whose wife is better known than himself."

Customer (in sheep restaurant)—"Waiter, bring me a napkin, please."

Waiter—"All is not at present, Cap; but that chap with the hairy moustache eating soup over there will be through with his soon."

Editor—"You want to run right down into the power room and get caught in a belt. It will be an easy death compared with the one you will have otherwise."

Proofreader—"Why, what's up?"

Editor—"What's up? Why, in this account of the Cincinnati fall, in the description of Miss Telcote's dress, the copy she gave me read trimmed with a plait of jute sweepings,' and you let it go thru' said with a jet bit of jute sweepings. I'm no downstairs and consult my wife—I'll write up a good account of your death."

Indigestion

Is not only distressing complaint, of itself, but, by causing the blood to become depraved and the system enfeebled, is the parent of innumerable maladies. The **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** is the best cure for indigestion, even when complicated with Liver Complaint, as proved by the following testimony from Mrs. Joseph Lake, of Hookway Corners, Mich.:—

"Liver complaint and indigestion made my life a burden and came near ending my existence. For some time I had constantly agonizing pains, was subject almost to exhaustion, and rapidly had strength to this world about. All kinds of food distressed me, and only the most delicate could be digested at all. Within the time mentioned several physicians treated me without giving relief. Nothing that I took seemed to do me permanent good until I commenced the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has produced wonderful results. Have used approximately to take the Sarsaparilla I could see no improvement in my condition. My appetite began to return and with it came the ability to digest all the food taken, and strength increased each day, and after a few months of faithful attention to your directions, I found myself a well woman, able to attend to all household duties. The medicine has given me a new lease of life."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. XII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, November, 28 1889 No. 19

ONE CENT

WEEKLY

SPECIAL

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, November, 281889. [illegible] No. 19.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell. Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic. Sheriff, M. J. McNeel. Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Smith. Clerk of Ct. & Ch. Courts, J. J. Beard. Assessor, C. [illegible]. [illegible] Dist'n Co. Ct. [illegible]. [illegible]. [illegible]. Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Only in levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STUTLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. MUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SWITZER.
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. H. WEYBOURN,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County as [illegible] Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE DISTRICT SCHOOL.

"Come on dear," said Amy, putting up her parasol.

"Dear" came, a slightly five year old.

"We'll take a stroll up the road, Malcolm," said his young aunt.

"All wight," said Malcolm.

They had come, Malcolm and his parents and his father's pretty sister, to pass the summer in Ghuster.

Ghuster was only a hamlet, but it was cool and green and delightful.

"We'll go along by this stone wall, dear," said Amy.

They passed a maple grove, a little old church, some farm houses, and then came suddenly upon a square, white building, with two doors in front and yellow blinded windows—two of the doors bare footed children, with dinner pails, were coming.

"A district school" said Amy. "And it looks so much like—but of course you don't remember, Malcolm. You were only two years old.

Smiling in a pleasantly retrospective way, Amy strolled up to the door.

She would have a congenial little visit with the teacher. Probably it was a spinster with a pointed nose and a shoeless shawl, but—

She said Malcolm went in, and the teacher rose from the desk.

She was hardly a spinster! He was a tall, bright-eyed, dark moustached, unbecomingly good looking young man.

"Oh!" Amy faltered.

"Come in!" said the schoolmaster, though they were in.

Amy mustered her courage. It was embarrassing, but after all it didn't alter the case. She would have her congenial talk just the same.

"We thought we'll come in," she said, sweetly smiling. "You see, I taught a term in a district school once myself, and——

"Certainly!" said the master. "I am always glad to have visitors. I'm sorry my school is out."

He hastened forward to hand her, and walked back down the aisle with her.

"I'd never been glad in my life!" said Amy—not very regretfully, however. "See, Malcolm, dear, that rat on the blackboard."

"Yes, I illustrate their lessons for my primer children," said the teacher, laughing. "They like my pictorial efforts."

What a pleasant laugh he had, and what a sheepish and gooey in his eyes!

Amy's heart lost a little faster.

"It's such work, isn't it, teaching, before 9" she said. "I had an infant of three to my mind."

"Oh, I draw the line there! But I have them as small as this young man."

He pinch Malcolm's fat cheek.

"Malcolm is fine," said Amy. "Have you many pupils? I had originally sixteen."

"Oh, I can beat that! I have [illegible]."

"And you do it all!" said Amy, her admiring eyes raised to his. "I'm afraid I'm presumptuous in my to have a congenial talk," she laughed, ambiguously. "You see, I taught only one term. I was spending the summer at Hinton, and the teacher was taken sick the first of the term, and I taught it for her. But I'm afraid I did it for fun."

"I shall rank you among the pedagogues, all the same," the young schoolmaster declared. "I only taught a school, and the university of your middle name's matter. I don't know why we can't have a congenial talk."

"Perhaps we can," said Amy, with pretty laughter and a blush.

They had it.

Malcolm, sitting close to his pretty aunt on the bench, listened round eyed, interested if not comprehending.

Amy wondered afterward how ever they drifted from school methods and monthly examinations to the prettiness of Ghuster's rambles and the pleasantness of the Clark's front porch, where Amy boarded, and the excellence of their croquet ground. But they did; and they were honestly amazed when the clock on the wall gave its "clock" for half past five.

They looked at each other in flushed alarm.

Their acquaintance was an hour and a half old.

"I've hindered you!" Amy cried. "You've got lessons to make out, or something."

"I haven't," retorted the teacher, with a bright laugh. "I was going home. I live beyond the Clarks', and I hope you'll let me go with you."

"Come, Malcolm dear," said Amy turning with her smiling face.

"I don't suppose you will care for my commencement," said the schoolmaster, at the Clarks' gate. "It's the day after to-morrow evening. I call it commencement in compliment to the term stopping off at the higher class. Only its something of a exhibition, too, you know. Everybody comes, and the school board and my graduates and I—you occupy the platform on the occasion, and it's a grand time for Ghuster. or, it's wouldn't pay you."

"But I shall come, of course, said Amy, not then blushed for having said "of course."

But the schoolmaster looked happy.

She went up the path to a smiling day. Indeed it had been a congenial talk—exceedingly congenial!

"Yes, Ghuster's pretty quiet," said Mr. Clark of the supper table, "since commencement time, but we have to beat us out of the summer. It'll be worth seein', though. We've got as smart a learner as you'll find. Sara and brought up in Ghuster, too, Phil Oakes was. Ain't but twenty-two. He's put his self through college with his own hands—or his own head. Keeps us with his classes, somehow, right along with his books. Didn't to have a first rate berth with his uncle in Marshes when he's bound to get educated first. He'll amount to something, Phil Oakes! Well, you better go to commencement. You'll enjoy it."

"I shall go," Amy muttered, but turning her full.

Commencement was drawing to a close. The audience which was large, had listened and applauded, and crowd BOUQUETS, and the room-O roused itself for nearly two hours. The graduates had read their essays, and the chairman of the school board had presented their diplomas and made a short address.

Now it was the turn of the young master, and the audience gave him a little round of cheers as he rose to speak the parting words to the graduates. For Phil Oakes was certain to say something worth hearing.

So he did. The sentimental sentiments about the corner of life and the path of science were by most delighted. The young master's speech was short, but crisp good; terse, but bright and interesting and amusing.

Amy looked and listened.

She was with her brother and sister in law, and she was rather glad to do the thing she wished doing; but she did not falter.

How nice he looked! And his bright eyes were turned toward her more than once. And she determined to do it if it was possible.

She gasped faintly the loveliness now gay of flowers she had carefully arranged, red and white and yellow roses, with a border of delicate ferns, and as the young man bowed, amid clamor applause, she threw it with vigor directly at him.

There was a general laugh at the novel feature, and some a spasming "Ah!" of consternation.

The big bunch had hit the rather lanky lamp on the organ and knocked it to the floor. There was the expected crash of smashing glass, but worse, there was a burst of flame. The oil had caught fire.

Of course there was a panic. Every man, in their first fright, pushed toward the door. Women screamed and children cried.

Everybody was certain that the building would burn, and there was a general rush and hubbub.

But Amy stood still. Her cheeks in her hot pretty shame, burning and her brother had borne her out and called to Amy to follow.

But she did not. She stood motionless and watched the figure on the platform.

Phil Oakes had snatched up the carpet from the temporary platform and was valiantly smothering the flames.

Amy waited. She felt sure it he was really burned—if he was smothered—it would be her fault—hers! And how differently she had meant it! She had "set" Malcolm, the reason she did not desire that her indiscretion should be to his injury.

The time she stood scarcely waiting—waiting till he could see and come to her, as she knew he could, for he would, there from whose dull tempest had vanished the first stunned surprise.

When he came, white, tired, but smiling, the tears rushed to her sad eyes.

"I was such a goose!" she said. "I let more we do it! You are burned—both your hands—and I did it!"

"No, no! A small burn or two—nothing!" said the schoolmaster, looking handsome as he bent toward her. "Don't think of it. I have [illegible] or threats, all this are worth it! Are you sheer? Let me take you home."

She took his arm. He was much hurt, and he held her fingers tightly in his hand, and they were going out into the cool night breath, and she was elected glad.

For otherwise she would be going home with Jenks and Marjorie.

"My sister is her guest, you know," said Amy, laughing and blushing together, and in most hysterical tones. "And my brother took her home. He told me to come, but I—"

"Your brother!" said Mr. Oakes.

"Yes."

"And your sister is her?"

"Yes, yes."

"Then I haven't seen them!" he exclaimed.

"But you haven't called on us," Amy sobbed, shyly.

"And I thought you were close," he declared.

"But I'm not," she replied, [illegible]

The schoolmaster stopped short, and faced her.

"Is it possible," he said, solemnly, "it is possible that that child is your sister?"

"Of course! What else could he be?" Amy cried.

There was a silence of some minutes.

"I thought he was your—son," said Phil Oakes, dazed candidly. "I thought you were a widow."

"A widow!" she gasped.

She leaned against the fence and laughed until she was weak.

"I was sure you were a widow," he said. "You had on a black dress, you know."

"With yellow bows on it!" she replied in a sob account.

"And the little boy was with you."

"Oh, yes! Malcolm loves me. And Margaret was away that day!"

"And he looks like you."

"Yes, everybody says so."

"And you called him Amy? And I thought he called you mamma."

"Aimé Amy," she corrected, faint with laughter.

"I see," said the schoolmaster, slowly. "Do you know," he added, gazing down upon her,—that it has occurred me once or twice? Somehow I didn't like to think of you being a n dear. I liked you," said the schoolmaster, rather considerably. "I liked you right away. That was a very good talk, wasn't it, and I—I admired you. But I was extremely persuaded that you were a widow with a young, beautiful, and somehow I didn't like the idea in the least. You see now I don't know why," said the young man, laughing as he looked down upon her.

And he didn't know, though he blushed as he said it, and thought she of the rose-tinged had her pretty head turned away.

But he knew later. The [illegible] was long, and the Clarks' front porch and croquet ground were dark, as comfortable. When the young schoolmaster went back to college in the fall he left a hundred pleasant ring behind him. And when, two years later, the bright graduate went to fill a responsible position in Marshes, he took his young wife with him.—Saturday night.

ONE CENT

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WEEKLY CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH

PITTSBURGH, PA.

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SPECIAL.

The POCAHONTAS TIMES has made arrangements with the publishers of the Weekly Chronicle Telegraph by which we will send the two papers for one address to the United States or Canada, postage prepaid, a year for the sum of $1.50.

Address the POCAHONTAS TIMES, HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, November, 28 1889. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. No. 19.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Hamrick.
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. C. Bridgeford.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. B. Hogsett, J. B. Hughes, T. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Att'y.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE DISTRICT SCHOOL.

"Come on dear," said Amy, putting up her parasol.

"Dear" came, a chubby five year-old.

"We'll take a stroll up the road, Malcolm," said his young aunt.

"All wight," said Malcolm.

They had come, Malcolm and his parents and his father's pretty sister, to pass the summer in Gloster.

Gloster was only a hamlet, but it was cool and green and delightful.

"We'll go along by this stone wall, dear," said Amy.

They passed a maple grove, a little, old church, some farm houses, and then came suddenly upon a square, white building, with two doors in front and yellow blinded windows—one of the doors bare footed children, with dinner pails, were coming.

"A district school" said Amy. "And it looks so much like—But of course you don't remember, Malcolm. You were only two years old.

Smiling in a pleasantly retrospective way, Amy strolled up to the door.

She would have a congenial little chat with the teacher. Probably it was a spinster with a pointed nose and a shoulder shawl, but—

She and Malcolm went in, and the teacher rose from the desk.

He was hardly a spinster! He was a tall, bright-eyed, dark moustached, indisputably good-looking young man.

"Oh!" Amy faltered.

"Come in!" said the schoolmaster, though they were in.

Amy mustered her courage. It was embarrassing, but after all it didn't alter the case. She would have her congenial talk just the same.

"We thought we'd come in," she said, sweetly smiling. "You see, I taught a term in a district school once myself, and——

"Certainly," said the master. "I am always glad to have visitors. I'm sorry my school is out."

He hastened forward to meet her, and walked back down the aisle with her.

"I'd have been glad to see it," said Amy—not very regretfully, however. "Now, Malcolm, dear, that rat on the blackboard."

"Yes, I illustrate their lessons for my primer children," said the teacher, laughing. "They like my pictorial efforts."

What a pleasant laugh he had, and what a clearness and gaiety in his eyes!

Amy's heart beat a little faster.

"It's such work, isn't it, teaching, babies?" she said. "I had an infant of three in my school."

"Oh, I draw the line there! But I have them as small as this young man."

He pinch Malcolm's fat cheek.

"Malcolm is five," said Amy. "Have you many pupils? I had only sixteen."

"Oh, I can beat that! I have forty."

"And you, do it all?" said Amy, her admiring eyes raised to his. "I'm afraid I'm presumptuous to try to have a congenial talk," she laughed, ambiguously. "You see, I taught only one term. I was spending the summer at Hinton, and the teacher was taken sick the first of the term, and I taught it for her. But I'm afraid I did it for fun."

"I shall rank you among the pedagogues, all the same," the young schoolmaster declared, gaily. "You've taught a school, and the mistakes of your novice days don't matter. I don't know why we can't have a congenial talk."

"Perhaps we can," said Amy, with pretty laughter and a blush.

They had it.

Malcolm, sitting close to his pretty aunt on the bench, listened round eyed, interested if not comprehending.

Amy wondered afterward how ever they drifted from school methods and monthly examinations to the prettiness of Gloster's rambles and the pleasantness of the Clark's front porch, where Amy boarded, and the excellence of their croquet ground. But they did, and they were honestly amazed when the clock on the wall gave its "chirick" for half past five.

They looked at each other in flushed alarm.

Their acquaintance was an hour and a half old.

"I've hindered you!" Amy cried. "You've got lessons to make out, or something."

"I haven't," retorted the teacher, with a bright laugh. "I was going home. I live beyond the Clarks', and I hope you'll let me go with you."

"Come, Malcolm dear," said Amy turning aside her smiling face.

"I don't suppose you will care for my commencement," said the schoolmaster, at the Clarks' gate. "It's day after to-morrow evening. I call it commencement to come irony—it's the nerve stepping off of my higher class. Only its something of a celebration, here, you know. Everybody comes, and the school board and my graduates put for the occasion, and it's a grand time—for Gloster. So, It wouldn't pay you."

"But I shall come, of course, said Amy, and then blushed for having said "of course."

But the schoolmaster looked happy.

She went up the path in a smiling daze. Indeed it had been a congenial talk—amazingly congenial!

"Yes, Gloster's pretty quiet," said Mr. Clark at the supper table. "I 'spose commencement, now, 'll have to last us rest o' the summer, it'll be worth seein', though. We've got as smart a learner as you'll find. Born and brought up in Gloster, too, Phil Oakes was. Ain't but twenty-two. He's put' himself through college with his own hands—or his own head, keeps up with his classes, some how, right along with his teachin'. Goin' to have a first rate teeth with his uncle in Marsden when he's bound to get educated first. He'll amount to something, Phil Oakes! Well, you better go to commencement. You'll enj'y it."

"I shall go," Amy murmured, buttering her roll.

Commencement was drawing to a close. The audience which was large, had listened and applauded, and tossed flowers, and vigorously fanned itself for nearly two hours. The graduates had read their essays, and the chairman of the school board had presented their diplomas and made a short address.

Now it was the turn of the young master, and the audience gave him a little round of cheers as he rose to speak the parting words to the graduates. For Phil Oakes was certain to say something worth hearing.

So he did. The conventional sentiments about the college of life and the part of success were for once neglected. The young master's speech was short, but good; terse, but bright and interesting and amusing.

Amy looked and listened.

She was with her brother and sister in law, and she was rather in doubt as to the thing she intended doing; but she did not falter.

How nice he looked! And his bright eyes were turned toward her more than once. And she determined to do it if it was eccentric.

She grasped firmly the handsome rose gay of flowers she had carefully arranged, red and white and yellow roses, with a border of dob cate ferns, and as the young master bowed, amid sincere applause, she threw it with vigor directly at him.

There was a general laugh at the novel feature, and then a spreading "Ah!" of consternation.

The big bunch had hit the rather rickety lamp on the organ and knocked it to the floor. There was the expected crash of breaking glass; but worse, there was a burst of flame. The oil had caught fire.

Of course there was a panic. Ladies men, in their first fright, pushed toward the door. Women screamed and children cried.

Everybody was certain that the building would burn, and there was a general rush and hubbub.

But Amy stood still. Her sister in law had grown almost hysterical and her brother had borne her out and called to Amy to follow.

But she did not. She stood motionless and watched the figure on the platform.

Phil Oakes had snatched up the carpet from the temporary platform, and was valiantly smothering the flames.

Amy waited. She had done it. If he was really burned—if he was smothered—it would be her fault—hers! And how differently she had meant it! She had been foolish, but surely she did not deserve that her foolishness should be to his injury.

The time she stood miserably waiting—waiting till he should see and come to her, as she knew he would (for he must know from whom that bouquet had come)—the time seemed endless.

When he came, white faced but smiling, the tears rushed to her contrite eyes.

"I was such a goose!" she said. "What made me do it? You are burned—both your hands—and I did it!"

"No, no! A small burn or two—nothing!" said the schoolmaster, looking handsome as he best he said her. "Don't think it! I have your flowers, and they are worth it! Are you alone? Let me take you home."

She took his arm. He was not much hurt, and he held her flowers tightly in his hand, and they were going out into the cool night together, and she was almost glad.

For otherwise she would be going home with John and Margaret.

"My sister in law was hysterical with fright," said Amy, laughing and half crying together, and almost hysterical herself. "And my brother took her home. He told me to come, but I—"

"Your brother!" said Mr. Oakes.

"Yes."

"And your sister in law?"

"Why, yes."

"But I haven't seen them!" he expostulated.

"But you have called on me," Amy retorted, archly.

"And I thought you were alone," he declared.

"But I'm not," she replied, wondering.

The schoolmaster stopped short, and faced her.

"Is it possible?" he said, solemnly,—"is it possible that that child is your nephew?"

"Of course! What else could he be?" Amy cried.

There was a silence of some minutes.

"I thought he was your—son," said Phil Oakes, faint inaudibly. "I thought you were a widow."

"A widow!" she gasped.

She leaned against the fence and laughed until she was weak.

"I was sure you were a widow," he said. "You had on a black dress, you know."

"With yellow lemons in it!" she replied in a sniff scream.

"And the little boy was with you."

"Oh, yes! Malcolm loves me. And Margaret was away that day!"

"And he looks like you."

"Yes, everybody says so."

"And you called him 'dear.' And I thought he called you 'mummy!'"

"Aunt Amy," she corrected, faint with laughter.

"I see," said the schoolmaster, slowly. "Do you know," he added, gazing down upon her, "that I was worried no end over so much? Somehow I didn't like to think of you being a widow. I liked you," said the schoolmaster, rather breathlessly. "I liked you right away. That was a congenial talk, wasn't it? and I—I admired you. But I was extremely persuaded that you were a widow with a young, hopeful, and somehow I didn't like the idea in the least. On my word I don't know why," said the young man, laughing as he looked down upon her.

And he didn't know, though he blushed as he said it, and thought she of the rose-bequest had her pretty face turned away.

But he knew later. The summer was long, and the Clarks' front porch and croquet ground were rich in opportunity. When the young schoolmaster went back to college in the fall he left a modest diamond ring behind him. And when, two years later, the bright graduate went to fill a responsible position in Marsden, he took his young wife with him.—Saturday night.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN T. CAMPBELL.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 26 1889.

Note the Date on It.

One of the luck of all the subscribers is "Date Stops by the Journal Inside."

Life is chock full of small and unnecessarily tragic occurrences. They are better helped by sensibility.

You get annoyed and angry. Then sudden sunset, magic and there is a wrinkle all created.

What makes you provoking and who won't smile back on proceeding in an hour, and will be utterly unguided in a day. Look back on the effects, the cause thought, somewhere, what and was made of the wrench-up.

Some good-natured fun should be made. How that shall there must be laughter and fun, and will be utterly unguided in a day. Look back on the effects, the cause thought, somewhere, what and was made of the wrench-up.

You easily forget things, it is a large complaint, and, besides, a cheap one, and costs nothing.

It is particularly useful to those who are in business, because they can quickly take the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others.

It is a valuable article to those who are in business, because they can quickly take the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others, and quickly lose the good opinions of others.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the following described tracts or lots of land, in the county of Pocahontas, which are delinquent for the non-payment of taxes for the years 1887 and 1888, will be offered for sale by the undersigned sheriff, at public auction at the front door of the Court House of said county, between the hours of ten in the morning and four in the afternoon on the 10 day of December, 1889, that being the second Tuesday in the month. Each tract or lot, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, will be sold for so much cash, as is sufficient to satisfy the amount due thereon, as set forth in the following table:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES	No. ACRES OF LAND	LOCAL DESCRIPTION	Total value of land and of personal property to be taxed	Total amount of taxes and interest and costs due thereon
ENRAT DISTRICT				
Armstrong, S. F.	33	Savage	$1.87	$1.32
Arbaugh, Peter (Va.)	344	W. E. & W. E. Tate	4.81	3.18
"	393	W. H.	5.01	3.83
"	83	Tea Cr. & Elk	1.11	1.16
Barrett, L. E.	94	W. Cheat Cr.	1.43	1.09
Brown, Dan'l Sr. (col)	196	Brooks Link	1.73	1.09
Bingham, David M.	113½	W. Savage	6.41	6.66
"	130	Same	1.62	1.32
Cameron, Geo. H.	178	Dry Branch	4.38	4.83
Chrisman, Samuel	196	Brooks Link	3.51	3.53
Cooper, David L.	104	Locust Cr.	3.48	3.74
Cooper, W. S.	130	Savage Knob	1.95	1.30
Dodd, G. T.	4,333½	Sandy River	21.17	21.57
Dodd, Daniel	350	Gr. River	3.14	2.39
Dodd, John	300	W. Fk. River	3.90	3.65
Dice, Martin J.	33	Sulphur Spr.	1.65	1.39
Dever, Wm. H.	1,320	W. & C. River	6.16	6.41
"	28,300	Locust Cr. Wm. H.	233.44	233.69
"	3,700	Wm. River	15.56	15.39
"	2,400	Same	10.00	10.00
"	1,400	Same	7.32	7.78
Dodrill, Noah T. W.	33	Dry Branch	1.35	1.05
Dodrill, Noah T.	60	Mill Point Rock	2.55	2.91
Dever, W. H.	2,100	Gauley River	9.28	9.33
"	2,400	Same	10.37	14.28
"	2,450	Same	14.07	11.27
"	3,310	Same	14.04	14.28
"	313	Same	2.93	3.29
"	400	Same	3.79	3.34
Dodrill, Wm.	130	N. Fork	3.10	3.40
Dodrill, Wm. W.	264	Dunlap Run	16.85	17.06
"	1,600	Big Spring	20.70	20.61
"	167	Same	2.29	2.53
Evans, D.	100	N. Fk. Cr.	39	40
Sewell, Capt. A. (Va.)	665	Wm. River	9.10	9.53
Sheets, W. H.	1,000	W. Fk.	14.00	14.34
Sheets, Isaac H.	1	Marlin Bottom	7.22	7.47
Sharp, Upton	80	Dogs Run	1.40	1.52
Sutherland, Sarah N.	313	Brooks Link	1.10	1.23
Sutherland, John Wm.	329	Big Spring No.	11.42	11.05
Simmons, G. W. & Bell's Heirs	361	Sand Creek	4.31	4.76
"	29	W. Greenbrier	49	51
"	700	Same	1.79	4.01
GREEN BOTTOM DISTRICT				
Bradley, Benj. A.	60	Brady's Cr.	2.62	2.39
Campbell, Catherine Mrs.	200	N. Fk. W. Fk. Elm	2.28	2.05
Davis, J. P.	87	Mill Run	1.62	3.27
Greenleaf, J. A.	56	G. River	2.82	31.19
Hannah, H. H.	328	L. Sh'l. Run	14.79	14.60
Hannah, Wm. & Jas. Heirs	767	Fk. of Elm	34.57	34.68
Hannah, Wm.	200	Frosty Mtn.	12.60	9.06
Hannah, Wm. & Jas. Heirs	28	Frosty Mtn.	99	1.25
Hill, Wm. Daniel	39	W. Fk. River	3.29	4.31
Hicks, John	130	Mill Run	1.96	2.19
"	330	Stover Bridge	4.62	3.87
Hamlin, Chas. Est.	500	H. River	9.61	9.28
GREEN BOTTOM DISTRICT				
Hannah, Wm. W.	140	Lot No. 26 S. Land	1.82	3.06
"	70	" " "	91	92
"	101	" " "	1.62	1.61
Davis, Isaac H.	129	Mill Run	1.29	1.33
Driggs, John	10	Stover Bridge	1.29	1.33
Greenleaf, Wm. & Jas. Heirs	56	Mill Run	1.26	1.04
Greenleaf, Wm. Jas. & Jno.	50	Same	1.08	1.21
Greenleaf, J. A. Est.	60	W. Fk. River	1.24	1.08
Greenleaf, Wm. & Jas. Heirs	1,000	Hall's Run	10.00	10.13
Greenleaf, John Wm.	182	Mill Run	1.91	2.12
Greenleaf, John Wm.	50	Same	1.10	1.23
Greenleaf, Jas. & Jno.	110	Hall's River	1.76	1.80
Hannah, Wm. & Jas.	14	Hall's Creek	1.08	1.13
Hannah, Wm. & Jas.	1,000	Mill Run	11.05	10.75
Hannah, Wm. & Jas.	111	Mill Run	1.08	1.33
Hannah, Wm. & Jas.	1,000	Frosty Mtn.	11.00	10.13
Hannah, Wm. & Jas.	111	W. Greenbrier	9.17	9.62
HUNTERSVILLE DISTRICT				
Beard, Wm. H.	2,100	Buckley Mtn.	9.21	9.06
Beard, Wm. H.	1,700	Elk Mtn.	14.20	14.14
Beard, Wm.	10	Gr. Huntersville	9.03	9.28
Beard, Wm. H.	111	Buckley Mtn.	1.14	1.19
Beard, Wm.	111	Thorny Cr.	1.13	1.17
Beard, Wm.	100	Swamp	91	1.10
Beard, Wm.		Mill Mtn.	1.11	1.16
Beard, Wm.	11	G. Mtn. Huntersville	72	69
Beard, Wm.	10	G. Huntersville	1.08	1.11
Beard, Wm.	84	Mill Fk. Run	1.10	1.15
Beard, Wm.	111	W. Savage Cr.	1.09	1.03
Beard, Wm. H.	1,000	Buckley Mtn.	9.61	9.06
Beard, Wm.	10	Laughing Run	91	91
Beard, Wm. H.	100	Laughing Run	1.14	1.10
Beard, Wm. H.	11	Buckley Mtn.	91	1.11
Beard, Wm. H.	100	Big Run	1.09	1.15
Beard, Wm.	100	Mason Run	91	1.10

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Clover Lick, - - West Va.

HOME NEWS

—Rev. W. T. Price, was in our office last Monday.

—Benj. Varner Esq., of Split Rock was in to see us Tuesday.

—I. B. Moore, Esq., of Knapp's Creek was in town the first of the week.

—W. H. Overholt, Esq., of Arnettsville, spent the night in our City last Thursday.

—Attorney C. F. Moore, was down at Academy last Thursday on professional business.

—Attorney H. S. Tucker, went down to the Levels this evening (Wednesday) on legal business.

—J. T. Welch, Esq., has had a very serious case of mumps for sometime passed, but we are glad to say is able to be out again.

—J. H. Curry, Esq., and wife of Mill Point, passed through town Monday on their way home from Green Bank where they have been visiting friends and relatives.

—As soon as you discover any falling of the hair or grayness always use Hall's Hair Renewer to tone up the secretions and prevent baldness or grayness.

—What's become of the bridge across Knapp's creek at this place? We haven't heard of any one crossing it lately. Has the approach never been built since the water washed it away last spring? Reckon not.

—Today is Thanksgiving, and when we consider the vast growing wealth of our southern states the late elections, our health, happiness and prosperity and many other things that ought to be a day of thankfulness indeed.

—If we, from any cause, the digestive and secretory organs become disordered, they may be set right by using Ayer's Cathartic Pills. These Pills are prescribed by the best physicians, and are for sale at all the drug stores.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,
8-26-tf. H. S. LOCKRIDGE.

—The use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, stimulates the secretions, and imparts new life and vigor to every function of the body. For nearly half a century, it has remained unrivaled as the best blood medicine ever discovered. Be convinced by a trial.

Driftwood Goings

More rain and mud.

Our school is flourishing under the management of Miss Lelia M. Bonner, of Green Bank.

Miss Emma McAlpin, who has been visiting in this neighborhood for the past week has returned home, accompanied by Miss Susie Weeks.

It is rumored that a wedding is soon to take place in our neighborhood.

Rev. Jno. McNeel closed his protracted meeting last Sunday.

Mr. Ulrich Heavner removed some of his cattle from the Hall mountain looking this week.

Dunmore Goings

As we have seen nothing from Tom Sawyer for some time we suppose he is as dead as Billy Malone.

We are having all sorts of weather, and mud, and some of the roads are almost impassible. We must have better roads or stop traveling.

We have some good B. B. news again.

The best thing W. Va., can do is to stop the free schools for two years, and apply the money to the roads and bridges, so that all may be benefited thereby.

Mr. Newton Moore and Wm. Carpenter are very ill at this writing.

Our school is flourishing. Miss Jones has a large class of music scholars and expects to teach music at Dunmore when her school is out.

Jacob Taylor has gone into the lumber business.

There will be singing at the Hevener church Saturday night and Sunday on the new organ. Come and bring your books. Preaching Sunday at 3 p. m.

C. B. Sweeker, got a load of out fits and chairs this week.

TRAVELER.

Traveler's Rapsus Locals.

Mr. Oliver Gum and wife of Monterey Va., were visiting Mr. O. W. S. Gum a few days ago.

Mrs. Maggie Hughes and son Charlie of Highland Co., were visiting her mother Mrs. Comfort Hunchin who has been quite ill, the past week.

Mr. H. Malcolm and wife of Crabbottom Va. are visiting their daughter Mrs. Dennis Burner.

Mr. Lee Burner is off on a trip to Monterey, and Mr. Robt. Kerr to Staunton Va.

A couple of Mormons Preachers passed through this place last week and distributed a few tracts as they went, but did not succeed in getting a building to preach in.

Mrs. Eva Beard, of Green Bank who came to this place to visit relatives last week was taken quite ill at the residence of her brother Mr. Mark Yeager.

Mr. Walker Yeager had the misfortune to cut his foot badly, while chopping wood last Saturday morning.

Mr. Charles Pritchard arrived at this place last Wednesday, from Red Creek, Tucker Co., and he and wife are now visiting his parents at Dunmore.

Mr. Kelley, who lives about nine miles from here killed eleven deer in a day and a half last week, also Mr. Willie Yeager of this place killed one last Thursday evening. Your correspondent has not ascertained whether the deer was tied, or whether some one held it while s-r. Y. shot it.

I. G. W.

Pocahontas Musical Association.

A very interesting and prosperous meeting of this association was held in the Mary Gibson Chapel Oct. 24th, 26th, 1880.

This institution has exerted a very fine influence in promoting a taste for sacred music and developing social amenities in our grand and improving county, wherever its sessions have been held the past six or eight years.

The meeting on Elk was opened Thursday evening by the President Sam'l B. Moore at whose request Wm. T. Price read a scripture lesson, sang a hymn, beginning

"Sweet is the work my God and king
To praise thy name, give thanks and sing,"

and offered prayer.

There was an increasing attendance to the last and the interest taken by the people young and old was extremely gratifying.

Messrs. S. B. Moore, Jacob Smith, John Waugh, Kenney Gay, Wm. T. Price, led the singing, and gave the lectures. Mr. Luther Sharp, a young beginner of marked promise, was induced to lead in one piece, which he did to the satisfaction of all.

The presence of Prof. C. B. Sweeker one of the founders of the association and one of its most efficient supported was much missed as well as that of others.

Mr. Ellis Hannah, performed the duties of secretary, with much ability.

Mr. William Gibson, James Gibson his brother and others entertained the visiting members very completely, and through them and several others, the Association has a standing invitation to come there and stay long enough to eat two or more dinners, and other good things in proportion.

What a time would there be were there more Billy Gibsons, Jim Gibsons, John B. Hannah's and Clark Riders to move up things with wires to correspond.

H. E. S.

Dice.

(From Ord. Sch.) Democrat of the 11 inst.)

Mr. William Butler Lockridge died at the family residence in Michigan township last Friday, after a long and tedious illness, his bedside being surrounded by his aged father, two brothers, and a few kind friends and neighbors. Mr. Lockridge was born in West Virginia about 33 years ago and came to Valley county in 1884 in company with his brother Lee, and shortly afterward was followed by his father and younger brother Gus. The brothers secured a large tract of land and opened up an extensive cattle and grain ranche, which they have operated since. About a year ago the subject of this sketch took cold from the result of wading the river and was attacked with lung trouble which run into consumption. He fought this dire monster manfully, but without avail. During the entire period of his sickness he seemed mindful of its fatality and demeaned himself with great patience and forbearance, and never for a moment appeared despondent. Some time before his death Mr. Lockridge united with the Ord Presbyterian church and went down to the valley and shadow of death professing full and complete faith in the saviour of mankind. His remains were interred in the Ord cemetery Sunday afternoon. Rev. Pearce conducted the religious exercises, making a short but pathetic address at the church upon the life and character of the deceased.

William Butler Lockridge was a quiet, unpretentious man, yet his kindly smile and cordial hand shake gave token of his great large heart and liberal mind. In fact none he was the soul of honor, making practical application of the golden rule in every transaction with his brother men. He came west to lay up for himself riches. That he succeeded in doing this we all know. Let us hope that in the later days of his all too short life he attained those spiritual riches which the world cannot give nor take away.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness, (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—President Harrison now has an opportunity to show how sincere he was when he indorsed the civil service law. In his hands has been placed a report of the civil service commission showing the violation of the law by republican officials by the collecting of money for the Maines campaign fund. The Commissioners say that their report is accompanied by evidence which leaves no doubt of the guilt of the parties, and that whether they shall be published or not lies entirely with the President. It is intimated that at least two of the Commissioners will resign if the President refuses to order the prosecution of the guilty parties. What the result will be is hard to say. But I don't see why President Harrison should hesitate a minute. Laws, whether good or bad, are made to be enforced.

The new Commissioner of Pensions is up to snuff when it comes to getting around the Civil Service law. Here's a specimen case: the first or second day the commissioner was in office he promoted a watchman to be superintendent of the Pension office building this week the same man was transferred to a high grade clerkship and a new man was made superintendent. Wasn't that a slick way of making the watchman a high priced clerk without submitting him to a civil service examination? Is it any wonder that people here who are necessarily familiar with such cases as this should consider the whole civil service business, as at present conducted a farce? Mr. Raum has also developed another trait peculiar to republican officials—that of looking out for their families. He created a new division in his office and appointed his son to be its chief at a salary of $1,600 a year.

Now that Secretary Foster has resigned the presidency of his Vermont marble company, he will be able to devote his entire time to the War department and to the laying of wires to succeed Senator Morrill.

The Speakership contest, although very quiet, is developing a great deal of bad blood among the republicans. Representative Cannon and his friends are extremely bitter against Reed, and are striving hard to bring about a combination that will defeat him, in fact that is the only reason that Cannon ever became a candidate. He has never had the remotest chance of being nominated, and no one knows it better than himself, but he has not yet given up the hope of defeating Reed. McKinley, who would be looked on as the winner if Reed was out of the way, is having a fight made on him from several quarters. Senator Quay says that McKinley shall never be Speaker if he can prevent it, and he thinks he can. Foraker too, it is said, is bringing the little influence he has to bear against McKinley. It seems worse as the time approaching for the holding of the caucus, all of which is very encouraging to the democrats, for it makes it absolutely certain that no opposition to any election will get through the House as long as this bickering among the majority lasts.

President Harrison promised a committee of the National reservation of Commercial bodies, which called on him this week, that he would consider the question of recommending in his annual message the adoption of a national bankrupt law.

The proposition of Mr. Axtell, Russell Harrison's partner, to pay $1,000,000 for the privilege of putting an advertisement on the back of postage stamps will be rejected. Uncle Sam does not believe in receiving suggestions to the newspapers, which he considers the best, and the only legitimate advertising mediums.

There seems to be a wave breaking somewhere in the republican machine, or else United States Treasurer Huston, who during the Presidential campaign was chairman of the Indiana republican state committee, would hardly have taken pains to see the bondsman he did, when he appointed Miss Tanner, daughter of the deposed Register, to be his private secretary, just after Mr. Raum, her father's successor had accepted his resignation at a similar position in his office. Mr. Huston felt the young lady that it afforded him much pleasure to be able to show his appreciation of the valuable services rendered the republican party of Indiana by her father, Colonel Tanner, during the last Presidential elections, and he told it when he knew it would be published. Isn't this reason to

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stones, Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COMPTON, agent,
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A. R. SMITH,
Staunton, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and on reasonable terms.

A CARD.

To such sufferers and debilitated men as are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Vitality, etc., we will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

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A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

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CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN I. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-Office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1/4 c.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	7 00	12 00
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Half col'm	8 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
One col'm	15 00	25 00	35 00	60 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

November 28, 1889.

Two Ways to Propose.

Here are two kinds of "proposing." This one is the kind you read about, but the other is the most popular in the realm of fact:

"My angel, I have long waited for this opportunity. You must have detected ere now the growth of my love for you. From the day I first met you that love took root, and to-night it is strong and steady, unwavering, undying. Your sweet smiles have lighted up my life, your every word has been to me a note of exquisite music, thrilling, enthralling me. You have filled a place in my heart, in my affections, that no one before has ever occupied. My blinding happiness depends solely upon the answer you give me. Say you will be mine to love, cherish and shield, shelter through time and eternity, and make me of all men most envied. But if you refuse—Oh, I cannot! I cannot! The thought is insidious. You will be my wife! I see the answer of your heart mirrored in your lustrous eyes; you know I love you as no other man ever has loved you, or ever can love you, darling. I know you will not thrust me off."

The angel consents a shortly and finally this time sudden explanation, and assures Mr. Wardle she would desire great pleasure from being his sweet.

Here is the other way:

"Hazel, I've been thinking seriously lately."

"Really, Fred, you ought to be more judicious than to do anything so rash as that."

"Yes, I know it is a heavy tax on my mental capacity, but then I always was reckless that way. This time, however, I think I have been thinking you wouldn't object to having your name changed."

"When?"

"Just as soon as possible."

"Will it be home or church?"

"Church, of course; we want to do the thing in style."

"Have you asked pa?"

"Certainly not. I don't want to marry your father."

"Well, I know; but for form's sake."

"All right, dear; for form's sake I will see pa, and maybe you had better prepare ma for the ordeal."

"Oh, she won't mind it."

Irony always reigns again, save as it is broken by the soft sighing of the trombone, swayed by a gentle breeze. Gradually the stars twinkle; the moon looks beamingly down from Heaven to earth, and disasters on a fine harvest points two forms with but a single shade.

Empress William's visit to Constantinople cost the Sultan over $1,000,000.

Ten carloads of the London Standard Oliver, which produced at one, have arrived in England. They were carried down with the vessel but were blown to the surface through the holes bursting the explosive saving their lives.

Eastern Man—"How is Cosmopolis City, the Occidental Wonder of the Western World, and Bulb of the Rising Inexpectus?"

Western Man—"Finely! Finely! We've got two stores and a blacksmith shop in full blast now."

"Any arsenic?" subtly asked the little woman as the druggist came forward with his usual serial smile.

"You're?"

"Isn't like a quarter's worth, please."

"You're. How are you going to administer it?"

"Why—why, on cheese or bread, I suppose. Isn't that the general way?"

"Some give it in coffee."

"Why, rats don't drink coffee, do they?"

"Oh! ha ha rats, eh? Then cheese is the proper thing."

Miss Parvy (calling on Mrs. Bonsoomb, picks up a card from the table)—(Ejaculation). What a homely name! I'd have it changed.

Little Bobby B. (sweetly)—Is that your name?

Miss P. (also sweetly)—No. What makes you think that's my name?

Bobby—I heard mamma say you were dreadful anxious to change it.

Sounds of distress from Bobby fifteen minutes later.

Edith—I promised to marry Fred last night.

Ella—It was only last week that you told me that you really hated him.

Edith—So I did; and I meant it, too.

Ella—Then you have changed your mind. What caused you to do so?

Edith—Na, I have not changed my mind; but, you see, Fred used to be a life insurance solicitor, and so he would not take "no" for an answer.

New York Judge—Prisoner, you are found guilty of murder in the first degree. Have you anything to offer in the most before sentence is passed upon you?

Prisoner—I have, your honor. I object to being executed by electricity on account of the unreliability of its ability to destroy human life with dispatch.

N. Y. J.—Then I sentence you to work for the Delaware, Lingar & Western Railway Company as freight brakeman until you are dead; and may God have mercy on your soul.

Improvements in Trotting Records.

New York Herald.

Until 1824 no horse ever trotted a mile in 3:00. In that year the feat was accomplished for the first time by Goldsmith Maid, then 17 years old. Goldsmith Maid then replaced queen of the turf four years with this record. It was unbeaten till 1876, when Rarus went a mile in 2:14.

Five seconds no fewer than six horses have trotted below 2:10, and two of them are only 9 years old. Two have moved records 2:13, and a third has made a mile in 2:09.

These figures show a remarkable development of trotting speed in 11 years.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS

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Constipation,

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PURE COD LIVER OIL

PHILADELPHIA SINGER
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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

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OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It contains news items, and works for the advancement of our county, which we ably assist with. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It circulates in all parts of the County, Pocahontas and Webster. It keeps you posted and gives you information on all general news, and be sure and Something for the ad. open.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. HUNTERSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1889. No. 20.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Caupbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Barrett.
Clk. of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct., C. E. Beard, A. B. Hannah, G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. ROCKER,
Att'y-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. N. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

A BOON to Housewives.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Makes Boots Shine with water.

Saves Blacking and Brushing.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

The Queen of the Gnomes.

Nobody would ever have imagined that Peggy Leamington had a will of her own, or that she was anything but a charming little atom of the feminine flotsam and jetsam cast by the relentless seas of circumstances upon the barren shores of existence. Her mouth was irresistible, her eyes anything but determined looking, yet in Peggy's case appearances were decidedly deceptive. She had an unbeatable will of her own, luckily for her and for the querulous old mother dependent upon her exertions.

Poor Peggy's life had been one tumultuous struggle ever since her father died. He had left his wife and daughter penniless; and even that was out the full extent of their discomfort. Mrs. Leamington felt that she had appearances—the husk of existence—to keep up; in fact, she was perfectly willing to live in threadbare genteelness, if she could only succeed in convincing the world that she was basking in the comparative sun of luxury.

Peggy had sewed industriously night and day for a large wholesale shop that paid her but a miserable pittance, yet afforded her the means of keeping from the door the wolf—that terrible black master—the cruel extorter of so much blood money. Mrs Leamington saw her little flat ever bright and pretty, she ate many a luxury that Peggy pathetically pretended she herself didn't like, there not being enough to "go round." Her life was as free from care as an unselfish little daughter could make it.

Then there was Jack—Jack Ruffington. Since he had come into Peggy's life things have been much more endurable. He had met the little lady at the house of her school friends, and Peggy's fairy locks and azure eyes had charmed the susceptible young man. He didn't think he was susceptible, however. No man does. Peggy, with as much dignity as nineteen summers could command, had asked him to call and see mamma.

"I am sure you would like her," she said, after she had met Mr. Ruffington several times at this accommodating friend's house. Then she added, wickedly: "You can come and she her often, you know—when I'm out."

Peggy did not have many opportunities to indulge in those little harmless coquetries so necessary to many women. Stern realities claimed her almost entirely. The butterfly beauties of life seemed to have flitted past her. Cold, solid facts remained. Try and be coquettish, young woman, in the presence of those facts, if you can. Jack Ruffington called at Mrs. Leamington's modest apartments. He called more reluctantly; then again, with less timidity; finally he spent his almost every evening there, and seemed to enjoy it, too. There is no use beating about the bush and pretending that it was Mrs. Leamington's brilliant conversation that enchained him. That would be ungallant for two reasons. First, because the poor old lady when she spoke at all talked of nothing but the latter days she had once known, and, second, because she was generally impolite enough to sleep long before Mr. Ruffington took his departure. Peggy was the attraction. She listened to all Jack's stories, sympathized with his plans for the future, and while she plied her needle and wished away the dear life and the dear life of her mother gave him the benefit of her girlish advice. Those were delightful evenings. The staff fit to its flat was a far-extending parasol; the dreamy little clock a cruel, inconsiderate time slayer.

Then the night came when Jack asked Peggy to be his wife, and she in her enthusiasm utterly ruined a dainty lace ruffle that she had been manipulating.

"You must wait for me, Peggy," he said, looking at her blushing, coy face. "The governor has promised to raise me as soon as ever I step into Smith's place, and then Peggy—we'll have a flat larger than this, and your mother shall live with us—and—and—oh, Peggy, shall we not be happy?"

Peggy actually shed tears of joy as she looked upon the glowing picture painted by the anticipative imagination of Mr. Ruffington. Might he exact a lover's privilege and take a kiss? Peggy crimsoned at the question, but nevertheless held up her pretty face a very kissable distance and Mr. Jack made not the least ceremony. Two days later an unpretentious little engagement ring encircled Miss Leamington's pretty finger.

The girl sat thinking of all these pleasant moments one cold, dark afternoon when the days had slipped away from autumn and were speeding winterward as rapidly as possible. Since her engagement nothing but ill luck seemed to have fallen to her lot. The very next day she had received a letter from her employers at the large wholesale shop that had kept her, supplied her with work. Business was very bad, said the latter, and orders had been given to reduce expenses. Perhaps at some future time the services of Miss Leamington might be needed, but at present——

It was hard, very hard, Peggy felt completely dazed. What could she do? She could not remain more than a fortnight without work. If she did, the small board of savings that she kept as an emergency fund would be exhausted.

She trotted patiently downtown and visited each of the big stores, determined to obtain work by some means. But the polite answer she received on all sides rendered argument impossible. She had thought of making some sort of desperate appeal to those frigid autocrats. But once in their presence and she found it impossible. Reasoning was out of the question.

"Leave your address" was the only balm administered, and what balm that is to the workseeker!

On her way home from this discouraging quest, her eyes were attracted by a glaring poster, fitfully lighted by a neighboring lamp. In big blue letters the announcement was made that a glittering spectacle would shortly be presented at Nilde's Garden, with "scores of beautiful girls and hundreds of metal wart men." A sudden inspiration came to Peggy. She had been to the theatre but twice in her life and knew very little about it, but she had seen girls much uglier than she was joining in stage wreaths and playing small, unimportant parts. If only she could get a chance in one of the "scores of beautiful girls!" It would pay her better than the sewing and it would be a pleasant change. Without giving herself time for reflection she went there and then to the stage door of the big theatre and asked to see the manager of the company that was to give the production.

He came to her and she did not mind when he appeared. On the contrary, she was very much on the alert and answered all questions with a self assurance that evidently pleased the gentleman who put them.

He apparently liked her appearance, and he smiled with a sort of gratitude when she said she couldn't act, and wasn't at all accomplished, because managers very rarely meet that kind of person. Applicants for positions on the stage are nearly always the greatest people on earth—in their own estimation.

"I will give you a chance, young lady," he said at last, and will cast you for a small part called the Queen of the Gnomes. You have but a few lines to speak, and have finished at the end of the second act, when you can go home to your mother."

For Peggy had told this kindly looking manager everything. She was delighted at her luck and went home "on air." It was not till later, when her mother had fallen asleep over her knitting, that Peggy began to feel a little doubtful. She would not dare to tell Mrs. Leamington what she was going to do. The old lady had a perfect horror of theatres, and, after all, Peggy reflected, it would not be necessary to divulge her secret. She could look for work in the shops every day, and then when she found it she could resign from her queenship of the gnomes. It was absolutely necessary that she earn money. Starvation stared them in the face without it.

And Jack—no, she could not tell Jack. Mr. Ruffington would certainly not care to imagine that his affianced wife was every evening a queen of the gnomes for the benefit of a critical public. Poor Peggy! she rebelled at the idea of deception. It is easy to lie frank and straightforward when there is no reason why you should be otherwise. One thing she remembered with joy. Jack was obliged to work every night now. He would not miss her. They could spend their Sundays together just the same as ever. So Peggy went to rehearsal, and was pronounced quite competent. The work was very distasteful to her; the people with whom she came in contact disgusted her. But she associated with them as little as possible, and was careful to avoid giving offense.

Peggy's trials began during the first week. The King of the Gnomes persisted in persecuting her with attentions. He was a very objectionable creature, and she tried hard to let him see that she thought so. She longed to confide in Jack—dear, old Jack—but there she was without a soul in the world to whom she could tell her troubles. In her principal scene with the King of the Gnomes she had to tear from his face a black veil which he wore, and manifest astonishment at his features which she was supposed never to have seen before, having married him to some weird fate. The King always seized this opportunity to smile exactly and to press her hand affectionately as possible.

One night as she reached her home, she was going to her room, tired and discouraged, when, standing in the parlor, with an angry pallor on his face, she saw Jack. In an agony of apprehension she tried to mentally formulate some excuse for her absence before she went in to him, but he gave her no time. He rushed to meet her, and drew her into the room.

"Peggy," he said, his eyes ing with reproach, "you out alone at this time of night! Where were you been?"

Peggy was silent. Her soul of acting would really greater than she could bear.

"I asked your mother," Jack went on, looking into her tear-dimmed eyes, "and she told me that you were out every night now, working. Is that true?"

"Jack"—Peggy gulped down a big sob—"how do you think we should live if I didn't work? Do you suppose we have an income or—or—that it—it rains money.

"No, dear," he said, tenderly stroking the smooth little head and the light of dumpest compassion in his eyes—which she couldn't see. "I know you go to work, but I do not believe that you sell the sewing as your mother thinks. Am I right?"

Peggy moved away from him, indignant.

"I refuse to answer," she declared. "You have no right to question me. I am old enough to do as I think best. When I am your wife you can command me, but until then—no."

"Won't you trust me, Peggy?"—very diffidently.

"I cannot—just yet."

Peggy cried bitterly when Jack had gone. Of course, he had the right to question her, but she resented his interference. Then she was afraid of his anger when he knew what she was doing. But now were no humiliations, she thought. They would sooner bear of a woman starving than working for her livelihood; if Peggy had applied to Jack he might have helped her, but the independent little lady would have cut out her tongue rather than apply to the young man.

The idea of work next night sickened her. She went to the theatre depressed and ill. Queen of the Gnomes! How utterly silly the term queen sounded applied to herself. She felt she was the most inferior goose in the gathering. Then the thought of meeting the King face to face again! How horrible it was. Was life always to be as dark and unpleasant as it seemed just now? Peggy donned her black goblin attire with the strongest inclination she had ever felt to bear it to pieces. She was thankful that she had not been called upon as to be one of the smiling redcheek fairies. She could not have smiled upon this occasion.

The curtain rose upon the dark, subterranean caverns, where the gnomes had their home. Peggy was thinking of Jack all the time. If only she had told him what she was doing! She would have felt more at her ease, at any rate. This weight on the conscience was killing her. She would tell him to-morrow. Further concealment was utterly impossible.

She felt better after she had come to this determination, and served bravely for her work in the second act when she had to meet the King of Gnomes. She had not seen him behind the scenes at all to-night. Usually he was a most determined lounger, although he was not obliged to appear until the second act.

Ah! There he was. As she saw him approaching she turned away in an irrepressible ecstasy of repulsion. He did not attempt to come near her, strange to say. He stood at one wing while she waited at the other. A feeling of great calm took possession of her. Perhaps he intended to cause his persecution after all.

(Continued on fourth page.)

[illegible] Times.

[illegible] T. CAMPBELL,

[illegible]

ADVERTISING RATES.

[illegible]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

[illegible]

Huntersville, W. Va.

December 5, 1889.

[illegible]

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

[illegible]

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for Infants and Children.

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A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

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—DEALERS IN—

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, [illegible]

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having latey purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

TYREE & ROLLINS

[illegible]

Charleston, West Va

[illegible]

HOME NEWS

—A few drummers in the city lately.

—Ron Moore, Esq., of Dunmore, was in our town Sunday.

—Everybody should attend the sale of real estate to-morrow next Tuesday, Dec. 18th.

—Attend the sale of real estate for taxes in front of the Court House at this place next Tuesday.

—Our young friend S. C. Mc-Neel, Esq., of Buckeye was up to see us last Saturday.

—The mail is now coming in from Millsboro at 12 m. instead of at night, a half a day later.

—Thanksgiving is over, and the gobbler that was gobbled, will gobble no more.

—Wm. H. McAlister, of Warm Springs Va., spent Tuesday night and part of Wednesday in town.

—Guy Shavis, Esq., who has been in town for several days past has returned to his studies at the Hillsboro Academy.

—Hang up wash up and hang up your stockings for, previsions permitting, Santa Clause will be here about the 25 of this month.

—Joe McNeel, Esq., and Fred. the Beard, of Academy come up to our city Saturday and returned Monday.

—Albert Sharp, Esq., will run a steam saw mill on Alleghany Mountain near Rider's this winter for Mr. H. M. Lockridge.

—Mrs. S. L. Brown, and Mrs. J. K. Shavis, of this place are visiting friends and relatives at Green Bank.

—We acknowledge a pleasant call from Sr. E. H. McCormick, of Grant, Pa., who has been in this county for sometime, surveying the St. Lawrence Lumber Co's. lands.

—Mrs. Simon Hare, living on Brown's mountain about two miles from this place was paralyzed entirely on one side, on the 26th. inst., and is now in a very precarious condition.

—I use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral freely in my practice, and consider it in cases of Whooping-Cough among children, having found it more certain to cure than it can be any other disease than any other medicine I know of."—So says Dr. Bartlett, of Concord, Mass.

—Aubarn Friel, Esq., who has been working on a saw mill on Williams river for 2 year past, will start with Mr. Jas. Peters to New York, shortly to resume the same occupation.

—Miss Lillie Friel, of near Hillsboro, who has just finished a four months school on Williams river, has gone to Traveler's Repose to teach another.

—To straighten the hair, thicken the growth stop its thinning and falling out, and where it is gray to restore the youthful color, use Hall's Hair renewer.

—S. A. Williams & son photographers, are closing up business in Hunterville with the intention of going home to Penn., to spend Christmas.

—In this issue will be found Commissioners' sale of real estate of C. Addison & Co., vs. Jacob S. Woodley and others of several thousand acres of very valuable timbered lands in Randolph Co., and a part in this Co., and will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Court house in said Randolph Co., on the 3rd day of January 1880.

—We learn from the Greenbrier Independent that Wm. E. Lang sen., a most worthy and estimable young man of Lewisburg, died in that town on Nov. 23rd, aged 25 years 3 months and 11 days. He held the position of Teller in the Bank of Lewisburg for a long time and was most faithfully and efficient in his duties.

Maj. C. P. Moore was up at Dunmore the first of the week and returned Tuesday accompanied by his brother Harry.

—The fountain of perpetual youth was one of the dreams of antiquity. It has been well nigh realized in Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood, gives vitality to all the bodily functions, and thus restores to age much of the vigor and freshness of youth.

LOST.—A scuffler, on Dec. 2nd between Marlinton bridge and Huntersville. A reward will be paid the finder by leaving it at THE TIMES office.

RICHARD RUDDLEDGE,
Mail carrier.

Locals from Hillsboro.

Miss Hella Clark has returned from Rolli Book, and is conducting a school near this place.

Mr. John Bolton is moving back to the village, so Hillsboro can boast of another family.

The M. P. S. Society, of H. T. School has again resumed its meetings: Miss Mary Beard, President; Miss Annie McNeel, Vice Pres; Miss Delia Edgar, Secretary and Miss Rose Shearer Treasurer.

Mitchell Court was through town Monday last. We suppose he found the magnet that so much attracts him.

Hillsboro Division No. 14 has rec'd notice of a promised visit from Mt. Lebanon Division No. 19, next Saturday night, December the 7th.

Thanksgiving has passed, and was quietly spent in Hillsboro.

The Quarterly examinations of H. T. School are just over.

JUSTITIA.

Dunmore Doings.

On the sick list—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carpenter, Mrs. H. N. Moore, Miss M. M. Wakeman and Isaac Dougherty.

Mrs. David Snyder and daughter and Sam'l Gregg, Esq., and wife, of Crabbottom, were out last week on a visit.

Mrs. Chas. Pritchard and wife, are home again; they spent the summer in Tucker Co.

John R. Wilson and Jas. Bing, of Doe Hill, Highland Co., were out on a visit last week.

Phil Edmiston has moved into his new house.

The Messrs. Rayburns are making big improvements in String town.

Prof. J. T. Little came very near cutting his thumb off.

The new organ at Baxter church is said to be a fine instrument. Singing Sat. night, come and bring your books.

TRAVELER.

Green Bank Items.

Mrs. M. P. Bigren and daughter Mrs. S. L. Brown, of Huntersville, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

The hunters are making good use of the time the law allows them.

Wm. H. Hull and W. A. Gladwell shipped 20 whole deer last week.

We hope the sheep in this vicinity will be undisturbed for a while as Dr. C. L. Austin has despatched nearly all the dogs.

Mr. H. M. Arbogast is building a dwelling on his farm near Hevener's mill, and we learn, will move his blacksmith shop there also, where he will hereafter wield his hammer.

Misses Mary Brown and Hattie Patterson, of this place are off on a visit to Glade hill.

The Organ for the Presbyterian church at this place arrived last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Arbogast of Cheat Bridge are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

We had a splendid sermon Thanksgiving day, by Rev. W. H. Ballenger.

Mr. Willis Higgins, was called home Nov. 9th by the illness of his mother, who we are sorry to learn is no better.

PAULINA.

Buckeye News.

Any one would think from the dignity of Mr. Robert Wilfong, for the last few days, that he had suddenly become a millionaire—but it's only a boy.

Mr. O. H. Kee, who is teaching school at Dilley's Mill, was home Thanksgiving day on a visit.

Mr. J. B. McNeill of this place is working for Whiting and Benning.

The two schools at this place are flourishing under the careful and able management of Messrs. S. C. McNeill and D. T. McNeill.

Whooping cough is raging in our neighborhood.

Mr. John Weiford has been quite ill for the past week or so but is better at this writing.

Rev. Anvil, Pastor of the M. P. Church, commenced his protracted meeting here last Sunday.

Rev. Morgan, Pastor of the M. E. Church, closed his meeting here last Friday night, and left for Rich where he holds his next meeting. The meeting here resulted in the conversion of three souls and several penitents were left at the altar.

The young people of this vicinity have organized a Society called "The Copernican Literary Society of W. Va." And we are gratified to note the interest manifested by the most sprightly of our young people and the co-operation of some of the older and best citizens of the neighborhood. Long live the Copernican and success to the members.

Success to THE TIMES.

LUCIAS.

Obituary.

"Alas! how changed that lovely flower
Which bloomed and cheered my heart.
Fair floating comfort of an hour,
How soon we're called to part."

One of the most pathetic incidents that has recently come to the writer's notice was the sudden decease of little Minnie Lightner aged five years, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Lightner near Green Bank, Nov. 5th.

This was a bud of rare promise and was idolized by her parents and greatly beloved by all friends and acquaintances of the family. Her mother had taught her to sing portions of the hymn.

"Little ones like me" and the little daughter was often heard repeating them with her sweet voice.

So insidious was her disease that no fears were entertained until a few hours before she closed her eyes in the last sleep gently lapsing away.

Her death having occurred in the absence of her family attached father, rendered the affliction still more mournful.

Nevertheless "it is well with the child." Her spirit is gone to be with Jesus, and her little form rests near her loved Grandfather, waiting for the resurrection morn.

"Hope looks beyond the bounds of time
When what we now deplore,
Shall rise in full immortal prime
And bloom to fade no more.

Come then fond nature, come thy tears
The scene dwells on high:
There everlasting spring appears,
There joys shall never die."

W. T. P.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local applications; as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Iowa claims a corn crop of 336,000,000.

Terrible Conflagration

In Lynn and Boston, Mass., and Elsewhere.

Lynn, Mass., the shoe city, was visited Nov. 26th, by the third largest fire that has ever visited New England. It wiped up a square mile of the business part of the city. Consisting of bank buildings, newspaper offices, factories, churches, homes of workingmen &c. The loss is estimated at $10,000,000.

Boston

On Nov. 26 fire broke out in Boston and leaves six business blocks of that city in ashes. Loss about $5,000,000.

Mankyton, W. Va

The Mankyton woolen mills, one of the largest and most complete in the State was totally destroyed by fire on the 26th inst. Loss $150,000.

Leesburg, Pa

A fire broke out in that town about 6 o'clock on the 26th inst., destroying a large portion of the town. Loss about $80,000.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,
n.28-4t. H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The corner-stone of Dr. Talmage's new Tabernacle in Brooklyn, N. Y., will be taken from Mars Hill in Athens, Greece, on which Paul, the Apostle, preached.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup should always be used when children are suffering teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the child "rests well," "wakes as a button," as it very pleasantly is said. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Coughing

Is Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the bronchial passages. Frequently, this causes inflammation and the cough is then a useless expenditure of strength to expel it. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in ejecting the mucus, allays irritation, induces repose, and is the most popular of all cough cures.

"Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of colds, coughs, bronchitis, and kindred diseases, there is none, within the reach of my experience, so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For years I was subject to colds, followed by terrible coughing spells, which would, sometimes, last all night. I was advised to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and did so, with the result that I was soon relieved of my distressing symptoms. I have always kept this preparation in my house, and feel completely secure."—Mrs. L. L. Brown, Dunmark, Miss.

"A few years ago I took a severe cold which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and could not sleep at night without pain. The doctors gave me up. I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved me at once, gave me rest at night, and effected the cure speedily and permanently. I regard this medicine as a treasure of the household."—Mrs. Mary Hall, Washington, Va.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of J. B. Hannah dec'd.

At the request of C. F. Moore and L. M. McNeil, Administrator of J. B. Hannah, dec'd, you are notified to present your claims against the estate of the said J. B. Hannah, dec'd, for adjustment to me at my office in Huntersville on or before the 15th day of January 1880.

Witness James T. Warwick Jr. Commissioner of accounts of aforesaid county this the 15th day of November, 1879.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.
Clerk of the Circuit Court.
Nov. 14-4t. Printer's fee $3.75.

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If you want head stones Mantle and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A. H. GOOCH,
Academy, W. Va.

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Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

A CARD.

To such persons and gentlemen now suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Early Decay, Lost Manhood, Varicocele etc., we will send a recently prescribed by which a speedy cure. The great scientific discovery by an eminent London physician whose life work was devoted to suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be cheerfully sent to the unfortunate. Send post. Address, The Acme Publishing Co., Washington, D. C. This agents for America. Dec. 11-1 yr.

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WHAT I WANT IN MY WEEKLY PAPER.

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I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I WANT ...
I DON'T WANT ...
I DON'T WANT ...
I DON'T WANT ...

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THE NEW YORK WEEKLY WITNESS

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Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

December 5, 1889.

[Continued from first page.]

Five minutes later and she was upon the stage, and the time for the unveiling of the King had arrived. Peggy trembled at the idea of again suffering this wretch's brutal smile, of feeling his hated arms around her waist. Well, she reflected, it could not be helped. She must be patient. After this week she would submit to such indignity no longer.

With an effort she tore from his head the veil, and then recoiled without looking into his face. The dreaded moment was at hand. His arm was around her waist. He was unnecessarily close. It was horrible. It was—

In a frenzy of wrath she looked up, words of burning indignation on her lips. They were never uttered. The color fled from her cheeks; her eyes were rounded with a vast surprise; her breath came and went most alarmingly; she would have fallen but that the King held her firmly and masterfully to his arms.

And in this King she recognized her own Jack Rafflington.

* * * * * * *

"How did you manage it, Jack?" asked Peggy excitedly, as they were in the street, on their way home.

Jack laughed. "Dearest girl, he said, "did you imagine that you could have done anything for any length of time without my knowing it? A week ago I called at your house and found you out. I made your mother promise not to tell you of my visit. Next night I discovered what you were doing—no matter how. Last night I gave you an opportunity to confide in me. No, you were too self-willed. So I puzzled the thing over, and finally decided upon this scheme. I knew the stage manager of the company, and also the manager. It appears that the fellow who has played the King of the Gnomes left suddenly after last night's performance. They have engaged somebody for Monday. I persuaded them to let me go on to-night.

"Oh, Jack!" exclaimed Peggy. She could say nothing more.

"Well, Miss Leamington."

"Will you ever forgive me, Jack, for my deception. I am very sorry I know; but, but—oh! I had to do it!"

Mr. Rafflington put his hand into his pocket, and pulled out an envelope. From this he extracted something that looked like a check, and presented it to Peggy.

"That," he said, "is a receipt for one month's rent in advance of a lovely little flat in Harlem, beginning from the first of next month. I've been 'raised,' Peggy, and—and——"

"What, Jack, dear?" asked Peggy, innocently.

"Can't you guess?"—bashfully.

"You've been 'raised' you old soy, and you show me the receipt for the rent of a flat. I suppose you are going to live there. That is it, isn't it, Jack?" (All this with the most bewitching unconsciousness.)

"Yes, I'm going to live there, Peggy," said Jack, "with you as my wife, if you will."

Then, although they were in the street, he gave her a tender, unmistakable kiss—a most disgraceful proceeding—she, a willing accomplice, raised not the least objection. Luckily it was very dark and the neighborhood was deserted.

"You haven't given me my answer," said Jack at last.

"Well," declared Miss Leamington, "as you have secured the flat and paid the rent in advance, I don't really see why you can't take my answer for granted. But for the sake of formality, Jack, I will say yes. I should not like your plans to be spoiled by such a trifle as—as a wife."

A business man and financier of the first rank is so absent minded that he occasionally forgets to go to his lunch. His customary hour for this meal—when he remembers it—is 2 o'clock.

The other day, quite absorbed in business, he worked steadily on until 4 o'clock, and then began to have a quite natural sense of emptiness and yearning in his stomach.

"Dear me," he said, musingly, applying the flat of his hand to his waistcoat, "I wonder what I ate for lunch that disagrees with me."

Snagly—"Got the dead wood on the shoe-black just now, Bogg."

Bogg—"How?"

Snagly—"Rung in a lead quarter on him, and skipped while he went for the change."

Bogg—"Was it that red-headed boy with the big ears?"

Snagly—"Yes."

Bogg—"Thought I saw him trying to put up a job with the boy who struck you for a Tiuss. How much did you give him?"

Snagly—"Why, he's a fu dol—— Great Scott! I've got the same lead quarter back."

Mr. Blunder (visiting studio)—Ahs that's awfully good, by Jove. What interesting subject to paint those old tramps are. Such rattling strong color, you know. This one seems to be a regular old soak—got an awful beak on him—regular "terrible example" for a temperance lecturer. Where did you pick him up?

Mr. Brush (the artist)—Oh—a—that—oh—that's a portrait of myself I've been working on lately.

A friend of mine was visiting in the family of a well-known Maine man not long ago. A lovely flaxen-haired child of 6 years, the pet of the family, attempted to open a door, which stuck. She pulled and pulled, but could not move it.

"D——n it!" they were astonished to hear her say, as she gave a supreme tug and the door yielded.

"Why, what do you mean Maud?" exclaimed the horrified mamma.

"That's the way papa opens it," said Maud, innocently.

First Democrat—Talk about the morality of the Republican party! Look at their Vice President! Running a bar in Washington! Second Democrat (better posted)—That turns out to be a mistake. There isn't going to be any bar in the Vice President's building. First Democrat (indignantly)—No bar! Is he going to run one of those dashed temperance hotels?

Three generations back, or more,
Two grand-pas had a fray;
Their grandsons still are in it just
As actively to-day.
First one on this side bites the dust
And then one falls on that;
And year by year they cultivate
The gaping "bit for tat."
And while there's one remains on either side the fight's renewed;
Naught but extermination ends an old Kentucky feud.

Bowery Swell to his last girl—O what'll you have to drink? Just this!—I guess I'll take champagne. Bowery swell—Guess again.

She—What under the sun makes broken down widowers so anxious to marry again? He—Possibly because they want to get repaired.

"Any fellow that comes along can get the pull on you," said the doorstep to the bell handle. "Not till he has walked over you," was the bell handle's retort.

"I don't feel at all well this morning," complained the Funny Man belonging to one of our daily contemporaries. "Take Hunsley's Blood Burner," replied the Managing Editor, "it's warranted to remove all bad humors.

When men are condemned to be executed, for some time previous to the fatal day they seem to be given to sportiveness. However there is one pastime in which they are not permitted to indulge, and that is skipping the rope.

Lady Visiter—"I'm going now, Tommy; wouldn't you like to walk home with me?"

Tommy—"No, I'm afraid I couldn't keep up."

"Could not keep up! Why child!"

"'Cause I hear folks say you're rather fast."

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND HYPOPHOSPHITES
Almost as Palatable as Milk.
So elegant that it can be taken by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is much more efficacious.
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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN T. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, December 12, 1889. Terms of Subscription. No. 21.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Gammill.
Clerk of Ch. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (T. P. Beard, N. B. Hannah, D. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HUNTER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. RYE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. E. H. PLYMOUTH,
DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County as any thing and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

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WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

THE OLD STOVE.

"Nancy!" said Mr. Moppet.

"Sir?" responded Nancy.

Mr. Moppet was coming in from the garden path. Nancy, with plump white arms bared to the elbow, was washing the breakfast dishes in a deep pan of hot soapsuds.

Mr. Moppet was a hard featured elderly man, with whitish blue eyes, a straggly fringe of white beard beneath his square chin, and a bald cranium. Nancy was fresh colored and bright eyed, with silky tendrils of auburn hair drooping over her freckled forehead, and a certain dimple perpetually playing at hide-and-seek on her left cheek. The two completely realized Shakespeare's ideal of "Crabbed Age and Youth."

"I'm a goin' to town," said Mr. Moppet. "You won't need to tote no pot victuals for dinner. Waste makes waist. A cup o' tea and a biled egg and what's left o' yester day's pork and greens—that'll be all you need."

"Yes, father, acquiesced Nancy.

She was thinking of something else all the while.

"And, talkin' 'bout eggs," added Mr. Moppet, "you may take four dozen up to Peach Farm. Mrs. Wixon wants plenty on 'em to make cake for her niece's party. Better go early this morning."

Nancy colored scarlet under the silvery rings of hair.

"Can't I send 'em up by little Bill Hecker, father?" said she. "Webster Wixon will be there, and—and I don't like Webster Wixon, with his red nose and his compliments."

Mr. Moppet frowned.

"Nancy," said he, "don't be a fool. I can see through ye, like ye was a pane o' glass. Webster Wixon's a well to-do man, with money out at interest, and you'd ought to be tickled to death that he's took a notion to you."

"But, father—"

"Not another word," granulated Mr. Moppet. "I know just exactly what's comin.' It's that foolish woman about Absalom Parker, that I hoped you'd get over long ago. Absalom hain't no property, and ain't like to have none, and no daughter o' mine ain't goin' to marry your Grandfather Atkin's hired man not if I know it."

He pressed with this multiplicity of double negatives. Nancy set her small, pearl white teeth together; her eyes flashed with hazel fire. It was a clear case of true love versus money.

"Take them eggs straight up to Peach Farm," reiterated Mr. Moppet, shaking his forefinger at Nancy, "an' don't argufy the p'int no further. I'm your father, and I know what's best for you!"

"But your going right past the Wixons' door?"

"So, I ain't neither. I'm goin' the Horn Hill Road. I've been appinted by the Supply Committee to buy us stright wood stove for the church," he added with some complacency. "The old one's rusted clean out, so there's danger o' fire every time its used; and the brethren have subscribed twenty dollars for a new one—heaviways, a second hand one, if its just as good."

Webster Wixon, a fat, middle-aged bachelor, was not helping to gather the October apples on the south side of his house when Nancy came up. He made haste to welcome her.

"Good morning, Miss Nancy," said he. "As idemnin' as ever, I see."

"Here's your eggs," spoke Nancy, curtly.

"Sit down a spell, won't ye?" sinuated Mr. Wixon.

"I'm in a hury," said Nancy.

"But, Nancy——"

"My name is Miss Moppet sir!"

"I've got something very particular to say to you, Nancy," urged the middle aged suitor.

"If I have to keep," said Nancy. "I've got to get right home."

"Can't I walk with you a piece?"

"I'd rather go alone," she persisted.

"Nancy—Miss Moppet—I must speak!" blurted out the old bachelor. "I love you better'n all the world! I want to make you Mrs. Webster Wixon! There, that's what I had on my mind! And your good father, he says it would suit him exactly, and——"

Nancy wheeled around and faced her eager swain.

"Is it me, or father, you're a courting?" said she.

"Why you, of course!"

"Then take my answer—No!"

And without waiting for the return of her basket, she hurried away, her cheeks blazing, her breath coming quick and fast.

"Father'll be awful mad," she thought, "but I'd sooner die than marry that man!"

Webster Wixon stood a minute gazing after her in crestfallen astonishment; then he went back to apple harvesting with an ominous compression of his lips.

"The maddier she gets the prettier she looks," thought he. "Well, well, time will show. Brother Moppet says she shall be my wife, and that ought to count for something, ole."

Mr. Moppet drove leisurely out to Horn Hill, drove an excellent bargain for a highly ornamental wood stove, after having successively interviewed every hardware dealer in town, and set forth to return with it in his wagon just at dark.

"It's a warm day for the time o' year," said he, "and it's easier traveling for the horse after dark. It ain't a bad day's work, come to think on't, I beat Brother Piper down pretty well on the price, and it's worth a dollar's halt to sort the thing home over those hilly roads. They 'lowed twenty dollars for it, and I got it for fifteen. Takin' my time and wheat wear and housefolk into consideration, I guess I won't say nothin' about the odd five dollars. Business is business. It's a proper pretty pattern, too—thistle leaves and acorns. I'll like one the same fashion in my best room, and"—why shouldn't I have it? There's that second hand oil stove Uncle Dan'l Atkins took for a debt from John Gaulth. It's just standin' rustin' away in his back wood shed. I'll fetch it home to-morrow and black it up, and let Brother Hencken suppose I got a first genuinum somebody; and I'll have the nice new stove for myself, and we lonely ll be none the wiser, now that Uncle Dan'l Atkins is confined to his bed with creepin' paralytic and Absalom Parker's up in the wood lots, choppin' down trees for winter firewood. It's a good idea. I'm glad I happened to think of it!"

His drive lay opposite the Atkins house. All was dark and quiet there save the one red light that burned in old Mr. Atkin's bedroom.

At that identical moment, had he but known it, Absalom Parker—the old man's general factotum—was hanging over the garden gate of his own place, talking to pretty Nancy among the purple hollies and quilled asters.

And it was no difficult task for a man of John Moppet strength skillfully to lift the old stove out of its place in the outer shed into his wagon.

"Git up, Prince," he muttered to his horse, shaking the reins, and away they went.

Elder Hencken was not quite satisfied with the bargain. The church brethren, too, would more preferred a new stove, considering the money they had spent; but Brother Moppet was a man in authority, and they were compelled to acquiesce in his choice.

Nancy was delighted with the new acquisition for the best room.

"Oh, isn't it pretty?" said she.

"Yes," nodded Mr. Moppet, rubbing his hands. "It'll work a' down up the room for your weddin'."

"My wedding?"

"Jest so. I've arranged matters with Webster Wixon, and——"

Nancy burst into tears, and ran out of the room.

Mr. Moppet glared wildly at her.

"She shall marry him," muttered he, "or she shall be no darter of mine! I won't be set at defiance by—— Why, bellus, Absalom Parker, what brings you here?"——

"Mr. Atkins is took worse this afternoon," said Absalom, standing at the doorway, like a rustic Apollo. "Wants to see ye—right off."

It was a Saturday afternoon. As Mr. Moppet drove by the church door, he saw the last of wood being delivered for the first time of the season.

"Just in time!" said he to himself. "There's a frosty look in the air."

Grandfather Atkins lay among his pillows, like a wrinkled ghost.

"John," said he, "I'll pay you in the world to yourn; but I think I'd ought to tell you where I've hid it, worst the book reckonin' gives me such a score."

"Certainly, certainly!" said his son in law, with eager eyes, like those of a lord of gold.

"I've hid it away——"

John Moppet placed his ear close to the pallid lips.

"Six hundred dollar bills——"

"Yes, yes—go on."

"Folded up in an old number of the Horn Hill Gazette——"

"An old number of the Horn Hill Gazette—I understand!" repeated Moppet.

"In the old stove out in the shed!" gasped the old man. "I knowed nobody wouldn't be likely to look there. It's yourn, Jon, Moppet—every cent of it. And mind you, don't spend it in no extravagance!"

So speaking, the old miser closed his eyes and—in which there is neither money nor counting of money.

John Moppet strewed an exceeding brisk fire as he remembered the lighted match he had put to the crumpled papers in the stove, to make sure of a draught when it was put up in the northwest corner of the church—the tear of the blaze through the knights of the iron pipe. In his excitement that agreement he had contrived to overlook himself.

He went home and sat all the evening in a sort of stupor, with his head in his hands.

Nancy tiptoed about her household tasks, watched him with tearful eyes of surprise.

"I didn't know he thought so much of Grandpa Atkins," she decided she.

"Six times five is thirty—six times five is thirty," mused Mr. Moppet, rocking to and fro. "Six five hundred dollar bills! Three thousand—dollars—and all gone up chimbly in one breath of wind and not so much as a scrap of it. I shall go crazy. I shall lose my mind. Three—five—mind—dollars! It's a judgment on me. I've been a miserable sinner, and cheated the church. I've tempered with my own conscience. Six five hundred dollar bills! Oh, Lord, there ain't no call collectin' what a nice ride dinner I've been!"

At the old Hickam church stands Absalom Parker once more, bringing with him a load of fresh, fruity air.

"Special Session," said he. "I'm sort o' looking up the watchers. Some you'd like to be one of 'em? But I'd like to speak a word to you first."

"It's about Nancy, it ain't no use, said Mr. Moppett, running himself to the officers of the watch with some petulance.

"It ain't about Nancy," Absalom answered, with a smile. "It's about Mr. Atkin's money."

Mr. Moppet gave a start.

"Oh, you needn't jump so," resumed Absalom. "It's all safe."

He took a flat parcel out of his pocket.

"Guess 'em," said he. "You can't guess 'em!"

Mr. Moppet stared at Absalom Parker as Aladdin might have stared at the Genii.

"How—where—" he stammered.

Absalom gave a low chuckle.

"Stove," said he. "Don't speak loud. I seen the old man hide 'em there, like a frightful waggle as he was. I knowed it wasn't safe, so I quietly took 'em out, after Levi had shut last stroke, and tucked 'em in his black leather trunk up in the garret. And you see church see that they wasn't all burned up in the fire for you lighted to that shameful stove!"

Mr. Moppet turned a purplish red.

"You know about that, then?" said he, with a gasp.

"It wasn't likely no such concerning would go on about Mr. Atkins place, and me not know it," said Parker, drily. "The stove wasn't of the good temperature, though, except for old Tom. I seen the church folks 'll get sick of it before a great while."

Mr. Moppet drew a long breath.

"When they do," said he, "I'll back you a present of a brand-new one, Abel, Absalom——"

"Yes, Mr. Moppet?"

"You won't say nothin' to nobody?"

"No," said Absalom, "I don't see no talkin' nuch."

"Abel, Absalom——"

"Yes, Mr. Moppet?"

"Guess you and Nancy needn't say nothin' to each other——"

"We're look them, Mr. Moppet."

"I don't see no objections to your goin' around this fall," said Moppet, with an effort. "You may tell Nancy that she has my consent."

Nancy cried a shower of happy tears when Absalom told her that good news.

But he never imparted to her the story of the stove. As he himself had remarked, "It was not fit to be talked such."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

December 12, 1889.

A young brakeman was knocked off a train and killed while passing through a bridge near Moundsville the other day.

A man in Wheeling the other day deliberately crawled under a moving train.—It is sincerely necessary to say that he died.

The editor of a newspaper in Germany is on trial in that country for stating that Emperor William rode in a second-class cab.

Chas. W. Talbot a young man was arrested a few days ago in Taylor Co., charged with the brutal and mysterious murder of Jacob Morgan about 18 months ago on Buckhannon Co.

Judge Thomas C. Greene, of the West Virginia Supreme Court, died at his home in Charleston the 4th inst., at the age of 78. He had been on the bench since 1863, and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists of the country.

Cyrus Fillmore, brother of himself President, died at his home near Lagrange, Ind., Monday, of typhoid fever, at the age of 87. His wife, aged 85, is dangerously sick. A son of the ex-President died a short time ago at Buffalo.

Some negroes in Wheeling a few days ago while in a barber shop thought they would have some fun out of a sleeping negro by pouring a pint of Alcohol over him and lighting it, which resulted in burning him very seriously and may die. They have been arrested and their practical joke may land them in the penitentiary.

One of the keepers in the Raymond Street, New York, Jail made a memo of the prisoners to ascertain how their opinions stood as to the guilt or innocence of John Graves who was condemned to die for murder, and whom Governor Hill refused to reprieve. All but two of the 346 voted him innocent. The inquiry was not as absurd as it seems, as it shows how crime sympathizes with crime and one always be expected to protect it when that is possible.

WASHINGTON LETTER

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, December, 9.—Senator Vance is in dead earnest in his fight on the hanging civil service law. He thinks it ought to go and he has the courage of his convictions; hence he has introduced a bill in the senate providing for its repeal and he says it is his purpose to force a vote upon it if possible during the session. If there is anything done in this matter it is more probable that it will be accomplished by failing to make the necessary appropriation for the support of the commission than by a direct repeal of the law, though the latter course would be much more manly.

The non-action of the democratic House caucus leaves ex-Speaker Carlisle in full charge of the party interests on the floor of the house. No better or abler leader could be found, and experience will soon show that it is far better to have one man in control than a committee of fifteen, as was at first proposed.

It augurs well for future democratic success in the House that one of the republican caucus nominations—Rev. C. H. Blandell for Chaplain—was defeated at the organization of that body, and the old Chaplain, Dr. Milburn re-elected.

Speaker Reed is having a high old time trying to satisfy the wants of his republican colleagues in the matter of committee chairmanships. It is extremely doubtful whether the committees will be announced before the Christmas recess.

Mr. Harrison has gone to Chicago, and it is stated at the White House that he will go to Indianapolis before returning home.

David J. Brewer, of Kansas, has been nominated to be associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He has been United States Judge, of the eighth Kansas circuit since 1884. Little is known of him here further than the fact that he is a nephew of Justice Stephen J. Field. The republicans do not fancy the appointment much, but there is no open opposition, and Mr. Brewer will probably be confirmed by the Senate.

Eight columns of solid nonpareil without a single original idea. That's the feat accomplished by President Harrison in writing his annual message to Congress, and the manner of presentation is equally as barkenyet as the ideas presented. Never, during an experience in Washington covering the administrations of five Presidents, has your correspondent seen a President message fall as flat as this one has. The message will make Mr. Harrison no friends, and with the exception of the absurd paragraph relating to politics in the South, will make him no enemies. Mr. Blaine's worst enemy will not accuse him of having had any hand in the preparation of this message, for whatever else Mr. Blaine may be, he is always original and brilliant. More republicans than ever, now refer to Mr. Harrison as Hayes.

The House adjourned from Tuesday to Thursday.

Three Federal election bills have already been introduced in the house, two by Mr. Spooner and one by Mr. Sherman. Mr. Chandler's bill applying only to some of the Southern States will also shortly be introduced in the House. All of which is a useless waste of time on the part of these gentlemen, for if there are any one thing upon which the democrats of the House are thoroughly agreed, it is that no Federal election bill shall go through the House.

Mr. Randall has not yet been able to resume his seat in the House. He thinks he is well enough to do so but his physician positively forbids it.

The District bill, which caused the great dead lock in the last House, has been again introduced in the Senate. The bill is certain to pass Senate, but owing to the large number of new members in the House its fate there is not so certain, although the probabilities are all in favor of its passage.

The national wool growers association has been in session here this week. Its members feel somewhat alarmed at the outlook. They fear that the demand for free wool that is constantly being made by eastern manufacturers will at least have its effect upon Congress. They are afraid of Reed, who is believed to squint towards free wool, and will not feel relieved until the republican members of the House committee on Ways and Means are announced. They are at present doing their level best to have a hand in naming them.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Randolph county, West Virginia, rendered on the 20th day of September, 1889, in the suit in equity of C. Tallman & Co. vs. Jacob S. Wamsley and others, the undersigned, on the 3rd day of January, 1890 at the front door of the Court House of said county, will offer for sale at auction to the highest bidder the following described tracts of land:

50 acres, 50 acres, 300 acres, 110 acres, 130 acres, 100 acres, 108 acres, 71 acres, 3,000 acres, 150 acres and 45 acres covered by Jacob S. Wamsley, as south of the 150 and 110 deed tracts as was not embraced by the conveyance from said Wamsley to Jacob Cooper still to be sold; and as much of the 108 acre tract as was not embraced by the deed from said Wamsley to Edgar B. Wamsley will be sold. The two tracts of 50 acres each and the parcels of the 150 acres, the 108 acres and the 110 acres, not conveyed as aforesaid, together with the 71 acres and the 45 acres compose what is known as the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley and is situate on the Tygarts Valley River in said county. The 300 acres adjoins the said farm and is principally unimproved. The 3000 acres is situate in said county on Elk Water. The 2000 acres, the 192 acres and the 30 acres, adjoining each other and are situate on the waters of Greenbrier River in Pocahontas Co. and known as the "Hamilton Place." And the 10 or 12 acres lying on mill creek, Randolph county between lands of L. C. Conrad and S. S. Wamsley and the 90 acres, Andrew Wamsley land, also on said creek owned by Melvin Spurgence; And the 113 acres and 187 acres owned by Patrick Crickard, and being the same lands conveyed by him as trust to Leland Kittle; and the 94 acres, 34 acres and 2 acres owned by Phebe A. Crickard and being the same lands conveyed to her by James Myers. The five last named tracts compose what is known as the Patrick Crickard home place, situate in Randolph county on the Tygarts Valley River near Huttonsville. A plat of the lands to be sold composing the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley, as well as the lands of the said Patrick and Phebe A. Crickard will be made by the County Surveyor and exhibited at the sale. The home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley is largely improved, with barn, two dwelling houses, other out buildings and orchards thereon, partly composed of the finest river bottom, with good uplands and in a fine state of cultivation. Upon the said 300 acre tract there is valuable timber, accessible to the Tygarts Valley River. The 192 acres on Elkwater has on it about 300 acres of fine soil, the richest soil and a good quality of timber. Upon the said "Hamilton Place" there is about 200 acres cleared, about 100 acres of which is in soil and produces the finest blue grass. The timber of the land is very rich soil with limestone and first class timber, such as cherry, ash, hemlock, &c., the 10 or 12 acres, Conrads land is improved and the 90 acres is partially improved soil is of rich soil with a very fine orchard of young and well selected fruit trees thereon. The said "Patrick Crickard Home Place" except the 108 acres is principally unimproved land of the finest river bottom, upon which is a new dwelling house, other out buildings, a good orchard and is in a high state of cultivation. The 113 acres lies on the east side of the Tygarts Valley River, from the improved lands, a good soil, upon which there is the finest timber, such as white oak, poplar, &c. Such an opportunity for the purchase of valuable timber and improved lands at judicial sale is rarely offered in this section, and persons desiring to make investments in this beautiful valley with its prospects of further development by the extension of the railroad facilities, will do well to investigate the properties to be sold.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said lands will be sold for five per cent of the purchase money cash in hand and the residue in equal amounts upon a credit of 6, 12, 18 & 24 months with interest from the day of sale and purchaser to give notes with good security for the deferred payments.

CHAS. H. SCOTT, Special
C. D. BUCKEY, } Commissioners.

I certify that bond and security has been given by the above named Commissioner as required by the decree of sale.

W. S. WILSON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Randolph Co.

Dec. 5-4t. Cashier's fee $37.85.

John Kilpin expresses himself as willing to fight Sullivan again.

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L. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you ourchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.

GEO. L. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Staunton Violin Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. Price $1.00. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

GOOD FLOUR.
We are now manufacturing the best grade of Flour at the Huntersville Roller Mill, and have a full supply on hand. Will exchange for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat, Meal, Bran, Shorts, and Chicken Feed. Will also exchange Flour for Wool. Will pay the highest market price for Wheat. Mill on Stillhouse Run, near Huntersville. Store on Main Street, Huntersville, W. Va.

HUNTERSVILLE ROLLER MILLS.

HOME NEWS.

—The President's message is long on cotton, tobacco and tariff.

—G. P. Dove, of Addison, was in the city Tuesday.

—Look out for Xmas it will be here just in two weeks.

—J. C. Leary Jr., started for Washington City, this morning (Wednesday).

—The Post Office at Aylmer has been ordered discontinued, to take effect Dec. 31st.

—Messrs. K. O. Wade and John Waugh, of Arnoldsburg, called to see us Tuesday.

—Quite a number of gentlemen attended the sale at this place Tuesday.

—W. B. Tyree, of the firm of Tyree & Bolling was in town last week.

—Mr. J. R. Poage, Sr., of Edray, is visiting his daughter Mrs. A. Barlow, at this place.

—Rev. Jas. E. Moore and wife, of Mill Point, were in attendance at preaching Sunday.

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—We printed for Atty. H. S. Rucker this week a brief for the Court of Appeals in the case of Ashbridge vs. McNeel, Guard, &c.

—We would like to have President Harrison in our town to write legal ads. for our paper, for we get 2½ cts a word for ours, and we believe he can talk more and say nothing than any man in the United States.

—We have rec'd a letter from Mr. W. T. Perry, who moved from Bernice week a few weeks ago, to Waxahachie, Texas, and he says they are very well pleased with the country and think he has made a good move.

—Wells Jno. Harris (Colo) and his wife being absent two months from this place, were away from home dead of night their house was broken into and about 150 lbs., of beef stolen.

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—Last Saturday night, through our worthy agent at Academy, we received, with monthly accessions from our patrons at that place, their arrears to THE TIMES, and a year in advance, for which we return most heartily our sincere thanks. And will say, if our subscribers at other places, will come up or will, there can be no paper in the state that has a more worthy, cash paying lot of patrons; and from the short time we have had control of THE TIMES and the daily increase of our subscription list, we feel our selves most highly flattered, and our support is far beyond our expectations.

—Did you send that message we mean Harrison's message.

Dent Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Post Office at Huntersville W. Va., on the 30th day of November 1889. If not called for within 30 days they will be sent to the Dead Letter office.

John W. Lightner, 1 letter.
Mary B. May, 1 "
J. F. Hull, 1 "
Pocket Hutter, 1 "
George Cornine, 2 "
Rev. L. S. Anvil, 1 "

Parties calling for above letters will please say they were advertised.

G. W. WAUGH, P. M.

Letter from Hillsboro.

Mr. E. L. Hoit and his father-in-law have moved and are keeping house in the residence of Widow McNeel.

Rain, rain! mud, mud! The roads are so bad as they ever get to go here.

Mrs. Henry Shearer of Williams River is visiting her daughters at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Peralt of this place celebrated their Golden Wedding Tuesday Dec. 10.

Mrs. Winslogw, of Homeworth, passed through town last week on her way to visit relatives near this place.

The matrimonial Market of Hillsboro has been quite dull this fall but the signs are changing a little.

JUSTITIA.

Bonkrye News.

Born to J. Edgar Ashbridge and wife—a little daughter, on the 29th inst. Mr. Ashbridge thinks this better than thanksgiving turkey.

Mr. Jeff Killingsworth and wife returned last Saturday from Both Co., Va., where they have been visiting for the past two weeks.

Mr. John Wetford is still confined to his bed, being but little better.

The meeting at the M. P. Church of this place, which is being held by Rev. Anvil is still going on and up to this time has resulted in the conversion of five souls, and five penitents still at the altar.

O. E. McKeever, Esq., is working on Capt. Apperson's new house.

E. E. Overholt and sons sent away a wagon load of poultry, venison, Butter &c., this week.

LUCIAN.

STORE BROKEN INTO.

Edray News.

Messrs. Moore & Hannah's store, at this place was broken into a night or two ago and quite a lot of goods are missing. The thief cut his way through a window shutter and window, broke open the cash drawer and got about three dollars, a $10.00 suit of clothes, two gold rings, a pair of gloves, several pocket knives, some candy and a little tobacco, are among the things known to be gone, it is hard to tell how much is gone.

Mrs. Ruth Moore, who has been quite ill for several days with inflamatory rheumatism, is slightly better today, (Monday).

Messrs. Overholt & Gollison, have bought a lot of Cherry lumber from Jno. Gibson Jr., last week.

Mr. J. F. Hull, is home again, off his trip to Charleston.

Xs.

Grass Run Items.

Mr. Willis Gibson returned yesterday and has taken charge of his school. His mother is somewhat improved. Mr. Jordan from Highland, one of his pupils taught in his absence.

Mrs. Sarah Gum "Aunt Sallie" as she is generally called, has been quite ill for two weeks past, having had three severe attacks of cramp. She is better and we hope will soon be restored to health. Also "Aunt Jane" Arrington has been indisposed for some time and had the misfortune of getting her foot badly burned, from which she is suffering a great deal the old ladies are dear and highly esteemed.

Harry H. Hills son of Jas. P. Woodbell has been quite sick with croup the past few days.

Mr. Bernard Harper of Highland was visiting relatives in and near Town a few days last week.

Messrs W. H. Huff & W. A. Gladwell have bought over 300 rabbits and about 7 dozen pheasants.

PATRONS.

Death of Jefferson Davis.

Jefferson Davis closed his eyes in death at fifteen minutes before 1 o'clock on the morning of the 6th surrounded by friends and relatives who were with to call.

He was a man of great bearing abd of great integrity and purity and many a statesman of to-day will go down to his grave that will not be missed so much as Mr. Davis and the south for generations to come will mourn the death of this noble man, and well they might for they mourn for one who represented more than any other the cause for which a million of her most chivalrous sons drew their swords and joined battle with the most formidable of adversaries, their own countrymen, for rights and liberties that freemen must ever hold most dear.

Of the night captains and great statesmen he gathered around him when he presided over the destinies of the South, but few survive. They passed away before him, as did the rulers and nearly all the great soldiers of the cause that he confronted so boldly and opposed so stoutly, Lincoln, Grant and McClellan. He has outlived his great and noble adversaries. He saw them pass away, mourned by by a nation and southlly wearing its honors, sweet is the love of the people, in whose he was faithful to the end.

Gone to be with the Redeemer.

The 26th of August, 1889, brought very sad hours to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Annie P. Mollingville, near Huntersville.

It was then their daughter Mary Minnie aged four years and two months departed this life.

On one fatal night she became severely ill, the day following, hearing a young Christian Lady singing a hymn accompanied by an organ, she looked upward and asked her mother would there be organs in heaven.

Mamma I love to hear you sing
Though the dark waves roll high,
we will be undismayed
Let us pass over the river and rest
under the shade of the trees."

She always told a verse to repeat to her sabbath school teacher; but last golden text was: "Fear God and keep his commandments."

For more than a year she never closed her eyes at night without repeating her evening prayer.

The first like rain, whose purest tear
Make glad this scene of sin and strife,
Drops now her everlasting wing
Amid the tree of Life

And when He saw a smile too bright,
Or heart too pure for taint of sin,
He bore it to that world of light
To dwell in Paradise.

W. T. F.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Cashier Hiscott, of Sergeant at arms Loudon's office, in Washington, has skipped to Canada with about $15,000 that was intrusted to his care.

A Life in Motion.

The Massachusetts House in Pittsburg was damaged by fire on the 5th inst., to the extent of about $100,000.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,
11-28-4t H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

AUCTION.

I will sell at auction at Edray, W. Va., on December 30th, and 31st, 1889, a lot of Dry Goods, Clothing, Overcoats, Ladies Jackets and Notions.

All persons wishing to buy cheap goods will do well to attend.

DANIEL COOPER,
12-2t.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,
H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

Catarrh

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

UNDERTAKER.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want local dealer Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A CARD.

PATENTS.

STEEL FENCE!

EXPANDED METAL

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Hunters ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1/4 c.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 4 00
Three in.	3 00	4 50	8 00	12 00
1/4 column	5 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
Half column	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
One column	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, six cents[illegible] five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and 10c. cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

December 12, 1889.

A young brakeman was knocked off a train and killed while passing through a bridge near Mannsville the other day.

A man in Wheeling the other day deliberately crawled under a moving train,—it is scarcely necessary to say that he died.

The editor of a newspaper in Germany is on trial in that country for stating that Emperor William rode in a second class cab.

Chas. W. Talbot a young man was arrested a few days ago in Taylor Co., charged with the brutal and mysterious murder of Jacob Morgan about 18 months ago on Booth's run Tuck Co.

Judge Thomas C. Greene, of the West Virginia Supreme Court, died at his home in Clarksburg the 4th inst., at the age of 70. He had been on the bench since 1863, and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists of the country.

Cyrus Fillmore, brother of ex-President Fillmore, died at his home near Lagrange, Ind., Monday, of typhoid fever, at the age of 87. His wife, aged 83, is dangerously sick. A son of the ex-President died a short time ago at Buffalo.

Some negroes in Wheeling a few days ago while in a barber shop thought they would have some fun out of a sleeping negro by pouring a pint of alcohol over him and lighting it, which resulted in burning him very seriously and may die. They have been arrested and their practical joke may land them in the penitentiary.

One of the lawyers in the Raymond Street, New York, Jail made a motion of the prisoners to ascertain how their opinions stood as to the guilt or innocence of John Grimwalde, condemned to die for murder, and whom Governor Hill refused to pardon. All but two of the 346 voted him innocent. The inquiry was not so absurd as it seems, as it shows how crime sympathizes with crime and can always be relied on to protect it when that is possible.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, December, 7th.

Senator Vance is in dead earnest in his fight on the hunting civil service law. He thinks it ought to go and he has the courage of his convictions; hence he has introduced a bill in the senate providing for its repeal and he says it is his purpose to force a vote upon it if possible during the session. If there is anything done in this matter it is more probable that it will be accomplished by failing to make the necessary appropriation for the support of the commission than by a direct repeal of the law, though the latter course would be much more manly.

The new rules of the democratic House caucus leave ex-Speaker Carlisle in full charge of the party interests on the floor of the house. No better or abler leader could be found, and experience will soon show that it is far better to have one man in control than a committee of fifteen, as was at first proposed.

It argues well for future democratic success in the House that one of the republican caucus nominations—Rev. C. B. Rounsbell for Chaplain—was defeated at the organization of that body, and the old Chaplain, Dr. Milburn re-elected.

Speaker Reed is having a high old time trying to satisfy the wants of his republican colleagues in the matter of committee chairmanships. It is extremely doubtful whether the committees will be announced before the Christmas recess.

Mr. Harrison has gone to Ohio, and is a guest at the White House that he will go to Indianapolis before returning home.

David J. Brewer, of Kansas, has been nominated to be associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He has been United States Judge, of the eighth Kansas circuit since 1884. Little is known of him here further than the fact that he is a nephew of Justice Stephen J. Field. The republicans do not fancy the appointment much, but there is no open opposition, and Mr. Brewer will probably be confirmed by the Senate.

Eight volumes of solid nonpareil without a single original idea. That's the feat accomplished by President Harrison in writing his annual message to Congress, and the manner of presentation is equally as hackneyed as the ideas presented. Never, during an experience in Washington covering the administrations of five Presidents, has your correspondent seen a Presidential message fall so flat as this one has. The message will make Mr. Harrison no friends, and with the exception of the absurd paragraph relating to politics in the South, will make him no enemies. Mr. Blaine's worst enemy will not accuse him of having had any hand in the preparation of this message, for whatever else Mr. Blaine may be, he is always original and brilliant. More republicans than ever, now refer to Mr. Harrison as Hayes.

The House adjourned from Tuesday to Thursday.

Three Federal election bills have already been introduced in the Senate, two by Mr. Spooner and one by Mr. Sherman. Mr. Chandler's bill applying only to some of the South ern States will also shortly be introduced in the House. All of which is a useless waste of time on the part of these gentlemen, for if there are any one thing upon which the democrats of the House are thoroughly agreed, it is that no Federal election Bill shall go through the House.

Mr. Randall has not yet been able to resume his seat in the House. He thinks he is well enough to do so but his physician positively forbids it.

The district bill, which caused the great dead lock in the last House, has been again introduced in the Senate. The bill is certain to pass Senate, but owing to the large number of new members in the House the late fight is not so certain, although the probabilities are all in favor of its passage.

The national wool growers convention has been in session here this week. Its members feel somewhat alarmed at the outlook. They fear that the demand for free wool that is constantly being made by eastern manufacturers will at least have its effect upon Congress. They are afraid of bleed, who is believed to stand towards free wool, and will not feel relieved until the republican members of the House committee on Ways and Means are announced. They are at present doing their level best to have it [illegible] in coming three.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Randolph county, West Virginia, rendered on the 20th day of September, 1889, in the suit in equity of C. Sullivan & Co. vs. Jacob S. Wamsley and others. And there other causes, heard therewith, the undersigned, on the 3rd day of January, 1890, at the front door of the Court House of said county, will offer for sale at auction to the highest bidder the following described tracts of land:

50 acres, 10 acres, 100 acres, 110 acres, 120 acres, one acre, 102 acres, 74 acres, 2,000 acres, 120 acres and 45 acres owned by Jacob S. Wamsley on south of the 110 and 110 acre tracts he was not conveyed by the conveyance from said Wamsley to Jacob Crouch will be sold and as much of the 110 acre tract as was not conveyed by the deed from said Wamsley to Edgar H. Wamsley as I be sold. The two tracts of 50 acres each and the parcels of the 100 acres, the 120 acres and the 110 acres, not conveyed as aforesaid, together with the 74 acres and the 45 acres compose what is known as the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley and is situate on the Tygarts Valley River in said county. The 100 acres adjoins the said farm and is principally unimproved. The 100 acres is situate in said county on Elk Water. The 2000 acres, the 120 acres and the 50 acres, adjoining each other and are situate on the waters of Greenbrier River in Pocahontas Co. and known as the "Hamilton Place." And the 10 or 12 acres lying on mill creek, Randolph county between lands of L. C. Conrad and S. H. Wamsley and the 50 acres, Andrew Wamsley land, situate on said creek owned by Melvin Conrad; And the 110 acres and 107 acres owned by Patrick Crickard, and being the same lands conveyed by him in trust to Leland Killin; and the 94 acres, 34 acres and 3 acres owned by Phoebe A. Crickard and being the same lands conveyed to her by James Mayse. The five last named tracts compose what is known as the Patrick Crickard home place, situate in Randolph county on the Tygart's Valley River near Huntersville. A plat of the lands to be sold composing the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley, as well as the lands of the said Patrick and Phoebe A. Crickard will be made by the county Surveyor and exhibited at the sale. The home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley is largely improved, with barn, two dwelling houses, other out buildings and orchards thereon, forty acres of the Land river bottom, with good upliands and in a fine state of cultivation. Upon the said 100 acre tract there is valuable timber, accessible to the Tygarts Valley River. The 50 acres on Elk water has on it about 300 acres of fine and the richest soil and a good quality of timber. Upon the said "Hamilton Place" there is about 300 acres cleared, about 100 acres of which is in sod and produces the finest blue grass. The center of the land is very rich soil with limestone and first class timber, such as cherry, ash, hemlock, &c., the 10 or 12 acres. Convenient land is improved and the 50 acres is partially improved and is of rich soil with a very fine orchard of young and well selected fruit trees thereon. The said "Patrick Crickard Home Place" except the 142 acres is principally improved land of the finest river bottom, upon which is a new dwelling house, other out buildings, a good orchard and is in a high state of cultivation. The 142 acres lies on the east side of the Tygarts Valley River, from the improved lands, a good soil, upon which there is the finest timber, such as white oak, poplar, &c. Such an opportunity for the purchase of valuable timber and improved lands at judicial sale is rarely offered in this section, and persons desiring to make investments in this beautiful valley with the prospects of further development by the extension of the railroad facilities, will do well to investigate the properties to be sold.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said lands will be sold for five per cent of the purchase money cash in hand and the residue in equal amounts upon a credit of 6, 12, 24 & 36 months with interest from the day of sale and purchaser to give notes with good security for the deferred payments.

TYREE H. SCOTT, Special
L. D. SHARP, Commissioners.

I certify that bond and security has been given by the above named Commissioner as required by the decree of sale.

W. S. WILSON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Randolph Co.

Dec. 5-4t. Printer's fee $17.40.

John Killen expresses himself as willing to fight Sullivan again.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

4 MILES NEARER 4

THE LINE IS FOUR MILES STAKED

C. D. L. & M., formerly of Mt. Grove, Va., and M. O'FARRELL, Lyburn, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

NEW LIQUOR AND GROCERY STORE

At the foot of the ALLEGHANY MOUNTAIN on the Warm Springs and Huntersville Turnpike, and will handle a full line of first class

WHISKIES, WINES &C., at from $2 to $4 per gallon, also GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO &c.

We respectfully solicit a fair share of patronage of the public, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Dodge & McClintic,)

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W. S. TYREE, Rich Mountain, Va.

SOL. L. ROLLINS, Cass Post Office, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

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NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, West Va

THE EVENING MAIL
The Mail's Own Paper.
Published every afternoon except Sunday
At Seventh Street and Kanawha River, Charleston, W. Va.
Subscription Rates:
[illegible]

GOOD FLOUR.

BONANZA

HOME NEWS

—The new book's message is long measures, lofty in and melodious.

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—Last Saturday night, through our worthy agent at Academy, we received, with scarcely an exception from our patrons at that place their arrears to THE TIMES, and a year in advance, for which we return most heartily our sincere thanks. And will say, if our subscribers at other places, will come up as well, there can be no paper in the state that has a more worthy, cash paying lot of patrons; and from the short time we have had control of THE TIMES and the daily increase of our subscription list, we feel ourselves most highly flattered, and our support is far beyond our expectations.

—Did you read that message—we mean Harrison's message.

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G. W. WAGNER, P. M.

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Mr. Jeff Killingsworth and wife returned last Saturday from Bath Co., Va., where they have been visiting for the past two weeks.

Mr. John Wetford is still confined to his bed, being but little better.

The meeting at the M. P. Church of this place, which is being held by Rev. Anvil is still going on and up to this time has resulted in the conversion of five souls, and five penitents still at the altar.

O. B. McKeever, Esq., is working on Capt. Apperson's new home.

R. E. Overholt and Sons sent away a wagon load of poultry, venison, Butter &c., this week.

LUCIAN.

STORE BROKEN INTO.

Edray Items.

Messrs. Moore & Hannah's store, at this place was broken into a night or two ago and quite a lot of goods are missing. The thief cut his way through a window shutter and window, broke open the cash drawer and got about three dollars, a $10.00 suit of clothes, two gold rings, a pair of gloves, several packet knives, some candy and a little tobacco, are among the things known to be gone, it is hard to tell how much is gone.

Mrs. Ruth Moore, who has been quite ill for several days with inflamatory rheumatism, is slightly better today, (Monday).

Messrs. Overholt & Cullison, have bought a lot of Cherry lumber from Jas. Gibson Jr., last week.

Mr. J. F. Hull, is home again, off his trip to Charleston.

XX.

Green Bank Items

Mr. Willis Gibson returned yesterday and has taken charge of his school. His mother is somewhat improved. Mr. Jordan from Highland, one of his pupils taught in his absence.

Mrs. Barsh from "Aunt Nellie" as she is generally called, has been quite ill for two weeks past, having had three severe attacks of cramp. She is better and we hope will soon be restored to health, also "Aunt Jane" Arrington has been indisposed for some time and had the misfortune of getting her foot badly burned, from which she is suffering a great deal the old ladies are active and bright, esteemed.

Harry B., little son of Jas. P. Woodell has been quite sick with croup the past few days.

Mr. Bernard Shaver of Highland was visiting relatives in and near Town a few days last week.

Messrs. W. H. Hull & W. A. Gladwell have bought over 300 rabbits and about 7 dozen pheasants.

PAULINE.

Death of Jefferson Davis.

Jefferson Davis closed his eyes in death at fifteen minutes before 1 o'clock on the morning of the 6th surrounded by friends and relatives who were within call.

He was a man of great bearing and of great integrity and purity, and many a statesman of to-day will go down to his grave that will not be missed so much as Mr. Davis; and the south for generations to come will mourn the death of this noble man, and well they might for they mourn for one who represented more than any other the cause for which a million of her most chivalrous sons drew their swords and joined battle with the most formidable of adversaries, their own countrymen, for rights and liberties that freemen most ever hold most dear.

Of the night captains and great statesmen he gathered around him when he presided over the destinies of the South, but few survive. They passed away before him, as did the rulers and nearly all the great soldiers of the cause that he contrasted so boldly and opposed so stoutly, Lincoln, Grant and McClellan. He has outlived his great and noble adversaries. He saw them pass away, mourned by by a nation and worthily wearing its honors, secure in the love of the people, to whom he was faithful to the end.

Gone to be with the Redeemer

The 26th of August, 1889, brought very sad hours to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Amos P. McClaugidin, near Huntersville.

It was then there daughter Mary Minnie aged four years and two months departed this life.

On one Sabbath she became seriously ill, the day following, hearing a young Christian Lady singing a hymn accompanied by an organ, she looked upward and asked her mother would there be organs in heaven.

Mamma I love to hear you sing
"Though the dark waves roll high,
we will be undismays
Let us pass over the river and rest
under the shade of the trees."

She always had a verse to repeat to her sabbath school teacher; her last golden text was: "Fear God and keep his commandments."

For more than a year she never closed her eyes at night without repeating her evening prayers.

The bird like voice, whose joyous tone
Made glad this scene of sin and strife,
Hears now her everlasting song
Amid the tree of Life

And when He saw a smile too bright,
Or heart too pure for taint of sin,
He knew it was what world of light
He'd call in Paradise.

W. T. P.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Cashier Abbott, of Bergquist at arms Loudon's office, in Washington, has skipped to Canada with about $15,000 that was intrusted to his care.

The Monongahela House in Pittsburg was damaged by fire on the 5th inst., to the extent of about $100,000.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,
n.28-tf. H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

AUCTION.

I will sell at auction at Edray, W. Va., on December 30th, and 31st, 1889, a lot of Dry Goods, Clothing, Overcoats, Ladies Jackets and Notions.

All persons wishing to buy cheap goods will do well to attend.

DANIEL COOPER,
12-2t.

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I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully.
H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By the provisions of J. R. Hannah dec'd.

At the request of C. F. Moore and L. M. McCleskey, Administrators of J. R. Hannah, dec'd, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said J. R. Hannah dec'd, for adjustment to me at my office in Huntersville on or before the 10th day of January 1890.

WILLIAM JAMES J. WARWICK JR.,
Commissioner of accounts of circuit court county for the 10th day of November, 1889.

JAMES W. WARWICK, JR.,
Com'r of acc'ts of W. C.
Nov. 14-6t. Pioneer & Gazette Pr.

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Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A CARD.

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JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

December 12, 1889.

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

The other night I was taken with a sort of a pleurisy pain, and I nudged Mr. Bowser and asked him to get up and mix me a mustard plaster. He lay on the head of his back, hands locked under his neck, and was snoring as if he was hired to give a midnight performance on a fog-horn.

"Eh! Yes," he growled as I nudged him.

"Mr. Bowser, get up."

"Yum! Lemme 'lone."

Mr. Bowser, I am in great pain."

"Yes, I know."

"Will you get up?"

"What the mischief now?" he demanded as he tried to sit up in the bed.

"I am threatened with pleurisy."

"Hey! Who is it?"

"I am threatened with pleurisy, and I do wish you would get up and mix a mustard plaster for me."

"Gosh!" he growled now fully awake. "You just lie quiet and the pain will go away.

He dropped back and began to snore again, but after 10 minutes' hard work I got him out of bed. He sat on the edge, staring blankly into vacancy, and ready to fall back at any moment, and even while I was telling him that I might not live till morning he fell over, kicked himself under the clothes, and went to sleep while I was pulling his hair.

A night or two later, just after the bells had struck 12, I dreamed that I was being chased by a locomotive. It gave an extra toot and awoke me. I discovered that toot to be Mr. Bowser's voice groaning.

"For land's sake get up, or I shall be a dead man."

"What is it?"

"Terrible cramps in my stomach. I'm just tied to a knot."

"Oh, it's only a passing pain," I replied as I sough my pillow again. "Lie still and it will soon go off."

"Lie still thunder!" he yelled, as he got one leg out of bed. "I tell you I shall be a corpse within an hour if I don't get relief."

"Well, you'll find the Jamaica ginger on the sideboard. Take a big dose of it in wine.

"I'll never find it! Oh! Heavens, what a pain!"

I wanted to get up, of course, but I was determined to pay him back in his own coin. I therefore supremely fell asleep, and after hanging around the room for a few minutes, he went out. He was back again in three minutes, however, to exclaim:

"Are you going to lay there and let me die like a sick horse?"

"But you didn't get up for me."

"I know it, that was because I—I—ohoop! How bloody, but I know I'm dying.

I had to get up, of course, and, of course, I had him relieved in a quarter of an hour. Man-like, he was frightened to death at a pain which he would have expected me to keep perfectly still about.

Mr. Bowser is also like all other husbands in another matter. We got started for the theatre the other night, and I discovered that I had forgotten my opera glasses. He offered to run back for them and I said:

"They are hanging in the bag by the gas jet on the left hand side of our dresser. You can't fail to find them."

Five minutes slipped away—then 10—then I hurried back myself. He was seated in a chair in the hall, hat and overcoat off, and as I opened the door he growled:

"Might as well take off your things."

"But why?"

"We are not going to any theatre this night."

"Not going! Has anything happened?"

"I should say there had! I've looked this infernal house from top to bottom for those glasses, and they are not to be found. We'll put in our evening trying to discover whether they are in the garret or down in the vegetable cellar."

"Mr. Bowser, I told you where those glasses were."

"They are not within 40 rods of it."

"Come up stairs."

"No use. If there were in your room I'll bet you five million silk dresses."

"Come on."

He followed after, and there hung the bag just where I told him he would find it. I looked from one to the other, and Mr. Bowser finally said:

"I see how it is. You'll probably say you told me to look here, instead of in the spare bed-room dresser! Take off your things, Mrs. Bowser—we don't stir a foot outside to-night."

One night when baby was sick I got Mr. Bowser out of bed to get the paregoric. After a great deal of yawning and growling he marched off down stairs, and for the fifth time I told him:

"I remembered to have placed it on that bracket over the lounge."

I heard him thrashing around and knocking about in the sitting room, rummaging in the pantry and upsetting chairs in the kitchen, and after about 10 minutes appeared at the bottom of the stairs and shouted:

"I've looked the concerned house all over and can't find it."

"I told you it was on the bracket."

"I know you did, but it isn't there?"

"Sure you have looked?"

"Do you take me for an idiot?"

"Well, I'll come down."

I went down, walked him to the bracket and there sat the bottle before his eyes.

"But it wasn't there a minute ago," he protested. "I looked the bracket over at least five times, and I know I'm not blind. Mrs. Bowser, there are some queer happenings in this house. I think it best that we sit down and have some straight talk."

One day at noon he wanted me to tighten a button on his overcoat and I sent him up to my room for a box of thread and needles.

"You'll find it on the sill of the bay window, where I left it half an hour ago," I cautioned, as he went up stairs.

I heard him pawing and slamming things about, and after seven or eight minutes I went up to ascertain the cause of delay.

He had pulled every bureau drawer out, taken down most of the garments in the clothes press, and was then overhauling my jewelry case.

"I'd like to know if there's another woman like you in Detroit?" he exclaimed as I appeared.

"You came up here for the thread box, didn't you?"

"I'll agree I did."

"And I told you it was on the sill of the bay window."

"Did it——"

I pointed it out to him, and after changing countenance and swallowing a lump he turned up and said:

"Mrs. Bowser it is time to quit this tomfoolery! You are too old for such girlish tricks. Next time you try to make a fool of me, I'll ask you to select such furniture as you want and settle on the amount of alimony!"

As He Was Saying

A man led a raw boned, humble faced mule down Clifford street, yesterday morning, turned into Griswold, and finally disappeared inside a blacksmith shop.

"Shoes?" queried the stalwart smith.

"Yes."

"Hind f"

"Yes."

"As I was a-saying when you came in——"

Here he picked up one of the mule's legs and was sent half way across the shop by a twist of the animal's hip. He returned to the attack with unruffled calmness, saying:

"As I was a-saying when you'n the mule came in——"

This time he gets a hind foot in the ribs and was almost knocked over his anvil. He braced up, opened his eyes a little wider, and making another grab for the same foot he repeated:

"As I was a-saying when the mule and you here——"

This time he got both feet in quick succession, and was driven to the wall ten feet away.

"What is it you are trying to tell me?" asked the owner of the mule.

"Why, I was a-saying as you turned the corner that if you brought that infernal brute to this shop I'd break his back with a crowbar, and now you get him out or I'll do it?"

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. [illegible] Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, December 19, 1889. [illegible] No. 22.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Smith.
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. S. Beard.
Assessor, [illegible]
Attorney, [illegible]
Com'rs Co. Ct., [illegible]
Co. Surveyor, [illegible]

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Jury in every term.

C. V. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. HUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Especial attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECK,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. S. A. WITHROW,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

WATERPROOF BOOTS
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AN EARTHQUAKE CURE.

As she stood there in the wind and sun, with her pretty hands clasped behind her, the soft September sun throwing a golden ray on her bright hair, she was thinking and asking herself all manner of epithets, of which "unsure" was, perhaps, the mildest. And yet looking at Sophy Schuyler's arch, bonny face, you would have thought him a fortunate man who could call that winsome creature into the gray cave which filled their liquid depths just then.

"It's all in a tangle," thought Sophy (which, being translated, meant that she was partly engaged to one man, and awaking to the conviction that she was growing rather to deeply interested in another.

Vaughan Hesketh, the unlucky man to whom she fancied she owed allegiance, was an artist, and poor, while Owen Nugent was a wealthy bachelor whom half the girls in town were crazy about.

Sophy was an orphan, perilously pretty, and destined to be the heiress of a very rich old grandfather, Aunt Cynthia, grandpa's sister, shelled her wilful little niece in hold her naughtiness.

Aunt Cynthia and Sophy had come up to Catskill quite early in the season, and among the guests at the boarding house where they were lodged was this artist. How both were very handsome; had for exciting romantic and great hearts of age—with a poetical way of expressing himself that did him good service; and finding the young, fresh girl with an amount of grandpa Slaughter's fortune about her), picturesque and pretty enough for a study," he proceeded to study her in studio and, and played the role of a most accomplished and finished—wouldn't she just try to sketch on canvas how a little, poor fellow?

Nugent was not near so handsome a man as Hesketh; but there was something better than mere beauty in the broad, white forehead and the dark, blue eyes (but one knew at a glance) and his physique was naturally superb. He moved half a head above most of the other gentlemen in the house and, like most very large, powerful men, his manner toward women was peculiarly gentle and deferential.

Sophy would have gone on some time longer, perfectly in a vague state of discontent and uneasiness at finding herself become Vaughan's society did not give her unalloyed pleasure, if Ida Cochran had not come to Catskill, in all her radiant, successful beauty, fresh from a scene of triumph at Newport.

Miss Cochran was a belle of several years' standing, and understood herself, as the phrase goes, thoroughly; that is, she had accidentally heard of Owen Nugent's arrival from Europe and his presence at Catskill—and arming herself in all her elegant and to assail the ship; and Ida, although beauty as she was, had never looked handsomer than when she walked out on the piazza the evening of her arrival and renewed her acquaintance with Nugent, as he was walking up and down with Sophy's hand on his arm.

For two weeks past Ida had posed, smiled and sighed for the golden prize, while Nugent seemed providingly unconscious of the entire proceeding. To be sure, he was with her half the time (it would have been a difficult matter to avoid her without rude rudeness), and Sophy missed his little attentions and wondered why it gave her an odd twinge of something she had never felt before, when she saw him playing chess with the beauty of an evening. And to-night, as she sat at the window, she was speculating whether Vaughan would assume for all the time upon the trip which they were expecting to take up the mountain next day.

The mountain party assembled early the next morning, but they did not get off without several secret heartstrings. Herbert, very much to his annoyance, found that he was, as it were, obliged to go in Aunt Cynthia's wagon; and that much-enduring lady was separated from Sophy and compelled to maintain Ida and Aunt Osborne, a very tall, sallow young woman, whose father for very manners were forgiven because of her papa's millions down in Wall street. And Sophy being, unhappily, wedged in between Mrs. Cochran and a pug, grim chap named Clay, became more resigned to her station when Owen Nugent climbed up by the driver, directly behind her.

Hesketh was a good deal piqued with Sophy for her innocent gayety on the way up. Every time her little, girlish laugh echoed down the path, he chose to feel personally aggrieved because she could not worry when any one but himself was beside her; and therefore, when she lingered a little, and looked rather wistfully up at him as they started forth from the needle precipice to see the glacier, but said no thing will Aunt Cynthia hear.

Aunt admired the bonhomie of her, and was privately exulting in drawing him away from Sophy—the pair pursued their minds very contentedly. And—unless Sophy dropped behind, and Mr. Clay was more of a pug than ever, she thought, when she saw Ida's blue feather disappear in the distance with Nugent in attendance.

The party got separated, of course, and Sophy utterly refused to send for Clay back with a message to Aunt Cynthia, and then she strayed on alone, and very nearly escaped coming to serious grief. She was going along the edge of a lovely little cliff, pausing now and then to admire the beauty, when suddenly somebody said just behind her:

"A penny for your thoughts, miss Sophy."

The voice startled her, she stepped on a round pebble, which turned treacherously under her foot; she felt herself falling—gave a gasping cry—and then shriven!

A warm hand clasped hers, an elastic back into attention once.

"My dear child! Owen Angelo's voice was a little anxiously. "Are you hurt by my terrible reckless most?" Sophy managed to stand upright.

"I believe I hit a little falsi," she, the most resting look to the gate free as she pulled against whose shoulder she leaned. "How shall we ever get up, Mr. Nugent?" He smiled. She had purposely escaped the rocks and looked to a little green ledge, subject. This was about midway, and the ascent was not very great.

"I think I could carry you up," he said, quite gravely. "You are not a very great weight,you know." She laughed.

"Yes; but I think I will try to climb it with your assistance," and she put her hand in his with a child's confidence. They were fifty ten minutes climbing however, for Nugent would not let her go fast and watched her steps with such solicitude that her varying color came and went more briefly than ever. By and by they reached the top.

"I don't know what I should have done without you," Sophy said, with a shy, happy glance at his devotion, "I wish I could thank you properly."

"Do not be cold until there quite absolutely. "Will you solve a puzzle for me? I have been asking myself all morning? Do you think so true I could make you love me?"

Every particle of color died out of the lovely face. "Mr. Nugent!" and she burst into tears.

"My dear child! There I frighten you?" he asked, a pained look crossing his face.

"No! yes!" she answered, vaguely terrified because of a guilty flood of joy in her heart, which she instinctively felt ought not to be. "Oh! you don't understand! dear. What would Vaughan say?"

"Have you given him a right to say anything?" Nugent's tone was shorter.

"I—at least he would think he had," she faltered out, feeling utterly wretched.

"If dear?" he inserted her little hand with his lips. "Do not look so troubled. I must see her some to-day!"—He broke off abruptly. There stood Hesketh and Ida.

"Sophy! Has there had such a time for you?" cried the beauty, with an overt sparkle at her cousin Hesketh at your help with to his ears.

"How dare I find were how you here?" he said, in a studied undertone, as they followed the others.

"Vaughan?"

"Oh, no, but I mean you drove me! I have no one left in the wide world to care for but you do."

And despite his miserable guilt, and despite the rules of romance, and Vaughan called them, he said and pressed her hand to his lips in redemption, while his thoughts, carrying on the dispute in their own way, were busy speculating whether Sophy, with her pretty face and prospective fortune, was as rich a prize as Miss Osborne, with her pride of name and millions already her own. And by the end of the day he would not upon a certain old pew arch, which demonstrates the superiority of a bird in the hand, with various pertinacity.

The weather for some days had been excessive to the first breath of autumn, or all winter prophets. Such sighing for awnings for the nights and increased wish of night fall, with white and dregs of all hues of the day. Therefore, when Sunday morning dawned without an actual storm, people on general themselves as declared their intention of going to church, and being pious, regardless of the dark, lowry all.

Sophy was late and when she came down at last she hurried her talk off down the hill and got into church after service had begun. The little village was very full, and she walked hesitatingly up the aisle, looking puzzled when Nugent's hand quickly opened a pew door near to even for them, and she sank down into a corner farthest away from Hesketh.

He's thus neither nodding to front of her, Goldie Nugent's broad shoulder, distracted her attention for awhile; but when the choir pealed in a hymn, solemn and subdued as the music was, Sophy's head dropped forward between her hands and she began to weep softly.

Sitting there, she realized with a sudden flash of self understanding that she could not, must not, marry this man, who had so heretofore her girlish armor. Could she ever stand at a holy altar like this and give him the most solemn vows that can be spoken? Sophy shivered and grew faint at the bare thought. No, she would not bear it another day; she would tell Hesketh to-night, and then, if he would persuade enough to release her she would confess the whole matter to grandpa; his wrath was better than the burden of a secret engagement to a man whom she was beginning to realize she did not love.

Suddenly the organ seemed to grow darker; the gaslights on the altar quivered; the ground beneath her shook violently, and the walls seemed to totter at their very foundations. The music ended in a prolonged shriek; people sprang to their feet; women screamed and fainted; and everybody rushed into the aisles, crowding and crushing each other in their panic.

Half the end of the world come! What was about to happen? Sophy's soul rushed to her lips in one agonized shriek.

"Owen! Owen! Where are you? Oh, come!"

Hesketh, with the frantic terror which seizes men in an unknown danger, was far in advance of the struggling crowd in the aisles; but Sophy's light form was lifted from the rush, and a voice said tenderly:

"My very darling! it is a slight earthquake—trust me."

Sophy closed her eyes; in all her terror for one last clasp of joy she felt her as no joy had ever done before. If they perished, they would die together. The air thickening as her face and a gust of rain drops revived her; she opened her eyes.

"Owen, before we die, just let me tell you——"

"What, love?" for Sophy hardly knew what she was saying.

"That I am—oh! do you love me as very much?"

He set her down out of his arms, and right there in the village street he kissed her till the lovely face was rosy.

Hesketh married Aunt Osborne, and had the supreme satisfaction of sending his wedding cards to Sophy and grandpa Schuyler. How angry he would have been if he could have seen the lovely, unclouded face that rest ever grandpa's shoulder as he opened the envelop, and the laughing, half-depressing voice that said to Nugent:

"What a blow guess I was bad woman! Oh, Owen! to think that I had to be saved by an earthquake!"

But Sophy's husband closed her lips with a kiss, that said he, at least, was fully satisfied with an earthquake's results.

"And what excuse do you make to my appeal?" he asked, as he knelt at her feet.

"Excuse I will to Cook with you," she murmured.

"Oh, speak!" he implored, "and relieve me from this agony of suspense."

"Then let me say it myself, he."

"Why not? Oh! why not?"

"Because, James, I do not feel able to support a husband."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
¼ column	5 00	8 00	10 00	17 00
Half col'n	8 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	25 00	35 00	50 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

December 19, 1889.

One hundred thousand persons viewed the remains of Hon. Jeffer. son Davis as he lay in state in New Orleans.

Hitherto Goff has claimed that he would be Governor of West Virginia. Now he says that the Democrats will "count him out."

MR. HARRISON, in his message, insists on civil service reform. He has himself inaugurated it by appointing a negress as postmistress in Louisiana.

Robert Browning, the English poet died peacefully at Venice at 10 o'clock on the 12th. He was born in 1812, and in 1846 married Elizabeth Barrett, herself a poet, and to her genius almost as much as to his own, he owed his wide reputation.

Another heavy weight (colored) pugilist has loomed up at Visalia, Cal. His name is Dan Hatch, and rejoices in the sobriquet of "Black Demon." He stands 5 feet 11¼ inches in height, weighs 196 pounds, and has issued a challenge to any colored pugilist in the world, barring Peter Jackson, for a purse of $500 or $1,000.

IS PRESIDENT HARRISON A FREE TRADER.—The Republican Press and speakers, almost without exception, have proclaimed every Democrat as a free-trader who advocated the reform or modification of the tariff. Now that Harrison, their own President, favors a change of the tariff and an extension of the free list, will they charge that he is a free trader and, if not, why not? Will they so charge him, or will they admit that they did not believe what they said when they affirmed that the Democrats favored the policy of Free trade, and that they did so merely for party effect?

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, December, 13.—Mr. Harrison and Mr. Morton are no longer on friendly terms. As much has been suspected for some time, but it was not until the trip to Chicago from which both of them returned Wednesday morning, that the suspicion became a certainty. They would not go together, was seen on the same line of railroad. One had a special car on one line and one on the other, although one car would have furnished ample accommodations for both parties. In Chicago they had nothing to do with each other, and at the dedication of the auditorium, which both attended, they entered, separated, although it was the intention of the managers of the affair that they should make their entrance arm in arm. It is not probable that any one thing brought about the present state of feeling between the two gentlemen—it has been steadily growing since March. Mr. Morton was a very liberal, one might say extravagant, contributor to the republican campaign fund, and he very naturally thought that he was entitled to a little more than the 40th wheel sort of influence usually accorded the Vice President. Mr. Harrison, it seems, thought differently, hence they now confine their association to barely speaking as they pass by.

Senator Call has created a mild sort of a sensation by introducing a Bill authorizing the President to open negotiation with Spain for the purchase of Cuba. Whether we want Cuba, or whether Spain wants to sell Cuba, have suddenly become interesting questions. To the first question there are many answers, usually different. The last every one, usually, answers in the affirmative.

Poor Mrs. Harrison! Everybody is sorry for her. She has been worrying herself to death because she could not live in the White House as she did at Indianapolis, and now to add to the good little woman's trouble her sister Mrs. Scott Lord, has died. It will not be at all surprising if Mrs. Harrison's health should break down under the burden of sorrow. She has not been well for months.

No man ever spoke to an audience which more nearly represented the entire civilized world than was the one which gathered in the Hall of the House of Representatives, Wednesday afternoon, to hear Chief Justice Fuller deliver an address on the inauguration of Washington. The Chief Justice, though making no pretence of being an orator in the popular sense of the word, acquitted himself in a manner that was highly creditable to him, and enjoyable to his hearers. The ceremonies were held in commemoration of one hundreth anniversary of Washingtons inauguration. The real anniversary was the 30 of last April, but as Congress was not in session at that date it postponed its part in the centennial until December 11.

Speaker Reed has already proven that the republican managers knew what they were about when they elected him for Speaker. Never before has any Speaker announced any of the committees of the House until they were all completely made up, but so anxious are the republicans to oust some of the democratic members and give their seats to the republican contestants, that precedent was set aside and five committees announced last Monday. The committees named are Ways and Means; Appropriations; Manufactures; Elections; and Mileage. The committee on Elections is the one they wanted to get to work, as no contested election case can be acted on by the House until it is reported from that committee.

The defalcation and absconding of E. C. Bilcott, Cashier of Sergeant at arms Leedom office is still worrying the members of the House and the question of whether the Treasury shall lose the $12,000 stolen or the members for whose pay it was drawn, is not decided. It is probable that it will be dead loss, as it is the opinion of shrewd lawyers that Mr. Leedoms bond of $50,000 is so drawn that it cannot be touched to make good any part of the money stolen by Bilcott.

It was not intended by the administration that any official notice should be taken of the death or funeral of the late Jefferson Davis but the closing of all the departments at noon on Wednesday, on account of the Congressional centennial, caused many people to think they were closed in honor of Mr. Davis, that being the day of his funeral.

The most of the bills so far introduced are back numbers, that is, they were before Congress at the last session and failed to be acted on.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Randolph county, West Virginia, rendered on the 20th day of September, 1889, in the suit in equity of C. Tallman & Co. vs. Jacob S. Wamsley and others. And three other causes, heard therewith, the undersigned, on the 3rd day of January, 1890 at the front door of the Court House of said county, will offer for sale at auction to the highest bidder the following described tracts of land:

50 acres, 53 acres, 300 acres, 118 acres, 135 acres, 500 acres, 155 acres, 71 acres, 2,000 acres, 198 acres and 87 acres owned by Jacob S. Wamsley; so much of the 135 and 118 acre tracts as was not embraced by the conveyance from said Wamsley to Jacob Crouch will be sold; and so much of the 198 acre tract as was not embraced by the deed from said Wamsley to Edgar D. Wamsley will be sold. The two tracts of 50 acres each and the parcels of the 300 acres, the 135 acres and the 118 acres, not conveyed as aforesaid, together with the 71 acres and the 41 acres compose what is known as the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley and is situate on the Tygarts Valley River in said county. The 500 acres adjoins the said farm and is principally unimproved. The 808 acres is situate in said county on Elk Water. The 2000 acres, the 198 acres and the 86 acres, adjoining each other and are situate on the waters of Greenbrier River in Pocahontas Co. and known as the "Hamilton Place." And the 10 or 12 acres lying on mill creek, Randolph county between lands of L. C. Conrad and S. M. Wamsley and the 50 acres, Andrew Wamsley land, situate on said creek owned by Melvin Currence; And the 118 acres and 107 acres owned by Patrick Crickard, and being the same lands conveyed by him in trust to Leland Kittle; and the 94 acres, 94 acres and 2 acres owned by Phoebe A Crickard and being the same lands conveyed to her by James Meyers. The five last named tracts compose what is known as the Patrick Crickard home place, situate in Randolph county on the Tygart's Valley River near Huttonsville. A plat of the lands to be sold composing the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley, as well as the lands of the said Patrick and Phoebe A. Crickard will be made by the County Surveyor and exhibited at the sale. The home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley is largely improved, with barn, two dwelling houses, other but buildings and orchards thereon, party composed of the finest river bottom, with good uplands and in a fine state of cultivation. Upon the said 300 acre tract there is valuable timber, accessible to the Tygarts Valley River. The 808 acres on Elk water has on it about 300 acres of fine soil, the richest soil and a good quality of timber. Upon the said "Hamilton Place" there is about 800 acres heaved, about 100 acres of which is in sod and produces the finest blue grass. The residue of the land is very rich soil with limestone and first class timber, such as cherry, ash, hemlock, &c., the 10 or 12 acres, Currence land is improved and the 50 acres is partially improved and is of rich soil with a very fine orchard of young and well selected fruit trees thereon. The said "Patrick Crickard Home Place" except the 118 acres is principally improved land of the finest river bottom, upon which is a new dwelling house, other out buildings, a good orchard and is in a high state of cultivation. The 118 acres lies on the east side of the Tygarts Valley River, from the improved lands, is good soil, upon which there is the finest timber, such as white oak, poplar, &c. Such an opportunity for the purchase of valuable timber and improved lands at judicial sale is rarely offered in this section, and parties desiring to make investments in this beautiful valley with its prospects of further development by the extension of its railroad facilities, will do well to investigate the properties to be sold.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said lands will be sold for five per cent of the purchase money cash in hand and the residue in equal amounts upon a credit of 4, 10, 24 & 36 months with interest from the day of sale and purchasers to give notes with good security for the deferred payments.

DAVID H. SCOTT, } Special
L. D. DUNCAN, } Commissioners.

I certify that bond and security has been given by the above named Commissioner as required by the decree of sale.

W. H. WARE,
Clerk of the Circuit Courts of Randolph Co.
Dec. 5-4t. Printer's fee $27.85.

—Lam & O'Farrell wants to furnish everybody their Xmas liquor.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D.
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

CHRISTMAS + LIQUORS

LAM & O'FARRELL,

At the foot of the Alleghany Mountains

8 miles east of Huntersville, are fornish you your

Christmas Liquors Cheaper than they can be purchased this side of Staunton. They handle all brands of first class KENTUCKY BURBON and AUGUSTA CO., Va., WHISKEYS.

Give them a call and be convinced.

All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mauntain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic,)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hetel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.

WM. E. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE + & + ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Gold Cigar and Staunton Bella Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 231 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

DR. C. STARKEY'S
The Mother's True Friend.
Purifies Enriches Strengthens
All Species Sore U. Ulcers Lotion. Tonsilitis and Sore Throat in Children.

GOOD FLOUR.

HOME NEWS.

—Court days Wednesday.

—C. D. Link, Esq., of Mt Grove was in town last week.

—Read the change in Linn & O'Ferrall's advertisement.

—Jno. H. Wetherholt, of Edray, was in to see us last Saturday.

—A few cases before Justice Grose last week.

—C. H. Brighton, of Elyria, O., was in our city this week.

—Mr. E. H. Moore, of Academy, was in our city last week.

—J. C. Leary, Jr., has returned from a trip to Washington city.

—Rice Moore, Esq., of Dunmore was in town Tuesday.

—A couple of Frenchmen passed through town Monday with a large cinnamon bear.

—Messrs. E. M. Beard, of Academy and Newton Beard, of St Alban were in town Tuesday.

—Attorney C. F. Moore and D. O'Donnell, Esq., have returned from a business trip to Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

—Mr. Wm. Stover, a brother-in-law, of our townsman, Capt. D. A. Beard, died at his home in Staunton, on the 18th inst.

—We want old Santa Claus to bring us next Wednesday night about 1,000 subscribers to THE TIMES with the cash in advance.

—Joe McNeel, Esq., of Academy, is a frequent visitor to our town; he came up again last Saturday and returned Sunday evening.

—Messrs. N. A. Williams & Son, Photographers, who have been in our town for some time past, started for their home in Greensboro, Pa., Tuesday morning.

—We understand that Rev. Wm. Canter, formerly of this place but now of Randolph Co., will be married in a few days to a Miss McAfee, of Mingo Flats, that Co.

—S. F. Beauck, Esq., of Falling Spring, Greenbrier Co., died at the home of his son-in-law, Col. B. F. Harlow in Lewisburg, on the night of the 8th inst. The immediate cause of his death was paralysis.

—Mr. Newton Beard, of St Alban, and Miss Georgia Rankin, of Academy, were married at that place to-day (Wednesday) at 11 o'clock.

Thief Arrested

Oliver Ervine, about 18 years old, living near Edray, was arrested last Wednesday evening, at his home, and lodged in jail at this place, charged with breaking into Messrs. Moore & Hannah's store, at Edray, of which an account appeared in THE TIMES last week. The goods that were described as being stolen were found in his bedroom; also Mr. C. D. Link, of near Mt. Grove recovered a watch from him that was stolen not long since.

Dunmore Doings

Capt. C. B. Swecker has been laid up for a week or more with sore throat, but hopes to be able to blow his horn at Edray the last of this month.

We are having a good deal of sickness in our neighborhood.

Col. S. C. Pritchard, the old man, has returned from the Valley with a first class piano for his daughters.

We have two music teachers in our little town and four organs and two pianos. We expect to have a musician concert soon.

Work has gone up 25 ft. on the new church.

Pritchard and Taylor have gone into the lumber business quite extensively.

There will be a lot of wagons back from Staunton this week with Xmas tricks &c.

Success to THE TIMES.

TRAVELER.

Locals from Hillsboro.

Hurrah for Hillsboro! Xmas is coming here.

One old year will soon change to 1890.

Madam Rumor says two marriages will take place in Hillsboro soon.

Miss Georgia Rankin of this place will be married to-day (Wednesday).

Rumor also says that Huntersville will lose one of its most choice flowers before very long, and that Hillsboro will feel it.

The following pupils were enrolled at the H. T. School during the past week: Misses John Gaffard and Steward Gaffard of Hillsboro, and Harris Nathan of Philadelphia. They enter for the purpose of studying the Poughkeepsie course of Book keeping.

Miss Edmonia Gum of this vicinity left Tuesday for a visit to friends and relatives in Liberty Va.

The Hillsboro Male and Female Academy is flourishing and doing well.

Madam Rumor is full this week. She says that Hillsboro will be run over with entertainments Xmas.

JUSTITIA.

Judge Lucas.

Charleston, W. Va., December 11.—Governor Wilson to-day appointed Daniel B. Lucas, of Charlestown, Jefferson county, to fill the unexpired term of Judge Thomas C. Green, who died last week, in the Supreme Court of Appeals. Term ends 1892.

A Boyish Murderer.

Joe Templeton, aged 13, was shot and killed by his brother Jeff at Union, Cabell county, last Friday. The boys were boxing and knocking off hats, and a boy named Smith struck Jeff in the mouth. This enraged him. While brooding over the blow a boy named Stowasser came up with a shotgun. Jeff grabbed the gun and emptied both barrels into his brother's face. He lived three hours, but never spoke.

An Old Woman Butchered.

A horrible butchery occurred in the East End of Cincinnati a few days ago.

The victim was Bridget Byrnes, 70 years of age, living alone. She was horribly hacked two of her fingers being entirely severed from her right hand. Her throat was cut, and half dozen other cuts disfigured her face.

The murderer is John, alias "Crooky" Smith, who is well-known in police circles. The evident object of the murder was robbery, as it was well known the old lady had considerable money about the house.

She Was Buried Alive.

A sad case of premature burial has just developed at Madison, Wis. About a month ago diptheria appeared in the home of a prominent family. A young domestic was terribly frightened, and desired to go to her home in the country, but the attending physician would not permit this. A young child died of the malady, and this, with the horror of the disease, caused the girl to take to her bed, and she apparently died in a few hours, and was at once buried by the authorities. A few days ago her parents obtained permission to remove the body to the country, and, upon opening the casket, they were horrified to discover that the body was lying on its face, the hair wrenched from the head, and the flesh literally torn from the face and hands.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., seems to be death's play ground. On the night of the 10th, Park's Opera House was densely packed with people, when a fire alarm was sounded near by, the people thinking it was in the building made a rush for exit; the effort was a panic, resulting in the death of 11 persons, and several injured.

SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR ARSON.

—A dispatch from Rocky Mount, Franklin county Va., dated the 7th inst., says:

"The trial of George Early, colored, for burning Rocky Mount, some weeks ago resulted to-day in his conviction and the sentence of death was passed upon him by the judge. Before sentence he was brought into court and testified that Bird Woods, Bill Brown and Xanno Woods were his confederates, and were present when the match was struck that consumed twenty-four buildings in Rocky Mount."

These negroes turned these building because Massey was at lowest to speak in a hall which had been refused to Mahone.

A New Railroad.

A dispatch from Parkersburg, W. Va., dated the 8th of December, makes mention of an important railroad project as follows: "A railroad enterprise involving the construction of 500 miles of road and cutting through the heart of West Virginia, has been put on foot here. Senator Camden and Eastern capitalists are interested in it. The route is from the Ohio River at Marietta, up the Kanawha Valley and down the Valley of Elk River to Clifton Forge in Virginia, where the road will connect with the Chesapeake and Ohio. Engineers are now at work on this end of the route."

This is an inviting, feasible enterprise, and of vast importance to both of the Virginias. It would traverse one of the richest territories in the world. The coal and timber which would be accomodated, of themselves, would make the road remunerative. Supplemented by the products of a fertile farming and grazing country, and the travel that would be assured, there is every consideration to justify the improvement. If capitalists will unite determine upon the route the road would take, and then go in advance and purchase the coal and timber lands, they could build the road and make an enormous profit, over and above the expense of construction and equipment, out of the sale of lands after the road would reach them. That will be the policy of capitalists hereafter. That doubtless is to be the inducement which will attract a $100,000,000 English syndicate that has been recently formed to invest in new railroad projects in this country and develop mineral lands.

Deafness Can't Be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh), that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

F. B. Gowen, a prominent, Pennsylvanian, committed suicide in Washington, on the 14th inst.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are suffering teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little one awakes "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FELIX KEMP, who murdered his children in Charleston, some time ago has been sentenced to death for his friendish crime.

COW.

A large red and white spotted cow, with horns about 4 inches long has been at my place for about two months. The owner will please call for her.

RICHARD M. BEARD,
Academy W. Va.

—Nearly all colds are slight, at first, but their tendency is to go lower the system down the sufferer becomes a ready victim to any one of the many forms of throat and lung disease. The use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, in the beginning of a cold, would guard against this danger.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

—Your watch checks may have all the plumpness and charm of health through your use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This time honored remedy still leads the van. It will promote digestion, purify the blood, and invigorates the system. Give it a trial.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my grocery. Respectfully,
n.28-4t H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

AUCTION.

I will sell at auction at Edray, W. Va., on December 30th, and 31st, 1889, a lot of Dry Goods, Clothing, Overcoats, Ladies Jackets and Notions.

All persons wishing to buy cheap goods will do well to attend.

DANIEL COOPER,
12-2t.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, you'll need to nothing
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

Constipation,

IF not remedied or relieved, it fastens itself with terrible tenacity upon its victim, becomes habitual and chronic. Drains his vitality, by poisoning the blood, undermines nerve force, and destroys energy. Ayer's Pills, being mild, effective, and strengthening in their action, are prescribed by the faculty as the best of specifics.

"Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find relief, I, at last, tried Ayer's Pills. After using a few boxes of these pills, I found myself entirely cured. I have since enjoyed good health, and have never been troubled with constipation." — John M. Bryan, Greenville, Ala.

"For sixty years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so chronic that I had to depend upon cathartic pills to relieve me. For some time past I have used Ayer's Pills, and have found them to be the best I ever took. They have relieved me of constipation, and restored my health." — Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Lowell, Mass.

"I have been taking Ayer's Pills and using them in my family when a cathartic was required, for the last twenty years, and consider them the best pill in the market. They are mild, sure, and thorough in their operation, and do not gripe." — John M. Bryan, Greenville, Ala.

"For a long time I suffered from constipation, which at last became so chronic that I had to depend upon cathartic pills to relieve me. For some time past I have used Ayer's Pills, and have found them to be the best I ever took. They have relieved me of constipation, and restored my health." — Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine.

E. W. MARTIN,
Lindsey, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the creditors of J. E. Rounds &c.'s.

In the report of C. F. Moore and L. M. McCloud, Administrators of J. E. Rounds, dec'd, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said J. E. Rounds dec'd, for adjustment to me at my office in Edray, Pocahontas on or before the 15th day of January 1890.

Witness James A. Varner Jr., Commissioner of said county, this 15th day of November, 1889.

LEWIS W. WARNER, Jr.,
Com'r of said C. C.
Nov. 14-4t. Printer's fee $3.75

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stones Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A CARD.

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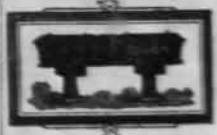

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Huntersville, W. Va.

December 19, 1889.

Words of Wisdom.

Hypocrisy is the necessary burial-place of villainy.

When a man's temper gets the best of him it reveals the worst of him.

It is a curious fact in the run of things that it is easier to be thoroughly orthodox than to be thoroughly good.

A bad habit is like a cat in that it has many lives, and like a cat you will have to kill it nine times before you are sure it is dead.

Equity had been gradually seeping itself into a refined science which human faculties could master without long and intense application.

The chief ingredients in the composition of those qualities that gain gateway and cause are good nature, truth, good sense and good breeding.

A more glorious victory cannot be gained over another man than this, that when the injury began on his part the kindness should begin on ours.

Libraries are the wardrobes of literature, where rare, properly ordered, might bring forth ornament, much for curiosity, and more for use.

If a man does not make new acquaintance as he passes through life he will soon find himself alone. A man should keep his friendship in constant repair.

It is hard to persuade and not a part long; for where truth is not at the bottom, nature will always be endeavoring to return, and will pour out and betray herself one time or another.

There is nothing that makes a man suspect much, than to know little; and therefore men should remedy suspicion by striving to know more, and not to keep their suspicions in smother.

A man that hath no virtue in himself ever envieth virtue in others; for men's minds will either feed upon their own good, or upon others' evil; and who wanteth the one will pray upon the other.

They that govern most make least noise. You see when they row in a barge they that do drudgery work slash and puff and sweat, but he that governs sits quietly at the stern and scarce is seen to stir.

Such is the force of envy and ill nature that the failings of good men are more published to the world than their good deeds, and that one fault of a deserving man shall meet with more reputation than all his virtues will with praise.

The blacksmith melts iron with sweating wheeks.

Mother Nature knows a great deal less trouble than mother Habbard.

A man experiences "that sinking feeling" when he falls overboard.

"I've had a good many trials in my time," remarked the veteran trivialist sadly.

What State Leads

Alabama ranks fourth in cotton.

Arkansas ranks second in silver.

California ranks first in barley, grape culture, sheep, gold and quick silver.

Colorado ranks first in silver.

Connecticut ranks first in clocks.

Delaware is way up in peaches.

Dakota is the State where grow big State.

Florida ranks third in sugar and molasses.

Georgia ranks second in rice and sweet potatoes.

Indiana ranks second in wheat.

Illinois ranks first in coal, meat packing, lumber traffic, malt and distilled liquors and miles of railway.

Iowa ranks first in average intelligence of population, first in production of corn and first in number of swine.

Idaho ranks sixth in gold and silver.

Kansas ranks fifth in cattle, corn and rye.

Kentucky ranks first in tobacco, and has a world wide reputation for thoroughbred horses and cattle.

Louisiana ranks first in sugar and molasses.

Maine ranks first in ship-building slate and granite quarries, lumbering and fishing.

Maryland ranks fourth in coal.

Massachusetts ranks first in cotton, woolen and worsted goods and in cod and mackerel fisheries.

Michigan ranks first in copper, lumber and salt.

Minnesota ranks fourth in wheat and barley.

Mississippi ranks second in cotton.

Missouri ranks first in mules.

Montana ranks fifth in silver and gold.

New Mexico's grazing facilities can't be beat.

Nebraska has abundant crops of rye, buckwheat, barley, flax and hemp.

Nevada ranks second in gold.

New Hampshire ranks third in the manufactory of cotton goods.

New Jersey ranks first in fertilizing marl, zinc and silk goods.

New York ranks first in value of manufactures, soap, printing and publishing, hops, hay, potatoes, buckwheat and milch cows.

North Carolina ranks first in tar and turpentine.

Ohio ranks first in agricultural implements and wool.

Oregon takes the palm in cattle raising.

Pennsylvania ranks first in oil, rye, iron and steel, petroleum and coal.

Rhode Island, in proportion to its size, outranks all other States in value of manufactures.

South Carolina ranks first in phosphates.

Tennessee ranks second in peanuts.

Texas ranks first in cattle and cotton.

Utah ranks third in silver.

Vermont ranks fourth in copper.

Virginia ranks first in peanuts.

West Virginia ranks fifth in salt and coal.

Wisconsin ranks second in hops.

A little girl, who made very frequent use of the word "guess," was one day reproved for it by her teacher.

"Don't say 'guess,' Mary," said Miss Jones; "say 'presume.'"

Presently one of Mary's little playmates coming up to her, remarked:

"I think your cape is very pretty, and my mamma wants your mamma to lend her the pattern, because she is going to make me one like it."

"My mamma has no pattern," was the prompt reply; "she cut it by presume."

A lunatic is something like a heavy sea. She is always washing things overboard.

"THE SUN" FOR 1890.

Many people agree with *The Sun's* opinions about men and things, and accept its favorable facts, but everybody likes to get both of the newspaper when it carries fact and never stupid to speak its mind.

Democrats know that for twenty years *The Sun* has fought in the front line for Democratic principles, never wavering or weakening in its loyalty to the true interests of the party it serves with fearless intelligence and disinterested vigor. At times opinion here differed as to the best means of accomplishing the common purpose; it is not *The Sun's* fault if it has been further into the millstone.

Eighteen hundred and ninety is the year that will probably determine the result of the Presidential election of 1892, and perhaps the fortunes of Democracy for the rest of the country. Victory in 1892 is a duty, and the beginning of 1890 is the best time to start out in company with The Sun.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. XI. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, December 26, 1889. No. 23.

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Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, J. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, W. M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Beard.
Clerk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. C. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct., C. S. Beard, S. B. Hannah, Ira F. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, _____
Co. Doctor, _____

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCKEN,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. BRYCKLE,
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Lewisburg, W. Va.
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E. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. J. S. WITWORTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

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ROMANCE OF A STORE.

A tiny room, behind a tiny shop. In one corner, near the fire-place, an elderly lady in a deep, cushioned chair—a lady whose face bore traces of pain conquered, suffering overcome, patient, delicate and refined. Her dress and attitude told the story of invalidism. Opposite to her, standing up and leaning up on the mantel piece, a girl of twenty-one or two, tall, straight and strong, with a face of some beauty, great resolution, and sweet, womanly grace.

Rhoda Lewis was the youngest lady, and her mother the gentle invalid.

"Where are you going, dear? The shop bell did not ring," Mrs. Lee said as Rhoda moved toward the door.

"To put up the shutters. It is nine o'clock."

"They are so heavy," the invalid sighed.

"But I am so strong," the girl answered, lightly.

Yet, as she lifted the heavy shutter in her small, white hands, she was not sorry to have it taken from her into a strong, masculine grasp, that quickly adjusted the shutters, put up the iron bar, shot the pad lock bolt into place, locked it, and gave the key to Rhoda. Not a word spoken all this time, but as her cousin, Frank Lewis, gave her the key, Rhoda said, demurely and formally:

"Thank you."

Quite as formally, yet with a ring of earnest in his voice, that had not been in hers, he replied:

"You are very welcome."

She stood turning the key in her fingers, till he said:

"Well?" But if he intended the word for a question, there was no answer. Rhoda let her hands fall, and looked straight before her. "Are you not going to ask me in?" Frank inquired.

"No."

"Father has been here to-day?"

"Yes."

"And his seat?"

"Yes."

"And told you to shut your door on me?"

"Yes."

"You—you! Can't you speak, Rhoda?"

"Not now. Some insults are very hard to bear; your father's was one of them."

She slipped in at the store door as she spoke, and fastened it quickly. She was in total darkness, for long closed the door of the room then as she left it. For a moment she stood leaning heavily upon the counter, breathing violently, with the quick breathing that tells of suppressed tears. Only for a moment; then she went in to her mother, her sweet face all love and cheerfulness. Whatever her heart-ache was, it was evidently not to be added to her mother's burdens.

Frank, left so unceremoniously, gave vent to his chagrin in a low whistle, thrust his hands deep into his overcoat pockets, and strode homeward. It was a cheerless winter evening, and chilled, angered and miserable, the young man tossed aside hat and coat in the hall of his father's pretentious house, and entered the parlor. A grand room, richly furnished, in sharp contrast to the shabby little back parlor where Frank had intended to pass the next hour.

Mr. Lewis was seated beside an open grate, reading the evening newspaper. He did not look up as his son flung up a chair near his own, and said:

"Father, what have you been saying to-day to Rhoda?"

"I gave her to understand that I did not want a penniless daughter in law."

"Father!"

"You may as well understand the same. I will not encourage such nonsense any longer. You are old enough now to drop flirtations, and think seriously of marriage."

"I won't stand it," cried Frank, hotly.

"Won't stand what?"

"Any interference between Rhoda and myself. I mean to win Rhoda for my wife; and I mean it when she wore long braids and short dresses; when she lived in a house as grand as this one."

"All very well then. Matters are different now."

"There is no difference in my love for Rhoda."

"A pauper! The daughter of a bankrupt who committed suicide!"

"Your brother!"

"Well, what of that! He never asked me to help him, or——" was the harsh reply. "I wonder how lucky Frank would have been without enough to do it?"

"It was a pity he could not know that. Father!" in a softened tone, "don't stand between Rhoda and me! I won't give her up, but you might have hard to win. She is as proud to-day as she was when her carriage drove up to our door, and she brought you fruit from her hot house. No, I am wrong! She was not proud, then. Heaven bless her! but she is now!"

"Aggies have no right to be proud! I won't have it! Do you understand? If you persist in this folly, you may cut yourself to the situation, for your allowance stops, understand, the day you propose to your cousin Rhoda. You can find a home and an income elsewhere."

"I don't mind that threat, but I should be very unhappy if I lost you also, father."

"Don't do it, then."

"But it will make my life utterly wretched to give up my prospects."

"Bah! Go to bed. You're a headstrong boy, and you have not tasted poverty yet. Keep cool for once till you have."

Frank Lewis knew that there were some words in which his father was utterly stubborn, and that to argue was to take time for no result. He so swallowed his disgust, and went to his own room. Thinking deeply, he came to the resolution to try his power to conquer Rhoda before seeing Rhoda again. She knew he loved her, and if his love was returned, would trust him if she cared for him only in a cousin's way, then the opposition might help him to beat a hasty disappointment. He would not desert his father, but perhaps when he had proved himself no beggar, his father might relent.

It was dreary enough in the weeks that followed in the tiny parlor, behind the little grocery store where Rhoda Lewis strove to keep the wolf from the door. Brought up in utter ignorance of business, the young shop-keeper had depended unreservedly upon her cousin Frank to all accounts and difficulties. Frank had taught her how to keep her books, but of the many intricacies about receiving her stock in trade, arranging her bankings, and keeping her accounts, had been kept entirely in the dark. Her mother had been very proud of her self-reliance, and had never looked up on her as a lover, only as her very dear cousin, until her uncle coldly opened her eyes and heart by informing her of the penalty attached to her son's marriage. Then love awakened to sting her sharply when pride forbade her disclosing the secret intruder.

Yet, while she suffered in secret, there was a magic of prosperity about the tiny store. Customers flocked to her, and she found sale for a better class of goods than she had ventured upon at first. She had some skill in window-garnishing, no wonderful talent, but an honest capacity for much of the pretty decorating, just at that time coming into fashion. For what she had leisure to accomplish in that line, she found quick sale at large profit.

Her worst grief was in her mother's waning health, and the certainty that a long standing disease must terminate fatally, though the decline was very slow. Heart and brain were sorely taxed, the more that she had been so carefully guarded from all care and sorrow during her father's life. But she was brave and faithful in the discharge of daily duty, trusting in God's care for her future, as much as a child trusts its mother.

Two years had passed since Frank Lewis put up his shutters, when he wrote to her from another city telling her that he had a good position, was working faithfully to make himself independent, and asking her to be his wife if he succeeded even filled his pockets sufficiently to send a hegira.

"I tried to work in my old home, to bear my father," he wrote, "but it was better for me to be away for a time."

It was a strange, deep happiness that took the letter, for Rhoda knew she loved her cousin as the one love of her life, she knew, took at once, frankly and bravely, and the correspondence became her joy of existence to her cousin for her mother and her daily toil for bread. Still the months rolled into years, Rhoda was left motherless, and the sweet old rest in the ground beside Frank had left grown more lonely and desolate as the years on, till four years had passed, and Frank came for his bride.

Before seeking out he went to his old home, and encountered, upon all the room where his father sat, dozing with his hands resting on his lap, his eyes fixed upon the fire. He did not look up as Frank entered, thinking it was a servant who came in, and his son's heart sank as he saw how old and worn he looked. Surely, four years ago his face was not so gray and thin, his form so deeply lined. Instinctively he paused himself before he crossed the door, and then, speaking his name, cried, with yearning tenderness:

"My boy! Frank, my son!"

It was long before he could describe their stroke his son's hands, and late, speaking broken words of affection.

"You will not leave me again, Frank he pleaded.

"Can unless you forbid Rhoda to be here, too."

"Oh, no! You have not married them, in all these four years?"

"Have not my letters told you so much?"

"Right! Yes, yes, you can with ease. You thought me a fool to that, Frank?"

"Only in that one thing. You have been a good father to me."

"But not a kind one! I can where I made a mistake. But I meant only kindness, Frank; only kindness. I married when I was young, like yourself, the son of a rich father. My wife was a butterfly of fashion. I was an earnest man, striving to build a name to justify me. I was utterly miserable in all our married life, and whenever I looked I saw how money and its possession crushed out real love. When you loved Rhoda you were very children, but even then I feared it was treasured fancy. Then came my brother's quarrel and Rhoda's opportunity to prove herself a strong, true, sensible, or a feeble worthy of misery. You, too, were drifting into the idle follies of a man without a purpose or title. I resolved to test you both, to prove your love and manhood, as I was proving Rhoda's courage.

"Well, well, my dear boy you were not quite so independent, after all, as you fancied. My letters procured you the [illegible] that you met with at [illegible] & Co's, and half your salary came out of my pocket. I have watched your cousin's interests, too. She would be surprised if she knew how large a customer I have been, by proxy, and how carefully I have inspected her books while posting money in her till. It is all over. I am an old man, Rhoda is alone, as you have come to me. Shall we go now and see Rhoda?"

They had entered the corner of the street where the little shop was located, when Frank, gaily pausing his father back, whispered:

"Wait one moment."

Rhoda was standing in the doorway, and her errand boy was getting the shutters, when they were taken from his hands.

"You can go," Frank said, deftly taking his work and gravely ordering to it until he gave the key to Rhoda.

"Thanks," she said, having had time to gain composure. Then the first shock of surprise.

"Now I come in?"

"And may I come, too?" said a third voice.

"Uncle William?"

"Yes my dear. I came Frank."

Then the store door closed behind the three, and customers were turned away while the old story was, once more the opera for "my home and heaven."

"Well sir," said the railway superintendent to a hungry-looking man who had grazed unbeknown to his presence, "what do you want?"

"I would like a situation on your road."

"No place for you, I think."

"Yes there is. I want to be a—"

"Conductor?"

"Yes, sir. To tell the passengers when the brakesman says when he is calling out the names of the stations."

The superintendent smiled a few minutes and then told the man to call again.

"And talk to your husband, Mrs. McKinley? Is he as hard a worker as ever?"

"Indeed, sir, I worked 'a day for seventeen years."

"Is he temperate?"

"Yes, sir, he's dead."

"Will you marry me?"

"No."

"Then will you marry Bob Sawyer? He wanted me to ask you for him, you while I was about it."

The man who confines to quarreling what he is called upon to do is called [illegible].

Carpets are bought by the yard and sold by the inch.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Postoffice at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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Huntersville, W. Va.

December 26, 1889.

CHRISTMAS.

A happy Christmas to one and all of our readers! Again the season is here when everybody is expected to rejoice and entertain nothing but good feeling. It is not, however, a time of gladness to all; but rather a time of extreme feelings. The happy are happier; the sick, on account of the contrast, are sadder; the good are better; and the wicked are more wicked.

There are many different ways of using the time; but to some does the approach of Christmas mean as much of genuine happiness as to those who make it a time of family reunion and home enjoyment. Parents and children long separated for a few days at least, lay aside their ordinary employment that they may gather round the old hearthstone that they may spend a while in quiet but deep enjoyment. Some measure enjoyment by the noise they make, some by the whiskey they drink, some by the turkey they eat, but some of these know true happiness. Let us pause and think that the day now memorates the advent of Him who when He came proclaimed "Peace upon earth and good will to men." In the spirit of that declaration, let us make it a time of peace and good will; forgetting all strife, casting out all malice and indulging nothing but good wishes and good deeds.

Gentlemen inclined to grumble about the expense of the merry Christmastide should consider the unfortunate King and Siam. The majesty of Siam has just married twenty more wives. Consequently he has made, it is said, an offer to buy out John Wanamaker's store, and proposes to keep most of it in the hosiery department. Pity the King of Siam. His Christmas comes high, but then he must have it.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, December, 20.—Senator Morgan thinks the State department is entirely too prim in the matter of recognizing the new government of Brazil, therefore he has offered a joint resolution congratulating the people of Brazil on their recent peaceful revolution and authorizing the President to issue a proclamation recognizing the republic as a sovereign power.

Speaker Reed is believed to favor having the House decide the contested election cases before any Rules are adopted. It would be a violation of all precedent, but precedent doesn't count for much with some people when it happens to clash with party advantage. The Speaker has almost absolute power over the House while it remains as it is now—only governed by ordinary parliamentary rules, and if the election cases were before the House the unseating of nearly every democrat whose seat is contested would be an absolute certainty. Yet it is doubtful whether the republican managers are prepared to take the responsibility of adopting such a radical programme. They will be apt to remember that in all probability the next House will have a majority of democrats, and this ballot will make them unbelief.

Congress was to have begun its Christmas holidays on Thursday; but to accommodate Speaker Reed, who wishes to announce the rest of the House committees before the recess, the resolution was amended to read from Saturday, the 21 inst., to January 6, and in that shape was passed. An unusually large number of Congressmen will eat their Christmas turkeys away from Washington.

Some over-liberal democrats in the House came very near doing a very curious, not to say silly, thing this week. It was to assume the responsibility for the money stolen by Silcott. The idea of raising a purse among the democrats to make good the losses of the republican Representative seemed to be so nothing that a call for a democratic caucus to endorse the idea was issued, but upon reflection it was rescinded, and the matter allowed to remain just as it was—uncertain. The House, without a division, has passed a resolution authorizing a reward of $3,000 for Silcott.

Deficiency bills are always common under republican administrations, and they have already begun under the present. A bill appropriating $150,000 to make up a deficiency in the first six months of the current fiscal year at the Government printing office, and another appropriating $250,000 to pay for printing for the census bureau, have become laws this week.

A concurrent resolution has been passed by House and Senate tendering to Chief Justice Fuller the thanks of Congress for the address delivered by him on the occasion of the celebration of Washington's inauguration.

Senator Brown, of Georgia, is the only member of the Senate that has not occupied his seat this session, although several others, including Senator Hampton, have not been here before this week.

In spite of the determined opposition of Senators Call, Jones, of Arkansas, Berry, Colquitt, Reagan, Blair and Wilson, of Iowa, the nomination of Justice Brewer has been confirmed.

Senator Chandler charges that certain naval officers are banded together for the purpose of Congressional lobbying. He has offered in the Senate a resolution calling up on the Secretary of the Navy for information.

Mr. Harrison, thinking probably to give some people an unusually happy Christmas has made this week a large number of appointments—the most of them being postmasters.

Senator Quay and Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, will not be very close friends for some time. They both had candidates for the Pittsburg postoffice. Of course Mr. Quay's men got the office.

It is probable that two new States will be admitted by this Congress. The Senate Committee on Territories has agreed to report favorably the bills providing for the admission of Idaho and Wyoming. The democrats will endeavor to have New Mexico included.

Last Wednesday the House passed a resolution ordering a call of states for the introduction of bills, and there was a perfect shower of them poured out, on almost every conceivable subject. It was the first general opportunity to introduce bills, of the present session. At least ninety per cent of the bills introduced will never again be heard from, and there is no good reason why they should be.

The Senate bill making $72 a month the rate of pensions to be paid for total disability has been favorably reported.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Randolph county, West Virginia, rendered on the 20th day of September, 1889, in the suit in equity of C. Sullivan & Co. vs. Jacob S. Wamsley and others, and three other causes, heard therewith, the undersigned, on the 3rd day of January, 1890 at the front door of the Court House of said county, will offer for sale at auction to the highest bidder the following described tracts of land:

50 acres, 95 acres, 100 acres, 110 acres, 125 acres, 800 acres, 100 acres, 71 acres, 9,000 acres, 180 acres and 40 acres owned by Jacob S. Wamsley; as much of the 125 and 110 acre tracts as was not embraced by the conveyance from said Wamsley to Jacob Crouch will be sold; and so much of the 100 acre tract as was not embraced by the deed from said Wamsley to Edgar D. Wamsley will be sold. The two tracts of 50 acres each and the parcels of the 100 acres, the 125 acres and the 110 acres, not conveyed as aforesaid, together with the 71 acres and the 41 acres compose what is known as the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley and is situate on the Tygarts Valley River in said county. The 800 acres adjoins the said farm and is principally timbered. The 100 acres is situate in said county on Elk Water. The 9000 acres, the 180 acres and the 80 acres, adjoining each other and are situate on the waters of Greenbrier River in Pocahontas Co. and known as the "Hamilton Place." And the 16 or 17 acres lying on mill creek, Randolph county between lands of L. C. Conrad and S. M. Wamsley and the 30 acres, Andrew Wamsley land, situate on said creek owned by Melvin Cayerne; And the 118 acres and 197 acres owned by Patrick Crickard, and being the same lands conveyed by him in trust to Leland Kittle; and the 94 acres, 94 acres and 3 acres owned by Phebe A. Crickard and being the same lands conveyed to her by Jason Moyers. The five last named tracts comprise what is known as the Patrick Crickard home place, situate in Randolph county on the Tygart's Valley River near Huntersville. A plat of the lands to be sold composing the home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley, as well as the lands of the said Patrick and Phebe A. Crickard will be made by the county surveyor and exhibited at the sale. The home farm of the said Jacob S. Wamsley is largely improved, with barn, two dwelling houses, other out buildings and orchards thereon, partly composed of the finest river bottom, with good uplands and in a fine state of cultivation. Upon the said 500 acre tract there is valuable timber, accessible to the Tygarts Valley River. The 800 acres on Elkwater has on it about 300 acres of fine soil, the richest soil and a good quality of timber. Upon the said "Hamilton Place" there is about 800 acres heaved, about 100 acres of which is in soil and produces the finest blue grass. The residue of the land is very rich soil with limestone and first class timber, such as cherry, ash, hemlock, &c., the 16 or 17 acres, Conrad land is improved and the 30 acres is partially improved and is of rich soil with a very fine orchard of young and well selected fruit trees thereon. The said "Patrick Crickard Home Place" except the 118 acres is principally improved land of the finest river bottom, upon which is a new dwelling house, other out buildings, a good orchard and is in a high state of cultivation. The 118 acres lies on the east side of the Tygarts Valley River, from the improved lands, in good soil, upon which there is the finest timber, such as white oak, poplar, &c. Such an opportunity for the purchase of valuable timber and improved lands at judicial sale is rarely offered in this section, and parties desiring to make investments in this beautiful valley with its prospects of further development by the extension of its railroad facilities, will do well to investigate the properties to be sold.

TERMS OF SALE.

Said lands will be sold for five per cent of the purchase money cash in hand and the residue in equal successive years a credit of 6, 12, 24 & 36 months with interest from the day of sale and purchaser to give notes with good security for the deferred payments.

[SEAL] H. SCOTT, Special
J. D. SULLIVAN, Commissioners.

I certify that bond and security has been given by the above named Commissioners as required by the decree of sale.

E. S. WILSON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Randolph Co.
Dec. 5-4t. Printer's fee $27.45.

Three more bodies have been taken from the Conemaugh river.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

CHRISTMAS + LIQUORS

LAM & O'FARRELL,

At the foot of the Alleghany Mountains 8 miles east of Huntersville, can furnish you your

Christmas Liquors Cheaper than they can be purchased this side of Staunton. They handle all brands of first class KENTUCKY BURBON and AUGUSTA CO., Va., WHISKEYS. Give them a call and be convinced. All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mauntain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon. Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hetel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, late of Gauley, Va.

SOL. C. ROLLINS, late Asst. Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Lewisburg, W. Va.

TYREE + & + ROLLINS.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Chat Cigar and Standard Chewing Tobacco

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 124 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

PHONE NEWS

—Quite a few days of fog ran around through town Monday.

—What kind of winter weather is this?

—Several wagons passed through town to Jesse Phillips last week.

—New paper and envelopes at THE TIMES office cheap.

A happy Christmas and a glad New Year to all.

—We issue an Tuesday evening this week—you know why.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Beard were down at Academe last week.

—Santa Claus is wearing a lin. on dunlap this winter.

—Present indications are that Pocahontas Co., will not be without a railroad long.

—Don't forget that THE TIMES office is headquarters for nice job printing.

—Wm. B. Gross, Esq., has been to Highland Co., for the past few days on business.

—Such weather as we are having has scarcely been witnessed by the oldest inhabitants.

—If you want nice envelopes, letter heads note heads &c., call at THE TIMES office.

—Attorney L. M. McClintic returned last week from a trip to Charleston.

I HEREBY NOTIFY AS PERsons to keep off my land or going through my enclosures.

JOSEPH KLINE.

—As is usual with most County papers to not issue on Christmas week, and thinking our patrons would not object to us having a week "off" there will be no paper issued from this office next week.

—R. M. Turk Esq., of Wichita, Kansas, with his wife, is on a visit to his father, Rudolph Turk, Esq., near Mt. Solon in this County, who has been quite ill for some time.—Staunton Spectator

—The special quality of Ayer's Hair Vigor is that it restores the natural growth, color, and texture of the hair. It vitalizes the roots and follicles, removes dandruff, and heals itching humors in the scalp. In this respect, it surpasses all similar preparations.

—The only Christmas tree that will be in town, that we know of, will be at the residence of Attorney H. S. Hacker, as is usual with Mr. Hacker to have one every year He likes to see his little ones enjoy themselves, and we understand his tree this year is a very beautiful and expensive one.

—Many an otherwise handsome face is disfigured with pimples and blotches, caused by a humor in the blood, which may be thoroughly eradicated by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the safest blood medicine in the market, being entirely free from arsenic or any deleterious drug.

Tygart Creek Items.

Not seeing anything in your paper from this community I will endeavor to give you a few items.

Rev. Carpenter who has been sick for some time, we are happy to say is convalescent.

Robert Gillis, of Traveler's Repose is attending school here.

Rev. Hannah has just closed a series of meeting at Mt. Zion. There were four conversions and about ten penitents when the meeting closed.

Prof. Reading Wyatt, of Huttonsville, has been visiting friends and forming acquaintances in this place.

One school which has been successfully taught by Floyd B. Blakslee, will close the 21st and he will commence another near Traveler's Repose.

Rev. Talbott delivered an able sermon at Beulah church last Saturday.

Though our vicinity is blessed with peaceable, kind and industrious people, we are sorry to say we have one ignoramous villian who goes to preaching and interrupts the preacher, cuts the peoples buggies and steals somebody's horse and rides it off. We hope he will get justice which will be in Moundsville.

Success to THE TIMES.

OBSERVER.

Programme for the next meeting of the Teachers' Association at Edray School house Saturday Jan. 11, 1890, at 1 o'clock p. m.

Select Reading—by Miss Viedia Clark; Improvement of the Free School system—by J. B. White; Select Reading—by Miss Maggie Eagle; Art and Science of Teaching—by Charles Cook; Declamation—by John Sydenstricker; Select Reading—by Miss E. J. Buckley; Corporal punishment in the Free Schools—by John A. McGlaughlin; Physiology—by Andrew Geiger; Essay—by Miss E. N. Warwick; School Government—by S. C. McNeel; Analysis—by Miss Carrie Thomas; Address—by Hon. Geo. P. Moore.

M. G. MATHEWS, Pres.

Clarksburg, W. Va., December 21.—This morning about four o'clock, Berry Coffman, a farmer of this county, shot and killed Charles Shrieves, another farmer, near Lumberport. It seems that Coffman had his land posted, and that Shrieves was trespassing when the shooting occurred. The particulars, however, cannot be ascertained, as the friends of Coffman say nothing. It is rumored that a mob has existed for some time between Coffman and Shrieves, of the nature of which your correspondent is not informed. It is a sad affair because of the prominence of the parties concerned. Coffman was lodged in jail at Clarksburg this morning, and it is doubtful whether he will be bailed. No preliminary examination was had, and it very likely from the facts that it will be waived.

Serious Result of a Practical Joke

At the government printing office a few days ago one of the young women employed there suddenly suspected a toy mouse before the face of another female employee. The latter was so badly frightened that she fainted. Her fainting was followed by spasms. Realizing the serious consequences of her playfulness, the joker in turn became frightened and becoming suddenly ill hastened to the toilet room, where she, too, fainted and afterwards had hemorrhages. For awhile it was feared that both women would die, but they were soon well enough to be removed to their homes.—Washington Star.

Verdict in the Cronin Case.

The verdict of the jury in the trial of the murderers of Dr. Cronin in Chicago was rendered Monday afternoon as follows:—

"We, the jury, find the defendant, John F. Beggs, not guilty. We, the jury, find the defendant, John Kunze, guilty of man slaughter as charged in the indictment, and fix his punishment at imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of three years. We, the jury, find the defendants Daniel Coughlin, Patrick O'Sullivan and Martin Burke, guilty of murder in the manner and form as charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at imprisonment in the penitentiary for the term of their natural lives."

Two bars of silver bullion from a truck in New York which was employed in hauling $400,000 worth to a steamer for shipment to England. Although there was a fortune in each, nobody looked them up and made off, as they weighed about a half ton each.

GREAT ENTERPRISE.

The Survey for the Ohio and West Virginia Road Completed.

HILLSBORO, W. Va., December 18.—The preliminary survey of the proposed Ohio and West Virginia Southern Railroad has been completed, and Chief Engineer Kennedy has filed his report of the route. Through the kindness of Mr. Tom G. Brickler the Register representative is enabled to give its readers the route, distances and probable cost. The route runs from Marietta up the Ohio side for ten miles where it is proposed to bridge the Ohio at the mouth of Cow creek in Wood county; this stream is followed to Hughes run to Ritchie county, a distance of ten miles, thence down Bear run four miles, to Cornwallis, crossing the B. & O. railroad here and following Hughes river four and one-half miles to Harrisville. From Harrisville the route runs down Indian creek to Jinnett's mills following Kane run to the Middle Fork of Hughes river thence up Bone creek to Troy, Gilmer county, where the road penetrates the big coal fields of that section; thence down Sand Fork to intersect the Black Diamond route, crossing the Kanawha river several miles east and above Glenville, this point of intersection with the Black Diamond, and only 600 feet of tunneling will be required. The route extends on through Gilmer, Braxton and Pocahontas counties, Clifton Forge, Va., being the terminus, but the Troy coal field is the objective point at present. Ohio capitalists are building the road and issuing bonds. They claim $17,000 or $18,000 per mile will build it. A right of way fund is now being raised, and Union district, this county, has voted $25,000 to the enterprise. Indications are that the road will be built at once and will open up a heretofore undeveloped country rich in minerals and timber.—Register.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

LIFE OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

We have just received from the publisher's a very full and complete book under the title, Life and Death of Jefferson Davis, giving a full history of his eventful life and death, together with Funeral Services, also comments of the press from all parts of the country. It will be sent postpaid to any address on receipt of 25 cents, by J. S. Ogilvie, the publisher, 57 Rose St., New York who also desires agents to sell it.

The special session of the Legislature is called to meet in Charleston Jan. 15th, for the purpose of determining the contested election between A. B. Fleming and Nathan Goff for the office of Governor of W. Va.

The suicide of Franklin B. Gowen, once President of the Reading Railroad, was put up to kill his generally breaking the Fourth commandment in working on the Sabbath. Neither mind nor matter can long endure the strain of suicide without one seventh of rest. An earthly lawyer, he has now gone to give an account to the Due Lawgiver of the way in which he kept his Law.

Seven thousand Pennsylvania miners are out of work. Christmas ills will not bring much joy to them.

Felix Kemp who murdered his two children in Charleston some time ago has been sentenced to be hanged on March 7.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria
When she had children, she gave them Castoria

W. A. McCorkle, of Charleston, who slapped Federal Marshal White in the face for a remark about Jefferson Davis and who whipped an editor of that town, has been presented with a gold headed cane.

A Fire in Harrison.

Mrs. Wright's residence in Lost Creek district was burned last week together with nearly all its contents. It is very possible that the fire was the work of an incendiary. It is said that Mrs. Wright has a number of enemies in the neighborhood, and rather than submit to their persecutions she will move to some other locality.

At Charlottesville, Va., Dec. 11, the jury in the case of *V. C. Morgan*, the young Englishman on trial for killing *J. D. Coles*, rendered a verdict of eighteen months in the penitentiary, and sentence was so passed.

Save Your Hair

BY a timely use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation has no equal as a dressing. It keeps the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, and preserves the color, fullness, and beauty of the hair.

"I was rapidly becoming bald and gray; but after using two or three bottles of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair grew thick and glossy and the original color was restored."—MARTIN ADAMS, Conway Centre, N. H.

"Some three years ago I lost all my hair in consequence of scarlet fever. After vainly waiting for new growth, appeared, I then used Ayer's Hair Vigor and my hair grew."—Mrs. A. E. Bailey, 9 Charles street, Haverhill, Mass.

"I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years, and believe that it has caused my hair to grow much thicker and stronger than it was before."—W. Miller, Dealer in Dry Goods, &c., Bonaparte, Wis.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following Fiduciary notice is before me for settlement:

J. C. Gillespie, late Sheriff, and ex officio Adm'r of Homer E. Gough deceased.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.
Com'r of Accts for Pocahontas County

AUCTION.

I will sell at auction at Edray, W. Va., on December 30th, and 31st, 1889, a lot of Dry Goods, Clothing, Overcoats, Ladies Jackets and Notions.

All persons wishing to buy cheap goods will do well to attend.

DANIEL COOPER,
12-21.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Lathe on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Respfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

FLOUR.

I have on hands about 200 barrels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $3.50 per bbl. for 1889, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. BARKLEY.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

A. H. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want local stones Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOTE, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A CARD.

To weak sufferers and debilitated men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Early Decay, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, etc., we will send a remedy guaranteed to effect a speedy cure. This great discovery was discovered by an ancient London physician whose life work was devoted to suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be cheerfully sent to the unfortunate. Send your Address. The Inter. Medical Co., Washington, D. C. State agents for America. Cost $5.00 per.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE CHAIRS AND FURNITURE TRIMMINGS

GO TO THE COMPANY, GO TO
C. M. NEW HOUSE,
UNDERTAKER AND
CABINET MAKER,
Dunmore, W. Va.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

MADE OF
EXPANDED METAL
CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.

Pocahontas Times.

December 25, 1895.

WEEKLY RECORD.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, January 9, 1890. TERMS OF $1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 24.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, J. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, S. M. McNutt.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, J. W. Sheriff.
Clk of Ct. & Co. Court, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. S. Beard, S. B. Hannah, O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. Jury trials here.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. REE.
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

D. T. B. WITHROW,
DENTIST.
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

D. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

What a Comfort!

No Dirt. No Dust. No Rubbing. LASTS LONGER. LOOKS BRIGHTER. and makes the Boot WEAR BETTER. Ask for it. Take no substitute. If Dealer does not keep it send 25c. for box to

Wolff's ACME Blacking

ONE A WEEK IS BEST. ONE A MONTH IS BETTER. (Blacks Boots, Harness, Carriages.)

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

WHAT SANTA CLAUS DID FOR JIMMIE BAXTER.

A miserable and wet Christmas Eve. The rain driving sheets and the wind ruthlessly blowing under, inside out and making pedestrians and anything but umbrellas their foes. The street cars were all crowded with dripping humanity in very unenviable mood, and still less amiable were those individuals who, from business necessity had to walk. The gutters ran like rivers, the wind whistled through the bare branches of the trees in City Hall park, but the one cynosure of that bleak, cheerless spot was one of that host of the newsboy, was silent and audible.

Behind one of the pillars of the city hall portico little Jimmie Baxter stood with shivering fits and chattering teeth. He was of the slim build common to boys of his age, with a bright, open countenance that bespoke a fearless honesty and a determination to succeed if success could be attained. His papers had not sold while he was a mere baby, as had been heralded over to the wider mercies of a drunken mother, his treatment of Jimmie was always proportioned to the amount of money he brought her in, for even from the day he could first walk she had compelled him to go out on the streets and earn cents, a living. And from the boy's financial returns Jimmie found it unadvisable for him to go home.

"Jest my luck!" he exclaimed, his teeth chattering at every word. "Christmas Eve, too, and I ain't got but a few left to begin on. I'll get a fine welcome to-night. I'll go over to the postoffice an' try to get some agin out of the heaters. Lord, how the wind blows!"

Jimmie buttoned his little coat right up to his chin, pressed his cap down on his head, and made a run for the back door entrance of the postoffice. He succeeded in getting across the plaza and through the park without incident, but as he was crossing Mail street a tugging umbrella came tearing along from Broadway and knocked the legs from under Jimmie, throwing him on his back, while it continued its way over toward the Tribune building.

The boy-black picked himself up ruefully, for he had fallen into a puddle of water and his clothes were wet enough, but before he could continue his journey a large female form stood up beside him and a strong voice exclaimed breathlessly:

"Ye little rascal, why didn't you step?"

"Step which?" inquired Jimmie sarcastically, "the umbrella or the wind?"

"Ye umbrella, you mischievous little imp," exclaimed the old lady, excitedly. "I've a good mind to have you arrested for not respecting my property."

"What do matter with me suing you for damages myself?" returned Jimmie reasonably. "I've missed as many Christmas suppers all through as I've blamed umbrellas! Yer ought to be charged with losing control o' yer property, and allowing it to run at large!"

This was the last straw to the exasperated lady, and lacking the proper means of chastisement by the loss of her umbrella, she swung around her hand bag and made a vicious blow at Jimmie, accompanying the movement with words much like Bardolph that elegant Jim dodged the bag easily enough, as either the force of the blow or the force of the wind, or both made the reticule fly open, and out came a shower of papers, deeds and crisp new bills.

"Oh, little boy, dear little boy!" exclaimed the old lady, in genuine distress, "please help me pick up the papers, and I'll give you a dollar—two dollars—five dollars—ten dollars—only please help me, won't you?"

Jimmie's natural anger at the crossgrained woman had given way to his general impulses the moment he noticed the accident. There was nobody else in the vicinity, and the papers were blowing in all directions, but the nimble shoeblack had soon collected them all and a dirty wet and miserable heap they looked.

"Come into the postoffice, ma'am," said Jimmie, "and I'll wipe all the mud off of 'em for you."

The lady, who was much more alarmed than angry now, accompanied Jim into the postoffice, while after ten minutes' rubbing with his ragged handkerchief, he managed to get the thick of the dirt off the papers. There were several documents with heavy red seals, some letters, and $2,000 in bills of large denominations. The sight of the latter made poor Jim's eyes water, but he scrupulously handed every thing back to his companion.

"Where do you live, boy?" asked the old lady, suddenly.

"I don't live anywhere," replied Jim, with more grammar than grammar. "Leastwise I ain't got no regular house. I'm an orphan, ma'am."

"But, where do you get your meals?" she continued.

"Well, I don't so particular where I gets 'em, as when an' how I gets 'em," responded Jim, truthfully. "I ain't had nothin' to eat since breakfast, an' I'm so through."

"Well just come with me, and we'll soon remedy that," said the old lady, with a suspicious glisten in her eyes, and Jim followed her through to the south end of the building and thence to a Fulton street restaurant.

When they had taken their seats opposite each other, and had ordered what appeared to Jim to be a sumptuous banquet, the shoeblack had to admit to himself that the lady wasn't such an ill looking old lady after all. Her round, ruddy face beamed upon him so benevolently that he felt great compunctions for having been rude to her. And with Jimmie to feel was to speak.

"You'll excuse me for being so sassy just now, marm," he began, his clear, honest eyes looking full into hers, "but I felt so cold and hungry and miserable when your umbrella knocked me over, that it made me kinder savage, an' I didn't know what I said."

The lady smiled placidly and nodded her head, but said nothing in reply. Presently, however, she asked, "What is your name, boy?"

"James Baxter," replied the shoeblack, "but I'm always called Jim on my stand here."

"Baxter—James Baxter," repeated the old lady, with her keen eyes fixed upon him. "You said you were an orphan, do you remember your mother's name—her name before she was married?"

"Yes," said Jimmie promptly; "I saw it written in a prayer book my aunt threw in the fire the other day."

"What was it?"

"Lucy Rexford."

The old lady's eyes glistened and her hands trembled visibly. She muttered something to herself, but it was too low for even Jim's sharp ears to catch.

"What aunt of yours threw the book in the fire?" she suddenly asked.

"Aunt Matilda—father's sister," answered Jimmie. "She drinks, and she's a bad lot altogether. She used to spank me when I wasn't able to crawl, 'cause I didn't go beg in the streets for money for her to get gin with."

"She did so," exclaimed the old lady hotly; "then Matilda Baxter, I'll hear of this as sure as my name's——Aint you hungry, little boy? there's the beef steaks, so lets start in on them."

Although Jimmie ate heartily and silently, he could not help wondering at the strange lady's manner, for she rarely if ever, took her eyes off him, and made but a poor pretense of eating at all.

Meanwhile Jimmie's new found friend had persuaded one of the waiters to go purchase her another umbrella, and when the request was over the queerly assorted pair were out in quest of a boy's clothing store. In less than an hour Jimmie was transformed from a shoeblack into a fashionably dressed little gentleman. Then she took him to the Astor house, where in the morning Jimmie found the following note on the bureau in his room:

"I am your Aunt Jane from Boston, and have gone to give your father such a talk as my mind. There's money in your pocket to get your breakfast. I will see you when I get back. Don't go out of doors, or you will be lost.

Jimmie rubbed his eyes and pinched his arms to make sure that he was awake. He had never heard of Aunt Jane of Boston, but was perfectly willing to have one assuming to the couple he had seen.

In a short time the most returned glowing and puffing with excitement. She kissed Jimmie and said he looked handsome, which he certainly did. Then she explained that she was his mother's eldest sister, and was abroad at the time of the death of his parents. She had been given to understand that he was dead also, and had simply discovered his existence by accident. As she was a widow and childless, she wished Jimmie to go with her and share her comfortable home in Boston. Her present visit to New York had been to adjust some financial business connected with her deceased husband's property, and she had enough to keep them in luxury forever.

Jimmie took no time to deliberate, but settled the matter right there. Between a drunken mother and poverty, and the kind old lady and comfort, there was but one choice for him, and he did, as he sits in his own cozy law office, in which his aunt's wealth and influence placed him, he does not regret the ill humored wind that blew the old lady's umbrella against him and sent him sprawling to the mud.

Red Bar (getting on a body then)—There, take that!

Good Boy (folding his arms with a saintly expression)—No, Tommy, I will not hit you back, because I promised mother I would never strike a play mate, but (looking him in the stomach) how do you like that?

An Old Fashioned Girl.

"I've been watching an old fashioned girl for quite a long while," says a writer in the Vicksburg Sentinel, "and I want to tell you something about her.

"Her dresses, etc., were made in modern style; but, then you, she is an old fashioned that she arose in the morning when her mother did, helped set the table nearly, and cooked one or two dishes daintily her own self.

"She had 'graduated,' yet she did not think because of that fact that the kitchen was not good enough for her. Oh, no. She was so much behind the times that she actually washed the dishes, made her bed, dusted, and then began preparations for the pudding for dinner. Now, wasn't she absurd, when she (following the sensational cue) should have been lying on the sofa, with the latest novel in her hand, and her pug dog beside her? When her little brother came in crying because his kite was broken, instead of calling him a 'horrid boy,' as is the fashion, to do in some homes, she helped with her own hands to mend it. How could she be in such a small business?

"After dinner had been cleared away, she produced a small workbasket, and proceeded to mend the family stockings. Shocking! After her task was completed, she accompanied her mother on a shopping expedition; and, although she met many fine-looking gentlemen, she did not flirt with any of them, for, don't you know, she was so constituted she would have been shocked at the idea. As if it was not sufficient to be confined to be on the watch for more unselfish persons to be found!

"The girl of whom I am telling you was pretty looking, with a bright, fresh color in her face, brought on by plenty of exercise in the open air out in the kitchen, but I cannot begin to tell you half this queer girl did; for, you know, she was an old fashioned that she did whatever good there came into her heart to do, and her heart was such an unique, affair that only poor, noble thoughts entered it. Her home was made bright and sunny by her presence, and yet she was not so perfect that she 'died young.' Oh, no. She lives to-day, a girl who has 'no sorrow from her mother.'"

Chicago girls dread to be bridesmaid. They have great undertakings.

It is no wonder college men become lost. They indulge in a rush as often.

Building a stone house is a sign of wealth. It shows that the builder has lots of rocks.

A boy just discovered "What is Dom Pedro's surname, John?" asked Mrs. Cuzzen. "McGinty?" replied Cuzzen, promptly.

In discussing Lord Jeff, a German critic declares that there is in the German candidates "an unbridled lager." It is not necessary. All he has to do when he wants a couple of schooners is to hold up two fingers and ignore the unbridled vocabulary outright.

"High herdy, Boggs?" "Hello, Jones! How do you happen to have your head plugged that way?" "Just cuts." "Yes, I see; I never got anything like that, though." "How do you account it?" "I was a horseman, you know, and undertook how to break a colt."

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 50	$ 3 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	4 50	8 00	10 00
Qr. column	3 00	8 50	15 00	17 00
Half col'm	6 00	15 00	30 00	30 00
One col'm	10 00	30 00	50 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 9, 1890.

Vestibule Train Wrecked.

What is said by some to be the most terrible accident which ever occurred on the Ches & Ohio Railway took place at 7:20 o'clock on Saturday morning, Dec 28th, 1889, about two miles west of the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. The west-bound Vestibule train, known as the "Fast Flying Virginian," ran off the track at that point, wrecking six of the eight cars, killing ten persons and injuring about 25 others.

The complete list of killed are:

Hale Morrison, Charleston, mail agent, aged 28, top of head and face crushed.

J. W. Thomas, newsboy, Lexington, Ky., left leg broken above and below knee and head injured.

O. B. Barksdale, Pratt, Va., flag gage-master, head mashed.

J. B. West, Howardsville, Va., engineer, neck broken.

E. Wilson, Caldwell, Kan., head mashed; had $1,000 in mortgages in his pocket.

Nelson Heath, colored, Clare mont, W. Va. head mashed.

H. Fulkin, Grant county, South Dakota, both legs broken and head crushed.

Edward Brown, colored, Alleghany, Pa., right leg broken and head mashed.

Kidder Kidd, Hannibal, Mo., mouth full of mud; died of strangulation. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias, and his remains were sent home by No. 1 by order of H. W. Fuller, general manager of the road.

Unknown white man, tall and slender, fair complexion, gray eyes, sandy moustache, dressed in dark brown plaid.

Among the injured are J. H. Karseh, Blackstone, Kan., injured internally; Conductor Schweickert, Huntington, W. Va., leg broken; R. L. Blanton, Farmville, Va., cut under eye; Gus. H. Kline, Chicago, leg broken; Wm. Dell, New York, leg broken; W. Clarke, Clifton Forge, Va., leg broken; P. P. Bunch, back hurt; Wm. Dell, New York city, compound fracture of the thigh; Gustave——, 14 Hooge avenue, Chicago; both these are members of the Charles A. Gardner Artificial Company, and were to play to Charleston at night; J. A. Clark, train dispatcher, Clifton Forge, Va.; John Woolfolk, Alleghany, Va., section hand, right leg crushed, had to be amputated; W. D. Clarke, Nelson county, Va., scalp wound; Louis Karseth, Blackstone, Kan., collar-bone broken; H. F. Gregory, Cliff Top, Va., arm crushed, internally injured; Captain Burch, supervisor, bruised on right side and otherwise hurt.

The train was running at a fast rate. The conductor says it was only running 35 miles, others say 40 or 50. All of the killed were in the smoking car, which was scraped by another car. Everyone in the car was killed except the conductor, who had his leg broken. He will probably recover.

The dead were taken to Rosewertz, 11 miles distant from the scene of the wreck.

D. W. P. Caldwell, was the first physician who repaired to the scene of the accident and did all in his power to alleviate the suffering, but could only aid one person at a time. After some time a number of doctors from along the line arrived and worked faithfully among the suffering. Ladies turned out in haste, and too much cannot be said in the praise of their noble efforts. The cause of the accident is not definitely known. One report says it was due to the spreading of the rails, while other reports say that the rail was worn out and the ties rotten. The locomotive did not leave the track but passed over the defective spot safely.

The body of Hale Morrison, the mail agent, was brought to Charleston Sunday morning and buried that evening. He was on his last trip before laying off for two weeks' vacation, was 28 years of age, was for several years the supporter of an aged father and mother, and had been in the mail service about ten years. Whe the republican Administration came in, he expected to lose his position, but instead was promoted for efficiency. He was one of the best men on the road.

If, as distinctly stated by those competent to judge, the spreading of the rails which caused the accident was due to rotten ties, the R. R. Company has been guilty of a criminal negligence for which they should be made to suffer heavily.

Eighteen hundred and eighty-nine has a terrible record of floods fires and other events.

Lands Sold For Taxes.

List of real estate sold in the County of Pocahontas, in the month of December, 1889, for the non-payment of the taxes charged thereon for the years 1887 and 1888, and purchased by individuals:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES.	LOCAL DESCRIPTION OF LANDS.	Quantity of land charged.	Quantity of land sold.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	If sale annulled paid by the purchaser.
EDRAY DISTRICT.					
Arbogast, Benj. (Va.)	W. B	200	55	L. M. McClintic	$3.85
Same	Tea creek and Elk	63	30	Same	1.36
Friel, John	W. G. River	100	100	F. J. Snyder	5.05
Jackson, Wm.	E. Fork	100	100	John Ligon	5.40
McDonald, Geo. W.	Thorny Flat	304	304	J. W. Warwick Jr.	17.08
Same	Big Spring	1633	645	B. F. White	86.61
Same	Same	187	167	Same	5.85
Same	Same	14	14	F. J. Snyder	.93
Moore, L. B.	W. Elk	1000	1000	C. P. Dorr	10.34
Smiley, Wm.					
Warwick, J. W. and Hall's Heirs	Clover Creek	361	361	Same	4.56
Same	W. Greenbrier	20	20	Same	.91
Same	Same	265	265	Same	4.01
LITTLE LEVELS DIST.					
Dean, J. F.	Mill Run	87	87	L. M. McClintic	1.57
Halstead, H. B.	L. & L. Run	820	820	F. J. Snyder	13.94
Layton, Absolom	Dimep Min	295	295	Same	16.08
McNeel, Rachel & Jos Beard	Rabe	38	38	Same	1.33
Piles, John	Mill Run	420	25	H. N. Hannah	5.18
GREES BANK DIST.					
Bowyer, Geo. W.	Lot No. 26 R. Lands	460	80	L. M. McClintic	5.08
Same	" " 27 " "	20	20	Same	.80
Same	" " 31 " "	400	40	Same	1.87
Same	All Mtn	120	10	A. Rider	1.53
Bird, Foxe H.	W. G. River	80	40	F. J. Snyder	1.40
Campbell, J. W's Wid Crouch, W'm & G. D.					
Camden	Hd. G. River	1300	50	Geo. M. Kee	10.75
Ferris, Edward's Est.	Alt Mtn	50	20	F. J. Snyder	1.50
Kimble, Jacob & Adm.	Hd G. River	140	15	Same	1.05
HUNTERSVILLE DIST.					
Courtney, Geo. W.	Buckley Mtn	111	30	W. McClintic	1.13
Gammon, James' Est.	Bell Ally Huntersville	4	1-16	W. H. Grose	.07
Holcomb, Jos	S. Cochran's Crk	40	25	Henry N. Hannah	6.11
Kelley John Sr's Est	W. Knapps Cr	410	210	Lee Sharp	6.33
Mallaney, Daniel	Alleghany Mtn	50	25	F. J. Snyder	.93
Shafer, B. F. G.	Buckley Mtn	15	15	Same	.79
Townsend, W. T.	E. G. River	100	25	Henry Barlow	5.75
Young, Chas	Marlin's Mtn	160	160	F. J. Snyder	1.20

The owner of any real estate above described and sold, his heirs, or assigns, or any person having a right to charge such real estate for a debt, may redeem the same by paying to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, within one year from the sale thereof, the amount specified in the last column of the above table, and such additional taxes thereon as may have been paid by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, with interest on said purchase money and taxes at the rate of twelve per centum per annum, from the time the same may have been so paid.

Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1890.

M. J. McNEEL, Sheriff.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

CHRISTMAS + LIQUORS

LAM & O'FARRELL,

At the foot of the Alleghany Mountain

8 miles east of Huntersville, can furnish you your

Christmas Liquors

Cheaper than they can be purchased this side of Staunton. They handle all brands of first class KENTUCKY BURBON and AUGUSTA CO., Va., WHISKEYS.

Give them a call and be convinced.

All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mauntain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.

Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, Late of Greenbrier, Va.

JOS. L. ROLLINS, Late Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Staunton Bulls Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, West Va

HOME NEWS.

—Quite a number of persons at tended court Tuesday.

—County Court met Tuesday, with the usual commissioner's on the bench.

—We had to cut communications this week on account of our limited space.

—Mr. Jas. W. Warwick, Jr., has returned from a trip to Richmond Va., and other places.

—Attorneys C. F. Moses and L. M. McClintic attended justices court at Green Bank, Saturday week ago

—Attorney C. F. Moses, started to day (Wednesday) for Charleston, to attend the Court of Appeals.

—Christmas and New Year, passed off smooth and quietly here, with the exception of a little drinking.

—We hope all of our readers had a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

—Its beginning to look as though we would be a severe article about here next summer.

—A number of persons called to see us Tuesday and pulled their pocket books on us. Thanks gentlemen, call again.

—We are requested to say that there will be a shooting match on Tuesday, Jan. 14th, at Davis Dilley's near Dilley's Mill.

—Attorneys H. S. Hacker, L. M. McClintic and F. J. Snyder, and Justice Gross were down at Academy last Friday and Saturday holding Justice's Court.

—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Mary Curry, of this place to Mr. J. C. McNeel of Academy, on next Wednesday Jan. 15th at 6 o'clock p. m. at the residence of the bride's father.

—J. F. Hall, Esq., of the firm of W. C. Hall & Son, of Edray, and Mrs. W. H. Clerk, of Knapp's creek were visiting friends and relatives in Highland and Bath Co's, last week.

—The only Christmas tree in town was the one in the reception room of Attorney H. S. Hacker given for his family, which was beautifully decorated and ladened with handsome and costly gifts.

—A few invited guests of which we were one of the lucky, partook of a beautiful and spetioug supper at the residence of Mr. Henry Sharp on Deerhard's creek Friday after Christmas.

—A colored man from down about Academy went to Mt. Grove Tuesday morning before Christmas and bought 3 gallons of liquor, which was stolen from him while passing through Hunterville on his return.

—The Hamilton land situate at the upper end of this County which was advertised in THE TIMES to be sold at Beverly, Randolph Co., on the 3rd inst. was purchased by Col. John D. Imel for $6,500

—From all appearances and if Easter is true Wm. A. Greever, of Letcher, Bath Co., Va., will be married soon, to one of the fair ones of that vicinity. Any one that knows Will and see him riding by on a mule cannot mistake that he wants to get married and that bad.

—Some Rumor says that Mr. G. A. Gwinn, of Bath Co., Va., is very much in love, which is the first time in his lifetime of about 30 years, with one of the fair ones of near Green Bank, and it will not be a surprise to his friends if cards are out announcing his marriage in the near future.

—The unusually quiet village of Edray, was astir not long since, caused by the wild and unaccountable conduct of County Surveyor Baxter; but when it was ascertained that a fine girl had come to the house of Mr. Baxter, they ceased to wonder at his unusual excitement, and now the survey goes on.

—More new subscribers this week.

—The Methodist Quarterly meeting will not commence here next Sunday as was expected.

—Dick Knapp, very mysterious ly disappeared from his home near Edray a few weeks ago, and a short time after, was reported as being found dead in the woods; when a coroners jury was summoned and repaired to the scene it was found to be only a paddy with Dick's clothes. Very conflicting reports have been circulated as to Dick's where bouts, and it is believed by some that he has really been killed, though no apparent motive can be assigned.

Dead Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Post Office at Huntersville since the 31st. day of December 1888. If not called for within 30 days they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Dan Heifer	1 letter
Miss Maggie E Wade	1 "
Miss Jane Logan	1 "
Warwick M. Jackson	2 "
Grant M. Jackson	2 "

Parties calling for above will please say they were advertised.

G. W. WAGNER, P. M.

Gunnore Doings.

Xmas is over and we had some jolly times one place and another.

Capt. E. A. Smith and Col. Jno. A. Noel left for Washington D. C. last week.

Auctioneer Sweeker made some good sales last week of clothing at Edray, also he was prevented from going to Randolph Co., last week to auction the large land sale there.

Misses Alice and Lena McGlaughlin spent the holidays at home.

D. B. McIlwee, was down on Knapp's creek last week making arrangements for his new store.

There will be singing at the Beverage church on Clover creek, Sunday, 13th.

Singing at the Baxter church every Saturday night.

Dr. John Ligon killed a bear last week which weighed 300 lbs.

Traveler's Repose Locals.

Lt. Commodore Gum and bride from Missouri are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gum.

Mr. Henry Yeager of Cheyenne Wyoming Ty., is visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Mr. Jacob Arbogast who had the misfortune to cut his leg severely while out hunting, is now slowly recovering, but too late to go to see a best girl Christmas.

Mrs. Comfort Hoochin who has been quite ill for some time, is some better at the time of this writing.

Mrs. Maggie Beverage and children who have been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Lee Berger left for their home at Green Bank last Sunday, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Berger.

Miss Lena Harner, who had a severe attack of diptheria is now fully recovered.

Mr. Brown Yeager, is off on a business trip to Grafton.

Rev. Geo. Hannah of Frost is holding a revival at the Brush Run School House five miles below here which is the most successful one ever held in that vicinity. Thirty persons have professed and still fifteen penitents. May the good work go on.

I. G. W.

Eleven persons burned to death in a dwelling at Harrodsburg, Mich., on Dec. 29.

In 1889, floods and fire destroyed from sixty to seventy million dollars worth of property in the United States.

A race riot occurred in Jessup, Ga., on Christmas day in which nine persons were killed and several others injured.

The State of Georgia the "Empire South" and the entire American Union have sustained an irreparable loss in the death of Henry W. Grady, editor of the Atlanta Constitution

NOTICE

The second term of Hillsboro Academy for the session of 1889-90 will begin January 27nd and will continue twenty weeks or five school months. Rates of tuition: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 per month according to grade. A contingent fee of 15 cts per month is charged to provide fuel, &c. Board can be had at from $8 to $10 per month.

Two and one half months constitute a quarter session and all tuition and fees must be paid quarterly. Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to the close of such quarter, and no deduction from tuition charges will be made except in cases of protracted illness, or unless special arrangements are made with the principal.

We invite the attention of parents who wish to educate their Children to the advantages of our school and most respectfully solicit their patronage. Young teachers will find it to their advantage to attend during the spring months. We promise thorough instruction and careful training. It is best for students to enter at the beginning of the term, but they will be received at any time.

We desire to say that all pupils of this school are expected to study and to be governed by the rules of school. We do not want deadheads, but all who wish to study and to educate themselves will find our school pleasant and profitable.

For further information address the principal, or come and see for yourself.

D. S. HANKLA, Principal.
jan 9 4w Academy, W. Va.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Reason for selling health has failed in mill business.

Price and terms reasonable.

For further particulars Address,

URIAH BIRD.

Mill Point, Pocahontas Co. W. Va.

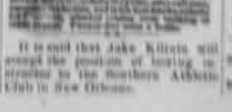
White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Respfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

Richard E. Fox has decided to have a belt made to represent the 118 pound championship of America.



It is said that Jake Kilrain will accept the position of boxing instructor to the Southern Athletic Club in New Orleans.

Commissioner's Notice.

E. H. Moore & wife & als.
vs
Moore Bell & als

All parties interested, will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause in the third day of October 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va. on Saturday the 15th day of February 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. Settle the accounts of J. C. Arbogast Adm'r of William Bell deceased.

2nd. An account showing all the debts of every description against the said William Bell deceased.

3rd. An account showing all the debts of every description, against the late residence of said William Bell deceased, and the charge aforesaid, with their respective legal priorities and priorities, showing on which tract each debt has priority, if any.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Friedrich fee $7.50 jan 9-4t

Commissioners Notice.

Augusta National Bank &c.
vs
E. C. Tandy & als.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 22nd day of October, 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Friday the 31st day of January 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account.

1st. An account showing the liens of every description on the undivided two thirds interest of the defendants Samuel C. Tandy and Samuel C. Tandy Jr. in the tract of 1187 acres of land in the Hill and proceedings mentioned with their respective legal priorities and priorities including the plaintiffs lien by virtue of the attachment sued out and levied as aforesaid.

2nd. An account showing the amount credited and the simple value improvements of the said undivided two thirds interest in said lands.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.
Friedrich fee $7.50 jan 9-4t

Fiduciary Notice.

The following Fiduciary notice is before me for settlement:

J. C. Arbogast, late Sheriff, and as such Adm'r of Hester E. Triggs deceased.

JAMES W. WARWICK, JR.
Com'r of Accts for Pocahontas County

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. N. H. Van Buskirk, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

FOR THE BLOOD, Whether Scrofula, Indigestion and Biliousness, Take
BRANDRETH'S PILLS.
Sold Everywhere. Price 25 Cents a Box.

CONSUMPTION,

In its first stages, can be successfully checked by the prompt use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Even in the later periods of that disease, the cough is materially relieved by this medicine.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral with the best effect in my practice. This wonderful preparation soon relieved my son, who was suffering from a severe cough, night sweats, and generally believed to be consumptive. He gained rapidly in flesh, and is now in the enjoyment of perfect health."—E. Erickson, M. D., Rockwood, Tennessee.

"For several years past I was severely ill. The doctors told me I had consumption, and that they could do nothing for me. I purchased Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, in a few weeks, was entirely cured. I have since used this medicine in my family, and have found it to be the best cough remedy I ever knew."—J. R. Chandler, Bloomington, Va.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

FLOUR.

I have on hands about 200 barrels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $2.50 per 100 lbs. for cash, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. BARKLEY.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat for sale, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my grist mill. Respectfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

A. W. GRETTA,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want best stone Marble and granite Monumental etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COOPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A CARD.

To weak persons and debilitated men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, early decay, Lost Manhood, Nervousness etc., we will send a remedy guaranteed to effect a speedy cure. This great restorative was discovered by an eminent London physician whose life work was devoted to suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be cheerfully sent to the unfortunate. Send now. Address, The Active Medical Co., Washington D. C. State agents for America.

Dec. 25-3m.

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FOR THE BEST FURNITURE CHAIRS AND TABLES TO BUY

GO TO
C. H. SWECKER,
AUCTIONEER, UNDERTAKER AND
CHAIR MAKER,
Dunmore, W. Va.

GO TO
STEEL FENCE!

AND
EXPANDED METAL
CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By the Chancery of Milton Bell, Jr. &c.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, rendered in a cause therein pending, by the name and style of the said Milton Bell, Jr. &c. against the said heirs of the said Milton Bell, deceased, and others, I will proceed to the Court House of said County, on Monday the 3rd day of February, 1890, and will then and there receive proof of claims against the estate of the said Milton Bell, deceased, and will hear the parties thereto, if they attend.

Given under my hand this 7th day of January, 1890.

JAMES A. BRADY, C. P. C.
Jan 9-4w Pro. Fee $5.00

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
Three in.	2 00	4 00	8 00	12 00
Qr. column	3 00	6 00	10 00	17 00
Half col'n	5 00	10 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	10 00	20 00	35 00	50 00

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 9, 1890.

"Business is Business."

There lives in the city of New York a man who has accumulated quite a fortune by simply advising people what to do. There always will be a large number of persons who are unable to rely on their own judgment; others come to consultations with more self certainty.

A young man had accumulated a a thousand dollars, and was debating whether he should buy a small candy store with it, or whether he should lend it on a mortgage. This latter he knew was the secure way; the other promised great profits. In this perplexity he saw an advertisement: "Advice given to those going into business."

After stating his case, the counsellor said, "For you will be five dollars in advance."

When this was paid he asked:

"Do you understand the candy business?"

"No; I did not think it was necessary. I expect to supervise it merely."

"Then you will lose all your money in three months."

"You think I had better lend the money on the mortgage?"

"I do not say that. What is your business; that is, what do you perfectly understand?"

"I know the pickle business through and through. I can make pickles of all kinds, but I do not like it."

"Never mind what you like. Go and get a small place and make pickles; go from hotel to hotel, restaurant to restaurant, and sell them. In ten years come back and see me; you will have ten thousand dollars at least."

As the young man was going away he was called back.

"Here is a card; I want you to put it where you can see it a hundred times a day." There were the words on the card: "Business is business. Men don't do what they like; they do what they can."

The card had a strange fascination for him; he read it with care, as he walked along the street. As he meditated, new light seemed to enter his mind.

He found a dingy basement, and began to arrange for his operations. Of course vinegar must be got, several barrels of it; cone was offered him at ten cents a gallon, some more was shown at five cents. Which shall I take?" He thought of the words on his card. He seemed to see people tasting his pickles, and not liking them, depart without buying. "They will know good vinegar," thought he, and so he bought the finest stuff.

In a few days several lots of pickles were ready, and he knew he must market them. Now he greatly dreaded to face strange people, and push his goods upon their notice; he never had courage when a boy, and now as a young man he felt more timid, it seemed. But he thought of the words of the card, and entered a restaurant. The proprietor, a Germ, was a Morning young woman, and the pickle deal it was more afraid of women than men. But "business is business" repeated itself over and over in his mind.

The answer to his statement was that his pickles would be tried, and if found all right would be purchased.

"Glad I got that good vinegar," thought the young man and he began to feel that there was a certain power in the maxim his adviser had given. He began to feel a courage he had never expected in meeting people and trying to sell his goods to them.

Calling at a store to get, if possible, an order for pickles in bottles, he was quickly and rudely met with "Don't want to see any such stuff." Noticing the utter dismay on the young man's face, the merchant said short and sharp, "Don't you know enough of business to put up your goods attractively?"

As he retreated, chilled and disheartened the maxim repeated itself over and over with this additional sentence. "It is business to put up goods attractively." He sought out a lithographer, and had some handsomely colored labels printed. "They will buy the bottles said a friend, "just for the pictures you have on them."

When he had gained sufficient courage he sought out again the merchant who had rebuffed him. "I have come to make you a present of a bottle of fine pickles."

"Why do you make me a present of them?"

"Because you gave me advice that is worth a great deal."

The morning of the Fourth of July came, and he pondered whether to go to his store or not. All at once, he thought, people going on picnics will want pickles; it was the magic words on the little card that ran through his mind. He found, as he had thought, a large number of buyers waiting for him.

The little card was consulted in all sorts of weather. If a man made a proposition to him of any kind, and he was in doubt, he would go and look at the words, though he knew them by heart already. One day a cheese merchant came to persuade him to buy his stock.

"People," said he, who buy pickles, always buy cheese; you will do a big trade." It was a temptation. He went and looked at the words, and studied them intently; trying to think out their application to the case in hand. "Was do what they may" he reflected, "I would like to sell cheese, but I know I can sell pickles." Then he returned. "Sir," he said, "I am in the pickle business; if I can not make money in this, I shall quit and go into something else; but I will not have two kinds on my hands."

It was a turning point; after this he could refuse all influence to go into something that seemed at the time more lucrative. He was not only industrious, it is plain, he had a fixed principle of action. Of course he was successful, all men who put industry and mind to their work are bound to be successful. When the ten years were up, of course he had the ten thousand dollars, and more, too.—Treasure Trove.

WHAT
SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES
CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
BRONCHITIS
COUGHS
COLDS
Wasting Diseases
Wonderful Flesh Producer.
Many have gained one pound per day by its use.
Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Manufacturing, N. Y.

WEEKLY REGISTER.
Twenty-Seventh Year!
A GREAT [illegible]
POPULAR FEATURES OF THE REGISTER.
General News
State and Neighborhood News
State Capital
State Legislature
Editorial
Miscellaneous
Agricultural
Literature
Fashion
Sunday Reading
REGISTER, Wheeling, W. Va.

Neuralgic Persons
Brown's Iron Bitters
PHILADELPHIA SINGER
WARRANTED 8 YEARS

Many Persons
Brown's Iron Bitters

CATARRH
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.
BEST COUGH MEDICINE.
PISO'S CURE
FOR CONSUMPTION.
FAVORITE SINGER!
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CATARRH
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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It explains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which we city papers seldom do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It furnishes matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its columns and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

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One year in advance $1.00
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GET THEM AT THE TIMES.

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, January 16, 1890. No. 25.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, E. W. Harold.
Clk of Co. & Cir. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. C. E. Beard, B. B. Hannah, D. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.

Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ECH,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. I. N. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

THE SHOE BRUSH CONE

I won't miss a day I have long since adopted an easier and cheaper way. A bottle of

Wolff's ACME Blacking

and a sponge to keep my shoes polished clean, save a deal of labor and shoe leather.

The best Harness Dressing in the world.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

HER ROMANCE.

She was a carpet-weaver who lived in a flourishing Indiana town. For years she had been a widow, yet she was not yet what is called "middle aged," and was good looking and intelligent. Patiently and cheerfully she sat at her loom day after day, until at last she was able to buy a snug little cottage, with vines clambering about the latticed porch and a pretty green yard in front.

She moved in and fitted up the house tastefully, inside and out. Carpet of her own weaving covered the floors, and every aid to comfort and beauty which her modest purse could buy was added. It was a sweet and home-like place, the neighbors said, and one and all liked to look at it as they passed and nod to the pleasant faced widow as she sat on her porch on a summer evening after the day's weaving was done.

Ever since she had been a carpet weaver "Jolly John's" express wagon had delivered her goods. "Jolly John's" was old, blunt, lame and ill-tempered, but exceedingly honest; and so the widow bore patiently with his disobliging ways and uncivil manners, because she was sure that after much growling and blustering he would do what he undertook to do exactly right. Sarcasm had fastened his nickname to him, because he and jollity were total strangers.

One day when the carpet weaver sent for Jolly John's wagon it arrived without Jolly John. The figure that sat on the driver's seat was very unlike Jolly John's. Straight, strong and handsome, this man adorned the situation and he had a tongue which, like that of Richard III., "could wheedle with the devil." This and his graceful manners made a favorable impression on the widow at once. He was a skillful dog, too, and managed to combine gallantry and business so well that after he was gone the carpet-weaver mentally named him "Handsome Henry," as she read the brand new business card he had given her while he explained that he had bought out Jolly John's business, root and branch.

Handsome Henry proved as capable in business as he was fascinating in manner. It was no time until the widow began to look for his coming with a new light in her eye, and always after he drove away a rosy flush dyed her cheeks. Soon the neighbors remarked that she rarely sat alone on the porch now. The good-looking expressman was almost always with her after the work of the day was over; and his face was as bright and sunny as hers.

In a little while he begged her to marry him and make him happy and she consented.

And so they were married and got on beautifully together. The neighbors often spoke of the harmony of the expressman's household. "Here are a husband and wife who really love each other," they said. Nevertheless they prized the situation for weak places, as neighbors will, and discovered a difference in the degree of the love of "Handsome Henry" and his wife. They said the woman's love was stronger, and that the man knew it and would trade upon it and finally get the upper hand of her.

It was true that she loved him very much. For years her life had been bitterly lonely and destitute of the sweetness of affection. This made her grateful and glad for her present blessings all the time. She never looked at her new husband without a smile of satisfaction. At times she even marveled at her happiness and wondered humbly why she had been so blessed when many other women were left so comfortable and alone.

All went well with the married lovers for a time. But the wife fell ill—very ill. Then the husband spoke plainly of what he had often hinted at before—having his wife's property put in his name. (The neighbors always said he had had his eye on the house when he married her.)

"No," she said. "I will keep it in my own name—I have earned it; but you shall share it with me as long as we both live."

That did not suit him. He went out. It made his unmistakably, "in case any thing should happen."

"If you mean in case I should die," she said, "it is unnecessary. I shall not die."

He insisted, but she was firm. Then he threatened her. If she could not do him that little kindness he could leave her. Yes, that he would.

She loved him devotedly, and this threat, so cruel and unprovoked, wounded and terrified her. And she was so ill that she had not her usual courage. She wept, entreated and begged him not to leave—not while she was ill, at least. Seeing that he had struck the weak string in her heart, the coward played upon it. There was but one thing that would keep him, he told her, and that [illegible]

[illegible] never [illegible]

[illegible] thought she would finally give it all up and tell him he was her "dear old boy," and that she was "glad to have him back."

The strong arm of the law arrested, clad in blue and brass, and arrived with a handcuff, and gently but firmly led this recalcitrant "natural protector" out into the bitter world.

Next day the poor miserable exile came back with a frankly-offered tongue and sandwich to reinstate himself in his wife's affections. Vain hope. The policeman broke rudely in upon his meaty eloquence and took him out again reminding him that the next time he entered the house he (the policeman) would lock him up.

The neighbors acknowledged themselves astonished at the carpet weaver's firmness. They were astounded when, a few days later, she had a relapse and, died, after making a will which cut her husband off without a shilling and left all her property to a cousin. As she lived in Indiana, which has the most liberal laws for women, she could do this and know that her will would stand undisputed.

The expressman put crape on his hat—he was in mourning for his selfishness and folly, the neighbors said.

Strange faces look out of the windows of the carpet-weaver's house as the expressman drives by in his green wagon. "He has had his lesson," the neighbors say. He sighs and wishes he had [illegible]

LADIES DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS, & A LARGE LINE OF PANTS.
S. HACKERMAN.

Commissioner's Notice.

[illegible]

Commissioner's Notice.

[illegible]

"It couldn't with every [illegible] Oh, excuse me, dear; here it is under my paper."

"I wish some of the gentlemen would sit on the windows. That draught is just too beautiful." [illegible] five minutes and then closed them herself.

"What time is it?"

"About ten minutes of four."

"Well, let us go home. I'm just too tired for any thing."

Now and then one of the guests was employed in the office to feed food to the stove, and the manager always stationed it as symphony.

"Well, here are you getting along in your profession?"

"First rate. I began as a yellow man, then I got to be a right-smart watchman, and now I'm speaking into banks as my assistant."

Fanny Rush's Little Boy—May I leave the room, teacher?

Teacher—Why do you want to leave the room?

F. R. L. B.—Cause I can't [illegible] with me, of course.

Somebody claims to have discovered a substance that is [illegible] as sweet as sugar. It is [illegible] what that substance is, but it is supposed to be about 18 years old and to have a Southern [illegible]

A young lady sent in a poem entitled, "I Cannot Make Him Smile," to a newspaper. The editor returns it, "agrees the opinion that she cannot make him smile."

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, stable sheds &c. and twelve and a half acres of land.

[illegible]

Mill Point, Pocahontas Co. W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

JOSH I. CAMPBELL,

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 18, 1883.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

L. M. & O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain.

First-class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

P. O. Address, Mountain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $6.50 per gallon. Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Merchandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests.

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

TYREE & NOLLINS,

Charleston, - - West Va.

HOME NEWS.

—A car load of horse shoes arrives this week.

—For Justice's Blanks, 40ct to THE TIMES office, only 30c per 100.

—Rev. W. T. Price, called to see to Member morning.

—Born to Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Lockridge on 13th inst., a girl.

—Mr Thos. B. Maxwell and son Wm, were in town over night Tuesday.

—Miss Maggie McNeel, has been the guest of Mrs. John J. Beard and Mrs. C. F. Moore for a few days past.

—The great popularity of Ayer's Pills as a cathartic is due no less to their promptness and efficacy than to their coating of sugar and freedom from any injurious effects. Children take them readily. Ask Ayer's Almanac for this year, just out.

—Our blacksmith T. T. Webb, has left for other parts, and again leaves Sal Dun without a smith, which is very much needed, as it will be a great inconvenience to our people.

—The marriage of Miss Mary Curry to Mr. Joseph McNeel this evening at 6 o'clock (Wednesday) will be a grand affair, and the marriage of a more worthy couple has never taken place.

NOTICE.—Having been solicited by a goodly number of my old customers to resume the lasting business I have consented to do so hoping all those that may be benefited, [illegible] Respectfully, 25-4t. JOSEPH S. SMITH.

—Weak eyes and inflamed lids indicate an impure condition of the blood. The best remedy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, regulates the secretions, and expels all scrofulous humors from the system. Try it. Price $1, Worth $5 a bottle.

—The County Court have decided to open the bridge across Knapp creek at Sale place, up the creek a little further, which will be at a point across the creek about the lower end of Mr. Wm. Curry's meadows. This will necessitate two abutments to be built on either side of the creek, and a road to be made through Mr. Curry's meadows on this side to this place, and one through the Aunt Betsy McGlaughlin farm on the other side.

Grave Rock Items

Mrs. Hugh Yeager, formerly of this place but now of Cheyenne Wyoming Ty., is here on a business trip and we learn will remain some time.

Mrs. C. A. Lightner is off on a short visit to friends in Highland.

Mr. Willie Gibson was compelled to give up his school near this place on account of the protracted illness of his mother. The remainder of his school will be taught by Mr. T. W. Motley, his school at this place having closed last week.

Miss Minnie Patterson, who had been spending the holidays with her child at Reedsville, Va., returned home last week.

Mr. Guy Brown, of Huntersville, spent Friday in town and returned Saturday accompanied by his brother, who had been visiting relatives here the past month.

Surprise Parties seem to be the order of the day here.

Died, at her home near Glade Hill, Mrs. Margaret Hudson in the 83rd year of her age.

PAVIOUS.

Dunmore Items.

Died, Mrs. Peggy Hinkle, at her home five miles from Dunmore on the 1st inst., aged about 80 years. Mrs. Hudson was a good christian lady and will be greatly missed by all who knew her.

Miss Cora Hinkle closed at this place closed last week, and she will commence a five months session of [illegible] school next week. All [illegible] wishing to take a course in music will do well to attend.

Miss Laura Hammond closed her school at Glover Creek last week and will teach the 5th term in Augusta Co., Va., this week.

John Shuster had the misfortune to get his leg [illegible] last saturday by a tree falling on it.

Capt. E. A. Smith, finished cutting timber Monday.

J. S. Jackson is out on a visit.

Our singing is largely attended by most all. There are a few persons unable to sing so and why is it we allow only the angels in Heaven sing and why not we.

Wm. Foster, has opened up a blacksmith shop at Dunmore. Success to Wm.

TRAVELER.

Buckeye Rocks.

There is said to be several cases of La Grippe in our neighborhood.

Mr. Neil McNeill, the proprietor of a young lawyer of our neighborhood, was taken ill a few days ago, while discharging his duties in the school room and had to be taken home on a horse, where he has been confined to his bed ever since, but is better at this writing. His sickness is heart trouble.

Mr. John Wetzel who has been very sick for some time past was able to attend church last Sunday.

Last Saturday was a lively day for Buckeye. The dispute between Dorman, Asbery and others, about a certain land trade was submitted to a board of Arbitrators, who decided that the original contract and agreement should be fulfilled. The streets of our little town were crowded all day with anxious spectators to hear the argument of the case by Mr. J. H. McNeill who it is reported acted as Attorney for all three of the parties interested.

Although it is rather early in the season for duck hunting, two young men of this vicinity left here a few mornings ago in their little boat expecting to make a hunt through to Rosecrans, but at the end of two days they found themselves just up above Falling Springs. Here they abandoned their boat, as it seems the Greenbrier River had become by this time too low and only two boats can ascend the last while the other helped by [illegible] They hunted their boats from this on instead of ripe ducks, we have not heard whether they got enough to killed any ducks.

Your correspondent lends you the following communication from Hon. Wm. L. Wilson to our Editor to which he desires publish ed.

"Charleston, W. Va. Nov. 25th 1889.—Messrs. N. C. McNeil Pres. and G. H. Overholt Cor. Secretary. I have received yours of Nov. 19th informing me that I have been elected an honorary member of the Cooperstown Library Society of W. Va. Please accept for your society my acknowledgements of their kind testimonial remembrance and assure them of my hearty good wishes for the success, prosperity and useful ness.

Very truly yours.
WM. L. WILSON.

Rev. Morgan Poston of the M. E. Church is holding his second protracted meeting here which has resulted up to this time in a great revival in the church, the converts at two o'clock, and several penitents at the altar.

LOGAN.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It relieves the little sufferer at once. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Supreme Court.

Hall's administrator vs. Hall's heirs, from Pocahontas county; dismissed on motion of appellant.

McNeel vs. Ashbridge, from Pocahontas county; continued.

D. F. Moore, was admitted to practice in the Court of Appeals

THE PADEY MYSTERY.

Edray Items

Over nearly a hundred people at tended the investigation held by Justice Barlow at Edray on Saturday the 11th inst., in relation to the mysterious disappearance of one Dick Knapp and the Conner's Jury Padley. Upon the examination of a number of witnesses it was pretty well demonstrated that there had been foul play, and that Dick had been put out of the way. Further developments are anxiously looked for, as the whole country is aroused, and further investigation will be made. The Justice failed to find who was the author of the Padley John. On the 12th inst between 80's and sixty men spent the day searching over Martin's mountain for some sign or indication, as to whether Knapp, could be found, but failed, so far as we know, to find much, except that at one place near a rough laurel bottom quite a stench was smelled by some of the men, this place was examined partially, further investigation will be made. The famous bee tree was found, and the whole section searched, but little sign was found. It is now surmised that if Knapp was killed, that his body was taken to the river and sunk. More is known about this affair than has as yet been made public, and it is likely that other disclosures will soon be heard. It is strange that some parties keep out of sight.

The La Grippe is taking hold of a number of our people in earnest.

X. X.

County Court Proceedings.

County Court met Jan. 7th with Messrs. C. E. Beard, Geo. P. Moore and S. B. Hannah Commissioners.

Licence was granted M. A. Fried to keep private entertainment.

Licence was granted N. C. McNeel to practice law at the Huntersville bar.

On motion of Herman Sharp, it was ordered that Linden Curry, Geo. L. Hannah and Geo. Butler be appointed viewers to view and locate a road from the School House, south east of H. B. Sharp's residence "to the mouth of Dry Branch of Elk water, on the west side thereof to the Randolph Co. line, and report to a future term of the Court.

That John Beverage, Levi Lockridge and Phillip Kramer be appointed viewers to look out a new road from the upper gate on Glover creek fork to top of the hill near the Fred Sharp place, and report.

In the matter of the Rock Mountain road agreement of all parties D. W. Sharp, Geo. Hannah and Levi Gay are appointed to go upon and view the location of a road beginning at some point on the road running from Price's farm to the Mt. Pleasant and Edray.

S. B. Hannah, Allen Gillispie and J. C. Price appointed such viewers as to locate a certain point of road on Hinkle run to be paid for out of the levy of 1889.

Ordered that $10.00 be paid Wm. R. Main, for work done on Martin's bottom and Huntersville turnpike.

That D. F. McElwee be paid $113.00 for making new road on Laurel run, out of the Levy of 1889.

That D. H. Gaither be paid $10.00 for work done on road from M. H. McClaughlin to bridge at Martin's bottom.

That Geo. [illegible] be paid $24.75 for work done on public roads in Conner's Beech, McClaughlin and Rex.

That Geo. Gibson be paid $10.00 for work done at and on the Martin's Bottom bridge road.

That D. A. Fisher be paid $187.00 for work done on road

That W. A. Friel be paid $153.00 as assignment of D. A. Fisher.

That Amos Barlow be paid $137.18 as assignment of D. A. Fisher.

That D. A. Fisher be paid $1.00 for work done on Huntersville and Warm Springs road.

Amos Barlow and Jas. H. Doyle Comers of a new piece of road near Lockridges farm on Huntersville and Warm Springs road, which said road was let to D. A. Fisher, reported to the Court that said road was completed and was accepted by said Court.

That J. B. Bradshaw be paid $4.67 for goods furnished paupers.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

AUCTION.

I will offer for sale at Public Auction at Edray, W. Va., on Friday and Saturday, February 7th and 8th., Consisting of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING and GENTS. FURNISHING GOODS. LADIES DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS, & A LARGE LINE OF PANTS.

S. HACKERMAN.

Commissioner's Notice.

C. B. Moore & wife & als.
vs.
Patrick Beard & als.

In pursuance of a decree rendered in the above named cause on the 22nd day of October 1889, I shall proceed to the front door of the Court House in the town of Huntersville, W. Va. on Saturday the 15th day of February 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account, to-wit:

1st. Settle the accounts of J. C. Arbogast Admr. of William Beard deceased.

2nd. An account showing all the indebtedness appertaining to the said William Beard at the time of his death, with the names of all persons holding liens upon said property, showing the which person, each debt has priority.

3rd. Any other matters deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

J. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Price's Store, Dec. 17, 1889. jan. 2-4t.

Commissioner's Notice.

Augusta National Bank &c.
vs.
W. B. Davis & als.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 22nd day of October 1889, I will proceed to the front door of the Court House in the town of Huntersville, W. Va. on Friday the 7th day of February 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account, to-wit:

1st. Settle the accounts of J. C. Arbogast Admr. of William Beard deceased.

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3rd. Any other matters deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

J. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Price's Store, Dec. 17, 1889. jan. 2-4t.

YOU WANT IT.

Parties desirous of obtaining all the news from the State Capital during the special session of the Legislature will not hesitate if making their selection when they know the only Gazette of Charleston, is the look with leading paper there. It is the only paper in the State outside of Wheeling which publishes the Associated Press Dispatches and contains more news than any other paper of the State Capital. Price per month 75c, one year $6.00.

It is the same in size as the Wheeling paper. The Weekly Gazette is only $1.50 per year. Subscription. Remittances by mail at publishers risk.

$1.00.

I have on hand about 200 bushels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $1.00 per 100 lbs. for cash, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. HAWLEY.

WHEAT FOR SALE.

Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my grist mill. Respectfully,
H. M. LOCKRIDGE.
6-3m

A. B. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and on reasonable terms.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stones, Marble and granite Monuments etc., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. CRISPIN, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A CARD.

To those sufferers from the dreadful catarrh, I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Station D, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

To the Creditors of William Beard, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending, to-wit: the said estate of the said William Beard to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said William Beard, deceased, to C. E. Beard, Commissioner, at his office in the said County, on or before the 15th day of February 1890.

Given under my hand, Clerk of the said Court, this 7th day of January 1890.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clerk.
Jno. J. Beard, Clerk.
By Jno. J. Beard, D. C.
Jan. 9-3w.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Persons wishing to buy will find it to their interest to call on the undersigned.

Terms easy and reasonable.

For further particulars, Address,

OSCAR BEARD,
Mill Point, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

DUN L. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Two in.	2 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
Quarter	3 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
Half col'n	6 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
Quarter col'n	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance, after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50. These terms will be strictly complied with.

Hunterville, W. Va.

January 16, 1890.

A Boy Who Recommended Himself.

John Brent was trimming his hedge, and the "snip-snap" of his shears was a pleasing sound to his ears. In the rear of him stretched a wide, smoothly kept lawn, in the centre of which stood his residence, a handsome, massive, modern structure, which had cost him not less than ninety thousand dollars.

The owner of it was the man who, in shabby attire, was trimming his hedge. "A close, stingy old skinflint, I'll warrant," some boy is ready to say.

No, he wasn't. He trimmed his own hedge for recreation, as he was a man of sedentary habits. His shabby clothes were his working clothes, while those which fit were on other occasions were both neat and expensive; indeed, he was very particular even about what are known as the minor appointments of dress.

Instead of being stingy, he was exceedingly liberal. He was always contributing to benevolent enterprises, and helping deserving people, often when they had not asked his help.

Just beyond the hedge was the public sidewalk, and two boys stopped opposite to where he was at work, he on one side of the hedge and they on the other.

"Hollos, Fred! That's a very handsome tennis racquet," one of them said. "You paid about seven dollars for it, didn't you?"

"Only six, Charlie," was the reply.

"Your old one is in prime order yet. What will you take for it?"

"I sold it to Willie Eckstine for one dollar and a half," replied Fred.

"Well, now, that was silly," declared Charlie. "I'd have given you three dollars for it."

"You are too late," replied Fred. "I have promised it to Willie."

"Oh, you only promised it to him, eh? And he's simply promised to pay for it, I suppose? I'll give you three dollars cash for it."

"I can't do it, Charlie."

"You can if you want to. A dollar and a half more isn't to be sneezed at."

"Of course not," admitted Fred; "and I'd like to have it, only I promised the racquet to Willie."

"But you are not bound to keep your promise. You are at liberty to take more for it. Tell him that I offered you another time as much, and that will settle it."

"No, Charlie," gravely replied the other boy, "that will not settle it—neither with Willie nor with me. I cannot disappoint him. A bargain is a bargain. The racquet is his, even if it hasn't been delivered."

"Oh, let him have it," retorted Charlie, angrily. "Fred Fenton, I will not say that you are a chump, but I'll predict that you'll never make a successful business man. You are too punctilious."

John Brent overheard the conversation, and he stopped to a gap in the hedge, in order to get a look at the boy who had such a high regard for his word.

"The lad has a good firm, and is made of the right sort of stuff," was the millionaire's mental comment. "He places a proper value upon his integrity, and he will succeed in business because he is punctilious."

The next day, while he was again working on his hedge, John Brent overheard another conversation. Fred Fenton was again a participant in it.

"Fred, let us go over to the ocean lot," the other boy said. "The men are putting up the tents for the afternoon performance."

"No, Joe; I'd rather not," Fred said.

"But why?"

"On account of the profanity. One never hears anything good on such occasions, and I would advise you not to go. My mother would not want me to go."

"Did she say you shouldn't?"

"No, Joe."

"Then, let us go. You will not be disobeying her orders."

"But I will be disobeying her wishes," insisted Fred. "No, I'll not go."

"That is another good point in that boy," thought John Brent. "A boy who respects his mother's wishes very rarely goes wrong."

Two months later, John Brent advertised for a clerk in his factory, and there were at least a dozen applicants.

"I can simply take your names and residences this morning," he said. "I'll make inquiries about you, and notify the one whom I conclude to select."

Three of the boys gave their names and residences.

"What is your name?" he asked, as he glanced at the fourth boy.

"Fred Fenton, sir," was the reply.

John Brent remembered the name and the boy. He looked at him keenly, a pleasant smile crossing his face.

"You can stay," he said. "I've been suited sooner than I expected to," he added, looking at the other boys and dismissing them with a wave of his hand.

"Why did you take me?" asked Fred, in surprise.

"Why were inquiries not necessary in my case? You do not know me."

"I know you better than you think I do," John Brent said, with a significant smile.

"But I offered you no recommendations," suggested Fred.

"My boy, it wasn't necessary," replied John Brent. "I overheard you recommend yourself."

But, as he felt disposed to enlighten Fred, he told him about the two conversations he had overheard.

Now, boys, this is a true story, and there is a moral in it. You are more frequently observed, and heard and overheard, than you are aware of. Your elders have a habit of making an estimate of your moral and mental worth. You can not keep late hours, lounge on the corners, visit low places of amusement, smoke cigarettes and chaff boys, who are better than you are, without older people making a note of your bad habits.

How much more timidity and gentleness pure speech, good breeding, forward purposes, and parental respect would speak in your behalf!

NOTICE

The second term of Hillsdale Academy for the session of 1889-90 will begin January 22nd and will continue twenty weeks or five school months. Rates of tuition: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 per month according to grade. A contingent fee of 15 cts per month is charged to provide fuel, &c. Board can be had at from $6 to $10 per month.

Two and one half months constitute a quarter session and all tuition fees must be paid quarterly. Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to the close of each quarter, and no deduction from tuition charges will be made except in cases of protracted illness, or unless special arrangements are made with the principal.

We invite the attention of parents who wish to educate their children to the advantages of our school and most respectfully solicit their patronage. Young teachers will find it to their advantage to attend during the spring months. We promise thorough instruction and careful training. It is best for students to enter at the beginning of the term, but they will be received at any time.

We desire to say that all pupils of this school are expected to study and to be governed by the rules of school. We do not want disorderly heads, but all who wish to study and to educate themselves will find our school pleasant and profitable.

For further information address the principal, or come and see for yourself.

D. S. HASKELL, Principal.
jan 9 4w Academy, W. Va.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

Dr. Edward Scott, M.D., says he takes Scott's Emulsion himself when he feels the need of a tonic, and that he prescribes it for Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility, Wasting Diseases, Emaciation, Colds and Chronic Coughs.

Prescribed as a fact proven.

Persons gain rapidly while using it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, sold by all Druggists.

CURE

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BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES,

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It contains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which no city paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It contains matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its sections and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year in advance $1.00
If not paid within 6 months 1.25
And at the end of the year 1.50

AND IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dray Receipts, Tags, Statistic Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Pamphlets, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, January 23, 1890. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE. No. 26.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Herold.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (C. E. Beard, T. B. Hannah, D. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Dan. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, first Monday in June and first Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ICE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

TWO LESSONS.

BY S. D. BARNES.

"It won't do to bet on another man's game," remarked one of the group gathered around the fire in Dutch John's grocery. "I learned that years ago, and the fellow that cut my eye-teeth for me was the same Ab Skinner who was elected to the last Legislature from Hawkids County.

We sat and smoked in silence. We were all old acquaintance of the speaker, and knew that there was a story forthcoming, and it would be related without any urging from us.

"I met Ab first the winter I came down from the North," continued the narrator, after a slight pause. "We were both young fellows, then—I was visiting at Uncle Dick Scofield's ranch, and Ab was one of the cowboys—and we two were together a good deal, hunting and knocking around, and all our spare time we put in playing cards and shaking dice.

"Ab was a fair player, but I was fresh from Chicago, and up to all the dodges of a professional; and gradually I pocketed all the loose change that he could rake and scrape until finally, I got him down to bedrock, and had to hold up until Uncle Dick paid him his next quarter's salary. Then I fully intended to wade in and gobble the entire hundred and fifty, and pull back for civilization.

"It was a pretty scheme, but somehow it failed to work. Ab Skinner was doing a little scheming at the same time, and his brain was clearer than mine.

"A week before pay-day, he went over to the 'circle bar' ranch, and when he came back I saw that he had been drinking, and was as happy as a wolf in a sheep pen; but he simmered down again, and set things rocked on for a few days longer.

"We had just moved our cattle to from the upper range and thrown 'em in on a little valley west of the shanty, where not a blade of grass had been nipped all summer long, and there they were feeding—four thousand head of 'em, and as wild a lot as ever waved a horn in a stampede. O a day, about noon, as Uncle Dick was coming in from town, the whole herd lit out after him, crippled his horse, and nearly scared the old man to death.

"'These cattle are terrors,' he said, as he slid off his horse, and spread himself out on the veranda, when Ab and I were talking to the Deputy Sheriff, who was down looking up some stolen stock—'I thought of Dick was a gone coon, sure.'

"'They didn't like your looks,' said Ab with a laugh. 'You couldn't git 'em to run a genuine cowboy. I'll bet I could walk clean across to that knot yander,' and he indicated a little hill entirely beyond the herd; 'walk over, understand, afoot, and alone, and never get a scratch from a horn or hoof.'

"'I would like to bet you something on that,' said I; and I had hardly spoken the words before Ab drew a buckskin bag from his pocket, and shook out a pile of silver and gold.

"'There is fifty dollars,' said he. 'If you want to make some money easy here's your chance. The liker iff will hold the stakes.'

"Fifty dollars was just the size of my pile, and Ab knew it. I was positive that if Skinner made a break out in that prairie, one of them old Spanish steers would run him down in three minutes; but still I hesitated.

"'Stick him, Charley,' said Uncle Dick; 'the dad blamed fool will be killed, but that ain't your lookout. If you don't bet, I will!'

"I went over and handed Sheriff Smith the money, and as he put it in his hat along with Ab's fifty, the old man chipped in again.

"'Bein' as you're throwin' away your money, Ab, why not give me some of it? That's that hundred and fifty I was goin' to pay you to-night—suppose I put it in the hat with as much more, an' if you get through to the knot, Smith kin ride over an' give you the bull wad.'

"'Good snuff,' replied Ab, and in three minutes the Sheriff's old sombrero was looking like a second edition of the national treasury.

"'Le's understand this thing,' said Smith. 'Ab fights out afoot, right now, and goes straight to the knot, and if he gits that' the dust is his; is that right?'

"'Ah' if he gits the hull side of his head horned off, or anything like that happens tew him, he don't git it,' said uncle. 'Shake hands, Ab, before you go. You've bin a mighty good hand with the cattle, but I'll be you'r'al glad to assist at your funeral.'

"'Give me a good one, old man,' grinned Ab, as he jumped off the veranda and started for the knot.

"'Come back,' said Uncle Dick. 'If you'll forfeit one-third, and own you're a fool, we'll let you off.'

"But Ab went ahead as though he had never heard him.

"The wind was blowing straight to the herd, and though the nearest steer was three hundred yards away, he seemed to scent the fun at once; for he threwed up his head with a snort, walked out a few yards meeting Ab, and then, as he saw that his victim was coming directly toward him, the long-horn braced himself, and waited for his arrival. In two seconds, another big, red fellow trotted up, and took his position alongside; and then another, until there was a wall of white horns, fifty yards long, barring Ab's road to the mound, and hundreds of cattle coming in every direction to take a hand in the frolic. A man afoot was a curiosity to them, with which they were evidently bound to become acquainted, if possible.

"'They'll kill him in a holy minit', muttered Uncle Dick Scofield. 'It'll be another sad gatherin' of friends around the cigar box that holds his remains. I tell ye, Smith, human life is ter'ble uncertin.'

"'Ah Skinner's haint,' replied the Sheriff. 'He's the luckiest feller in forty-three States. I don't see how he's going ter make it, but he'll come out somehow.'

"Just then we saw Skinner stop and put his hand in his pocket. He had approached within sixty yards of the herd, and every beef was watching him, with a generic head shaking, and bellowing, that would are frightened a common man in to fits.

"'He's gittin' his gun,' said uncle. 'Highty he thinks he kin bluff 'em with a little shootin', but he'll miss it, an' if he kin kill two hundred dollars worth at six dollars a head I'll try ter stand it.'

"But Ab did not intend to shoot. He had dropped out of sight in the tall grass, and as we were wondering what it all meant, we saw a tongue of flame leap up in the air and rapidly spread, with the wind fanning it in the direction of the cattle at race horse speed. Then the bellowing and weeping ceased, the wall of gleaming horns fronted in the other direction, and the whole herd made a break for the farthills, while Ab stepped in behind the blaze and followed.

"The smoke settled in the little valley and hid everything from view, and I, for one, was quite satisfied that it should be so.

"There was no danger to be appreheded from the fire—for the ranch was protected by a stream that the blaze could not cross with the wind against it—but I knew that my fifty dollars was gone, and I felt as sour as vinegar.

"Uncle was feeling no better. He seemed to be paralyzed, and never made a kick about the fire ruining his range; and when three pistol shots from the knot notified us that Skinner had got through, he looked as though he had been sentenced to the 'pen' for life.

"The money is Ab Skinner's,' said Smith, and we knew if we kicked we would have the Sheriff to kill, and not only him, but all four of his brothers; and they were all bad men.

"Tell him not to come back,' said uncle, savagely, as Smith got on his horse, to deliver the stakes according to agreement. 'Ab is a good fellow, but he is too stiffered smart. He would owe the ranch in less'n a week.'"

"So! Dot vos der vay of it," put in Dutch John, soberly. "He gets your money already, eh! Dot vas good—I vas glad of dot."

"And that wasn't the worst of it," went on Charley. "If the matter had stopped there I wouldn't have minded it so much. But you see, uncle and I tried to get even, and that made the business worse.

"I sent home for some money and only got a twenty; but by hustling pretty lively, and striking all the boys for loans, I managed to raise twenty more, and laid my plans to start north at once. Then, just about that time Uncle Dick sold a bunch of beef cattle to a driver, and I went with him to deliver them at Hawkside City, and there we met Ab Skinner once more.

"If any of you fellows were in Hawkside City in '75, you know what sort of a place it was then. For general, all-round meanness, I don't believe that little burg was ever equaled. The worst men in the southwest flocked there by the dozens, and gambling and shooting was the order of the day. The 'Golden Spur Saloon' was the headquarters of the very worst citizens, and not a day passed without a knife or six-shooter being used on some of its customers. There had been a fight there the morning we got into town, and an unoffending spectator killed with a stray bullet. The next day the proprietor knocked a Mexican in the head with a wine bottle, and that night two cowboys stood on opposite ends of a billiard table, and exchanged shots with army revolvers.

"'It's the worst hole in the Union,' said Uncle Dick to Ab and me. 'A man's life would be in danger there if he had on a suit of boiler iron. I agreed with him, but Ab turned up his nose and laughed.

"'They know who to fool with down thar,' he said. 'They've the worst kind of bluffs—the hull crowd of 'em. Why, I'll bet I could go down an' run the hull crowd, and get away without a scratch.'

"Uncle Dick nudged me with his elbow and grinned. 'You've got sin', Ab,' he said. 'Talk's cheap, but it takes money to back it.'

"'I've got it,' replied Skinner.

"'Put it up then,' said Uncle, 'or else hush.'

"'I see Sheriff Smith in town,' said I. 'Suppose we get him to hold the money.'

"The proposition suited the others, and we found our men and stated the case. Ab was to go to the 'Golden Spur,' and deliberately insult the whole crowd that might be there, from the barkeeper down. If he got away unharmed, the money was his; if he was killed, or wounded in the least, the whole sum went to make sick me. I invested every dollar I had and the old man covered the rest of Ab's money, some two hundred dollars.

"Smith took a stand next door to the saloon where he could see the fun; and uncle and I went inside, and getting behind some whiskey barrels, out of range of the door, waited for Ab to show up. There was a big crowd in the 'Golden Spur'—forty at least; and all of them howling drunk. Every man sported a revolver, and some of them, two, and there was a half-dozen Winchesters stacked in the corner.

"'I reckon we'll get even with Skinner this time,' said I, and Uncle Dick was so tickled with the prospect that he set up the drinks all around.

"Just as the glasses were filled, I heard the tramp of hoofs outside and a horse's head was stuck in at the door; and over and beyond, I caught a glimpse of Ab Skinner and a big double-barrelled shot-gun.

"'You know me,' he yelled. 'I am Ab Skinner—a white man and a gentleman—and I've come to mix with the drunken, cowardly outcasts that hang around this ranch. Do you hear me?'

"Yes, they heard him. Six-shooters clattered all over the room. The proprietor leaped over the bar with a Sharp's carbine in his hand, and Uncle and I hugged the whiskey barrel closer than ever.

"Then two shots were fired—the two barrels of Ab's shot gun—in quick succession, and, as the smoke filled the room, it seemed to me that my eyes had been torn from my head, and I had swallowed a bushel of fire. In the midst of my agony I heard no more shooting, but failed to hear it. Indeed the air was filled with coughs and curses mixed with loud but broken bursts of profanity. I did not know then, but I learned afterward, that Ab's gun contained up two of shot, about sixteen ounces of small and Cayenne pepper, with enough powder behind it to blow it into the room, and scatter it well through the atmosphere. It was a devilish cruel scheme to work on a fellow, and if the men of the Hawkside City could have caught Skinner that day they would have burnt him at the stake without a dissenting voice.

"A half hour later Uncle Dick and I were down on Hawkside Creek with about forty more tough-looking citizens, washing the snuff and pepper from our eyes, when Deputy Smith strolled up, and handed us a slip of paper which set forth in Skinner's unmistakable style, that—The bearer has paid over the money placed in his hands, and will hand you two dollars and fifty cents to be invested in eye-salve and blue goggles.' And that was the last I heard of Ab's shooter until I got the news twelve day of his return to the State Legislature from the same Hawkside County, where he gobbled all of my small change, robbed the prospects of my return North, much put out my eyes, and broke me of betting on another man's game."

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, January 23, 1890. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. No. 26.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Arnold.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. (C. E. Beard, S. B. Hannah, G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. BUCHER,
Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. EEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. I. S. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. E. P. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

TWO LESSONS.

BY S. D. BARNES.

"It won't do to let on another man's game," remarked one of the group gathered around the fire in Dutch John's grocery. "I learned that years ago, and the fellow that cut my eye-teeth for me was the same Ab Skinner who was elected to the last Legislature from Hawkins County.

We sat and smoked in silence. We were all old acquaintance of the speaker, and knew that there was a story forthcoming, and it would be related without any urging from us.

"I met Ab first the winter I came down from the North," continued the narrator, after a slight pause. "We were both young fellows, then—I was visiting at Uncle Dick Scofield's ranch, and Ab was one of the cowboys—and we two were together a good deal, hunting and knocking around, and all our spare time we put in playing cards and slinking dice.

"Ab was a fair player, but I was fresh from Chicago, and up to all the dodges of a professional; and gradually I pocketed all the loose change that he could rake and scrape, until finally, I got him down to bedrock, and had to hold up until Uncle Dick paid him his next quarter's salary. Then I fully intended to wade in and gobble the entire bankroll and Biffy, and pull back for civilization.

"It was a pretty scheme, but somehow it failed to work. Ab Skinner was doing a little rebranding at the same time, and his brain, was clearer than mine.

"A week before pay day, he went over to the 'circle bar' ranch, and when he came back I saw that he had been drinking, and was as happy as a wolf in a sheep pen; but he recovered down again, and so things rocked on for a few days longer.

"We had just moved our cattle in from the upper range and thrown 'em in on a little valley west of the shanty, where not a blade of grass had been nipped all summer long, and there they were feeding—four thousand head of 'em, and as wild a lot as ever waved a horn in a stampede. One day, about noon, as Uncle Dick was coming in from town, the whole herd lit out after him, stripped his horse, and nearly scared the old man to death.

"'Them cattle are fierces,' he said, as he slid off his horse, and spread himself out on the veranda, when Ab and I were talking to the Deputy Sheriff, who was down looking up some stolen stock—'I thought at Dick was a gone coon, sure.'

"'They didn't like your looks,' said Ab with a laugh. 'You couldn't get 'em to run a genuine cowboy. I'll bet I could walk clean across to that knot yander,' and he indicated a little hill entirely beyond the herd; 'walk over, understand, slow, and alone, and never get a scratch from a horn or hoof.'

"I would like to bet you something on that,' said I; and I had hardly spoken the words before Ab drew a bankskin bag from his pocket, and shook out a pile of silver and gold.

"'There is fifty dollars,' said he. 'If you want to make some money easy here's your chance. The Biter will hold the stakes.'

"Fifty dollars was just the size of my pile, and Ab knew it. I was positive that if Skinner made a break out in that prairie, one of them old Spanish steers would run him down in three minutes; but still I hesitated.

"'Stick him, Charley,' said Uncle Dick; 'the dad-blamed fool will be killed, but that ain't your lookout. If you don't bet, I will!'

"I went over and handed Sheriff Smith the money, and as he put it in his hat along with Ab's fifty, the old man chipped in again.

"'Bein' as you're throwin' away your money, Ab, why not give me some of it? That's that hundred and fifty I was goin' to pay you to-night—suppose I put it in the hat with as much more, an' if you get through to the knot, Smith kin ride over an' give you the bull wad.'

"'Good stuff,' replied Ab, and in three minutes the Sheriff's old sombrero was looking like a second edition of the national treasury.

"'Le's understand this thing,' said Smith. 'Ab fights out afoot, right now, and goes straight to the knot, and if he gits that' the dust to his; is that right?'

"'Ah' if he gits the bull side of his head horned off, or anything like that happens tew him, he don't git it,' said mule. 'Shake hands, Ab, before you go. You're bin a mighty good hand with the cattle, but I'll be you'rfid glad to assist at your funeral.'

"'Give me a good one, old man,' grinned Ab, as he jumped off the veranda and started for the knot.

"'Come back,' said Uncle Dick. 'If you'll forfeit on third, and own you're a fool, we'll let you off.'

"But Ab went ahead as though he had never heard him.

"The wind was blowing straight to the herd, and though the nearest steer was three hundred yards away, he seemed to scent the Jim at once; for he threw up his head with a snort, walked out a few yards meeting Ab, and then, as he saw that his victim was moving directly toward him, the long horn braced himself, and waited for his arrival. In two seconds, another big, red fellow trotted up, and took his position alongside; and then another, until there was a wall of white horns, fifty yards long, barring Ab's road to the mound, and hundreds of cattle coming in every direction to take a hand in the frolic. A man alone was a curiosity to them, with which they were evidently bound to become acquainted, if possible.

"'They'll kill him in a holy minit', ontirest Uncle Dick Scofield. 'It'll be another sad gatherin' of friends around the edge box that holds his remains. I tell ye, Smith, human life is terrible uncertin.'

"'Ab Skinner's haint,' replied the Sheriff. 'He's the luckiest feller in forty-three States. I don't see how he's going to make it, but he'll come out somehow.'

"And then we saw Skinner stop and put his hand in his pocket. He had approached within sixty yards of the herd, and every foot was watching him, with a general head shaking, and bellowing, that would have frightened a common man in to fits.

"'He's gittin' his gun,' said Uncle. 'Highty he thinks he kin bluff 'em with a little shootin', but he'll miss it, an' if he kin kill two hundred dollars worth at six dollars a head I'll try fer stond it.'

"But Ab did not intend to shoot. He had dropped out of sight in the tall grass, and as we were wondering what it all meant, we saw a tongue of flame leap up in the air and rapidly spread, with the wind fanning it in the direction of the cattle at the same speed. Then the bellowing and scraping ceased, the wall of charming horns fronted in the other direction, and the whole herd made a break for the bare hills, while Ab stepped in behind the blaze and followed.

"The smoke settled in the little valley and hid everything from view, and I, for one, was quite satisfied that it should be so.

"There was no danger to be apprehended from the fire—for the ranch was protected by a stream that the blaze could not cross with the wind against it—but I knew that my fifty dollars was gone, and I felt as sour as vinegar.

"Uncle was feeling no better. He seemed to be paralyzed, and never made a kick about the fire raising his range; and when three pistol shots from the knot notified us that Skinner had got through, he looked as though he had been sentenced to the 'pen' for life.

"The money is Ab Skinner's,' said Smith, and we know if we kicked we would have the Sheriff to kill, and not only him, but all four of his brothers; and they were all bad men.

"Tell him not to come back,' said uncle, savagely, as Smith got on his horse, to deliver the stakes according to agreement. 'Ab is a good fellow, but he is too allfired smart. He would own the ranch in less'n a week.'"

"She! Dot vas der vay of it," put in Dutch John, solemly. "He gotts your money already, eh? Dot vas goot—I vas glad of dot."

"And that wasn't the worst of it," went on Charley. "If the matter had stopped there I wouldn't have minded it so much. But you see, uncle and I tried to get even, and that made the business worse.

"I went home for some money and only got a twenty; but by borrowing pretty freely, and striking all the boys for loans, I managed to raise twenty more, and laid my plans to start south as soon. Then, just about that time Uncle Dick sold a bunch of beef cattle to a drover, and I went with him to deliver them at Rawhide City, and there we met Ab Skinner once more.

"If any of you fellows were in Rawhide City in '75 you know what sort of a place it was then. For general, all-round meanness, I don't believe that little burg was ever equaled. The worst men in the northwest flocked there by the dozens, and gambling and shooting was the order of the day. The 'Golden Spur Saloon' was the headquarters of the very worst citizens, and not a day passed without a knife or six-shooter being used on some of its customers. There had been a fight there the morning we got into town, and as we walked upstairs killed with a stray bullet. The next day the proprietor knocked a hoodlum in the head with a wine bottle, and that night two cowboys stood on opposite ends of a billiard table, and exchanged shots with army revolvers.

"It's the worst hole in the Union,' said Uncle Dick to Ab and me. 'A man's life would be in danger there if he had on a suit of killer tow. I agreed with him, but Ab turned up his nose and laughed at us.

"'They know who to fool with down that,' he said. 'They're the worst kind of bluffs—the half-crowd of us. Why, I'll bet I could go down an' own the hull crowd, and get away without a scratch.'

"Uncle Dick walked me with his elbow and grinned. 'You've got 'em, Ab,' he said. 'Talk's cheap, but it takes money to back it.'

"I've got it,' replied Skinner.

"'Put it up then,' said Uncle, 'or else fork.'

"I saw Sheriff Smith in town,' said I. 'Suppose we get him to hold the money.'

"The proposition suited the citizens, and we found our man and stated the case. Ab was to go to the 'Golden Spur,' and deliberately insult the whole crowd that might be there, from the barkeeper down. If he got away unharmed, the money was his; if he was killed, or wounded in the least, the whole pot went to uncle and me. I invested every dollar I had and the old man covered the rest of Ab's money, some two hundred dollars.

"Smith took a stand next door to the saloon where he could see the fun; and uncle and I went inside, and getting behind some whiskey barrels, out of range of the door, waited for Ab to show up. There was a big crowd in the 'Golden Spur'—forty at least; and all of them howling drunk. Every man armed to the teeth, and some of them, two, and there was a half-dozen Winchesters stacked in the corner.

"'I reckon we'll get even with Skinner this time,' said I, and Uncle Dick was so tickled with the prospect that he set up the drinks all around.

"Just as the glasses were filled, I heard the tramp of heels outside and a horse's head was stuck in at the door; and over and beyond, I caught a glimpse of Ab Skinner and a big double-barreled shotgun.

"'You know me,' he yelled. 'I am Ab Skinner—a white man and a gentleman—and I'm good to mix with the drunkest, cussedly outrageous that hang around this range. Do you hear me?'

"Yes, they heard him. His shout was gleeful all over the room. The proprietor heaped reps the bar with a Henry's carbine in his hand, and Uncle and I hugged the whiskey barrel closer than ever.

"Then two shots were fired—the two barrels of Ab's shot gun—in quick succession, and, as the smoke filled the room, it seemed to me that my eyes had been torn from my head, and I had swallowed a handful of fire. In the midst of my agony I thrilled for more shooting, but failed to hear it. Instead the air was filled with coughs and curses mixed with loud but broken bursts of profanity. I did not know then, but I learned afterward, that Ab's gun contained, in lieu of shot, about sixteen ounces of small and cayenne pepper, with enough powder behind it to blow it into the room, and mingle it well through the atmosphere. It was a devilish, cruel scheme to work on a fellow, and if the men of the Rawhide City would have sought Skinner that day they would have burnt him at the stake without a dissenting voice.

"A half hour later Uncle Dick and I were down on Rawhide Creek with about forty more tough looking citizens, washing the snuff and pepper from our eyes, when Deputy Sheriff strolled up, and tendered us a slip of paper which set forth in Skinner's unmistakable writing, that—The bearer has paid over the money placed in his hands, and will hand you two dollars and fifty cents to be invested in cigarettes and blue goggles.' And that was the last I heard of Ab Skinner until I got the news (white day of his) return to the State Legislature from the wilds Rawhide County, where he gobbled all of us, small change, except the proprietor of the reform North, which put out my eyes, and broke me of betting on another man's game.

CASTORIA

LIQUORS,

Hotel by S. W. Wagner,

Lands Sold For Taxes.

HOME NEWS.

—Read the ad of W. E. Kirwan on the 4th page and profit thereby.

—Thanks to Messrs. Moore and Hannah, of Edray for an order for stationery last week.

—If you want nice job printing, don't forget THE TIMES office is the place to get it.

—Twenty third day of January, and only two or three little snows this winter.

—Messrs. S. H. Clark and Jno. B. Kinnaird, were in town Monday.

—S. L. Brown, Esq., killed a hog Tuesday that weighed 451 lbs.

—Mr. H. A. Yeager of Cheyenne, Wyoming Ty., was in our city this week, on business.

—Several of our people have lost voble, or as is now commonly called Lolgrippe.

—A. M. McClintic, Esq., of Bath Co., Va., was in Huntersville the first of the week.

—A number of persons from the Levels attended the wedding of Miss Mary Curry and Mr. Joe Mc Neel at this place last week.

—We are under obligations to Governor E. W. Wilson for a copy of his message to the extra session of the Legislature.

—The sale of the Hamilton lands in the upper end of this county which was sold in Beverly on the 3rd inst., to Col. Jas. Dyson for $6,200 was set aside on an upset bid.

—Leading physicians recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Old and young take it with perfect safety. It cleanses the blood, strengthens the nerves, and vitalizes the system. Popular experience has long placed this medicine at the head of all alteratives.

—Jacob H. Barlow, died at his home in Taylor Co., on Dec. 23rd, '90. He was born in this Co., on January 17th, and was at the time of his death 98 years 10 months and 26 days old.

—Maj. C. F. Somers has returned from the Supreme Court at Charleston. While on it he visited Baltimore, New York and other places and also experienced a slight attack of LaGrippe of which he is not entirely well of yet.

—That beautiful glossy sheen, so much admired in hair, can be secured by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. There is nothing better than this preparation for strengthening the scalp and keeping it from dandruff and falling hairs.

Summers Deingo.

Mr. John McClintic, had a cow killed by the railroad here.

Attorneys H. S. Barker and L. M. McClintic, passed through town Tuesday.

Col. D. V. Buckner, of High land, was in our town.

We have lots of good R. R. news.

Well, at last the bridge across Knapp's creek, is to be moved on a little higher and rebuilt. A good idea. Let the good work go on.

A big shooting match at Dunmore Saturday.

TRAVELER.

A Railroad for Lewisburg.

The proposed subscription of $15,000 to the Brownsville, Lewisburg and Cold Knobs Railroad Co. was carried at the election in the town of Lewisburg, last Saturday, Jan. 11th, by an almost unanimous vote, only three or four votes being cast against it. This, according to the agreement with the Messrs. Haines Bros., insures the building of the road, and work will be commenced in the near future.

The grip, or properly speaking the pneumonia, is playing round with the Democratic majority in the Ohio Legislature. It has cut off three Democratic members already.

A Brilliant Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Mary G. Curry to Mr. Joseph McNeel, took place at the home of the bride's parents on last Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock, p. m., with Rev. W. E. Miley, officiating. The bride is a lovely, enchanting, admirable lady, pure and charming, full of unselfish thoughts for others, gentle gractions and spotless. Not the milk white and scarlet lilies are so radiant in their stainless candor as such a bride; no trophie blossom vies with her health colored face beaming with the light of the sweet soul within her; such a wife is the fit crown of humanity, and cannot be other than the lifelong delight of the lucky young man who won her. While on the other hand the groom is one among the best and most popular young men Pocahontas Co. contains, kind and generous to the last degree."

The attendants were, Miss Maggie Patterson with Mr. Sherman Curry; Miss Lucy Barlow with Mr. Penick Wallace; Miss Ollie Cackley with Mr. Harry Moore, and Miss Mary Beard with Mr. Sam McNeel.

The bridal presents were numerous and handsome. After the ceremony and congratulations, the happy couple, with their attendants, and a number of friends partook of a bountiful wedding repast. The next day they left for their future home at Academy, where a nice reception awaited them.

THE TIMES predicts for this happy couple a life of bliss and prosperity.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, January, 17.—Mr. Harrison has of appointments sound no surprising, taken a step in the nomination of Mr. Clark to be Collector of Customs at Chicago, at the request of Mr. Pullman, the sleeping car millionaire, and in spite of the protest of Senator Farwell openly expresses his determination to defeat the confirmation of Clark when it comes before the Senate, and if he can get a few republican votes he is likely to succeed, as he has a majority the Democratic Senators—for help in the confirmation of Chief Justice Fuller—which will give him their votes if he asks for them.

How's this for a new navy? The committee appointed by Secretary Tracy to report plans for a new navy has gone into the business in a way that would soon turn the Treasury surplus into a big deficiency. If it had its way we should build 102 war vessels during the next fourteen years at a cost of $200,000,000. Fortunately for the tax payers of this country, Mr. Tracy's committee has no control over Uncle Sam's cash box.

The seven million acres of land in the Sioux reservation in the Dakotas will soon be opened to settlement. Mr. Harrison's proclamation to that effect has already been written, but has not yet been made public.

The uncertainty about the action of the House committee on Rules continues, and there is a diversity of opinion about it. Some believe that the power of Representatives McKinley and Cannon in refusing to agree to a number of the radical changes proposed by Speaker Reed is real; others that the delay is simply to leave the House in the Speaker's power, and still others, that the latter cannot longer afford to vote for any Rules curtailing the rights of the minority, recognizing the fact that two years from now they will belong to the minority. Mr. Carlisle will make no fight in the committee, but when the new Rules are reported to the House, unless they are very different from those proposed by the Speaker, he will fight their adoption in every possible manner.

Speaker Reed will appoint a special committee of the House to have charge of World's Fair matters. Mr. Reed says he intends to arrange the committee so that no one of the rival cities shall have undue advantage.

The fun has begun before the House committee engaged in investigating the Ohio ballot box forgery. Gen. Campbell and ex-Gov. Foraker are to tell the committee what they know about the matter. Murat Halstead also. The last named will probably take advantage of this opportunity to get even with some of his political friends, but personal enemies in the decade.

McKinley's committee will give no more hearings on the tariff. It will now attempt the difficult feat of bringing the republican members together in the new bill. Sugar will probably be the greatest obstacle to harmony.

Secretary Windom has prepared a bill, which is to be introduced in the House next week, to carry out the silver ideas contained in his annual message. It is supposed that Mr. Harrison will send a message to Congress, approving the bill, immediately afterwards.

Representative Cummings of N.Y. City, and also of the New York 800, is something of a wag, but the republicans did not seem to see the humor in the resolution he offered in the House providing for the erection in the center of the rotunda of the Capitol building of a bronze statue of the late Samuel J. Tilden upon which the following is to be prominently inscribed: "Samuel J. Tilden, elected President of the United States; elected, but not seated."

In Memory

Mr. Alexander Barlow, departed this life, at his home near Edray, W. Va., at 12 o'clock, on the night of the 13th of January, 1890, at the good old age of 82 years, 7 months and 1 day; being born Dec. 12th, 1807. He died of old age and gave cut declined the active cause of death being an attack of LaGrippe, which was too hard for his failing strength.

In some respects he was a remarkable man, especially in a religious point of view. For a great number of years he was a faithful and consistent member of the M. E. Church, and always without exception, exhibited the most humble and unassuming, obedient character; and not only did he show by action and profession, that he loved the Lord, but he was often wonderfully blessed with the Divine Presence, and his demonstrations of delight, on such occasions, proved their Divine character, by the effect produced on others. His public prayers were made in the most simple and plain language, but were often wonderful in their effect. Recently above our shadow the result of the influence of his religious character, both among his friends and all his acquaintances. His prayers at rest seemed to be the language of a child to a kind father; full of faith, and confidence. He has gone to his home in the Heavens. His kindred have where to look for him. Peace to his ashes.

A FRIEND.

NOTICE.—Having been solicited by a goodly number of my old customers to resume the tuning business I have committed to do so, hoping all concerned may be benefited. Respectfully,

25-40. JOSEPH S. SMITH.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

AUCTION.

I will offer for sale at Public Auction at Edray, W. Va., on Friday and Saturday, February 7th and 8th., Consisting of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING and GENTS. FURNISHING GOODS, LADIES DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS, & A LARGE LINE OF PANTS.

S. HACKERMAN.

Commissioner's Notice.

E. H. Harper & wife & als.
vs.
Moses Harper & als.

All parties interested, will kindly take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, rendered in the above named cause on the 23rd day of October 1889 I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court to my office in the town of Huntersville, in said County on the first day of February, 1890 at ten o'clock and report the necessary matters of account.

Said decree directs that I shall first ascertain the amount due the plaintiff E. H. Harper after the sale of the personal property, and the proceeds of the sale of the real estate, and the priority of the liens thereon, and the parties thereto, showing on which lands each debt has priority, if any.

And also to whether the said personal property or any part thereof can be spared by any party to satisfy the liens of plaintiff and defendants.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $7.00 jan 8-4t

Commissioners Notice.

Augusta National Bank &c.
vs.
S. C. Early & als.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 23rd day of October 1889 I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville in Va., on Friday the 2nd day of January 1890 to take, state and report the following accounts and matters, to-wit:

1st. An account showing the amount of every mortgage on the personal property of the said defendant Samuel C. Early at the time of the institution of the suit and proceedings subsequent thereto with their respective legal interests and priorities, including the amounts, if any, which may be due thereon, and by whom and to whom payable.

2nd. An account showing the amount of every mortgage on the real estate of the said defendant Samuel C. Early at the time of the institution of the suit and proceedings subsequent thereto with their respective legal interests and priorities, including the amounts, if any, which may be due thereon, and by whom and to whom payable.

3rd. An account showing the amount of the personal property of the said defendant Samuel C. Early at the time of the institution of the suit and proceedings subsequent thereto with their respective legal interests and priorities, including the amounts, if any, which may be due thereon, and by whom and to whom payable. Second parties to any claim asserted or suggested by any party to entitled to be upheld.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
Printers fee $7.00 jan 8-4t

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE CHAIRS AND FINEST THERE

In the country, go to
C. H. SNYDER BROS.,
ACCORDERS, UNDERTAKERS AND HORSE DEALERS.
Dunmore, W. Va.

TOO LATE FOR LAST WEEK.

Parties desirous of obtaining all the news from the State Capital during the special session of the Legislature will not hesitate in making their selections when they learn the Daily Gazette, of Charleston, is the best and leading paper there. It is the only paper in the State outside of Wheeling which publishes the Associated Press Dispatches and contains more news than any other paper of the State Capital. Price per month 50c., one year $5.00.

It is the same to-day as the Wheeling papers. The Weekly Gazette is only $1.00 per year, cash in advance. Remittances by mail at publishers risk.

FLOUR.

I have on hand about 200 barrels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $2.50 per 100 lbs. for cash, and will exchange it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. BEESLEY.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my grist mill. Respectfully,

1-24-3t H. S. LOCKRIDGE.

H. S. LOCKRIDGE,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want best Quarry Marble and genuine Monumental work, etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. CHRISTIAN, Agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

A CARD.

To those sufferers and debilitated men who are broken down from over-work, indiscretion, Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Impotency, etc., we will send a recipe, containing the method of a speedy cure. This great discovery was discovered by an eminent London physician, who after his wife had been given up by all the doctors as hopeless of consumption, and she had been abandoned by them, discovered this recipe, which restored her health, and she lived many years after. Address, The Rehab Remedy Co., Washington, D. C. Send no money but address as above. Oct. 23-3m.

To the Creditors of William Barr, dec'd.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said William Barr to the payment of his debts, the undersigned, a Commissioner appointed by said decree, will proceed to execute the said decree, at Huntersville, in said County, on Monday the 16th day of February 1890.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 7th day of January 1890.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.
Publication fee $6.00 jan. 8-4w

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Reason for selling, health has failed to will brothers.

Price and terms reasonable.

For further particulars, address,

J. SAM BEARD.
Mill Point, Pocahontas Co., W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN I. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 50	$ 5 00
Three in.	3 00	4 50	8 00	10 00
¼ column	5 00	8 00	12 00	15 00
Half col'n	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
One col'n	15 00	30 00	50 00	80 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 23, 1890.

THE DEVIL TO PAY.

When Gutenberg, Coster and Faust first began,
To secret the great art preservative to plan,
The ignorant masses, suspecting some evil,
Traced all of their mysteries right to the devil;
And thus the assistant who tends to the fires,
Who handles the rollers, and washes the same,
By the name of the devil has gone into fame.

As years" reel along till they reached modern times,
An occasional printer was short in his dimes,
And once it occurred that an editor found
At the end of the week he' not much to go round;
He counted and figured to get it all square,
The foreman and comps., must each one have his share;
When he'd got it all fixed, as he thought, to a tittle
He discovered and cried: "There's the devil to pay."

So now 'tis a proverb, grown common in years,
When worry or care at the office appears;
When bills can't be met, or when trouble is rife;
When blood-thirsty men seek the editor's life;
When subscribers won't "come," and ads are shy;
When his "cake is all dough" and his form is all "pi"—
A proverb that comes in the editor's way,
And so he exclaims: "There's the devil to pay."

—HARRY J. SHELLMAN.

A Catechism of the States.

Question—Which is the best State for fresh pork?

Answer—New ham, shire.

Q.—Which is the best for an early summer hotel?

A.—May inn.

Q.—In which should surgeons dwell?

A.—Connect-i-cut.

Q.—Which furnishes the best writers?

A.—Penell-vania.

Q.—In which should laundrymen prosper?

A.—Washing-ton.

Q.—In which do impudent people dwell?

A.—Can-ness.

Q.—Which is the best for deer hunting?

A.—Collar a-doe.

Q.—Which is the best to steal a walking stick in?

A.—Cane-tuck, eh!

Q.—Which is the best for lock smiths?

A.—New Jersey key.

Q.—In which would you look for morning attire?

A.—Day-coat, eh!

Q.—In which is one likely to fall in getting a drink?

A.—Mine a slip.

Q.—In which can you find a rod bridge?

A.—Florid-a.

Q.—In which does the bustle make one sick?

A.—Ill-i-noise.

Q.—In which is one likely to lose his farming implements?

A.—I'll-i-noise.

Q.—In which can one acquire an estate by marriage?

A.—Marry land.

Q.—Which would be most useful in the event of another deluge?

A.—New (Y) ark, of course.

Q.—In which is one better of the alphabet taller than the others?

A.—O higher.

Q.—In which are bodies of land surrounded by water given a rule?

A.—Rhode Island.

Q.—Which is called to your mind by beholding two $5 bills?

A.—Ten I see.

Q.—Which would a woman rather have if she can't get a new seal skin sack?

A.—New Jersey.

Q.—Which does the farmer's wife mention when she asks you to partake of apple sauce?

A.—Take sass.—Ex.

The profane man should never boast that he is as as good as his word.

She: "I visit this romantic spot annually." He: "Are your stays long?" She: "Mind your business, sir. I thought you were a gentleman.

Bride of a Month: "We must not forget the Goodarts, Alfred. If it had not been for their party this time last year we should never have met and married." "Nonsense, my dear; they didn't mean any harm."

Mr. Stickney—I have come, Mr. Henpeck, to ask for the hand of your daughter.

Mr. Henpeck—Bless you, my boy, take her and may the Lord have mercy upon your soul.

"You say your teacher has become a railroad man, Tommy?"

"Yes sir, he is into that business."

"In what department? Is he going to be a conductor?"

"No; he will stick to his old trade—operating switches."

Coroner—When did you see Editor Hull last?

Witness—Yesterday afternoon at four o'clock.

"Did he have any great amount of money with him that you know about?"

"Yes, sir." (Sensation.)

"Then you think that his death may have been caused by foul play?"

"You it may have been."

"Now, will you please tell the jury what amount of money Editor Hull had when you saw him?

"Three dollars."

Coughing

Is Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the bronchial passages. Frequently, the cause is inflammation and the need of an emetic. No other expectorant or emetic is equal to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in ejecting the mucus, allays irritation, induces repose, and is the most popular of all cough cures.

"Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of colds, coughs, bronchitis, and kindred diseases, there is none, within the range of my experience, so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For years I was subject to colds, followed by terrible coughs. About two years ago, when so afflicted, I was advised by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and by its use all other remedies were discarded, and within a week was well of my cold and cough. Since that time I have always kept this preparation in the house, and find it unexcelled as a remedy."—Mrs. L. L. Brown, Brunswick, Minn.

"A few years ago I took a severe cold which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed many sleepless nights without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and effected the cure necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the Pectoral, a permanent cure was effected."—Horace Fairchilds, Bainbridge, Pa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Strategic Forces

Brown's Iron Bitters

NOTICE

The second term of Hillsboro Academy for the session of 1889-90 will begin January 22nd and will continue twenty weeks or five school months. Rates of tuition: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 per month according to grade. A contingent fee of 15 cts. per month is charged to provide fuel, &c. Board can be had at from $6 to $10 per month.

Two and one half months constitute a quarter session and all tuition and fees must be paid quarterly. Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to the close of each quarter, and no deduction from tuition charges will be made except in cases of protracted illness, or unless special arrangements are made with the principal.

We invite the attention of parents who wish to educate their children to the advantages of our school and most respectfully solicit their patronage. Young teachers will find it to their advantage to attend during the spring months. We promise thorough instruction and earnest training. It is best for students to enter at the beginning of the term, but they will be received at any time.

We desire to say that all pupils of this school are expected to study and to be governed by the rules of school. We do not want dunderheads, but all who wish to study and to educate themselves will find our school pleasant and profitable.

For further information address the principal, or come and see for yourself.

D. S. HASELL, Principal.
Jan 9 4w Academy, W. Va.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

Be careful that it you be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the throat cannot be tolerated, and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites in much more acceptable.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the cure of and cases of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

FREE

FREE

FREE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Catarrh. Ely Brothers, Owego, N. Y. Price 50 cts.

CATARRH

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE, PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM

ONLY

$20

RICH ARM STYLE.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS or Falling Sickness

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRUGS, PAPER, NOVELTIES.

A POSTAL CARD TO W. E. KIRWANS Purchasing Agency.

Owner Prints and Clearest Streets, Baltimore, Md., and he will furnish you the Exact Cost of any article you may need, and you will save money.

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It sustains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which no city paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you would not get otherwise. It furnishes matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its sections and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year in advance	$1.00
If not paid within 6 months	1.25
And at the end of the year	1.50

AND IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dog Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

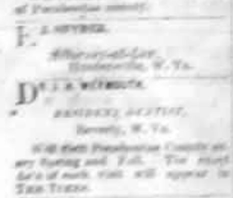
Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, January 30, 1890. No. 27.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

THE COURTS.

Atty.-at-Law,

Throw away the shoe brush.



THROW AWAY THE SHOE BRUSH

Wolff's ACME Blacking

KENTUCKY'S PIONEERS.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.
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Three in.	2 50	6 00	8 00	12 00
Qr. column	4 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 30, 1890.

Ex-Senator Roddleberger, died last Friday morning at the age of 46 years.

Nellie Bly, of the New York World staff, has completed her tour around the world. She made the trip in seventy-two days and six hours.

A lifeboat and other wreckage of the steamship Erin, of the National Line have been picked up at sea, and dead cattle, presumably part of her cargo, also leading to the conclusion that the vessel is lost.

William K. Vanderbilt's stables on his estate at Oakdale, Long Island, have just been completed, at a cost of $400,000. They are filled with thoroughbreds, and manned entirely by Englishmen. It is said that they are the finest in America.

Sullivan has had an offer of $5,000 to box six rounds with Kilrain at the opening of a new club in New Orleans. This offer he scornfully declines.

Adam Forepaugh, the veteran circus manager died at his residence in Philadelphia, on the 23rd inst.

We hope the Legislature will make a quick decision and seat the man who was honestly elected Governor.

Mr. George Vanderbilt, of New York city, is engaged to be married to Miss Mary Johnstone, of Georgetown County, S. C. She is said to be highly accomplished and very beautiful.

The exports of mineral oils from the United States during 1889 amounted in value to $93,702,501, against $47,963,749 during the preceding year.

Leading New York wheat dealers believe that Europe has no other place to draw upon for her supplies than the United States for the next six months, except the Argentine Republic, which never exported over 8,000,000 bushels.

A newspaper report says that Mr. Clarkson will soon resign his position as Assistant Postmaster-General, as he "only took it for a year, so that he might rid the country of Democratic postmasters and get an inside view into politics." If the above statement is even half true, he ought not to be allowed to resign, but should be kicked out.

In Chemnitz, Germany, weavers of tick get $1.50 per week, fustian weavers $2, sewers $1.25, cuttersmakers twenty to twenty-five cent per day. At Bremen male weavers earn from $3 to $3.75 a week, women $1.25 to $2. In Silesia the average falls to twenty nine cents per day. Berlin engineers make from seventy-five cents to $1 per day. Workers in glassware and porcelain make less than seventy cents per day. These figures are from a report of the Chemnitz Chamber of Commerce.

Mill Point News.

A little snow and more mud.

B. V. Perkins killed a hog last week that weighed 316 lbs. More pork than some people have hay.

Rev. Miller, is holding a meeting at Hillsboro. There have been forty conversions and several penitents at the altar yet.

Lawrence Nottingham, of Glade Hill, is visiting relatives in this community.

Dame Rumor says there will be a wedding in this vicinity in the near future.

Will some reader give a preventative and a cure for cough in calves.

There are several cases of La Grippe in our vicinity.

Mr. Mathews, our efficient Shoemaker at Mill Point, is seriously ill.

Will some of our farmers look up the Farmers and Laborers union of America and get it into operation in our county.

This has been the warmest winter in many years; trees are leafing, grass growing, no ice for next summer, no snow for sleighing or hunting.

Plowing is the theme these days.

Prof. J. S. Moore has closed a term of four months free school, and has taken a subscription school for three months at Mill Point.

We are sorry to learn that in the near future we will lose one of our best neighbors and a fine miller, Mr. Rock, of Mill Point.

Success to your valuable paper.

RAMBLER.

W. D. Sells was shot by M. M. Kerley, at Brownstown on the 23 inst.

Twelve-year-old John Elkins, of Des Moines, Iowa, was sentenced to life imprisonment for killing his father and mother.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

LAM & O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

DEALERS IN

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.

Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.

All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mountain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic,)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.

GEO. T. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Cashier Nat. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va.

TYREE & ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &C.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Staunton Bella Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

Lands Sold For Taxes.

List of real estate sold in the County of Pocahontas, in the month of December, 1889, for the non payment of the taxes charged thereon for the years 1887 and 1888, and purchased by individuals:

NAME OF PERSON CHARGED WITH TAXES.	LOCAL DESCRIPTION OF LANDS.	Quantity of land charged.	Quantity of land sold.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	Whole amount paid by the purchaser.
EDRAY DISTRICT.					
Arbogast, Benj. (Va.)	W. R	200	35	L. M. McClintic	$3.82
Same	Tea creek and Elk	63	30	Same	1.36
Friel, John	W. G. River	100	100	F. J. Snyder	3.93
Jackson, Wm.	S. Fork	100	100	John Ligon	3.40
McDonald, Geo. W.	Thorny Flat	394	394	J. W. Warwick Jr.	17.08
Same	Big Spring	1653	645	H. F. White	80.61
Same	Same	167	167	Same	3.53
Moore, I. B.	S. Elk Rr	14	14	F. J. Snyder	93
Bailey, Wm	W. Elk	1000	1000	C. P. Dorr	19.34
Warwick, J. W. and Hall's Heirs	Clover Creek	301	301	Same	4.36
Same	W. Greenbrier	30	30	Same	91
Same	Same	265	265	Same	4.01
LITTLE LEVELS DIST.					
Dean, J. F	Mill Run	87	87	L. M. McClintic	1.37
Hubbard, H. B.	L. & L. Run	820	820	F. J. Snyder	13.04
Layton, Absalom	Droop Mtn	295	295	Same	18.08
McLeod, Harriet & Jos Reed	Same	38	38	Same	1.35
Pifer, John	Mill Run	420	35	H. N. Hannah	3.10
GREEN BANK DIST.					
Bowyer, Geo. W.	Lot No. 36 S. Lands	460	50	L. M. McClintic	3.08
Same	" " 37 " "	20	20	Same	80
Same	" " 38 " "	400	40	Same	1.87
Bird, Peter H	Alt Mtn	130	10	A. Rider	1.53
Campbell, J. B's Hrs	W. G. River	80	40	F. J. Snyder	1.40
Crouch, Wm & G. D.					
Cowden	Hd G. River	1300	50	Geo M. Kee	16.75
Ervin, Edward's Est	Alt Mtn	50	20	F. J. Snyder	1.85
Kinnide, Jason & Anth	Hd G. River	140	10	Same	1.03
HUNTERSVILLE DIST.					
Courtney, Geo. W.	Buckley Mtn	111	50	W. McClintic	1.13
Gammon, James' Est	Bell Ally Huntersville	4	1.100	W. H. Gross	97
Holcomb, Jno	E Cockran's Crk	48	25	Henry N. Hannah	2.11
Kelley John Sr's Hrs	W. Knapp's Cr	210	210	Lee Sharp	6.33
Mathney, Daniel	Alleghany Mtn	25	20	F. J. Snyder	91
Shuter, B. F. G	Buckley Mtn	15	15	Same	78
Townsend, W. T.	E. G. River	100	25	Henry Barlow	2.15
Young, Chas	Martin's Mtn	100	10	F. J. Snyder	1.30

The owner of any real estate above described and sold, his heirs, or assigns, or any person having a right to charge such real estate for a debt, may redeem the same by paying to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, within one year from the sale thereof, the amount specified in the last column of the above table, and such additional taxes thereon as may have been paid by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, with interest on said purchase money and taxes at the rate of twelve per centum per annum, from the time the same may have been so paid.

Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1890.

H. J. McNEEL, Sheriff.

HOME NEWS.

—A few dressmakers in town this fall.

—Born, to Dutch House and wife on the 25th inst., a girl.

—A blacksmith is very much needed in Huntersville.

—Dubious prospect for the tobacco crop.

—Ploughing and dandelions in January.

—Mild winter and no real winter weather yet.

—A creamery would pay in this County.

—J. C. Arbogast, Esq., of Green Bank, spent Tuesday night in our city.

—THE TIMES office is the place to get nice job printing.

—Dr. M. Wallace, of Mill Point, was in to see us Monday.

—Attorney C. F. Moore had quite a serious attack of LaGrippe, but is able to be out again.

—General Skeen, of Covington, Va., has been in Huntersville for a few days past.

—Some day agriculture will stand at the head of all professions and callings. It will be the pool of honor.

—Ploughing in January is a rare experience in this latitude, but it has been done this year in several parts of the middle and New England States.

—Eminent physicians everywhere recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as the most reliable remedy that can be had for colds, coughs, and all pulmonary disorders. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Almanac; it is the best publication of the kind, and full of information.

—We understand that Messrs. Smith & Wallace, of Dunmore, have bought a lot and will erect a store near Lockridge's ford in the near future.

—What enhances the beauty of fine features more than a clear skin? Even plain features are made attractive by a good complexion. To secure this, purify your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has no equal. Price $1. Six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

—The Gordonsville, (Va.), Gazette of which Caufield & Baker are proprietors has largely increased in size typographical appearance and in general makeup. It contains a biographical sketch of the lives of both the editor and business manager. It is chock full of items of the town in which it is published, and also contains much interesting matter for the general reader. It is an honor to its county and should, and we believe will, receive a hearty support. May the exertions of these gentlemen prove a success, and fill their purse to overflowing.

Locals from Hillsboro.

The very interesting meeting, held at Hillsboro, at the M. E. Church, by its pastor, closed last Sunday night.

Business seems to be increasing in this section. Tanners are selling with severe odds.

Prof. Hamble, Misses Kate Gurb, Mary Beard and Annie McKee, were the guest of the Misses Bieser, last Friday evening.

Miss Nettie Clark, has returned from Va., where she has been engaging a school.

JUSTITIA.

Brief Rock Items.

Mr. Arthur Arbogast, of Monterey, was in our town last Wednesday.

Mr. J. B. Beddow of McDowell, Va., spent Sunday in our village and left here Monday morning for Rockingham, on a business trip.

Mr. Rock, of Mill Point, has taken charge of Harper's mill, and Mr. D. H. Barbour, has gone to Mill Point, to take charge of Mr. Bird's mill.

Mr. D. N. Bayburn has moved his family to Winchester, where he has been blacksmithing for some time for the lumber camp.

PAULINA.

Brushy Run Items.

Not seeing anything in your paper from this part, I will endeavor to give you a few items.

Revs. Hannah and Arbogast, have just closed one of the greatest revivals that has ever been in the upper part of Pocahontas Co. There were 45 conversions and 38 accessions to Methodist Episcopal church and about 12 penitents when the meeting closed.

Miss. Verdie Arbogast who has been suffering with an attack of Rheumatism, we are glad to know is convalescent.

Attorneys Rucker and McClintic, were in this vicinity taking depositions in the case of Randolph, this vs. Given against James Gregg and wife.

Our school is flourishing under the management of F. R. Stalnaker. He has 35 pupils enrolled.

Bud Barner and Miss Nora Riley paid this part a flying visit last week.

Peter Gregg who was kicked by an animal a few days ago is slowly recovering.

Miss Nora Holliday is attending school, with the attention of teaching next winter.

Rumor has it that there will be a wedding in this part soon.

Jessie Varner has been visiting at James Gregg.

Success to THE TIMES.

TRAVELER.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, January, 24.—Speaker Reed is every day showing how unfit he is to occupy his present position, and the republican members of the House are daily whipped into supporting him in his unparliamentary decisions.

The House committee on Rules met yesterday and the republican members of the committee, against the protest of ex Speaker Carlisle, decided upon a schedule of Rules, to be reported. Mr. Carlisle will make a strong minority report, and will fight the adoption of the Rules by the House in every way possible, but of course if the Speaker persists in deciding everything according to his own sweet will, the democrats stand little show of defeating them, unless some of the conservative republicans shall display courage enough to vote against their party. Many of them are known to be opposed to the proposed Rules but whether they have nerve enough to vote as they think, is a question.

The House has passed the Oklahoma townsite bill, after nearly a week spent in debating it in committee of the whole.

Senator Ingalls delivered a characteristic harangue in the Senate yesterday afternoon, alleged to be a reply to Senator Butler's speech in favor of his negro emigration bill. The senatorial spit fire does not mellow with age, but grows more wicked with less temptation. The worst of it is that he cannot be left to stew in his own juice, because he is nothing but skin and bones and veins filled with nitro muriatic acid.

The indications now are that the special House committee on the World's Fair will soon find itself in an interminable dead-lock. The Senate committee does not appear to be getting along much better. Everybody professes to want to see the matter settled at once, but the prospect of an early settlement is not good.

As was expected the House committee on Elections has, by a strict party vote, reported in favor of unseating Jackson, the democratic sitting member from West Virginia, and giving the seat to Smith, the contesting republican. This is the first of the seventeen contested election cases, and it would not be at all surprising if the republicans of the committee reported in favor of every republican contestant, except Langston, the negro contestant from the Fourth Virginia (Mahone's home). It is understood that Mahone has secured promises enough to beat Langston.

Governor Campbell having been unable to come to Washington this week, the House committee investigating the Ohio ballot box forgeries has postponed the further hearing of witnesses until February 3. The witnesses so far heard made havoc of what little reputation ex-Governor Foraker had.

The civil service Commissioners having stated to the House committee on Reform in the civil service that they desired an investigation, that committee, will next week make a favorable report on the resolution ordering an investigation.

Ex Speaker Randall has joined the Presbyterian church. His health still keeps him confined to his residence, but he continues hopeful, and expects if he is not able to go to the House, to send a written protest against the adoption of the schedule of Rules prepared by Speaker Reed.

Commissioner of Pensions Raum gives it out that feared that all the clerks in that office who had their pensions re rated will be bounced. A chief of division, who was a special protege of Tanner's has already been made to walk the plank.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison gave a State dinner to the diplomatic corps Tuesday evening. They have made an innovation in White House entertainments by having the dinner furnished by an outside caterer.

Ancient history sometimes crops out in Congress. For instance Senators Pasco and Chandler had a dispute about the famous Florida Returning board of 1876 this week. Mr. Chandler, it will be remembered, was one of the visiting statesmen on that interesting occasion.

Secretary Tracy has ordered a naval court of inquiry to investigate the charges of certain Naval officers banding together for lobbying purposes, as alleged in a recent Senate resolution.

Ex Secretary Vilas and ex Commissioner of Pensions Black were in Washington this week.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, Ohio. Walding Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. E. H. Van Hoosen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists

NOTICE.

Having been compelled by failing health to stop work in my Tannyard in Green Bank, I offer it for rent or sale, with my Dwelling House, Stable and Shoe shop, combined. Price and terms reasonable. Address, James H. Curry, Jr., Mill Point, W. Va.

NOTICE TO LIEN HOLDERS.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise, on the real estate, or any part thereof, of S. D. Price:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said S. D. Price to the satisfaction of the liens thereon, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said S. D. Price, which are liens on real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication to me, at my office, in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on or before the 23rd day of February, 1890.

Given under my hand this 9th day of July, 1889.

C. F. MOORE, Com'r.

Jan 30 4t. Printers fee $3.00

Added to Statement.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; relieves wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

NOTICE.—Having been solicited by a goodly number of my old customers to resume the taking business I have concluded to do so, hoping all concerned may be benefited. Respectfully,

35 4t. JOSEPH E. SMYTH.

AUCTION.

I will offer for sale at Public Auction at Edray, W. Va., on Friday and Saturday, February 7th and 8th., Consisting of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING and GENTS, FURNISHING GOODS, LADIES DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS, & A LARGE LINE OF PANTS.

S. HACKERMAN.

Commissioner's Notice.

M. P. Slaven
vs.
S. D. Price.

All parties interested will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause,

ON THE 21st DAY OF OCTOBER, 1889

I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court, at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 22nd day of February, 1890, to take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. An account of all the liens against the lands of the defendant S. D. Price; with their amount, dignities and priorities.

2nd. An account showing what lands are owned by the said S. D. Price, their location and probable value, and whether the same will sell in five years for a sufficient sum to pay off and discharge the liens on the same.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

C. F. MOORE, Commissioner.

Jan 30 4t. printers fee $7 00

Commissioner's Notice.

E. H. Moore & wife & als,
vs
Susan Burr & als

All parties interested, will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause on the 22nd day of October 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 15th day of February, 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. Settle the accounts of J. C. Arbogast Adm'r of William Burr deceased.

2nd. An account showing all the debts, (proper description against the Estate) of the said William Burr deceased.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.

Printers fee $7.00 jan. 9 4t

Commissioners Notice.

Augusta National Bank &c.
vs.
S. C. Tardy & als

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County rendered in the above named cause on the 22nd day of October 1889, I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court at my office in the town of Huntersville W. Va., on Friday the 21st day of January, 1890 to take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. An account showing the liens of every description on the undivided two-fifths interest of the defendants Samuel C. Tardy and Samuel C. Tardy Jr. in the tract of 1127 acres of land in the Bill and proceedings mentioned with their respective legal dignities and priorities, including the priorities held by virtue of the attachment issued and levied as aforesaid.

2nd. An account showing the annual rental and fair simple value and portrayal of the said undivided two fifths interest in said lands.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Com'r.

Printers fee $7.00 jan 9 4t

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Rose-coverie, Lewisburg and Coal Knob Railroad Company.

You will take notice that the first regular meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company will be held at the Law Office of L. J. Williams in the town of Lewisburg, W. Va., on the 20th day of February, 1890, for the purpose of organizing, and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Notice is also given that the books of said company are opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and will be found in the possession of L. J. Williams at his office in Lewisburg.

By order of a majority of the stockholders.

H. T. HILL.
E. T. HAINES,
J. A. RANDOLF,
L. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN A. PERSON.

WHEAT FOR SALE.—Having five hundred bushels of wheat to sell, I offer it for the next 30 days for cash at 90 cts. per bu. at my granary. Respectfully,

n.28 4t. H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

A. R. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

Staunton Marble Works.

If you want head stones Marble and granite Monuments &c., etc., you can do no better than to buy from

G. C. COUPER, agent,
Green Bank, Pocahontas Co.,
W. Va.

A CARE.

To weak nervous and debilitated men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Early Decay, Lost Manhood, Wasting, etc., we will send a recipe (guaranteed to effect a speedy cure. This great remedy was discovered by an eminent London physician whose life's work was directed to suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be gratefully sent to the unfortunate. Send now. Address, The London Medical Co., Washington, D. C. Sole agents for America. Oct. 23-1 yr.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the Creditors of William Burr, dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said William Burr to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said William Burr, deceased, to the undersigned Commissioner, at his office in the said County, on or before the 15th day of February 1890.

Witness John J. Beard, clerk of the said Court, this 7th day of January 1890.

JOHN J. BEARD, Cl'k.

Printers fee $6.00 jan. 9 4t

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Reason for selling health has failed to mill business.

Price and terms reasonable.

For further particulars Address,

L. M. MCCLINTIC,
Mill Point, Pocahontas Co. W. Va.

Times.

MPBELL,

Post office as Hunters
ss second class matter.

VERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	3 in.	6 in.	1 yr.
1 inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 50	$ 4 00	$ 6 00
Over ½	2 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
¼ column	3 00	6 00	10 00	17 00
Half col'n	6 00	10 00	16 00	30 00
One col'n	10 00	16 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

January 30, 1890.

Facts Worth Knowing.

There are 3,736 languages.

Watches were first made in 1476.

A barrel of rice weighs 600 pounds.

The average human life is 31 years.

The first steel pen was made in 1830.

A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.

A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.

A hurricane moves 80 miles per hour.

The value of a ton of silver is $37,704.84.

The first lucifer match was in 1829.

The first iron steamship was built in 1836.

Modern needles first came into use in 1545.

Coaches were first built in England in 1569.

The first horse railroad was built in 1826'27.

One million dollars of gold coin weighs 3,685 pounds advoirdupois.

Until 1776 cotton spinning was performed by the hand spinning wheel.

One million dollars of silver coin weighs 56,9289 pounds avoirdupois.

Albert Dower gave the world a prophecy of future wood engraving in 1527.

Glass windows were first introduced into England in the eighth century.

The first complete sewing machine was patented by Elias Howe in 1846.

Measure 290 feet on each side, and you will have a square acre within an inch.

Telegraph wires have to be renewed every five or seven years.

They had a court at police headquarters the other day who was run in on suspicion. Capt. Mackweather wanted to pump him a little to establish his identity and therefore sent a man down stairs to bring him up.

"You are wanted up stairs," observed the officer as he unlocked the door.

"What for?"

"Hall wants to see you."

"Let him wait."

"You come on."

"Not much."

It took two men and a bottle to bring him up, and as he stood panting in the captain's room that of first asked:

"What's the reason you didn't come quietly along?"

"Is it you also wants me?"

"Yes."

"Oh, the fellow said it was a man and I thought he was going to get me up here and yell 'McGinty,' at me."

"My friends," said a temperance lecturer, lowering his voice to an impressive whisper, "of all the ring slings were at the bottom of the sea, what could be the result? For country some 'Lots of people would get drowned."

Dogfishes of Many Years.

A day's journey was about twenty three and one-fifth miles.

A sailor's day's journey was about an English mile.

Ezekiel's reed was nearly eleven feet.

A cubit was nearly twenty two inches.

A hand's breadth is equal to three and five eighths inches. A fingers breadth is equal to one inch.

A shekel of silver was about 50 cents.

A shekel of gold was $8.

A talent of silver was $518.80.

A talent of gold of $13,803.

A piece of silver, or a penny, was 13 cents.

A farthing was 3 cents.

A mite was less than a quarter of a cent.

A gerah was a cent.

An ephah, or contains seven gallons and five pints.

A bin was one gallon and two pints.

A firkin was seven pints.

An omer was six pints.

A cab was three pints.

It is perhaps because there are exceptions to all rules that some persons seem to be able to bid defiance to many of the recognized laws of health.

"Wouldn't you like a little something to eat before you go to bed?" said an old farmer to a guest who was about retiring for the night.

"No, thank you," was the reply. "I never eat anything after supper."

"You don't? Well, I couldn't sleep if I didn't have a little snack of some sort 'fore I went to bed. Of course I don't eat a reg'lar meal, but I feel all the better for a piece of pie, and two or three doughnuts with a slice cheese and a pickle and a bit of cold pork—some light refreshments, you know, just to stay the stomach."

Mr. Winks—Mr. Editor, Mr. Blinks is dead, but as he did you were not in very good terms I am afraid that you will not give him the obituary notice that he deserves and—

Editor (ecstatic really)—Oh, yes I will. I'll give him the very best send-off I can write, for he was one of nature's noblemen.

Mr. Winks—Well, that's good, but what caused you to praise him as when you knew him to be your enemy?

Editor—Because out of two hair dried sellers at my office during the cold weather of last week, he was the only one that closed the door.

Dear Man (to sweetheart)—Darling Evangeline, will you be my wife?

Evangeline (sweetly)—Yes.

D. M.—What?

E.—Yes.

D. M.—Huh? Can't hear.

E.—Yes!

Save Your Hair

By a timely use of **Ayer's Hair Vigor.** This preparation has no equal as a dressing. It keeps the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, and preserves the color, fullness, and beauty of the hair.

"I was rapidly becoming bald and gray, but after using two or three bottles of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair grew thick and glossy and the original color was restored."—Mrs. Alfred Cowan, Upper, S. C.

"Some time ago I lost all my hair in consequence of measles. After being waiting for new growth, I procured and used Ayer's Hair Vigor and my hair grew

Thick and Strong.

It has apparently come to stay. The Vigor is evidently active all to parade."—J. E. Williams, Floresville, Texas.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for the past four or five years and find it a most satisfactory dressing for the hair. It is all I could desire, being harmless, causing the hair to luxuriate in rich, soft, and glossy tresses, and imparting a healthy growth. I confer the full value to anyone."—Mrs. H. A. Raney, 9 Charles street, Haverhill, Mass.

"I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years, and believe that it has stopped my hair from coming out. I also find it a most desirable dressing."—Mrs. H. J. Wing, Dealer in Dry Goods, &c., Bishopville, Md.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

NOTICE

The second term of Hillsboro Academy for the session of 1889-90 will begin January 23rd and will continue twenty weeks or five school months. Rates of tuition $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 per month according to grade. A contingent fee of 15 cts per month is charged to provide fuel, &c. Board can be had at from $8 to $10 per month.

Two and one half months constitute a quarter session and all tuition and fees must be paid quarterly. Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to the close of each quarter, and no deduction from tuition charges will be made except in cases of protracted illness, or unless special arrangements are made with the principal.

We invite the attention of parents who wish to educate their children to the advantages of our school and most respectfully solicit their patronage. Young children will find it to their advantage to attend during the spring months. We promise thorough instruction and careful training. It is better to educate children at the beginning of the term, but they will be received at any time.

We desire to say that all pupils of this school are expected to study and to be governed by the rules of school. We do not want dead heads, but all who wish to study and to educate themselves will find our school pleasant and profitable.

For further information address the principal, or come and see for yourself.

D. S. HANKLA, Principal.
jan 9 4w Academy, W. Va.

White Pine Lumber.

I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Respfully,

H. M. LOCKRIDGE.

WHAT

SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

CONSUMPTION SCROFULA BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.

Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Troubles. Sold everywhere. 25 cts.

CATARRH

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Genuine must bear Fac-Simile Signature.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Sold everywhere by Druggists, 25 cents.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS or Falling Sickness CURED BY COCO.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRUGS, PAINTS, NOTIONS

DROP A POSTAL CARD TO

W. E. KIRWAN,

Purchasing Agency,

Corner Point and Commercial Streets, Baltimore, Md.,

and he will furnish you the Exact Cost of any article you may need, and you will save money.

Jan 23-4 w 2 m

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It sustains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which no city paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It furnishes matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its editorial and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year in advance	$1.00
If not paid within 6 months	1.25
And at the end of the year	1.50

AID IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Drug Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT "THE TIMES."

JOB OFFICE.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, February 7, 1890. TERMS $1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE. No. 28.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. B. Caldwell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. S. McClintic.
Sheriff, R. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Hevener.
Clerk of Circuit & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { C. E. Beard, W. D. Hannah, O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. EES,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. L. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. R. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

"UP A TREE."

BY R. C. BUTTON, OF "AS THEY WERE WAS."

"Hi, father! Hi! Come along side here and take me off!"

Farmer Binstead looked up in the direction whence the voice proceeded. It came from one of a line of dismal pollard willow trees, standing in a waste of water caused by one of the frequent overflows of the "Lazy Ouse."

"Hullos, Dick! Is this you?" he shouted from the boat in which he was rowing his wife and the rest of the family to the village, about a couple of miles away. "Why didn't you come home last night? Ha! I don't want any of your excuses. 'Twas the old game. And now, you see, it's landed you up on a tree with a vengeance. You're out of harm's way there, at any rate; and there you may stop, for aught I care."

"Oh, Dan?" pleaded the mother of the reckless youth, "turn back, do! Don't be so hard upon the lad!"

"Hard upon him, indeed! I should like to know if he's not a deal harder upon us? He's always wasting his time, his brains and his money at the 'Fox and Hounds' yonder, upsetting all the peace of home, and turning our heads white with anxiety and worry before the autumn of our life's begun. He's always up a tree, and never will be anywhere else as long as he lives, unless he changes his bad ways. We're everlastingly helping him out of his scrapes, and that, I reckon, is why he doesn't mind——"

"But Dan—just this once! You surely haven't the heart to leave him there?"

"Tut, tut, Mary! If the fellow's up a tree, the only thing for him to do is to get down again as quickly as he can. Let him help himself for once. The water is not deep enough to drown him, and if it were, Dick can swim; so nothing worse can come of it than a wet skin. It's only right that he should sometimes suffer the penalty he brings upon himself."

"Father, are you coming?"

"No."

"But what am I to do?"

"Whatever suits you best, my boy. Stay where you are till the floods subside, or make the best of your way down and across to the village yonder."

A few rapid passes with the oars and the old-fashioned flat-bottomed boat had placed too great a distance between Dick and his belongings to admit of anything further being heard but the splash of the waters and the earnest tones of his mother's voice.

"It's no manner of use your talking, wife," said her husband, firmly. "I don't mean to be unkind, but I do mean to give that lad of ours a lesson, once for all, that he'll remember all his life.

"There's nothing like a parable for fixing a truth in one's mind. Our Lord knew what He was about when He taught His disciples, as He nearly always did, in that manner. Now when we talk of Dick's being 'for ever up a tree,' it's what you may call a kind of figure of speech. His bad ways are always bringing him into scrapes of one kind or another, and it's you and I, Mary, that have to suffer, for every time we do all we can to get him out of his tree. He's up in that willow, I know, because he was too drunk to find his way home last night. And there he shall stay, for all I will do to help him down. Maybe the soaking he'll get before he lands on dry ground will shake his thirst for strong liquor. Come, now, wife! It's no use your fretting. You'll bless me yet for my seeming hardness, please God!" And, plying the oars with redoubled vigor, Farmer Binstead soon reached the neighboring village, in which he was accustomed to take refuge every time that his farm and house by the riverside were inundated by the waters of the lazy but mischievous Ouse.

Towing off the cattle to a rising knoll, and securing the poultry and farm utensils, had been Daniel Binstead's first care. Many past experiences of similar catastrophes had made this work a matter of routine; but not till it had been accomplished did he and his family leave the old house, the foundations of which had been so often sapped that it was scarcely safe to risk remaining in it, even though the flood would certainly not rise much above the basement.

"What can have come over father?" Dick asked himself, as with surprise and consternation he saw himself thus, for the first time in his life, left to his fate. "He's guessed right enough how I came here, and he's just carrying out the threat he made a week ago that the very next time I got stuck up in a tree' through drink, he'd leave me to get down by myself. Plague take the drink! It isn't worth the bothersome ones it's always getting me into. But I can't stop here for days. The sooner I get down the better. A plague upon that 'Fox and Hounds.' There's nothing for it but a soaking."

So saying he took off his boots, and tying them to his collar from before round his neck, Dick resolutely descended from his perch on the willow and dropped into the chill water, by dint of wading and an occasional swim getting at last to shore in safety.

But poor Dick had caught, not withstanding the dry clothes and hot coffee with which his mother welcomed him on landing, a chill which turned to rheumatic fever and brought him to within a foot of the grave. His father was well nigh beside himself with remorse and despair.

"It's all my doing, Mary!" he sobbed, while he thought his boy unconscious. "But I meant it for the best, God knows! I'd give my life for you, Dick my own dear lad, if only you might live and be a credit and a blessing to your mother?"

"Father?"

"Dick?"

There was no longer the vacant look in the sufferer's eye, but a softer wistfulness, gentle and earnest as that of a little child. Daniel Binstead put his head down to catch the words that were so faint as to be almost inaudible.

"Never again, father—never again—God helping me! I'm down the tree now, and—if I live, it won't be—my fault—if I ever get—up in to one—again!"

"My boy—my boy!" was all the glad and thankful parent could say. They knelt by that bedside hand in hand together, and if ever son was prayed for, that son was Dick. He is now a prosperous and happy man, worth of the devotion of his good woman he soon after his recovery made his wife, and is likely to remain a living example of sobriety and respectability to the boys, my wee "cony" that plays go-peep across his father's hat, it he should live to man's estate.

Folks may laugh at him; but Dick Binstead never passes that particular willow tree without raising his hat—"For," it is his custom to say, "that tree there was God Almighty's instrument for saving both my body and soul from ruin!"

Engines Half Human.

A great many tales have been told about railroad engineers and the queer notions they have about their "pets," as they call them. Some of these stories look all right in print, but in reality they are pure inventions. The Globe Democrat correspondent resolved to interview a number of railroad engineers in view of sweeping their experience with locomotives, and to find out, if possible, whether engineers, as a rule are superstitious.

Creston is quite a railroad town, and is the end of a division. It is no trick at all to meet a half dozen railroad engineers, and as they are all good fellows, an interview is cheerfully granted.

Tom H——— is one of the oldest and most reliable engineers on the C., B. & Q. railroad. Being asked concerning locomotives and their engineers, he said:

"A locomotive engine is, to my mind, as near human as any inanimate object can be. Sometimes I think that they are more than half human. Of course that's all fancy though. I have driven this engine, No 483, for ten or fifteen years, and I know every inch of her, and know how to manage the old lady. Some days she gets cross and doesn't seem to care about working. Then I have got to coax her. Other days she'll feel bad and take on at a dreadful rate; then I've got to doctor her carefully. We fellows have a way of tending to these little matters. As a general rule my engine is in good trim and goes like a bird. She acts like a human, trembling with excitement if there is a prospect for fast running.

"Do I believe in presentiments? Well, I'll have to say yes. The night we went into a ditch near Malvern, smashing up things badly, I told Jim (the fireman) a half hour before the accident happened that something was coming, because I never before knew the engine to act so queer. She didn't want to go, and when I coaxed her she pounded badly, seeming to drag like along the rails. When the poor girl toppled over on her back into the ditch I thought she groaned awfully. I believe an engine sensibilities about, somehow, and then goes to trembling and pounding. Lonesome nights always did."

"Ever see any ghosts?"

"Well, can't say that I ever did but once. We were coming west from Ottumwa about midnight. It was moonlight, and I could see ahead pretty well. We were nearing a place where a young girl had been killed while crossing the track on a little pony. As we came up rapidly I noticed something white on the track in front, and pressed to my horror and astonishment, I saw the shadowy outline of a young girl. She was holding a little pony by the bridle rein, and the animal was prancing with fright. Both were square on the track. I threw the whistle and turned on the air. At this moment the girl turned her face toward the engine. A long streak red scar extended from her forehead to the chin. Her eyes had a pitiful look. But we couldn't have stopped the train for our lives. We dashed upon them and—went through the apparition like it was a cloud of mist. I felt a chilly sensation as we passed, and my throat was damp, as if dew had fallen up on it. That was the only apparition I ever saw. Poor girl!——cut over the girl and has never ceased to grieve about it."

It is almost amusing to note the myriad of queer fancies that engineers have about certain things. Yet, after all is known, these fancies do not deter them from being brave and trustworthy men. While they may have many a superstitious fear that an accident is impending, it does not unnerve them, and is most likely to keep them on a sharper lookout. Many an engineer believes that his fat is only a question of time, while others believe themselves to be invited against accidents.

It is said that the engineer on one of the express trains that left Detroit between Creston an Ottawa some years ago, when so many passengers were killed, had vague forebodings of impending disaster for several days. It was a feeling that he could not shake off. His intuition proved correct, and, through the blunder of an operator, a horrible accident happened.

A Week Too Late.

A young man about twenty-three years of age, dressed like a farmer, had his feet on the car seat in front of him and was reading a novel, when, according to the New York Sun, one of the boys went over to him and observed.

"I've just made a bet of five dollars on you."

"On me? What is it?"

"I've bet five dollars that you will suicide within a week. I've been watching you very closely for the last half hour, and all signs indicate melancholy and despondency. Have you selected any particular line of killing yourself—poison, the rope, drowning or hanging?"

"Did you actually bet five dollars?" anxiously asked the young man.

"I did."

"Pay if you lose?"

"I'll have to."

"That's too bad. I wish I could have seen you last week."

"Why last week?"

"Because I had the ague every day right along—two cents were sick on my hands—my girl had gone dead back on me, and I expected a windmill man was going to beat me out of four hundred dollars. I did lenders think of suicide."

But now?"

"All is changed. Uncle got well after all gone—girl has set the day for next Wednesday, and the windmill man is straighter than a board. Darn my hide if I hain't going to try and live five thousand years."

TRAINING.—The song with which you sing that child to sleep will echo through all its life, and ring back from the very arches of heaven. I think that when the first seven years of a child's life deafens whether it shall be sensible, wayish, rude, false, hypocritical, or gentle, truthful, frank, obedient, honest and Christian. The present generation of men will pass off very much as they are now. Although the gospel is offered them, the general rule is that drunkards, the drunkards, thieves, the thieves, libertines the libertines. The rulers of the youth we have. Before they are wild oats, get them to sow wheat and barley. You fill the tender sensorium with good corn, and there will be no room for tares.—Talmage.

Who kills all the dead kittens? Miss Lizzie.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	5 00	10 00
Quarter col.	3 00	5 00	10 00	15 00
Half col.	5 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
One col.	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices and resolutions of respect, 10 cents per line. Obituary notices, five cents per line, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 3 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 6, 1890.

Thousands of people are starving in thirteen counties of South Dakota, owing to the failure of the crops for four seasons in succession.

A Kansas farmer hauled a two mule load of corn to market not long since and brought back home to the proceeds a keg of nails.

The grippe of 1889-90 will long be noted as having picked out and carried off many prominent people for its victims.

Statistics are said to show that painted wooden houses are the healthiest, and that brick houses, also painted, are healthier than stone.

W. E. McClellan a brakeman on the C. & O., was killed last week at Covington, Va., by falling off his train.

A shooting scrape occurred at Boston, Summers Co., last week in which one of the citizens was shot and some very near being killed.

Joseph Chaplean was sentenced at Plattsburg, N. Y., to be executed by electricity on March 3, at Dannemora Prison, for the murder of a man named Fuller.

Perhaps the youngest couple ever married in North Carolina have just been united in Davie County. The groom is thirteen and his bride two years younger.

Wm. H. Hottle, an attorney of Charleston, who ruled for Fleming for Governor, and charged by Goff with being insane, has sued the gentleman for $30,000 libel.

Miss Bisland, who went around the world for The Cosmopolitan, in the endeavor to beat the time of Miss Bly, made the trip in 76 days 16 hours and 45 minutes.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The New York State Senate amended the World's Fair bill by adding 38 names to the list of corporators and making it distinctively a Republican organization. It is believed that this action will prevent the holding of a World's Fair in New York.

Mr. J. H. Bailey, one of the most prominent citizens, and at one time Sheriff of Mercer county, was killed on the railroad at Bluefield on Saturday last, Jan. 25th. He was standing on the company's yard, and in endeavoring to avoid an approaching train stepped backwards in front of the yard engine.

Postmaster General Wanamaker has approved the design and color for the new two cent postage stamps. The designs for the other denominations are still under way, and it is thought the new series will be ready for distribution in about a month.

Colonel John Mason Brown, one of the most prominent lawyers in Kentucky, and a man of national reputation, died of pneumonia at Louisville, on the 28 inst.

Kentucky has long been distinguished as the particular producer of handsome women and fast horses. Now she has added a new double paralytic to her list of creations. At Hopkinsville a colored baby was born three months ago which can now talk plainly, and which, at the age of three weeks, could pronounce some words distinctly.

The Hon. Paul Pioneer Pious says of the recent Governor of Ohio: "The passing of Foraker will not be regretted. He is a politician of a small and vulgar type. He has succeeded largely by bluster and appeals to popular passion rather than reason. He is not in politics to support principles. He has been a loud talker, and made himself unfit with the boys.' He has fought ingenly at every chance for a scrimmage, and catered to the demagogic spirit. His aim was personal, and the open distrust of other leaders is now justified. This episode completely finishes his political career."

Suit for Slander.

William Johnson (colored) has brought a suit for slander in Monroe Circuit Court, against Mr. H. C. Hite, R. R. Agent at Alderson, this county, claiming damages in the sum of $5,000. The plaintiff complains that Mr. Hite charged him with stealing a barrel of whisky from the Depot at Alderson, during the Holidays, last month, which he alleges did great damage to his character. Johnson has retained Dr. W. P. Hacker of Lewisburg, as his counsel.—Monroe Watchman.

Thunderation! who ever heard of any one stealing liquor. Organ usually pretend these parts, a jag will walk away from the owner, but don't think any body ever heard of any being stolen.

Protected Farmers.

Farmers of the west have voted persistently for the system of protection. It now comes to them with a shock that English syndicates are refusing to loan money on farm mortgages in this country, while eagerly seeking to purchase many factories.

It is doubtless true, as stated by an organ of high taxes, that the demand for money upon mortgages by weak farmers is constantly increasing. But it cannot be that the organ has correctly stated the causes. Those cannot be found in the intemperance or extravagance of the farmers, because the difficulty exists equally in Kansas, where prohibition has banished the drink habit, and also in states east of the Missouri river, where such laws do not prevail. In either case will it be possible to accuse the farmers of gross extravagance—except as they build too large fires with the products of their corn fields. Even by mortgaging their farms luxuries have been unknown to these toilers. Nor can it be said that they lack skill, since they have shown constant ability to raise more cheaper than they can buy coal protected with a tax of 75 cents a ton. Nor can it be from the lack of rain, as farmers are bankrupt borrowers even within the rain belt.

But the statements of the high tax press will serve to call attention to the fact that protection does not protect, and the conclusion will be reached that money cannot be had entirely on farms whose owners are forced to burn their corn for fuel and to pay a tax of 35 per cent on their blankets. The window sills are kept running, but the day of will take the fattest.—Ex.

Strength Proven

Brown's Iron Bitters

The county commissioners of Kanawha have decided to recommend the construction of the following bridges:

Thirty-eight bottle skips to cost $[illegible].

Six further delicate examples, $[illegible].

Five cooking stoves at $[illegible].

Eleven rules, $[illegible].

Forty-one assorted contracts, $[illegible].

Two gas meters and dispatch boxes, $[illegible].

One hundred and twenty corporate seals and registers, $[illegible].

Two hundred and seventy seven vessels to cost $[illegible].

Five hundred and four vessels at a cost of $[illegible]! With this accomplished we could twist the British lion's tail. This looks as if the recent committee had little faith in the future of arbitration.

A NEW RAILROAD

The Virginia, Parkersburg & Ohio Co. and What it Proposes to Do.

We warn the following from the Zanesville, O., Times Recorder: What is known as the Hock Hocking system of railways, with new controls of three roads in Ohio and one in West Virginia, one of which is the Virginia, Parkersburg & Ohio Railway Co., held their annual election of directors and officials for 1890 on Saturday, Jan 25th. The V., P. & O. R'y. Co.'s "Short Line" will run from Parkersburg via Elizabeth, Grantsville, Glenville, Addison, crossing the Gauley & Ohio railway near White Sulphur Springs station, to Virgie in state line, there to meet the Virginia & North Carolina division of the Hock Hocking system from Virginia state line to Mt. Airy, North Carolina, which, with the extension of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley to Southport, N. C., on the Atlantic ocean which is to be the Sea Board port of the Hock Hocking system of railways.

NOTICE

The second term of Hillsboro Academy for the session of 1889-90 will begin January 22nd and will continue twenty weeks or five school months. Rates of tuition: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 per month according to grade. A contingent fee of 25 cts per month is charged to provide fuel, &c. Board can be had at from $8 to $10 per month.

Two and one half months constitute a quarter session and all tuition must be paid quarterly. Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to the close of each quarter, and no deduction from tuition charges will be made except in cases of protracted illness unless special arrangements are made with the principal.

We invite the attention of parents who wish to educate their Children to the advantages of our school and most respectfully solicit their patronage. Young teachers will find it to their advantage to attend during the spring months. We promise thorough instruction and careful training. It is best for students to enter at the beginning of the term, but they will be received at any time.

We desire to say that all pupils of this school are expected to study and to be governed by the rules of school. We do not want dead heads, but all who wish to study and to educate themselves will find our school pleasant and profitable.

For further information address the principal, or come and see for yourself.

D. S. HARALA, Principal.
jan 9 2m ANDERS, W. Va.

FLOUR.

I have on hands about 200 bushels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $3.50 per 196 lbs. for cash, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. HARALA.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

LAM & & O'FARRELL,

8 Miles, east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.

Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.

All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mountain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon. Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,

GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. S. TYREE, Lewisburg, W. Va.

GEN. E. ROLLINS, Kan. Asst. Quarter. Gen. Valley Home, Tennessee, Tenn.

TYREE & & ROLLINS

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Gold Cigar and Horseshoe Solid Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 204 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

HOME NEWS.

—The robins have again made their appearance.

—Sheriff M. J. McNeel, was in Hinton ville, last week.

—"My vision is real," says the streets of Hintonville.

—We will give our readers the particulars of the Fleming Golf contest next week.

—Mr. A. A. Cox, died at his home at Alvon, Greenbrier Co., on the 25th inst.

—Mr. Jubal McCormick, died at his home in Union, Monroe Co., on Jan. 20, in the 80 year of his age.

—H. A. Yeager, Esq., of Cheyenne, Wyoming Ty., was in to see us last Saturday.

—Allen Payne and Jas. Lee, both colored, died near Mill Point, last week. They were very old men.

—Thanks, awfully, to our correspondents for their punctuality of late.

—The mail route between this place and Alvon, Greenbrier Co., has been discontinued.

—Attorney H. S. Rucker, started for Lewisburg, Tuesday morning on a week's business trip.

—Ground hog day has come and gone and from the appearance of the weather since, he didn't see his shadow.

—"Calico Joe" at the Court house to night. Don't miss seeing him, it will be a grand treat. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Admission 10 & 15c.

—Mrs. A. D. Johnston, died at her home in Lewisburg on the 30 inst., in about the 80th year of her age.

—About four inches of snow fell Sunday, but it didn't lay on the ground long, and now the atmosphere is as warm and balmy as a May day.

—Flournoy, Price and Key, made magnificent arguments in the Fleming Golf contest for the majority, leaving no manner of doubt of Fleming's honest election.

—A charter has been granted to the Rosecrets, Lewisburg and Coal Knob Railroad, organized for the purpose of constructing and operating a railroad from Rosecrets to Grafton.

—An attempt was made by the Republicans to bribe the Legislature in the Fleming Golf contest, but it is to be hoped by all honest men they failed.

—Miss Frances Ellen Catherine Geiger, and Mr. Wm. L. Gay, were married last week, at the home of the bride's father, near Driftwood this county, by the Rev. Geo. P. Moore. THE TIMES extends congratulations.

—"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has given me great relief in bronchitis. Within a month I have sent some of this preparation to a friend suffering from bronchitis and asthma. It has done him so much good that he writes for more."—Charles F. Dunsterville, Plymouth, England.

—The Beaton Democrat, has entered upon its 8 volume. It has all the qualities of a first class local newspaper and last but not least is Democratic from skin to core. May it live long and prosper.

—On Friday of last week while Marion Butcher, of New Interest, was crossing the railroad with a team, his horses became unmanageable and he was unable to get out of the way of the train. His head was severed from his body. The horses were not hurt.—Enterprise.

—A spring medicine is needed by everyone. Winter food, largely consisting of salt meat and animal fats, causes the liver to become disordered and the blood impure, hence the necessity of a cleansing medicine. The best is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

—General Ekers, of Covington, Va., who has been in Hintonville for some time past, has had a slight stroke of La Grippe.

—The mail from Mt. Grove, failed to come Tuesday, for no reason, whatever, as we can learn. Its true the creeks were up a little, but by no means past fording, and Wednesday when it did come, didn't bring half the mail that was at the Mt. Grove post office. This sort of business is very annoying, to say nothing of the inconvenience it causes our people. If the gentleman who has the contract can't come up to time, let somebody have it that can.

Edray Items

Mr. Sam'l B. Moore, had the misfortune to have a fine roan mare break her neck in his stable yesterday evening, by getting her head fast under a feed box in the manger, and falling.

A new trace of the missing B. H. Knapp, has been found. It is now thought his body will be found soon. A reward of $75.00 is offered and it will have its effect.

Mr. Jas Gibson's steam saw mill will soon start up again, on cherry timber.

X. X.

Green Bank Items.

Died, at her home, near this place on Feb. 1st, Mrs. Sarah Gum, aged 71 years. She was a kind neighbor consistant christian, and will be greatly missed.

Mr. J. B. Bradshaw, of McDowell, spent Saturday night in town, on his return from Buchanan, and was accompanied by his mother in law, Mrs. Wamsley, of Huttonsville.

Dr. Wm. T. McClintic, of Randolph Co., is here on a business trip, and will remain a few days.

Miss Mary Beard, was visiting friends at Traveller's Repose, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Minnie Patterson, is visiting Mr. J. F. Patterson's family near Glade Hill.

PAULINA.

Buckeye News.

Many cases of La Grippe in our neighborhood last week.

Mr. N. C. McNeel, who has been quite sick for some time, thinks he will soon be able to resume his duties in the school room.

W. H. McClintic and Robert Withrow, have been on the sick list for some little time.

Mrs. Clark Kellison, has returned from Clover Lick, where she has been visiting her daughter.

Some parties from here, attended the wedding at Driftwood last week. Wonder why some of our young people don't get married and invite us to the wedding.

The Copernican Literary Society continues to prosper.

A beautiful communication from John H. Minor of the University of Virginia was read to the Society on last Friday night.

LUCIAN.

Brushy Run Items

The weak minded people I presume are beginning to think the gulf stream has changed back, as the chilling winter has been here for a few days

LaGrippe has showed itself in our vicinity, in a mild form, in the family of Mr. James Gregg, and is also raging in the lumber camp at Winchester.

There is a great deal of sickness in our community. Among the sick are, Mrs. Wilmoth, Mrs. Louis, and Mrs. Blaker. But we are happy to say they are slowly recovering.

There is talk of a knitting factory being erected in our burg soon, which will be very beneficial.

Lee Wilmoth, was the guest of John Arbogast last Sunday.

John Arbogast and Wm. Hill are at the lumber camp on cheat.

The schools in this district are are all in a flourishing condition.

Miss Annie Clark's school will soon close. She will then go to the wilds of the sinks. May success go with her.

Success to THE TIMES.

JACK.

Summers College.

Fine day.

I told you to stay in Sunday.

Swecker has the grippe, but thinks he will be able to give you some good bargains at Edray, Friday and Saturday.

Rain, snow and mud until you can't rest.

Capt. E. A. Smith, is about ready with his lumber drive.

Col. Dan O'Connell, was up last week sliding logs.

Lots of Drummers.

Deputy Sheriff Arbogast, of Highland, was out last week, looking up some roofing and spouting jobs.

Most of our roads are getting impassable. They ought to be bridged.

We want a first class shemaker. Come at once.

E. A. Moore, Esq., lost a fine horse.

Most everybody has the grippe.

Dr. Ligan, was over to see Mr. Pritchard who is on the sick list.

The most of the free schools are closing out, and but few know that there has been any in the district.

The board of education have stopped exhibition spelling matches, and but little interest is taken by the little ones.

TRAVELER.

Mossy Flat Items.

As I haven't seen anything in THE TIMES, from this section for sometime, I will endeavor to give a few items.

A considerable snow fell here last Saturday and Sunday nights, which reminded us again of winter, and was enjoyed by all.

Rev. Geo. Hannah, has been conducting a meeting at the Moore school house on Back Alleghany, and we learn that he has had marked success, which has been the case at most of his appointments in this part of the county.

We learn that Mr. F. B. Stalnaker who is teaching school at Brush Run set out for prospective courtship at the beginning of the meeting, which was conducted, at that place by the Rev. Hannah and Arbogast, but we are sorry to learn that he was nipped in the bud, by one Miss Troy Hinkle, and he has been on the decline ever since.

Our school is progressing smoothly under the management of T. W. McCoy with an enrollment of 31 pupils.

Mr. C. L. Bur er our honorable constable has been so pressed with business for some time past that he has been thinking of employing an assistant.

Mr. J. W. Riley, who is on the road between this place and Staunton, will have a disagreeable trip, we fear, as the roads have become very muddy since he started

Bad colds are prevalent in this part of the county.

Success to our County paper.

STATIONARY.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I offer for sale, privately my house and lot, with a good blacksmith shop thereon, also blacksmith tools &c., in Hintonville, very low.

Mrs. E. T. WEBB.

NOTICE.

Having been compelled by failing health to stop work in my Vanyard in Green bank, I offer it for rent or sale, with my Dwelling House, Stables and Blue shop, contained. Price and terms reasonable. Address, James H. Carey, Jr., Mill Point, W. Va.

Married

On Thursday morning, January 30th, 1890, at the residence of the bride's parents, on Clover Creek, in Pocahontas County, W. Va., in the presence of an appreciative assemblage of friends, by Gen. P. Moore, Mr. William L. Gay, to Miss Frances E. C. Geiger attended by Mr. John D. Gay with Miss Allie Clendon and Mr. Ellis Sharp with Miss Mary Gay.

After the marriage ceremony the party were invited to partake of a frugal repast, prepared by our kind and hostess and very efficiently served with the assistance of Squire J. W. Price and Mr. Shoemaker of which all partook with a free good will.

After bidding home and parents good bye, the wedding party kind away, over hill and vale, through mud and water, ten miles to the residence of Sam'l M. Gay, Esq., where fully 150 invited guests awaited their arrival, about 1 o'clock and greeted them with the usual reception ceremony, and soon the crowd were invited to begin to partake of the sumptious feast provided by Mr. Gay, for his friends which was continued until after nightfall, when all were served and happy. Good feeling prevailed throughout, and the young couple have the good wishes of their friends.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 18, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it and be willing to be directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 315 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Before testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

NOTICE.—Having been collected by a goodly number of my old customers to resume the tuning business I have consented to do so, hoping all concerned may be benefited. Respectfully,

23-4t. JOSEPH S. SMITH.

AUCTION.

I will offer for sale at Public Auction at Edray, W. Va., on Friday and Saturday, February 7th and 8th., Consisting of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, LADIES DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS, & A LARGE LINE OF PANTS.

S. HACKERMAN.

Commissioner's Notice.

M. F. Slaven
vs.
S. D. Price.

All parties interested will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause

ON THE 3rd DAY OF OCTOBER, 1890

I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court, at my office in the town of Hinton, Greenville, W. Va., on Saturday the 22nd day of February, 1890, to take, state and report the following matters of account viz:

1st. An account of all the liens against the lands of the defendant S. D. Price; with their amount, dignities and priorities.

2nd. An account showing what lands are owned by the said S. D. Price, their location and probable value, and whether the same will rent in his power for a sufficient sum to pay off and discharge the liens on the same.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or which is to be specially stated by any party in interest.

C. F. MOORE, Commissioner.

Jan 23-4t. Printers fee $4.00

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Rosecrets Lewisburg and Coal Knob Railroad Company.

Yourself take notice that the first regular meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company will be held at the Law Office of L. J. Williams in the town of Lewisburg, W. Va., on the 20th day of February, 1890, for the purpose of organizing, and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Notice is also given that the books of said company are opened for the purpose of inserting subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and will be found in the possession of L. J. Williams at his office in Lewisburg.

By order of a majority of the stockholders.

H. T. BELL,
E. T. HAYNES,
J. A. HANNAH,
L. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN A. PRESTON.

A. R. SMITH,
Academy, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

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To weak nervous and debilitated men suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, Early Decay, Lost Manhood, Wakefulness, etc., we will send a recently guaranteed to effect a speedy cure. This great remedy was discovered by an eminent London physician whose life work was devoted to suffering humanity in the hospitals of the world's metropolis, and will be cheerfully sent to the unfortunate. Send now. Address, The Acme Medical Co., Washington, D. C. Sole agents for America. Oct. 31-1 yr.

NOTICE TO LIEN HOLDERS.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise, on the real estate, or any part thereof, of S. D. Price:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said S. D. Price to the satisfaction of the liens thereon, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you, and each of you against the said S. D. Price, which are liens on real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication as to, of any other, in the town of Hintonville, W. Va., on or before the 22nd day of February, 1890.

Given under my hand this 20th day of Jany., 1890.

C. F. MOORE, Com'r.

Jan 23-4t. Printers fee $3.00

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the Creditors of William Barr, dec'd

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said William Barr to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said William Barr, before me, at my office in the said County, on or before the 10th day of February 1890.

Witness: John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 7th day of January 1890.

JOHN J. BEARD, C'k.

Printers fee $3.00 Jan. 9-4w.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Reason for selling health has failed in mill business.

Price and terms reasonable.

For further particulars Address,

URIAH BARD.

Mill Point, Pocahontas Co. W. Va.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN I. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunterville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 6, 1890.

Great Faith in the Doctor.

The author of "Reminiscences of a Literary and Clerical Life," himself a clergyman, narrates so amusing anecdote which his revered grandfather used to tell about an ignorant young couple in his parish. The old minister had married them, but the marriage had turned out to be ill-advised, and after a while things came to a desperate pass.

The couple had vast, undefined ideas of what a rector could do, and it entered into their foolish minds that he might be able to undo their unhappy marriage. So they asked him whether he could take them into church again and perform some service that would get them free, as they had been before. The rector meditated for a moment.

"Yes," he said, "I think if you come to church I can put you in the way of becoming unmarried. But it is a ruinous kind of business, and instead of coming to the altar, as before, you will have to go into the belfry."

The unfortunate pair readily assented, and at an appointed hour went to the church, where the rector marshaled them into the belfry.

"You see those two trestles," he began. "The husband will have to get on one of them and the wife on the other."

With much wonderment the man and woman followed his instructions.

"Now each of you take a bellrope in your hand."

This was done.

"Now, then, tie the ropes round your necks and jump off the trestles."

"Good lark, sir!" said one of them, "we should be hanging ourselves!"

"Exactly," said the minister, "that is just what I mean. The only way in which you can murder yourselves in church is by hanging yourselves in the belfry."

The young couple dropped the ropes in haste, and the minister proceeded to give them a lecture upon mutual forbearance and affection, in which he hoped with good results.

Blanc, the broker (who has just married a wealthy temperance reformer)—Anybody here in?

Office Boy—Yessir, Mrs. Blanc.

Mrs. Blanc—Anybody else?

Office Boy—Yessir. Expressman with a case of champagne for you, ex-chancellor of Italian & Co.

Mrs. Blanc—Oh, Cæsar! How lucky I'll never meet.

Office Boy—Old agent. I told the messenger it was for S. G. Blanc, second floor. He took it.

Mrs. Blanc—And Julius dear, you know wants us to kick or something!

Staggers—I saw a ghost last night, Cassy.

Cassy—I didn't know they were an actor.

Staggers—I'm not. I'm an artist.

Facts for Influenza.

"Can the influenza?" asked a man on the street yesterday, as his companion recovered from a coughing spell.

"Yes, I've got the influenza," replied the other, defiantly, "and I don't want any more cures, either."

"I was just going to suggest——"

"Well, don't do it. I've taken all the known remedies. I came down town yesterday with a bad cold. The first man I saw said: 'Awful cough you have. Ought to stop that. Come with me and I'll fix you.'

"Then he took me into a bar room and told the bar tender to put a little glycerine into a glass and turn some brandy in on top of it. I drank it and it did me good, so I took several doses. We separated and I met another friend.

"'Influenza?' he said, as I sneezed. 'I'll tell you how to cure that. Fix'd me in a day.'

"He escorted me into a shop where liquid refreshments are dispensed and gave me a hot rum with molasses. That also seemed to hit the right spot and I took a number. I felt better in most every way.

"Well, when I went out of there I saw another friend.

"'Cold?' he said as I blew my nose. 'I'll bust that up in two shakes of a lamb's tail.'

"I got some quinine with a large dose of whiskey adjoining this time, and I swear I thought it did me a power of good. I certainly felt well. I felt so well that I nearly kicked the clock off the mantel when I got home. I offered to spar my wife, London prize-ring rules to govern, and all was well until I got up in the morning. Then I had a head and a worse case of grip than I had before. Take my advice and steer clear of the man with a remedy."

Gems of Thought.

Children's virtues bring new wealth to the parents.

Thou, that hast given so much to me, give me one thing more—a grateful heart.

We swallow at one mouthful the lie that flatters, and drink drop by drop the truth that is bitter.

Dost thou love life? Then do not squander time; for that is the stuff life is made of.

Contemn rest and thou shalt gain rest, contemn earth, and thou shalt gain Heaven.

Self-duness is that detestable vice which no one will forgive in others, and no one is without himself.

Do all that you can to stand, and then bear least you may fall, and by the grace of God you are safe.

Better follow the sternness of truth than the glittering delusion of a life. Men often follow lies because they shine.

Dark seasons are never pleasant to me, but are always good for us. A cloudless sky could never produce a good harvest.

The highest gift and favor of God is a pious, kind, godly and domestic wife, with whom thou mayest live peaceably, and to whom thou mayest intrust all thy possessions; yea, thy body and thy life.

Gassy de Broadway (starting at Col. Top Boots, who has just swallowed two inches of brandy neat)—Um—ah—ca'nah mix your drinks I see, Cornell?

Colonel—Yes sah. Always take watah with my likah, sah!

Gassy—Didn't see any just now, bah Jove!

"Colonel—well sah. You see I fill the glass with likah, sah—and then my mouth watahs, sah.

Mrs. Riverside Hirse—My dear Miss Fallon; how lovely to see you here! Were parties very different in your day?

Miss Ann Fallon—Well, somewhat. In my day the girls wore one buttoned gloves, and dresses buttoned up to the neck; now they wear one buttoned dresses and gloves buttoned up to the neck.

"You don't say that English climate have no show in this country," remarked Squilling.

"Why?" asked Bottleigh.

"Because one of them has just bought Forsyngh's circus."

"Yes," said the oldest inhabitant "this is a pretty mild winter, but I remember a season that was much warmer than this."

"How long ago was that?" queried his listeners.

"Only last summer."

"You know what a fashion Miss Glowledge has of quoting proverbs at all times?"

"Yes."

"Well, last night as I remarked about midnight that I must go, she looked at the clock and murmured, 'Better late than never.'"

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or suffering that most terrifying of all ills, Dead Tired,
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, never blacken, builds up, and strengthens. All dealers have it.

Rheumatism,
Blood disease, due to the presence of uric acid in the blood, is most effectually cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other, and take it till the poisonous acid is thoroughly expelled from the system. We challenge attention to this testimony:

"About two years ago, after suffering for nearly two years from rheumatic gout, being able to walk only with great difficulty, and having tried various remedies, including Hot Springs, without relief, I was induced by an advertisement in a Chicago paper that a cure had been effected in this distressing complaint, after long suffering, by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I therefore decided to make a trial of this medicine, and can truthfully say that after taking a few bottles I experienced great relief, and was pleased to state that to-day I consider myself entirely cured. I recommend other Ayer's Remedies, and began to use them at once, entirely to strength with unwavering my mental health, I recommend this remedy to all of this unfortunate condition."—Mrs. L. A. Black, Nashua, N. H.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

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I am now prepared to furnish White Pine Lumber, Shingles and Laths on short notice. Any one desiring bills sawed will please furnish me bill and it will be furnished on short notice.

My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,
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OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
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Be assured that if you try it, you will be delighted, and satisfied, by the most eminent physicians, that the potency of the oil with the hypophosphites is unequalled, and that the combination is almost as Milk.
Scott's Emulsion is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the cure of all forms of
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The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. And by all Druggists.

Fine's Time for Consumption is when the first Cough Medicine.
If you have a Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, a Sore Lungs, a Sore Lungs or any other affection of the throat, Lungs, or Chest, don't delay, but use Piso's Cure. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 25 cts.
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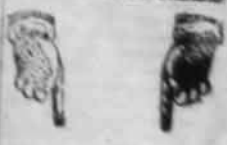

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. [illegible] Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, February 13, 1890 [illegible] No. 29.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, J. S. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, W. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, E. W. Hannah.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Kirkpatrick.
Co. Surveyor, [illegible]

[illegible] Board.
[illegible] Hannah.
[illegible] Moore.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Hunterville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOVER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KER,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Dr. I. S. WEYBURN,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Dr. S. F. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Is the Blacking for Men, Women and Children.
The BRIGHTEST BLACK POLISH.
Makes Leather Waterproof and Durable.
No Brush. A Shine Lasts a Week.
Can be washed with sponge, same as Oil cloth.
The Finest Dressing for Harness.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

WHO WAS IT.

BY ARKLEY BROWNE.

"It wasn't a bad idea of mine, Mr. Mr. city boarders," said Mrs. Maydew, as she sat in front of the kitchen table counting out bills of various denominations. "Just look at that, Zuleima—what I've cleared this summer, free of all expenses?"

"But it wasn't altogether your idea, mother," said Zuleima. "It was Cousin Maria's."

"Well, p'r'aps she did suggest it," said Mrs. Maydew; "but I carried it out—and a great deal better speculation I found it than sewing on shirts or taking in shoes to bind; and I've made the Durham cow's price—and I've bought Deacon Doubleday's second hand wagon, and a new stair carpet, and I've got a hundred dollars to put in the bank, besides all that!"

Zuleima listened with a sweet, abstracted smile. Durham cows—second hand wagons—bank accounts—what was that to the great happiness that had come to her through this city boarder experiment!

"Ought I to tell mother now, or ought I to leave it to him?" she questioned herself; and while she still deliberated, Mrs. Maydew's sharp, high-pitched voice broke in upon the current of her thoughts.

"And really, now I come to think on't, I don't know but what I like young Fairgrave the best of any boarder we've had. Didn't you, Zuleima?"

The soft flood of carmine rushed to the girl's cheek, her eyelids drooped.

"Yes," she answered, almost inaudibly; "I—I liked him very well"

"And them pictures he painted were very good," went on unconscious Mrs. Maydew, "though they wasn't so bright colored as the chromo of 'Abraham A sacrifices' lease' over Miss Parker's parlor mantel and them views of ruined castles that Ezra Chickney bought of the peddler for a dollar and a half each, gilt frames and all. They were sort o' dim colored, you know and the sun didn't seem to shine real bright to 'em. But it's strange, ain't it, about his bein' engaged?"

"Engaged?" Zuleima started and crimsoned more intensely than ever, a shy smile broke out upon her lips. Her secret, then, was out! Who could have betrayed it? Perhaps Vernon himself.

"I didn't believe a word of it at first," added Mrs. Maydew, rolling up her bills and placing them in a discolored leather pocket-book. Zuleima turned her face away, still smiling. "And she twice his age, at least," went on Mrs. Maydew.

"She? Who do you mean?"

"Marie, of course," said Mrs. Maydew. "I've always heard that there's no fool like an old fool, and I begin to believe it."

"Mother," cried Zuleima, "what do you mean?"

"Lor!" said Mrs. Maydew, "is it possible you hain't read that letter that came this morning? She's to be married to Fairgrave in November the poor, silly old goose—and she wants you to come up and help buy her wedding clothes. I couldn't have believed it if I hadn't seen it with and signed and sealed under her own name. And she 'fore and forty if she's a day!"

Zuleima stood bewildered and amazed. The walls seemed to be whirling around her; the ticking of the old clock grew faint in her ears. Vernon Fairgrave engaged to Miss Marie Denham after all the sweet words he had whispered to her ear, all the tender hand pressures—the unutterable looks of love that passed between them! But, after all, now that she came to look deeper, absolutely back on the past, she could not recall that he had ever said to her in so many words, "Will you be my wife?" He had never placed a betrothal ring on her finger; he had contented himself with vague words—glances which could not absolutely be interpreted into sentences, and a horrible sensation of shame and anger seemed to fill her veins with fire instead of blood as she thought of how she had been duped.

"He has been making game of me," she thought. "He has enjoyed his summer in the wilderness, and now he is going away—to leave me without a pang of remorse! Oh, Heaven! and how am I to endure it?"

"Ain't you well, Zuleima?" Mrs. Maydew asked with rather a frightened glance at her daughter. "I knowed you hadn't ought to go out into the hot sun to pick them last Lima beans to dry. Lay down, and let me get you the camphor bottle to smell to."

But Zuleima recovered herself with an effort.

"I'm well enough," said she. "Where is Maria's letter, mother? I want to read it. "Well, I never should have suspected Mr. Fairgrave of being a fortune hunter."

"It's a great thing to have a little money," shrewdly remarked Mrs. Maydew. "Though Maria ain't bad lookin', neither, for a woman of her years; not since she got them new false teeth o' hers."

For Miss Denham was the one well-to-do member of the family, owing to a lucky speculation in coal-mine shares, on the part of the late Doctor Denham, whose only descendant she was—a plump, high-complexioned old maid with sparkling black eyes like jet beads, and a loud, cheery voice.

It was nearly noon the next day when Vernon Fairgrave strolled up to the house. Mrs. Maydew greeted him with a broad smile.

"Zuleima? She ain't home," said she, "She is gone to the city to Maria's to buy weddin' clothes. Aha! you see I know your secret!"

"She has told you then?"

"Of course she's told me!" said Mrs. Maydew, shaking the young artist's hand as if it were a pump-handle. "And I wish you all happiness, I'm sure. She's a good girl, if she ain't exactly a beauty, and—"

"But I think she is a beauty, Mrs. Maydew."

"Tastes differ," said the matron, with a shrug of the shoulders. "And I don't doubt she'll make you a good wife. 'Handsome is as handsome does,' that's my motto. Eh? Going to the city? Well, give her my love."

Meanwhile Zuleima, seated among the splendors of her cousin's trousseau, was looking with amazing eyes at satins, silks, laces, gloves, and bonnets, while Maria Denham in a loud voice recounted the various stages of the prospective bridal trip.

"We're to go to Niagara," said she, "though I'm sure I don't know why, I never did take stock in water-falls, and then down the St. Lawrence, past the Thousand Islands—I wonder if anybody ever counted 'em, I should'n, I know—to Montreal. Eh, Zuleima? I took you by surprise, did I?"

"Rather," Zuleima answered, harshly.

"You thought I was a tongue-tied old maid," continued the little coxcomb, with a peal of laughter. "Well, you see, I wasn't. Never mind, Zuleima, Mr. Fairgrave says—"

"And are you really to have a pink satin ball-dress," interrupted Zuleima, starting nervously at the sound of the name which had once been the sweetest music in her ears. "Why didn't you have heliotrope color instead?"

"He likes pink," said Maria, plaintively. "It's his favorite color. And I should look a fright in heliotrope! But really, Zuleima, haven't you suspected anything all along?"

"No."

"Then you must have been stone blind," complacently observed the bride, holding up the plump engagement finger, on which sparkled a pure white diamond. "And I've worn this all along."

Zuleima tried to smile, but her heart was as ice within her. More and more she felt convinced that it was of no use trying to face things out. She could not stand calmly by and see another woman's person of happiness rising up on the ashes of her own dead hopes. The "pride," the "spirit" on which she had relied were but broken reeds to lean upon. She would have given worlds, had they been hers, for a chance to hide herself away and weep out the anguish of her poor bleeding heart in solitude.

"I have been a fool," she told herself, "and all to win the chance of confronting him, with his false head and heartless! Why did I not remain at home?"

Just then a servant brought in a card. Miss Denham pounced eagerly upon it.

"It's him!" said she joyously.

Zuleima recoiled as if an arrow had struck her.

"Your—your lover?" she gasped.

"Just that," nodded Maria, with an excellent view of the new false teeth. "Here, child, where are you going to? That door leads into the umbrella closet! What are you running away for, anyhow? Why shouldn't you step and speak to your new cousin, eh?"

In her perturbation poor Zuleima had seized hold of the wrong door-handle, and ere she could recover herself the opposite portals were thrown wide open, and in walked a stout gentleman with a clean-shaven face and a shining bald head, carrying in one hand a gold-handled cane, and in the other a bouquet the size of a small haystack.

"My angel!" he said, dramatically.

Miss Maria jumped up and smothered him a hearty kiss.

"I'm so glad you happened to come in just now, "saidshe." Here's my cousin Zuleima Maydew. Zuleima, this is Mr. Fairgrave.

"Mr.—Fairgrave.

Maria threw out laughing more yet.

"Well, I don't wonder you're amazed," said she. "Come to remember, you haven't any of you seen Nicholas before, and I'd forgotten to tell you how stout he was. Ain't manly like his nephew, eh? Nicholas this is the young lady whom folks Vernon boarded with this summer; I've told you about 'em often."

"Happy to meet her. I'm, sure," said Mr. Nicholas Fairgrave, on whose visage brooded a perpetual smile—possibly at the prospect of his matrimonial good fortune—and to the right thereof Vernon Fairgrave's face was seen looking over his uncle's broad shoulder.

"I thought I should find you here Zuleima," he said, telegraphing us. "I'm sure I think my darling over this event of Uncle Nicholas' has embarrassed me them quite much, but now you're found I am, I don't have a little peace once more."

"And upon my word," added Maria, "I don't see any reason why we shouldn't have a double wedding! Eh, Miss Zuleima?" to Zuleima.

And to Zuleima's mingled wonder, delight and bewilderment she spoke no word of opposition to this new plan. Why should she, after all? Why should she postpone the dawning of her life's happiness?

But Mrs. Maydew's astonishment was beyond the power of words to describe.

"I thought of course it was Maria," said she.

"Why, didn't I tell you who it was?" rather sharply demanded Miss Denham.

"You said Mr. Fairgrave."

"Well, it was Mr. Fairgrave."

"How was I to know there were two Mr. Fairgraves?" demanded Mrs. Maydew, in an injured tone, and Maria's answer was greeted by three hearty peals of laughter that caused Mrs. Maydew to say irritably:

"I do believe she does it a purpose to show that set of new false teeth!"

Zacharias Bibbs.

Old Zack stuffed farmer, as his name was called, closely followed by the officer who had captured him in one of his nocturnal chicken-stealing expeditions. He held his cumbrous cane tightly under his arm, relieving his woolly head thoughtfully with his disengaged hand.

"Well, prisoner, what is your name?"

"Zacharias Tobias."

"What?"

"Zacharias Tobias."

"Are you sure it is not Annanias?"

"I ain't sure of nuffin', yer honor; but I 'spects it'll be 'bo Dennis fo' I gits out oh yere."

"Well Dennis—I should say Annanias—you were found in Deacon Smith's chicken-coop this morning at three o'clock, I believe."

"Quarter, yas' three, yer honah!"

"Well, then, 3:15, to be more exact. I suppose you went there to read poetry."

"Sar?"

"Did you go there to read poetry?"

"Eh, poetry? No, sar; don't want no raw poultry 'cept the nigguh. Don't eat poultry till it's done cooked."

"Well, Dennis, you afraid your poultry will be cooked this time—your goose at least. Do you think you can get it done in thirty days?"

"It's pooty tough, yer honah."

"Well, then, make it sixty days, so as to be on the safe side."

And an old Black second-way he summoned, softly: "Clear Head. At this time; hauled her gee three square miles a day for the next two months, whe!"

"I am afraid," said Algernon, in a despairing tone, "that you are disposed to make light of my declaration of affection."

"Why, Mr. De James, how could you have guessed it?"

"I guessed what?"

"That I gave your last letter to brother Harry to light his cigar with."

One of our exchanges, in noticing the successful career of a vaudeville man who has just died in Maine, makes the startling statement that "he was born without a dollar in his pocket.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN L. CAMPBELL,

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

[rate table]

Reading notices, and everything else than regular advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 13, 1890.

GOVERNOR FLEMING.

At last, after more than a year's waiting and watching, one of the most notable contests in the history of the country has been determined. Last week the West Virginia Legislature by a vote of 43 to 40 adopted the report of the Committee to which had previously been referred the contest of Fleming and Goff. By the report of that committee Fleming is clearly shown to have received a majority of the votes legally cast for Governor, and the adoption of the report placed him where the votes of the people placed him long ago, in the Governor's chair. But, ah! how hard the republicans die! They cry fraud! but can't point to a single instance where it has been perpetrated, except by their own party; they say it is a shame for a democratic body to displace a republican whose election appears on the face of the returns, but they don't have a word to say about that republican house at Washington ousting Congressman Jackson a few days ago; they say that the seating of Fleming will be the death of the democratic party in West Virginia; if they are sincere in this view, why do they take it so hard? The democrats would rejoice to sacrifice a political idol, if by so doing they could insure the death of the republican party. We fear they don't believe the party dead, else they would cease their wailing and would not longer refuse to be comforted. The democratic party may die, but, mark you, her ghost will be hard to down. If, however, their pretended belief that we are dead, will afford them any consolation in the hour of mourning, or in any degree calm their rage, let them believe on. Take not away their only solace. Let them enjoy as long as they can the bliss of their ignorance; for sooner or later they must learn that the free state of West Virginia are not of that class who repudiate a party because she demands her rights.

As to the fallen idol Goff we haven't a harmful word to utter, concerning the dead we would not willingly speak unkindly; but with respectful silence we behold him borne from the Legislative hall on his funeral Car.

President Carr of the Senate owed his election to republican votes, and as long as he could, gracefully acknowledge his debt by voting with the republican party; but when it came to decide between Fleming and Goff, his conscience would let him go no further, but made it's duty so plain that he was obliged in justice to forsake his former habit and vote for Fleming. Well done, good and faithful servant.

Labor is protected in this country till it accumulates a nest egg, then forland by taxation and turned out to find the poor house and pauper burial ground.

As Goff—
This subscriber as first left up his
Mission
Has keenly felt he speak' How he
Position
Believes down all before him! But as
soon
As Fleming talks of honest votes, like
the moon
That's past the full, into the wane he
goes
And to will as I bid he that honest
work knew.

The Akron Cut Stove Works, Louisville, Ky., were burned, on the 4th inst., loss $75,000.

There was a net increase of $5,831,425 in the circulation during January, and a net increase in the Treasury of $10,890,339.

At the Barlow book sale, in New York, a volume of letters, written by Columbus, and published in 1493 brought $2,900.

The London Times has compromised the libel suit brought by Parnell by paying the latter £5,000. It pays Campbell, his secretary, £200 and meets all costs.

The Milwaukee Journal says: "Among Wisconsin Democrats here are not enough anti Cleveland men to make even a single tail feather," much less anything that could be called a wing.

Idaho is making strenuous efforts to secure admission to the Union. But the New York Telegram thinks that "Idaho ought to be made to wait a little longer. The voting population of the Territory is about 15,000 as against 45,000 for Washington, 40,000 for Montana, 41,000 for North Dakota and 70,000 for South Dakota."

The New York Tribune published a letter from a woman who says of her husband: "He has a little farm paid for and draws a pension of $8 a month; he is well and hearty and able to work." Now if he is well and hearty and able to work we wish the Tribune would explain why he is drawing a pension of $8 a month on the ground of disability incurred in the service of his grateful country.

John L. Sullivan was present when Peter Jackson sparred with Sullivan's side partner, Jack Ashton, in Boston, and he afterwards remarked to Dan Murphy that "The Coon" was clever and a better boxer than he supposed he was. "He is an awkward man to get at," the champion is reported to have said, "but after he gets one or two right-handers all the cleverness will be knocked out of him."

WASHINGTON LETTER

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, February, 7.—Ex-Speaker Carlisle is the hero of the hour in democratic circles, for the able manner in which he has compelled the majority of the House committe on Rules to act in reporting the code of Rules sooner than they had intended. The new Rules are about as one sided and unfair to the minority as they could well be, and give Speaker Reed almost as much authority as he has exercised without them. It took seven hours to get a majority vote in their favor from the republican caucus, and from all accounts the discussion was at times extremely bitter. A democratic caucus also considered the Rules reported, and although they regard them as so many gag laws, it was decided that if the republicans would allow a reasonable time for their debate, so that their injustice might be shown to the country, no unusual obstacles would be interposed by the democrats to prevent their adoption by the majority, as they only wish to to put themselves on record as protesting against their adoption.

Economical men in Congress, were surprised to learn from a speech of Senator Morrill's that owing to the overcrowded condition of the public buildings in Washington $221,500 a year is spent by the Government to rent private buildings. The hold up that one room of ten in White House, the Patent office, Post office and Government Printing office. The last named is in a deplorable condition, looked at from every standpoint. It is old, and its wall are in a dangerous condition; it is unhealthy and is in constant danger from fire. There is a pretty general agreement that it will be cheaper to erect the necessary buildings than to pay such a large amount for rents. Early action is expected in Congress to relieve this unsatisfactory state of affairs.

The republicans of the House did not dare to seat Smith, of West Virginia, until they had a legal quorum of their own members present to vote him in. Had they done otherwise the Supreme Court would probably have been given an opportunity to pass on the constitutionality of Mr. Reed's ruling in the matter of a quorum of the House. The fact that the republicans waited until they had a quorum present to take the decisive vote shows how little confidence they have in the legal status of Mr. Reed's rulings.

A gloom has been spread over official and social life in Washington, owing to the deaths in the cabinet circle. Sunday morning Secretary Blaine's daughter died, and Monday morning Secretary Tracy's residence was destroyed by fire, the lives of his wife and daughter lost, and himself brought out in an unconscious condition by the firemen. The funeral of Mrs. and Miss Tracy was held in the East room of the White House on Wednesday, and a more affecting scene has never been witnessed here.

Representative Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, who is one of the shrewdest democrats in the House says "Reed's rulings have made it a certainty that the democrats will have a good working majority in the next House.

The United States Supreme Court has decided that the test oath clause in the constitution of Idaho is constitutional.

The Blair educational bill, which is beginning to look hoary was taken up this week in the Senate. It will get through the Senate and it may get through the House, but it is doubtful.

Another re-rated pension office official—First deputy Commissioner Hiram Smith—has gone. When asked for his resignation he sent it in, and thereby secured an extra month's pay, the resignation being accepted to take effect March 5th, and he has been given leave of absence to that date. He was appointed last May.

Considerable excitement was created Wednesday by the news that ex-Speaker Randall was much worse. Mr. Randall has been so deeply interested in the fight in the House that he has overtasked his brain thinking of it in order to make suggestions to the democratic leaders, and it has had a bad effect upon his health.

A bill has been introduced in the Senate to admit New Mexico. An attempt was made to have the Senate pass the bill providing for the organization of Oklahoma Territory this week, but it failed, not because of opposition, but because precedence was claimed for the Blair educational bill.

The Ohio ballot box forgery investigation was resumed this week. Among the most interesting witnesses were Governor Campbell and Murat Halstead. Ex-Governor Foraker attends every session of the committee, and seems to fully realize that he is on trial.

Mr. Harrison did not attend the Supreme Court centennial in New York on account of the sad bereavement in the homes of two of his cabinet members.

—Beautiful weather.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

[illegible]

LAM + & + O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

DEALERS IN

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.
Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.
All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

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A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic.)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.
Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE, Late of Staunton, Va.

JOS. E. ROLLINS, Late Asst. Cashier Va. Valley Bank, Staunton, Va

TYREE + & + ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Staunton Sole Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Dr. Bull's Pain Killer.
Positively Guaranteed.
[illegible]

GOOD FLOUR.
[illegible]

BONANZA

HOME NEWS.

—Daily Leased.

—Wonder when the matter with our correspondent this week.

—B. S. Yeager, Esq., of Grantsville, was in town Tuesday.

—C. A. Lightner, Esq., was in the city Tuesday.

—Frank Williams, Esq., of Mill Point was in our city Monday.

—S. H. Moore, Esq., of Arnoldsburg was in town last Friday.

—E. T. Maxey, of Parkersburg, was in Huntersville last Saturday.

—J. C. Hay, Esq., of Edray was in our city last Saturday.

—S. H. Moore, Esq., of Edray was in town last Saturday.

—Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Herold, of Frost was in town last Saturday.

—A few cases before Justice Grose last Saturday.

—Rev. W. T. Price, of Marlinton, went to see his Monday.

—W. S. Yeager, of Baltimore, was in town Tuesday night.

—H. A. Yeager, Esq., of Cheyenne Wyoming Ty., was in town Tuesday.

—Davis Dilley, Esq., of Dilley's Mill, started Monday, for Red Oak, Montgomery Co., Iowa.

—Mr. John W. Warwick, of Edray made us a pleasant call last Saturday.

—Messrs. John Driscol, Charles Steinmyre, Sam Wissinger and Geo. Baxter were in town Monday night.

—We are requested to announce there will be a shooting match at Hickory hollow near Huntersville on Feb. 22nd.

—Attorney H. S. Rucker returned Sunday evening from a week's business trip in Lewisburg, and Lewisburg.

—The Baltimore conference M. E. Church South will convene in Baltimore this on the 12th day of March, Bishop W. W. Duncan presiding.

—Mr. James Dyrkop, died at his home in Lewisburg on the 1st inst., of bronchitis aged 65 years and 10 months.

—Miss Roberta A. Baird died at the residence of her brother A. M. Beard, Esq., in Renick's Valley Greenbrier Co., on the 30 inst., of cancer, in the 56th year of her age.

—Bold heads are too many when they may be covered with a luxuriant growth of hair by using the best of all restorers, Hall's Hair Renewer.

—For the restoration of faded and gray hair to its original color and freshness, Ayer's Hair Vigor remains unrivaled. This is the most popular and valuable toilet preparation in the world; all who use it are perfectly satisfied that it is the best.

—S. Shakerman, Esq., was in town Monday night until about 11 o'clock at he was returning to his boarding place across the creek, in the dark he saw by the light of his cigar in the road some one with his gallon over his face jump behind one of the large trees. Mr. Shakerman thinking some one was waiting the handsome coin of money that was known to be on his person, retraced his steps with a leap up and a jump and stayed in town that night.

—A beautiful young lady became so sadly disfigured with pimples and blotches that it was feared she would die of grief. A friend recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which she took, and was completely cured. She is now one of the fair set of the fair.

NOTICE.—Having been admitted by a goodly number of my old customers to conduct the living business I have concluded to do nothing all positions may be benefited by my ability.

Jan. 31. JOSEPH D. SMITH.

Mill Point Items.

For the month ending Jan. 31:

Mrs. Harriet Hutchinson,	1 letter,	
Mrs. C. A. Kistler,	1	"
Mrs. Hattie Lester,	1	"
Miss Carrie E. Thomas	2	"
Joseph Bradley	2	"
Mrs. Isabell E. Kelso	1	"

Parties calling for above will please say they were advertised.

H. W. WARWICK, P. M.

Marlinton Merchants.

During the recent visit, several calls were made on the Merchants.

There was also quite a run of logs with the Driscoll brand.

It is rumored hereabouts, that the missing Knepp, is yet among the living, not taking the hint that knows no waking, as man i supposed.

During the parties unexpected absence to both, on special missionary service, there will be no preaching at Marlins Bottom church next Sabbath, Feb., 10th. The appointment will be carried on to the 3rd Sabbath of March.

H. K. S.

Traveller's Repose Locals.

We have a good prayermeeting at the church, near here every Wednesday night. All the young converts that professed at Brother Ballenger's meeting appear to take a great interest in the meeting. May the good work go on.

B. M. Yeager, is having a large lot of cherry logs hauled together near here, which he will have sawed this spring.

J. L. Arbogast, who fell on ice and split his nose open on the 14th day of last December, is improving slowly. He can walk a little by the help of one crutch.

I notice that the writer from Brush Run forgot to say, when Professor Brubaker starts home with his better half. He can only stand part of the long walk up the mountain. He also forgot to say the prospects are bright for a wedding at Mr. J. W. Tiller's by the near future.

The snow is about two inches deep of this writing. We have had our little snow this winter, and no mo. Sleighs and skates appear to be useless property this winter.

Preston Teary, who has been working at the lumber camp at Winchester, had the misfortune to have his leg mashed in twain below the knee, by a log jumping off the slide.

B. B. Kerr, has completed a sheep stable, which will stable three hundred sheep. For architecture and convenience, this stable beats anything we have ever seen.

Abner Dillinger will soon close his 8th term of school at the Hoover school house.

W. P. Gregg has built a large house on his farm and will move into it soon.

Another violent attack of La Grippe made its appearance on Brush Run in a most singular form. It is to be feared that a relapse will dishearten Y. B. Brubaker's work.

Rev. Green Kennedy who has many times graduated Brubaker's school house has had a few attacks of "grip."

Reading THE TIMES success, I am,

JESSIE GILMER.

Railroad Accident.

A terrible accident occurred on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad near the big Pennsylvania tunnel between Hinton and Lowell in this state. The switch had been left open, and a freight train, dashing along at a pretty rate, shot out of the track and into the signal station, which was built near the track and in the bank of the New River. The little house was torn from its foundation and, with the telegraph operator carried into the river. The locomotive and tender also went over. The operator, engineer and fireman were drowned.

FOR THE BLOOD.

Nothing equals Brown's Iron Bitters as a tonic and blood purifier. For all diseases of the blood or liver, use Brown's Iron Bitters.

Pocahontas Items.

On the 18th, shooting took place at the residence, in Washington, of Hon. F. Tracy, Secretary of War, was instant, and one of his daughters Mary, was suffocated, and the French maid was burned to death, and his wife died from injuries received in the fall from the window in her effort to escape, and he himself was rendered unconscious by suffocation from the smoke, and was with great difficulty rescued and saved. It was a terrible affair.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

PARKER, S. DAK. Jan. 18, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never met a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and the effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORDUCH, M. D.
Office, 910 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Slaughter SALE.

In order to make room for our Spring Stock we have decided to offer the Biggest Bargains ever offered in this town in

Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods.

At far below Cost for cash

READ THE FOLLOWING.

Mens Overcoats from	$4.50 to $6.00
Mens All Wool Suits	$6.75
Mens & Boys hats from	15c to $1.50
Buck Skin Gloves	75c
All Wool Under Shirts	75c to $1.00
" " Top "	75c to $1.00
Ladies Hose	5c to 7c
Lace trimings	1c to 7c
Mens Overalls	25c to 75c

And many other things equally as cheap.

Call and see me.

JACOB BONER.

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, Pocahontas county W. Va., February 8th, 1888.

Jesse T. Hartman, Pl'ff.
vs. In Chy.
Isaac Hartman's Adm'r &c. Def'ts.

All persons interested in above cause are hereby notified, that I will proceed at my office on Saturday, March 24th, 1888, to take the following accounts:

1st. A further settlement of the accounts of W. L. Brown Adm'r of Isaac Hartman dec'd.

2nd. An account of the funds under the control of this Court in this cause.

3rd. An account seeking distribution of said funds amongst the parties entitled thereto.

4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent or suggested by any party to said cause and by the rules of the Circuit Court of said County proper to be stated in the April term thereof, 1888, and the Court next thereafter, at which time said parties are required to attend.

JAMES F. McCOY, C. C. C.

Feb 15-4t. prices fee $7.50

NOTICE TO LIEN HOLDERS.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise, on the real estate or any part thereof, of S. B. Price:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made in a cause therein pending, in which the real estate of the said S. B. Price is the subject of the suit, I, the undersigned Commissioner of said Court, will, in pursuance of the order of said decree, proceed to ascertain the liens upon the said real estate of the said S. B. Price, which are now subsisting and valid, and the priorities between the same, at my office, in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on or before the 22nd day of February 1888.

Given under my hand this 25th day of Jany., 1888.

C. F. MOORE, Com'r.

Jan 25-4t. prices fee $5.00

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Lassitude, Want of Energy, Nervousness, and all diseases requiring a tonic. Will not blacken the teeth or cause headache. Will cure Malaria, Chills and Fever, and is the only iron medicine that can be taken by women and children with perfect safety.

Fiduciary Notice.

The following is a list of Fiduciaries whose accounts are before me for my consent:

Levi Gay, late Sheriff, and as such Adm'r of Joseph H. Tyree.

John Logan, adm'r of Robert D. McClintock dec'd.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.
Comm'r of such a for Pocahontas County.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas county W. Va., on the first Monday in Feb. of 1888.

Samuel Jolly, Pl'ff.
vs. In Chy.
Harry C. Massey, Def't.

The object of this suit is to sell a tract of land on Brown's Mountain in Pocahontas County, in said Virginia, the same last sold by the plaintiff, Samuel Jolly, to the defendant Harry C. Massey, to pay the Pro last installment of purchase money due on same of $65.00, with interest on first installment from September 15th 1883, and interest on the second installment from September 15th, 1884, until paid and the costs of this suit.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Harry C. Massey is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia. It is ordered that he appear here within two months after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in the said

JOHN J. BRAND, Clk.

McClintic, p. q.
Feb 16 4 t. prices fee $7.00

Commissioner's Notice.

M. P. Slaven
vs.
S. D. Price.

All parties interested will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a Decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause,

ON THE 2nd DAY OF OCTOBER, 1888

I shall proceed as Commissioner of said Court, at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 23rd day of February, 1888, to take, state and report the following matters and accounts:

1st. An account of all the liens against the lands of the defendant S. D. Price; with their amount, nature and priorities.

2nd. An account showing what lands are owned by the said S. D. Price their location and probable value, and whether the same will rent in any years for a sufficient sum to pay off and discharge the liens on the same.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

C. F. MOORE, Commissioner.

Jan 30-4t. prices fee $7.00

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To the Creditors of William Burr, dec'd

In pursuance of a Decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas, made at a court therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Wm. Burr to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Wm. Burr, with affidavits, to L. Mc Slaven Commissioner, at his office in the said County, on or before the 11th day of February 1888.

Witness, John J. Beard, Clerk of the said Court, this 7th day of January 1888.

JOHN J. BEARD, Clk.

Prices fee $4.00 Jan. 4-4t.

FOR THE BEST FURNITURE CHAIRS AND FINEST TRIMMED

to the county, go to

G. M. BOOKWALTER,
AUCTIONEER, UNDERTAKER AND CABINET MAKER,
Dunmore, W. Va.

FLOUR.

I have on hand to-day 200 bbls. the of a local which I will sell at $5.50 per bbl. This is cash, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. BARNHART.

SCIATICA DAYS RADICALLY CURED by Brown's Iron Bitters. Sciatica is a form of neuralgia, and is very painful. Brown's Iron Bitters relieves pain, and cures by building up the system.

Notice.

To the Stockholders of the Marlinton, Lewisburg and East Kanawha Railroad Company.

You will take notice that the first regular meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company will be held at the Law Office of C. J. Whitzel in the town of Lewisburg, W. Va., on the 20th day of February, 1888, for the purpose of organizing, and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Notice is also given that the books of said company are opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and will be found in the possession of C. J. Whitzel at his office in Lewisburg.

By order of a majority of the stockholders.

H. J. WELL,
S. T. HANNA,
J. A. HANNA,
L. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN A. PRESTON.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MILL POINT.

I offer for sale my property at Mill Point, which consists of a New Flouring Mill, in fine order and has a good custom; one old Mill House with a Carding Machine in it; Two Dwelling Houses, one nearly new; one Blacksmith shop and Wagon shop, Stable sheds &c., and twelve and a half acres of land.

Reasons for selling health has failed in mill business.

Price and terms reasonable.

For further particulars Address,

T. ELLIS HOGE.

Mill Point, Pocahontas Co. W. Va.

A. D. SMITH,
Marlinton, W. Va.

UNDERTAKER.

Is prepared to furnish and deliver Coffins upon very short notice and at reasonable prices.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

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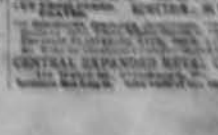

EXPANDED METAL

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Hunters-ville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	1 yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 5 00
Two in.	1 50	2 00	3 00	10 00
Quarter col'n	3 00	4 00	5 00	15 00
Half col'n	5 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
One col'n	10 00	20 00	30 00	50 00

Reading notices, ten cents per line, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.50 in advance; after 6 months, $1.75; after 12 months, $2.00

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 13, 1890.

HENRY WATTERSON'S LUCK.

I suppose more stories could be told about Watterson than any man who has ever stepped foot upon a turf track, and they are all as full of interest as a hickory nut is full of meat. I remember something that happened in New York in the fall of 1882. I shall relate it to show the luck that Watterson has enjoyed in every alone he was born. I was with him at the time, Edgar Johnson, of Cincinnati, who was ex-Governor Hoadley's law partner, and myself met Watterson at Cincinnati and we traveled on to Gotham. Johnson is a great poker player, and he had most of our good coin before we reached our destination. * * * *

It was on a Saturday afternoon. Crickmore had beaten Hindoo in a special race. A vast crowd was present—I should say twenty thousand of New York's fashionables. The beautiful race track pulsated with enthusiasm. We had been told that Hindoo was invincible. Excellent judges of horseflesh like Jim Lawrence, the secretary of the club; Benny Bradford, Charlie Reed, Josiah Hulburt, Jimmy Lee, in fact all the talent was on Hindoo because of the form he had shown. We were on Hindoo also, much to our intense disgust. Crickmore had taken Hindoo by the head and run him to a standstill. All this time our board bill at the Everett had been increasing. We had just begun to realize this fact. After the Hindoo-Crickmore contest we had just $15 left. I went into the telegraph office and was about to wire home for more money. I think I had partially written my message when Watterson approached.

"What are you doing old man?" he asked.

"Sending home for some more stuff. We can't go much further on what we have," I replied.

"For heaven's sake, don't do that. The boys will never cease guying us," urged Watterson. "Give me what money you have and see what I can do." So I handed over what I had. I think it was $8. I'll never forget Watterson's remark as he left me. With a wave of his hand he gayly remarked, "I'll meet you in the gloaming," and disappeared in the crowd. I moved along leisurely toward the betting, wondering what Watterson would do.

The next race was the final event of a long and really sensational programme. It was a dash of three-quarters of a mile and there was a long array of starters. I should say at least a dozen, all good, second-class horses. Warfield, the representative of the Brooklyn Stable, and Cridge, a very clever sprinter, divided the honors of first choice between them. It was a great betting race. The money fairly poured into the box. I caught sight of Watterson but once. He was standing by the gate leading to the saddling paddock talking to Charley Reiser, who was dressed in the cherry and black of the Rancocas stable. Shaver was Pierre Lorillard's second jockey. He was to ride a War Dance filly called Sly Dance, which nobody paid any attention to. The filly had been running very poorly, and the odds in the books were 30 to 1 against her.

The field got a magnificent send-off and, composed in a chunk of dust, the racers bowled merrily along the back stretch. Presently I saw the red and blue sash of the Dwyers forge to the front. It was Warfield. He was now well in the lead. Cridge was second. The pace was terrific. By three quarter post there was a stump of trees and I lost sight of the leaders for a moment. At the head of the stretch Warfield was still in front, but McLaughlin's whip arm was clearing the air. Cridge was overhauling him fast, and the crowd cried "Cridge wins!" A furlong from the winning post one of the contestants was seen to swerve to the outside of the track. But the rider quickly pulled the animal together and then came in with a frightful burst of speed. It was Sly Dance. The beautiful chestnut filly was running like a wild horse. Every muscle in Shaver's body was in motion. Midway past the grand stand Sly Dance took the lead and won by an open length.

I was watching the crowd file out of the gates and standing beside Congressman Scott when Watterson suddenly seized us both by the arm.

"Well," I asked, "what luck?"

"Bully," was Watterson's rejoinder, at the same time displaying three $5 French tickets on Sly Dance. These tickets paid $250 each. I did not telegraph for money that night.

The Atlantic-Pacific Railway Tunnel, the great project of "Brick" Pomery, is really being cut through the main range of the Rocky Mountains, sixty miles due west from Denver. It will shorten railway distance 250 miles between Denver and Salt Lake City. More than 4,000 persons are now financially interested in the enterprise. The Tunnel will be five miles long and 4,400 feet below the top of Gray's Peak. The company enters the year 1890 entirely free from floating debt, all its bills paid and work going ahead day and night in both ends of the Tunnel. By the use of modern machinery from six to ten feet headway is gained every day. More than 250 veins of gold and silver will be crossed by the Tunnel and its mineral rights alone will be worth millions. At the late election Pomeroy was elected President, and given the entire management for ten years. The company has money sufficient to carry on its work, and is taking rank among the greatest enterprise in the country. To those who care to know of it, a large descriptive illustrated pamphlet will be sent free. Address, Mark M. Pomeroy, President 234 Broadway, New York City.

She—You are very kind to invite me to go sleighing, but—did your horse ever run away?

He—Often. You see, I am careless about horses, and often let the reins fall to the bottom of the sleigh and drive with my feet.

She—I'll go.

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My mill is situated near Alexander Rider's. Resptfully,

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

ACHE

in the least of so many lives that have to where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

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Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeil.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Herold.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { U. S. Beard, W. G. Hannah, O. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Ba ker.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is terry term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
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Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

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Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

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DR. I. H. MEYMOUTH,
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Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

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Poor, Foolish Men.

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PRETTY IS AS PRETTY DOES.

Oh, here's to the miss
With the chocolate-drop kiss,
Whose cheeks are like peaches and cream,
Whose smile is like wine
And whose eyes are divine
As the fairest I see in my dream.
She dances her ma
And "talks back" to her pa,
And bevels her hours employ,
She's pretty to see,
But please excuse me—
I would dare not marry the toy.

And here's to the girl—
A plain featured pearl—
Who scatters wherever she goes
Such kind words and deeds
As every heart needs—
Like perfume is sown by the rose.
Her hands she employs
In bringing fresh joys
To the souls that are burdened with strife,
If nought shall prevent
And win her consent
Some time I shall call her my wife.

LOST IN A MINE.

They were talking about the recent mining disaster at San Leandro that brought the conversation around to mining accidents generally, and finally one of the party recalled the Comstock terror of two years ago, when a cave in the Gould & Curry buried nine men alive.

"I had a pretty ugly experience in the mines myself eight years ago," said one of the party, an ex-Nevadan.

"I was a boy of 14 or 15 then, with about as little sense of prudence as most boys of that age, and I had a chum about as old, who was as careless as myself.

"We lived to the north end of Virginia City, and had a big back yard in which we always planned our expeditions. One day, in poking around that big yard I we found near an old shed a big iron ring. This was fastened to a heavy plank cover that hid the mouth of an old shaft. This cover was hid by a couple of inches of dirt.

"When the first big excitement struck the Comstock everybody went to digging, and now the whole side of Mt. Davidson is as full of abandoned shafts as a Swiss cheese is of holes. Within the town limits all the abandoned shafts are filled up or covered so as to keep belated pedestrians out of them. The mine we discovered in the corner of the yard had been too extensively worked to allow of its being filled up, and therefore had been covered up as described.

"We didn't lose much time in prying up that cover and beginning the exploration of what we found. The shaft was evidently an upraise from some drift of the lower mines, for it went down at an angle of about 45. As soon as we had descended 50 feet we saw that the workings had been very extensive indeed, for drifts and stopes went off from the main shaft in every direction. We went into several of these but always found ourselves stopped by a cave, for the workings were very old. Some shovels and picks that we discovered were almost gone with rust, and the timbers where they stood were lost and crushed and rotten. By guarded inquiries we found that it was in the ground of the Ophir Mining Company, and a drift had probably been extended to this place in an attempt to strike a ledge in the west. We knew that the old workings must connect with it somewhere, for the air was good and there was a steady up draught.

"Finally the idea took possession of us to go from our mine into some of the working ones and come up that way.

"The Andes shaft was only a few hundred yards from our mine, and we knew they must be connected. We knew enough about the mines to take what we thought were sufficient precautions against getting lost. The grain of the rock showed us the directions as surely as a compass, so we were not at all apprehensive. We thought that we might be down for several hours, however, and so took along a number of extra candles and some lunch. Thus fixed we began to clamber down the old shaft. A hundred feet below the surface we found some more drifts, and spent an hour or so in them. But all were either blocked with caves or else stopped in the solid porphyry. So we had to go on clambering down the incline.

"Ben was ahead, and I saw him stop, and then he shouted back to me:

"'This is the bottom.'

"He stood clear of the walls and lifted up his candle to examine the place.

"'This is the bottom,' he repeated.

"'Are you sure?' I called back.

"'Yes; I—'

"I saw his candle disappear, amid a crash. He called to me that it was all right, and to come down, and I cautiously followed, though I could not see his light anywhere. Soon I found out what was the matter. The miners had built a platform across the shaft, probably to prevent things from rolling down and my companion's weight had broken through the planks that had been placed in position so long before. He had only slid a few yards down the incline, and, barring a few scratches, was unhurt. A very little way below the old platform we struck the 200 foot level of the mine, and started off to explore the tunnels. After following a crooked old tunnel we came to a point where it forked.

"We entered the left hand tunnel, but found that it extended less than 20 yards. When we came to a standstill against the wall of rock Ben put his candle close to the wall to observe the grain of the porphyry. He made an exclamation of surprise. By the grain of the rock we had been traveling almost north, when we thought we were making good progress to the south. When or how we had got 'turned around' we could not tell, but there was no possibility of doubt about it.

"We lost no time in retracing our steps, but to our surprise when we came to the crooked tunnel again we saw the mouths of three drifts instead of two. We took the tunnel that led to the right and were gratified to find that it turned to the south after a few yards. It ended in an incline something like the one by which we had entered the mine. Down this went Ben, while I waited above, so as to be able to direct him back with my voice. Soon I heard him calling to me and I followed.

"'Look here,' said Ben, putting his candle close to a stunted timber.

"I looked and saw a chalk mark.

"'We've gone round in a circle somehow,' said Ben. 'There is the whetstone you fell over. We had better follow our marks back and try it again some other time.'

"I was willing, and we walked back, occasionally stopping to see the marks on the timbers.

"'I didn't notice those things before, did you?' said my companion, as we passed half a dozen rusty picks that must have been lying there a decade, at least.

"'I hadn't noticed them either, and soon we bumped our heads against an old lantern hanging from the top of the drift. We hadn't met that before. Then we saw more unfamiliar things, and we noticed that there was water inside the old car track, while the drifts by which we had come were all dry as a bone.

"We looked at one another and evidently the same thought passed through both our minds, but we kept on and soon our fears were realized. The tunnel ended in what had been, years before, a cooling station, a place where the miners ate their lunch and rested and cooled off when they were working in the neighboring drifts. We had followed some one else's chalk marks, and we had no idea of our whereabouts.

"'We can't get out the way we came,' said Ben, 'and no work is done in the upper levels, so what we've got to do is to get down as far as we can, and we're bound to run across some miners.' Then we began trying to find ourselves. We took the nearest tunnel and followed it until we came to a shaft with ladders in it. These ladders were crumbling and had evidently not been used for years, but we were not heavy and they did not break. Down we climbed to another level. This we followed as before.

Whenever we came to a shaft we threw a fragment of rock down to ascertain how deep it was. Then we would climb down as far as we could. We had just reached one level when a rushing sound broke the stillness. The noise startled us for an instant, but hurrying ahead we saw hundreds of rats coming out of a small tunnel at the mouth of which stood a smoldering old ore car.

"This cheered us, for we decided that men must frequent some place near there, or the rats, which in the mines live on the remains of the miners' lunches, could get nothing to eat. But though we hunted until we had to stop and cry again, we could find no one. Down an incline we went and struck a tunnel that had evidently been used more lately than the others. As we turned into it we saw a spark away off. Soon we saw that it was a candle carried by a miner. We let out a shout, but to our amazement and horror the miner dropped his candle and ran as if forty devils were chasing him. We hurried after him and picked up his candle, but he must have turned into some other drift, for we could not find him, and our weary search soon became as hopeless as before. We had by this time been in the mine a good many hours and had cried ourselves sick. No matter which way we turned, there was the same dead cold walls of rock. The pencil signs were useless, they seemed to lead nowhere. We passed several old cooling stations and at last we got to one and stopped. We were utterly exhausted, and with all our misery choking us we swallowed some of our lunch, blew out our candles and, sobbing each other's hands, fell asleep.

"I remember that my last thought before I became unconscious was that a long time afterward they would find our bodies, and I think I even composed my face and arranged my limbs so as to make a more effective corpse.

"Nothing about this struck me as being funny. Indeed, I felt at anything. We must have slept a good many hours, and my next recollection is of our lying there together, sobbing, in the dense darkness. Suddenly I became conscious of a low, continued roar as of water over a long way off. My companion heard it and we listened, dully wondering what it could be. We finally lit a candle, one the last of our lunch and started to find out. We had both been down the mine frequently before and had no fear of the darkness or the rats, as we went without hesitation. It was not hard to follow the noise. Along tunnels, down short upraises and up inclines we went until we struck our corridor. We followed on toward the noise. It was louder here, and as we advanced it grew into a perfect roar that filled the tunnel.

"Soon we run into a wall of wood from behind which the noise came. We peered through a chink in the plank partition and saw a broad moving line. It was the cable that hoists the cage, and that is what made the noise.

We watched through the chink in the boards until we saw a cage loaded with rocks go up and then began to think how we could reach the point from which the cage had started. We knew that we were very far under ground, for the rocks that we threw down at frequent shafts splashed in the water at the bottom. It was not long before we found a deep shaft, and down that we clambered. As we neared the bottom we heard another rumbling—an ore car running along the tramway. We shouted as we went down the ladders and the carman answered our cry. Soon we were standing by him while he looked us over with wonder.

"'Where are we?' we both shouted, as soon as could speak.

"'This is the 1,200-foot level of the Crown Point,' he answered.

"We had gone a mile and a half under the ground and nearly a third of a mile down. We were sick and bruised and hungry and our clothes were torn almost off of us. It was ten o'clock in the morning when we entered the old incline, and it was nearly 4 o'clock the next morning when the carman found us. In an hour or all we had been fed and sent in charge of a miner on the cage to daylight again."

First Burglar—"Pard, the jig is up. No breaking into that bank to-night." Second Burglar—"What's the matter? Are the detectives onto us?" First Burglar—"No; I saw the president and cashier buying tickets for Montreal this morning."

Women is an enigma. She will face a frowning world and cling to the man she loves through the bitter season of trial and adversity, but she wouldn't wear a hat three weeks behind the style to save the Government.

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN F. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered as 2d Class matter at Huntersville, W. Va., Postoffice.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 20, 1890.

STATE SENATOR.

This is Pocahontas' turn in the ninth State Senator and our county-mates POCAHONTAS unanimous in asking the name of Attorney C. F. Moore as the suitable man to lead the Democrats to victory in the coming election, which we most heartily endorse.

The republicans, next year, will make a greater effort than ever before to get control of the Legislature, and what we want and must have, is a man who will be a sure winner and who can be thoroughly relied on when elected, and we know of no other man who will more fully meet all the requirement than the above mentioned gentleman.

Trade.

Last year the Eastern States suffered most severely from the heavy floods, the far Western States having escaped almost entirely.

In 1890 the reverse promises to be the case. The heavy snows and the tremendous fall over-swollen watercourses, and the copious warm rains of the past week have set the water to running in great volumes.

Reports of disasters have begun to arrive from different parts of Oregon, California, Washington, Colorado and elsewhere, and the danger ahead seems to be the greatest ever known from such a source across the settlement of that section. Many cities and towns are cut off by the water from all communication with the outside world, and enormous loss of property and some loss of life is feared.

It is to be hoped that the fears so freely expressed are exaggerated, and that later news from the flooded country will be of a more cheerful cast.

A rumor comes up from Charleston that Judge Snyder, of the Supreme Court of Appeals, will soon tender his resignation. It is to be hoped that the rumor is without foundation as he is about the ablest jurist on the Supreme Bench. The reason assigned is that the work is too severe for him. Judge Snyder is now serving his second term. In the event of his resignation we know of no man we would rather see as his successor than Judge Homer A. Holt, of Lewisburg.—Mountain Herald.

The Beaucke Machine Works now employ 1,400 men. The payroll last month amounted to over $55,000.

Mary L. C. Ross, was shot and killed in Staunton, a few days ago by Annie B. Grimsley, and Beey Strother as accessary; all colored, and of a low character.

The date for the unveiling of the Lee monument at Richmond has been changed from the 15th to the 29th of May next, to suit the convenience of several distinguished gentlemen whose presence is considered important.

A great suit, arising out of Louisiana Lottery stock, and involving $3,000,000 has been begun against John A. Morris, owner of Morris Park. He will be defended by ex-President Cleveland.

Frank P. Slavin has declined the California A. C.'s offer of a purse for him and Joe McAuliffe to box for. The boy he does not wish to engage in any ruinous match." He will wait until Sullivan and Jack are got through and then offer to meet the winner for $5,000 to $12,000 a side.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, February, 14.—If Mr. Reed's purpose, the republican members of the House, have forcibly obeyed their masters orders and the new Rules have been adopted by the House. The democrats made manly protests against being robbed of their rights but their arguments did not cause a single republican to vote against the edict of the boss—nobody supposed they would. Now that the bars are down and that Congress practically consists of Speaker Reed and the Senate there is great rejoicing among that thrifty class of people who thrive on extravagant government appropriations, and if one may judge from the number of schemes now before Congress calling for large amounts of money which seem to have the endorsement of leading republicans, they have reason for rejoicing. If only one fourth of the money asked for should be voted by Congress, the Treasury would be empty. The country may safely count on the democrats of the House to keep it posted on what is going on if they cannot check the proposed extravagance.

Senator Blair spoke four days on his educational bill this week. The opponents of this measure in the Senate have been working very quietly to defeat it, and now they are confidently claiming that a majority of the Senators are pledged to vote against it. In spite of this claim the general impression is that the bill will pass.

Col. Lamont, who was formerly Mr. Cleveland's private secretary, was in Washington this week for part of a day. He said his visit was a business one, but lots of people thought there might have been just a little politics mixed up with the business.

The democratic congressional campaign committee is practically complete, and further announcement as to its organization is not likely to be made until it is definitely known whether Senator Gorman will accept the chairmanship of the committee, which is now being urged upon him by the party leaders.

The hearings in the Ohio ballot box forgeries investigation, which were used by Ohio republicans to get even with each other on old scores, have been closed, all witnesses discharged and the committee adjourned subject to the call of its chairman. The last hearing was highly sensational. Forsker called Greenawalt a liar, and Wood stated that the forged document was prepared by Forsker, Haddon and himself. Wood has been directed in a good many lies, but there are lots of folks who believe he was pretty near the truth in this last statement.

How's this for paternal government? Bills have been introduced by republicans in both Houses to prohibit any changes being made in the boundaries of any Congressional district until after Congress shall have made the apportionment of Representatives on the returns of the census to be taken this year. If Congress, or a majority thereof, can make such a law there is no limit to what it may not do.

Representative Grosvenor, of Georgia, Ferd's Washington hotel because a negro was seated at the same table with him. Public opinion here says Mr. Grosvenor did right.

Representative Blount's bill authorizing the Postmaster General to erect post office buildings in all towns where the gross receipts exceed $5,000 a year is warmly approved by Mr. Wanamaker.

Senator Moody has introduced a bill providing for the erection of a post office building in all towns of 5,000 population.

Senator Platt has introduced a bill for an agricultural commission to investigate the causes for the present unsatisfactory condition of the agricultural interests.

The post master General wants a postal telegraph system, claiming there is no reason why the Government, to be benefitted at once. He made a long argument in its favor before the House committee on Post offices this week. He believes it would be a great convenience and that it would be self sustaining.

Ex-Representative Stones, of Colorado, is here opposing Secretary Windom's silver bill. The House committee in charge of the bill have invited Mr. Windom to appear before it and submit his views.

Another big republican editor has been provided for by the administration. Charles Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia *Press* goes to Russia as minister.

The Presidential proclamation opening the Sioux reservations in South Dakota to settlement, was sent out from the White House Monday afternoon.

The anti administration republican Senators did not make much of a showing when it came to a vote on the confirmation of Mr. Morgan, the Commissioner of Indian affairs. Only two of them voted against the confirmation.

The democratic leaders in the House are now patiently waiting to ascertain just what programme the republicans propose adopting now that they have everything their own way in that body.

Don't Go West. Young Men—Go East.

The unmarried women of Massachusetts are said to have $20,000,000 on deposit in the saving banks of the State.

Mrs. Harrison thinks the proper time for a girl to marry is when she is 25 years of age, but the general opinion is that a maiden should marry when she gets a good chance.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know well from experience what he says.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.'s Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it against many times and the effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it and use according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.
☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Slaughter SALE,

In order to make room for our Spring Stock we have decided to offer the Biggest Bargains ever offered in this town in

Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods,

At far below Cost for cash.

READ THE FOLLOWING.

Mens Overcoats from	$4.50 to $8.00
Mens All Wool Suits	$6.75
Mens & Boys hats from	45c to $1.50
Buck Sain Gloves	75c
All Wool Under Shirts	75c to $1.00
" " Top "	75c to $1.00
Ladies Hose	3c to 7c
Lace Hindings	4c to 7c
Mens Overalls	25c to 70c

And many other things equally as cheap.

Call and see me.

JACOB BONER.
LEADER.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.

Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

LAM + & + O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

DEALERS IN

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.
Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.
All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mauntain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Pudge & McClintic.)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. + W. + WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.
Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

W. B. TYREE,
Late of Staunton, Va.

MR. T. ROLLINS,
Late Asst. Quarter Mas. Valley Mark, Staunton, Va.

TYREE + & + ROLLINS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, TOBACCO CIGARS, TEAS, SPICES, PAINTS OILS, &c.

Sole Owners of the Famous Tyree Club Cigar and Staunton Chewing Tobacco.

ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NO. 234 FRONT STREET,

Charleston, - - West Va

THE DETROIT FREE PRESS
One Dollar a Year Weekly Edition.
Detroit, Michigan.

BONANZA

GOOD FLOUR

HOME NEWS

—Several drummers were in town today.

—The office hopping was in town last week.

—Several new subscribers last week.

—Tax-payers are getting out in sign that spring is approaching.

—The major wing of the Dog is again heard in our distant woods.

—County Court the first Tuesday in March.

—We had quite a thunder storm Tuesday night.

—The pavement in the Hotel to Wagner is being moved to the little building opposite THE TIMES office.

—R. M. Yeager, Esq., of Travelers Repose was in to see us last week.

—Jim Moore, Esq., of this place started this morning (Wednesday) for Vine Creek, Kansas.

—Valentine day is over, and we didn't get one, but we don't feel at all slighted.

—Col. D. A. Fisher, has the foundation dug for a new dwelling house on the lot he bought, adjoining Attorney R. S. Rucker's.

—We will commence the erection of a new printing office pretty soon, which will add to the appearance of our little town.

—J. C. Lowry, Jr., has been quite sick for the past several days, but, we are glad to say, is a good deal better now.

—Thanks to Dr. Lurty, of Armstrong, for three years' subscription to THE TIMES one year back pay and two years in advance.

—If we had one thousand more subscribers like the six hundred we have we couldn't trade places with any other county paper in the State.

—A new fence, we think, would greatly improve the appearance of the court house square; it wouldn't cost much and we venture to suggest that it be done.

—Miss Gertie Godby, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jacob Bower at this place for some time started this morning (Wednesday) for her home in Baltimore.

—Capt. J. C. Lakin and Mr. Levi Gay moved down a lumber raft from Martinsburg last Thursday even. It contained about 25,000 feet of ash.—Jeffersonville News.

—Hall's Hair Renewer is free from alcohol and dyes that injure the skin. It is scientifically prepared, and will restore gray hair to its original color and vigor.

—Every lover of beautiful flowers should send 10 cents to James Vick, Rochester, N. Y., and get his Floral Guide for 1890. We have one, and it is the completest thing of the kind out. Flowers are earth's ornamentation from God's own hand, and the influence which they breathe is of divine origin.

—I have used Ayer's Pills for the past 30 years, and am satisfied I should not be alive today if it had not been for them. They cured me of dyspepsia when all other remedies failed.—T. P. Bonner, Chester, Va. Ayer's Pills are sold by all druggists.

—We hear from the Monroe Watchman, that the large frame dwelling house of Mr. Daniel Dew in Union was entirely destroyed by fire on the 7th inst., with a loss of furniture. Loss, about $1,500; partially covered by insurance.

—The great wide reputation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the natural result of its surpassing value as a blood purifier. Keeping in the front where it commands, effects more astonishing results in scrofula, rheumatism, general debility, and all forms of blood disease, than this remedy.

—Last week one our merchants got a little from Editor of "A Tax Payer." The next day we happened in his store and asked him how business was, and he said very dull; that he had sold but about $20 worth of goods. Now, counting 25 per cent. profit (which of course all merchants ought to have on their goods) and three dollars for the ad. would leave him a clear gain of twenty-two dollars for the day's work, to say nothing of the good it will do his business. Now, let us see if it does advertising pay?

The Next State Senator.

If the Democrats of this district intend to follow the custom heretofore established, of selecting their candidate, in rotation from each of the counties composing this district, the county last represented in the Senate, being entitled to the candidate; Pocahontas will be found the Candidate has arrived and we see no reason why our County should not have the next Senator. We have kept up our Democratic majority, as well if not better than any county in the Senatorial District. We have a large and growing county and our people deserve the same encouragement at the hands of the Democratic Party, for their fidelity, that has been extended to the other counties of the District, we have among us several available candidates, that would do honor to the District, but from among them all, we suggest the name of S. P. Moore, of Hunters-ville as the one best equipped in every respect to lead the Democratic Party of this District to victory next November, a gentleman affable in his manner, popular with the people, successful in his profession, ready in debate, well informed on the issues of the day and withall a sterling democrat, and we think no better or abler man could be selected, as self-standard bearer in the coming contest.

POCAHONTAS.

Dunford's Creek Items.

As I haven't seen anything from this neck of the woods for some time I will give you a line or two.

La Grippe has made its way into our neighborhood in a mild form.

The steam saw mill near A. W. Rider's is in full blast.

Gen. Baxter, Esq., is doing some surveying on Laurel creek, for the St. Lawrence Co. Chas. E. Steinhauer is also working in behalf of the same Company.

Messrs. Will Gibson, of Pratt and H. F. White of this creek, went to Greenbrier Co., last week, and brought back with them some fine cattle they purchased there.

Rev. W. T. Price, was the guest of Mr. Henry White, one night last week.

The Lonely Dale school, taught by Miss Ella Sharp has closed.

M. F. Mitchell is stepping around with his head up as much as to say he is going to get married soon and if you ask him about it, to change the conversation he will tell you of a beautiful rosy cheeked lass he got in to it with, he caught me once and let me get away.

JESSIE.

Green Bank Items.

Mr. Jas. H. Curry Sr., has been seriously ill for the past fortnight with La Grippe. His physicians evidence he is somewhat improved, but owing to his extreme old age his friends are very anxious about him. The epidemic is prevailing to such an extent that there are but few families who have not been or are now afflicted with it.

A little child of Mr. J. F. Little's has been dangerously ill for the past few days.

Mrs. Ida Brown, who had been spending a few weeks visiting friends at Winchester, returned home last week.

Miss Dora Sharp, who has been suffering from La Grippe, has so far recovered as to be able to take charge of her school again.

FALCONA.

Spruce Run.

The people of this neighborhood are making good use of the sugar weather.

Arch Ashby, has moved off the Amnes property, and is now living on the property of George W. Rodgers.

We understand that a Post Office Inspector has been visiting the Post Masters on this route. It is supposed that the government sent out this man, upon the suggestion of Mr. H. S. Rucker, to see if he could find sufficient cause for the removal of some of the Democratic Post Masters.

All those who have not received a valentine this month should send their address at once to the Valentine clique, at Marlinton, W. Va.

Mrs. Hannah Cunnan is on the sick list this week.

J. B. McNeil and T. C. Arbogast left last Monday morning, for Driscol's camp where they expect to get work.

Mrs. Mary Childers and Mrs. Susan Carter, were the guests of R. L. Overholt last Saturday and Sunday.

LUCIAN.

Brushy Run Items.

There is a great deal of sickness in this vicinity.

Mr. John Sliden is very low with the mumps.

Mrs. Arena Arbogast has been very sick with pneumonia, but we are glad to say she is convalescent.

Prof. Jas. Varner who had the misfortune to get his arm dislocated at our school house is better at this writing.

"Jessie Grose" the writer from Traveler's Repose forgot to write, that when Professor Jasper Varner starts with his best gal, he never gets further than Mrs. Susan Sliden's.

Sending and receiving valentines seems to be the order of the day.

Mr. Viola Philips one of our most influential farmers contemplates starting to the west in the near future.

We think "Jessie Grose" had teeth when he was on top of the peaches minding fun of the kind people at Brush Run, when they were seeking religion during the meeting conducted by Rev. Hannah and Arbogast he would have broke his neck.

Madam Rumor has it that Prof. Jas. Varner will soon capture the ball of our burg.

We have a good prayer meeting every Thursday night, at our school house, conducted by Mr. Arvetus Arbogast.

Mr. Jas. Varner paid Mr. James Gregg a flying visit last Sunday.

Rev. Arbogast will preach at our school house the third Sunday of this month at eleven o'clock.

Success to THE TIMES.

ZACHARIAH TOMAS.

Dunmore Gossip.

Still the grippe prevails with some.

Quite an ugly difficulty occurred between Earl Snodgrass and Jim Patterson at Glade Hill school house, on Saturday the 8th inst., in which Snodgrass stabbed Patterson twice in the stomach, one cut 2 inches long and the other 4 inches long and deep. With good care Patterson will recover. Nothing has took his snuff. The difficulty originated about a dog.

The engine on the lumber R. R. turned over and threw Capt. Smith out of the window. No one was hurt.

The lumber drive started Saturday and got as far as 18 Chimney Creek Monday and hung up.

Col. Dan O'Connell is about half done sliding his logs at this writing.

—Another log crushing machine in use at Lobey.

Miss Kesley was not seen much yet, and a great deal of sickness prevails in the neighborhood of Edray.

We notice that there are some talk of a wedding near Brush Run school house, and the Prof. will take a half dozen girls with him when he leaves or he don't want to.

We notice quite a lot of plowing has been done, over the county where we have been. That is right —farmers ought to put out more crops this year than before. Pohick has but little to do with growing crops, and that is the only cultivation for the people, since stock has gone to nothing. Pocahontas Co., ought to raise a hundred thousand bushels of oats this year.

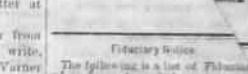
Brother Belanger preached his last sermon at Dunmore on the 16th for the conference year.

We notice that a part of the new road near the river below Dunmore has given away. Too overseer should fix it up.

We expect to have the road built round snake dam this summer and bridge across Greenbrier river at

Quirers of John L. Sullivan are pretty with a great degree of pleasure, the remarkably clever boxing the champion is doing in his theatrical engagements. They say he seems a light and active on his feet as ever. Even "sports" who do not like a big fellow praise the good form keeps himself in. He don't drink.

Hiker.



Fiduciary Notice.

The following is a list of Fiduciaries whose accounts are before me for settlement:

Levi Gay, late Sheriff, and as such Adm'r of Joseph B. Young.

John Ligon, ex'r of Robert D. McCutcheon dec'd.

JAMES W. WARWICK, Jr.

Com'r of Acct's for Pocahontas County.

S. H. Clark, Ex'or of William Clark.

J. C. Arbogast, Adm'r of James Files.

J. C. Arbogast, Adm'r of John Sharp.

J. C. Arbogast, Adm'r of Samuel Moore.

J. B. McNeil, Guardian of Ruth, William J. and John A. Young.

Exie B. Grimes, Ex'r of Sampson Buzzard.

I. B. Moore, Ex'or of Margaret J. Moore.

L. M. McELWEE,
Com'r Acc'ts.

Order of Publication.

At rules held in the Circuit Court Clerk's office of Pocahontas County, W. Va., on the first Monday in February, 1890.

Samuel Judy,
Pl'ff.
vs. In Chy.
Henry C. Masey,
Def't.

The object of this suit is to sell 93 acres of land on Brown's Mountain in Pocahontas County, and Virginia, the same fixed sold by the plaintiff, Samuel Judy, to the defendant Henry C. Masey, to pay the two last installments of purchase money due on same of $90.52, each, with interest on first instalment from September 14th 1885, and interest on the second instalment from September 10th, 1886, until paid and the costs of this suit.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Henry C. Masey is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered this be spread here within two month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit.

JOHN J. BRAND, C'k.

Mar table, p. q.
Feb 14 4t. printers fee $7.00

NOTICE TO LIEN BUILDERS.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise, on the real estate, or any part thereof, of S. D. Price:

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made on a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said S. D. Price to the satisfaction of the liens thereon, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you, and each of you against the said S. D. Price, which are liens on real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication to me at my office, in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on or before the 22nd day of February, 1890.

Given under my hand this 28th day of Jany., 1890.

C. F. MOORE, Com'r.
Jan 30 4w. printers fee $5.00

NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Greenbrier, Cranberry and Coal Knob Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the first regular meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company will be held at the Law Office of C. J. Williams in the town of Lewisburg, W. Va., on the 20th day of February, 1890, for the purpose of organizing, and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Notice is also given that the books of said company are opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and will be found in the possession of C. J. Williams at his office in Lewisburg.

By order of a majority of the stockholders.

H. T. BELL,
F. T. HUGHES,
J. S. HUGHES,
C. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN S. PRESTON.

Commissioner's Notice.

M. F. Moore
vs.
S. D. Price.

All parties interested will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause,

ON THE 2nd DAY OF OCTOBER, 1889

I shall proceed at the Commissioner's said Court, at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 22nd day of February, 1890, to take, state and report the following matters of account:

1st. An account of all the liens against the lands of the defendant S. D. Price, with their amount, dignities and priorities.

2nd. An account showing what liens are owned by the said S. D. Price, their location and probable value, and whether the same will rent in five years for a sufficient sum to pay off and discharge the liens on the same.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

C. F. MOORE, Commissioner.
Jan 30-4t. printers fee $7.00

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, Pocahontas County, W. Va., February 8th, 1890.

James T. Hartman,
vs. In Chy.
Oscar Harman's Adm'r, &c.

All persons interested in above cause is hereby notified, that I will proceed to office on Saturday, March 8th, to take the following accounts:

1st. Further settlement of the account of the funds under the control of the said Adm'r of Isaac Harman, dec'd.

2nd. An account of the funds under the control of the said Adm'r of Isaac Harman, dec'd, and the Adm'r of Isaac Harman, dec'd, and the Adm'r of Isaac Harman, dec'd, and the

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post-office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 in.	2 in.	4 in.	1 Yr.
One inch	$ 1 00	$ 2 00	$ 4 00	$ 5 00
Three in.	2 00	3 00	5 00	10 00
Qr. column	3 00	5 00	8 00	15 00
Half col'n	5 00	7 00	12 00	25 00
One col'n	10 00	15 00	20 00	50 00

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance, after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 20, 1890.

Kansas Philosophy.

There is no girl so homely that she does not enjoy her looking-glass.

Everybody thinks that other person's misfortunes is a punishment.

When a man gets angry at one he gets angry at all; when a woman gets angry at all she vents her wrath on just on one.

Our idea of a nice man is one who never has a daughter who is as pretty to him as his wife.

When a man quits smoking a pipe on the streets it is a sign that he is becoming ambitious.

Woman's hand may be pale and deligate, but she can pick up a hot-ter plate than a man.

Poor women! Eve was the only woman of her sex who did not have her garments made fun of.

When women learn to hold their tongues, the people will be glad; when funny speakers lose their lungs, the people will be glad. When at the show, no babies cry, when ladies' hats are not so high, when all infernal liars die, the people will be glad. When small boys play no more the drum, the people will be glad; when jokers all deaf and dumb, the people will be glad. When rich men pay no honest debts, when in the filled stray hair gets, when cuff will be no longer wets, the people they glad. When plumbers be they glad; agents, the people when blind men are glad. When men, the people will be as steel, lemen's smiles of banana peel, ween there's no make women, when cats no ill be glad, squet, the poor the poor never fail to exert the right of criticism.

There is jealousy that will compare the feeling of a sick man who sees more attention paid to one who is not as sick as he.

A most melancholy object to go to the second-hand store is a tried note, "God Bless Our Home," silently tells of a home [illegible].

I saw the other day a woman with a dollar and her hair done up papers—knows how he looks on being a share.

You [illegible] when you were lying if you'd feel this morning put yourself to bed earlier and not so tired had more sleep, you go to bed any earlier to-night.

People go the least to churches those are grown are sometimes when were compelled to sit over service when [illegible].

And another mistake when [illegible] a man out of a job knows where to find his clothes.

[illegible] another to [illegible] his wife when for [illegible] to her [illegible] have to [illegible] said [illegible] with [illegible].

Any boy can work well the first day on a new job; it is the boy who works well the day 's time he learns who deserves the credit.

If you think you know everything there is to know, get out your children's geography and let some one ask you questions.

Etiquette Points for Boys.

Keep step with any one you walk with.

Never play with knife, fork or spoon.

Use your handkerchief unobtrusively always.

Hat lifted in saying "good-bye" or "how do you do."

Do not take you napkin in a bunch in your hand.

Rise when ladies leave the room and stand until they are out.

In the dining room take your seat after ladies and elders.

Let the ladies pass through a door first, standing aside for them.

Let a lady pass first always unless she asks you to precede her.

If all go out together, gentlemen stand by the door till ladies pass.

Eat as fast or slow as others, and finish the course when they do.

Hat lifted when offering a seat in a car or in acknowledging a favor.

Look people strait in the face when speaking or being spoken to.

Rise if a lady comes in after you are seated, and stand until she takes a seat.

In the parlor stand until every lady in the room is seated, also older people.

Cover the mouth with hand or napkin when obliged to remove anything from it.

Do not look toward a bedroom when passing. Always knock at a private door.

Hat off the moment you enter a street car, and when you step into a private hall or office.

Always precede a lady up stairs, but ask her if you may precede her in passing through a crowd or public place.

What is a Model Wife.

A model wife is the woman in whom the heart of her husband doth safely trust.

She is a woman who looks after his household, and makes her hospitality a delight to him and not a burden.

Who has learned that a soft answer will turn away wrath.

Who keeps her sweetest smiles and most loving words for her husband.

Who is confident in sorrow or in joy, and who does not feel the necessity of explaining her private affairs to her neighbors.

Who respects the rights of her husband and children, and in return has due regard paid her.

Who knows that the strongest argument is her womanliness and so she cultivates it.

Who is sympathetic in joy or in grief, and who finds work for her hands to do.

Who makes friends and keeps them.

Who is not made bitter by trouble, but who strengthens and sweetens under it.

Who tries to conceal the faults of her husband rather than blazen them forth to an uninterested public.

The woman whose life book has love written on every page.

Who makes a home for a man—home in house and in heart. A home that he is sure of, a home that he is full of love, presided over by one whose price is above rubies.

She is the model wife.

Visitor—Well, Doctor, how's business?

Doctor—Good. Got two new cases in the next room.

Visitor—What! "La grippe?"

Doctor—No. Beer.

Neuralgic Persons

Find instant relief from excruciating suffering in Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine have trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

"I want to send a telegram to my husband," said an excited young woman, who came hurrying into a Western Union telegraph office the other morning.

"Very well," replied the operator in attendance. "There are some blanks, and, of course, the briefer it is the less it will cost to send it."

"Oh, I know that," she replied, and then she wrote:

DEAR GEORGE:—I've something too dreadful to tell you, but please don't get excited, dear, for it can't be helped now, and baby and I are perfectly safe. I don't know how it ever happened and cook says she don't know, and none of us can account for it, but the house caught fire last night and burned to the ground. Just think of it! Did you ever hear of anything so perfectly dreadful in all of your life? I'm half wild over it. But please keep calm, dear. Baby and I are safe, and most of the things were saved, and you mustn't think of anything but how much worse it might have been. What if baby had been burned! O, George! don't it make you shudder to think of it? But the dear little darling is perfectly safe, and of course we went right straight to mamma's, and you can't think how frightened she was until she knew we were safe. And I know just how shocked you'll be, you poor, dear boy, but as baby and I are safe you oughtn't to mind anything else. I can't imagine how the fire started. Can you? Do you suppose some one set the house on fire? Oh, it's too dreadful to think of. Come right home. MAMIE.

P. S.—Remember that baby and I are safe. M.

"There," she said, as she handed the seven blanks she had written to the operator, "I suppose it might be condensed a little."

"Yes, I think it might," he replied, as he took a fresh blank and wrote:

"Our house burned to the ground last night. All safe. Come home. MAMIE."

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND HYPOPHOSPHITES
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

So stipulated that it can be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated, and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is made more effectual.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

EXPANDED METAL

SOMETHING NEW

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

FREE

Pisos Cure
Cures where all else fails.
Best Cough Syrup.
Tastes Good. Use in time.
Sold by druggists.
Consumption

Piso's Cure for Consumption, Throat and Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have pneumonia symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By druggists, 25 cents.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM

ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

CATARRH

FITS or Falling Sickness CAN BE CURED.

DRUGGISTS, BOOKS, PAPER, NOVELTIES

DROP A POSTAL CARD TO W. E. KIRWANS.

Purchasing Agency.

Owner Point and Concord Streets, Baltimore, Md., and he will furnish you the Exact Cost of any article you may need, and you will save money.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES

Every man in the County should take it, and patronize home industry. It sustains your rights, and works for the advancement of your county, which no city paper will do. It gives you the news from all parts of the county, which you could not get otherwise. It furnishes matters of interest to the Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic. It keeps you posted and gives you information, on all general news, and its columns and Miscellany are fit for all ages.

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One year in advance	$1.00
If not paid within 6 months	1.25
And at the end of the year	1.50

AND IF YOU NEED

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Dodger Envelopes, Tags, Business Cards, Official Blanks, Blank Bonds, Posters, Briefs for the Court of Appeals etc.

GET THEM AT THE TIMES

JOB OFFICE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, February 27, 1890. No. 31.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, W. A. Moffett.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Bussell.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct., C. E. Beard, J. S. D. Hannah, Geo. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is here here.

C. P. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

F. J. SNYDER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

DR. I. S. WILWORTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

DR. S. V. PATTERSON,
Physician & Surgeon,
Huntersville, W. Va.

$1,000
[illegible] will [illegible] up and be restored their [illegible] odor, vigor and [illegible].

...ts from Frost.

Sleighs are making their way to your small city, also hooping [illegible] has been raging in our town.

Miss Myrtle Hannah has gone [illegible] to attend the school taught by Mr. Walter Anderson.

We are sorry to say, Mr. Forrest Judd is quite ill at this writing.

Miss Effie Sharp is visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Mr. Lodbell Bullett is preparing to paint Mess. Hannah & Hannah's store house.

The merchants are out of wrapping paper. I suppose we'll have to do [illegible] writing or go to THE TIMES office to get it.

BOWSER RUNS THE KITCHEN.

At the supper table the other evening, when Mr. Bowser complained of the biscuit and tea, and cast an affliction to the general look of dissatisfaction which the table presented, I felt called upon to reply:

"Well, as you know, I have been feeling very miserable for three or four days and this house girl seems to be the poorest one that I ever had. She has no order or system, no taste or skill, and I won't keep her a minute after I can get around."

"If this is her style I'll go out and discharge her."

"Wait. If she was to go now you'd have to cook your own meals."

"That wouldn't hurt me any. I'll go out and ask her what she means by such conduct, anyhow."

"But I wish you wouldn't. She may flare up and leave us in the lurch."

"Let her flare! When the time comes that we can't boss our own house we'll leave it!"

"Mr. Bowser, please let the girl alone for me to deal with." I entreated.

"I'll just speak a few words to her you know," he replied, and as I went into the sitting room he went into the kitchen.

In about two minutes I heard a crash of crockery and the bang of a door, followed by the sound of the girl's feet on the back stairs, and five minutes later she came down with her trundle and skipped out without a word to me! Mr. Bowser came in soon after that, coat off, sleeves rolled up and a roller towel tied around him, and he explained:

"I simply asked her if she thought this house was a saw mill, and she called me a mastodon and flew for her trundle. Is she a fair specimen of the help you have had to deal with?"

"Yes."

"Well, you and all the other house keepers have my deepest sympathy. I used to think it was your fault that so many girls came and went but I went to apologize and take it all back."

"But, what shall we do?"

"Do? Why, I'll run the kitchen until after breakfast and then get a girl."

After he had been at work for a few minutes I crawled out to see how things were going. He was washing dishes. He had the tea pot, butter dish, napkin rings, two pie tins and the crockery all heaped together in a dish pan, and while he was washing them with a dish towel he was wiping them on one of baby's old skirts taken from the hanger in the stairway. There were streaks of dish water clear to his heels and a dozen new spots had appeared on floor and he insisted that I go back and leave him alone, and no instructions to give. He [illegible] thing done up in half an hour when he came in to sit down and said:

"Well, there is as slick a thing out there to see as ever was, and breakfast is all planned. That girl would have been lounging around until 10 o'clock and she had her dishes done. I'd like to see some of 'em wonder why she was ever born!"

"Every house has just such [illegible] you women ought to get together to protect your [illegible]."

"What are you going to have for dinner?"

"Never you mind, Mrs. Bowser. If I don't get you the best breakfast you have seen in a year I'll give up that I don't know nothing about a house."

About midnight I heard him muttering in his sleep:

"Take two eggs—saleratus—five minutes—greased rag—one table spoonful to each person."

It usually takes me all of twenty minutes to get Mr. Bowser out of bed in the morning, and the task is never accomplished without remark as to the lateness of the hour. On this particular morning he slipped out before I was awake and he had been working in the kitchen a full hour before I got down. No man can be made to believe that there is a right and a wrong way to niente or table cloths. Mr. Bowser had set the table just as any other man would. The cloth was wrong side out, the teaspoons in the celery dish, the sugar bowl running over, and the meat platters and bread plates had changed duties. Some of his slices of bread were two inches thick, and some almost as thin as paper, and two of them bore indisputable proofs that he had cut his finger while cutting his bread.

He requested me to sit down while he brought in the meal. He had his cut finger in a rag, black on his nose, flour on his ears, and his face had the color peculiar to red paint. He also went lame in his left leg, caused, as I afterwards ascertained, by the rolling pin falling on his foot. Where he had everything on the table, he looked around him with a self-satisfied air and proceeded to do the honors. Poor Mr. Bowser! He had put the steak into a spider without butter or grease, and it was "as black as coal and rather more tasteless. When he poured the coffee the grounds insisted on filling half the cup, and the eggs he had fried in some rancid lard the girl had set away could not be approached nearer than two feet. He had attempted to bake some potatoes, but they were hardly warmed through. In his goodness of heart he had toasted me a piece of bread, and when it fell into the ashes he had wiped off as much foreign substance as he could with the brush-broom used about the stove. I tried hard to keep my face straight, but my feelings finally got away with me, and Mr. Bowser looked up with an injured air and said:

"You never cooked a better meal in all your life—you nor any of your relations for a thousand years back!"

Just then I saw that he had used a pie tin for the butter dish, and I had to laugh again.

"Look here, Mrs. Bowser!" he shouted, as he bobbed up and almost overturned the table, "this thing has gone too far—too far! I see now where the trouble lies. I see now why no girl will stay with you."

"But this last one was willing to stay."

"Yes, and what did you do? Degraded her in her own estimation until self respect obliged her to quit."

"You went out and blew her up."

"I did! I went out and blew! And who asked me to do it?"

"No one."

"That settles it, Mrs. Bowser,—settles it right here and now! It's the last meal I'll ever cook for you, and we have had our last girl! I see why they can't stay. I see what's the matter with you and the other women who employ help, and I won't be a party to it."

"I asked you to let the girl alone."

"You did! Never! You begged of me to go out and throw her over the alley fence, and her trundle after her, and what must that poor girl's feelings be at this moment? I now go. I may return or I may not. If not you have the consolation of knowing what drove me from my own domicile!"

But he returned. All husbands return. They begin to feel ashamed of themselves before they are clear of the gate, and the next hour is spent in fishing for an excuse to return a quarter of an hour earlier than usual. A girl happened along just after he left, and I hired her, and he hasn't even referred to the subject since.

Altogether too Fast.

As the train left Dayton, south bound, the conductor came into the smoking car with a cry of, "Tickets, please!" and as there was only one fresh passenger he walked directly up to him. This new arrival was from the farm, and in nothing [illegible] a hurry.

"What's up, Kurnel?" he asked as the conductor halted before him.

"Ticket, sir!"

"Yes. Is she on time?"

"Yes."

"Going right to Cincinnati?"

"Yes. Ticket, if you please."

"I had a ticket, but——Say, how's wheat looking along the line?"

"Give me your ticket."

"Wonder where I put it? Been much rain between here and Hamilton this month? Feller was telling me yesterday that he never——"

"I am in a hurry, sir!" exclaimed the conductor.

"Shoo! Haven't got any key out at the other end of the line, have you? I got caught once last week, and me'n Bill had to work like like sailors in best a thunder storm."

"Have you got a ticket?"

"Of course."

"Then hand it over at once! I can't fool away my time here?"

"Shoo! Well, here's the ticket, and I want a receipt for it. Feller in such a hurry as you might die suddenly. Lands! but what a fitel man you would make for a week or two! Never had one who was in a hurry. Say, if you——"

But the conductor was gone, the countryman turned to a passenger with a look of disgust on his face, and continued:

"That's the way with these monopolies. They not only want all your money, but they won't treat you decent after they git it. Look on I'll drop in on the boss of the road when I get to town and let him know that such conduct don't go down with a free-born American."

He (somewhat suspiciously)—You say you never loved loved anybody but me? Ha! is that true, Maud?

She—Harry, your looks terrify me! Have—have I been too bold in allowing you to kiss me so much this evening?

He—No, Maud, but you kiss like an old hand.

Where do the poor grades of stock go?

"It is made into smoking tobacco and exported. Nearly all our inferior grades of stock are made up into smoking tobacco and sent to the Continents.

"Don't home consumers get in inferior grades?"

"Oh, yes, but not so much so."

James—For heaven's sake, Ambrose, look here! That boy has broken through the ice.

Ambrose—So he has! What in the world are we going to do for him, James? (To drowning and exhausted boy.) Keep cool, lad! keep cool!

Mr. Fatherly—Then you refuse to marry me?

Mrs. Matchmaker—For the present I must. My husband is in good health and we are the best of friends.

Mr. Fatherly—And you can give me no encouragement?

Mrs. Matchmaker—I will keep your address and if a vacancy should occur I will drop you a line. (N. B.—This happened in Chicago, of course.)

Boomheimer—Vy vill you gif me for dis ferry alt sitter tellar?

Englehelmer—Nigety cents.

Boomheimer—Vot? Is dot a good tellar, alretty?

Englehelmer (hesitatingly)—Well, it looks like a good one.

Boomheimer—Dere vas for you say nigety cents?

Englehelmer—Well, to let a pig stay on hant alretty—ant den, you see, you are dryin' to sell it.

Willie was bashful, and sat on the chair with a care which was far from being any suggestion of studied grace. His mother had found him in the pantry with his fingers strongly suggestive of intimate acquaintance with jam and marmalade.

"What is the matter Willie," asked his sister, who happened into the room.

"Mamma spanked me," he said, plaintively.

"What for?"

"For—for fishing to her preserves."

Mr. Billus (looking over his expense account)—Darn it, we spent exactly $50 more than our income last year. We've got to retrench.

Mrs. Billus—It wasn't my fault, John. I didn't lose $75 on the election, nor pay out $40 in club dues, nor spend $65 for cigars, nor run through with $130 in three days at the races, nor indorse a note for $200 for a mere acquaintance and lose it, nor—"

Mr. Billus (still looking through the expense account)—Name of these things account for that $50. By Jove! Here it is! "Subscription to pastor's salary, $50." Marie we can't stand that! The preacher will have to get along without anything from us this year.

"Buy?" he said to the newsboy who had opened the door of the shop to yell "Papers?" "boy, you vhas a swindler, and I dinks' bay some more papers of you."

"What did I do?"

"You sells me a paper last night, and I took him home and hand all over and down? Dot dot message."

"What message?"

"Dot message by der President."

"Why, the President don't have a message but once a year. It came out long ago."

"Ish dot so? He come vonly und I dinks' see him. Und he dinks' come no more?"

"Not for a good while yet."

"Well, dot explains, und I beg pardon. You can had' me a paper some more, und if he dinks' had some message in mexpe I can find it some poly being himself or vhas killed. No President's message, eh? What vhas dot President doing all der time? Why do we pay him forty thousand dollars a year?"

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 27, 1890.

Jacob Schoup and Thomas Cole were hanged in Philadelphia on the 20th inst., for murder.

In St. Louis, a man who is believed to be deeply implicated in the Cronin murder has been arrested.

W. S. Hopkins, was hanged for the murder of his wife and mother in law at Bellefonte, Pa, on the 20 inst.

Sam Pratt killed W. H. Thompson in Wayne Co., last week. The trouble was caused by a division fence.

Sport John L. Sullivan is 5 ft. 10½ in. tall, Jake Kilrain is 5 feet 11½ inches, Peter Jackson is about 5 feet and Charley Mitchell 5 feet 10 inches.

J. B. Kelley, arrested in St Louis as a much wanted Crown criminal, turns out to be nothing worse than a book agent, and the detectives are duly crestfallen.

The New York Herald paid the widow of Russell Wright $24,631 damages for libel, said to be the largest amount ever paid in America for libel and the largest in the world except that paid by the London Times to Mr. Parnell.

The Indiana Prohibitionists have nominated a full State ticket, and declared in favor of the exemption from taxation of clothes and other necessaries of life. Tobacco comes under the head of such necessaries in Indiana.

At a log rolling in Wayne County, on the 20th inst., Wade Thompson, a notorious desperado, was struck and killed with a club by one Sam Pratt. The quarrel was over some trivial matter. Pratt was arrested, but escaped. Thompson was one of the murderers of Alonzo McCoy, during the Hatfield-McCoy troubles.

Wm. Miller, tried at Lexington, Va., last week for the killing of Dr. J. Z. Walker, at Brownsburg, Va., last November, has been acquitted. The verdict gives the most universal satisfaction, and it is met with approval on every hand. When the case had been disposed of the Commonwealth moved to take up the other cases, and the Court decided to set them for the April term. The counsel for the defence asked for bail in the cases of George and David Miller and John Reese. The Attorney for the Commonwealth raising no objection, these prisoners were bailed at $1,500 each to appear at the April term, and they were set free under bonds.

George Wilcox, who recently died in West Franklin, Va., lived and died in the Democratic faith. His will, just filed in the Bradford County court, is a somewhat remarkable document. He left a stated sum to his grandsons on condition that they support the Democratic ticket, State and national. His granddaughters, in order to inherit any of the old man's wealth must either marry Democrats or remain single. Should any one fail to comply with the provisions of the will their amount shall be divided among those who remain faithful. In the event of all failing to listen to the requests their interest in the estate is forfeited, and the entire amount goes to the Democratic National Committee. There is not much danger that the boys will ever be anything than Democrats.

Ed. Smith, the Texas heavyweight has challenged Kilrain.

John Jacob Astor died in New York on the 22nd inst., of heart failure. He was one of America's richest men.

In the Southern Athletic Club in New Orleans on the 17th inst., Corbett bested Kilrain in six rounds. Kilrain agreed to knock Corbett out in six rounds for a purse of $5,000, of which $3,000 was to go to the winner. Corbett did fought Kilrain at every point. Cherry whipped Mike Smith in two rounds. Dennish bested Johnson in four rounds.

Kilrain says he is not satisfied with tonight's contest, as all is fighting was barred. Corbett having the longest reach naturally could tip and get away. He would like to box him with five ounce gloves. He will fight in a club for a suitable purse to a finish, winner to take all.

A Quintuple wedding took place a few days ago at a little church in Daviess County, Ky. All the parties were friends, two of them being sisters. They had intended getting married on dates near together, and the priest hearing this, suggested that they all be united at the one time. The five brides, all dressed alike, went in one carriage and the five grooms in another. There were ushers, but no bridesmaids. All took their stations before the altar, and after an unusually long and impressive ceremony had been gone through with nuptial high mass was celebrated and the kneeling couples blessed. A grand reception was then given the young couples, and afterwards they went to their respective homes.

Wayside Note.

It was your correspondents pleasure to visit portions of Bath and Highland about Valentine time.

Such beautiful days in winter no one remembers ever seeing even the the oldest inhabitant.

Some time was spent in the hospitable home of Col. D. V. Rockman. This enterprising and public spirited gentleman is greatly pleased with his success as in raising Japanese Buckwheat. He sowed between four and five bushels last cropping time and realized over three hundred bushels.

Capt. Gilmore his neighbor sowed seven pecks, and gathered one hundred bushels. He believes had it not been for the turkeys, there would have been fifteen or twenty bushels more.

These gentlemen feed Buckwheat to their sheep and hogs, and their stock thrive well on it, mixed with oats it is an excellent feed for horses.

For table use it is as good if not better than the common variety. Those of your readers, that have not tried it, would do well to make further inquiries about this remarkable cereal, the Japanese Buckwheat.

W. T. P.

A Lie.

ED. TIMES: In your last issue under a head of "Hinckeys News," one Lucian says: "It is supposed of that the government sent out this man upon the suggestion of Mr. H. S. Rucker, to see if he could find sufficient cause for the removal of some of the Democratic Post Masters," referring to the visit of a Post Office Inspector to this County. Now Mr. Lucian either contributes to your columns the suppositions of a very ignornat clod, such as does not exist at Ruckeys, or he has no regard for that injunction which says: "Thou shalt not bear false witnesses against thy neighbor." I have never undertaken to remove any Post Master in this County, but have aided in sustaining one or two and actually they were Democrats. The mode of having removals is by applying for the appointment of another, and having the application endorsed by the Representative in Congress or chief. I am persuaded that Mr. Lucian knows more of the real object of the Post Office Inspector's visit than he has divulged to the public. Perhaps Mr. Lucian would like to know whether or not he had impressed the P. O. I. so that he would report to the department all right at Ruckers. Perhaps Mr. Lucian was about the Ruckeys Post Office about the time when he had no right to be, and perhaps his countenance makes him feel uneasy about the result of the visit of said P. O. I. If I wish Mr. Lucian removal I will have no trouble in procuring it.

I am yours &c,
H. S. RUCKER.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar (read what he says):

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 16, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Lands in Pocahontas County.

In pursuance of two decrees of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, rendered at the June term, 1889, in the chancery cause

C. L. Austin &c.,
vs.
W. F. Arbogast &c.,

I will on

MONDAY THE 7TH DAY OF APRIL

next, offer for sale at public auction in front of the Court house of Pocahontas County, two tracts of land, one of 603 acres and the other of 1,323 acres. These tracts of land are situate on the Alleghany mountain, are known as lots No. 9 and 10, in the big survey and are valuable for the timber thereon.

TERMS:

Cash in hand to pay costs of the two suits and the costs of sale and for the balance, the purchasers will be required to execute bonds with good security payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest from day of sale and the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

L. H. STEPHENSON,
Commissioner.

I, John J. Beard, Clerk of the Circuit court of Pocahontas County, do certify that L. H. Stephenson, Com'r has given the bond as required by said decrees.

J. J. BEARD, Clk.
Printer's fee $9.94.

Feb. 27-4t.

Slaughter SALE.

In order to make room for our Spring Stock we have decided to offer the Biggest Bargains ever offered in this town in

Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods,

At far below Cost for cash.

READ THE FOLLOWING.

Mens Overcoats from	$4.00 to $6.00
Mens All Wool Suits	$6.75
Mens & Boys hats from	15c to $1.50
Buck Skin Gloves	75c
All Wool Under Shirts	75c to $1.00
" " Top "	75c to $1.00
Ladies Hose	5c to 10
Lace trimings	1c to 7c
Mens Overalls	25c to 75c

And many other things equally as cheap.

Call and see me.

JACOB BONER.

FLOUR.

I have on hand on last 300 bushels of wheat which I will grind and sell at $2.50 per 100 lbs. for cash, and will warrant it as good as can be bought in the county.

JAS. BARKLEY.

Feb 13-4t

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

LAM & O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

DEALERS IN

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.
Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.
All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

P. O. Address, Mauntain Grove, Va.

A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.,

(Successors to Fudge & McClintic,)

Mt. Grove, - - Va.,

DEALERS IN

All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $8.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,

GEO. W. WAGNER, PROPRIETOR.

HUNTERSVILLE, W. VA.

Having lately purchased and assumed control of HOTEL POCAHONTAS, it is our purpose to spare no pains to keep just such a house as the public demands.

Substantial and comfortable accommodations for all guests

Horses well provided for.

Charges reasonable.

Try us and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
GEO. W. WAGNER.

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, Pocahontas County W. Va., February 8th, 1890.

James E. Harmon, } In Chy.
vs.
Isaac Hartman's Adm'r &c.

All persons interested in above cause are hereby notified, that I will proceed at my office on Saturday, March 8th, 1890, to take the following accounts:

1st. A further settlement of the accounts of W. L. Brown Adm'r of Isaac Hartman dec'd.

2nd. On account of the funds under the control of the Court in this cause.

3rd. An account making distribution of said funds amongst the parties entitled thereto.

4th. Also other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest as required by decree of the Circuit Court of said County rendered in above cause at the April term thereof, 1888, and the October term thereof 1889, at which time and place you are required to attend.

JAMES H. HANNER, Jr.,
Com'r in Chy.

Feb 13-4t

Printer's fee $7.44

HOME NEWS

—Mud, Mud, Mud.

—Rain, Rain, Rain.

—County election next Tuesday.

—Drummers are still plentiful.

—Some body lying on a file, and 25 cents worth of lice bottles.

—Eggs and butter and other fruit seem to be scarce around here.

—Uriah Bird, Esq., of Mill Point was in to see us Monday.

—Knapp's creek "got fish" last Tuesday night.

—L. W. Herold, Esq., of Frost, was in town Tuesday.

—Don't forget THE TIMES office is head quarters for nice job printing.

—Dave Moore, Esq., of Dunmore came to our city Monday and returned Tuesday.

—Mrs. Henry Sharp, of Deathsville creek has been on the sick list for a few days past.

—Our Clerk informs us that the marriage bonded business has been on the decline since the wet weather set in.

—Rev. W. T. Price, preached in the Presbyterian church Sunday night, and made us a pleasant call Monday.

—Mr. J. W. Neff, of Anthony's creek and Miss Julia A. Littlepage, were married near Rosecrans, on the 12th inst.

—The sickly grave stamp, about which there has been so much foul talk has gone the way of all the earth, and is succeeded by a smaller one of dark ceramic, which is about the color of a half ripened liver nose.

—Let quality, not quantity, be the test of a medicine. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the concentrated extract of the best and purest ingredients. Medical men everywhere recommend it as the surest and most economical blood medicine in the market.

—John Hickman, of Dorie, Tucker Co., was arrested at Keyser last week. John was wanted on several charges. His first trial will be in the U. S. Federal Court at Clarksburg, for bonding upon the mail between this place and Dunmore a few years ago.

—The great majority of so-called cough cures do little more than impair the digestive functions and create bile. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, on the contrary, while it cures the cough, does not interfere with the functions of either stomach or liver.

—A couple of Mormon preachers have been around here for a few days, and we understand preached on Beaver creek Sunday. Look here Mose, Beaver preachers you don't want to hang out around our burg much. We are generally pretty quiet sort of people, if let alone, but if you get us fairly wrought up we are a terror, as our eggs are pretty scarce, but the crook don't lay off, and our fair sister room as abundance of feathers and tar.

—Use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and your gray locks will become as soft as velvet and to their youthful color, style and beauty.

Locals from Frost.

Mumps are making their way to us at small pay, also hooping cough has been raging in our town.

Miss Myrtle Hannah has gone to Edray to attend the school taught by Mr. Walter Anderson.

We are sorry to say, Mr. Forest Herold is quite ill at this writing.

Miss Ella Sharp is visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Mr. Lethal Butler is preparing to paint Mose Herold & Hamblin's store house.

The nutcrackers are out of waiting paper. I suppose will have to quit writing or go to THE TIMES office for it.

Misses Minnie McElwee and Mollie Booth spent Wednesday with Mrs. J. B. Hannah.

Drummers are numerous in town this week.

Mrs. L. W. Herold, has been on the sick list for some time past.

Calvin Stuart, (col.) moved his family to Huttonsville this week, where he expects to make his future home.

Succeed to THE TIMES.

WILLIE LEE.

Locals from Hillsboro.

Plenty of rum and mail.

We still have several cases of La Grippe.

Mr. J. H. Overholt, of Frankford, paid our town a flying visit last week.

Miss Elizabeth Cochran, of Lost Creek, is visiting her relatives and many friends.

Mr. Newton Moss, of Fairmont, Ill., is spending the winter with his sister Miss M. N. McCoy.

Several drummers were in town last week. We presume the spring trade is looking up.

Miss Ada Williams, of Locust, has enrolled as a pupil of the H. T. School.

Wonder why G. and W., like to go to mill every other day.

The Hillsboro Division Sons of Temperance, will give a public meeting Saturday night March 1st. The public are cordially invited to attend. They have given several public meetings and they are well worth attending.

BETH & TROS.

Hillsboro Happenings No. 2

Justitia has been the silent thief surrounding with la grippe, so that she has been absent for some time from your noted columns.

Dr. McClintic, of Edray, is moving to Hillsboro, and will be in the practicing physician of this section, Success to him.

Misses Dollie Marshall Addie Williams, Villa, Cilla and Pearl Marshall, Willie and Sallie Hoults, have been enrolled as pupils of the H. T. School.

Misses Vollie and Alice Clark, returned some weeks ago from their schools.

The ladies of Hillsboro and vicinity made a tidy sum at the Methodist parsonage last Wednesday, 19th inst., and were amply rewarded by the enjoyment of the elegant dinner.

The whooping cough, is going through this vicinity. Old and young are its victims.

The Baltimore Conferences is rapidly approaching and soon our faith the pastor will have to bid adue to friends and enter upon the duties of another years. May God's richest blessing attend him where ever he goes.

JUSTITIA.

Driftwood Doings.

Samuel Gay, of Edray was in our burg last week.

The grippe has been prevailing here.

Mr. S. A. Hanks, who has been visiting in Highland returned home accompanied by Mrs. Asbury Hinkle.

Wm. Pritchard and Craig Bird are hauling timber for G. M. Sharp.

Wm. McLloyd lost a fine horse last week.

Mr. A. K. Hyoard starts for Greenbrier next week for the purpose of visiting his fathers home.

We all agree with the Dunmore correspondent as to the road around Hanks Den, so it would be a great convenience to the people on this side of the river.

Some tinering is going around here. Mr. Howard Hanks lost some wool last week.

Rev. W. T. Price will preach here on Sunday night the 3rd of March.

The church at Christ Creek came very near being burned last Sunday.

The sick are Mr. Hanks, Boyd Hanks, Asbury Hinks and Billie Eva Mottlaughlin.

COLA.

Beatheard's Creek Items.

A little more snow, but not enough for the boys to take their best girls sleigh riding.

Mr. James Price, Jr., from Marlinton, W. Va., who has been attending a Medical school in Baltimore, M. D., stopped on surreptitious over night, on his return home.

One Mr. Reynolds from Roanoke city was stopping at D. White's last week.

Mrs. Henry Sharp is on the sick list.

Mr. J. H. Buzzard, we are glad to say, is again able to attend to his public work. Perhaps it would be better to call him "Our Jim" as we notice he has his brand on the left hand of his notes little.

Mr. Chas. Bittinger, has finished his work and has gone to Dunmore to find out which one of the girls sent him that nice valentine. Guess he has better ask Smoker who did it.

We learn there is a great deal of sickness on Anthony's Creek, in Greenbrier County.

We also learn that Mr. C. May from, the head of Anthony's Creek, is going to bring his bride home one day this week. Lookout boys he will bring her through Hosterville about next Friday at 1 or 2 o'clock, p. m.

Miss Effie Sharp has gone to Frost to take music lessons.

Miss Ida White who is attending school at Dr. S. P. Patterson's spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Mr. Editor come up and we will hand a piece of maple sugar.

Success to THE TIMES.

JAMIE.

Barbrys News.

Mr. H. H. McClintic, on entering his stable last Thursday morning was surprised to find one of his best horses dead. It seems the horse had tried to roll and succeeded in turning over once, thus drawing the rope with which he was tied, so tight around his neck that he choked to death immediately. He was valued at $125.

Wm. Newcomb and family passed through our town last Thursday en route for Rosecrans, where they expect to make their future home.

There were two Mormon preachers in our neighborhood last week. They held services in the M. P. Church last Wednesday evening. Owing to the inclemency of the weather and perhaps other reasons but very few attended. There is no more believers in mormonism now than formerly.

Our people hail with joy the proposed change in the Mail Route from Lewisburg to Huttonsville. Although our people do not get a big amount of mail they like to get the little they do get in less than three days from the time it leaves Rosecrans.

John Buckley and Geo. McClintic ran two colts from here during the freshet of last week for W. H. and H. H. McClintic.

Driskell's drove passed here last Saturday en route.

Miss Judith Kellison has returned home from visiting her sister at Clover Lick.

Miss Sharp of Bath Co., Va., is the guest of G. W. McKenzie.

Mr. Clarkson McNeill is quite sick at this writing but we hope his sickness is not serious.

Mr. S. C. McNeill is still not able to be about.

Mr. H. F. Harris wears a broad smile all the time lately and to all appearances is the happiest young man in the neighborhood. Soon pass this by.

LECIAS.

Dunmore Doings.

Rain, mud and wet weather.

Still the grippe prevails, Rev. C. B. Smucker has been confined to the house for three weeks with it.

Well we believe this is J. C. Kinnett's flood. He said when the drive started she must go and she goes, with McGrady on the front end.

Miss Lena McGlaughlin has closed her school near Huntersville, and has commenced a subscription school near the McGlaughlin school house.

Big Bill and Jim fired one one hundred and twenty-five thousand feet of cherry lumber on ice for Mr. Rose.

Col. S. C. Pritchard is still lumbering.

Col. Dan O'Connell is up this week and making good headway with his logs.

Henry Sheets receives his new mill to Riley Cooper's this week.

Levi Gay, Esq., passed through town this morning with a fine yoke of oxen.

Capt. Lakin has gone with another raft.

Miss Kittie Lakin is visiting Green Bank this week.

We understand that there is another automobile from Green Bank, Wm. Mitchell & Arbogast, Success to them.

Thos. Patterson is improving slowly.

We understand that Post Chaplain at Edray has another rush. It's a 10th girl.

We understand Mr. Shenck Kerr has the bids of securing the R. R. to Knapp's creek this summer.

Dr. C. L. Arbogast was called to see the several sick in Rev. McGlaughlin's family.

TRAVELER.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GOOD FLOUR.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

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Commissioner's Notice.

Pocahontas Times.
JOHN T. CAMPBELL.

ADVERTISING RATES.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Huntersville, W. Va.

February 27, 1892.

Not Its Chance to Waste.

"Folk about being broke," said Jim, "reminds me of a time when I was very badly broke, so much so, indeed, that I was in debt. I owed everybody, and, although I had sold all of my creditors exactly how I was fixed and promised them I would make good as soon as I got money, they seemed determined that I should not rest a moment in peace. And I will believe, I didn't have anything, and of course as the old saying goes, they could not get blood out of a stone.

"One of my creditors, a big fat, strong shoemaker, was particularly obnoxious, for he was all so home presenting his bill three and four times a day, and, after the same manner of times during an evening.

"He made me mad, and I promised my brain for a sickness to get rid of him.

"You know it's a sure waste, and in looking for an opportunity, the opportunity will often come, and so my chance to get even with him came at last.

"I knew that he was a coward at heart, and I resolved to make him an offer that he would run out of my house and never come to it again. This morning that I referred to he came as usual and presented his bill. I was busy in a room I had fixed up as a sort of 'den,' as it were, and the landlady sent him in there to find me.

"Well, sir, what is it?" I asked, as he came in.

"I have called for the amount of my bill," he replied.

"And for the nine hundred and seventy-eight cents," said I, calmly. "I shall be obliged to tell you that I have not the necessary funds to pay unless God will."

"Very well, sir," he answered. "Then I shall be obliged to inform you that I shall sit down here and wait until the bill is paid."

"Very good," said I quietly, but to tell you the truth, I was highly elated, for here was just the opportunity I had been looking for.

"He sat down and placed his hat on the table. When he had done this I called to the landlady and said: 'Mrs. Robinson, I am at home to nobody to-day and do not want to be disturbed under any circumstances. Tell any one who may come to see me anything and such other letters as that have on my writing desk.' Then I closed and locked the door, and stripping my coat without much ado, I took a stout heavy cord, and, getting to work, soon had the fellow tied to the table. My next move was to get out the razor of mine. Then I threw my wrong legs down, and, while I labored 'my will,' gave him good time that the shoemaker should see, and after getting a few cords I went to the shutters and closed one of four windows. All the while poor me was the big shoemaker but was mighty scared that I was leading mad, but when I turned on the gas I could see that he was beginning to feel nervous.

"I arranged everything pretty to suit me, and then sat down quietly and waited for him to awaken. The gas was escaping rapidly and the room was fast becoming filled with it. I could feel my head swim, but I would not give in. All of a sudden he jumped up and cried: 'I did not come here to be murdered.' and, making a rush, jumped through the window, taking cash and all with him. It was about 30 feet from the ground, but when he found he started off as if a mad bull were after him, and I never saw him or his bill, sir—I can't help it if you don't believe me. It's the truth, and if you come up here to-morrow I'll show you the man himself; and you can ask him if it isn't so."

Smith is a joker and not long ago when a man threatened to knock him all to pieces, he remarked:

"I beg your pardon; you mean all to Smithereens."

When you can climb through a barbed wire fence in good shape with your overcoat on, you may then hope to run for office without being held up before the world as unmuzzled.

Mrs. Figg—Isn't there any way to get rid of that young Jinx who keeps calling on Clara without positively insulting him?

Mr. Figg—Why, certainly. Just give him the baby to hold the next time he comes.

Miss Sarie Pollyriggus (regulah b'—Colonel, I'm afraid you have an awful lazy horse. He stops at every large tree he comes to.

Col. Whipskew (of rattlesnake ranche)—He-ain't lazy; that's jess a habit he's got into, Miss Pollyriggus. I rode that hoss to five different lynchin' bees last week. No wonder he stops when he comes to a tree!

"Pardon me, madam," said the gentleman looking man in the seventeenth row as he leaned forward at the fall of the curtain on the first act and spoke politely to the lady sitting in front of him, "but I beg you will not remove your hat."

"Sir!" she exclaimed, flushing with indignation.

"I desired from the motion of your hands," he resumed with the utmost suavity, "that you were about to remove it. Please do not oblige me, my dear madam, by keeping it on."

"You are grossly impertinent, sir," said the lady, sharply.

"I beg your pardon, madam," he replied, with great earnestness, "I am only a poor inventor, and I am making a drawing of your hat as a design for a World's Fair tower."

"Your time has come," said a physician, speaking to an old Virginian, who lay stretched out on a bed.

"Is you there, doc?"

"Yes."

"Don't no chance for you to be wrong, is dat?"

"None whatever. You'll be dead by sundown."

"Shoo 'nuff, now?"

"Yes, I tell you."

"Doc, you ain't trying for get off a joke on me, air you?"

"No, I never joke a dying man."

"Well, then, I reckon I'm gone, and I wish I'd knowed it a week ago."

"Think you would have been better prepared?"

"Yes; I'd keep better."

"Have you any last wish to express, if that will be you any good?"

"I don't keer nothin' about that, but if I'd a knowed last week what I know now, why I wouldn't a bought that cow hoss. I'll a took the money and had some fun with it. I'd buy me a rattlin' buss an' rush 'em. Couldn't nobody take enough to stand a leg in. That's the way with this here world. A man never knows nothin' till it's too late."

Indigestion

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

WHAT

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CONSUMPTION SCROFULA BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS Wasting Diseases

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JOB OFFICE

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Vol. VII. JOHN E. CAMPBELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Huntersville, West Virginia, Thursday, March 6, 1890. [terms of subscription] No. 32.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff, M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff, L. W. Beard.
Clk of Cir. & Co. Courts, J. J. Beard.
Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
Com'rs Co. Ct. { G. E. Beard, S. B. Hannah, G. P. Moore.
Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. STOFER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. S. RUCKER,
Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.
Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. KEE,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will Practice in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county.

Dr. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.
Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

Hotel by G. W. Wagner,
HUNTERSVILLE, W. Va.
One Hotel is now open and under [illegible] Their table will be supplied with the best the market affords, and [illegible] will be a brilliant [illegible]

—Miss Mary Tinsley, of Green Bank, and Mr. Clement Hunter, of Alta Vista, W. Va., were married Tuesday evening at about 7 o'clock by the Rev. Geo. F. Moore, in the presence of a number of the guests at the Hotel by Wagner. [illegible] We extend congratulations and best wishes for a long and happy married and prosperous life.

—Gen. W. Hyde, Esq., of Green Bank, is a Democrat from start to finish, and we understand is now [illegible] for the nomination for the Legislature, of which office he is not a stranger, having served one term as [illegible] County a few years ago by a handsome majority. Though Mr. Hyde is a Democrat, and if a convention assembled [illegible] he would be [illegible] work for [illegible] he would [illegible] all.

DEATH OF MARY.

If I had thought thou couldst have died,
I might not weep for thee;
But I forgot when by thy side,
That thou couldst mortal be;
It never through my mind had passed
That time would e'er be o'er
When on thee should look my last,
And thou shouldst smile no more.

And still upon that face I look,
And think 'twill smile again;
And still the thought I will not brook
That I must look in vain;
But when I speak thou dost not say
What thou ne'er left'st unsaid,
And now I feel as well I may,
Sweet Mary—thou art dead!

Could I but keep thee as thou art,
All cold and all serene,
I still might press thy silent heart
And where thy smiles have been.
Whilst even thy chill bleak [illegible] I have
Thou seemest still mine own;
But there—I lay thee in thy grave,
And I am now alone.

I do not think, where'er thou art,
Thou hast forgotten me;
And I, perhaps, may soothe this heart
By thinking still on thee.
Yet there was round thee such dawn
Of light, ne'er seen before,
As fancy never could have drawn,
And never can restore.

A MAN'S FOLLY.

Van Lennox sat in his office one cold wintry night, his thoughts hazy, quite blissfully occupied, for one week from that day would be his wedding day, and he would be the happiest of men.

Lenore Arden was a lovely girl and quite a belle in the pretty town of Scranton, where she had lived all her life. The bridegroom elect sat wrapped in profound meditation, building his castle in the air with all the usual disregard to cost, which characterizes young people. He was a flourishing lawyer, and the dainty little home which he had just built for his bride was ready, and the the future seemed all cut out for rose.

"I will close the office now," he said at length, rising to his feet, "for I shall only have time to go up to the hotel and get my dinner, then pack my belongings all ready for the early morning train. Ah!"—stopping short at a sound of a familiar whistle—"there comes the postman. What can he have for me?"

He threw open the office door, and a moment later he stood all alone in the room with a letter in his hand—a letter addressed to Van [illegible], Esq., in a strange, cramped, unfamiliar hand. He swiftly tore it open.

"Mr. Van Lennox," it said, "you may think that you are on the high road to success. You believe that you have [illegible] for yourself alone, and that [illegible] thought never comes to you that you may be only a miserable [illegible] to [illegible] Lenore Arden loves you, but loves money better. Remember my words, 'There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and lip,' and old Montgomery, the millionaire, is paying [illegible] attentions very close at [illegible]. I warn you. 'A word to the wise,' etc. Of course, you will [illegible] my warning, but the day may come when you will remember these words to your sorrow."

"I am not going to Scranton, Frank! I have no business there now, and no desire to attend Miss Arden's wedding. I shall stop at Hinsberry and take the first train for home. I ask you—nay, beg of you, to tell no one that you met me. Will you promise me this, Frank?"

"I will. But do nothing rash. I would not have told you of this rumor if Miss Arden herself had not confirmed the story."

"No matter, I have heard something of this before. I have come to the conclusion that women are all alike—fiends and shams—and I [illegible] have no desire to meet Miss Lenore Arden when she has become Mrs. Montgomery."

He kept his word. At Hinsberry he left the train, and a little later was whirling back to his home as fast as steam could carry him. Poor, misguided Van! He each fully had ruined his own happiness forever.

He returned to his office, a pale brokenhearted man, grave and sad. Days went by. His wedding day that was to have been passed with the rest. Two days later he opened the morning paper and read this announcement:

"Died—Suddenly, of disease of the heart, at her home in Scranton, N. Y., Miss Lenore Arden. Aged 23 years."

And in the marriage notices this:

"Married—At the residence of J. Arden, Esq., on Tuesday, the 20th inst., Miss Mabel Arden of Hewbury to Samuel Montgomery, Esq."

The paper fell from Van Lennox's nerveless hands, and he knew no more. For a long time he remained unconscious, and when he awoke to life again he was raging in the delirium of brain fever. It had all been a mad mistake. The enemy whose letter had been written by some coward who secretly hated Van Lennox—the marriage to which Lenore Arden had referred in speaking of the approaching wedding to take place at the Arden residence was that of her cousin Mabel as well as her own wedding soon after. It was all a mistake—a game of cruel purposes, which had wrought fearful results.

Van Lennox recovered, but he is a heart broken man. Pale and grave, he goes about his daily business. He is getting rich, but he cares nothing for riches; and all the rest of his life is devoted to regret and remorse and sodying sorrow for his own rash folly.

What Made the Baby Cross.

"Mamma, I wish you'd call the baby in; he's so cross we can't play," cried Robert to his mamma one day, as he was playing in the yard with his sister and the baby.

"I don't think he would be cross if you were not cross to him," said mamma, coming out. "He does just as he sees you do. Just try him and see." Put your hat on one side of your head."

Robbie did so, and presently the baby pushed his straw hat over on one side of his head.

"Whistle," said mamma. Robbie did, and baby began to whistle too.

"Stop mocking me," said Robbie, angrily, giving baby a push. Baby screamed and pushed Robbie back.

"There, you see," said his mother, "the baby does just as you do. Now love him and you will see how quickly he will follow your example."

Robby did not feel exactly like doing this, but he did; and the boy hugged and kissed him back very warmly.

"Now, you see," said his mother, "you can have a cross baby or a good baby of your little brother, just as you choose. But you must teach him yourself."

Great statesmen (to successful daughter): "My dear, your husband will never amount to anything if you don't spur him on. Why don't you persuade him to go into politics?" Daughter: "Can't you, he has tried, and he can't stand it. The whiskey makes him sick."

No one would suspect, in looking at the unpretentious exterior of Hiram Hives, that there are several large gas fixtures located on its banks.

Sick Giants of Black Gulch.

"Talk about the real estate sharks who are now haunting desolate Dakota?" said Colonel Tom Dotson with disgust. "They're nothing compared to the sharks I met out there during the early mining days fifteen years ago. I'll give you an instance:

"A shrewd scamp in one of the settlements, who had a leg stuck, wasn't getting rid of it as fast as he thought he ought. In fact there was danger of the settlement wearing away before the stock could be disposed of. He tried my scheme.

"One day a man dressed in a miners garb and mounted on a horseback, rode into the settlement about the time of day when the store was most crowded. Dismounting, he strode into the store. He carried a pair of saddle bags on his arm.

"Give me a new suit of clothes, and all the sugar, coffee, tea, cooking and canning utensils, whatever our diamonds my horse can carry back," he said to the storekeeper.

"The articles were handed up, the man took a handful of large gold nuggets from his saddlebags, threw them down on the counter in payment, mounted his loaded horse and rode away.

"Who is he?" asked the crowd, the moment he had left the store.

"Where does he come from?" they demanded, as soon as they had learned his name.

"Then the storekeeper let out the secret that he was Bob Clarke from Black Gulch, where he and some chums had struck a rich nugget find, and were becoming millionaires.

"He says the whole country around there is filled with nuggets," the storekeeper added confidentially.

"All the merchandise in the store was immediately purchased to equip the large party, which at once started for the new gold field.

"And when the party, farmers, merchants and dead broke, returned from their fruitless wanderings a week later, the storekeeper and Bob Clarke were 100 miles away cracking jokes over the gullibility of some 'suckers.'"

At The Photographers.

"Do you like photographs taken?" inquired a man considerably after shutting himself inside of a St. Paul gallery.

"Yes sir. Can we give you a sitting?"

"I, which?"

"Can we take your picture?"

"Well, that depends. If you kin give me satisfactory assurance I says you may. Otherwise not."

"What assurance do you want?"

"It's this way: I had my picture took a couple of months ago, and there was a hitch in the proceedings that I was dum sure would queer me with my backers, namely, a fellow [illegible] complexion, brown, ring worms, goiters, rattlesnake eyes, cornfield, would hold and could not. They said I took eight bottles of medicine and gained twenty pounds in flesh with every bottle. Now, if you won't ring any such a snap on me I might choose her again. I've ruined a board now, and if the pic. we won't look like the artistic workmen, we'll be given the go. Understand, you say you'll the money?"

Few things delight a woman more than to get a new dress or a bonnet, even if she has to pay for it. But what the material is worth

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the Post office at Huntersville, W. Va., as second class matter.

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One copy, 1 yr., $1.00 in advance; after 6 months, $1.25; after 12 months, $1.50.

These terms will be strictly complied with.

Huntersville, W. Va.

March 6, 1890.

The Virginia House has passed a bill making the anniversary of Robert E. Lee's birthday a holiday.

An accidental dam near Prescott, Ariz., gave way on the 23rd inst., inundating small towns, and doing considerable damage both to lives and property.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company had decided to heat all its passenger cars next season by steam. It will cost $150,000 to introduce the steam heat into the 1,700 cars it owns.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A few days ago the Post Office Department received from a postmaster his resignation, with the recommendation of his deputy for the succession, and the explanation that it was necessary that his resignation should be accepted because he was about to leave that part of the country for an indefinite period. This excited the curiosity of the departmental officials who investigated the matter and found that the phrase "an indefinite period," was exceedingly well chosen. The postmaster wrote his resignation in jail where he was under indictment for killing two men, and as he had no means of knowing how serious a view of his conduct would be taken by the judge and the jury, and there were also possibilities of a lynching party, the postmaster could not state with any degree of accuracy how long he would be gone.—*National Democrat.*

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

On Monday last the vote was taken in the House of Representatives, to select the place for holding the *World's Fair of 1892.* On the 8th ballot Chicago won the prize. The competing cities were New York, St. Louis, and Washington. Chicago led on each ballot. One vote, that of Mr. Pearce, of South Carolina, was given for Cumberland Gap, to indicate no doubt, his confidence in that embryo city for 1892. The *World's Fair* business is not altogether settled from a parliamentary point of view. It will now be in order to recommit the Fair bill to the special committee. The committee will frame a bill to meet the wants of Chicago, as it would have prepared a bill of that sort for New York, if New York had been chosen as the place for holding it. Then the bill will come into the House for discussion. No one can tell what will happen to it. It goes through the House it will then be subject to the revision of the Senate. It is stated that the Senate is strongly in favor of Washington.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON FEBRUARY, 26th.—Secretary Windom is having a hard time just now owing to the pressure that the friends of a number of the bidders for the privilege of toting Uncle Sam twenty years are bringing to bear upon him to decide in their favor, and the air is full of stories concerning various members of the administration and other prominent republicans with one or the other of the bidders. The matter is under the law left entirely to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, so that Mr. Windom may, if he sees fit, give the privilege to the bidder that offers the smallest sum. As the privilege has been worth more than a million a year in net profits for the past twenty years it is not strange that there should be a struggle to obtain it, and trouble may be looked for from the disappointed bidders when the word is made.

Senator Call found it necessary to show up Senator Chandler and his peculiar methods when dealing with Southern matters in the Senate this week, and unfortunately was compelled by truth to use language that was slightly unparliamentary. Mr. Call's language was blameable, but the provocation was certainly great enough to make it excusable. Rules cannot be by gentlemen that will be suitable in dealing with such characters as Senator Chandler.

So uncertain are the republicans about their tariff bill that it is impossible to get them to talk about it. It is not even considered certain now that the tobacco tax is to go, and the committee is said to be hopelessly divided in sentiment as to what, if any, reduction shall be made in the tariff on sugar. The bill, which is now promised by the middle of March, will consist of compromises all through.

One of the latest schemes of the lobbyist is that providing for the purchase by the Government of the real estate on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue between the Capitol and the Treasury. The job is an old one but this is the first time it has been pushed by a regularly organized lobby. Of course the owners of this property can afford to pay big money for help to unload their undesirable and unprofitable property on the Government, but Congress will do well to move slowly in this matter.

Chicago people here are very jubilant, and they have a right to be. They have gained a victory that reflects great credit upon them, but after all the action of the House is not final and it is considered extremely doubtful whether the Senate will pass the bill as it is. Many Senators have expressed themselves as thinking the time entirely too short to get up a creditable exposition. Public sentiment here is in favor of the Senate's passing the bill as it is and trusting to Chicago enterprise to get ready in time.

The Senate committee on Finance has reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to buy $4,500,000 worth of silver bullion a month, and all of the gold bullion offered, paying to both with Treasury certificates. This bill will not pass without considerable opposition. Senator's Beck McPherson and Sherman of the committee are opposed to it.

This week we had the second instalment of the civil service investigation. The star witness was ex-Commissioner (Hoadly) Oberly, but contrary to general expectation his evidence was entirely favorable to the commission. It does not now look probable that the investigation will amount to anything either way.

Everybody is asking what Mr. Blaine's friend Carnegie, the Pennsylvania millionaire wants of the Pan-Americans. The reason for asking the question is that Mr. Carnegie gave the members of the Pan American Congress the most expensive dinner ever given here, last Tuesday night.

It is reported that the Senate Election committee will decide tomorrow what report it will make in the Mathews-Goodwyn contest. The democrats ought to have their seats, but it is not thought probable they will get them. Republican even is think that all four will be thrown out and a new election ordered. Nobody outside has any idea that the republicans will be given the seats.

Instead of slackening the secret sessions of the Senate certain members of that body are now engaged in trying to make them more secret than ever.

Another democrat, Mr Pendleton of West Virginia has been mentioned from his seat to make room for a republican contestant. Several others are awaiting their turn.

Secretary Windom has been at swing with the House committee in charge of his silver bill trying to convince them that it was just the measure the country wanted.

The Pan American Congress want a railroad built to connect their countries with the United States.

The district bill has been favorably reported to the House.

Commissioner's Notice.

M. P. Sharp
vs.
S. D. Price.

All parties interested will hereby take notice, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit court of Pocahontas County, rendered in the above named cause,

ON THE 31st DAY OF OCTOBER, 1889 I shall proceed as Commissioner of said court, at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on Saturday the 22nd day of February, 1890, at 10 o'clock, and report the following matters of account:

1st. An account of all the land against the lands of the defendant S. D. Price, with their interests, expenses and practices.

2nd. An account showing what lands are owned by the said S. D. Price, their location and probable value, and whether the same or any part thereof is sufficient sum to pay off and discharge the lien on the same.

3rd. Any other matters deemed pertinent by the commissioner, or required to be specially stated by any party in interest.

C. F. MOORE, Comm. above.

Jan 30-4t. publication fee $ 00

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For Sale by Druggists.

I CURE FITS!

When I say I cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY OR FALLING SICKNESS, a life-long study.

H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

L. M. & A. O'FARRELL,

8 Miles east of Huntersville, at the foot of the Alleghany Mountain,

First class brands of Kentucky Bourbon and Va. Whiskies, Wines, Brandies &c., also Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

We can furnish your liquors cheaper than can be purchased this side of Staunton.

Quick sales and small profits is our motto.

Give us a trial; we guarantee satisfaction.

All orders by mail receive prompt attention.

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A. M. McCLINTIC & Co.

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All brands of

LIQUORS,

At from $2.00 to $3.50 per gallon.
Orders filled promptly.

Also a full line of general Mercandise.

Call and examine our both Wet and Dry Goods before you purchase elsewhere.

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, rendered on the 31st day of October, 1889, in the Chancery cause of

M. B. Carbell
vs
Wm. E. Adams and others.

I, as Special commissioner appointed in said cause, will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House of said County, at public auction to the highest bidder

ON THE 7th DAY OF APRIL, 1890,

a one half interest in about 100 acres of land, lying on Greenbrier River, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, adjoining the lands of James E. Sutton and others, being a half interest in the lands of which Wm. Johnson died seized.

TERMS OF SALE.

So much cash in hand as will pay costs of suit and sale, and for the residue the purchaser will be required to execute his bonds with good security bearing even date with day of sale and bearing interest from date. A lien will be retained on the land to secure the purchase money.

H. B. Buckels, Spec. Comm'r.

L. J. Beard, Clerk of Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va., the records of which cause are ordered here, given for the above correspondence.

John J. Beard, Clerk.

Mar. 6-4t. Publication fee $6.00

Commissioner's Office.

Huntersville, Pocahontas County, W. Va., February 8th, 1890.

James E. Harrison,
vs. In Chy.
Isaac Harkins's Adm'r &c.

All persons interested in above cause are hereby notified, that I will attend at my office, on Saturday, March 8th, 1890, to take the following accounts:—

1st. A further statement of the accounts of C. J. Brown, Adm'r of John Brown, dec'd.

2nd. An account of the funds in the control of the said C. J. Brown, Adm'r &c., and how and when he received the same and from whom.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by myself or by any party in interest. Creditors will present their claims at the same time, and all persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are notified to present the same to me at my office on said day, or be forever barred from recovering the same.

John E. Warwick, Jr.,
Comm'r of Circuit Court.

Feb. 13-4t. publication fee $4.00

Valuable Lands for Sale.

I shall offer for sale for the term of one year, at the front door of the Court House of Pocahontas county,

ON THE 7th DAY OF APRIL, 1890,

the tract belonging to the McClintic estate, containing about 100 acres, more or less, lying on the waters of Knapp's Creek, about 12 miles from Edray. This is a valuable tract of grazing and meadow land. The timber, however, will be reserved to keep my mills on said land while in operation.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to M. D. Mullenax, at Huntersville.

Terms made known on day of sale.

Wash McClintic,
Executor of Joseph McClintic, dec'd.

HOME NEWS

—C. O. Arbogast, of Green Bank was in town on this week.

—Rev. C. C. Arbogast, of Green Bank called to see us Tuesday.

—Quite a number of persons attended Court Tuesday.

—T. A. Bradley, Esq., of Labelle was in to see us Monday.

—Asbury Dyscard, Esq., of Drill wood was in to see us last week.

—John T. Dixon, Esq., of Monongahela was in town last week.

—First day of March cold and snow, second day awful cold, third day mild.

—The cold snap the first of the week makes little or no for the ice houses.

—Wm. Gladwell, Esq., and wife, of Green Bank, are visiting, at Mr. A. Barlow's this week.

—County Court met Tuesday, with the usual Commissioners on the bench.

—S. L. Brown, Esq., and wife have been on the sick list for several days past, but are much better now.

—Double shovel plows, genuine Malta, and the Brown. Also full line of Mather and steel shapes. Simms & Workman, Honeyerts.

—Presto! Change! Grey and faded beards made to assume their original color by applying Buckingham's Dye on the Whiskers. It never fails to satisfy.

—Oliver Chill plows and repairs direct from factory, no imitation goods. Simms & Workman, Honeyerts.

—We are authorized to announce that Mrs. Z. T. Wells will offer for sale at public auction next Saturday all of her household and kitchen furniture, and a set of blacksmith tools.

—Silver steel plows, will start to scour without any trouble and run lighter and take more ground than any plow on the market. Simms & Workman, Honeyerts.

—Hot Love For Child Mr. T. A. Bradley, of Labelle, were married to-day (Wednesday) at the home of the bride's father, D. A. Cook, Esq. THE TIMES extends congratulations.

—The celebrated Honeyerts axes, for hard, fine old hard woods. All axes tested and made a specialty. Cast locks and cast bows steel and iron. Simms & Workman, Honeyerts.

—*Avoid Appearances.*—A worthy gentleman, hearing an unusual good noise, was very desirous of being informed on the sly, by those not well acquainted with his private Gingerite habits. His substantiate curiosity was readily gratified by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

—*We return thanks for an* invitation to attend the marriage of Miss Lucie Barlow to C. E. Moore, Esq., on the 6th inst., at 9 o'clock a. m., at the Methodist church. They are a most worthy couple, and every light in society circles and undoubtedly will be a brilliant affair.

—Miss Mary Tinsley, of Green Bank and Mr. Harriett Hoover, of Elk Lake, W. Va., were married Tuesday evening at about 7 o'clock, by the Rev. Geo. F. Moore, in the presence of a number of the guests at the Hotel by Wagner. THE TIMES extends congratulations and best wishes for a long and happy, useful and prosperous life.

—Gen. W. Hyde, Esq., of Green Bank is a Democrat from stem to core, and we understand is to be present for the nomination for the Legislature, of high sheep to be not a stockholder, being old Republican County a few years ago by a large majority. Though Mr. Hyde is an aspirant, and if a convention is held and if he is leadership would work for [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Pocahontas Times.

JOHN E. CAMPBELL,
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Quarter	5 00	8 00	12 00	17 00
Half col'm	8 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
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"Say, Doc, I'm waiting for a letter from the old woman. I wrote to her that the leg would probably have to come off, and I want to hear what she has to say."

"But that can't make any difference."

"Well, perhaps not, but I kind o' want her opinion. She's always been down on one-legged men, and I want to see whether she's going back on me or not."

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"Whoop!" yelled Bill, in a voice which stunned the whole ward. "It's her left and my right. Two wooden pins to go clattering up and down! Two legs to hang up on the wall when we turn in at night! One of you nurses go and tell old Hawkins to come in here and open his butcher shop as soon as he pleases, and some of you boys write to Mary that we'll be the happiest couple in the whole Buckeye state!"

We read a great deal in the papers about the vanity of women. Probably the people who laugh at it never happen to see a man adjusting his new silk hat before the glass in the hallway, preliminary to starting down town.

If a lovely woman smokes me on one shoe, I will turn her the other shoe, bravely elucidates a humorist.

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An Unappreciated Profession.

"A man might as well be a hangman as a dentist, so far as expecting any gratitude for his services," remarked an aggrieved member of that unappreciated profession. "I have worked for hours over a back filling in a woman's mouth where I had to nearly dislocate my neck and to my backbone into a bow-knot, and at the end, if I venture to straighten up with a sigh of relief, I have been rewarded with a stony glare of indignant condemnation.

"A woman will stand more pain than a man for a woman has an inborn instinct of showing herself to the best advantage," he continued. "A rubber dam or a mouth stretcher to its utmost capacity are not conductive to personal beauty, and therefore a woman will not add the further disfigurement of lack of courage.

"I had rather a funny experience the other day with an old darkey who wanted a tooth pulled. His jaws was elaborately tied up in red flannel and his expression was the embodiment of woe. The tooth was a hard one to handle, and just as I gave it the final yank he gave a prolonged howl and fairly shot himself through the open window, out on the shed roof beneath. He rolled over this roof still howling and finally dropped from it to the ground, all doubled up like a rubber ball. All this, instead of hurting him, served to help his case, for he picked himself up and walked off apparently sound in the wind and limb and quite regardless of the fact that he had not paid me.

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No one is allowed to destroy pavements, yet it is not unusual to see a man go tearing up the street.

There is hope in the future for every man. Even for the youth with a pair of tight shoes on, there is a blissful prospect of bedtime.

Renewed Vigor.

Brown's Iron Bitters.

"Come, take a walk, Judkins."

"No, can't. You see my wife's not very well, and I'm going to the theatre."

Many Visitors

Brown's Iron Bitters.

Coughing

Is Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the bronchial passages. Frequently, this cause inflammation and the need of an emetic. No other expectorant or emetic is equal to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in clearing the throat, allays irritation, induces repose, and is the most popular of all cough cures.

"Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of colds, coughs, bronchitis, and pulmonic disorders, there is none within the range of my experience so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For years I was subject to colds, followed by severe coughs. About four years ago, when so afflicted, I was advised to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and to lay all other remedies aside. I did so, and within a week was well, or out of cold and cough. Since then I have always kept this preparation in the house, and find it unexcelled for the recovery of my strength. By the occasional use of the Pectoral, a permanent cure was effected."—Horace Fairbanks, Buckingham, Vt.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

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TO WEAK MEN

Communication Strictly Confidential.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

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BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

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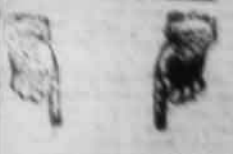

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Venerable Persons

And those troubled with Rheumatism, Kidney Disease or Liver Complaint will find relief by using Brown's Iron Bitters. Sold under stock and warranted cut three on wrapper.

"Come, take a walk, Judyina."

"No, can't. You see my wife's not very well, and I'm going to the theatre."

Many Persons

are troubled every year with a backache and Brown's Iron Bitters relieves the pain, and regulates the liver of the kidneys which cause it. Use only Brown's Iron Bitters.

Coughing

Is Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the throat and passages. Frequently, this causes inflammation and the cost of an ounce. No other expectorant or combination is equal to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in clearing the throat, allays irritation, relieves spasm, and is the most popular of all cough cures.

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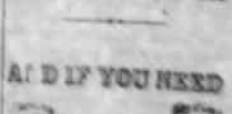

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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

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CASTORIA

Official Directory of Pocahontas County.

Judge of Circuit Court—L. N. Campbell.
Prosecuting Attorney—L. M. McClintic.
Sheriff—M. J. McNeel.
Deputy Sheriff—L. W. Herold.
Clerk of the Circuit Court—T. T. Beard.
Assessor—C. O. Arbogast.
Commissioners—[illegible] E. Beard, D. Randall, G. P. Moore.
Clerk to Co. Ct.—[illegible]
Co. Surveyor—Geo. Baxter.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June and 3rd Monday in October.

County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July. July is levy term.

C. F. MOORE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

D. A. HOPPER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and Webster counties.

H. E. RUCKER,
Attorney-at-Law & Notary Public,
Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBOGAST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. L. ENGEL,
Atty.-at-Law,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will Practice in the Circuit Courts of Pocahontas county.

D. F. K. WEYMOUTH,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County on every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

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A YEAR IN HEAVEN.

A year in heaven for her. What is
the meaning
Of half hours, or things fitting and
fleeting
Where breath, but not life, is given?
Which here she never knew!

And sweet and beautiful, and, crowning
All good things, what her life was a
foretaste for
Were all the dear ones eager to receive
her
Whom she had loved while
And had known by faith and found
confessed?
Or were they with the God who is with
Those the Father's face?

A year of worship for us without her
presence!
A year of remembrance and grief and pain!
But still, we waited amid our tears in
Christ
Our love is not her gain.

We miss her in our joys and in our sorrows;
She was our life, our center and our
rest;
And yet we would not call her back,
not whisper,
"O God, thy will be done!"

For heaven and earth are very close together,
Though she is thereafter is not far away,
She could not leave the dear ones loved so fondly,
Even in heaven to stay!

Dear still her spirit, like a guardian angel,
Is bending o'er us with her eyes fond
and
And sometimes she points heaven so
very near to us,
We cannot think we're there!

A year in heaven for her, of rest and blessing!
For us a year on earth, with her absent,
But hoping and waiting here together
Waiting
All were all in Love.
—M. L. D., in Christian Register.

BUSINESS ROMANCE.

BY KATE M. CLEARY.

When Miss Engholm carefully withdrew the dress from the great cedar trunk, unaffected odor of sandal-wood immediately which surrounded it, and spread out the shining, soft for the admiration of her sister, Rosine, that young lady clasped her pretty hands and quoted Keats.

"A thing of beauty is a joy for ever!" she said.

Miss Magnolia nodded and smiled. She was altogether unlike the large, fair, splendid flower, after which she had been christened—almost grotesquely unlike, in fact. Her eyes were small and round, and brown, as a maiden lady of a decidedly certain age could be. Indeed she resembled one of nothing so much as a little russet apple. But her heart, which had been full of sentiment once, was a warm and sensitive organ still. And she took a deal of interest in Rosine's romance.

"Yes, my dear, it is a thing of beauty. And to think I never wore it but once. Dear, dear! And she went on stroking the primrose satin, tenderly as a mother touches the hair of a child.

"You look a lover than, auntie?" asked Rosine.

"Yes, pet, this is one of the dresses I got for my marriage. But he went away—on business, he said. And he never came back."

Hastily she wiped her eyes lest a tear should stain the shimmering stuff she held. "It is just the gown for your fancy dress ball," hurried on Miss Magnolia. "A trifle short, of course, but there's quite a piece turned in at the top that you could let down. You shall go as a lady of long ago."

"But on very long ago," protested Rosine, with a laugh. "But really, auntie, I don't like to take it. It is too lovely."

"And no treatment of mine. Besides you are going to conquer the dragon?"

"That is so. And the ancient ballad says written, 'Thrice is she armed who wears a maid's dress!'"

The foe against whom Miss Rosine Wilde purposed arraying herself was the obdurate uncle of her husband lover. Most promptly and perversely had he opposed the marriage of his nephew. The young fellow would have ignored the refusal of the relative were it not the old gentleman had always been very kind and good to him, had indeed taken the place of his dead father to him. So he decided that Rosine should meet his uncle and put his prejudice to rout.

"He is coming to visit an old friend of his," Cyril had said—Judge Chartreux. You know the Chartreux family. Of course you have heard they are going to give a fancy dress ball next month in honor of the coming out of their daughter, Lissette. You will receive a card. You will attend. You will meet Uncle Albert. And you will take his heart by storm."

Hopefully had he planned his scheme; enthusiastically had he explained it. But Rosine protested. It was to be a grand ball, and she had nothing to wear. Besides, she did not like the idea of plotting to make a person like her.

"Bless you," cried Cyril, "he doesn't dislike you. I don't believe he even knows your name. His resentment is general, not particular. As soon as I told him I was in love with a Southern girl, he—he (I have to drop it into slang, Rosine)—he sat upon his dear. It seems a Southern girl pilfered him when he was young, and he is bound to save me from a like awful fate. But when once he sees you, he is bound to capitulate. He is a regular old trump, Uncle Albert."

"But I have nothing to wear. And, what is more, I could buy a dress for the Chartreux ball. Why—Aunt Magnolia and I—are poor as the proverbial church mice."

But just then Miss Magnolia came to Rosine's relief like a very fairy godmother.

"The very thing!" she cried—"my primrose satin!"

Rosine regarded her dubiously, delightedly.

Jealously she knew had her aunt always guarded her trunkful of treasures, her jewels, her laces, her rich, stiff, glistening silk vestures.

"Do you mean it, auntie?"

Miss Magnolia's bright old eyes winked very rapidly indeed.

"I do, my dear. I was young once myself, once."

And that was how Rosine Wilde came to be the belle of Madame Chartreux's fancy dress ball. The proposed festivity had been the talk of New Orleans for several weeks. The night long anticipated, at last came, swept and passed. Brilliantly lighted was the broad basement of residence on St. Charles street. Many a carriage rolled up, rolled off. When the fair descended from the hack in front of her chaperone she felt a little elated and somewhat that she was looking strangely well—as indeed she was. While a wreath of pale primroses set off her shining coils of golden hair, primroses also encircled her throat. And the effect, she whitened [illegible] was to [illegible] her [illegible] like a [illegible] her side.

"Queen Rosine!" he murmured, "I wonder if you know that you're by far the prettiest girl here to-night. Your Uncle Albert!—how complete will be his surrender! Now, prepare to face the music!"

And all he want! He soon returned. By his side was a stately old gentleman.

Rosine's heart beat more rapidly.

Silvery hair had the dragon. A dark moustache had the dragon. A florid complexion had the dragon. And a manner that was grave, dignified, courteous.

"Uncle Albert," explained Cyril, with boyish eagerness, "this is Miss Rosine Wilde!"

Wilde! The old gentleman started perceptibly. He looked at the blushing girl—at the yellowish gown. He bowed.

"And," avowed young Rodney, sending his sweetheart a swift smile of encouragement, "and—the young lady of whom I spoke to you."

"Oh!" exclaimed Albert Elsworth. "Then interrogatively: "Wilde? Was your father's name Clarence Wilde?"

Rosine assented.

"And your mother's maiden name was Magnolia Kingsley?"

"Oh, dear, no!" Aunt Magnolia was never married. My mother's name was Madeline Kingsley."

He lit? frowned the dragon.

The floral color had faded from his cheeks. He was tugging nervously at his moustache. He looked sight-seed, perplexed.

"My mother died ten years ago," said Rosine, "and since then I have lived with Aunt Magnolia."

Mr. Elsworth regarded her grimly.

"Is that," he asked abruptly, "your mother's gown you have on?"

The soft rose-tint in the girl's cheek deepened.

"How in the world did you know?" she breathed questioned.

A queer, wavering smile was his only reply.

A constrained silence seemed Cyril gave his uncle an admonishing glance.

"So Magnolia is an old maid?" said Mr. Elsworth, abruptly.

"If she is," cried Rosine, rising to defense by a remark she chose not to consider rude, "it is because she was true to a lover who proved unworthy of her!"

"Eh?" ejaculated Mr. Elsworth, more sharply than before. And suddenly he turned and walked away.

The following day he tendered an encouraging nephew to the guest, embodied, once whatever it did before in the French quarter, where dwelt Rosine. As they were passing the vaulted entrance to the hotly flagged inner court, Albert Elsworth caught sight of a tenth tar figure leaning among the potted palms and plants of blossom.

"Ha-ha, lad!" he said to Cyril. He had paused, and was looking through the interwoven of plants to the brightness beyond.

Cyril was about to question this new vagary, when the figure of a graceful promising woman who watch his breath and do at bidden. He knocked at the turned stock door, and was admitted to Rosine's cool apartments. And respectfully he made went into the courtyard. The little old lady standing by the fountain tree looked up at the sound of the step on the stones.

"Magnolia?" he cried.

Miss Magnolia gazed at him in a flushed, half-frightened kind of way. And [illegible] appear to the day [illegible] Another than he whom she had known, and with her given [illegible] gray. But the same. Around her is a fantastic frame, the broken fountain, the long-leaved banana tree, and the giant chandelia vine climbing. She didn't [illegible] but she came nearer to it than she ever had come in her life.

"Did you think I had deserted you Magnolia? When I left you to go North on business, I believed as you as I've never believed in any one since. And while away I heard and read, that you had married that young Wilde I used to be so jealous of. So I went to Europe. And stayed there."

"Dan Clayton Wilde married Madeline. I always said you'd come to me yet."

"Yes, I know that—now. I was a fool to have been so easily convinced of your falsity. You haven't changed a bit. I knew you the moment I saw you."

Miss Magnolia looked indignant. She did not know he had so perfect an ear.

"I never forgot the dress you wore the last time I saw you," declared Mr. Elsworth, waving the rent. "I recognized it, as you came last night."

"Last night! Are you—sure you are not the dragon?"

"What?"

"The—the dragon," faltered Miss Magnolia.

Mr. Elsworth will pocket think.

"Then," murmured the little lady, feeling she was in for it, and might as well make a clean breast, "you were Rosine and I foiled Cyril's wiles. And Rosine was going to conquer you."

"Well, she did. The boy shall marry Madeline's pretty daughter. And you, Magnolia,—can't marry me?"

"Oh, dear, no! I'm too old."

"Not a day."

"And ugly—now."

"Loveliest woman in the world to me," roared the dragon loyally.

"Bless you, my children," cried a voice from above.

The pair in the court-yard glanced up. On one of the lower balconies stood Rosine and Cyril.

"Thanks, you scamps," roared the dragon.

"I don't allow you to marry a Southern girl, sir," shouted back Cyril, as he and Rosine beat a brisk retreat.

Laughing and breathless they faced each other in the old fountain court.

"Every thing's happy, sweetheart?" cried Cyril, in an agitated.

Rosine looked dolorously disturbed.

"There's just the trouble?" with a pout, as presumingly young thing her lover kissed her there and then. "If he had remained hard-hearted, like the wolves in novels, we could love him away, and hope to a savage fortress in woods, and never all with friends? There such a lot of romance when everything turns out so beautifully well as ours."

"You little hypocrite!" he said.

Dear Girl (continued)—Did I tell you—I'm at Mr. Hamilton, and to see you to-day, papa?

Papa—Yes, and to stupid him I understand, I suppose you have nerve to see him.

Untitled—Why, what did he say?

"He regarded the statement of a series of groans of chess with his. The first time we will play this evening, and after that every third evening during the winter. I have no doubt you will keep out of the library, as there is a very smoky fire in it."